

The Crittenden Press

VOLUME XIV

MARION, CRITTENDEN COUNTY, KENTUCKY, APRIL 19, 1894.

NUMBER 44

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. G.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE VERDICT.

The Jury Quickly Agrees Upon \$15,000 for Plaintiff in the Breckinridge-Pollard Case.

THE DEFENDANT WILL MOVE FOR A NEW TRIAL.

Washington, April 14.—Judge Bradley remained in his chair for a few minutes after the verdict was returned, and then he walked around to the jury room, where he waited news from the jury. The court room rapidly cleared. Col. Breckinridge and his counsel started for the office of Mr. McKinney, the junior counsel, just across the street, and as he was coming down the court house steps an open barouch with two ladies in it drove up and waited on the curbstone to receive them. The ladies were Col. Breckinridge's wife and one of his daughters by his second marriage. The three chatted for awhile and then the ladies drove away leaving Col. Breckinridge standing on the pavement. His face was smiling and he laughed heartily as he joined his attorneys. Judge Wilson and Mr. Carlyle, Miss Pollard's counsel, waited for the verdict at Mr. Carlyle's office opposite the court house, with their client, who remained remarkably cool. Miss Ellis, the motherly lady from the house of mercy was also there. The brother of the plaintiff, who has not appeared in connection with the case, formed another of the party. About 100 men remained in the court room to secure good seats when the jury returned.

AGREED TO, AGREED.

At 4:30 the jury members informed the judge that they had reached a verdict. Judge Bradley was advised immediately, and a minute later the jury filed slowly in, flanked by the bailiffs. Almost immediately behind them came Col. Breckinridge, and Mr. McKinney, who has not appeared in the case except to claim on the day after lawyer Shelby slapped lawyer Johnson's face, that he carried a gun. They sat down in their usual places and looked straight ahead.

While Judge Bradley waited for Miss Pollard's counsel to appear, the big room was quiet and still. At 4:40 Calderon Carlyle, Miss Pollard's attorney, entered and had hardly sat down when the clerk called the roll of the jury. Then he put the usual question:

"Gentlemen of the jury, have you agreed upon a verdict?"

Foreman Cole, the oldest man of the 12, rose slowly and answered:

"We have agreed upon a verdict and find for the plaintiff."

"In what amount of damages?" said the clerk.

"Fifteen thousand dollars," was the answer.

There was not a sound in the room. Judge Bradley had taken occasion to warn the spectators just before the verdict was rendered, that demonstrations of approval or disapproval from the spectators would not be tolerated, and every man there heeded the warning. Col. Breckinridge had not been leaning forward during the colloquy between the foreman and the clerk, and when the verdict was announced he did not change color, or manifest any signs of nervousness. When Foreman Cole announced the amount Col. Breckinridge turned to Col. Thompson and said: "How much?"

"Within four days," said Judge Bradley.

"Your honor," said Mr. McKinney, who had started to address the court when Col. Breckinridge asked his question, "we give notice of an intention to file a motion for a new trial."

Judge Bradley bowed, and then turning to the jury thanked them for their faithful services and discharged them for the term.

The crowd filed out slowly, followed

a few minutes later by the defendant and his friends.

WITH HIS FRIENDS.

They walked across the court square to Mr. McKinney's office. Mrs. Breckinridge was waiting fifteen minutes later husband and entered the waiting carriage and driven along F street, one of the principal boulevards in Washington City, where shoppers were eagerly buying papers containing the verdict. The barouch stopped at a big grocery store, where Mrs. Breckinridge gave some orders. Colonel Breckinridge stood in the doorway calmly surveying the crowds passing by, and laughing at a little newsboy pushed an "extra" in his face. He bought the paper, and again entering the carriage with his wife drove to their home.

NO CRY FOR MADRE.

Across the street in Calderon Carlyle's office Miss Pollard was having an ovation. Mr. Carlyle had stepped nimbly out of the court room and did not break down and cry, but expressed her joy by repeated hand shakes with her friends. Her brother closed the door of the room to keep out the rush.

Mr. Carlyle said that Miss Pollard did not care to talk. "She has kept herself as much in the background as possible," he said, "not only from her desire but from her own. I think it is best that she should say nothing so soon after the close of the trial."

HOW IT WAS DONE.

Immediately after the jury retired Mr. Cole was elected foreman. A ballot was taken which resulted 11 to 1 in favor of the plaintiff. Some time was spent in bringing the extra jury over, and then the question of damages was taken up. One juror was in favor of giving the plaintiff the full amount claimed, \$50,000, and the juror who voted for the defendant thought merely nominal damages, if any, should be given. It was finally decided that each juror should write down an amount and the average would be taken, resulting in an award of \$15,000.

NO MORE KICKING.

The Separate Coach Law Being Enforced and Observed.

[Frankfort Capital.]

It may not have occurred to many, but it is a little remarkable what has become of the great agitation which existed a short time ago over the separate coach law, and the great amount of talk about contesting its constitutionality. Indeed it seems that the colored people like the new arrangement as well as the whites do, and have withdrawn their support from the law. A bare few of the railroads of the State are not complying strictly with their part of the law's provisions, but if any steps have been taken by the railroad commissioner or others to force them to do so, they have not been heard from. But on nearly every road in the State the very letter of the law is being enforced, and the test suit against it seem to have been either abandoned for the time or entirely so.

The Peddler Bill.

One of the best laws passed by the recent Legislature, and one that affects the bona fide business men in particular, is an amendment to "an act relating to taxation and revenue," whereby all sorts of peddlers and agents are required to pay a State license tax, viz: One person with two horse wagon, \$50; one horse wagon, \$40; person on horseback, \$20; person on foot, who carries with him the goods he desires to sell, \$20. One-fourth of these amounts will be charged for a county license alone. The license tax of peddlers of lighting rods and patent rights or territory for sale of patents shall be double the above. A person who under cover of a bona fide merchant takes up temporary residence in any county, city or town of this commonwealth for the purpose of peddling his goods and merchandise either at auction or otherwise shall pay a license tax of \$100 and \$100 additional for each clerk or employee. Heavy penalties attach to a violation of this law.

THOMAS JEFFERSON.

Major Sanders Says Gov. Brown Acted According to a Long Established Precedent.

[Courier-Journal.]

Gov. Brown's refusal to certify before the Frankfort grand jury has caused much discussion among the lawyers. One interview, published in a morning paper, was to the effect that no distinction should be made between the Governor and any other citizen.

Major J. W. Sanders takes an opposite view, and recites several interesting precedents. He made the following statement to a reporter of the Courier-Journal yesterday:

"When the Grand Jury of the United States circuit court at Richmond, Va., May term 1897, to investigate the charge of treason against John Burr, issued a subpoena directed to Thomas Jefferson, President of the United States, to appear as a witness on behalf of the government of the United States, he flatly refused to obey the subpoena. His sole ground was that he was Chief Executive of the United States. From that day tip the law in this respect has been settled. The reason of the rule is that the executive is one of the co-equal departments of the government, and such is the Commander-in-Chief of the army and navy, and alone can provide troops to enforce the power of the court when its authority is defied. The executive of either State or Federal Government may be impeached, but not punished for contempt in refusing to obey process of the courts."

The executive is co-equal with the judicial department of the government. To illustrate, this instance, which occurred during the Presidency of Mr. Jefferson, is given. Judgment was rendered in the District Court of the United States at New Orleans, adjudging valuable real estate in that city to the clients of Mr. Edward Livingston, who was one of the most distinguished men in the United States, and this judgment was not enforced because the Secretary of War, by direction of the President, ordered the commander of the garrison at New Orleans to prevent its execution. This resulted in great pecuniary loss to Mr. Livingston and his clients. Livingston made continuous and unavailing efforts to get what he considered to be a great wrong, which was sustained by this action of the President.

"When Mr. Jefferson's term of office as President expired Mr. Livingston brought suit in the Circuit Court of the United States at Richmond, Va., against Mr. Jefferson to recover damages for the loss which he and his clients had sustained because of the interference of the Executive in preventing the enforcement of the judgment rendered in the United States District Court at New Orleans. His attorney was Peter S. Du Pont, of Philadelphia, who was recognized as one of the foremost lawyers in the United States, and whose commentaries on the Constitution of the United States published many years ago indicate clearly that he was one of the great lawyers of the country. To this suit Jefferson pleaded in bar that the acts complained of were his official acts and that he was not liable to be sued therefor. To this plea Mr. Du Pont made an interposed a demurrer. Upon March 18, 1879, and was re-elected in 1884 and 1890. His term of service would have expired March 8, 1897.

CLOUD-BURST IN TEXAS.

Houses and Stock Washed Away and People May Have Been Drowned.

Waco, Texas, April 14.—Advice from Troy, thirty miles south, states that a terrible cloud-burst has flooded Elm creek bottoms, washing away crops for miles, totally destroying them. Many houses have been washed away, and much stock drowned. No loss of life has been reported, but it is considered certain that some of the inhabitants living in that section must have perished, as they have not been heard from. Railway bridges and telegraph poles were washed away, cutting off communication.

FOR CONGRESS.

The Populists Nominate Oscar Turner's Brother at Henderson.

Henderson, Ky., April 14.—The populists, in convention here today, nominated Henry F. Turner, of this county, for congress, Thos. S. Pettit, declining.



HOUSE GOWNS FOR SPRING.

At the right is a pattern house gown of patterned satin with a row of black lace insertion down the front and side seams. The other gowns are also new designs for indoor wear.

SENATOR VANCE.

His Death Saturday at the National Capital.

Washington, April 14.—Senator Zebulon B. Vance, of North Carolina, died at his residence, 1627 Massachusetts avenue, at 10:45 o'clock to-night.

The senator had not been in good health for the past year, and in the early part of the session of congress he was compelled to abandon his senatorial duties and take a trip to Florida in the hope of recuperating. His trip proved beneficial, and on his return to Washington he was able to resume his official duties. His improvement, however, did not continue long, and for the last few weeks he has been confined to his home. He was practically an invalid, but lately has been able to receive a few intimate friends and superintend the looking after the interests of his constituents.

Shortly before 11 o'clock to-day he had an attack of apoplexy and became unconscious, regaining consciousness a few minutes before death. His wife, Thomas Allison, Harry Martin, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Vance, Judge and Mrs. Hook, Rev. Dr. Pitzer and Mrs. W. W. Johnson and Ruffin were at his bedside when he died.

At 12 o'clock.

Funeral services will be held at 10 o'clock to-morrow at the residence of Mr. T. C. Carter, who will have charge of the funeral and will make a eulogy. The necessary arrangements as to the family of the deceased will be made on what day it shall be held. The ceremony shall take place in the senate chamber.

Senator Zebulon B. Vance, of North Carolina, was born in Buncombe county, North Carolina, May 13th, 1830. He was elected to the United States senate in 1870, but was refused admission and resigned in January, 1872; was the democratic nominee for the United States senate in 1872, but was defeated by a combination of bolting democrats and republicans; was elected governor of North Carolina for the third time in 1876; was elected to the United States senate as a democrat in the place of A. S. Merrimon, democrat. Took his seat March 18, 1879, and was re-elected in 1884 and 1890. His term of service would have expired March 8, 1897.

ALABAMA MINERS STRIKE.

Between Five and Six Thousand Men Supposed to Have Gone Out.

Birmingham, Ala., April 14.—A general strike of coal miners was inaugurated in this district this afternoon, when the men finished their day's work, and, shouldering their tools, marched out of the mines. They have declared their intention to return to work until the differences between the operators relative to wages are settled. The miners at Coalburg, Brookside and Cardiff struck at 3 o'clock, so it is stated, while those at Pratt mines, Blue Creek and Blocton did not quit until 7 o'clock. From 5,000 to 6,000 men are affected, but not until Monday will the full extent of the strike, especially as regards the smaller mines, be known.

It is said to be the intention of the Tennessee Coal and Iron Railroad Company to start up their Blue Creek mines with negroes Monday. If this is done, race trouble may result. The miners are as yet very quiet. They seem to be firm. The mines that are operated by coal-mining machines and convict labor will continue work, and will supply sufficient coal to keep the furnaces running. Meetings of strikers were held to-night to discuss the situation. The extreme violence of the men has caused considerable speculation as to their intentions. Convict labor is known to be very distasteful to them, but as yet no open threats have been heard.

YOUNGEST CONVICT.

Boy in Knickerbockers Received at Prison North.

Valparaiso, Ind., April 15.—Probably the youngest convict in the United States is now prisoner at Michigan City—if he is not the youngest he is certainly the most interesting of child convicts. He is a little bit of a fellow, with bright sun-shiny face, and is locked up in a cell near the center of the prison. He is dressed in conventional black and white stripes, and has to do the lock-step with the old, hardened sinners.

His name is Charles Bryan, and according to his own statement he is 14 years old. His size and general child-like appearance suggest that the latter may be a fact, for he is very small. Young Bryan is a deaf-mute, whose criminal career began when he was nine years old. He showed precociousness inasmuch that he could pick almost any lock he could get hold of, and his mania ran to locks, and latterly to those behind which there was something worth stealing. He was finally apprehended and sent to the reform school, from which he made three successful escapes. When the youthful celebrity arrived at the penitentiary he wore knickerbockers, as knice breeches are not known in prison togery, he was obliged to submit to the humiliation of donning the regulation uniform. He is a general favorite with everybody in the prison, and is destined to be a celebrated criminal character, as there seems little probability of his reforming.

Fatal Dose of Strychnine.

Mt. Sterling, Ky., April 13.—Miss Emma Denton, aged twenty-one years, daughter of James K. Denton, a prosperous farmer living near Judy, this county, committed suicide this morning by taking strychnine. There can be assigned not a single reason for

Caldwell County News.

(From the Banner.)

At the last meeting of the city council, Mr. Eugene Young made a proposition to the city council to establish water works and an electric light plant. He will furnish as many fire plugs as are needed to the number of 35-41 and twelve are electric lights for \$2,500 per year.

Albert Carter, who has been in jail for several months at Henderson for alleged complicity in the killing of Abbie Oliver near Sturgis last year, arrived home last Friday, having been released on bail. He was on the streets Saturday looking well and expressing himself cheerfully. Nobody who knows him believes that he had any idea of the awful result of the ride to Terrell when he undertook it.

Mr. O. Ross Baker died at his home on College street yesterday afternoon at 1:23 o'clock, after a brief illness of urethral hemorrhage. The news was a shock to the community as his illness was not generally known. He was about 68 years old, a member of the Baptist church and a mason. He was a good and useful citizen and his death will be sincerely mourned by the entire community. He leaves a wife and four children, Messrs. Peter and John Baker, and two married daughters who live in the west. A sketch of his life will appear in the Banner next week.

Mrs. Louella Murray, who robbed Mrs. Wright's residence last week now stands no chance of going to the penitentiary for her crime. At the examining trial before Judge Jacob it was proved that the goods taken were of the value of \$32 and she was held to answer to the circuit court. Her attorney, Mr. S. Hodge, applied for a writ of habeas corpus, which was granted and she heard the case Judge Randolph. She went on to plead insanity, but the court found her sane and sentenced her to twenty-nine days confinement in the county jail.

Washington, April 15.—A large number of prominent women of Washington are determined to make an earnest effort to secure the expulsion of Col. W. C. P. Breckinridge from the House of Representatives, a man unworthy to sit in Congress. Hardly had the verdict been rendered against him in favor of Madeline Pollard when a meeting of prominent women was called to take action regarding the case of Col. Breckinridge. Representatives of several female organizations met at Willard's Hotel Saturday night and after an interesting conference adopted resolutions calling upon Congress to consider the qualifications of Representative Breckinridge for membership in that body.

Some of the women who were present were the Woman's Suffrage Association and the Women's Christian Temperance Union. Mrs. Sarah LaFetra, the President of the local W. C. T. U., and Mrs. Ellen S. Mussey, who is herself a practical lawyer, and is prominent in movements for the advancement of women, were among the leading spirits of the meeting.

The resolutions adopted were: To the House of Representatives, of Washington, D. C.: We, representatives of the women of Washington, aiming toward the establishment of a higher code of morals, and against the atrocious double standard which has cursed society so long, declare that we do not believe masculinity to be a license for uncleanness, but that, holding the same high standard for womanhood which men demand, one equally high shall be required of manhood; therefore

Resolved, That we must have chastity for chastity, under one rule of right, bearing as rigidly in its application upon one sex as upon the other. From this standpoint, we ask Congress to consider the case of W. C. P. Breckinridge, of Kentucky, regarding his conduct so unbecoming a legislator. Be it further resolved that we, daughters, wives and mothers of the Commonwealth, express our belief that types of the highest manhood are to be found in Congress; therefore we ask in full confidence that the sentiment now presented by us, and take some definite action to insure the high character of our country's national councils to present a clean and unchallenged body of legislators.

Chicago Sensation.

Chicago, April 14.—Judge A. S. Trude has withdrawn from the Prendergast case on the ground that Judge Prendergast.

Children Cry for

White cake.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. America, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"The use of 'Castoria' is so universal and its merits so well known that it seems a work of supererogation to endorse it. Few are the intelligent families who do not keep Castoria within easy reach."

For general use, I like to recommend you 'Castoria,' and shall always continue to do so as it is invariably produced beneficial results." EDWIN F. PARKER, M. D., 1612 Third Street and 7th Ave., New York City.

THE CHAS. T. COMPANY, 77 NASSAU STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Tom Slasher.



One of the best blooded horses ever brought to Crittenden county is Tom Slasher owned by A. H. Cardin. For some years Mr. Cardin has been interesting himself in good stock, and his big farm 7 miles from Marion is getting to be headquarters for the best horses in the county. He has spared no pains nor money in securing good animals. His latest purchase is Tom Slasher and this fine animal we cheerfully recommend to breeders of this county.

the Music Committee of the Richmond Mozart Association, take great pleasure in recommending the Schumann Quartette as a first class combination in every respect. The last recital was thoroughly enjoyed by the music-lovers of this city. All who rendered, and are unanimous in opinion that it was the most enjoyable of the season.

Chairman Music Com. E. K. Aberer.

"Miss Clark's violin playing was every heart; her touch and her strength of purity of tone unusual in any adult performer."—Evanville, Ind., Courier.

"Miss MacCorkle interprets pathetically humorous readings with equal skill. The art of whistling, as I never before, was a revelation to those who have heard of this kind of musical attainment."—Providence News.

The Schuberts will be at the Opera.

Razors For Your Whiskers.

We have the largest and best line of razors ever shown in Marion. Our prices are from \$1.00 to \$2.00 and every one is wanted. Also an immense line of knives and scissors of the very best brands at about half the regular price. The biggest bargain you ever saw.

Pierce & Son.

NOTICE.

All persons indebted to the estate of the late D. C. and J. J. Harigan, deceased, must settle same on or before the first day of June 1894, to save cost.

L. V. Hayden, J. C. C.

Health Restored

ALL RUN DOWN No Strength nor Energy Miserable

IN THE EXTREME HANDS COVERED WITH SORES.

CURED BY USING

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

AT THE WORLD'S FAIR

Burned to Death.

(Paducah News.)

Little Ruby Hartley, the 6 year old daughter of Constable J. C. Hartley, of the Massac neighborhood of the county, met a horrible fate yesterday by being burned to death.

She and a little sister were out playing in a field where some grass was being burned by a brother. The little one caught fire and she ran screaming. When overtaken by the brother every thread of clothing was burned off her body and it was needless to say the little one's body was horribly burned. The victim was removed home and a physician summoned. She lingered in terrible agony until about 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon when death relieved her sufferings. Parties came to the city last night and purchased a coffin. The body was buried.

See the World's Fair Fifteen Cents.

Upon the receipt of your address and fifteen cents in postage stamps we will mail you prepaid our Souvenir Portfolio of the World's Columbian Exposition, the regular price is fifty cents, but as we want you to have one we make it a work of art and a thing of beauty. It contains full descriptions of the great buildings, with the highest style of art, and is executed in the best of materials. If not satisfied with it, after you get it, we will refund the stamps and let you keep the book. Address

H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, Ill.

Children Cry for

White cake.

THE PRESS

IS PUBLISHED WEEKLY.

R. C. WALKER, Publisher.
ONE YEAR, ONE DOLLAR.

FOR CONGRESS.

We are authorized to announce JOHN K. HENDERICKS as a candidate for Congress, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce JOHN W. SKELTON as a candidate for Congress, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce THOMAS L. CHAMBERLAIN as a candidate for Congress, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce BEN F. MCNICAN as a candidate for Congress, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

FOR ASSESSOR.

We are authorized to announce J. E. FLANNERY as a candidate for Assessor, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

COUNTY ATTORNEY.

We are authorized to announce J. W. BLUE, JR., as a candidate for County Attorney, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

JOHN T. FRANKS

is a candidate for re-election to the office of Sheriff of Crittenden county, election November 1894. He will greatly appreciate your vote and influence. His past record is the best guarantee of the future he has to offer.

J. A. MOORE

is a candidate for re-election to the office of County Judge, election Nov. 1894. He will be grateful for your support.

GEORGE M. CRIDER

is a candidate for County Clerk, election Nov. 1894. He will be glad to have your help if elected he promises a faithful and impartial discharge of the duties of the office.

Senator Hill's speech is appreciated highly by Republicans.

The news comes that Miss Pollard is prostrated since the trial. If true, the trial really did some good, after all.

Nine thousand coal miners in Alabama are now out on a strike. We still have the McKinley bill and protection.

In a financial way the balance sheet of the world is not so bright as it looks. It is a sad story of the world's condition.

ALL HE WANTED.
Did not wish to be confounded with a man of that name.

"You had an item in your paper this morning," said the lady, "and it was about a man named 'John' who was charged with kidnapping his wife. I am sure that it is not the same man as the one who was charged with kidnapping his wife."

"I believe we did," answered the newspaper man, "and I am sure that it is not the same man as the one who was charged with kidnapping his wife."

"You know what you may expect when you print a slander on a man, do you?" asked the lady.

"We take the risk of that, sir," answered the newspaper man.

"You're ready to suffer the consequences if you can't prove it, are you?" asked the lady.

"We can prove every word of it, sir," answered the newspaper man.

"Well, sir, I've come here for justice," said the lady.

"The caller struck his clenched fist upon the table, and said: 'I will come nearer to putting the crumb of truth than anything else. It is not so much legislation that is wanted as is wealth without the expenditure of sweat.'

Judge Cassie Bennett now has no opposition for the Appellate bench. Judge Robbins having withdrawn.

The colored voters of the Republican party are in the saddle down in Alabama. They say, and they come, and they come. The white Republicans did not want to put out a State ticket, having determined to vote with the Kolobites; but the colored brethren demanded that a State ticket be put out, and out it goes.

Gov. Brown can not be charged with faithlessness to his friends. He has asked J. C. Cripps, Wickliffe to resign the office of Adjutant General that Jack Gross, who appears to be the Governor's pet, may have the place. Gross resigned the office to run for Senator. This may be all right, but it does not look well, to say the least of it.

All hearts turn with pity and sympathy to the bedside of poor Mrs. Tate as she slowly fades away. It seems cruel to deny her the privilege of dying in the arms of her husband, but the refusal of Governor Brown to extend a pardon will meet with general approval. The tear of commiseration does not wipe out the demands of justice.

"At present the people are taking out of the hide of Democracy vengeance for the wrongs of the past. It is an old fashion, when disastrous prophecy comes true, to stone the prophets. Voters do not stop to think that protection is doing its perfect work, and that we are enjoying McKinley's unchanged, undiluted and unrepented—Philadelphia Record.

I got pneumonia and couldn't sleep."

Senator Puffer is doing business at the hotel at the time he is supposed to be in the city. He is supposed to be in the city.

Married, at the residence of Lewis Thompson, April 13, 1894, Mr. Wm. Grubbs to Miss Lizzie Bettis, John Beard and Miss Dora Clarke being their attendants.

Linford Love has returned from Lebanon, Ohio.

Mrs. Jane Weldon and children attended the Dodge-Weldon wedding last week.

Mrs. William Yates is quite sick.

Our school is progressing nicely with Mr. Tate Ward as teacher.

A. J. Belmont is preparing to build a new residence.

Sunday school at the Masonic Hall each Sabbath morning.

Arch Paris and wife spent a portion of last week with their brother, Dr. Len Paris, of Levas. The doctor is not expected to recover.

Miss Pearl Stephenson is teaching a spring school at Grendale.

Miss Alice Love has returned home after spending several weeks with her relatives in Livingston.

Mrs. Sarah Hurley has been quite sick, but is better.

Quite a crowd attended the singing at the hall Sunday night.

Sunday school and prayer meeting at Grendale each Sabbath afternoon.

SHADY GROVE.

News, like money, is scarce, and that the latter is scarce many of our people can attest.

There were several visitors among us last week, notably Sheriff Franks and Willie Cannon.

The burglars that burglarized the store of Asher & Beard, are burglars of very sick qualities, so sick they never left a trace whereby their identity or their whereabouts could be determined. It still remains a profound mystery, and all hope of ever finding the goods or the culprits has been abandoned.

The sons of men become very much discouraged sometimes because they forget God's promise, "Seed time, harvest, winter and summer shall not cease."

The wheat crop through this section of the country as far as I have observed has not been damaged by frost.

Our school is progressing nicely with Mr. Tate Ward as teacher.

Interest in the school is maintained by the good management of the school.

Mrs. Cassell left here for Louisville yesterday.

The saw and grist mill at Blackford is now being operated by Crowell & January.

Hurrah for John K. Hendrick and Democracy.

Pro Bono Publico.

FREDONIA.

Henry Davis and family of Marion were visiting A. M. Wagoner and family last Saturday and Sunday.

Mrs. Crenshaw of Morganfield is visiting her sister Mrs. Finnie.

Two additions to the C. P. church Sunday.

Rev. McDonald is attending Presbyterian, and on a visit to his family at Jel Buckle, Tenn.

Mrs. Thompson at the meetings of the C. P. church.

Several from Crider and Marion attended the entertainment here last Friday night. The receipts were fully up to expectations.

Miss Nina Wilcox, of Marion, was visiting Mrs. Fannie Bagg and Mrs. Phemia Caldwell several days the first of the week.

Mrs. Mary Bark is visiting her sister, Mrs. Martha Blair.

Mrs. Stegar, of Princeton, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Dollar.

SHERIDAN.

Hisses for Senator Hill.

Hon. Tom Johnson Speaks at a Lively Meeting in Chickering Hall.

New York, April 15.—Senator David B. Hill's name was vigorously hissed this evening in Chickering Hall. The occasion was a meeting under the auspices of the Manhattan Single Tax Club, and the hisses were called forth from a speech from Congressman Tom L. Johnson, of Cleveland, Ohio, who arraigned Mr. Hill for his tariff speech.

"There stood the Senator from New York," he said, "for two hours, reading a speech which sounded just like McKinley and all the rest of the protectionists. Judge McGuire and I sat there and enjoyed it, especially the finish."

After Mr. Johnson had discussed single-tax, he announced that he would answer questions, and a man in the audience wanted to know by what right the "Old Congressman" came to New York to insult "David Hill," the great tariffing Democrat.

Mr. Johnson had no opportunity to answer this question for a minute or two. There were hisses, cat-calls and cries of "Hill is a traitor to the Democracy."

When quiet was restored, Mr. Johnson and Mr. Hill were right in opposing the income tax, but when he advanced the doctrine of protection, which his party denounced as a fraud, he went out of the Democratic party, and there was an outburst of applause.

Efforts to obtain a Parlor, That He May be at Home Before His Wife Dies.

Frankfort, Ky., April 16.—Mr. Lucy H. Tate, wife of Dick Tate, who defied for \$240,000 in 1887, and has since been an exile, is slowly dying at her home in this city.

She has been extremely ill for two weeks past, and yesterday it was announced by those attending her bedside that she was rapidly growing weaker, and that death was only a question of a few hours.

This morning she lay on a stretcher, and she may receive the last summons at any moment. She has consumption.

Dick Tate, the exiled husband of the body so near death, is generally supposed to be in Japan, though it is understood his family have not heard from him during the past year and a half. It has been the great desire of Mrs. Tate that her husband might be pardoned and return to his native land before her death, and extraordinary efforts have been made by her and her friends, the people of Frankfort, to procure a pardon for him.

Last week, realizing that her time was nearing the close, Mrs. Tate sent a message to Gov. Brown, requesting him to call upon her at the prison.

South Frankfort, Ky., is the same place as "Frankfort" and "Frankfort" are both Frankfort.

A village of "Frankfort" is a village of "Frankfort" and "Frankfort" are both Frankfort.

Mr. Tate's death is a great loss to the community.

Mrs. Tate Dead.

Frankfort, Ky., April 17.—Mrs. Jas. W. Tate died today.

THEO. V. MEETING.

New Board of Directors Elected.

Henderson, Ky., April 17.—At a called meeting of stockholders of the Ohio Valley railway held in this city today 19,000 out of 22,000 shares of stock were represented.

Directors were elected as follows: E. Randolph Robinson and C. E. Fairchild, of New York; P. G. Kelsey, Jordan Giles and James Montgomery, of Evansville; F. S. Brown, of Pittsburgh, Pa., and Arthur Cary, of Louisville. This board succeeds what is known as the Huntington board.

Nothing can be done towards outlining the future of the road until a suit that has been instituted by bondholders asking a foreclosure of their mortgage. The suit will be tried in the United States court at Louisville in July next.

THE BRIDE OF DEATH.

She Hanged Herself on the Eve of Her Wedding Day.

Hopkinsville, April 14.—Miss Charlotte Yates, the 20-year-old beauty of R. W. Yates, a wealthy citizen of Webster county, suicided at her home near Dixon yesterday.

She had a spasm of her father's hand a spasm of her father's hand a spasm of her father's hand.

PICKANINTEEN CREMATED.

Three of Them Burned to Death in a Negro Cabin.

Pineville, Ky., April 17.—The cabin of John Duncan, a negro living about five miles from this place, caught fire last night and burned down, cremating three small children. The children were left in the house alone and were too small to get away from the burning building.

Guthrie, Okla., April 17.—A cyclone this morning swept through Pottawatomie county. Fifteen homes were blown down and ten persons were killed.

What the Clergy Say.

THE ELECTROPE.

Rev. Robert M. Barnhart, of Louisville, Ky., has written a testimonial to the Electrope. He writes: "I have used the Electrope for a long time, and it has given me relief from my rheumatism and neuralgia. It is a most valuable remedy, and I can recommend it to all who suffer from these ailments."

Rev. W. W. Bruce, of Louisville, Ky., writes: "I have used the Electrope for a long time, and it has given me relief from my rheumatism and neuralgia. It is a most valuable remedy, and I can recommend it to all who suffer from these ailments."

Rev. John I. Rogers, of Danville, Ky., writes: "I have used the Electrope for a long time, and it has given me relief from my rheumatism and neuralgia. It is a most valuable remedy, and I can recommend it to all who suffer from these ailments."

YORK SOAP

DO NOT ACCEPT IMITATIONS.

FIFTEEN MILLIONS.

Amount Spent in New York for the Support of the Poor.

New York, April 14.—Fifteen millions of dollars were spent in this city for the support of the poor during the year ended February 25, 1894, five millions more than in any previous year. This is an estimate based on statements made by sixteen of the various charitable associations, relief societies and organized funds, furnished to reporters of the Evening Post.

NEGRO RAPIST LYNCHED.

Outraged the Person of a Woman 81 Years Old.

Cleveland, O., April 15.—Speedy justice was meted out to a colored rapist at Rushsylvania, a small place near Bellefontaine tonight. The victim was Mrs. Jane Kowals, a respectable white woman 81 years old, who was terribly injured by the negro.

Newland entered and without a word assaulted her. She was awakened by the noise he made in coming into the bedroom. She started in fright and attempted to scream. The negro brutally slapped her hand over her mouth and forced her back on her pillow.

She fought desperately but her feeble strength was soon exhausted. He abused her in the most filthy manner, and left her in a pitiable condition.

After he had gone she dragged herself to a neighbor's house and around the inmates. She told the story in a few broken sentences and then sank helplessly at their feet. Without loss of time other folks were aroused. The news of the assault traveled like wildfire, and in a short time nearly the entire populace of the village was assembled in the street, and a search for the Newland negro was begun.

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Building Lumber

OF EVERY KIND.
Flooring, Ceiling, Siding, Casinø.
Doors and Sash.
NOBODY AN TOUCH US ON PRICES.

MARION, KENTUCKY.

PEACHBLO & PORCELAIN

The Secret a Glaze That Permeates the Ware.

the beautiful porcelain, is of 100 years old. It is not, as is sometimes supposed, the designation of a particular shade of color, but a rare quality of the material. The glaze covers the surface of the vessel, but penetrates the entire texture of the fabric, so that if the same be broken in pieces, the same quality will be found on the surface. The method by which this result is reached is unknown. The money has been required in vain to develop the secret. It is, in a sense, *therefore*, the result of a happy accident.

Porcelain vessels are rare in China, where it is prized as highly as where else. Most of that which is for definite knowledge was taken from the country by the Dutch, when they monopolized the trade in that country, and from Holland it made its way over Europe. The Dutch, however, were not content with all that they could come either from direct, or by way of France, and they were even earlier carried to the Dutch, among the first, the French, the Italian, and the

at 200 revolutions a minute each
 turn out about 2,500 pieces per

Rather more than five million men are employed for the whole population are daily in the United States intend to say the quality of those goods will be better than before, so that the state intends to resume manufacture, and computes that profits will produce a revenue of \$50,000,000.

Together there are here European about 70 factories, and they yearly produce materials valued at \$25,000,000.

Hindut Religions In religious matters the Hindut religion is followed by the following from the Mahad India Pioneer. The hindut cured recently at Meerut: "A Hindu who had been afflicted with leprosy for several years, and was unable to move, was cured by the application of the hindut oil. He is now well and healthy." The railway authorities do not allow the hindut to travel as passengers, but send them in carts, and at a rate of one mile per hour. They are treated with contempt, and are never charged for food and baggage. The iron rails are heated, and the hindut has to be incessantly sprinkled with water. He is an old man and died at the station."

An Appropriate Prayer.

A reverend gentleman tells this story. One day he was walking from a hard day's play, and he retired he was too sleepy to pray, and his thoughts were wandering. His mother

He sent the father in. He found
 boy just sinking into a tired sleep.
 He demanded that he should get up
 and wash his face. He said, "You
 wear a y. Wash down upon it's
 by the bedside and began: "O,
 Lord, please make papa say his
 words when he's as tired as I am."

Utilizing Slag.

The quantity of heat wasted by slag
 suggested projects for utilizing it
 in the form of fuel. The first one
 has been obtained until recently. At
 the in New South Wales the molten
 it ran into the bottoms of iron
 slag was withdrawn under com-
 pression, and jets of water are
 used on the slag. In a short time
 the slags are filled with steam that
 can be utilized in other parts of the
 mill.

A New York Gas Board

The New York gas works board of
 fire recently appointed a dozen as
 its first officers. The members of the
 board are: President, J. H. H. H.
 is Beauty and he made his ap-
 pearance at the meeting.

[illegible]

KANINIES REMATED.
of The n Burned to Death
In a Negro Cabin.
 ville, Ky., April 17.—The
 of John Duncan, a negro living
 five miles from this place caught
 at night and burned down,
 ding three small children. The
 men were left in the house a one
 too small to get away from
 ruin building.

BEST, PUREST & MOST ECONOMICAL
SOLD EVERYWHERE
MADE BY THE N.K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, ST. LOUIS.

just below Hurricane camp
1, 153 and nearly 100 acres in
cultivation, two good houses, good
corn, plenty of water, good
land of 150 trees, about 49 bear-
ing 36 acres fur corn this year,
in clover and grass. Terms

Ointment.		SOUTH BOUND TRAINS.	
		No. 2.	No. 4.
		DAILY.	DAILY.
tain cure for Chronic Sore Eyes,			
Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Oils			
of Sorez, Fever Sore, Eczema,			
trarie Scratheas, Sore Nipples			
of Cases have been cured by			
its use.			

	No. 1.	No. 2.
	DAILY.	DAILY.
Lv. Hopkinsville.....	6:35 a	7:15 p m
" Gracey	7:18	8:38
" German Springs.....	7:24	8:54
" Princeton.....	8:10	9:40
" MARION.....	8:07	9:43
" Starling.....	10:07	

UNIONTOWN BRANCH.
—
NORTH BOUND TRAINS.

Lv. Morganfield.....	11:05 a.m.	7:30 p.m.
Ar. Uniontown.....	11:55 a.m.	3:00 p.m.

B. F. MITCHELL, G. P. A.,
 Evansville, Ind.

EVANSVILLE
ROUTE

ION, - KENTUCKY.
pt attention given to all busi-
trusted to their care.

ELTON & McINTIRE,
Trainers and breeders of thorough-
bred and China hogs. Prices
low.

AND ALL POINTS IN THE
NORTH AND NORTHWEST.
J. R. CAVANAUGH, G. P. A.,
Evansville & Terre Haute R. R.
EVANSVILLE, IND.

Merchant Tailor.
All wool pants made to order
for \$4. Postpaid extra. Pioneer

Customers will find our stock complete in
BOOKS, BRUSHES, SPONGES
STATIONERY, FINE SOAPS, OILS,
ETC., ETC., LEAD

Prescriptions from Pare's Drugs, Prices Reasonable,
 Filled at all hours, Day or Night, Accurately.

Via Express: Pare's Tablets, Liquors and Wines; price from \$2 to \$5 per gallon

G G HAMMOND
CARRIES A STOCK OF

It's food as good as any on the market. They are first class and guaranteed to be just as represented. Don't be afraid of them because they're priced old-fashioned low. Low prices do not mean a cheap grade of goods. It means a real pro-

Wall Paper.

GREAT BARGAINS

H. K. Woods

By large odds carries the Largest as well as the best assorted stock of Gold and Silver Watches, the best line of Clocks and the Biggest line of Silverware in the County. Repairing of every kind promptly done and guaranteed.

Contractor * and * Builder.

PATENTS
SAVINGS TRADE MARK

L. St. L. & T. R. R.
TIME CARD.

[illegible]

Prof. E. W. Smith, Prin. Commercial College of Ky. University, Lexington, Ky., was awarded

MEDAL AND DIPLOMA

BY THE WORLD'S COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION.

For System of Book-keeping and General Business Education, etc. Cont. to complete the Western Union Co. Institute and Illinois South

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