

SILVER WINS

A FREE COINAGE BILL PASSED BY THE SENATE.

Washington, Jan. 14.—This was a great day for the free coinage people. According to previous arrangements the Senate proceeded to the consideration of the Financial bill immediately after the reading of the Journal. Senator Ingalls took the floor and for more than two hours addressed the Senate, repudiating the record he has made since he came to the Senate. He abused both of the old political parties, taking a crack at the whole political field. After completing his summation and bidding for the support of the Alliance Members of the Kansas Legislature, he took his seat. Other speech made, and amendments offered. Finally Senator Vest astonished the Senate by offering a purely free coinage substitute, and the bill as amended by this substitute was passed by a vote of 39 to 27.

Washington, Jan. 15.—The free coinage bill was received in the House from the Senate this afternoon, and its reception was greeted with applause from the Democratic side. It now goes to the Speaker's table.

The full text of the free coinage bill is as follows:

A bill to provide against the contraction of the currency and for other purposes.

That from and after the date of the passage of this act the unit of value in the United States shall be the dollar, and the same may be coined of 412½ grains of standard silver, or of 258.10 grains of standard gold; and the said coins shall be legal tender for all debts, public and private. That hereafter any owner of silver or gold bullion may deposit the same at any mint of the United States to be formed into standard dollars or bars for his benefit and without charge; but it shall be lawful to refuse any deposit of less value than \$100, or any bullion so base as to be unsuitable for the operations of the mint.

Sec. 2 That the provision of Section 3 of "an act to authorize the coinage of the standard silver dollar and to restore its legal tender character," which became a law February 28, 1878, is hereby made applicable to the coinage in this act as provided for.

Sec. 3 That the certificates provided for in the second section of this act shall be of denominations of not less than \$1 nor more than \$100, and such certificates shall be redeemable in coin of standard value. A sufficient sum to carry out the provisions of this act is hereby appropriated out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated. So much of the act of July 14, 1890, entitled "an act directing the purchase of silver bullion and the issue of Treasury notes thereon, and for other purposes," as requires the purchase of 4,500,000 ounces of silver bullion per month, be, and the same is, hereby repealed.

Sec. 4 That the certificates provided for in this act, and all silver and gold certificates, already issued shall be receivable for all taxes and dues to the United States of every description, and shall be a legal tender for the payment of all debts, public and private.

Sec. 5 The owners of bullion deposited for coinage shall have the option to receive coin or its equivalent in the certificate provided for in this act, and such bullion shall be subsequently coined.

Speaker Reed this afternoon referred the Senate silver bill to the Committee on Coinage, Weights and Measurements.

BOYD GOES IN.

Thayer vacates the gubernatorial chair of Nebraska.

Lincoln, Neb., Jan. 15.—At last Nebraska has but one Governor, and that is James E. Boyd, the first Democrat who has ever held the reins of Government in the State. The triumph of Boyd was through his firmness. The Board of Public Lands and Public Buildings, which have the control of the offices in the State House, requested Thayer to vacate on Friday last. Boyd has insisted that a demand be made that Thayer should leave, and today the board did as requested and were astonished to see the ex-Governor comply with the demand, but under protest. The great seal and other paraphernalia of the gubernatorial office were turned over to Boyd, and for the first time he really became Governor. Both Democrats and Republicans are jubilant but the Alliance people still refuse to recognize Boyd.

ALL IS OVER.

The Indian Troubles On the Frontier Nearing Peaceable Settlement.

Pine Ridge, S. D., Jan. 14.—This morning Little Wound, Little Hawk, Crow Dog and Old Calico came in from the hostiles to talk with Gen. Miles under the escort of Young-Man-Afraid-of-His-Horses. Other chiefs were expected.

This afternoon a second delegation of hostile chiefs arrived from the camp. It comprised Two Strike, Kicking Bear, Lance High, Hawk and Eagle Pipe. They had a big talk with Gen. Miles. The same subjects were considered in the morning session with Little Wound, Big Road, Crow Dog and Turning Bear. It was agreed that the hostiles would leave their present camp and pitch their tepees on the west side of the White Clay creek, immediately opposite and less than a half mile from the Agency. It also decided the Indians would surrender their arms to their respective chiefs, and that the arms would be taken. The latter would receipt for them, placing the name of each man upon his gun. The weapons would then be sold and the proceeds returned to the Indians. It was also decided their chiefs would attempt to control their young men, and failing in this they would themselves arrest those who refused to act as good Indians and turn them over to the agent. Gen. Miles was pleased with the friendly disposition manifested by the chiefs and proposed to allow them several days in which to redeem their promise. As an evidence of his good-will, the General has sent to the hostiles several thousand pounds of flour and several hundred pounds of coffee and sugar. Gen. Miles also considered with them several of the important contracts with the Indians claim have been violated, and guaranteed that in future these contracts would be complied with to the letter. The chiefs were equally well pleased with the kind treatment they had received at the hands of Gen. Miles and left immediately for camp. Gen. Miles demanded the surrender of the slayers of Lient Casey; and the chiefs promised to accede to the demand.

BLEEDING KANSAS.

The Republican Senate and Alliance House Set Out.

Kansas City, Mo., Jan. 16.—A special to the Journal from Topeka says: "Sensational development in the Senatorial fight may be expected soon. The Farmers Alliance in caucus last night decided to unseat seven Republican members of the lower house and seat the seven contestant Farmers Alliance candidates. When this fact became known to-day the Republicans of the Senate met and it is said decided to adjourn the Senate on the very day that the Republicans of the lower house are unseated. The adjournment will be sine die and will prevent the holding of a joint session for the purpose of electing a Senator. The choice of a Senator, to succeed Mr. Ingalls will then devolve upon Gov. Humphreys, who, it is said, will name Mr. Ingalls to succeed himself. The adjournment of the Senate would also prevent the making of any appropriations to pay the expenses of the State Government, for two years, but this will not stand in the way of the plan decided upon.

That Air Ship.

Mt Carmel, Ind., Jan. 15.—At last the air ship is a fact. It will be taken to Chicago to-morrow and exhibited in the Exposition building. The buoyancy chamber is twenty-four feet long and one-half feet in diameter. The ship, with the propellers, rubbers, etc., is thirty feet in length. The inventors have a contract with Jas. A. Fanning and others to exhibit it for twelve weeks. They are to receive \$100,000. It is to fly around the Exposition and carry two passengers. It will go by express, and a car is being changed here for that purpose, as it can not be put in a car door.

Want No Distinctions Made.

Topeka, Kan., Jan. 15.—A State convention of negroes has been called to meet on the 27th inst, to discuss the educational laws of the State. The laws at present provide for the whites and negroes. The object of the convention is to recommend that the law be so amended as to admit negroes to all of the schools.

Dr. Acker's English Pills.

Are active and effective and pure. For sick headache, disordered stomach, loss of appetite, bad complexion and biliousness, they have never been equaled, in America or abroad. For sale by Lillyard & Woods.

Garnets by the Wagon-Load.

Portsmouth, O., Jan. 15.—There is considerable excitement a few miles from Grayson, Ky., over the discovery of garnets in large quantities on several of the small tributaries of Guyon River. It appears that the presence of the garnets was ascertained a year ago by several Cincinnati gentlemen who were looking for timber land. They secured nearly a gallon of these gems and sent a number of them to lapidaries in London, England, for examination. The report has just been received. It declares the stones of first quality, though not very large. The discoverers say they can gather a wagon-load of the stones with little trouble, and announce that the abundance of the garnets points to the presence of a heavy tin deposit.

THE CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION.

What Property Exempt from Taxation.

Frankfort, Ky., Jan. 16.—The Convention as a committee of the whole, after various amendments, adopted the second section of the report of the committee on Revenue and Taxation. This section is an important one as it names that species of property which the Convention thinks should be exempted from taxation. The section is as follows: "Section 2. There shall be exempt from taxation public property used for public purposes; actual places of religious worship, with the ground attached thereto, and used as appurtenant to the house of worship, not exceeding one-half an acre in cities or town, nor two acres in the country; all parsonages or residences owned by any religious society and occupied as a home by any minister of the gospel, or priest; crops grown in the year in which the assessment is made; public libraries; places of burial not held for private or corporate profit, and institutions of purely public charity; and all laws exempting or commuting property from taxation other than the property above mentioned shall be void. Provided that household goods or other personal property of persons with a family not to exceed two hundred and fifty dollars in value; shall be exempted from taxation; and provided, further, that the General Assembly may authorize any incorporated city or town to exempt manufacturing establishments from municipal taxation for a period not exceeding five years as an inducement for their location."

A PLAGUE IN RUSSIA.

Thousands of People Dying of the "Black Death" At Odork.

St Petersburg, Jan. 15.—A dispatch from Tobolsk says that the terrible scourge known as "black death" has reached the city of Tobolsk, the capital of West Siberia. The whole of Asiatic Russia from Samarkand to the mouth of the Obi is suffering from the scourge. Thousands are dying at Odork near the mouth of the Obi, owing to the lack of physicians.

It seems almost hopeless to try to check the spread of the fearful disease.

The Shortage Made Good.

St Louis, Jan. 14.—A special from Little Rock, Ark., says that State Treasurer Woodruff's bondmen held a meeting yesterday and decided to make good the shortage in the Treasurer's accounts.

Maj. Woodruff turned over to his surties sufficient property to save them any loss.

The deficit amounts to \$94,000.

SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN.—Every week this most valuable periodical presents whatever is new in the world of science, art, and manufactures. Full of practical information, it discloses to be thoughtful not only what has been ascertained, but also suggests the possibilities still to be revealed. For forty-five years Munn & Co., have conducted this paper in connection with the procuring of patents for new inventions. The SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN is authority on all scientific and mechanical subjects, and should be in every household. Copies of the paper may be seen at his office and subscriptions received.

Do Not Suffer Any Longer.

Knowing that a cough can be checked in a day, and the first stages of consumption broken in a week, we hereby guarantee Dr. Acker's English Cough Remedy, and will refund money to all who buy, take it as per directions, and do not find our statement correct. For sale by Lillyard & Woods.

ALLIANCE TROUBLE.

President Irwin vs the Tobacco Growers.

Louisville, Ky., Jan. 17.—There is trouble brewing between Tobacco Growers Association, which has recently opened two houses in this city for the sale of tobacco, and S. B. Erwin, State President of the Farmers and Laborers Union, and editor of the State Union, the official organ of the order in the State. In the issue of that paper to-day was published the following card:

"Inquires are coming in to us about this new tobacco warehouse that is being opened here, known as the Kentucky Association. Inquires come to know about the Alliance house; some want us to secure them positions in it and many other inquiries of like nature.

"We wish first to say our organization is not proposing to open any warehouse here; we have no part in it. Our order has not been consulted about any of its movements; it is a concern outside of our order and we are in no way responsible for any of its acts.

"We wish to say to our people to have nothing to do with it until it proves itself. We can't afford to be mixed up with any such concern. I feel it my duty as President of the Kentucky State Union to warn our people that this is no tobacco house of ours, and further I instruct the lecturers of our order to speak out on this subject and let the membership know that this house is in no way connected with us. We have no faith in the move whatever."

"S. B. ERWIN."

The publication of this card has, of course, excited the ire of the Tobacco Growers Association which concern expects to get its support from the Members of the Farmers and Laborers Union. The pursues who are interested in the new warehouses are mostly members of the Union, and the scheme was put on foot to break up the great combine of the tobacco warehouses. To be thus attacked by the highest official of the Union in the State has naturally disconcerted the Tobacco Growers Association, and it is claimed that President Irwin has taken these course because he was not given a big office in the new warehouse. Some sensational developments are expected.

BORN A DEVIL-CHILD.

Howard Lake, Minn., Jan. 17.—All of Wright county is excited over a phenomenal birth which occurred four weeks ago at Boone Bridge, 4 miles south of this point. The animal is described by those who have seen it as a devil. Its body is covered with hair a couple of inches long. It has horns, a tail and a foot which is a cross between that of a man and a dog. Its mother is Mrs. Sarah A. Morse, a woman of English parentage, and of the best connection. She became violent on sight of the monstrosity, and was sent to St. Peters this week hopelessly insane.

The devil-child developed rapidly and now weighs 22 pounds. It already shows a greater degree of intelligence than a child usually does at the age of 1 year. Members of the Morris family explain the phenomenon from an accident which occurred about two months before the birth. A pedler of Bibles came to the house and Mrs. Morris attempted to drive him away with the remark that she would as soon see the devil in the house as the Bible. Growing angry at the remark the book agent raised his arm as if to strike her and said, dramatically "I will send a devil to you."

VERY NEAR IT.

Treasure Diggers in Caldwell County Stop Work Too Soon.

(Special to Courier Journal.)

Princeton, Ky., Jan. 15.—Mrs. Cad Brown, living in the Enon country, about ten miles northwest of this place, last Saturday discovered three strange-looking men maneuvering about in her corn field, as if they were in search of something. They continued their operations for some time and then quietly took their departure. Mrs. Brown did not think much of the matter until during the afternoon of the same day some of her neighbors came to pay her a visit. Among the number were some of the oldest citizens of that country. During their stay Mrs. Brown related to them what she had seen the three men doing and that they were strangers in the country. This called to the memory of one of the older ones present the fact that many years ago there lived in the house now occupied by Mrs. Brown a miserly old man named Gossett, who accumulated quite a considerable fortune, and during his term, while Secretary of

War pro tem, he gave the order to march into Texas, which caused the first occupation of Texas by the United States. From 1846 to 1849 Mr. Bancroft was Minister to Great Britain; 1867 to Russia; in 1868 to the North German Confederation, and in 1871 to the German Empire, from which post he was recalled at his own request; in 1874.

Mr. Bancroft's last address was at the third meeting of the American Historical Association at Washington, April 27, 1886. May 30, 1886, he wrote to the author of an article regarding him, "I was trained to look upon life here as a season of labor. Being more than four score years old, I know the time for my release will soon come. Conscious of being near the shore of eternity, I wait without impatience and without dread the beckoning of the hand which will summon me to rest." The last few years of Mr. Bancroft's life were spent in quiet at his residence in Washington.

HAMPTON.

We are having much really wintry weather in the past few days.

The improvements made in Hampton during the past twelve months insures its prosperity.

Sell your eggs and hold your tobacco, if you want to get rich and grow lean but if you want to get fat and grow poor then sell your tobacco and eat your eggs.

The Press says "blind staggers are killing horses in Ky." Blind tigers are killing lots of towns in Ky.

The farmers of this section have a plentiful supply of meat. It has been fattened on the mass which has saved corn. The latter article being scarce.

Sabbath school every Sabbath eve at 2 o'clock at the Academy building which is being largely attended and well conducted.

Rev. J. W. Crowder preaches for us twice each month.

Van Werten is prevailing on Miss Alice to assist him in his spring school.

Stokey Thomas says he has been trying for the last six months to learn how to kill jay birds, he don't like for his girls affection to be divided with a jay bird.

Jim Hankins, says he fore he will take less than \$150 for his mule he will ride him to spark the widows next summer. Jim is a hustler some body will have to say yes before the days grow short.

John Rutter visited Salem and Marion Friday and Saturday.

Since the meeting Jim Gray has worn quite a solemn face. He has been taken several times for a Methodist preacher.

The Hampton Academy continues to improve. New pupils are enrolled each week. Old Livingston shall not be a laggard in the race with other counties. Her sons shall realize that for them fair science will unroll her ample pages.

J. I. Lowless is wearing a broad smile over the arrival of a new lady boarder at his house.

Bob Blakely is the happiest looking man in the county. He advises the boys to quit keeping batch.

Qui a number from Salem and vicinity attended the reception of Mr. and Mrs. Blakely, which was given at Mr. Blakely's sisters Mrs. McMillen's. Among the crowd we noticed the smiling faces of Misses Mary Cox and Florence Stewart, Messrs Bob Persley and Bob Culver.

Jim Davis says the bottom has dropped out of hogs, and the last old sow he has is down with a grippie.

A young girl was heard to remark: Ma and Pa are not willing but where 'thou goest I will go." Bravo my girl. Do you think we will experience the starvation period. I am thinking of practicing law.

Several of the home boys schools have closed, and the are now trying to persuade their best girls to step a board the matrimonial car with them.

John Faulkner look as though he would like to engage board with Akers.

Any one intending going into the mercantile business, could not do better than come to our town as we have but one dry goods store in the place at present.

W. A. Akers is improving his dwelling. It will be quite nice when completed.

Jupiter Amos.

That Terrible Cough

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TAKE NOTICE.

IN THE FIELD AGAIN.

I have opened a New Stock of goods in first room east of the Bank, where I will at all times keep a First Class stock of all kinds of

CONFECTIONERIES,

As well as Canned Goods, Spices, Pickles, Cigars and Tobacco and in connection will run a FIRST-CLASS

BAKERY & RESTAURANT,

Where I will at all times try to have something on hand to eat to please the taste of the most fastidious. FRESH OYSTERS served in any style. Everything

NEW, NICE AND CLEAN.

Thanking the good people of Crittenden and adjoining counties for their liberal patronage in days past, I hope by honest dealings and kind treatment to merit a continuance of the same. When in town don't fail to call and see the Old Man,

A. M. HEARIN.

HAMPTON ACADEMY.

—THE ONLY— HIGH SCHOOL Of Livingston County.

FACULTY.

Prof. F. A. Sibley, Instructor, Mathematics and Sciences; Prof. J. N. Robinson, Instructor, Latin and English; Mrs. Lee Robinson, Instructor, Music, Vocal and Instrumental; Primary teacher to be supplied.

CALENDAR.

Present Session closes Jan. 30, 1891. Third term, 10 weeks, Feb. 2—April 10, 1891. Fourth term, 10 weeks, April 10—June 10, 1891.

COURSE OF STUDY.

The course of study embraces all the common branches; Book-keeping, Latin and Higher Mathematics. Special attention to training teachers. Music, Vocal and Instrumental a specialty.

RATES OF TUITION.

Primary Department.....\$1.50 per month. Intermediate Department.....2.00 " Academic Department.....2.50 " Instrumental Music.....2.00 " Incidental Fee.....10 "

Tuition is due at the close of each month. No reduction made except in cases of protracted illness. Good boarding from \$1.50 to \$2.00 per week. Gratuities in all departments. We humbly ask the patronage of Livingston and adjoining counties in nourishing and supporting our school which is only in its infancy. For further particulars address either of the faculty at Hampton, Livingston County, Ky.

TO THE PEOPLE OF

CRITTENDEN and ADJOINING

COUNTIES:

We are now prepared to insure your life or your property. What we mean by being prepared is that we have our licenses and have give bond to the Companies for the money you may pay to us, and every policy that we issue is backed by a capital of from \$2,000,000 to \$12,000,000. Please see us before placing your insurance. Office in R. C. Walker's Book Store.

J. H. MORSE, Agent

MARION, KY.

DO YOU WANT

A SAW MILL, AN ENGINE, A GRIST MILL, A THRASHER, A WIND MILL, A PUMP, A BAND MILL.

Or anything else in the way of machinery or machine fittings, pumps etc., etc., be sure to call first on

L. S. LEFFEL & CO.,

Marion, Ky.

A REAL LUXURY!

Looking out over the many homes of this country, we see thousands of women wearing away their lives in household drudgery that might be materially lessened by the use of a few cakes of SAPOLIO. If an hour is saved each time a cake is used, if one less wrinkle gathers upon the face because the toil is lightened, she must be a foolish woman who would hesitate to make the experiment, and he a churlish husband who would grudge the few cents which it costs.

If your grocer sends you anything in place of SAPOLIO, send it back and insist upon having just what you ordered. SAPOLIO always gives satisfaction. On floors, tables, and painted work it acts like a charm. For scouring pots, pans, and metals it has no equal. Everything shines after it, and even the children delight in using it in their attempts to help around the house.

Best Grocers often substitute cheap soap for SAPOLIO to make a better profit. Be sure you get the real SAPOLIO and insist on having just what you ordered.

The Crittenden Press

ISSUED WEEKLY.

R. C. WALKER, Publisher.

We are authorized to announce S. G. CLARK, to represent Crittenden and Livingston counties in the next General Assembly of Kentucky, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

The Indian war is over, and Mr. Lo should be put to work and made to earn his own bread. He is entirely too unpatriotic and unreliable to continue drawing a pension.

Governor Hill's going to the United States Senate, it is said, does not put to rest his aspirations for the Presidency. The feelings of the country towards a highly respected gentleman named Grover Cleveland, of New York, will go a long way towards putting a quietus on Senator Hill's aspirations for the next few years.

Banks continue to go to the wall on account of the stringency of money matters. This, however, is not the greatest inconvenience on account of the need of a greater volume of currency. The laboring class, the tiller of the soil and the unpretentious business men suffer more than the big banks on account of a contracted currency.

A dispatch from Washington says there is no show for free coinage; that should the Vest bill pass the House, the President would veto it. The country would like to see the bill on Mr. Harrison's table at any rate; the position for the President would be unenviable, but it would show the kind of stuff he was made of.

Considerable effort is being made to save Carters neck—the youth who is under sentence of death at Mayfield for murder. Numerous petitions have been sent to the Governor asking him to commute the sentence to life imprisonment. The accused's tender age has worked up considerable sentiment in his favor. Cold justice certainly demands the execution of the sentence, but there are instances where justice could be tempered with mercy without insulting society, and this appears, from a distance, to be an instance of this character.

The scrambling for office, the means used to hold high official positions, and the utter disregard of fairness in pursuit of official honors and emoluments, remind one of Goldsmith's verse:

Ill fares the land, to hastening ills a prey,
Where wealth accumulates and men decay.

A mental glance at the capitals of a number of States where the legislatures are in session is enough to sicken the heart and destroy the confidence of the admirer of our form of Republican government. The recent prize fight at New Orleans is emblematic in its character when compared with some of the ungodly skirmishes for office.

The Jefferson county Farmers' and Laborers' Union met and appointed delegates to the Cincinnati Conference. The delegates were instructed to oppose the attempt to form a third party, and to leave the convention if such a formation was insisted upon. In this point there is want of unity among the members of the organization everywhere, many of them choosing to affiliate with the old parties as heretofore, demanding of the old parties such legislation as they require. Dr. Clardy and Mr. Clay, both outspoken prominent Alliance men, are candidates for Governor, subject to the action of their old party, and the President of the State organization is opposed to the third party movement; the position of these gentlemen, in connection with the expressed purposes of a number of the county organizations, indicate that the feeling in this State is opposed to the third party.

Rewards.

Our neighbor, the Monitor, wants to know why the Governor has not offered a reward for the apprehension of John Imboden. The Governor's position under similar circumstances is aptly set forth in the following from the Paducah Standard.

"Gov. Buckner refuses to offer a reward just yet for the apprehension of Jesse Brown, the negro who killed Larry here about ten days ago. The Governor cites as reasons for this that it is the duty of every officer in the State, in the first place, to use all proper diligence in this effort to hunt down and bring the lawbreaker to justice, and being within the State they ought to find him. If not in the State, then the reward offered would move the murderer to greater vigilance in efforts to elude the officers and escape arrest. When it is known due diligence has been shown by sheriffs, constables, police officials, and is clearly shown the murderer is beyond the confines of the State and may not reasonably be expected to be apprehended by the State's officers, then the Governor will not doubt offer a reward for Brown's apprehension and conviction."

RUNNING HIGH.

Party Feelings are Better at the Capitol.

(Special to Courier-Journal.)

Washington, Jan. 20.—There were wild and exciting scenes in the House to-day shortly after it met. It all came about Speaker Reed and Mr. McKinley pursuing their old tactics of stalling the minority voice of the House by their usual brutal and revolutionary action. Immediately after the journal was read, despite the fact that Mr. Mills and a dozen Democrats were on the floor demanding to be heard to make objections to the journal, McKinley moved the previous question approving the journal. This motion infuriated the Democratic side to a fever heat and Mr. Mills used strong and vigorous language in his denunciation of the Speaker stating that it was no "gentleman," and had not one spark of honor and fairness in him. The vehement language of Mr. Mills set the whole House in an uproar. Members from both sides crowded down the middle aisle directly in front of the Speaker's table and it was with the utmost difficulty that a personal conflict between several of the members was prevented. The Sergeant-at-Arms with his mace finally secured order, but not before some extremely personal and offensive epithets had been hurled back and forth between Democrats and Republicans.

Party feelings are running at a high temperature here at the present time, and a personal encounter between members on the floor is not unlikely at any time during the remainder of the session. It is evidently the purpose of the democrats to absolutely block all legislation in both House and Senate until the Force bill is out of the way. In a few days the democrats may tell from the House and the Senate and compel the Republicans to do their dirty partisan legislation with a quorum of their own. Well-informed Democratic Senators still insist that the Force bill will be beaten, even should the cloture rule pass.

So far as free silver is concerned, that is now dead as a door nail. The President told a Senator to-day on his word and that should a free-coinage bill pass, he would veto it if he knew it would defeat him for re-nomination. There is no probability now, however, that the bill will ever go to the Executive Mansion.

DUPED NEGROES.

Victims of the Washington African Colonization Fraud.

Atlanta, Jan. 20.—The excitement of the negroes over the colonization-in-Liberia scheme, being engineered by the United States and Congo National Emigration Steamship Company, does not abate. It is estimated that two thousand negroes have come to Atlanta from Texas and Mississippi to wait for the promised ship to take them, as they expect, from Savannah to Africa, and the cold weather of the past few days has found them in such destitute that the city has, in many cases, been compelled to aid them.

The Constitution has had the Congo Company investigated, and disclosures in that paper have created no little excitement among the homeless negroes from a distance and those of Atlanta, who have put their money into the company. There is some talk among those who have contributed of bringing the matter before the courts, but as each has paid so little, it is not probably that such action will be taken.

United State Senators.

Monday the Democrats of the New York Legislature nominated, unanimously, Gov. Hill for United States Senator, to succeed Senator Everts. He was elected Wednesday. The Republicans voted for Everts.

The Indiana Democrats nominated Senator Voorhees to succeed himself, and the Republicans will vote for Gov. Hovey. The Republicans of South Dakota have nominated and will elect Senator Moody. Colorado Republicans unanimously nominated Henry M. Teller.

To Collect Old Debts.

Washington, Jan. 19.—Representative Stone introduced bills to day to pay the following parties for stores furnished the Union army during the war: Hugh M. Henson, of Lyon county, and R. E. Fowler, of Crittenden county, also to grant honorable discharge John W. Peck, of Company H, Seventeenth Kentucky Cavalry Volunteers.

The Alabama Legislature has laid a bill, making an appropriation for an exhibit at the World's Fair, upon the table, to await the action of the United States Senate on the Force Bill.

Lieut. Gov. Bryan announces that he will not be a candidate for Governor.

NEWS NOTES.

Berlin has 75,000 idle workmen.

Russell Petty will be hung at Paducah April 17.

Forty persons were killed by the recent earthquake in Algeria. Tennessee's new Governor Buchanan, was inaugurated Monday.

Mrs. M. A. White, of Wheaton, Wis., has been asleep three weeks. At Tipton, Ind., William Vaire killed his wife and himself.

Near Whitesburg, Ky., a mail carrier was killed and the mail robbed.

Five men were murdered by two masked men at McCartyville, Mont.

Wm. Behrens is in a New York hospital with a broken neck, but still alive.

King Kalakaua, of the Hawaiian Islands, is lying at the point of death at San Francisco.

The American National Bank at Kansas City has failed. Liabilities \$2,250,000.

Some unknown scamp has been selling Congo negroes tickets to Africa for \$1.00 a piece.

At Omaha, Neb., a \$12,000 stock of liquor and the house that contained it was blown up.

By a natural gas explosion at Findley, O., a hotel was wrecked, and two persons killed.

At Lexington, Ky., a colored girl, put poison in coffee and killed her father and mother.

Jno. Kress, freight agent of the N. & M. V. railroad at Memphis, is missing with \$10,000 of the road's money.

Jno. C. Hall, a San Francisco lawyer, has confessed to the embezzlement of \$150,000 from estates which he managed.

A company with \$3,000,000 capital has been organized to construct a tunnel between New York and Brooklyn.

The Indiana House has passed a resolution favoring a co-operation among half a dozen Western States to tax foreign capital.

A number of army and navy officers have been detailed to go to South America to get exhibits for the World's Fair.

The Cambria Iron Company, of Pennsylvania has ordered a reduction of 10 per cent in the wages of its 5,000 workmen.

The burning of John and James Dobson's carpet mills near Philadelphia, Friday caused a loss of \$1,500,000 and put 35,000 men out of work.

A bill is pending in the Michigan Legislature making it a heavy fine for a member of the Legislature or State Officer to accept and use free railroad passes.

The Republicans of the Illinois Legislature nominated ex-Governor Oglesby for the United States Senate, giving him 64 votes, while Farwell received only 30.

Ex-Gov. Thayer, of Nebraska, is crazy. The recent excitement occasioned by his attempt to hold the Governor's office was too much strain on the old man's mind.

City Attorney Warder, of Chattanooga, Tenn., went home drunk, shot and killed his son-in-law, dangerously wounded his daughter, and was fatally shot himself.

The relation of the depth and distance apart of drains is considered by Knapman as follows: The idea that depth will compensate for frequency in all cases seems now to be abandoned. It is covered that clay soils, which readily absorb moisture, and yet are strongly retentive, cannot be drained with sufficient rapidity, or even thoroughness, by drains at any depth, unless they are also within certain distances. In a porous soil, as a general rule, the deeper the drain the further it will draw. The tendency of water to be level in the soil, but capillary attraction and mechanical obstructions offer constant resistance to this tendency. The further water has to pass in the soil the longer time, other things being equal, will be required for the passage. Therefore, although a single deep drain might in ten days lower the water line as much as two drains of the same depth, or, in other words, might draw the water all down to its own level, yet it is quite evident that two drains might do the work in less time—possibly in five days. We have seen already the necessity of laying drains deep enough to be below the reach of the subsoil plow and below frost, so that in the northern states the question of shallow drainage seems hardly debatable. Yet if we adopt the conclusion that four feet is the best allowable depth where an outlet is not found there may be the question still whether, in very open soils, a still greater depth may not be expedient, to be compensated by increased distance.

Interesting Silk Statistics.

A recent estimate places the production of silk throughout the world last year at 11,705 tons, as against 11,545 tons in 1888, 11,585 tons in 1887, 10,241 tons in 1886 and 9,062 tons in 1885. The average of the four years from 1885 to 1888 was 10,745 tons. The 1889 crop was rather above it, although scarcely any silk was produced in Syria and other parts of the Levant.

Commercial Fertilizer vs. Manure.

In a recent bulletin from the Ohio State Director Thorne says: "On this farm, where by thorough drainage and tillage we have been able this year to produce an average of thirty bushels of wheat per acre without any fertilizer, no combination of commercial fertilizers has produced sufficient increase of crop to pay the cost of the fertilizer, although pure manure has paid more than three times the cost of its application."

Salem.

Hon. J. W. Blue of Marion, and J. C. Hodge, of Smithland were in Salem last week, engaged in trying a forcible detainer case, wherein Ellen Shelby George was plaintiff, and J. C. Casper defendant.

Jim Davis and S. G. Clark were in town on the 10th day of Jan., smiling and shaking hands with everybody, they both want the same office that of the Representative.

S. D. Hodge, is having some nice improvements made on his store. John Boaz, of Marion, is doing some fine painting on the new houses of Daniels and Gray.

Salem needs more houses, there is somebody here nearly every week wanting to rent a house, and not a vacant building in the town.

Fruit trees are getting numerous.

A livery and feed stable would do well in Salem.

Z. T. Spears, of Harrison, was here last week.

There is a good many people changing houses in town, this month. From Nemo's last letter, we would judge that he is now learning that "all's not gold that glitters."

And many will yet learn that those black cold prunes of the west, and northwest are not as fine as represented to be on paper.

J. M. Gibbs died of pneumonia, January 12th.

One of the abutments of the new iron bridge across Chalk Creek on the Salem and Dyeburg road, has given away and the bridge is impassable. That bridge has been there only a few months and cost the people of Livingston counties about \$2,000.

Read the Grand Rivers Herald and see what a growing city we have in Livingston county. She promises to be a second Kansas City, now is the time to purchase farm lands in this county. In less than 20 years the poorest land in this county will sell for \$50 per acre.

Hon. W. H. Green sold his farm to Mr. Joe Deboe, of Caldwell county for \$2750.

Mr. Gueheart, of this place, is happy over the appearance of a 10-lb boy at his house Jan. 11th.

James, Kilton's face is lit up with joy as he tells of the 14 lb democrat that came to his house Jan. 9th.

J. J. Minire has a letter written by the hand of Andrew Jackson, while he lived at the hermitage in Tennessee.

Ash Alvis, has moved from Tolu to Salem, and will there come.

Chas. Rodeau, of Golconda, Ill., was in town last week.

The young people enjoyed a grand ball at Haydens Hall on the night of the 15th.

Mr. P. E. Cook, of Marion, was in town last week, and took in the ball. Nice card party at the residence of J. Ramage on the night of the 17th.

J. C. Casper has purchased a farm in Crittenden county, of Ben Garrett.

A. Woods, went to Crayneville, last week on business.

Brown & McCaskey, have added new machinery to their mill, for making meal. You can now get any kind of meal you want at their mill, as well as the finest patent feed made in the State. They have also built a large addition to the mill house. Salem can now boast of as fine a mill as can be found anywhere outside of the large cities.

W. B. Barnes got his right hand badly mangled, and the middle finger of said hand cut off while with a corn sheller.

CALIFORNIA LETTER.

Redondo Beach, Cal., Jan. 20th, 1891.

EL PRESS.—Taking for granted that the many readers of the Press will be interested in news from this beautiful land of Southern California, I send a few facts concerning same.

The climate and products being the first and most important things, I will begin with them. The name of California is of Spanish origin and means "a hot furnace," but I think it a misnomer when applied to the coast, for there is absolutely nothing in the climate to justify such an extreme appellation. The cost line of California is over 700 miles long and very uneven, forming many beautiful bays, harbors and romantic indentations. On the coast, proper, the climate is uniform and agreeable, with cool and pleasant nights wooing one to sleep, while the days are bright and sunny, with few exceptions, the years round. What more could be wished. The Californian seldom or never rises with the dread idea that his plans for the day will be thwarted by a drenching rain in summer or a chilling blast in winter; and sleep and snow are unknown. Truly hark the poet said:

"Eternal spring with smiling verdure here,
Warm the mild air and crown the youthful year."

California, of course, has her rainy season which is quite as delightful as any part of the year. This is not continually rain, as some imagine, but it comes in warm life-giving showers imparting new vigor to every plant and shrub and making the already beautiful scene a veritable Paradise.

After these rains, beginning generally in the month of December, the whole face of the earth is covered with wild flowers of every imaginable hue and shape, and there is said to be more than 500 different varieties. Certainly there are flowers for everyone; the rich and the poor and strangers are at liberty to help themselves. In the humblest homes here are seen banks of calla lilies surrounding the house, a rose tree here and there, and the sweet smelling hiltrope climbing to the top of the windows or veranda, with violets and climbing vines everywhere.

Owing to the broken surface of this country the climate differs according to the various phases of the topography and the course of the Gulf stream or Japan current. No extremes exist and a beautiful medium is the real condition of the State; yet in a few hours one can travel from summer into winter, from a garden of flowers into mountains of snow. Looking North or East the background of an orange grove in full bloom or hanging with delicious fruit will be lofty snow-capped mountains, forming a gorgeous picture indeed. These mountains, the Sierra Madre especially, are not covered with forest trees, but are clothed with luxuriant shrubbery and the rich grasses sustain hundreds of thousands of cattle and sheep. A few years ago the State was thought good for nothing but stock ranching, affording excellent pasturage. But now, to the delight of thousands it has proven capable of wonderful production, and in no country can its products surpass those of Southern California. This State, especially the southern half, is fast attaining a definite standing in the fruit market of the East.

That your readers may have an idea of the extent of the shipment of one article alone, I mention that of the orange. There is shipped out of this county an average of 125 car loads each week, and this extends over a period of five months in a year. It is almost a daily occurrence, during the fruit season, for 100 car loads and over of deciduous fruits and vegetables to leave for the East, and this on one line of railroad, to say nothing of what the other lines may do. It should be borne in mind that oranges or any of the semi-tropical fruits are not included in the above. The exportations from Los Angeles county alone far exceed those of the States of Nevada, Colorado and the Territory of Utah combined. The facility with which fruits can be raised here, with the certainty of yearly crops, will enable California to supply the entire United States as well as other nations of the world. Railroad facilities are of the best, besides the good harbors which are being constantly improved and one of the finest is at Redondo Beach, with which any seaport in the world can be placed in direct communication.

Redondo is not quite two years old, and among its many advantages has a great reputation as a place as well as a health resort, and is also a shipping port. Redondo has every natural advantage, and under its present management is fast being converted into a beautiful place; the ground gently undulating and affording one of the loveliest ocean views in the world. Volumes could be written about the glorious scene at this lovely place. A magnificent hotel has recently been erected here which will not suffer in comparison with any hotel in the East; indeed in fact, and is perfect in all its appointments. The hotel has its own water works, an 11 has put in its own electric plant and there is not an unpleasant room in the building and a guest can take his choice of either a land or ocean view. Unlike the east in resorts it is delightful here all the year round, and one does not have to wait until winter to take an outing. This is only the second season of this already popular resort, and under such management as Capt. Geo. J. Ainsworth, President of the Redondo Beach Co., and Col. Root, manager of the hotel, its popularity promises to increase from year to year, and besides, this is an all-year-round resort; no closing of the hotel winter or summer. The bathing is fine here, and fishing such as might make the spirit of Isaac Walton long for this mundane sphere could it be allowed a glimpse of some of the big fish caught. Two railroads terminate here; one being the Santa Fe—a great trans-continental line—the other the Redondo Railway, built and owned by the Redondo Beach Co.

Redondo is situated 19 miles from the city of Los Angeles, and as it is only a few minutes run with trains nearly every hour in the day, it might well be called a suburb of that city.

To all who are seeking pleasure, health or recreation, to say nothing of the beauty in nature, I would say visit Southern California, and do not fail to take in Redondo.

MAI BELL.

Man Wanted.

A Good Business and a Comfortable Home for Him.

Having made up my mind to go west, I desire to sell my business and residence in Marion. I have a good stock of boots and shoes and gents' furnishing goods, and have a good trade. My goods were bought before recent advances. I will sell at a bargain. My residence is neat and comfortable. The house has five good rooms outhouses etc.

I also desire to sell my farm on the Ohio river, opposite Cave-in-Rock. There are 160 acres and most of it is fine river bottom land. Improvements fair.

H. T. Flannery,
Marion, Ky.

FOR SALE.—A fine 4 year old Jack 15 hands high. Will sell very reasonable.

E. B. Blackburn,
Marion, Ky.

New Shoe Shop.

We have opened a boot and shoe shop over Mrs. A. Wolffs store. Boots and shoes of every style and grade made to order. Repairing of all kinds done. Chris Ambrose, an expert workman, is in charge and his work always gives entire satisfaction. Prices reasonable. Give us a call.

Redd & Ambrose.

New Cash Store.

Look out for Copher Bros, new grocery store in a few days.

St. ay Cow.

A brindle cow, about 8 yrs old, marked crop and swallow fork in each ear, came to my farm Nov. 1. The owner can have same by paying for trouble of keeping and for this notice.

I. R. Stephenson,
Harold, Ky.

Notice.

All persons owing Copher & Bell for goods will please call on the undersigned and settle same, as such accounts have been turned over to us.

Gibbs & Gilbert.



MANUFACTURED BY PARIS MEDICINE CO., ST. LOUIS, MO.
FOR SALE BY

ASK FOR A REMEDY THAT SHOULD NOT BE NEGLECTED.
COUSSENS' HONEY OF TAR
CURES THIS CELEBRATED REMEDY HAS BEEN USED WITH SUCCESS FOR THE LAST 20 YEARS. FOR SALE EVERYWHERE.
PREPARED BY RICHARDSON-TAYLOR MED. CO. ST. LOUIS, MO.

You Can Buy Photo and Autograph Albums,

OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS, Family and Pocket Bibles, Testament and Oxford Bibles, THE BEST

Pens, Inks, and Pencils,

—THE BEST VARIETY OF— Letter, Legal and Foolscap Paper, —A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF—

MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS,

AT

Walker's Book Store,

MARION, KY.

AT THE BOTTOM PRICES.

GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC

It is as pleasant to the taste as lemon syrup. The smallest infant will take it and never know it is medicine. Chills once broken will not return. Cost you only half the price of other tonics. No quinine needed. No purgative needed. Contains no poison. It purifies the blood and removes all malarial poisons from the system. It is as large as any dollar bottle, and RETAILS FOR 50 CENTS.

HERE ARE NO IMITATIONS. YOU CAN BE FRAUDULENTLY DECEIVED. WARRANTEED.

Manufactured by Paris Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo.

FORMERLY OF PARIS, FRANCE.

FOR SALE BY



FREE FOR EVERY ONE WHO WILL TAKE THE TROUBLE TO ASK FOR IT.
THE WEEKLY CONSTITUTION
SUBSCRIPTION PRICE \$1.00 PER YEAR.
THE GREAT SOUTHERN WEEKLY, 151,000 WEEKLY, READ BY NEARLY A MILLION READERS.
Agents make \$25 to \$100 per month working for us. Send for Outfit. Easiest paper in America to get subscriptions for.
SEND SIX NAMES FOR SAMPLE COPIES. Write on a Postal Card the names and addresses of YOURSELF and FIVE NEIGHBORS, and Sample Copies of THE WEEKLY CONSTITUTION will be sent FREE of charge.
NO HOUSEHOLD SHOULD BE WITHOUT IT.
"Nothing succeeds like success." The fact that more than 1,500,000 families read THE WEEKLY CONSTITUTION every week is the best proof that it has no equal in America as a Family Paper. Want of space prevents our mentioning all the special writers who will help to make THE CONSTITUTION for 1891 the best weekly in the South. We give the names of a few leading contributors who are under contract to write for each issue during the coming year:
The Famous Philosopher—Emerson.
The Famous Poet—Wm. L. G. Rogers.
The Famous Novelist—Mrs. T. Bowditch Talmage.
The Famous Critic—Plunkett Letters, "by George".
The Famous Humorist—Frank A. Burr.
The Famous Dramatist—Wm. Dean Howells.
The Famous Historian—John Fiske.
The Famous Scientist—Dr. Wm. Brewster.
The Famous Traveler—Mrs. Wm. H. Follen.
The Famous Editor—Theodore Tilton.
The Famous Lawyer—John W. Foster.
The Famous Statesman—Charles Sumner.
The Famous Diplomat—John Hay.
The Famous Soldier—General Sherman.
The Famous Admiral—Alfred Thayer Mahan.
The Famous Merchant—John D. Rockefeller.
The Famous Banker—J. P. Morgan.
The Famous Industrialist—Andrew Carnegie.
The Famous Inventor—Thomas Edison.
The Famous Engineer—George Westinghouse.
The Famous Architect—Richardson Prentiss.
The Famous Musician—Franz Liszt.
The Famous Painter—John Singer Sargent.
The Famous Sculptor—Augustus Saint-Gaudens.
The Famous Designer—Charles McKim.
The Famous Decorator—Louis Comfort Tiffany.
The Famous Jeweler—Tiffany & Co.
The Famous Watchmaker—Waltham Watch Co.
The Famous Gunmaker—Remington-Union Gun Co.
The Famous Rifle Maker—Winchester Repeating Arms Co.
The Famous Shotgun Maker—Duckett & Co.
The Famous Bow Maker—Hoyt & Co.
The Famous Arrow Maker—Pittman & Co.
The Famous Fishing Tackle Maker—E. I. Knapp & Co.
The Famous Sporting Goods Maker—Sears, Roebuck & Co.
The Famous Book Binder—The American Book Co.
The Famous Stationery Maker—The American Stationery Co.
The Famous Pen Maker—The American Pen Co.
The Famous Ink Maker—The American Ink Co.
The Famous Pencil Maker—The American Pencil Co.
The Famous Paper Maker—The American Paper Co.
The Famous Printing House—The American Printing House.
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The Famous Stationery Establishment—The American Stationery Establishment.
The Famous Pen Establishment—The American Pen Establishment.

LOCAL BREVITIES

House for rent, see Schwab.
See S D Hodge add in this paper.
A good farm for sale or trade at Schwab's.
Don't send away from home for job printing.
S D Hodge has enlarged his shelving so as to hold more goods.
Gold fillings \$1 and upward at Dr. Weaver's.
Best brown domestic 5¢ and 6¢ at Mrs. Wolf's.
February Delinquent for sale at Walker's book store.
The daily Courier Journal for sale at Walker's book store.
A complete Bible for 35¢ at Walker's book store.
For your produce I will pay the highest market price in cash.
If you want oats see Schwab he has a car load of seed oats, the best.
Picture books and story books for the children at Walker's book at re.
Dr. Weaver makes and guarantees a full upper and lower set of teeth for \$15.
For all kind of seed see headquarters before buying.
Schwab.
Subscription for all the newspapers and magazines received at Walker's book store.
S D Hodge, Salem, Ky., has just received a large lot of saddlery, which he will sell cheap for cash.
See S D Hodge before you buy your goods and save money.
The best quality of Plantation Sugar House molasses, direct from New Orleans, for sale at J. N. Woods'. Try them.
Silverware in great abundance, all kinds at prices, all styles at Freeman's; and remember that it is cheaper than ever before.
With every five dollars worth of goods bought, I will give away a nice present.
Mrs. A. Wolf.
You must know by this time that you have saved 20 per cent for the last two years, and you know can save 25 per cent the coming year by buying at Schwab's.
Don't waste your money by buying any furniture now, wait a week and save 50 per cent. I mean what I say.
M. Schwab.
We have the finest line of pocket, and table cutlery and scissors in town. See our warranted knives and scissors.
Pierce & Son.
Watch chains a specialty at Freeman's; the greatest variety, the best goods and the lowest prices are his "watch" words now.
"C. C. C. Certain Chill Cure," the most pleasant to take of all fever and ague remedies. Warranted to cure chills and fever. Sold by Hillyard & Woods.
Buy our 1805 Razors, Scissors and Knives, they are the best on Earth. Every Blade warranted by Pierce & Son.
Mrs. Wolf is still giving away a present with every five dollars worth of goods bought.
If "C. C. C. Certain Chill Cure" is not the best remedy you have ever used for coughs and colds your money will be refunded. Sold by Hillyard & Woods.
If you want sugar get 17lbs light N. O. at Schwab's.
If you want coffee, get 4½ very best at Schwab's.
If you want lard, get it at 84 and 73 cts at Schwab's.
If you want molasses, get New Orleans from 30 to 50 ct, best at Schwab's.
If you want stoneware, get all kinds at Schwab's.
If you want oat seed, see Schwab, but don't wait too long.
If you want clover seed, timothy seed, red top, see Schwab.
If you want pigs feet, sour kraut, hominy flakes, see Schwab.
If you want money, take your eggs, hides, coon hides and all other produce to Schwab, as he will pay you more than any other house in Southern Kentucky in cash.
1890 is gone
But that Old Gray Headed account of yours is yet with us. Now Please don't think, for a moment that because of it having been with us so long that we have become so much endeared to it that "a parting would give us pain." For while we have the most profound respect for its advanced years and highly appreciate the "bull dog tenacity" with which it has clung to us through our past ages. We must now insist on a speedy separation. Our business demands money. If you owe us please call at once and settle. As all accounts made prior to Jan'y, 1st must be closed.
Yours Truly,
Pierce & Son.

The jail continues empty.
See Rottens advertisement.
The town needs cleaning up.
Quarterly court next Monday.
Read the Academy advertisement.
Frank Stevens is clerking for J. N. Woods.
Seeds a specialty at Crider & Co., Tolu, Ky.
H. K. Woods went to Henderson Wednesday.
S. D. Hodge, of Salem, was in town Sunday.
R. N. Walker left for Florida Wednesday.
The pistol is growing quite handy in Crittenden.
Judge F. W. Darby, of Princeton, was in town Friday.
L. H. James was in Evansville the first of the week.
Crider & Co., have first class clover and grass seeds.
Mr. Wm. Marble, of Princeton, was in town Friday.
Born to the wife of Mr. J. G. Rochester, Jan. 19, a girl.
A. H. Cardin received 20 hinds of tobacco from Fredonia Friday.
Mr. J. L. Martin, of Kuttawa, was in town Monday.
Sam Gugenheim spent several days in Evansville last week.
Mr. R. E. Bigham went to De Land, Fla., Wednesday.
Go to Crider & Co., and see their stock of seeds before you buy.
L. Miles is in Livingston county this week, selling corn shellers.
Eld. Sidney Childress is, we learn, dangerously ill, at Lola, Ky.
See Crider & Co., stock of hardware before you buy this spring.
Noah Jones will canvass the county to sell the book "Convict of Man."
The Baptist church at Shady Grove will call a pastor next Saturday.
No new cases of diphtheria, and we have probably gotten rid of the scourge.
Joe Walker and Clarence Weldon, of Henderson, spent Sunday at Marion.
Eld. G. W. Belt has been called to take charge of Blackburn church, this county.
Mr. E. T. Franks spent Sunday in Marion. He is now stationed at Uniontown.
It will pay you to buy the best seeds. You will find them at Crider & Co., Tolu Ky.
There will be preaching at the Presbyterian church next Sunday at the usual hour.
The K. of H. meets in K. P. hall Thursday night. Every member is requested to be on hand.
Mr. A. H. Cardin will build a residence in Marion if he can buy a lot to suit his taste.
Miss Lena Woods went to Chattanooga Wednesday, and will spend some months in that city.
Don't forget that Hays has the most complete, cleanest and freshest stock of groceries in town.
Mr. Jno. C. Thornton, engineer on the O. V., joined the K. P. Lodge at this place Friday night.
Joe Deboe, of Fredonia, was in town Monday. He has sold his grocery business at that place to Henry Parr.
There was a very pleasant musical soiree at Mrs. Dell Wilson's Tuesday evening. Marion has some excellent musical talent.
Rogers Gardner, a student in the Princeton Collegiate Institute, has been arrested upon the charge of stealing a gold watch.
Monday Messrs L. J. Daugherty, Jacob Spring and G. C. Wathen were appointed commissioners to allot and lay off to J. M. and R. L. Flannery the personal property exempt to them as housekeepers.
Tom Hearn went to Eddyville Friday to take a job as guard at the penitentiary. He came home Saturday. The wages of guards have been reduced from \$60 to \$40 per month, making the job less desirable than heretofore.
From the Two Republics, a paper published in the city of Mexico, we learn that our old friend and fellow citizen, Chas. F. Champion, is engaged in building a railroad in Mexico. He has a large contract, and in connection with a partner is working a large force of hands on the Southern (Oaxaca) road. He has nerve, energy and brain.
Edgar James spent the first of the week at home. He has been selected by his fellow railway mail clerks to act as one of the judges in the contest for a medal, offered by the Postmaster General, for proficiency in the services. He and eight other clerks meet in Cincinnati in February and go over the examination papers of the contestants and award the medal to the clerk whose papers show the best record.
Hays wants your hard and potatoes and eggs and onions.

Tobacco Growers Association.
The caustic article published by President Irwin concerning the warehouse of the Tobacco Growers Association, has been a source of surprise and annoyance to the members of the Association here. One of the directors said to us: "I don't understand what Irwin means; he was in the meeting and on the committee that drafted and offered the resolutions which resulted in the establishment of the warehouse, and gave the movement his hearty co-operation and support. Now, when we are ready to gather fruits of our labors, he turns against us and thus passes my understanding."
O. V. Business.
The O. V. agents are now making comparative statements, contrasting the business each week this year with that of the corresponding week last year. Agent Brawner's report last week was as follows: Jan. 4th to Jan. 10th, 1890, 1 car hogs to Cincinnati, 3 cars cattle to same place, 1 car cattle to Louisville, 2 cars lumber to Evansville, 2 cars staves to Vincennes, local freight forwarded 6,182 lbs. Jan. 4th to Jan. 10th, 1891, 2 cars staves to Vincennes, 2 cars hogs and 2 cars cattle to Cincinnati, local freight forwarded 13,375 lbs.
The Fallen Bridge.
Saturday Judge Moore and Attorney Blue visited the iron bridge that was reported down. After examining it, they are of the opinion that it can be repaired at a cost of not more than \$100, and have arranged for its immediate repair. The main bridge and pillars are only nominally injured; one of the wings, however, is down, and the fall was occasioned by the failure of the workman to place it on rock bottom.
811.175.71.
The above figures represent the amount of the public school fund paid to the school teachers of Crittenden county this school year. About all the districts in the county have had schools this year, and it is now a daily occurrence for a teacher to drop in Superintendent Deboe's office with a certificate that commands the ready cash.
Damage Suit.
Through their attorneys James & Moore, I. T. Lynn and wife, filed a damage suit against John McKearley and wife, the petition asks the court for \$5000 damages. The plaintiff alleges the defendants have been talking slanderously. For damage suits the Press will back the county of Crittenden against any other in the State.
Off For Texas.
A party of five men and families left Monday for Texas. They were Henry and Jake Wheeler, Jno. and Duke Bettis and John Malcolm. Some of them already have homes in the Pan Handle country, and the others may locate there or may return to "Old Kentucky."
Music Class.
The second term of Mrs. L. A. Glascock's music school began Jan. 19. Pupils may enter any time. She teaches piano, organ, guitar and vocal music. She has taught successfully many classes in Marion and always gives satisfaction. She will appreciate your patronage.
Cut off A Finger.
Two of Mr. Wm. Hughes, little children were playing with an ax Tuesday, when one cut the middle finger of the right hand of its playmate entirely off.
Remembered.
A few of the many friends of the late John S. Gilliam are having a neat, tasty and handsome monument made to place over his grave.
Pretty Good.
Mr. Thos. Croft, a Crittenden county farmer recently killed an eighteen months old pig and its net weight was 505 pounds.
Is Marriage a Failure.
Of the eleven new suits filed in the Circuit Clerk's office since the last term of the Crittenden Circuit Court, five are divorce cases.
Compromised.
The divorce and alimony suit filed by Mrs. Sallie Slinger two weeks ago was compromised Monday, and man and wife went home happy.
A Successful Meeting.
Eld. T. C. Carter closed a protracted meeting at Pinkneyville a few days since, which resulted in thirty-five additions to the church.
THE NEW TIME-CARD.
Under the time card of the O. V. which went into effect Sunday, passenger trains now pass Marion as follows:
NORTH BOUND.
Express, 7:36 a. m.
Mail, 6:55 p. m.
Through freight, 12:01 a. m.
Local freight, 8:11 a. m.
SOUTH BOUND.
Express, 6:55 p. m.
Mail, 1:40 p. m.
Through freight, 1:52 a. m.
Local freight, 4:01 p. m.

TWICE SHOT.
Will Taylor Dangerously Wounded.
Friday, just after night fall, three pistol shots were heard in the neighborhood of the colored church, and immediately after the sound of the shots died away, the cries of a man were heard. A number of people in the vicinity and a few who heard the shots and cries from Main street ran to the shot and found Bill Taylor, colored, badly wounded. He was taken to a convenient house and a doctor sent for. Dr. Swope examined the wounds. One was a severe flesh wound in the right arm; the other entered the left breast, and passed through the lung, lodging in the back. The wounded man stated that Charlie Deboe shot him. He claimed that Deboe and a woman were standing on the street conversing, when he approached them and spoke to the woman; then Deboe told him to move on and began shooting at him.
A warrant was issued and Deputy Sheriff Cruce arrested Deboe on the streets a short time afterwards. He gave bond in the sum of \$1,000 and the examining trial will be held next Saturday. The defendant has made public no statement of the affair.
Our Premium Cook Book.
Elsewhere we advertise the Compendium Cookery and Reliable Recipes to be given in connection with the Press. \$1.40 will get this valuable book and the Press for one year. We will give a copy of the book to any one who will send us three cash subscribers.
The Union Labor Meeting.
Pursuant to a call the Union Labor Committee met in Marion the 12th of Jan. After disposing of the regular routine of business, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted.
Resolved that we favor a call for a national conference at Cincinnati Feb. 23 in the interest for a third party movement, and select the following named delegates to attend the Cincinnati Conference: A. H. Cardin, Dr. J. R. Clerk, James Little and Daniel Riley as alternates. Committee adjourned to meet again in Marion on Saturday the 31st Jan.
A. H. Cardin, Chas.
Hays keeps flour at 60c, 70c, 75c and 80c per 25 lb sack.
H. C. McGowan & T. G. Maxwell have formed a Partnership in the hardware and grocery business in Fredonia and are located at Maxwell's old stand, they carry a full line of hardware, saddlery, stoves, a rural implements and staple groceries. They also make and repair saddles, harness &c at very low figures. They invite their friends and the public generally to call and get their prices.
Hoghead Staves Wanted.
I want a lot of hoghead staves, either sawed or rived.
A. H. Cardin.
Deeds Recorded.
Jas L. Paris to W S Paris.
W E Minner to I N Young, land for \$750.
J G Beavers to J F Snider, 40 acres for \$312.
S S Gill to S Fels & Bro., 11 acres for \$100.
R W Wilson to J. Bell Kevil, 2 lots for \$279.15.
J T Hammond to C W Baldwin, 155 acres for \$550.
R W Wilson to E H Porter, 14 acres for \$1450.
W G Carnahan to W O Carnahan house and lot for \$550.
G W Corn to Sarah Gray 4 acres for \$40.
R N Walker to A C Melton lot for \$75.
H E Beard to J C Brown land \$35.
C E Williamson to J C Brown land for \$25.
Louisville Tobacco Market.
Sales on our market for the week just closed amount to 2,980 Hhds with receipts for the same period of 1,564 Hhds, sales on our market since Jan'y 1st, amount to 5,575 Hhds. Sales of the crop of 1890 on our market to this date amount to 2,820 Hhds.
There is nothing new to report concerning dark tobacco; the old stock is being continually reduced but prices remain about as low as we ever knew them, and while the buyers seem disposed to favor the new crop to the neglect of the old, there does not seem to be any disposition on the part of the producers to get new dark tobacco on the market, therefore only an occasional hoghead of new dark tobacco has appeared in our market and no quotations can be given as accurately representing values.
The following quotations represent our market for dark tobacco crop of 1889.
Trash 50c @ 1 00
Common Lugs 150 @ 2 00
Dark lugs extra quality 2 00 @ 4 00
Good " 2 50 @ 3 50
Common Leaf 3 50 @ 5 00
Medium " 5 00 @ 6 00
Good " 6 00 @ 8 00
Fine " 8 00 @ 12 00
Hays has the best variety of coffee, sugar and tea in town.

NOTICE.
The Farmers and Laborers Union Crittenden county will meet in Marion Monday Jan. 20th 1891. Sub-Secretaries will come prepared to make settlement with county society J. L. Bagg Paest, L. W. Cruce Secty.
Your home paper is worth more to you than any half dozen city papers in existence. The home paper works for the people where it is printed. The city paper does the same for its city.—Madisonville Hustler.
Cedar tubs at Hays; same price as others.
Owensboro, Ky., Jan. 14.—A colored woman about sixty years of age, wife of Henry Lewis, fell into the fire and was burned to death at Cordsville, this county, yesterday. The husband was away at work at a saw mill at the time.
Hays sells groceries just as he advertises. He don't sell one man 13¢ and another 12¢ lbs of granulated sugar for \$1; 2 cans of tomatoes to one and 3 to another for 25¢ts, but sells to all alike.
Hays don't have to flatter a man to sell him groceries, for a wayfaring man, though a fool need not ere thereby, but buy of Hays and get value.
SUCCESSFUL POULTRY RAISING.
Sensible and Plain Suggestions from a Practical Poultry Raiser.
In a paper read before a Massachusetts farmers' club Mr. A. C. Hawkins, of Lancaster, Mass., recently made a number of useful suggestions, among them the following:
Don't make poultry a side issue if you want to succeed. Many of the most successful poultry raisers are women, they having the patience and tact and intelligent application necessary. Start with small numbers and study the steps, read the poultry papers and magazines and learn what others are doing and how they are doing it.
A house for 100 fowls should be 50 feet long by 12 wide, divided into two pens, and on each end of the house an open shed 25 feet long by 12 wide. The ground should be gravelly to avoid dampness; there should be six inches of clean, sandy gravel in the house, and a foot of dry leaves in the shed. A gravelly, well drained soil is best for a poultry house, as dampness causes sickness. A southeast exposure is best.
Barred Plymouth Rocks I place at the head of the list of breeds which are hardy, prolific layers, good setters and mothers, etc. White Plymouth Rocks are a good breed, though less hardy than the barred. The Wyandottes are the strongest rivals of the Rocks, and are an excellent breed for a farmer to keep.
Select for breeding stock the best birds in the flock and put them in pens separate from the others; twelve females to a male I have found to be the best. Give the breeding stock wide range and the eggs will be more fertile, and will hatch stronger, more vigorous chicks. The nearer we get to nature's methods the stronger the germ and the better start for the chick. With poor eggs the germ is poorly nourished and the chicks come forth weak and spindling. Use the same kind of house for sitting as for laying, and then the conditions will be such as the fowls are familiar with, and there will be less liability of the birds deserting their nests. April pullets ought to begin laying in October, and should be removed to their winter quarters before the cold nights come on. Early chicks can be raised at a cost of about twenty-five cents for food and sold for about a dollar, which gives seventy-five cents for profit.
Crimson Clover.
Crimson clover closely resembles common red clover in appearance, except in the shape and color of the blossom; the color is a bright crimson. Crimson clover differs from red clover in that it is an annual. A correspondent in Rural New Yorker, writing from Delaware, says that in that state crimson clover is largely grown for the purpose of plowing under in the spring as a green manure. He says: "Several farmers in Kent county last season were so well pleased with it that they seeded large areas of their peach orchards and cornfields with it for the purpose of filling their soil with the green fodder. It is greatly esteemed by all kinds of stock. It cut and cured before it is too mature it makes an excellent quality of hay."
Professor Deal, of the Michigan Agricultural college, after repeated trials of crimson clover on a small scale, thinks it of no value for Michigan. Professor Gully is of the same opinion for Mississippi. Mr. D. S. Hicks has raised it in Brunswick county, Va., and has concluded that it will prove valuable as far north as New York. It is not hardy in Michigan, according to Dr. Deal.
Government Lands.
In his annual report of the operation of his bureau for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1890, the commissioner of the general land office says that an agricultural domain of nearly 10,000,000 acres has during the year been transferred to enterprising and industrious settlers by patents issued to them, while the areas patented to the states under the swamp grant and to corporations under special grants have been great, although somewhat reduced as compared with previous years. The class of patents known as "agricultural" includes all patents issued on final and commuted homestead entries, on pre-emption, timber culture, desert, private cash, town site and other entries embracing land of an agricultural, non-mineral character. The number of such agricultural patents issued during the period covered by the report was 117,347, embracing 18,729,320 acres, as against 20,114 issued in 1889, with an aggregate area of 11,320,560 acres. The increase for the year is, therefore, 47,106 patents and 7,398,960 acres of land.
Winter Feeding of Stock.
In many cases during the winter feeding consists in throwing a few ears of corn into the boxes and filling the manger with hay. To cattle some corn and fodder are given and the hogs are limited almost entirely to corn. Where stock is wintered in this way, says a Missouri farmer, it costs more and they will not keep in as good condition as when a good variety is supplied. With many this keeping on feeding something as long as it lasts and then changing to something else is the result of habit. On a majority of farms a good variety can just as easily be produced if proper care is taken and a forethought is exercised, and stock of all kinds will thrive much better for it. It is not advisable to keep growing or breeding stock fat, but it is very essential to keep them in a thrifty and improving condition. It is furthermore equally important to secure this condition at the least cost, and this can usually be done best by feeding a variety.

A NEW MERCHANT A Word With you about Trade.

I have a large, well assorted, and cheaply purchased stock of General Merchandise, viz:
Dry Goods, Notions, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Furniture, Groceries, etc.,
and I will sell at the very closest living margin. I will treat you fairly, sell you goods at the bottom prices, and will appreciate your trade. When in need of any article, see my goods, get my prices.
Respectfully Yours,
J. H. Rutter, Salem, Ky.

Licenses to Wed.
Joseph H. Slaton to Minnie J. Carrick.
Wm. M. Suits to Louisa Ellen Curnel.
Geo. L. Campbell and Mollie Riley.
Jas. W. Morgan to Lou Ella Thurman.
Hillyard & Woods, the druggist give ten reasons why Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is the best.
1. It will cure a severe cold in less time than any other treatment.
2. It does not suppress a cough or cold; but loosens and relieves it.
3. It relieves the lungs, which is of great importance in treating a cold.
4. It is the only remedy that will cause the expulsion of mucus from the air cells of the lungs.
5. It renders the mucus less tenacious and easier to expectorate.
6. It freely used as soon as the first symptoms appear, it will cure a severe cold in a single day.
7. It will prevent croup and avert all danger and anxiety arising from that dreaded disease.
8. It has cured thousands of cases of croup, and careful inquiry fails to discover a single case in which it has ever failed.
9. It does not contain opium, chloroform, nor any other injurious substances. There is not the least danger in giving it to children.
10. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy acts in perfect harmony with nature and aids nature in relieving the lungs, and freeing the system of morbid matter, accumulated by cause of the cold. 50 cents per bottle.
The United States Circuit Court at St Paul has rendered a decision which gives Russell Sage the title to \$10,000,000 worth of land.
I was so lame with rheumatism that I could hardly walk, when my physician advised me to use Chamberlain's Pain Balm. It soon cured me, says H. Mense a blacksmith at Sigel, Illinois. For sale by Hillyard & Woods.
Sir Charles Dilke says a general war in Europe is sure to come.
After twenty-four years of suffering with eczema, Mr. Chas W. Prentiss finds that Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment helps him more than any other remedy, or the prescriptions of any of the numerous physicians he has consulted. For sale by Hillyard & Woods.
B M King, a Seven Day Adventist, is testing the right of Tennessee to imprison him for working on the Sabbath.
Freeman is making special prices on ladies' watches. He has a big line of elegant watches, and remember they are very, very cheap.
Robertson & Jones, Jonesboro, Ark., write: "C. C. C. Certain Chill Cure gives universal satisfaction." Pleasant to take. No cure, no pay. Sold by Hillyard & Woods.
Illinois' F. M. B. A legislators have agreed upon A. J. Streiten for the U. S. Senate.
The first symptoms of Death.
Tired feeling, dull headache, pains in various parts of the body, sinking at the pit of the stomach, loss of appetite, feverishness, pimples or sores, are all positive evidence of poisoned blood. No matter how it became poisoned, it must be purified to avoid death. Dr. Acker's English Blood Elixer has never failed to remove scrofulous or syphilitic poison. Sold under positive guarantee by Hillyard & Woods.
The coroner at Hot Springs, Ark., is under arrest, charged with robbing the dead.
Our Very Best People
Confirm our statement when we say that Dr. Acker's English Remedy is in every way superior to any and all other preparations for the Throat and Lungs. In Whooping Cough and Croup; it is magic and it relieves at once. We offer you a sample bottle free. Remember, this Remedy is sold on a positive guarantee. For sale by Hillyard & Woods.
Clocks at rock-bottom, hard-time prices at Freeman's. He has all kinds. Finely finished elegant clocks, and neat trustworthy cheap ones, until January 1, he will sell cheaper than ever before. Call on him at once, and you will get a bargain.

WE LEAD ALL
And are headquarters for
GROCERIES.
Don't go elsewhere, if you want
BOTTOM FIGURES
And FRESH GOODS.
We have no time to particularize this week, but come in and we will show you that we mean business and deserve your trade.
Gibbs & Gilbert,
Under Masonic Hall
B F McMIKAN; Manager

Manhattan Life Insurance Co.
OF NEW YORK.
Organized, 1850.
This old Company now offers to the insuring public its new
SURVIVORSHIP DIVIDEND
Which affords all the advantages of Life Insurance during the earlier years of life, and, at the same time, makes a provision for old age, as the Policy-holder can surrender his Policy at the end of the Survivorship Dividend Period, and receive its Full Value in Cash—thus combining INVESTMENT and PROTECTION.
Any information cheerfully furnished by
J. H. MORSE, Special Aql.,
Marion, Ky.

BUY YOUR BOOTS & SHOES,
And Gents Furnishing Goods at
HEADQUARTERS.
I have the largest stock, the greatest variety, and lowest prices. If you need fine or coarse Boots or Shoes for yourself or your wife, or your children, come and see my
Superior Goods.
They will wear well. They are comfortable. They are cheap. I also keep a large line of GENTS' SHIRTS, COLLARS, CRAVATS, HATS, CAPS, GLOVES, ETC.
Come and get my prices,
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