

—YOU CAN BUY

Cheaper than they were ever offered before in this State, FOR CASH. This is a chance for CASH customers to buy goods at CASH prices

This is a new Stock just from the market, bought for cash. Come and examine stock and get prices. I want only cash trade. Call and you will find more bargains than you ever heard of.

DR. CARTY'S STORE ROOM.

W. L. CLEMENT, TOLU, KY

Buggies and Harness at Pierce
Son' Hardware Store.

The Crittenden Press

ISSUED WEEKLY.

R. C. WALKER, Publisher.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT,
GROVER CLEVELAND,
Of New York.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
ADLAI E. STEVENSON,
Of Illinois.

JOHN S. RHEA.

Makes a Ringing Speech To a Large Crowd of Voters.

At 10 o'clock Monday the opera-house in Marion was crowded to overflowing with people who had come from all parts of this and from Livingston and Caldwell counties to hear John S. Rhea speak. Mr. O. M. James in an appropriate manner and with well chosen words introduced the speaker, who for an hour and a half, had the closest attention of the vast audience, and as the brilliant speaker drove the darts of truth home, the cheering was deafening. He said that he came to abuse nobody, to speak insulting to no one. He accorded to every one of his hearers honestly of purpose and the desire for honest constitutional government, economically administered, spreading its blessings upon all classes alike. This should be the aim of all patriots, but there were differences of opinion as to how best to secure this end. The differences gave rise to the issues of the campaign, and it were these issues he desired to discuss, and every honest intelligent man, should forget the past animosities, engendered by a cruel war, and look squarely at the affairs of to-day, and vote for that which subserves the interest of himself, his neighbor and his neighbors.

The question of free coinage of silver is one of the issues. The Democratic party is for free coinage, but not in that sense which enables the silver mine owner of the west to dig 70 cwt of silver and have the government stamp upon it: This is a dollar, and compell the Kentucky farmer to give \$1.00 worth of wheat, or corn or pork for it, but it is a dollar's worth of silver. It professes to be, a dollar's worth of silver. This was the Democratic platform. The question of national banks was discussed by the Third party speakers. These institutions were chartered when almost one half of the country had no representatives in Congress, and had been inaugurated and maintained by the Republican party, and the Democracy was in no wise responsible for the system. In 1858 upon a proposition favorable to these banks, 103 of 107 Democrats in Congress voted against them. At the same time Gen. Weaver, the Third party candidate for President, was a member of Congress, and he signally failed to vote on this question, but he left evidence of how he stood. (Here the speaker read from the Congressional record, a portion of Gen. Weaver's speech extolling the national banks, and abusing the Democrats for opposing them.)

The speaker then entered upon a discussion of the tariff and his arguments were clear cut, clean and simply unanswerable. The want of space prevents us from referring to them at length. He said no citizen would pay more town, county or State tax than was necessary to support these governments, economically administered. The same rule should apply to the Federal government, but such was not the case; a tax was levied not only to support the government but to aid the manufacturers of the east and north.

This high tariff was levied as an exegency of the war and under promise of abolishment, but now it was maintained for the sale benefit of the corporate capital to enable them to charge more for their goods than they could otherwise get. For this they promised a home market for all that the farmers of the south and west produced. "Let us tax you," they said to the farmer "and we will buy your produce, at high prices. The tax had been levied and collected, but where now is that great home market. The farmers products had gone down, wheat now selling at 60 cts. The price of this article was not fixed at home, but in Liverpool, and the farmer must sell his produce at that price, while the manufacturer kept out competition by tariff and sold his produce at his own price. But you are told the tariff paid by the foreigner; if so, why was the tariff taken off of sugar, why not let the foreigner continue to pay, and who did the taking off of reduce the price? To illustrate a farmer takes \$600 worth of wheat to England, sell it and with the \$600 buys goods that would cost him at home \$900. When he brings them to New York, a custom house officer meets him and demands \$300 the import duty tariff. The man may tell

the officer that McKinley said in his speech that the foreigner pays the tax, but the officer never lets the goods come ashore until the man pays the 300. Thus it is that the farmer must sell his produce at foreign prices, and buy his supplies at prices fixed by the combines and trusts of protection.

In levying this tax classes were made, for instance, the Standard Oil Co., might and does buy the high taxed tin, but its goods in it, and ship to Europe to sell, it then went to the Secretary of the Treasury and demanded a return of the tax it had paid. The sum was refunded to this great combine, but the farmer might go and ask a refunding of the tax on the tin he had used, but he was turned away. The fisherman of New England, under the McKinley bill, got the tax he paid on salt, refunded, but the farmer gets none for the salt he uses on pork. Thus there is a partiality in the system. It is unfair and unjust to treat one class better than another.

The Third party people cry out per capita, and want more money; this would not abate the evil of such class legislation, no matter what the per capita was so long as the eastern manufacturer was permitted to gather the money from the people, the people could not maintain the per capita. Abolish this class legislation, let the people keep the money they earn, do not tax them to death to make the millionaire manufacturers richer still, and times will be better.

The force bill was discussed, and the evils sure to follow such legislation depicted by the speaker. He paid a rare tribute to the ladies, many of whom were present, and closed his speech, amidst the wildest applause.

Patriotic Salem.

Salem observed Columbus day in a truly patriotic spirit. The school, in conjunction with the veterans, raised a big flag. An excellent address was delivered by Mr. Chas. Evans, the teacher. The address was full of the spirit of patriotism and fine thought. It was highly complimented on all sides. Miss Maude Roney recited the Columbus ode and acquitted herself handsomely. Mr. Pringle, the oldest citizen in Livingston county, having passed his 95th birthday, recited a poem, appropriate to the occasion, and sang one of the old stirring war songs of 1812. This was one of the best recitations of the programme and, notwithstanding his many years, Mr. Pringle entered into the spirit of the occasion in a way which showed that age had no wise diminished his love for his country. The managers of the affair deserve credit for the admirable programme and the perfect way in which it was carried out.

From the Election Law.

HOW TO VOTE.

Any person desiring to vote and legally entitled to vote at such election shall give his name and residence to the clerk holding the ballots, who shall write the same upon the main stub of the ticket in the blank places provided therefor. Such officer shall then mark upon the secondary stub the elector's registered number, in all precincts in which a registration law is in force, and in all other precincts the elector's full name, and the stub book for this purpose shall take the place of a poll book. The clerk shall then detach the ballot, with the secondary stub attached, from the main stub, and write his own name on the back thereof, and hand it, thus indorsed, to the elector. The clerk shall give him one, and shall give explanation of the manner of voting: On receipt of his ballot, the elector shall forthwith, and without leaving the room, retire alone to one of the voting booths, as provided, and shall prepare his ballot by marking in the appropriate square a crossmark (X). If the elector marks more than there are persons to be elected to an office, or if, for any reason, it is impossible to determine the voter's choice for an office to be filled, his ballot shall not be counted for such office. No ballot shall be rejected for any technical error which does not make it impossible to determine the voter's choice.

Before leaving the voting booth the elector shall fold his ballot with out displaying the marks thereon, except the indorsements and the fac-simile of the signature of County Clerk and the signature of Election Clerk must be disclosed. He shall deliver to one of the judges the ballot, who shall detach the second stub bearing the elector's registered number or name, and deposit the ballot in the ballot box. The secondary stubs shall be preserved until the polls are closed, and shall then be destroyed before the ballot box is opened. He shall mark and vote his ballot without undue delay, and shall leave said room as soon as he has voted. No such elector shall be allowed to occupy a voting booth already occupied by another, or to occupy a voting booth for more than three minutes, in case all such booths are in use and electors are waiting to occupy the same, or to speak to or converse with any one, except as herein provided.

while within such room. No elector, not an officer of elections, shall be allowed to enter within said room at any one time there are voting booths provided.

Every elector who does not vote a ballot delivered to him by the clerk shall, before leaving the polling room, return such ballot to such clerk; and any voter who shall attempt to leave the room with a ballot in his possession shall at once be arrested on demand of either of the judges, and shall be fined therefor not less than twenty-five nor more than one hundred dollars. If any elector spoil or deface a ballot by mistake, so that it cannot be used, he may return it, and receive in place thereof one other ballot; and the fact shall be noted by the clerk by writing the word "spoiled" on the stub and spoiled ballot.

If any elector shall show his ballot, or any part thereof, to any other person, after the same shall have been marked, so as to disclose any of the candidates voted for, such ballot shall not be deposited in the ballot box. A minute of such occurrence shall be made on the stub book, and such person shall not be allowed to vote thereafter. If a voter shall offer to vote a ballot so folded as not to disclose the indorsements thereon, including the signature of the election clerk, the judges shall direct him to return to the booth and fold his ballot properly.

HOW TO MARK BALLOTS. It is only necessary for the voter to make a cross mark (X) to indicate for whom he votes, and this cross mark (X) must not be made with anything except the stencil or stamp that will be found in the booth.

If a voter wants to vote a straight Democratic ticket, he takes the rubber stamp or stencil found in the booth and makes the (X) just under the rooster inside the square. If he wants to vote a Republican ticket straight, the (X) must be made under the eagle, and so on with the other tickets. If he wants to vote for all the Democrats except one or more, and wants to vote for a Republican for one or more of the offices, he must make the cross under the rooster, and a cross mark in the small square opposite to the right of the name of the candidate of the other party for whom he desires to vote, and this will cast his vote for every name in the Democratic column except in the races in which he has made a cross mark (X) opposite the name of the candidate of another party. If a Republican desires to vote for all the Republican candidates except one or more, he makes the cross mark under the eagle, and a cross in the little square opposite to the name of the Democrat he wishes to vote for.

Referring to the speeches made at the Democratic rally at Paducah last week the Standard says:

"The first address was made by Hon. L. H. James, of Marion, and was a masterly exposition of the cardinal doctrine of the Democratic faith. Mr. James is one of the bright young men in the First district, and has a brilliant future in store for him. His speech delighted his vast audience and was received with tumultuous applause."

The only error the Standard makes is in using "L. H." for "O. M." It was Mr. O. M. James who made the speech, and he richly deserves the good things the Standard says about him. Last week a sensation in Tennessee politics developed. John H. McDowell is the great mascot of the Third party in that State. He is the leader, the adviser, the developer and the all in all. G. W. Hill is the Tennessee member of the National Republican Committee. Jo J. Irvin is the editor of the Knoxville Republican, the leading Republican paper of the State. These are the dramatic personae. By some means a letter written by Irvin to Hill, and Hill's answer to it, found their way into the papers. These letters, in substance, state that McDowell had, for \$10,000, cash in hand paid, \$5,000 to be paid ten days before the election, and the further consideration that the Republican members of the next legislature of Tennessee should support McDowell for United States Senator, agreed to do all in his power to turn the State over to the Republicans. He was to bring out Buchanan for Governor so as to divide the Democrats and give the Republican a chance, and to turn electoral vote of the State over to Harrison. Irvin got uneasy about the matter, and wrote a long letter to Hill and among other things said: "If he will sell out to us, might he not sell out a little later. When Irvin and Hill were confronted with the letters, Irvin owned up; Hill attempts to excuse himself by saying that he signed the letter without knowing what was in it.

Fredonia.

Have just returned from Cincinnati, where we have picked up a fine stock of midsummer goods, all at clearing out prices. If you will call on us and we don't prove to your entire satisfaction that we sell you better goods and for less money than any other store "living" we will pay you \$3 per box for the time your team was hauling you in. If

we do, buy of us, and go as so many are going, home happy and much better off financially.

Our ladies' cloaks are of the very latest styles, and don't be afraid to ask for anything in dress goods; we have a store equal to any in the country, from the cheapest to the finest.

12 1/2 ct Bedford cords at 8 1/2 cts.
20 ct worsted at 15 cts.
90 ct dress goods at 65 cts.
Men's jeans pants at 50 cts per pair.
Men's boots, warranted to wear, \$1.15
Men's shop made, fine style, all side lined boot \$2.75 per pair
\$10 overcoats for 88.
\$18.50 overcoats for \$15.
\$3.50 overcoats for \$2.50.
\$10 suits for \$10.
\$20 suits for \$15.
\$10 suits for \$7.75
Nice line of children's suits, 90 cts up to \$3.
Children's knee pant suits with vests something very stylish.

We run at least 50 cts per day expenses. We buy from the best cash houses. We don't want anything but the best cash trade.
Sam Horweten,
Kelsey, Ky.

Will Johnson is preparing to run a hennery; one well conducted would be a money making business in this town; eggs and chickens always bring a good price.

Phillip Deboe has bought B A Jacob's farm for \$1,000.

B A Jacobs has bought Deboe's interest in the grocery stock and will soon move into his new store adjoining his residence.

J A Garner and family were visiting in the country several days last week.

Bob Miles and Miss Lou Ramage El Ramage and Miss Anna Miles went to Dycusburg last Friday to see the base ball game.

Harry McKee has traded his house and lot in Kelsey for land in Dogwood and the old church house formerly owned by the Baptists of that community.

Miss Sadie Webber, of Crittenden, was visiting in town last Saturday and says she has 56 scholars in her school at Jackson's school house.

The showers that have kept the dust laid for the past week or two has made it more pleasant to live.

Mrs Nellie Wigginton has been on the sick list for the past two or three weeks.

Don't forget to renew your subscription for the Press

IF Cider is business such have built with forty stalls, 8x10 feet; building 57x80; 26 feet high and will be occupied by 40 creamery cows. Stock of any kind, to be profitable, needs shelter as well as feed.

Joe Duom lost a good horse last week.

Philip Deboe wants to buy two good young mares.

W C Glenn wants to sell to sell a good m-a-e.

Stone will get the largest majority a candidate for Congress ever got in the district, and J B Weaver, the Populist's candidate for President, will not get over 30 electoral votes; Cleveland 226 without Indians, only leaving 187 for all the balance of the candidates.

Rev R W Morehead failed to fill his appointment here last Sunday. J B Buckner conducted the services in his stead. Text, "Come unto me all ye that are weary and heavy laden and I will give you rest."

Observer.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR SHERIFF.

TO THE VOTERS OF CRITTENDEN COUNTY: Having served you for the past two years as Sheriff, I take this method of expressing to you my gratitude for the confidence imposed in me. It has been the custom of the county to endorse all past Sheriffs who have asked it of the people, and feeling that my treatment of the people has been such as to merit an endorsement at your hands, I announce myself as a candidate for reelection.

I feel that my experience will enable me to serve you better in the future than in the past, and if chosen by the people, will endeavor to do so. Yours truly,
A. L. CRUCE.

We are authorized to announce JOHN T. FRANKS a candidate for Sheriff of Crittenden county, subject to the action of the Republican party. We will appreciate your vote and influence.

We are authorized to announce A. C. MOORE a candidate for Commonwealth Attorney of the Fourth Judicial District. Election November, 1892.

To The Voters of Crittenden County.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for reelection to the office of Circuit Court Clerk, subject to the action of the Republican party. I wish to return to the people of this county my heart felt thanks for the support given in the past. Whatever may be my lot in the future one of the brightest spots in

THE CARNIVAL OF LOW PRICES HAS BEGUN.

MARCH RIGHT ALONG TO

HEADQUARTERS

Where you will find good goods and lots of them, and prices are so low that all can buy. We are way on top in styles and quality. So come to us and be benefitted.

OUR CLOTHING

From the little boy up to the farmer are

Low Down,

And They Will Suit.

OUR HATS

Are just what you want, and are very cheap.



OUR DRY GOODS

Such as Fine Dress Goods, Calicos, Gingham and all other kinds cannot be beat. We have the prettiest, best and cheapest

CLOAKS

for ladies and children you ever saw.

In BOOTS & SHOES

we assert that we always give you the best for the money to be found in the county.

So if it is Good Goods, Nice Styles and Low Prices you are after, you must come to

PIERCE, YANDELL, GUGENHEIM, CO.
RED FRONT.

Consumption

That dreaded and dreadful disease! What shall stay its ravages? Thousands say Scott's Emulsion of pure Norwegian cod liver oil and hypophosphites of lime and cod liver oil cured us of consumption in its first stages. Have you a cough or cold acute or leading to consumption? Make no delay but take

Scott's Emulsion
Scott's Emulsion cures Coughs, Colds, Consumption, Scrofula, and all Anemic and Wasting Diseases. Proven in Children. Almost as palatable as milk. Get only the genuine. Prepared by Scott & Borne, Chemists, New York. Sold by all Druggists.

THE PEOPLE'S STORE,

DICK PICKENS, TOM MCCONNELL, JIM HUBBARD } Proprietors.

Marion, - Kentucky.

IS HEADQUARTERS FOR

DRY - GOODS,

Notions, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Gloves,

DRESS GOODS A SPECIALTY.

Highest Market Price For Produce.

J. B. Hubbard & Co.

my life will be the memory of what the people of Crittenden county have done for me. I have endeavored to so regulate my official conduct as to be worthy of the confidence reposed in me and the honor conferred upon me. My official life is before me. If I have discharged the duties of the office with a conscientious regard for the interest of the people, without partiality to any party or shade of political belief but treating all men exactly alike and if I have performed the work of the office properly and right I respectfully ask an indorsement at your hands. For the next term if elected, I can promise nothing more than what I have earnestly endeavored to do in the past to faithfully and impartially discharge every duty incumbent upon the office: with profound gratitude for your support.

Very Respectfully,
H. A. Haynes.

TO THE VOTERS OF CRITTENDEN COUNTY: I respectfully announce myself a candidate for the office of Circuit Court Clerk, subject to the action of the Democratic party. I have for twenty four years stood with the rank and file of the party, and with them borne the heat and burden of the day, in doing so, I simply expressed my conviction of the policy of the two great parties of the country. While I am a democrat I have always cheerfully recognized the right of my neighbor

WE ARE NOW
As WE Have Always Been

and always will be the only Grocery in the county. There has never been a time when goods in our line

Went UP or DOWN

but that I have advised NOT ONLY OUR CUSTOMERS but the people of the three counties have been guided and never deceived. Have told them when to buy and when not to buy. We will now give you a few of our leading articles and prices of what we have to sell:

Car load lime, 90c per bb; for price \$1.15 before I handled it.
Granulated sugar, 18 lbs for \$1.
Dark C sugar, 21 lbs for \$1.
Medium coffee, 6 lbs for \$1.
Very best coffee, 5 lbs for \$1.
Very best flour, every pound guaranteed, \$2 per cwt.
2 bars soap 5 cts.
Wash boards, single 15c, double 25c; the best there is in the market.
1 gallon tin buckets 10c; half gallon 15c; 2 gallon 20.
Set of spoons 5c; Splendid set knives and forks 50c.
Coffee pots from 10c to 25c.
Nails 10 per cent cheaper than anyone.

In Glass and Queensware we have the largest and prettiest stock that was ever kept. Have ordered and will receive

NEXT WEEK

Michigan cabbage, sweet mixed pickles, mackerel, and a great many other things in the fancy grocery line never before kept in the town. Still have a full supply of grass seeds that I will sell at market price. In addition to the above, I will pay you

IN CASH

for your Hides, Feathers, Wool, Eggs, Dried Fruit, and all other country produce, except potatoes, onions, sorghum molasses, for which I will pay the highest market price in goods just received a car load of salt.

M. SCHWAB.

"WELL BRED, SOON WED." GIRLS WHO USE

SAPOLIO

ARE QUICKLY MARRIED. TRY IT IN YOUR NEXT HOUSE-CLEANING.

those knowing themselves in-
to me either by note or ac-
must come and settle at once.
Mrs. G. Wolf.

Dr. R. Moore's NEW Drug Store Is Headquarters for The Purest, Freshest DRUGS ON THE MARKET

Prescriptions filled, at all
hours day or night, by a gradu-
ated Pharmacist.
Next Door to Bank.

LOCAL NEWS.

THURSDAY, OCT. 27 1892.

Now for corn gathering.
Fine frost Tuesday morning.
Monday was a lively day in Marion.
Read Skelton's "ad." He is sell-
ing out at cost.
Cash paid for eggs and hides.
Schwab.
Heating stoves, good and cheap at
Pierce & Son.
A protracted meeting is going on
the colored church.
There was ice in the water bucket
Wednesday morning.
I will pay cash for Irish potatoes.
M. Schwab.

Robertson & Doss resumed busi-
ness by the quart Friday.

School books for cash, and cash
only.—R. C. Walker.

A fine line of winter lap robes
cheap at Pierce & Son.

If you want a lot for a residence
Marion, call on R. C. Walker.

Remember according to the new
election law, the polls open at 7
o'clock and close at 4.

See our ladies cloaks and jackets.
Pierce, Vandell, Gugenheim Co.

Yesterday marriage licenses were
issued to Fred R. Lawrence and
Miss Mary Susan Carter.

Judge T. J. Nunn has purchased
residence from Pierce & Vandell
in the southeast part of Marion.

WANTED:—A good girl to assist
in household work; will pay good
wages.
Frank Wheeler.

I have a number of hawks and
buggies to sell or exchange for horses,
hay and corn.—W. D. WALLING-
FORD.

Buy your boots and shoes from
Pierce, Vandell, Gugenheim Co.;
they sell the best and cheapest.

Mr. J. T. Chambers, of Dawson,
was in Marion Monday. He is one
of the many inquirers about farms
in Crittenden.

Mr. Mott, the accused murder-
er who is in jail, is employing his
moments in learning to read, write
and cipher.

Mr. J. C. Elder, jr., has been ap-
pointed chairman of the Republican
County Committee in the place of
A. C. Moore, who resigned.

The first check W. J. Deboe,
Supt. of Public Schools, received
for the payment of teachers of this
county, for September and October,
was for \$4999.

Two batches of butter have been
made by the creamery company, and
it finds a ready local demand at 25c
per pound. More milk is the cry of
the creamery people.

The Hayden Democratic club of
Salem will raise a monster Demo-
cratic pole and flag at that place
Wednesday Nov. 2. It will be a big
day for Salem and the Democracy.
Prominent speakers will be present.

Robert Thurman, a young man in
his twenties, died at his home a few
miles east of Marion Sunday of con-
sumption. He was an excellent
man and his demise is deeply regret-
ted by a large circle of friends.

Hereafter it will be a difficult task
to vote local option in Marion. The
four new election precincts all cor-
ner in town and to liquor out of
the town all of these precincts must
vote for it, and this can hardly be
done.

The examining trial of Thos.
Crutchfield who assaulted Mrs. Rose
Franks was held at Smithland Mon-
day. The accused was held to an-
swer at the next term of the Living-
ston Circuit Court. He failed to
execute the \$1000 and will remain
in jail.

Marion is rather behind the times
in the matter of observing holidays
and celebrating the important events
connected with the history of our
country. There was practically no
public demonstration on Columbus
day. The only bunting seen on the
streets for the occasion was carried
by one of the colored public schools.

Read Skelton's "ad." He is sell-
ing out at cost.
Mrs. Gilbert, wife of Mr. Roe Gil-
bert, died of consumption at her
home in this county yesterday.

Hats and bonnets trimmed in the
latest styles cheap at
Sallie K. Dorr's.

In the Quarterly Court J. G. Gil-
bert was given judgement against
the Southern Express Co., for the
value of the lost sample of mineral
water he shipped to the government
chemist for analysis.

We will exchange furniture for
corn.
Bennett & Guess.

A 1 1/2 pound Irish potato is the lat-
est addition to our collection of ag-
ricultural jumbos. It grew in Mr.
H. F. Ray's patch, and he says that
he has 1000 more like it.

Read Skelton's "ad." He is sell-
ing out at cost.

I am constantly receiving the lat-
est styles of hats and novelties in
millinery goods, which I will sell at
the lowest prices.
Sallie K. Dorr.

Tuesday Dr. R. W. Taylor filed a
suit asking to be divorced from Mrs.
N. B. Taylor. The plaintiff states
that the defendant left his house and
home, or abandoned him, and this is
the ground for the divorce.

Read Skelton's "ad." He is sell-
ing out at cost.

Dr. J. D. Smith, Prohibition Can-
didate for Congress, will address the
people of Marion and vicinity Fri-
day night, the 28th inst. The sub-
ject of his discourse will be the sup-
pression of "blind tigers" and the
enforcement of Prohibition. Ladies
as well as gentlemen, cordially in-
vited.

Quarterly Court has adjourned;
there were fifty-four cases on the
docket. By agreed judgement the
O. V. railroad paid the following
parties the amount named for stock
killed by the road: Ira Hughes, \$40;
J. R. Brandy, \$10; G. H. King, \$25;
W. B. Bennett, \$50.

Wednesday Messrs Granville
Clement and W. P. Maxwell met at
the Clerk's office and arranged for a
foot race to take place Nov. 12. Mr.
C. is 84 years old and his competitor
in the race is 78. The distance to
be run is 100 yards. R. W. Wilson
is backing the elder gentleman, and
the Press Mr. Maxwell. Who will
you bet on?

County Court Orders.
The will of Mary J. Bennett was
filed and R. P. H. Cooksey was ap-
pointed executor.

R. A. Moore qualified as notary
public.

J. H. Robertson was appointed road
overseer.

To-morrow Messrs J. W. Blue, jr.,
J. A. Moore and P. S. Maxwell will
visit the poor-house farm. They
compose a commission appointed by
the Court of Claims to sell the prop-
erty and invest the proceeds in prop-
erty suitable for like purposes near
Marion. Their trip to-morrow is to
inspect the farm and fix a price up-
on it.

The Stewards of the Marion Cir-
cuit of the Methodist church held a
meeting at this place yesterday to
make the assessments for the preach-
ers salary for this conference year.
The assessments were made as fol-
lows: Marion, \$320; Hurricane, \$235;
Siloam, \$110; Hills Chapel, \$50.
Twenty per cent. of this amount goes
to the Presiding Elder.

Mr. J. H. Hillyard, of this place
and Miss Phoebe Lambert, of Hen-
derson will be united in marriage to-
day at 12 o'clock, in the first Pres-
byterian church at Henderson.

After the ceremony they will visit
a number of Western cities, and
after the tour will come to their
beautiful home in Marion. The
Passes with numerous other friends
extends congratulations and best
wishes.

There was a Cuban party at
Mr. G. C. G. G. Friday night.
Quite a number of patriotic people,
old and young, gathered at the hos-
pitable home shortly after nightfall,
and two hours were pleasantly spent.
Recitations and reading, appropriate
to the occasion were made. Patri-
otic music was made and alto-
gether it was a pleasant evening
for those who were present.

On the deck at the Marion Hotel
is a smooth substance about 18 in-
ches long, and very much resembles,
except in color, a rod of iron two
inches thick. It is limestone rock
and spar, and came from the Tabb
mines 110 feet from the surface of
the earth. It is a portion of the core
made by the fine diamond drill
Brown & Ward are using in prospect-
ing for lead and zinc at that place.
It was found impracticable to sink
the drill in the bottom of the shaft,
which was temporarily deserted on
account of water, and a new start
had to be made from the surface. A
depth of 110 feet has been reached;
the drill goes down rapidly, compar-
atively speaking, and but for a break
in some portion of the machinery
would have been much deeper. The
core the drill brings out shows the
character of formation at every foot.

THE DISTILLERS WIN.

The Local Option Law Not Yet
in Force in Marion Precinct.

The Superior Court last week ren-
dered a decision in the case of the
Commonwealth vs Doss & Robert-
son. The grand jury returned
thirty indictments against these dis-
tillers, charging them with violating
the local option law. By agreement
one of the cases was taken to the
Superior Court, and during the pen-
dency of that case in that court the
distillers refrained from selling
liquor by the quart. The superior
court reverses the judgement of
Judge Givens in fining the distillers
for violating the law. The follow-
ing is the decision of the Superior
Court:

"First—The local option law does
not become operative in any county
or district which has voted in favor
of putting it into operation until
after the entry upon the records of
the County Court of the certificate
of the examining board as to the re-
sult of the vote. And an entry of
the certificate by the clerk in viola-
tion of an injunction prohibiting
him from making the entry has no
effect, and the law can not, therefore
become operative by virtue of such
an entry. And this is true although
the clerk acted in obedience to an
order of the judge of the County
Court, the judge as well as the clerk
having been enjoined. Nor is it im-
material that they were not enjoined
as judge and clerk, as the injunction
operated upon them as persons and
not as officers, and was properly so
directed.

"Second—Even if an order strik-
ing an injunction suit from the dock-
et is to be treated as dissolving the
injunction an appeal from the order
with supersedeas continues the in-
junction in force."

The situation of the matter may
be summed up as follows:

The precinct votes on the local
option question, the election board
counted the vote and held that local
option carried. Before the certifi-
cate of election was filed, Doss &
Robertson filed a suit to force the
election board to purge the polls,
and enjoined it from spreading the
certificate, and then filed a petition
alleging that it was a fraudulent
vote, a wrong county; in short charg-
ing that the election was illegally
held. The injunction suit was taken
before Judge Givens at Morganfield
and he dissolved the injunction, this
decision was reversed by the court
on appeal and the injunction revived.

At the next term of Circuit Court
at Marion the case charging fraud in
the election was stricken from the
docket by Judge Givens. The de-
fendants appealed the case and it is
now pending in the court of appeals.

This result of this case will settle
the validity of the local option elec-
tion. At the same time that this
case was stricken from the docket,
the indictments were, and now the
Superior Court decides that these
indictments are illegal because the
certificate of the local option election
was spread in violation of the injunc-
tion.

Burned to Death.

Tuesday little Guy Rebout, three-
year old son of Mr. Richard Rebout,
of Sheridan, met a horrible death.
He was in a room alone for a few
minutes when an older brother heard
his cries and ran in to learn the
cause of his sore. He found the
little fellow enveloped in flame.
Nearly all the clothes were burned
from the body, and the body and face
were terribly burned. He lived
three or four hours and expired.

A Sudden Departure.

Saturday night Mr. Elias Mosen-
bocker told his wife to take the chil-
dren and go to her father's and re-
main until he returned from a meet-
ing of a lodge. She went to her
father's, Mr. Jno. D. Boaz, and re-
mained all night, Mosenbocker not
coming after her. The next morn-
ing when she went home, a note
from Mosenbocker was found on the
table in which he said "when you
read this I will be many miles
away." He left on the midnight
train Saturday night. Mrs. Mosen-
bocker is an estimable lady in
every respect, and has no idea why
her husband acted so strangely.
They have always gotten along to-
gether pleasantly.

Deaths Recorded.

R. W. Wilson to C. D. Shaw, 27 acres
for \$216.

W. P. Maxwell to W. P. Hardin, 71
acres for \$500.

D. J. Travis to S. A. Simpson, 93
acres for \$800.

J. B. Hughes to W. P. Maxwell, 38
acres for \$250.

A. T. Capps to L. Litchfield 26 acres
for \$150.

Mattie Condit to W. T. Terry, in-
terest in land for \$475.

R. W. Wood to Wm. Hubbard, 55
acres for \$220.

B. M. G. Heath to Robt. Heath, in-
terest in land for \$5.

B. M. G. Heath to Robt. Heath, 100
acres for \$100.

D. H. Walker to A. Woody, interest
in land for \$75.

Jno. W. Mabry to J. P. Taber, 18
acres for \$100.

Personnel Paragraphs.

Mr. J. E. Dean is sick.

Dr. O. S. Young was in Lola Fri-
day.

Mrs. Stilwell returned from Louis-
ville Monday.

Mr. Web Owen of Carversville, was
in town Friday.

C. S. Jackson, of Kelsey, was in
town Monday.

H. K. Woods went to Livingston
county Saturday.

Dr. Huston Orme spent Sunday
in Uniontown.

Mr. J. M. Davis, of Livingston,
was in town Tuesday.

Miss Mollie Rochester is in Casey-
ville this week.

Deputy Sheriff Asher spent Sun-
day in Eddyville.

Mrs. M. H. Jones left Tuesday to
visit her daughter in Paris, Tex.

Mr. J. L. Grayson was in town
Tuesday, mixing with the people.

Rev. Jas. F. Price is attending
Presbytery at Owensboro this week.

Messrs Wm. Barnett, Thos.
Wright and Lut. Threlkeld, of To-
le, were in town Tuesday.

Mrs. J. H. Walker spent four
days in Louisville, returning Tues-
day.

Mr. W. L. Kennedy and wife, of
Lola, are guests of friends in Ma-
rion.

Mrs. C. O. Shankland, of Hender-
son, spent Sunday with relatives in
Marion.

Mr. S. C. Haynes has been sick
several days. He is confined to his
room.

Messrs L. Hibbs and J. P. Nel-
son, of Birdsville, were in town
Tuesday.

Mrs. Mollie Ledbetter, of Eliza-
bethtown, Ill., is the guest of friends
in Marion.

Mr. B. F. McMeen will go to
Louisville to-morrow to have his
eyes treated by an oculist.

Mr. J. B. Cardin left for Ft.
Worth, Tex., Tuesday to spend a
couple of weeks with relatives.

Mrs. Nannie Guess and Miss
Angie Surian, of Princeton, were
the guests of T. C. Guess' family
last week.

Miss Mattie Cannon will leave in
a few days for Nashville to attend
school. She is qualifying herself
for missionary work.

His Wife Gone.

The Paducah Standard says Boyd
Lynn, of Crittenden county was in
Paducah last week looking for his
wife. According to the story as
published in the Standard, the wife
left home last August, while the
husband was at Marion, and she left
a note saying that she was going to
Paducah, and that he need not fol-
low, but she would return and ex-
plain all. By-d had waited until
waiting ceased to be a virtue, hence
his trip to Paducah. No trace of
the wife was found in that city.

Finest stock of candies ever on the
Marion market at B. F. McMeen's
(or from 5 to 75 cents per pound
fine fresh grapes, oranges, nuts, and
everything else kept in a first class
confectionery, always on hand.

Dressmakers.

Mrs. Sallie Dorr and Mrs. M. F.
Coffield have formed a partnership
in the dressmaking business at Mrs.
Dorr's millinery store. All of the
latest styles in patterns can be seen
by calling on them. All work done
in the best manner and latest styles.
Satisfaction guaranteed. They will
appreciate your patronage.

Notice.

First class sweet milk at 5 cen-
ts per gallon at the creamery every
day from eleven until four o'clock.
Best butter milk at any time at 5
cents.

Read This.

All persons indebted to the under-
signed must settle their accounts at
once, as I must make a change in
business matters. Don't wait to be
dunned.
J. W. Skelton.

FARM FOR SALE.

207 acres, 2 miles Northeast of
Repton, Crittenden County, Ky.
50 acres good timber; balance in
cultivation and in clover and grass.
Two sets of buildings on public
road.
W. H. Brantly,
Repton, Ky.

Closing Out Sale.

In order to devote my entire
time to the creamery business,
I have concluded to close out
my stock of goods, consisting
of ladies and gents' furnishing
goods, staple and fancy groceries,
notions, tinware, stoneware,
etc., at cost. I mean just what
I say, and in order to fully
convince you, I ask you to
come and get my prices. I
don't advertise one thing and
do another. I must close out
within the next 30 days. Call
at once.
J. W. Skelton.

MRS. HARRISON DEAD.

The Wife of the President Pas-
ces Peacefully Away Tuesday.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 25.—
Mrs. Harrison, wife of the President
died this morning at 1:40.

Her death was as peaceful as a
child in sweet response. President
Harrison was at the right side of his
wife in a reclining position, from
one o'clock when Dr. Gardner notifi-
ed the family that the end was close
at hand. In this position he remain-
ed until 1:40 when life was thought
to be extinct and Lieut. Parker, who
was at the bedside, called in Dr.
Gardner and the experienced eye
of the physician soon detected that
Mrs. Harrison was no more.

The President gave way to an
almost audible outburst of grief, but
soon suppressed his emotion and en-
deavored to console Mrs. McKee
his daughter.

All the members of the family
remained in the room for probably
fifteen or twenty minutes after the
death, and then overcame by grief,
they repaired to their great sorrow.

The first intelligence of Mrs. Har-
rison's death was communicated to
the newspaper reporters who were
grouped in rooms assigned to the
clerical force of the Executive Man-
sion by Mr. Montgomery, an employe.
He notified the press associations
simultaneously that death occurred at
1:45, but at this juncture Private
Secretary Hallford, who witnessed
Mrs. Harrison's death said that the
exact time was 1:40 and it was so
communicated, Lieutenant Parker
was also present when Mrs. Harri-
son passed away, and he said in
speaking to the newspaper men that
it occurred without a struggle. Pri-
vate Secretary Hallford immediately
notified all the Cabinet officers, who
are out of town of Mrs. Harrison's
death.

Although no arrangements have
been made for the funeral services,
they will doubtless be held at the
White House and the remains taken
to Indianapolis for interment.

THE GRIEF OF PROTECTIONISTS.

They Do Not Share Their Protection
With Some Unfortunate People.

The whole theory of "protection" is
that the welfare of the laborer is best
subservient by leaving him in the hands
of his employer, and the only theory on
which our tariff laws are assumed to
help the laborer is this: That if the em-
ployers are allowed to extort boun-
ties from people at large they will use them
for the benefit of their laborers. Under
our "protective" system hundreds of
millions annually are handed over as
bounties to manufacturing employers. No
one questions that. That is just what
the tariff is for.

As Mr. Robert H. Cowdry suggested
some time since:

Our friends PROTECTIONISTS PLEASE ANSWER
Have you ever seen a laborer who cared
a nickel whether he worked for a protected or
unprotected employer?

Have you ever seen a laborer who expected
to receive more wages from a protected than
an unprotected employer?

Have you ever seen a protected manufac-
turer who paid higher wages than he was com-
pelled to?

Have you ever seen a very wealthy firm pay
more wages than a moderately wealthy one?

Have you ever given more for anything than
you were required to? and, furthermore, if
you could sell yourself a fool?

If, then, the unprotected manufacturer pays
just as high wages, and still is able to make a
profit by what method of reasoning do you
arrive at the conclusion that the protected
manufacturer pays higher wages because of
protection?

If there is free trade in labor, and high
protective prices for the things which laborers
must buy, is not the laborer being robbed in-
stead of benefited?

If protectionists desire to pay high wages,
why do they always employ the cheapest labor
they can find?

Our friends still insures our laborer
cheap food. Our free government and
lack of standing armies give him a
respite from the terrible taxation to sup-
port government under which European
workmen groan, and the "protective"
manufacturer, taking the most of what
he has thus gained, point out the little
advantage they leave him, and ask him
to be grateful for the benefits of "pro-
tection," which while it gives them free
trade in labor, enables them to charge a
bonus on all that every laborer buys.

"Protection" makes the laborer pay
more for the goods he has to buy, but
puts no tariff on labor—the one thing he
has to sell. It enables the manufacturer
to charge more for what they have to
sell, but does not make them pay more
for what they have to buy—labor. Whom
does it protect?

The manufacturer wants free trade in
labor, and asks for "protection" in order
"to enable him to pay higher wages."
Why not rather give free trade in goods
and put a tariff on labor? "to enable the
workingman to pay better prices?" Do
you mean to protect the manufacturer more
than the poor? Does the capitalist need pro-
tection so much more than the workman?
—Edw. John De Witt Warner.

INDIAN OUTRAGES.

Two Cowboys Murdered by Renegade
Apaches.

TUCSON, A. T., Oct. 24.—Several re-
egade Apaches, under the leadership of
the notorious Kila, have murdered two
cowboys on Eagle creek, near Maricopa.
Three Apaches were seen recently com-
ing back from Mexico. They forced a
Mexican to show them the trail, and a
few hours later they ambushed and shot
Bill Meyer and John Gardner, of the
Tulsa Cattle company.

The bodies were brought in yesterday
to Maricopa and buried. There were
Indian signs all around the place where
the bodies were found. Gardner's horse
was shot and Meyer was found covered
with blood. The Indians are so run-
ning it is almost impossible to get evi-
dence against them. The problem is
solved by the San Carlos reservation
and will never be left.

Boston Are Champions.

Boston, Oct. 24.—The world's cham-
pionship base ball was decided here
Saturday by the Red Sox winning on a
score of 19 to 7. This makes four
games of a series of seven, and decides
the championship.

A Good Protectionist.

"Yes. Free trade is all right in the-
ory, but you see, our workmen must
have protection against the pauper la-
bor of Europe," and in the establish-
ment which he managed all the grown
persons were foreigners and the ma-
chines were tended by the children of
American parents.—St. Louis Courier.

The Low Price of Wheat.

The price of wheat has dropped to
a figure which has caused a decided
decrease in business.

On inquiry at the largest mills of
the city yesterday as to the price of
wheat it was learned that the Mel-
rose Milling Company is paying 65
cents per bushel for wheat from
wagons, and 66 and 67 cents in
cars.

The Sunnyside Mills quoted
prices at 66c per bushel, and the
Heilman Roller Mill at 67c, the
latter, however, is for the best grade
of wheat. The millers report a fair
amount of wheat moving at the
above prices.

Mr. George Brose, last night in
response to a question as to the
cause of the low price of wheat,
replied:

"One reason is the immense crop
throughout the country. Another
reason is the light amount of export-
ed."

The low prices of wheat, he said,
has effected business to a very se-
rious extent, especially in the South-
ern market.

"The price of flour is away down
and our customers are holding off
with their orders as much as possible
thinking wheat will go still lower.—
Evansville Courier.

Where, oh where is the beautiful
home market the protectionists have
been telling us about for these few
years. Protect the manufacturers,
they will employ enough hands to
consume all the farmer makes, and
prices of agricultural products will
be high. The manufacturer has had
the protection, and it has been filed
on a little ticker year by year, and
he has been enabled to form trust
with other home manufacturers and
make the prices of his goods to suit
his own sweet will. But he has not
bought all the wheat by a long shot,
and the prices of that article goes
down, down, down. The farmers of
the country have hired him to buy
their products by paying him a price
for his goods higher than the same
grade of goods sell in Europe, though
thus paid he has not come to time,
but on the other hand has, in many
instances shipped his manufactured
goods to Europe and sold them
cheaper than he sells to the Ameri-
can farmer. Wheat goes down, the
farmer demands the promised high
price home market. Where is it?
Echo answers where.

Vickers & Wallace's barber shop
is the best.

Sale Notice.

I have for sale a house and lot in
Marion, a mill site, boiler and en-
gine and 800 cords of wood at Salem,
two horses, one road cart and har-
ness.

C. S. Nunn, Marion, Ky.

The Sherwood House is the place
where all Kentuckians stop when
they go to Evansville. The table is
good, the rooms are splendid and the
proprietor, Mr. T. C. Bridwell is a
capital man.

10,000 feet of oak fencing lumber
for sale.—L. W.

