

The Crittenden Press.

VOLUME XIV

MARION, CRITTENDEN COUNTY, KENTUCKY, OCTOBER 12, 1893.

NUMBER 15.

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Deaths in Caldwell and Webster Counties. Other News of our Neighbors.

Earlington Murder.

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Millersburg, Ky., Oct. 7.—News has just been received here of a desperate battle between moonshiners in a posse in Knott county. The posse is negro, but two men were killed and the still captured and destroyed.

(From the Princeton Banner.)

Tom Ray and his brother John, who live about three miles from town, have been having trouble such as does not usually occur between brothers or neighbors. They live on adjoining farms, with a division fence between them. The fence is in poor condition and a few days ago John's horse jumped over in Tom's field. He rode the animal out and in a short time it was back again. He then got a gun and shot it, crippling it so that it will always be worthless.

John went over to see him about it, but Tom at first talked as if he would pay for the damage but later he refused. John came to town Monday morning and filed a suit for the value of the horse.

There are already a considerable number of bad feeling between the brothers, and the suit is not liable to be settled. It will be tried at the next term of circuit court.

Mrs. Wm. Payne died Tuesday night near McGowan, of consumption. She was 22 years old and leaves behind her a husband and one child.

Mildred Baker, of Fredonia, at Blooming Grove, Tex., on Sept. 29th, 1893 while on a visit to relatives. She was buried at home, on the following day. She was the daughter of Peter Baker, who was in the Fredonia valley.

Mr. Allen Baker died last Saturday morning at 1:15 o'clock, after an illness of two weeks at the residence of his wife, Mrs. S. W. Baker, a short time west of this city. He was in the county April 6th, 1834, and was therefore in his 60th year of age.

his age. Something over two years ago he went west and remained until a short time ago, when he returned to this county. He was a resident of San Jose, Cal., while absent from the state. Mr. Baker was a man of many splendid traits of character, and a host of friends mourn his death.

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Povidence Record:

We are pained to learn of the death of Mr. S. E. Lisman, which occurred at his home in Dixon Monday, of dysentery. Mr. Lisman was one of Webster county's most prominent and substantial citizens, and has ever been identified with the interests best calculated to uphold the moral structure and improve the social and religious interests of our people.

In the death of Master Mason Dorris which occurred last week, from congestion of the stomach, our town loses perhaps one of the most promising and intelligent youth among its entire number.

THE DRUGGISTS' CASE.

Ex-Gov. Knott Makes A Strong Argument For Them Before the Court of Appeals.

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Judge J. B. Bowman, who lives near Tallapoosa, gave a Vancuburg, Ky., correspondent an account of a wonderful snake fight that he recently witnessed. He was going through a strip of woodland on the way to his wheat field when his attention was attracted by a peculiar noise near his pathway.

Looking in the direction whence the sound proceeded he observed a blacksnake and a rattlesnake twined together in deadly combat. The blacksnake was wound about venomous enemy, endeavoring to squeeze the life out of him. The judge became an eager spectator of the novel combat. Ever and anon the rattlesnake would bite the blacksnake. Then a remarkable thing would occur.

The blacksnake, as soon as bitten, would uncoil himself, dart for a small bush and bite off one of the leaves. He would moisten it in his mouth, press out the juice, apply it to the bitten place and then return to his enemy again. This was repeated several times, until finally the blacksnake squeezed the life out of the rattlesnake.

Judge Bowman says he never kills blacksnakes. He says it is his mission, and one they greatly enjoy, to destroy all the venomous snakes they can find. The judge has a pet blacksnake that stays in his barn and keeps away all the rats and mice.

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Proper diligence now will be exercised to supply wheels at the earliest time possible.

MUST VOTE.

The U. S. Senate to Remain in Continuous Session Until A Vote is Had.

Washington, Oct. 7.—Notice was duly and solemnly served on the Senators today by the Chairman of the Finance Committee that necessary means to force a vote upon the repeal bill will be put in operation next Wednesday. Mr. Voorhees said:

"I desire this morning to state in the hearing of the Senate and of the country that on Wednesday next, after the meeting of the Senate, I shall ask it to continue in session until a vote is taken on the pending measures and I shall ask and expect Senators to maintain a quorum for transaction of business until the end is reached of this protracted struggle. I might say more, but more is not necessary. I give this notice in order that the Senators may govern themselves accordingly in the performance of the duty which they owe to the public."

The notice was received without a sign of approval or dissent from any Senator.

NEW YORK AND NEBRASKA.

Endorse the Administration and Its Effect to Wipe Out the Sherman Law.

Saratoga, N. Y., Oct. 6.—The New York State Convention nominated the following ticket:

For Secretary of State, Cord Meyer for Controller, Frank Campbell; for State Treasurer, Hugh Duffy; for Attorney General, Simon W. Rosendale; for State Engineer, Martin F. Schneck; for Judge of the Court of Appeals, Isaac H. Maynard.

Among other things the platform adopted says:

"We favor just and liberal provision for all disabled Union soldiers, their widows and dependents."

"We congratulate President Cleveland and the country upon the auspicious beginning of his administration and pledge him our earnest support in all his efforts to secure the enactment of Democratic measures and the carrying out of Democratic policies."

"We especially approve his patriotic action in conveying Congress in extraordinary session for the purpose of riding the country of the reckless financial legislation passed by the Republican Congress in 1890."

Lincoln, Neb., Oct. 5.—After the adoption of the platform, early this morning the Democrats in State Convention completed their work with a rush. Hon. Frank J. Irvine, of Omaha present Supreme Court Commissioner, was nominated unanimously for Associate Justice of the Supreme Court. Messrs. Milton Doolittle, J. M. Pyle and Charles Kloman were named for regents of the State University on the first ballot, and the convention, a few minutes before 1 a. m., adjourned sine die. The platform says:

"We, the representative of the Democratic party in Nebraska, in hearty Convention assembled, send hearty greeting to our President, Grover Cleveland, and renew the expression of our confidence and pride in his patriotism, courage and wisdom."

We heartily endorse the Administration of President Cleveland. We reaffirm the truths so forcibly set forth by the President in his message to the special session of Congress.

We favor his recommendation to Congress therein made for the repeal of the silver-purchase clause of the Sherman act, and we call upon the United States Senators to speedily pass the pending bill for the prompt and unconditional repeal of the vicious law.

THAT STORM.

Over Two Thousand Lives Lost -- Great Destruction.

New Orleans, Oct. 7.—About \$60,000 has been raised for the relief of the storm sufferers and six boats have been sent on loaded with provisions, 4,000 persons are destitute.

The number of sufferers who have lost everything and are in a more or less destitute condition is: Cheniere la Madeleine, destitute, 278; Grand Isle, 743; Bayou Cook, 320; Lower Plaquemine parish, 1,240; fishing camps east of the Mississippi, 350; other settlements estimate 500.

These people have nothing, neither food nor even clothing. The sufferers in Plaquemine are in the least want, as sugar planters have guaranteed them work and a large number have already returned places.

It is now believed that the losses of the L. & N., railroad will not be so great as at first supposed. The damages are now estimated at \$200,000.

According to the latest reports more than 2000 people lost their lives in the terrible storm.

UP THREE CENTS.

Sharp Advance in Coffee On Account of Short Crop and Brazil Troubles.

MAY GO SOME HIGHER.

Coffee has gone up about three cents during the past month, and the prospect is it will go higher. This increase has been in No. 7 Rio, which is the grade from which the masses draw their supply. The increase in the higher grades has not been proportionately so great.

A raise of three cents may not at the first blush of the question strike one as being momentous, but when it is considered that it takes about 300,000 bags to meet the demands of the consumers in the United States every month, and that each bag contains from 130 to 135 pounds, it will be discovered that it makes a pretty big item. It adds over \$1,000,000 per month to the cost of the poor people's living, and although this is proportioned to a large number, in these hard times every little increase in the household expense is felt. An advance of two cents more is a probable development of the present coffee situation, and certainly a possible one, though the beans have not yet taken to the woods.

The cause of the increase in price is two-fold—a small crop and revolutionary troubles in Brazil, the great source of supply.

Speaking about the matter yesterday, Mr. Charles A. Meguire, the well-known broker, said:

"With the short crop even an otherwise normal condition of things would have caused an advance. But added to this is the revolution in Brazil, which has stopped all commercial movement there. The ports have been closed and opened intermittently during the troubles, allowing coffee already loaded to get out spasmodically but the supply has been practically cut off. The result is that the coffee in stock in this country has been greatly reduced, and the demand far exceeds the offerings."

"Just before our panic No. 7 was selling at 17c to 17 1/2c per pound. The stringency sent it down to 15 1/2c, and now it is 18 1/2c, and difficult to obtain at that. I look for a continued advance unless the Brazilian situation should materially improve."

"What was the last Brazilian crop?"

"It was 5,250,000 bags. In past seasons the yield has been as high as 8,000,000 bags."

"What are the other sources of supply?"

"The Central American States; but they furnish higher grades, and their crops don't reach us until late in the winter, and do not effect the price of Rio. The Java crop is a failure, but, anyway, it would not influence the market for Rio."—Louisville Times.

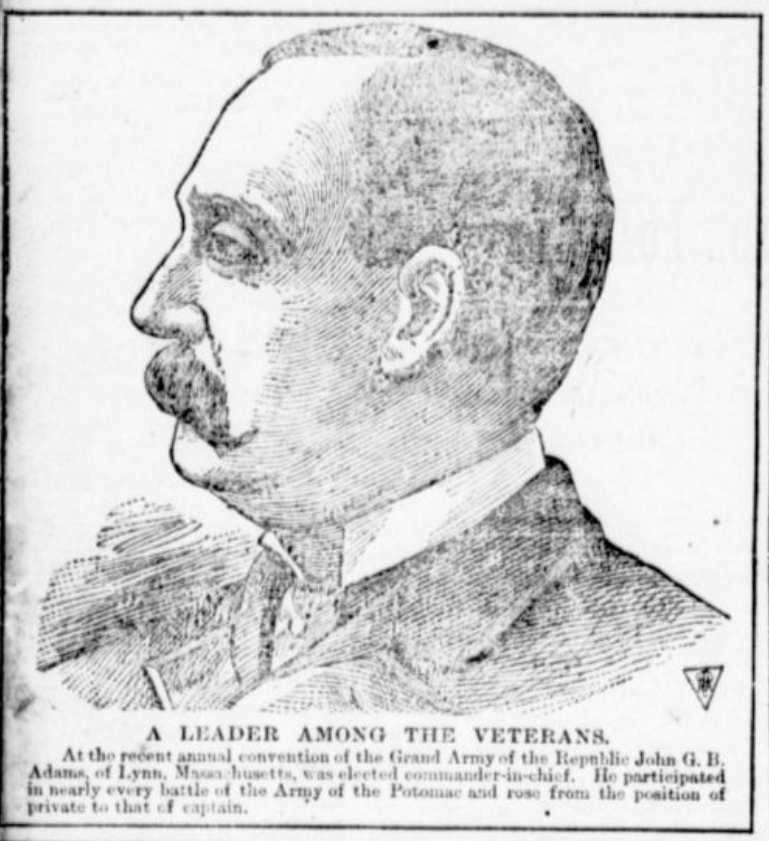
REMARKABLE.

The Water Blown Out of a River In Ohio.

Toledo, O., Oct. 8.—One of the most peculiar phenomena ever seen in this country was witnessed by people in the Maumee valley this morning. The terrific gale of last night blew the river dry. From the rapids at Waterville twenty-two miles above the city, to the Lake Shore bridge, just above the harbor, people walked across the bottom as on dry land. The cause was the direction from which the wind came—the southwest. It is not uncommon for the water to drop four to eight feet when the wind blows toward the lake, but never before has it blown so hard that the river bottom became visible. There was over twenty feet of water in the harbor yesterday.

Many large vessels were tied up at the wharves, and soon after the water began running out they rested upon their keels. The steamer C. B. Wallace was making her regular trip up stream last evening to Perrysburg, when she was caught half way to Perrysburg and stuck in the mud.

Just above Perrysburg is a series of rapids. The river is two miles wide and filled with limestone islands. This small archipelago was drained as dry as a moulain side. In the pools thousands of fish, of every kind known to the lakes and many which no one in this part of the country ever saw before, were caught. When the country people looked out this morning they were astounded, but they readily grasped the situation and commenced to fill barrels, wash tubs and everything that would hold them with fish. In the rapids many interesting articles which had gotten into the river above were found. About noon the wind calmed down and the water rolled back, much like an ocean tide. This evening it is as dead as usual and the largest steamers on the lakes are going back and forth.



A LEADER AMONG THE VETERANS.

At the recent annual convention of the Grand Army of the Republic John G. B. Adams, of Lynn, Mass. was elected commander-in-chief. He participated in nearly every battle of the Army of the Potomac and rose from the position of private to that of Captain.

Coming in Touch.

BY O. G. W.

In training men and women for the teachers office, one reform in French methods is described as "aiming at professional tact rather than erudition." Here is a fine hint for the improvement of all our educational process, and of our so-called modern culture.

Tact is touch; the teacher must be "in touch" with the pupil. Socially, tact is sensibility to the presence of other persons; it is a feeling of them, passing into a perception of their qualities and conditions and thus enabling one to adapt himself thereto. Hence tact is the ability to see and seize and suit the situation.

Certainly this kind of ability depends less upon book-learning than upon personal wakefulness, self-possession, and the quick play of sympathy. The teacher must first be himself; he must have his wits about him; those wits which collectively we call "mother wit." The activity of native qualities and powers in himself, brought into sympathetic touch with native qualities and the powers in the pupil, will do the business, even if the pupil is half dead.

But the teachers function is merely a specialized form of our general social activity. Its essence or spiritual principle is companionship, the contact and communion of minds. And the quality we are considering implies a great deal more than the art of making favorable impressions, or adroit ways of getting on with the people so as to avoid collisions and discorrelations. In its higher form it is a human embodiment of divine love and wisdom.

In ideal human relations we should all be teachers and should all be learners; for the sympathetic vibrations which pass from mind to mind imply continuous communication, or continuous owing and taking. The superior becomes the servant of the inferior, the wise of the ignorant, the older of the younger. The best teacher, the most effective preacher, the most valuable friend or companion is the one who is most truly and wholly alive.

But, to be truly and wholly alive, one must retain, and nourish, and develop his own original qualities, capacities, and forces; he must be truly and wholly himself and not an ape nor a machine. Much less should he be a mere supply pipe conveying to another what has never been really his own. One helps another, not chiefly by imparting, but by quickening. And tact implies the twofold quality of conductivity, which is another name for sympathy and adaptability, which is sympathy guided by insight. Without such tact learning goes for little, whether in the school room, in the pulpit, or in society; and when we depend upon it as a substitute for the richer and diviner quality, it fails gloriously.

The tendency has been to overload and clog the faculties with the knowledge; and are we not so far encumbered and disabled? We are like soldiers who carry to the field of battle all their accoutrements and camp equipage; or like gourmands whose overfeeding dulls the brain and makes digestion oppressive. Anybody can name a dozen quite well-informed persons who do not seem able to put themselves to any good use.

We can hardly be said to know too much, but knowledge itself is a kind of ignorance till it is worked up into vital power. When Wordsworth scolds at science, or when Emerson bids us "Go, burn our weary pages," the poet is spirit seems to be in revolt against the methods of study by which we disconnect ourselves from nature and humanity; by which we grow sharp-sighted for facts near by and blind to the large order of the world; or by

SALE NOTICE

On Wednesday, Oct 18, 93.

I will at my late farm at Crayneville, Ky., sell at public auction, on a credit of 15 months,

26 head of Horses and Mules,

3 Milk Cows,

A Lot Farming Implements, Household & Kitchen

Furniture.

Sums of \$5 and under cash. Notes with approved security required before property is moved.

L. W. CRUCE.

We Save You

10 to 15 per cent on all goods bought of us

WHY WE DO IT

We pay SPOT CASH for all good, SAVE DISCOUNTS, and sell for CASH, therefore we can afford to sell for less than those who do a credit business. We have just returned from the market with the largest and best selected stock of Fall and Winter Goods ever before brought to

CAVE-IN-ROCK, ILL.

You Can Buy Goods from Us

at prices far below anything ever offered before. We advise our customers to buy their goods now. You will never, never have such an opportunity again. Words fail to express the GREAT BARGAINS that we have

TO OFFER YOU.

If you have never bought of us before, give us a trial. We hope to induce a large number of new customers to trade with us at least enough to test the Quality of our goods, our Prices, our Reliability and our way of doing business.

OUR LINE OF DRESS GOODS is the latest in style and colors, with Buttons and Trimmings to match.

We also carry an endless variety of Mens, Youths and Boys CLOTHING at prices to suit the purchaser.

OUR STOCK OF Gents-Furnishing Goods is full and complete.

We handle the celebrated Hamilton-Brown Shoe Co Shoes, positively the BEST in the World, and guaranteed to give satisfaction, and last but not least, a complete stock of Staple Groceries.

In fact you will find in our store everything that is wanted in a well regulated family.

We Want Your Produce

such as Meat, Lard, Eggs, Feathers, Poultry, and Dried Fruit

Remember the place---

---Cave-In-Rock, Ill.,---

The J. no. Goodwin Store Room.

YOURS FOR BUSINESS

Ozment & Holderman.

Free Ferry Every Saturday.

SCIENCE HILL

OWENSBORO FEMALE COLLEGE

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MAY GO SOME HIGHER.

Coffee has gone up about three cents during the past month, and the prospect is it will go higher. This increase has been in No. 7 Rio, which is the grade from which the masses draw their supply. The increase in the higher grades has not been proportionately so great.

A raise of three cents may not at the first blush of the question strike one as being momentous, but when it is considered that it takes about 300,000 bags to meet the demands of the consumers in the United States every month, and that each bag contains from 130 to 135 pounds, it will be discovered that it makes a pretty big item. It adds over \$1,000,000 per month to the cost of the poor people's living, and although this is proportioned to a large number, in these hard times every little increase in the household expense is felt. An advance of two cents more is a probable development of the present coffee situation, and certainly a possible one, though the beans have not yet taken to the woods.

The cause of the increase in price is two-fold—a small crop and revolutionary troubles in Brazil, the great source of supply.

Speaking about the matter yesterday, Mr. Charles A. Meguire, the well-known broker, said:

"With the short crop even an otherwise normal condition of things would have caused an advance. But added to this is the revolution in Brazil, which has stopped all commercial movement there. The ports have been closed and opened intermittently during the troubles, allowing coffee already loaded to get out spasmodically but the supply has been practically cut off. The result is that the coffee in stock in this country has been greatly reduced, and the demand far exceeds the offerings."

"Just before our panic No. 7 was selling at 17c to 17 1/2c per pound. The stringency sent it down to 15 1/2c, and now it is 18 1/2c, and difficult to obtain at that. I look for a continued advance unless the Brazilian situation should materially improve."

"What was the last Brazilian crop?"

"It was 5,250,000 bags. In past seasons the yield has been as high as 8,000,000 bags."

"What are the other sources of supply?"

"The Central American States; but they furnish higher grades, and their crops don't reach us until late in the winter, and do not effect the price of Rio. The Java crop is a failure, but, anyway, it would not influence the market for Rio."—Louisville Times.

REMARKABLE.

The Water Blown Out of a River In Ohio.

Toledo, O., Oct. 8.—One of the most peculiar phenomena ever seen in this country was witnessed by people in the Maumee valley this morning. The terrific gale of last night blew the river dry. From the rapids at Waterville twenty-two miles above the city, to the Lake Shore bridge, just above the harbor, people walked across the bottom as on dry land. The cause was the direction from which the wind came—the southwest. It is not uncommon for the water to drop four to eight feet when the wind blows toward the lake, but never before has it blown so hard that the river bottom became visible. There was over twenty feet of water in the harbor yesterday. Many large vessels were tied up at the wharves, and soon after the water began running out they rested upon their keels. The steamer C. B. Wallace was making her regular trip up stream last evening to Perrysburg, when she was caught half way to Perrysburg and stuck in the mud.

Just above Perrysburg is a series of rapids. The river is two miles wide and filled with limestone islands. This small archipelago was drained as dry as a mountain side. In the pools thousands of fish, of every kind known to the lakes and many which no one in this part of the country ever saw before, were caught. When the country people looked out this morning they were astounded, but they readily grasped the situation and commenced to fill barrels, wash tubs and everything that would hold them with fish. In the rapids many interesting articles which had gotten into the river above were found. About noon the wind calmed down and the water rolled back, much like an ocean tide. This evening it is as dead as usual and the largest steamers on the lakes are going back and forth.



A LEADER AMONG THE VETERANS.

At the recent annual convention of the Grand Army of the Republic John G. B. Adams, of Lynn, Mass., was elected commander-in-chief. He participated in nearly every battle of the Army of the Potomac and rose from the position of private to that of captain.

Coming in Touch.

BY O. G. W.

In training men and women for the teachers office, one reform in French methods is described as "aiming at professional tact rather than erudition." Here is a fine hint for the improvement of all our educational process, and of our so-called modern culture.

Touch is touch; the teacher must be "in touch" with the pupil. Socially, tact is sensibility to the presence of other persons; it is a feeling of them, peering into a perception of their qualities and conditions and thus enabling one to adapt himself thereto. Hence tact is the ability to see and seize and suit the situation.

Certainly this kind of ability depends less upon book-learning than upon personal wakefulness, self-possession, and the quick play of sympathy. The teacher must first be himself; he must have his wits about him; those wits which collectively we call "mother wit." The activity of these qualities and powers in himself, brought into sympathetic touch with native qualities and the powers in the pupil, will do the business, even if the pupil is half dead.

But the teachers function is merely a specialized form of our general social activity. Its essence or spiritual principle is companionship, the contact and communion of minds. And the quality we are considering implies a great deal more than the art of making favorable impressions, or adroit ways of getting on with the people so as to avoid collisions and discommodities. In its higher form it is a human embodiment of divine love and wisdom.

In ideal human relations we should all be teachers and should all be learners; for the sympathetic vibrations which pass from mind to mind imply continuous communication, or continuous giving and taking. The superior becomes the servant of the inferior, the wise of the ignorant, the elder of the younger. The best teacher, the most effective preacher, the most valuable friend or companion is the one who is most truly and wholly alive.

But, to be truly and wholly alive, one must retain, and nourish, and develop his own original qualities, capacities, and forces; he must be truly and wholly himself and not an ape nor a machine. Much less should he be a mere supply pipe conveying to another what has never been really his own. One helps another, not chiefly by imparting, but by quickening. And tact implies the twofold quality of conductivity, which is another name for sympathy and adaptability, which is sympathy guided by insight. Without such tact learning goes for little, whether in the school room, in the pulpit, or in society; and when we depend upon it as a substitute for the richer and deviner quality, it fails gloriously.

The tendency has been to overload and clog the faculties with the knowledge; and are we not so far encumbered and disabled? We are like soldiers who carry to the field of battle all their accoutrements and camp equipage; or like gourmands whose overfeeding dulls the brain and makes digestion oppressive. Anybody can name a dozen quite well-informed persons who do not seem able to put themselves to any good use.

We can hardly be said to know too much, but knowledge itself is a kind of ignorance till it is worked up into vital power. When Wordsworth scoffs at science, or when Emerson bids us "Go, burn our worry pages," the poet is spirit seems to be in revolt against the methods of study by which we disconnect ourselves from nature and humanity; by which we grow sharp-sighted for facts near by and blind to the large order of the world; or by

Money in Circulation.

Washington, Oct. 7.—A Treasury statement issued today shows the total paper money of each denomination outstanding October 1, to aggregate \$1,126,395,031, as follows: One dollar, \$49,118,817; two dollars, \$31,207,411; five dollars, \$256,813,899; ten dollars, \$315,260,526; twenty dollars, \$242,054,060; fifty dollars, \$45,178,163; one hundred dollars, 76,803,970; five hundred dollars, \$19,860,500; one thousand dollars, \$14,805,000; ten thousand dollars, \$6,880,000; fractional parts, \$27,753.

A BARGAIN.

I have for sale at a sacrifice a house and lot in Marion. Two story frame house of nine rooms, well built and well finished, corner lot. If you want a bargain call at once.

R. C. Walker.

SALE NOTICE

On Wednesday, Oct 18, 93.

I will at my late farm at Crayneville, Ky., sell at public auction, on a credit of 15 months,

26 head of Horses and Mules,

3 Milk Cows,

A Lot Farming Implements,

Household & Kitchen

Furniture.

Sums of \$5 and under cash. Notes with approved security required before property is moved.

L. W. CRUCE.

We Save You

10 to 15 per cent on all goods bought of us

WHY WE DO IT

We pay SPOT CASH for all good, SAVE DISCOUNTS, and sell for CASH, therefore we can afford to sell for less than those who do a credit business. We have just returned from the market with the largest and best selected stock of Fall and Winter Goods ever before brought to

CAVE-IN-ROCK, ILL.

You Can Buy Goods from Us

at prices far below anything ever offered before. We advise our customers to buy their goods now. You will never, never have such an opportunity again. Words fail to express the GREAT BARGAINS that we have

TO OFFER YOU.

If you have never bought of us before, give us a trial. We hope to induce a large number of new customers to trade with us at least enough to test the Quality of our goods, our Prices, our Reliability and our way of doing business.

OUR LINE OF

DRESS GOODS

is the latest in style and colors, with

Buttons and Trimmings to match.

We also carry an endless variety of

Mens, Youths and Boys

CLOTHING

at prices to suit the purchaser,

OUR STOCK OF

Gents' Furnishing Goods

is full and complete.

We handle the celebrated

Hamilton-Brown Shoe Co

Shoes.

positively the BEST in the World,

and guaranteed to give satisfaction,

and last but not least, a complete

stock of

Staple Groceries.

In fact you will find in our store everything that is wanted in a well regulated family.

We Want Your Produce

such as Meat, Lard, Eggs, Feathers, Poultry, and Dried Fruit

Remember the place—

---Cave-In-Rock, Ill.,---

The J. no. Goodwin Store Room.

YOURS FOR BUSINESS

Ozment & Holderman.

Free Ferry Every Saturday.

SCIENCE HILL

SHELBYVILLE, KY.—An English and Classical School for Girls. Sixty-ninth Annual Session opens Wednesday, Sept. 26, 1893. Prepares for Wellesley, W. T. FORTY.

OWENSBORO FEMALE COLLEGE

OWENSBORO, KY.—An English and Classical School for Girls. Sixty-ninth Annual Session opens Wednesday, Sept. 26, 1893. Prepares for Wellesley, W. T. FORTY.

F. M. Clement is the Democratic nominee for the Legislature. He will appreciate your vote and influence.

We are authorized to announce ISAAC LINLEY a candidate for the Legislature, to represent Crittenden and Livingston counties in the next General Assembly of Kentucky. Election November 1893.

FOR THE SENATE.

We are authorized to announce R. O. NUNN a candidate for the State Senate in the district composed of the counties of Crittenden, Caldwell and Webster, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce MISS MINA WHEELER a candidate for Superintendent of the Public Schools of Crittenden County. She will appreciate your vote and influence.

Let us hope that the morals of the county are improving. Three weeks have gone by without a breach of promise suit.

Stand by your district school. Because a few men who went to the district school, afterwards went to the Legislature and to Congress, is no reason why your boy should turn out badly.

Some cranks are pursuing the Kentucky World's Fair Commissioners to use part of the State's appropriation in paying for excursions to take children to the fair. What next?

There has been a great scare about the yellow fever at Brunswick, Ga., but only 9.4 per cent of the cases have proved fatal. Typhoid fever, while not as destructive in numbers, kills a greater per cent of its victims.

The Caldwell county Court of Claims failed to materialize according to law. The County Judge and only three magistrates were present, and an adjournment was had, until Thursday October 12. "Several important matters await their consideration," says the Banner.

Two of the brightest men in the State, William Goebel and Theodore Hallam are candidates for the Democratic nomination for the State Senate in the Covington district. The sharpness of the fight will be limited only by its shortness. The men are by no means friends, and both are "up to snuff" in political fights.

The cheapest piece of work Crittenden county gets done is superintending the poor-house. For \$12 Dr. Taylor undertakes to see that affairs are properly conducted at that institution. One dollar and fifty cents for plows and teams for road work is very low, but the superintendent of the poor-house is working for less, if he does his duty.

Senator Joe Blackburn made a speech in the Senate on the threadbare silver question last week. He has not been as noisy as usual since the trouble has been brewing. He is opposed to the unconditional repeal of the Sherman law, and favors a compromise. It is rather odd to hear of Joe Blackburn wanting to compromise anything.

During two months—July and August—Secretary Carlisle did not buy the amount of silver provided for in the Sherman law. The House addressed a letter to him wanting to know why he did not buy the 4,500,000 as provided for in the law. He replied promptly, that the parties who had the silver for sale would not sell it to the government as cheap as they were selling it, the same day, two other parties and rather than permit the government to be imposed upon in any such style, he declined to buy.

AFTER FIFTEEN TRIALS.

H. C. Passmore Finally Acquitted of the Murder of Richard Paxton.

Harrodsburg, Ky., Oct. 7.—The jury in the case of H. C. Passmore for the murder of Richard Paxton on October 5, 1887, returned a verdict this morning for acquittal after being out less than half an hour. This is the fifteenth court the case has passed through. At the first trial the jury stood seven for capital punishment, four for life and one for acquittal, and they have been growing more lenient every court since. The case has cost the State over \$20,000, several juries being taken from adjoining counties, as well as witnesses.

Must Read The Bible.

The Newport Journal says: The resolution passed at the last meeting of the Board of Education requiring each teacher in the Public Schools to open the morning exercises in her room, and recite a passage of scripture from the Bible, is causing considerable comment in certain circles.

MISS WHEELER SPEAKS.

The Candidate for Superintendent Addresses a Large and Enthusiastic Audience at the Opera Hall.

It had been announced through the Press that on Monday, which was county court day, Miss Mina Wheeler candidate for the office of County Superintendent of schools, would address the people at Marion on the subject of education. Through the kindness of Mr. J. D. Boaz the Opera Hall was tendered for the purpose and when, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, the bell rang the people made a rush for the hall and soon every seat was occupied. As the ladies had also been invited, a number of them were in attendance. It was one of the largest audiences of the kind ever assembled here and the speaker was greeted with the warmest enthusiasm. The speech, to say the least, was grand, and showed to the audience that Miss Wheeler was master of the subject. She spoke for an hour and a half and was listened to with the closest attention during the whole time. Our space is too limited to give even a complete synopsis of the speech. She began by telling of the importance of life, the reality of our existence. Man was not only "wonderfully and fearfully made," but was mysteriously constructed. He had been a puzzle to the wise men and an enigma to the philosophers. He was not responsible for his own existence, but was accountable for the development of its powers. "Life is real, life is earnest. And the grave is not its goal; 'Dust thou art, to dust returnest,' Was not spoken of the soul."

Education is development. The mind, like the body, grows and becomes strong by exercise. Solving problems or answering questions for pupils is not educating them. The old method of forcing knowledge into a child like pouring water into a barrel has been given up by the best educators. The speaker gave the old and the new methods of teaching, comparing one with other, the aim of education; the nature of the mind; the law of development; the kind of education needed and who should be educated.

Before closing her address she desired to say a few words about her candidacy, why she came to make the race for superintendent of schools. At different times for several years she had been solicited to become a candidate for that office. She had not thought seriously of doing so, however, until recently. She had laid her plans to go elsewhere and engage in other work. Nevertheless, after being petitioned by a large number of the teachers of the county—Republicans as well as Democrats—and solicited by trustees and other friends of education to make the race she consented to do so; and, being a candidate, she wanted the office very badly. She desired the office because she liked educational work; because she wanted to rest a while from teaching; because she wanted the prestige of the office; because she wanted to stay in Crittenden county. Excepting a few months she spent at school she had always lived in this county and there was no place to her like home.

She spoke of the objections that had been made to her as a candidate. It had been said that she could not visit the schools or build school houses. She had never failed to go to any place she desired to visit, and had often constructed hen coops and pig pens and she thought she might supervise the building of a school house should she have it to do; she thought, however, that building school houses did not come in the superintendent's work. If they wanted an officer to build houses why didn't they nominate a carpenter? Other counties in the State had elected women to that position and the Superintendent of Public Instruction had said they made the most acceptable officers. It had been said as an objection also that it was not a woman's place, was out of her sphere, that a woman's place was at home. But what should be done with one who had no home? She gave as an example the career of Florence Nightingale who left home and spent her life "out of her sphere" and thus became a blessing to the world. If the people thought her competent and worthy why not vote for her? She thought it was a woman's time to have a piece of the "pie." The men had monopolized it heretofore, and Mr. P. had been given two large slices. She did not believe in people being greedy even for "pie." She gave an earnest appeal to the people of all parties to-day aside prejudice and come to her support. She did not think it a political office and thought that politics should not be considered in the race. The speech was earnest, eloquent and convincing and was loudly applauded. At the conclusion she invited Mr. Perry to the stand. He responded in a short address in which he endeavored to rally the people to his support by appealing to party prejudice. He loved the people of Crittenden county for what they had done for him and asked that his affections be replenished by being tendered another piece of "pie." It was Republican "pie" and should be eaten by a Republican. He said the teachers who signed the petition referred to in Miss Wheeler's speech did so through courtesy and did not really know what the petition

was. When Mr. Perry had finished his speech Miss Wheeler responded in a few well-chosen words. She said that to accuse the teachers of Crittenden county was doing them a great wrong. She did not believe they were insincere in signing that petition and thought they were competent to know what they were doing. If they were guilty, as Mr. Perry would intimate, they were incompetent, under the law to hold certificates to teach. They did know what they were about, and she was confident they would be with her when voting time came. She is more than a match for her opponent on the stump, and she came out, as she certainly will in November, ahead.

THE ROAD LAW.

Some of the Features of the New Law, Governing the Working of Highways.

Sec. 19. The Fiscal Court shall have full power and authority to levy an ad valorem tax, for road and bridge purposes, of not exceeding twenty-five cents per year on each one hundred dollars worth of property, assessed for State and county taxation, to be collected in the same manner, by the same officers, and under the same obligations as other county revenue is collected and the fund shall be designated as the "Road and Bridge Fund."

Sec. 20. The Fiscal Court may require all able-bodied male citizens of the county over eighteen and under fifty years of age, except licensed ministers of the gospel and citizens of incorporated towns and cities, to work on the public roads of the county, not exceeding six days in each year, and cause them to be assigned to work on roads nearest and most convenient to their residence, and any such citizen may furnish an able-bodied substitute to work in his place. A day's work on roads shall be eight hours. The Fiscal Court at its first regular term in eighteen hundred and ninety four and every two years thereafter shall appoint a County Supervisor of Roads or such district supervisors as may be deemed best and may appoint such overseers as may be necessary who shall hold their term of office for a term of two years from the date of their appointment and until their successors are appointed and qualified. Any vacancy occurring in the office of supervisor or overseer may be filled by the County Court until the next regular term of the Fiscal Court. The supervisor or supervisors shall execute bond in the County Court within thirty days after his appointment with good and sufficient sureties to be approved by the Judge of the County Court for the faithful performance of his duties. The Fiscal Court shall make the supervisor or supervisors a reasonable allowance for his services.

Sec. 21. The Fiscal Court shall prescribe necessary rules and regulations for the proper management of the public roads and bridges in the county and shall provide for repairing and keeping them in repair, and may authorize the supervisor or overseer to employ such wagons and other implements as may be necessary.

Sec. 22. The Fiscal Court may classify the public roads of their counties and fix the width of each, which shall not be less than fifteen nor more than sixty feet wide, and may determine the width of the road-bed of each class.

Sec. 23. Any supervisor or overseer who shall willfully fail or refuse to discharge his duties, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon indictment and conviction, shall be fined not less than five nor more than twenty dollars for each offense; and anyone assigned to work on a public road who shall willfully fail or refuse to do good and efficient work after having been notified by the officer having supervision of the road to be worked or some one authorized in writing by him to give said notice, for at least two days, shall, upon trial and conviction before a justice of the peace, be fined for each day they shall so fail to work two dollars and fifty cents. All such fines shall go into the road and bridge fund of the county, to be used for road purposes and upon non-payment of said fine, a capias pro fine may issue.

Sec. 35. If the Fiscal Court shall so decide any taxpayer who shall so desire shall have the privilege of working on the public roads in his county sufficiently long to pay his road and bridge tax, but shall work for the same number of hours per day, and under the same regulations, that other hands employed to work on the roads do, and the supervisor shall give such person who desires to pay his road tax in work a receipt, specifying the number of days he may so work, and if the work done shall equal his tax at the specified price agreed on, then such receipt shall be evidence of the payment of his road and bridge tax in full, but if he only works out a part of said tax, the receipt shall only evidence such part payment thereof.

Sec. 36. All male persons confined in the county jails or work-houses, under the judgment of a court directing that they may be worked at hard labor, shall be available to the supervisor or overseer for the purpose of working them on the public highways.

Mr. Carlisle at Work.

Secretary Carlisle works as hard as Gresham does, but he is a different sort of a man. Work worries him—that is to say, sitting all day at his desk receiving callers, talking about officers and backers and the party and indorsements, and all that sort of thing receiving department chiefs who wish to consult him as to their bureau, telling senators and representatives in Congress why he can't make this appointment or find a place for that protegee, worries Carlisle nearly to death. But give him a knotty point in finance, columns of figures as long as the moral law, stacks of revised statutes of the United States as tall as dry goods boxes and a piece of paper and a rusty old lead pencil, and he will sit up all night and enjoy himself. He is a student, essentially a student. He likes to shut himself up in a corner, lock the door and think and figure and evolve and analyze.

But he is a Kentuckian as well as a student, and you never yet saw a Kentuckian who didn't know how to receive callers and make them feel comfortable. I think Mr. Carlisle can be more bored by a long-winded and unimportant caller and show less of his annoyance than any man I ever saw. Notwithstanding his student-like characteristics, that alert brain of his enables him quickly to analyze men as well as things. He knows what a man is going to say, what he wants, what he is trying to conceal and how much he is endeavoring to exaggerate in his own behalf before the caller has uttered a dozen words. Carlisle's brain is on a hair trigger all the time, and the wonder is that it doesn't wear out.

He thinks of your side of the case first and sees the inside of it and detects all your little sophistries and weaknesses. He does it like a flash. Then he states his own side, and there is perfect co-incidence between the two. He doesn't waste a thought or a word. He snaps out a few syllables of about as good English as you would want to hear—snaps them out quickly, not sharply or unpleasantly—and you may as well put up your shutters and go home. Your case is decided. No use to stop and explain. He has already thought out all your explanation and could tell it just as well as you and better. Carlisle has a snapshot sort of brain, and when he pushes the button you may be sure that everything within range has been photographed on the sensitive plate of his mind.

He disposes of callers easily and quickly. His ability to do this lies largely in the quickness with which he perceives everything and answers questions which have not been put, but which are waiting. How can you argue with a man who anticipates all you would like to say and cuts the ground out from under your feet?

"I have just as many callers now as I had during the first month of this administration," the secretary said to me to-day. "The men who want appointments are here as numerous as last March after offices which won't be filled till next summer are still here, and I have to see them about once in two days. But I only give them two days a week now. If I gave them every day, I wouldn't get time to read my letters or eat my meals."—Walter Wellman.

BAYOU MILLS.

Rev Lockhart filled Bro. Miller's appointment at Blooming Grove Sunday.

Some one left a fine horse in "Cal" Councils stable Wednesday night. He does not know the horse; it is an iron gray.

Henry Daniels of Marion spent several days in our vicinity last week.

Some of our friends attended the fair at Golconda last week.

NEW SALEM.

Married at the residence of the father, H. P. Brown, of Crittenden county, Thomas Howe, of Rossa, Tenn., to Miss Julia Brown. Rev. Critchfield officiating.

Mrs. Martha Brouster, is visiting relatives at Dulane.

Miss Mattie Blick returned to her home at Dulane after a protracted visit to relatives in this county.

Y. M. Conyers, of Marion, has moved to the farm lately occupied by Rev. Eaton.

James Hartigan and sister, of Clarksville, Tenn., are the guests of the family of A. J. Croson.

W. C. Tyner, of Bayou Mills was in this section last week.

Robert Threlkeld is still confined to his bed with fever.

Will Taylor and wife spent Saturday and Sunday at Salem.

The tobacco crop is about all in the house. It is of the best quality.

The acreage of wheat sown is about 75 per cent of the crop usually sown in this section.

James B. Hardy and wife of Salem are visiting their daughter, Hattie Baker, this week.

Henry Brouster is visiting the schools in Livingston county this week.

Miss Emma and Blake Harpend are attending the protracted meeting at Deer Creek this week.



ELECTROPOISE
CURES DISEASE
WITHOUT MEDICINE.

DuBols & Webb
Send for 50 page book free.

TESTIMONIALS.

The Electropoise will cure many cases of disease where nothing else will. It has worked like a charm in my family. Rev. Geo. H. Means, Covington, Ky.

It is certainly a wonderful instrument, and it is more wonderful as to how it does its work, yet it does it. T. E. C. Brinley, (The veteran plow manufacturer of the South.) Louisville, Ky.

With the Electropoise I have cured dyspepsia, constipation and liver trouble, lagrippe, headache, toothache, colds, rheumatism, neuralgia, tonsillitis, colic and piles. The results are wonderful, chills and fever I have seen cured in sixty minutes.

E. B. Lyle, Churchhill, Ky.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

FOR SALE AND RENT. I offer for sale my farm adjoining the town of Marion, 100 acres which I will sell as a whole or in lots to suit purchaser. There are two neat cottages on the tract.

FOR RENT—the business house recently occupied by Mrs. R. B. Dorr, as millinery store.

W. I. Bigham, or O. M. James, Marion, Ky.

"My little boy was very bad off for two months with diarrhoea. We used various medicines, also called in two doctors, but nothing done him any good until we used Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy which gave immediate relief and soon cured him. I consider it the best medicine made and can conscientiously recommend it to all who need a diarrhoea or colic medicine. J. E. Hare, Trenton, Tex. 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by Moore & Orme.

MONTHLY CROP REPORT.

Of Commissioner of Agriculture, Labor and Statistics.

Frankfort, Ky., Oct. 6, 1893. The rain which commenced on the last day of September has been general all over the State. In some parts of the State there has not been rain to do any good since the last week in June. All kinds of grass was completely burned up, and stock water getting very scarce. The farmers had begun to feed their stock on fodder and hay. In some localities they had rain on September 9th, which will make a great change in late tobacco and late corn, and unless we have an early frost the condition of the crop will be materially changed. I have no report from any of my correspondents of damage done by the frost of September 17th.

Tobacco.

The larger part of the tobacco crop is housed. The rains in the last few days caught a great deal that was cut but not housed, and for fear of frost a great deal of green tobacco has been cut. A marked improvement in condition this month over last, but the crop is reported by many correspondents as being prematurely ripened and of an inferior quality. Per cent 73.

Corn.

The corn crop has made a change of eight or ten points since last month. The general opinion has been that there would be about two-thirds of a crop. It remains to be seen whether or not too much improvement is based on the late rains. Much depends on late frosts as to the outcome of the late corn. The early corn has mostly been cut, and much of it has been cured up light and chaffy. Per cent 67.

Wheat.

Wheat sowing will advance more rapidly since the rain. The farmers are very backward with this crop, and the indications are that the acreage will not be so large.

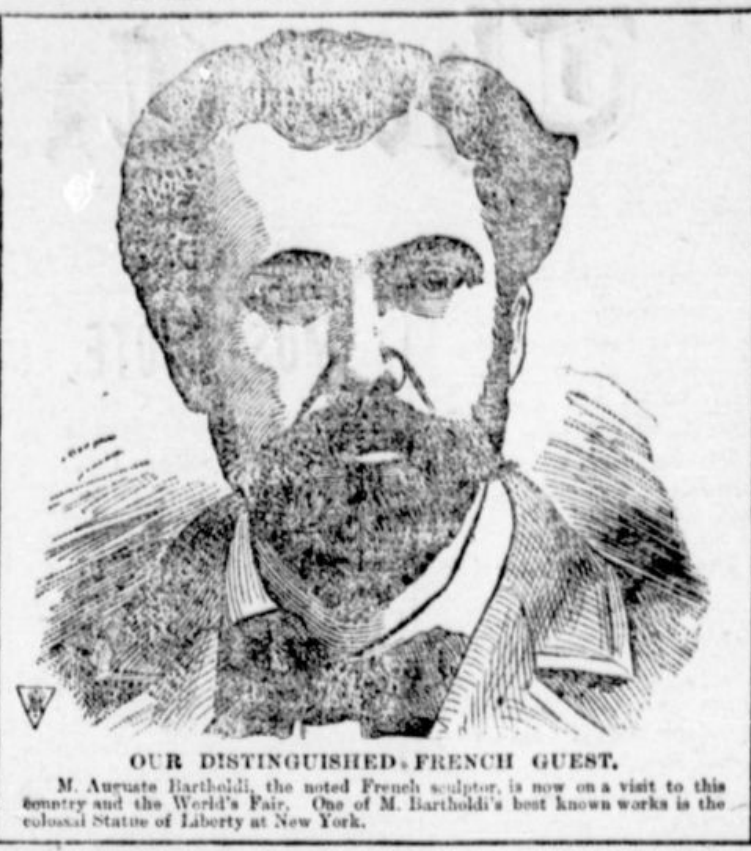
Grasses.

Should the weather continue favorable, fall grasses will be all that could be desired. In many places where there was rain in September the grass is now very fine.

Stock.

The condition of stock—horses, mules, cattle and hogs—is reported good everywhere. No complaint of any kind except of hog cholera. In one of my last lists, I said to the farmers that there was a very great shortage in the hog crop, and from all the information I can get the supply will be fully as short this fall. I failed this month to ask the per cent of hogs in our State, but will give it in some of the hog growing States; Illinois, 83 per cent; Iowa, 82 per cent; Kansas 78 per cent. In Kentucky was about 75. If these statements prove to be correct, it means high prices for hogs this fall and winter.

Nicholas McDowell, Commissioner.



OUR DISTINGUISHED FRENCH GUEST.

M. Auguste Bartholin, the noted French sculptor, is now on a visit to this country and the World's Fair. One of M. Bartholin's best known works is the colossal Statue of Liberty at New York.

SALE NOTICE.

On Tuesday, Oct. 24, 1892,

I will of my residence on Deer Creek, 4 miles southwest of Irma, offer for sale

My Farming Implements, Household and Kitchen Furniture, Good Young Mares and Colts, A lot of Mules and some Fine Milk Cows, Wagon and Buggy, A Crop of Corn, About 15 000 feet of Seasoned Lumber. My farm of 350 acres is for sale or rent. 140 in cultivation, 70 acres for cultivation next season. TERMS: All sums over \$5, on personal property, on a credit of 14 months; notes with approved security, legal interest, required before property is moved. \$5 and under cash.

J. W. Bettis.

Responsibility of Telegraphy Companies.

Hawesville, Ky., Oct. 6.—M. C. Gibson, of this place, recovered judgment against the Western Union Telegraph Company for \$755 yesterday in the Henderson County Circuit Court. Some weeks ago a telegram was received at this office announcing the death of Mr. Gibson's brother in Henderson county. The message was not delivered for two days, and Mr. Gibson missed his brother's funeral, hence the suit.

Indicted for Murder.

Hopkinsville, Ky., Oct. 6.—Charles Morrow, the slayer of Fleming McNeal, in this county last August, has been indicted for willful murder and his case will come up for trial next Tuesday.

RELIGIOUS AND EDUCATIONAL.

Schools of forestry were established in Austria in 1810. Geography, as a science, was introduced into Europe by the Moors about 1240. I like ejaculatory prayer; it reaches Heaven before the devil can get a shot at it.—Rowland Hill. Diligence is the mother of good luck, and God gives all things to industry. Then plow deep while sluggards sleep, and you shall have corn to sell and to keep.—Benjamin Franklin. Whatever may be the mysteries of life and death, there is one mystery which the cross of Christ reveals to us, and that is the infinite and absolute goodness of God.—Charles Kingsley. The system of Pestalozzi taught that form, number and language are the elements of knowledge, and that a thorough acquaintance with them in every phase constitutes education. In Athens every citizen, under severe penalty was obliged to teach his sons to read and to swim. If he did not also fit him for some trade, they were not obliged to support him in his old age. —Rev. Robert McIntyre, of Denver, has created a sensation among his congregation in that city, says the New York Tribune, by asking that his salary of \$5,000 be reduced to \$1,000. He thinks the sum he receives at present is at least twice as large as it should be in hard times. —As an instance of Japanese liberality in the cause of evangelization an old Japanese woman who had been scraping together for years a little money to finance herself a fine Buddhist funeral, recently gave the whole sum towards building a Presbyterian mission in her native district. Such cases, however, are unusual. —The Methodist Book Concern since November 1, 1879, has negotiated its own bills of exchange; and in the thirteen years up to October 31, 1892, the sum total of its transactions of this sort, principally in connection with the missionary treasury, has amounted to \$5,355,236.70, an average per year of \$37,445.48.—N. Y. Christian Advocate. —The report of the Chautauqua Literary and Scientific Circle shows that there are now 1,400 circles, 500 having been organized the past year. The class of '93, which was organized last year with 800 members, has increased to more than 10,000. Upward of 2,000 members are pursuing the advance course. A movement known as the Chautauqua extension, corresponding to the University extension, has been begun recently.

OAK GROVE.

According to announcement Miss Mina Wheeler, candidate for Superintendent of Schools addressed the people at this place last night. A large audience gathered to hear her speak. A Press reporter came near being crowded out, so eager were the crowd to hear what the talented young lady had to say. Her subject was life and a preparation for its work. She handled her subject well and every one was greatly pleased. Thoroughly in love with educational work, she has given the subject a great deal of attention. She told how and why she became a candidate for Superintendent, why she wanted the office and why she thought the people should support her. These are given elsewhere in this issue of the Press and we will not repeat them. The speech was listened to with great interest and the best of order prevailed. Miss Mina is very popular here and a majority of the voters, we believe, laying prejudice aside and looking to the educational interest of the county, will remember her kindly in the November election.

A BARGAIN.

I have for sale at a sacrifice a house and lot in Marion. Two story frame house of nine rooms, well built and well finished, corner lot. If you want a bargain call at once.

R. C. Walker.

NOTICE.

To My Customers:

I want to thank you for your liberal patronage at both of my stores during the past month, and now as I have sold the stock of goods purchased from J. N. Woods to Robt. Haynes, of Caseyville, Ky., who I think you will find to be a gentleman in every respect. Mr. Haynes will continue the sale of goods in the Cameron Store, and I will go back to my store on the corner, at Geo. C. Gray's Old Stand, where I will give my entire time and talent to the selecting and buying of such goods as my trade demands. And I now have on hand the largest line of Cloaks, Over Coats, Clothing, Shoes and Ladies Fine Dress Goods that I have ever had and my prices are upon a cash basis and are at the bottom. I also reserved \$2,000 of clothing out of the J. N. Woods stock which I bought at 60 cts on the dollar we have kept these goods to ourselves and can give you great bargains in them. Come and see.

J. H. Morse

LOCAL NEWS.

Farmers Excursion to Chicago.
Timothy seed at Pierce & Son.
See Cook & Garrity for your photos.
Try Thomas Bros, new process bread.

The finest apple vinegar at Thomas Bros for 20 cts per gallon.

When buying goods remember S. D. Hodge & Co. Extra inducements; call and see them.

Judge J. A. Moore has purchased a lot opposite G. C. Gray's residence, and will build a nice residence upon it.

Our stock of dress goods is now complete. You will find it to your interest to give us a look before buying.
S. D. Hodge & Co.

The County Clerk yesterday issued marriage licenses to the following persons: James T. Toth and Miss Flora Canada, Joel Hobson and Miss Gusta Shuffelbarger.

Dress Goods, Dress Goods, of the latest shades and colors at S. D. Hodge & Co.

Born, on Friday Oct. 6, to the wife of Frank Jennings, a nine-and-a-half pound girl. Also on Oct. 7, to the wife of G. N. Grayson a daughter of little less avoidable.

Rev. T. C. Carter baptised three persons Sunday and they united with the church at this place. They were J. E. Robertson, and Miss Eli A. Duff, and Miss Woodard.

H. S. Driver is a number one road supervisor. He is having done some very effective work on his section of road in condition to withstand the winter rains and freezes without becoming impassable as they some times do.

Rev. J. G. Haynes will leave Saturday for Lamasco, Caldwell county. He was appointed on that circuit by annual conference of the Methodist church, south, and he will locate there for one year at least.

Tuesday night a burglar entered residence of J. W. Pritchett, a farmer, living three miles South of town. Mr. Pritchett heard the noise and went with a shot gun to attend to the depredator made his escape by being fired at twice.

Elsewhere in this issue will be found programmes of the Sunday school of the Sugar Grove church and of the Cumberland Presbyterian church at this place, the one to be held on Sunday, Oct. 28, and the other on Monday, Nov. 5. An interesting one is expected at both meetings.

Rev. S. K. Breeding, of Princeton, preached a splendid discourse at the Methodist church Tuesday night to a large audience. His subject was "Christian holiness, or sanctification," an earnest advocate of that doctrine, and to say he handled the subject well would be putting it mildly.

Rev. W. S. Roney, of Fulton, who held a series of meetings at the Baptist church here a short time ago, has closed a meeting at Deer Creek. There were several conversions, and a number of additions to the church. The pastor of the church, Rev. R. F. Foster, assisted in the work. Mr. Roney returned home yesterday.

Mr. Della Long died at the residence of Mr. A. Dewey, of Marion, Monday afternoon at 1 o'clock after a long illness, and the remains were placed to rest in the new cemetery Tuesday. Mrs. Long was the mother of Mrs. Dewey, and was a very old lady in all respects. She was comparatively a stranger in town, she had many friends who came to her for her worth.

The Superintendent of schools have closed the closing of schools from the morning of October 19th to the morning of the 20th, in order to give teachers and scholars an opportunity to visit the World's Fair. The rate for round trip from Evansville during that time will be \$5.75 for adults and \$3.50 for children. These are exceedingly low rates and a great many will take advantage of the opportunity to visit the great fair.

Duke Hill, one of our Crittenden boys, has just won a most remarkable bicycle race at Louisville, winning the honor of State champion in a long-distance ride, and making the world's record in a twelve day race. He traveled on his wheel a distance of 223 miles in 17 days and 168 miles in 12 hours. Read article taken from the Courier-Post published in this issue of Pages.

That Bridge Elected.

The Court of Claims of this county has just rendered a decision in the case of the bridge over Livingston Creek near Dycusburg. The creek is the county line between Crittenden and Lyon counties and the latter county helps to pay the bridge. The Eddyville Tale, being to the Lyon county Court of claims, says:
All of the magistrates of the county are present. The largest and most important appropriation made, was \$50, for the purpose of putting a bridge across Livingston creek, near Dycusburg.

Burglary at Fords Ferry.

Sunday night the business house of Rankin Bros., at Fords Ferry was broken into. The money drawer was dislocated by the burglars, but the Rankin Bros., are to shew no leave cash ready for rascals, hence the burglars went away empty handed. No goods has been missed from the stock.

Will Remit The Fine.

Some time ago, J. K. Greer, of Livingston county, was fined \$50 in the Crittenden circuit court for doing a life insurance business without license. The Governor has agreed to remit the State's portion of the fine, if Greer will pay the cost, and per cent due the attorneys.

He Wants To Pay.

Si Hughes, a colored farmer, was in town Monday wanting to pay his pro rata part of the \$15,000 railroad debt this precinct owes. When told that he could pay only his part of the interest, the thrifty citizen was disappointed, and said he thought a man out to be allowed to pay his debts when he has the money.

A Prosperous Church.

Large congregations attended services at Pleasant Hill Saturday and Sunday. Sunday six persons were baptised by the pastor, Eld. W. F. Paris; they were Jas. James, Edith Paris, Hoses Hunt, Cora Hunt, Sissie Mathews, and Elvah Clark. There has been sixteen additions to the church since August, and the membership now numbers 100.

Sunday School Mass Meeting.

The following is a programme of the Sunday school mass meeting to be held at the C. P. church at this place on Sunday Nov. 6, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon:
Devotional exercises, conducted by J. W. Blue, sr.

Scripture lesson, Deut. vi. 1-14. Spirituality in the Sunday schools, by Rev. J. V. Guthrie.

Idea gathered from a visit to the International World's conventions by Rev. J. F. Price.

All the Sunday schools and Sunday school workers are cordially invited to be present and to assist in the work of the meeting.

Sunday School Programme.

The following is a programme of the Sugar Grove Sunday school institute to be held at that church on Saturday, Oct. 28:
9:00. Devotional exercises scripture lesson, Acts. x-25-44, conducted by J. T. Elder.

9:30. Spirituality, by Rev. Barbee.

10:00. Aim and plan by A. A. Deboe.

12:00. Noon intermission.

1:00. How can we work our young people? by J. B. McNeely.

1:30. Missionary Spirit, by F. H. Phillips.

2:00 Condition of the work in District No. 1, by H. S. Wheeler.

2:30. Picking up the crumbs, by Rev. J. F. Price.

Dinner will be furnished on the ground. Bring your baskets well filled.
H. S. Wheeler, D. P.

Princeton Presbytery.

Princeton Presbytery of the C. P. church met with Weston congregation Tuesday Oct 9, 1893, at 7:30 o'clock.

The opening sermon was preached by Rev. A. B. Johnson, of Princeton, Ky.

Eight ministers were present and two absent.

Fifteen congregations were represented, four were not represented.

Rev. J. B. Garrett was elected moderator.

The report of the committee to group churches into pastorates provoked considerable discussion, and a plan of grouping was submitted to the churches.

A missionary rally was held, in which several features of the mission work was ably discussed.

Doctrine sermons were preached by Rev. J. F. Price on Infant Baptism, and M. E. Chappell on Preservation of Believers.

An order was made for re-organizing Providence congregation.

J. M. Hayden applied to be received under the call of Presbyteries.

A Sunday school was discussed Wednesday evening.

The enterprises of the church received their due share of attention.

Revs. M. E. Chappell and B. T. Watson and Elders J. D. Leech and G. H. Crider were elected delegates to Synod.

W. A. Jacobs was licensed as lay worker.

A vote of thanks was extended to Weston and surrounding community for entertaining Presbytery.

Next Session of Presbytery will be held at Crayneville.

J. F. Price, S. C.

MONDAY OCT. 16TH.

On Monday Oct. 16, the E. & T. H. R. R., will sell tickets to Chicago and return from Evansville for \$5.75; children \$3.50. Tickets good on regular trains of Monday, Oct. 16, and good returning on all trains up to and including Thursday, Oct. 26th.

Deaths Recorded.

M. J. and J. L. Cardwell to H. F. Crowell house and lot in Shady Grove for \$250.

COUNTY COURT.

The Election Officers Appointed, Other Matters.

Mrs. Sarah S. Frazier was appointed guardian for her child, Frederic Frazier.

The following claims were allowed: H. S. Driver for lumber, \$2.00.

R. C. Walker, fencing on public road, \$30.

The following road overseers were appointed: A. B. Crider, Joe Barclay, P. E. Cook, W. H. Thurman.

Bird Ashley granted public road, and Ben and Dow Travis appointed to open same.

On motion of W. S. Duvall, Messrs. A. Towery, R. H. Butler and J. R. Vaughn were appointed viewers to report on road proposed to be established: said road leading from Fords Ferry road to Morganfield road near Hay's mill.

Jas T. Toth appointed guardian for Flora J. Canada, and qualified with H. F. Paris as surety.

Jack H. Crider granted change in public road.

Upon motion of T. M. Hamilton, Messrs R. E. Flannery, B. M. George and W. J. LaRue appointed viewers to report on new road leading from near Hamilton's to the G. B. Clark place.

The following election officers were appointed:

Marion No 1—W. M. Morgan, J. J. Bennett, Judges; H. A. Haynes, Clerk; A. M. Gilbert, Sheriff.

Marion No 2—R. B. Gregory and H. F. Ray, Judges; R. B. Dorr, Clerk; W. H. Copher Sheriff.

Marion No 3—M. E. Fols, J. P. Pierce, Judges; D. B. Moore, Clerk; J. N. Clark Sheriff.

Marion No 4—J. H. Bugg and K. E. Cannon, Judges; G. M. Crider, Clerk; A. L. Cruce, Sheriff.

Dycusburg—J. A. Yandell and P. K. Cooksey, Judges; T. J. Yeats, Clerk, and P. F. Yandell, Sheriff.

Union—T. A. Harpending, C. W. Fox, Judges; W. J. LaRue, Clerk; J. B. Carter, Sheriff.

Sheridan—L. A. LaRue, J. T. Terry, Judges; A. J. Bebout, Clerk; E. C. Donakey, Sheriff.

Tolu—J. W. Guess, A. J. Bennett, Judges; R. A. Moore, Clerk, Geo. Kosinski, Sheriff.

Fords Ferry—J. C. Stevenson and J. W. Paris, Judges; J. L. Rankin, Clerk; T. N. Wofford, Sheriff.

Bella Mines—R. W. Taylor and J. M. Wilson, Judges; J. W. Lamb, Clerk; Wm. Woodson, Sheriff.

Piney—G. F. Williams, W. E. Todd, Judges; Aaron Towery, Clerk; T. J. McConnell, Sheriff.

For Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes go to S. D. Hodge & Co.

WHITE HALL.

Ed Press—As the time is not far distant when the good people of this and Livingston counties will have to say who shall be our Representative. I would feel mean, if I did not say something in some way in behalf of my old friend and neighbor, whom I have known and loved from boyhood. The gentleman to whom I refer is Mr. F. M. Clement; he is one who makes his constant rule to follow the road of duty; he is guided by a fixed principle of mind; he is a man that loves to see his neighbors prosper. We find him at all times the same trusty friend; in his manners he is plain, in all his dealings open and fair. Why not elect men who have made their own business a success, then we may be satisfied that our interests will be protected. Vote for men with courage and firmness then we can feel confident that our interests will be protected.

We are all quiet around White Hall, no deaths, no births, no marriages to report.

Democrat.

New Goods and New Prices at S. D. Hodge & Co.

New Goods at New Prices.

We have put in a line of the following goods, and want to sell them very cheap.

4 boxes matches 5c
3 doz clothes pins 5c
Good coal oil 10c
Best " " 15c
2 good brooms for 25c
2 good water buckets for 25c
Good double wash-board for 30c
Best wash-board 25c
1 gal coal oil can 85c
1 gal coal oil can 50 to 75c
Wash tubs 1.10c
Salt per bbl 1.10c

We also have a good stock of all kinds of stove, saddlery and hardware at very low figures. We want your trade.

Marion Hardware Co.

Buy your window glass from H. K. Woods.

Any size window glass you wish from 8x10 to 24x36 at H. K. Woods.

H. K. Woods is still selling school books and supplies.

NOTICE.

I will offer at public sale all my household and kitchen furniture, at my residence 3 doors below Pierce & Son hardware store. Also 4 pigs and one fine milk cow. Terms cash. Sale begins at 1 o'clock p. m. to-day.

M. F. McKinnon.

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A LONG-DISTANCE CHAMPION.

Duke Hill Rides His Bicycle 228 Miles In Seventeen Hours.

A Wonderful Performance in Which a World's Record Is Broken.

A LONG-DISTANCE CHAMPION.

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A Wonderful Performance in Which a World's Record Is Broken.

Louisville has a long-distance bicycle record-breaker in Mr. Duke Hill, a modest young teacher of penmanship in Weavers Business College. At 5:30 o'clock Saturday night, Mr. Hill started a wheel for a twenty-four hour ride, intending to establish a Kentucky record for the time. He not only did this, but he also made a world's record for twelve hours, so far as known. He only rode seventeen hours in all, but in that time covered 228 miles. In the first twelve hours he rode 168 miles which is the world's record for the time.

Mr. Hill had been contemplating this ride for several weeks. Early last spring, without any special training, he rode 153 miles in twelve hours, breaking the Kentucky long-distance record. He then entered several track races, but found that he was suited best for tests of endurance, rather than burst of speed. He spent the summer at his home in the country. He then expressed his determination to try a twenty-four-hour ride, just to see what he could do. He selected as his course for the ride Third Jacob Park, a distance of exactly six miles by cyclometer measurement—twelve miles for the round trip. Promptly at 5:30 o'clock Saturday night he started from Broadway, Messrs. Prince Wells Michael J. Fleck and several other well-known wheelmen seeing him off. The twelve miles were made in about forty minutes, and this terrific pace of a mile over three minutes to the mile was kept up hour after hour. At 6:30 o'clock yesterday morning Mr. Hill had to his credit 168 miles.

During the night he had two or three severe falls, in which he bruised himself considerably. In one of these he ran over a crotchet at the side of the road, smashing his light Rambler almost to pieces. Mr. Wells promptly furnished him another mount and the plucky rider continued his monotonous journey. By 11:30 o'clock he had added sixty more miles to his score, making in all 228 miles. In one of his falls he sprained his wrist, and the injury became so painful from swelling that his friends were alarmed and induced him to stop, as he had already broken a record, and exceeded by seventy miles any previous Kentucky record. He rested one hour and forty minutes during the ride.

Mr. Hill is a quiet and modest young gentleman, probably twenty-four years of age. He has been riding a wheel two years. He is tall and somewhat slender, and in appearance does not show the wonderful physical endurance he possesses.

On account of extreme hard times I will sell for cash for next 30 days anything and everything in our line at greatly reduced prices, for instance:

Salt per bbl \$1.10
Flour from \$2.40 up
C. Sugar 20 lbs \$1.00
Coffee 45 lbs 1.00
Fruit jars 65c for qt.
85c for gal

Glassware, tinware, queensware, nails at prices never seen before.

I must raise money so be certain not to buy until you price my goods.

M. Schwab.

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85c for gal

Glassware, tinware, queensware, nails at prices never seen before.

I must raise money so be certain not to buy until you price my goods.

M. Schwab.

FARM FOR SALE.

207 1/2 acres 8 miles South-west of Marion on Clay Creek 100 acres in good state of cultivation; 80 acres in grass and clover; 60 acres of bottom.

The farm well improved, good fencing plenty of stock water, young orchard, good well, one tenant house, three cisterns, two stock barns and other buildings necessary for conveniences.

Terms \$2,000 down, the balance in three equal payments one due in 12 months from date, one in two years and one in three years. The notes drawing 6 per cent from date with a loan on the land until purchase money is paid. Apply to W. A. Lewis on the farm.

A Card.

Having sold my stock of goods, and retired from active business, I must wind up my affairs, therefore to all who owe me, I desire to say that you must settle with me. I am not situated that I can delay this matter, these things must be attended to at once. I write this in all earnestness, and trust that those to whom it is addressed will so understand and respond without other notice.

J. N. Woods.

FARM FOR SALE.

228 acres—100 acres cleared; 30 acres in clover and grass. Plenty of good timber; good house and barn, good orchard and plenty of water. Four miles north of Marion, in a good neighborhood, near school house. If you want a farm, come and see for yourself. Price low. Will sell growing crop and stock.

J. M. Gill, Marion, Ky.

See S. D. Hodge & Co., Stock of Dress Goods, and trimmings to match.

Best coal oil 10 and 15 cents.

M. Schwab.

Overstocked in fruit jars. They must be sold regardless of price.

M. Schwab.

PERSONAL.

John Weldon went to Tolu yesterday.

Joe Stewart went to Illinois Wednesday.

J. M. Phillips, of Tolu, was in town Tuesday.

Mr. C. E. Dow left Monday for the Vienna, Ill., fair.

W. H. McKee, of Princeton, was in town Sunday.

Mr. Anderson Akers, of Hampton, was in town yesterday.

J. C. Elder, jr., left Tuesday for a week's visit in Missouri.

Messrs J. H. Bugg and Jack Baker left Tuesday for Phillipsburg, Kan.

Miss Henriette Howerton is visiting her sister, Mrs. R. L. Moore this week.

Mrs. R. W. Wilson is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Jenkins, of Henderson, Col. A. D. McFee returned Wednesday from a ten days trip to Chicago.

Thomas Douglas, of Cave-in-Rock, Ill., is visiting friends in town this week.

Miss Florine Boaz, of Kelsey, visited Miss Susie Wilborn, of this place, Sunday.

Mrs. A. Schwab returned Sunday from a months visit to friends in Louisville.

Mr. Geo. Adams left yesterday morning for a ten days visit to the World's Fair.

Dick Scott who has been confined to his bed for months was on the streets Monday.

Mrs. Jug Hodge, of Livingston county, is the guest of Dr. J. W. Crawford's family.

L. A. Weldon, of Tolu, was in the city Wednesday. He has been thinking of locating here.

J. J. Scott, of this county, has purchased a farm in Kansas, and will move to it before January.

Miss Mattie Henry returned from Union county Saturday, having spent a week with friends at Sturgis.

J. H. Yandell, A. J. Bebout, and Cole Moore attended the Masonic celebration at Princeton Monday and Tuesday.

Mrs. Clara Brown, of Canyon City, Texas, was with friends in Marion the first of the week. She is visiting her mother at Tolu.

Mrs. Bell Tinsley and Mrs. Frank Hughes, of Caldwell county, were guests of Mr. A. and Miss Nannie Dean last week.

R. C. Haynes has charge of the Press while editor is paying his respects to the White City and the World's Fair.

Attorneys C. S. Nunn and W. J. Deboe spent two days at Harrisburg, Ill., last week, taking depositions in the Moore-Cruse suit.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Threlkeld and of Cave-in-Rock, Ill., who have been visiting friends in town and vicinity, returned home yesterday.

R. C. Walker and his son Walter, are at the World's Fair. They will spend a week or more there viewing the wonders of the big show.

Rev. S. K. Breeding and wife are in town greeting their numerous friends. Rev. Breeding has been assigned to work this year at Hardinsburg.

Revs. T. C. Carter, E. B. Blackburn and J. S. Henry and wife are attending the Ohio Valley Association which convenes in Union county this week.

Mr. J. F. Watson, of Hopkins county, was in town Tuesday. He wants to locate in this county. He is a farmer and would prefer to purchase a farm near town.

James Stone and his brother Dan, of Tolu, were in town Monday on their way to the World's Fair. F. M. Clement accompanied them. They will spend several days there.

Messrs. A. H. Cardin, A. M. Hearn, W. M. Freeman, R. L. Moore, H. H. Loving, and Misses Lissie Williams and Essie Bennett and Mrs. Lizzie Williams went to Chicago Saturday night.

Capt. Jas. C. Barnett has returned from the Cherokee Strip, where he and his son, Thomas, entered 160 acres a piece—as well as floor and as fertile as the valley of the Nile. They made the run on the train of cars that entered the Strip. It only run at the rate of 15 miles per hour, without stops, and when they reached land that suited them they leaped off and squatted on the ground they wanted. Tom remained out there and Captain Barnett will return in a few days.—Elizabethtown (Ill.) Independent.

If you want a town lot, or house and lot, see R. C. Walker.

Henry Woo d's line of books is complete in every branch.

Best coal oil 10 and 15 cents.

M. Schwab.

See S. D. Hodge & Co., Stock of Dress Goods, and trimmings to match.

Overstocked in fruit jars. They must be sold regardless of price.

M. Schwab.

FOR SALE:—65 acres of land well improved, good tillable land—2 miles from Marion. Good wheat land for this fall.

Geo. H. Crider, Marion, Ky.

We have just received a car load of wire nails, and will sell them cheaper than anybody. Get our prices before you buy.

PERSONAL AND IMPERSONAL

A tourist had visited a small historic town. He was shown the massive wall that surrounded it and the immense town gates. "You need to be very careful," he said, gravely, to the official who was his escort. "Why so?" "Some time when these gates are open the village may get lost."

Senator Proctor is soon to begin the erection of a fine house in Washington at the corner of Vermont avenue and K street. The new house will be sent to Washington from Senator Proctor's quarries in Vermont, whence most of the marble used in the construction of the western terraces of the Capitol were brought.

Mrs. Patti Lyle Collins, of Mississippi, is an invaluable worker in the dead-end office in Washington, where she is known as "the blind reader," not that she is blind by any means, for she is wonderfully keen sighted. She has a remarkable facility in ascertaining the intended destination of letters that are "blind" because of incomplete or incorrect addresses.

Prof. Nicholas Crouch, famed the world over as the author of "Kathleen Mavourneen," was eighty-six years old on July 31. He has lived in Baltimore for a number of years, but is now in New York awaiting the opening of the fall engagement of "Glen-dia-jough."

"Kathleen Mavourneen" is one of the principal airs in this opera, and during its rendition Prof. Crouch leads the orchestra.

Roqueplan excelled in practical jokes. When he was manager of the Varieties, Boule, who stuttered, insisted upon reading to him a vaudeville which he had written. Roqueplan, in his dreamy way, "There is an idea in it."

It is said that the French Abbe Delille once had in his household a very quick-tempered relative, with whom he sometimes had animated disputes, and who sometimes was so far as to throw books at the abbe. The abbe must have been a person of great amiability and self-control. Once, when a particularly large and heavy volume was thrown at him, he caught it gracefully and said: "My dear friend, I must beg of you to remember that I prefer small gifts."

Prof. Blackie was lecturing to a new class with whose personnel he was imperfectly acquainted. A student rose and read a paragraph, his book in his left hand. "Sir," thundered Blackie, "hold your book in your right hand!" and as the student would have spoken "No words, sir! Your right hand, I say!" The student held up his right arm, ending piteously at the wrist.

"Sir, I have no right hand," he said. Before Blackie could open his lips, there arose a storm of hisses, and by his voice was overborne. Then the professor left his place and went down to the student he had unwittingly hurt and put his arm around the lad's shoulders and drew him close, and the lad leaned against his breast. "My boy," said Blackie, "I did not know you were so softly but that every word was audible in the hush that had fallen on the class-room—"my boy, you'll forgive me that I was over-rough? I did not know—I did not know!" He turned to the students, and with a look and tone that came straight from his heart he said: "And let me say to you all, I am rejoiced to be shown I am teaching a class of gentlemen." Scottish lads can cheer as well as hiss, and that Blackie learned.—Argonaut.

"A LITTLE NONSENSE."

"By George, there goes a fellow with my umbrella." "Well, why don't you make him give it up?" "Confound it, the man I got it from is right behind me."—Troy Express.

First Passenger (In a railway train): "There was quite a colicelence at my house last night." Second Passenger: "Indeed? What was it?" First Passenger: "Twins."—Tit-Bits.

Mother (Anxiously): "Are you certain that you can tell a ripe apple from a green one, Ned?" Ned: "Oh, yes, I can tell them exactly by the way they taste."—Harper's Young People.

He Could Blow.—Tomson: "Now put this tube in your mouth and blow hard." Johnson: "Can't."—Tomson: "Nonsense. I've heard you at a political meeting."—Yankee Blade.

He Wanted to Know.—Willis: "I haven't seen Brown lately." Wallace: "Brown? Why didn't you know he was buried in Brooklyn a while back?" Willis: "No. Is he dead or alive?"—Truth.

White.—"I'm astonished at the way Gray treats his wife. Think how much he owes to her!" Black: "But think how much he owes to his tailor!" And see how Gray treats him!—Boston Herald.

THE MODERN COURSE.

Why the People of To-Day Do Not Kill and Enslave One Another.

If war is unhappily still prevalent it is at least not war as it was every day in the fighting with its neighbors, and where conquest means slavery or extinction. Millions of men are at peace within the limits of a modern state, and can go about their business without cutting each other's throats. When they fight with other nations they do not enslave nor massacre their prisoners.

Taking the purely selfish ground, a Hobbes can prove conclusively that everybody has benefited by the social compact which substituted peace and order for the original state of war. In this, then, a reversal of the old state of things—a combating of a "cosmic process"—I should rather say that it is a development of the social alliance, and a modification so far of the direct or indirect conflict. Both were equally implied in the older conditions, and both still exist. Some races for malice, while others are crowded out of existence. Of course, I cease to do some things which I should have done before.

I don't attack the first man I meet in the street and take his scalp. The reason is that I don't expect that he will take mine, for if I did I fear that, even as a civilized being, I should try to anticipate his intentions. This merely means that we have both come to see that we have a common interest in keeping the peace. And this, again, is a modification of the old state of things, a modification of the old state of things—a combating of a "cosmic process"—I should rather say that it is a development of the social alliance, and a modification so far of the direct or indirect conflict. Both were equally implied in the older conditions, and both still exist. Some races for malice, while others are crowded out of existence. Of course, I cease to do some things which I should have done before.

The change is simply that the small circle which included only the primitive family or class has extended so that we can meet members of the same race on terms which were previously confined to the minor group. We have still to exterminate and still to preserve. The mode of employing our energies has changed, but not the essential nature.—Contemporary Review.

Senator Hill's distaste for the society of the fair sex is so pronounced that he takes his meals privately when at hotels. He was driven to this step by the request of a lady at the Arlington hotel, in Washington, who asked him to dine with her at the hotel.

table at which Senator Hill was sitting. He bowed to the lady, and then arose and left the dining room before finishing his meal. He never again appeared in the general dining-room of the Arlington.

A candid and well-meaning professor, who had witnessed the performance of a little play in a private house, in which his hostess had taken the leading part, met the lady as she came from behind the curtain. "Madam," he said, rushing up to her, "you played excellently; the part fits you to perfection." "Oh, no, professor," said the lady, modestly, "a young and pretty woman is needed for that part." "But, madam," persisted the professor, "you have positively proved the contrary!"

A Conscientious Nurse.—Doctor: "Did you give him that opiate I prescribed?" Patient's Wife: "Every two hours, doctor, just as you said. It was awful hard work to wake him up to take the medicine, though."—Puck.

"This young man is well posted in the business and he can take everything off your hands." "Well, he's not what we want. The last clerk took about \$5,000 off our hands."—Inter Ocean.

CHEAP CHARITY.

Capt. "Jack" Crawford, Adventure With a Cheap Confidence Man and His Sequel.

Capt. "Jack" Crawford, the poet of the phins, tells a story on himself that will bear repeating. The captain, it may be stated for the information of those who never saw him, is a tall, muscular fellow who wears his cool black hair down over his shoulders as a Joaquin Miller, and Buffalo Bill and presents a striking appearance. He is as mild a man as ever drew breath, with a heart as tender as a woman's, but to a person who does not know him he looks as though he might eat a giant raw every day for breakfast. His tone of voice is that of the hero of a yellow-backed romance. Well, the captain was on his way to lunch one day when a seedy specimen accosted him with a request for a quarter to buy a meal.

"Indeed, mister, I haven't had a bite to eat for twenty-four hours," he put in appealingly as he saw the long-haired westerner hesitate.

"I am here on expense, and can't right well spare a quarter, but I am going to get something to eat myself and if you will come along with me I will give you a square meal."

The man followed sulkily and they entered a cheap restaurant, where the captain ordered two big boiled dinners. Being hungry he soon dispatched his own dinner, when he chanced to look over at the mendicant and was surprised to see the latter nibbling his food daintily, not at all like a hungry man.

"Look here," said the host, leaning over and speaking in a low voice to his guest. "I brought you in here because I believed you were starving. You lied to me. Now, I want to say to you that if you don't eat every bite of that boiled dinner and polish the platter I will give you the custard I kicked a white man ever got. Now get to work."

The man obeyed with terror-inspired alacrity and swallowed his corned beef and cabbage like a starving harvest hand. The waiter, who had overheard the captain's threat, told the proprietor of the restaurant and he shook his fat sides as he watched the gastronomic performance of the frightened tramp.

When the meal was dispatched the captain called for pudding and ice-cream for two.

The tramp gave a great gasp, and throwing up both hands, turned beseechingly to the poet with this supplication: "Say, cunnel, let me off this time, won't you? I couldn't eat another bite if it was to save my life. I just got up from a square meal when I met you. It wasn't something to eat I wanted, but something to drink."

Please, cunnel, have pity on a fellow, won't you?"

The "cunnel" told the fellow to go and be quick about it or he would kick him through every street in town. No second invitation was needed. The gorged beggar "skated."

When the charitable captain tried to pay his bill the jolly Teutonic proprietor refused to let him liquidate for the tramp.

"Why not?" asked the astonished gentleman from the far west.

"I pays half tollar for a good laugh any time. You had gif me a good laugh."—Chicago Post.

TOO PRECIOUS TO LOSE.

This Small Boy Didn't Propose to Catch Crawfish for Nothing.

He was only a barefooted, urchin with a tin pail, and as he trudged along down Riverside drive he was laboriously whistling "The Man That Broke the Bank at Monte Carlo," but he stopped short to look at a bicycle rider in a gay suit who went whizzing past.

Suddenly a horse and surrey went dashing by and the small boy made a quick jump to get out of the way. The next moment he saw the bicycle rider pick up the driver, a young lady, who had been thrown to the ground, and carry her to one of the near-by benches.

The young man looked around at the help, and hailed the barefooted boy. "Let me have your pail, bub, quick," he exclaimed; "I must have some water."

The young lady is hurt.

But the barefooted "bub" thrust his pail obstinately behind him.

"Let me have that pail, I say. Can't you see, you little idiot, that the young lady has been hurt and he has made a grab for the pail. But the boy dodged."

"Y'r ain't a goin' to take my pail, no ma'am," exclaimed "bub," eyeing him closely. "It's got something in it."

"Well, empty it, you young block-head, you infernal little rat! I'll empty for you," and again he tried to snatch the pail.

"Oh, no, yer don't!" cried the urchin, as he started to run. "Them's crawfish."—N. Y. Herald.

A Pastoral Epistle.

"I know where they're an elegant swimmin' place," said Meandering Mike. Flooding Pete stopped chewing a straw long enough to say: "G'won. What yer given me?"

"I'm givin' a dead straight steer. I know where they're an elegant swimmin' pool, an' taint very far off neither."

"Well, don't you know that if they're anything worth a bath it's goin' in swimmin'! What do you want with a swimmin' place?"

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SALE NOTICE.

On Thursday Oct. 12, 1893, I will, at my farm five miles north of Marion, sell to the highest bidder on a credit of 12 months, the following:

2 horses, 2 head of cattle, 13 head of hogs, 1 farm wagon, a lot of corn in field, household and kitchen furniture.

All sums under \$5.00 cash in hand. Notes with approved security required before property is moved.

John D. Worley.

L. St. L. & T. R. R.

GOING EAST. No. 52. No. 54. Lv Henderson.....7:10 a. m. 8:30 a. m. Ar Louisville.....1:00 p. m. 2:10 p. m.

GOING WEST. No. 53. No. 51. Lv Louisville.....6:30 p. m. 7:45 a. m. Ar Henderson.....12:20 a. m. 1:25 p. m.

H. C. MORRIS, G. P. A., LOUISVILLE, KY.

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If you have in mind a trip for health, pleasure or business, do not purchase a ticket until you have called or written an agent of the N. & M. V. Co.

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Write your name and address plainly, and state whether Tablets are for Tobacco, Morphine or Liquor Habit.

DO NOT BE DECEIVED into purchasing any of the various nostrums that are being sold as Hill's Tablets. Ask for HILL'S TABLETS and take no other.

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