

The Crittenden Press.

VOLUME 15.

MARION, CRITTENDEN COUNTY, KENTUCKY, JANUARY 31, 1895.

NUMBER 34.

**COST
IS
ALL
WE
WANT!**

**YOU CAN BUY ALL
Winter Clothing, Dry Goods,
BOOTS, SHOES,
and HATS,**

FROM US REGARDLESS OF PROFIT.

WE ARE CLOSING OUT SUCH GOODS AT COST.

PIERCE-YANDELL-GUGENHEIM CO.

INCORPORATED.

SPECIAL MESSAGE.

**President Cleveland Calls Upon
Congress for Remedial
Financial Legislation.**

**HE DON'T WANT TO ISSUE
MORE BONDS.**

Washington, Jan. 28.—The President sent to congress the following special message on the financial question:

TO THE SENATE AND HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES: In my last annual message I commended to the serious consideration of congress the condition of our national finances and in connection with the subject indorsed the plan of currency legislation which at that time seemed to furnish protection against impending danger. This plan has not been approved by congress. In the meantime the situation has so changed that the emergency now appears so threatening that I deem it my duty to ask at the hands of the legislative branch of the government such prompt and effective action as will restore confidence in our financial soundness and avert business disaster and universal distress among our people. Whatever may be the merits of the plan outlined in my annual message as a remedy for ills then existing and as a safeguard against the depletion of the gold reserve then in the treasury, I am now convinced that its reception by the congress and our present advanced stage of financial perplexity necessitates additional or different legislation.

SHOULD NOT BE CHECKED.

With natural resources unlimited in variety and productive strength, and with a people whose activity and enterprise seek only a fair opportunity to achieve national success and greatness, our progress should not be checked by false financial policy and a heedless disregard of sound monetary laws, nor should the timidity and fear which they engender stand in the way of our prosperity. It is hardly disputed that this predicament confronts us today. Therefore, no one in any degree responsible for the making an execution of our laws should fail to see a patriotic duty in honestly and sincerely attempting to relieve the situation. Manifestly this effort will not succeed unless it is made untrammeled by the prejudice of partisanship and with steadfast determination to resist the temptation to accomplish party advantage. We may well remember that if we are affected with financial difficulties all our people in all stations of life are concerned and surely those who suffer will not receive the promotion of party interests as an excuse for permitting our present troubles to advance to a disastrous conclusion. It is also of the utmost importance that we approach the study of the problems presented as free as possible from the tyranny of preconceived opinions to the end that in a common danger we may be able to seek with unclouded vision a safe and reasonable protection.

LACK OF CONFIDENCE.

The real trouble which confronts us consists in a lack of confidence, wide spread and constantly increasing, in the ability of the government to pay its obligations in gold. This lack of confidence grows to some extent out of the palpable and apparent embarrassment attending the efforts of the government to procure gold. The only way left open to the government for procuring gold is by the issue and sale of bonds. The only bonds that

can be issued were authorized nearly 25 years ago and are not well calculated to meet our present needs. Among other disadvantages they are made payable in coin instead of specifically in gold, which in existing conditions detract largely from their desirability as investments. It is by no means certain that bonds of this description can much longer be disposed of, at a price creditable to the financial character of our government. The most dangerous and irritating feature of the situation, however, remains to be mentioned.

FOR THE BENEFIT OF FEW.

It is found in the means by which the treasury is despoiled of the gold thus obtained without cancelling a single government obligation and solely for the benefit of those who find profit in shipping it abroad or whose fears induce them to hoard it at home. We have outstanding about \$500,000,000 of currency notes of the government for which gold may be demanded and curiously enough the law requires that when presented and in fact redeemed and paid in gold they shall be reissued. Thus the same notes may do duty many times in drawing gold from the treasury; nor can the process be arrested as long as private parties who profit or otherwise see an advantage repeating the operation. More than three hundred millions of dollars in these notes have already been redeemed in gold, and notwithstanding such redemption they are outstanding. Since Jan. 17, 1894, our bonded interest bearing debt has been increased \$100,000,000 for the purpose of obtaining gold to replenish our gold coin reserve. Two issues were made, amounting to fifty millions each—one in January and one in November. As the result of the first issue there was realized something more than fifty millions of dollars in gold. Between that issue and the succeeding one in November, comprising a period of about ten months, nearly one hundred and three millions of dollars in gold were drawn from the treasury.

SECOND ISSUE NECESSARY.

This made the second issue necessary and upon that more than \$58,000,000 in gold was again realized. Between the date of this second issue and the present time, covering a period of only about two months, more than \$69,000,000 in gold have been drawn from the treasury. These large sums of gold were expended without any cancellation of government obligations or in any permanent benefiting our people or improving our pecuniary situation. The financial events of the past year suggest facts and conditions which should certainly arrest attention. More than \$100,720,000 in gold have been drawn out of the treasury during the year for the purpose of shipping abroad or hoarding at home. While nearly \$103,000,000 of the same were drawn out during the first ten months of the year, a sum aggregating more than two-thirds of that amount, being about \$69,000,000 drawn out during the following two months, thus indicating a marked acceleration of the depleting process with the lapse of time. The obligation upon which this gold has been drawn from the treasury are still outstanding and are available for use in repeating the exhausting operation with shorter intervals as our perplexities accumulate.

ADADEQUATE GOLD RESERVE ESSENTIAL.

Conditions are certainly supervening tending to make the bonds which may be issued to replenish our gold less useful for that purpose. An adequate gold reserve is in all circumstances absolutely essential to the upholding of our public credit and to the maintenance of our high national character. Our gold reserve has again reached such a stage

of diminution as to require its speedy reinforcement. The aggravations that must inevitably follow present conditions and methods will certainly lead to misfortune and loss not only to financial enterprise, but to those of our people who seek employment as a means of livelihood and to those whose only capital is their daily labor. It will hardly do to say that a simple increase of revenue will cure our troubles. The apprehension now existing and constantly increasing as to our financial ability does not rest upon a calculation of our revenue. The time has passed when the eyes of investors abroad and our people at home were fixed upon the revenues of the government. Changed conditions have attracted their attention to the gold of the government. There need be no fear that we cannot pay our current expenses with such money as we have. There is now in the treasury a comfortable surplus of more than \$63,000,000, but it is not in gold and therefore does not meet our difficulty.

In conclusion I desire to frankly confess my reluctance to issuing more bonds in present circumstances and with no better result than have lately followed that course I cannot, however refrain from adding to an assurance of my anxiety to co-operate with the present congress in any reasonable measure of relief an expression of my determination to leave nothing undone which furnishes a hope for improving the situation or checking a suspicion of our disinclination or disability to meet with the strictest honor every national obligation.

GROVER CLEVELAND,
The Executive Mansion Jan 28, '95.

MILLS SPEAKS.

An Old Story and Strange Doctrine.

Friday Senator Mills addressed the Senate on the Hawaiian matter. He made an exhaustive speech, in the course of which he said: "It is an old story. There is a powerful sugar interest in this country, and in Hawaii. It is an interest demanding that power be exercised in its behalf. This interest is manifesting itself in the United States Senate. It demands our intervention in the affairs of Hawaii. It is manifesting itself in an arrangement of the President of the United States because he does not use the power of the United States navy to maintain its interest in Hawaii."

Mr. Mills proceeded to lay down the proposition that the Senate was going too far in directing the executive branch as to what use it should make of the navy and army.

"It was a strange doctrine," said Mr. Mills, "that the legislative branch should assume the prerogative to direct another branch of the government what it should do."

"If the legislative branch can call on the executive," declared Mr. Mills, "then it can call on the judicial branch. We will then be able to call on the chief judicial body of the country to furnish us information as to why they affirmed the legality of the legal tender act."

Mr. Mills declared that if this doctrine was conceded then the executive branch was powerless. The President of the United States could be brought to the bar of the Senate at any time to give his reasons or direct his course. And it would be a sorry moment for the American people when the executive was thus the creature of the Senate.

THE STURGIS DISASTER.

**The Story of the Tragic Death
of Five Men as Told by
the Sturgis Ledger.**

One of the saddest and perhaps most horrible disasters that ever occurred in this vicinity took place at 11:30 o'clock Tuesday night at the Tate Slope, operated by the Tradewater Coal and Coke Co., about half a mile from this place.

THE KILLED.

GEORGE WALTON,
ALBERT HALL,
ROBERT HALL,
JAMES COFFEY,
MILES FITZSIMMONS.

Five honest, hard working miners lost their lives instantaneously by the explosion of three kegs of powder. The five men—Miles Fitzsimmons, Al Hall, Robert Hall, James Walton and Jim Coffey were at the time several yards back in the mines, waiting for a blast to be made.

They had prepared to make a shot and came within about four hundred feet of the mouth of the mine to be a safety from it. Three kegs of powder, of 25 pounds each, were about 60 feet above the miners, sitting in the break-through. The shot which they prepared, and which doubtless ended their lives, contained several pounds of powder.

In the explosion all the bradishes between the entry and air course were blown out and the mines caved in. Fred Marshall, a young man seventeen years of age, who is night engineer, and John Chandler, the tip hand, were on the outside and thus escaped the awful death which their comrades met.

The whistle was blown for half an hour and one hundred men or more were soon brought to the scene when they at once began the difficult task of recovering the dead men's bodies from the debris. It took it least four hours and when accomplished the bodies were taken from the slope to the ash room of Tradewater Coal and Coke Co., where they were dressed Wednesday morning.

C. M. Blair, Jim Hearin, Bud Adams, Frank Gahagan, Lurie Ayres, Robert Dilback, Virge Byrd and Dr. Handley were the first men to enter the slope after the explosion in search of the dead men, which was indeed a brave but necessary act. Two eight foot scantlings about two feet apart, with canvas nailed across them, and with two men at each end, was the means by which the searching party brought out the bodies of the dead men.

At 3:30 o'clock Wednesday morning the lifeless form of poor Miles Fitzsimmons was the first to be carried out. His neck was broken and his hands badly burned. He was about 34 years of age, six feet in height, and weighed about 185 pounds. Mr. Fitzsimmons has made this place and DeKoven his home for about 18 years. Three little children and a wife, who is now in a delicate condition, are left to mourn his loss.

The next one to be brought out was Al Hall, a young man about 18 years of age, who was reared in this country. He was 6 feet high and weighed about 140 pounds. His hands and face were badly burned, while his right eye was blown out. He will be sadly missed by his aged mother and other relatives and friends.

George Walton was next brought out. When found he was lying on his back with his neck broken.

his face and hands so badly burned that the flesh hung in strings off of his hands and wrists. He was a preacher, about 46 years old, about 6 feet in height, and weighed about 174 pounds. Sturgis was his home. He came here from Baskett, Henderson county, about four years ago. He moved to Webster county three years since, but came back here, where he had for the past four months been digging coal. Mr. Walton leaves a wife and eight children, five of whom are married.

The fourth body brought out was that of James Coffey. His weight was about 440 pounds and age 23 years. He had been married only eighteen months, and the poor young wife he leaves is soon to become a mother. Mr. Coffey came from Providence to this place, where he had lived for the past year.

Robert Hall was the last one to be brought out from the terrible wreck, and his body was more burned than any of them. He was a man of 36 years of age, and weighed some 170 pounds. He leaves a wife and four little children.

To the spectator it was, indeed, a sad sight to behold.

Five men, who were only a few hours previous strong and enjoying life, lying side by side not only cold in death, but with burned and bruised heads and faces, but it was sadder still to think of the poor suffering wife and fatherless children that were so soon to behold that awful sight. All of the five distressed families are in destitute circumstances, but the good people of Sturgis are ever ready to help the poor and distressed, and many of them have donated very liberally with cheerfulness to the suffering ones in this, their sad hour of need.

The loss of the Tradewater Coal and Coke Company, who are the owners of the slope, was about five hundred dollars.

Two very valuable mules were also killed by the explosion. One of them was lying out ten feet from where the men were killed; the other was in a stall about 75 yards from mouth of slope.

The Butcher Poisoned.

Morganfield, Ky., Jan. 25.—Arsenic mixed in food eaten by Mr. Owen Melvin and his wife, who live near here, caused the couple to become deathly sick, and Mr. Melvin may die. The person guilty of the outrage is not known, but a diligent effort is being made to discover the author.

A Good Man.

Washington, Jan. 24.—Congressman-elect John K. Hendrick, of the First Kentucky district, accompanied by Congressman Caruth, called at the White House this morning and was introduced by President Cleveland. The President said that he was pleased to meet Mr. Hendrick and remarked that he must have been a mighty good man to defeat Capt. Stone.

A Hunter Who Uses Rocks.

Stanford, Ky., Jan. 24.—George Estes, of Yosamite, Casey county, is the boss hunter of this section and he never carries a fire arm. In fact, he is such an expert at throwing rocks that he needs neither gun or rifle to bring down his game. He kills dozens of quail during the season, and yesterday capped the climax by going fox hunting and bring back a fine red fox, that he killed with a rock. Mr. Estes has only one eye, but that is a good one.

As a remedy for coughs and colds, Ayer's Cherry Pectoral has never yet been equalled. Its name is a household word.

UNCLE SAM'S NAVY YARDS.

**But He is Obligated to Have His
War Ships Built in
Other Yards.**

Special to THE PRESS.

Navy Yards are generally associated in the minds of the public with ship building. It is supposed that these are the places where ships are constructed and men of war are fitted out. That used to be the case, but it is so no longer. The Navy Yard in this city was changed into an ordinary yard some years ago. There are Navy Yards, so called, at several places throughout the country, but with possibly one exception the ships forming the new navy are not built at these places. All the vessels of the modern navy have been built under contract at private yards. "When the work of building modern war ships was begun several years ago, it was found that the government yards had not the necessary facilities for work of that class. In fact it was claimed by some that there was not sufficient skill and knowledge in the country to construct a modern vessel of warfare. The latter, however, soon proved to be a mistake, and the building of large modern vessels has gone on with such rapidity that now this country takes the third rank among the naval powers of the world.

It is thought by some that the government ought to construct war ships and in order to demonstrate whether the government can do this work better and cheaper than private firms, two vessels are being built now at the Brooklyn Navy Yard. These vessels are not completed as yet. The yard at Brooklyn is the largest in the country, and in addition to building these new vessels a great deal of repairing is going on. The war ships as they arrive from cruises are sent to the yard that is most convenient, or that is best adapted to the character of the repairs which are needed. Any one who is familiar with the character of a modern man-of-war, need not be told that repairs are frequently necessary. These great floating iron bodies are literally filled with machinery, most of it of a delicate and complicated character, and naturally the every day wear and tear of a vessel at sea causes a good deal of damage.

In order to meet the demands even for repair work, the yards have to be well equipped with men and machinery. The cost of keeping up these places forms a considerable item in the yearly naval budget. They come under the head of necessary expenses, had even if they were not absolutely necessary the give employment to so many men, and furnish such a large sum of money for local disbursement, that any attempt to do away with them would arouse the liveliest kind of opposition from the people living in their immediate neighborhood. It is probable, however, that the near future will witness the expansion of these great naval centers, rather than a contraction. Now that Uncle Sam has entered the lists as one of the great naval powers of the world, it will be necessary for him to maintain his position. More ships will be built and more ships will be required. If it is found that these vessels can be constructed by the government as well as by private parties, the navy yards will increase in importance.

The building of these large vessels it is thought will have a strong influence in the development, or rather in the revival of the mechanic marine. For the past quarter of a century not only ship building but practically all the art in this country, but American ships had ceased to be seen on the ocean. It is claimed that with American war vessels in all the prominent ports of the world looking after American interests, that capital will be drawn more and more towards the ship building industry and in the carrying trade. If this is the result of the large expenditure by the government in new ships, and if no other good purpose is accomplished, it will certainly be looked upon as a

Statement of the Condition of

MARION - BANK,
OF MARION, KY.

At the Close of Business: c. 24, '94.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts \$36,016.89
Due from Banks 12,728.38
Furniture Fixtures and Real Estate 9,800.00
Cash on Hand 7,947.28

Total \$66,492.55

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock \$20,000.00
Deposits 44,460.88
Surplus and Profits 2,031.67

Total \$66,492.55

I certify that the above statement is correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.
THOS. J. YANDELL, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me, by Thos. J. Yandell, Cashier, Dec. 31, 1894,
R. L. MOORE, Notary Public.

FURNITURE.

We carry a big stock
of all kinds of house-
hold and kitchen furni-
ture, such as

Be- Bureau,
Wa h Stands, Chairs
of all Kinds, Safes,
Etc., Etc.,

WE ARE SELLING AT

Hard Time Prices!

This is the best time you ever saw to get
goods of this kind.

We carry a big stock of coffins, all sizes and
prices, burial robes and slippers. We have a
good hearse, and are ready at all times to
answer calls.

Walker & Olive,
MARION, KY.

D. T. BYRD, President.
J. W. RICE, Vice-President.

EDWARD RICE, Cashier.
J. C. ELDER, Jr., Asst Cashier.

Fredonia Valley Bank,
ELSEY, KENTUCKY.

CAPITAL STOCK \$15,000.00.

**Furnishes unsurpassed, Safety to Depositors. A Noble
time Lock Burglar Proof Safe, Fire Proof Vaults.**

Correspondents:

Bank of Commerce, Louisville, Ky.
Phoenix National Bank, New York, N. Y.
Old National Bank, Evansville, Ind.

All kinds of legitimate banking business transacted. The accounts and pass
books of the public solicited. Special attention given to collections.

DIRECTORS: D. T. BYRD, J. W. RICE, M. D. Y.

dear to them also that we make wedding cakes to order.

The Press.

R. C. WALKER, Publisher.

LOCAL NEWS.

IVORY SOAP



BEST FOR SHIRTS.

THE PROCTOR & GAMBLE CO., CHICAGO.

An Apology.

Last week we were a little crowded with the excellent specialties made at opening of the school building, and the list of those who had paid subscriptions to the Press was unfortunately overlooked. We regret this very much, the like shall not occur again. If you want to pay up, do let this date you, we have arranged to have the list published with more than usual promptness hereafter. Drop in any time it suits you, but be sure to drop in, and if you have any disposition to wait us, drop in early. We return our sincere thanks to the following for substantial expressions of appreciation:

J. W. McMinn, Great Bend, Kans.
T. J. Tucker, Shady Grove, Mo.
T. A. Frazier, Blackford, Mo.
J. M. McConnell, Shady Grove, Mo.
C. C. Vinson, Emin, Mo.
P. A. Hoxworth, Marion, Mo.
Dora Rodgers, Tama, Ill.
Elizabeth Travis, Kottawa, Mo.
J. M. Looover, Emin, Mo.
R. H. Dean, Tennesseetown, D. C.
Lem Sisco, View, Mo.
J. N. Franks, Mattoon, Mo.
G. B. Crawford, Tolu, Mo.
Chas. Clement, Crayneville, Mo.
J. B. Paris, Lexington, Mo.
M. M. Hill, Hampton, Mo.
L. H. Adams, Shawneetown, Ill.
Jaf. Duvall, Pauline Sta. Tenn.
E. L. East, Irois Hill, Mo.
J. C. Elder, Kelsey, Mo.
Yancey Brook, Dycusburg, Mo.
John Foley, Shoridan, Mo.
E. W. Dalton, Crider, Mo.
J. S. McMurray, Repton, Mo.
W. R. Craven, Dallas, Tex.
Wm. DeHaven, Shady Grove, Mo.
Mollie Johnson, Springfield, Mo.
R. E. Pickens, Marion, Mo.
G. W. Jones, Dycusburg, Mo.
Sallie Holmes, Ford's Ferry, Mo.
I. B. Jennings, Marion, Mo.
S. E. Watson, Frances, Mo.
J. W. Grimes, Salem, Mo.
J. L. Franklin, Sheridan, Mo.

Dr. T. H. Cassitt, Dentist, Marion.
Can you hear the big clock strike?

A child of Robert Clement, colored, died last week.

44 pounds of coffee for \$1.00 at Schwab's.

Clover and grass seeds—all kinds at Schwab's.

Mr. C. C. Wheeler was in Evansville Tuesday on business.

On the docket of the quarterly court are a great many cases.

Mr. H. K. Woods went to Princeton Sunday to hear Mr. Fife preach.

6 pounds of soda for 25 cents at Schwab's.

J. R. McFarlane has under construction a four room cottage in East Marion.

Judge Pierce spent last week in Evansville, looking after a lot of lumber he shipped there.

If you want any clover, red top or Timothy seed you know where to get them.

22 Pounds of granulated sugar for \$1.00 at Schwab's.

All persons indebted to us will please call and settle, by note or otherwise.

Mr. P. K. Cookey was in town Monday, with a pocket full of business for court.

Go to S. D. Hodge & Co's and buy a pair of mimes and children's wool hose for 15c per pair.

In a few days the school board will levy the school tax for this year; then the kicking commences.

Two gray mules for sale on 12 months time; good note.

M. Schwab.

The marriage of Mr. Percy Nozgle of DeKoven, and Miss Maggie Wallingford, of this place, is announced to occur Feb. 6.

Jailer Hard is still without prisoners.

The school is moving along in fine shape.

Mr. Alex. James has a cancer on his upper lip.

Mr. P. E. Rowlett, of New Concord, is in the city.

Frank Orr has accepted a position in J. H. Orme's drug store.

Miss Maggie Wallingford was in Evansville Tuesday shopping.

Mr. P. E. Rowlett, of Calloway county, was in town yesterday.

Lucien Franklin has sold his butcher business to John Reed and Bob Brown.

Mr. W. G. (Harry) Carnahan has a new comer at his house. It is a fine baby.

Dr. L. H. Clement has sold his farm near Repton to Mr. John Eastley for \$3400.

Miss Flossie Box, of Kelsey, was the guest of friends and relatives in Marion last week.

Mr. Felix J. Fowler, of Colesburg Ky., is the guest of his sister, Mrs. T. C. Jameson, of this city.

Mr. J. W. Guess, of Tolu, was in town yesterday, negotiating for the renting of his hotel, the Crider House, at this place.

Mr. E. E. Thurman closed his school at Post Oak Tuesday. He is one of the best and most popular teachers in the county.

Mr. J. H. Stone left Saturday to take charge of a distillery, as storekeeper and gauger, at Stockholm, in Edmonson county.

John Sliger returned from Cincinnati Tuesday, where he had been to sell a lot of hogs and cattle. His stock brought top prices.

Owing to the uninviting condition of the weather, the attendance at quarterly court Monday was restricted to those who had urgent business.

Mr. T. A. Rankin, of Ford's Ferry, was in town Monday. He has just completed a successful term of school in the northern part of the county.

Mr. C. S. Nunn was in Fredonia Monday to represent that town in a case in the police court. A spectacle paddler had violated the town by laws.

Thursday evening, February 7, Mr. Wendling will deliver his famous lecture, "The Man of Gallies," at this place. This is an opportunity to hear a great orator on the greatest of all themes.

The meeting at the Baptist church closed Sunday night. Rev. Mr. Sharp is an excellent preacher, and the people of Marion enjoyed his sermons beyond measure, and were greatly edified by his preaching.

The school board held a meeting Saturday and quickly decided to employ another teacher, the number of pupils in attendance requiring the additional assistance. Mr. Walter Blackburn was chosen for the place, and Monday morning he began work. He has the seventh grade.

Rev. W. H. Miley goes to Henderson today to assist Rev. J. G. Patton in communion services. He will not return until after Sunday, consequently there will be no services at his church at this place Sunday.

27 pounds New Orleans sugar for \$1.00 at Schwab's.

Miss Helen Boyd and Nannie Clement closed the public school at Dycusburg Saturday night with a public entertainment. A large crowd was present and everybody was highly pleased with the programme and the splendid way it was carried out. The young ladies taught a splendid school and the Dycusburg people were well pleased with them and their work.

Louis L. Rebout, formerly of Marion, Ky., who has been in the city for several months working in the interest of the Prudential Insurance Co., will leave for his home tomorrow. Mr. Rebout has made many friends during his short sojourn, as an upright, straight business man. His friends will regret to learn that he has left the city; however we extend our hearty wishes for his success wherever he goes.—Paducah Standard.

New house keepers can certainly save 25 per cent by buying stoves, glassware and queensware at Schwab's.

The Owensboro Inquirer says: Mr. John Potts delivered a hog in the Owensboro market today that weighed over 700 pounds and expects to bring one in next week that will weigh 1,000 pounds.

Our Mr. "Hog" Carter had better look to his hog laurels, or the Potts will hold a larger one than he has yet raised.

Schwab's keeps them first last and always.

The Croft & Barnett Mercantile Company.

Articles of incorporation have been filed with the county clerk incorporating The Croft & Barnett Mercantile Company. The incorporators are T. S. Croft, T. T. Barnett, P. B. Croft, G. B. Crawford, Wm. Barnett, Foster Threlkeld, Geo. T. Croft, P. C. Barnett and John C. Wolfe. The general nature of the business is general merchandise, to begin business February 4, 1895, and continue ten years; T. S. Croft is president, P. B. Croft secretary and Foster Threlkeld treasurer. The authorized capital stock is \$10,000, all of which is already paid in; the amount of liability shall not at any time exceed 100 per cent. of the capital stock. The private property of the stockholders is exempt from the debts of the corporation; the capital stock is divided into shares of \$100 each; the chief place of business is Tolu, Ky.

A Sad Accident.

The Paducah Standard has the following:

News of a horrible accident which occurred near Tolu, Livingston county, Saturday, reached the city Sunday. A graphic account sent in by a correspondent is as follows:

"Near this place a little 4-year-old girl of Mr. S. P. Davis was burned to death Saturday morning at 9 o'clock. The mother and child were left alone, the father going about his farm duties. Mrs. Davis was called from the house to attend to some stock in a lot near by, telling the little girl to stay and be good until her return. Within a few moments from time Mrs. Davis left the house she heard the screams of her child and upon entering the house she found her enveloped in flames. A bucket of water was near which she extinguished them. The child survived but a few hours, during which time she was perfectly rational, and did not complain in the least of anything hurting her. The flesh and skin would in flakes as large as the hand of a man, and she would tell them to cut it off. It was a most horrible sight for the eye to behold, and to those who know the sweet little babe, it was almost unbearable, as she was one of the brightest, prettiest and sweetest little girls we ever saw."

The Marion school house was dedicated on Saturday with appropriate ceremonies. The presentation address was made by R. C. Walker, President of the School Trustees, the response by Prof. Chas. Evans the new principal, "Congratulations" by Miss Mina Wheeler, County Supt. of Schools and other subjects were fittingly referred to by prominent citizens. Music added to the interest of the occasion. Crittenden county is to be congratulated on having one of the most efficient school boards in this section, and one of the best school teachers in Kentucky.—Grand Rivers Herald.

Maj. Jordan Owen, of Hart county, was in town yesterday, looking after the interests of Geo. S. B. Buckner, who is an announced candidate for the United States Senate. Maj. Owen met a great many of our citizens while here, and left assured that Gen. Buckner has many friends in this county.

On Wednesday evening of last week Mr. J. H. Young and Mrs. Mary Deboe were married at the residence of Mr. G. G. Hammond, of this place, Rev. Miley officiating. The bride is a daughter of Mr. Hammond and the widow of the late James Deboe. She is an estimable lady. The groom is one of our prosperous young farmers.

Mr. John Peak, of Lyon county, was in town Monday. Notwithstanding the fact that he is 77 years old, he left his home before day, rode horseback eight or nine miles, boarded the train at Livingston, and was in town at 8 o'clock in the morning, looking as fresh as a man of forty.

Bigam Lodge No. 256, A. F. & A. M., will meet at their regular stated communication in their hall in Marion, Ky., on Saturday, Feb. 2, 1895. All members are requested to be present.

H. A. HODGE, W. M.

See H. K. Woods for your school tablets. He has a splendid line and can supply your children at very low prices.

James Riley, of Princeton, col., and D. A. Johnson, of this place, were before the Pension board yesterday.

Blank books, such as ledgers (single and double entry) daybooks, cash books, all sizes and styles of binding, at H. K. Woods. If you want to save money, see him.

The residence of Mr. R. N. Foster, west of town, caught fire yesterday, and but for prompt action the result would have been a big fire.

M. Schwab.

Highest of all in Leavening Power—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Courthouse News.

The tax supervisors reconvened Thursday and were in session until Friday. At the last meeting no changes of any note were made. While some of those who were raised at the first meeting were before the board, the majority stayed at home. The total raises, together with the property discovered not listed, amounted to about \$40,000.

Each of the members of the board was allowed \$3 per day for each of the seven days the board was in session.

S. G. Lee was appointed supervisor of road.

F. E. Robertson's motion for distilling license, that is to sell liquor as a distiller, will be heard Feb. 4.

W. H. McChesney and H. D. Givens were sworn in as deputies of county clerk Woods.

Thomas Brasher was allowed \$1.50 for plow and team on road one day.

The first of the week county clerk Woods was busy going over the assessor's book preparatory to making a summary of the assessments. "Without exception," said Mr. Woods, "this is the best set of books that has been returned since I have been in office. Everything is plain and straight, and the errors are exceedingly few and very far between. Who made them? I don't know. They say George H. Crider had the job, but that handwriting is a woman's, sure, and I have an inkling that George's wife did the work, and if she did she deserves credit for the work."

Notwithstanding the wind whistled from the north and people were rarely seen out of doors, sheriff Franks' land sale for taxes came off on schedule time and there were plenty of bidders and buyers. There is pretty good money in making purchases of this kind, if the owner redeems the property, which he can do within two years, he must pay the purchaser thirty per cent. besides a penalty of fifteen per cent.

Deeds Recorded.

W. I. Cruce to C. S. Nunn, interest in two lots for \$500.

Wilson & Griffith to Siloam church 24 acres for graveyard.

Russell Kee to W. H. Brantley 20 acres for \$115.

R. L. Phillips to E. R. Robertson 26 acres for \$250.

Geo. W. Tabor to Thos. R. Rowland, 111 1/2 acres for \$1000.

W. S. Perkins to S. W. Watson 100 acres for \$500.

W. B. Davidson to W. W. Mayes 112 1/2 acres for \$1300.

W. C. Watson to Edgar Dickey, 60 acres for \$200.

S. E. and Nathan Horning to Geo. B. Lamb, 16 acres for \$192.

G. W. S. Hughes to R. W. Wilson land for \$275.

Edgar Dickens to W. H. Sisco, 60 acres for \$110.

Page & Krause to T. E. Griffith, 50 acres for \$450.

Who is She?

The Paducah Standard of the 25th has the following:

Yesterday afternoon a delicate looking woman, accompanied by a small boy four or five years of age, made their advent into county judge Thomas' office. She said her name was Mrs. Henri Thompson, and that she had been living in Paducah three months, more or less in need most of the time. She told a pitiful tale of the desertion of her husband at Marion, Ky., three months ago, and how she had since struggled to keep starvation away, and to provide for her sick child. She has been domiciled at the old Hobbs property, corner Sixth and Jefferson streets, and has been supported mainly by a Mrs. Smith, who lives in the same place. She says she has relatives in Marion, a father and several brothers, but that they have repeatedly refused to help her. Her father's name is Tom Akers, she said. Judge Thomas gave her \$1 and told her she would have to secure work somewhere.

An effort is being made to organize the second mercantile corporation at Tolu. One will begin business in a few days, and today the projectors of the other will meet to organize. Mr. J. W. Guess is at the head of the latest one; a list of the stockholders of the other is published elsewhere in this issue.

I will ask the people of this and adjoining counties to please call and get a good look at me and my clerks and what suits them best. You get the lowest prices on goods we keep, consisting of groceries, hardware, etc. And then if they find us too ugly and too high on our prices, to buy from some good looking fellow around town.

M. Schwab.

Tobacco News.

Louisville Tobacco Market.

(Furnished by Glover & Durrett, Louisville Tobacco Warehouse.)

Sales on our market for the week just closed amount to 4558 hbls with receipts for the same period of 5309 hbls. Sales on our market since Jan. 1st amount to 16,281 hbls. Sales of the crop of 1894 on our market to this date amount to 24,135 hbls.

The sales of new dark tobacco were heavier this week and prices of last week were fully sustained.

The following quotations fairly represent our market for dark tobacco, 1894 crop:

Trash, 1.00 to 1.50
Common to med. lugs, 1.50 to 2.50
Dark rich lugs, ex. qual 2.50 to 3.50
Common leaf, 3.50 to 4.00
Medium to good leaf, 4.00 to 5.50
Leaf extra length, 5.50 to 7.50
Wrappery styles, 7.00 to 8.50

The Morganfield Sun reports the following sales of tobacco:

J. R. Heveran crop, 6,000 pounds, \$5.50, 3 and 1.

J. D. Mattingly crop, 4,000 pounds, \$5.50, 3 and 1.

J. A. Watkins crop, 4,000 pounds, \$5.50, 3 and 1.

M. Young crop, 2,000 pounds, \$5.50, 3 and 1.

W. F. Williams crop, 8,000 pounds, \$5.50, 3.50 and 50.

The Madisonville Hustler reports the following sales at Dalton:

J. B. Utley, 5,000 pounds, \$5, 3.50 and 1.

Wm. Brown, 5,000 pounds, \$5, 3.50 and 1.

Asa Dunbar, 2,500 pounds, \$4.50, 3 and 1.

James Teague, 2,500 pounds, \$4, 3 and 1.

Billy King, 1st barn, \$5, 3 and 1. Same, 2d barn, \$4, 3 and 1.

The market at Providence is reported as having opened pretty lively, and a good deal of the weed is changing hands. The best price yet reported is for the crop of James T. Cardwell, who received \$6, 5, and 2. J. A. Justice got \$6, 4, and 1. This gives a fair idea of how the best crops are selling.

Marriage licenses have been issued to Thomas D. Belt and Lillie F. Burnett.

G. W. Nicholas and Fannie M. Peeks.

Ken B. Williams and Maggie Cain Ed. Rolston and Lottie Gibbs.

The attention of our tobacco growers is called to the advertisement of Ragsdale, Cooper & Co., proprietors of the Main Street Tobacco Warehouse, Hopkinsville, elsewhere in today's paper. Hopkinsville is one of the best tobacco markets in Kentucky, and some of the best prices received this season have been paid there. The members of this firm are honorable gentlemen and it will pay to correspond with them.

Williams—Cain.

Yesterday evening at 5:30, at the residence of the bride's father, Dr. W. S. Cain, of this place, Mr. Ken Williams and Miss Maggie Cain were united in marriage, Rev. W. H. Miley officiating. The attendants were Dr. E. E. Newcom and Miss Bittie Woody and Mr. W. D. Baird and Miss Hughy Nunn. A large number of friends were present to witness the happy affair.

Immediately after the ceremony the party went to the residence of Mr. H. B. Williams, where an elegant supper was served.

The bride is a well known young lady, much admired for her many womanly accomplishments and lovable disposition. The groom is a prosperous young farmer of sterling worth. The Press joins with their many friends in wishing that nothing but happiness may come to them as the years roll by.

Dr. J. N. Todd, of Shady Grove, was in town yesterday.

Get the biggest dollar's worth of sugar in town for a dollar at A. F. Griffith's.

NOTICE.

All parties indebted to W. E. Weldon, deceased, or Weldon Bros., must call and settle at once. Those failing to make settlement by first day of March, 1895, will have to settle with an officer. On March 1st I will give all notes on hand to a collector; there will be no exception to this rule.

E. J. & L. A. Weldon, Administrators.

January 10, 1895.

BLACKFORD.

Plenty of snow.

Plenty of cold weather.

Plenty of loafers.

A. L. Noe, of Sturgis, was in town last week talking life insurance.

J. L. Reynolds was in town last week.

McGill & Nunn, of Sullivan, received a car load of wheat here last week.

James Forbes, of Hopkinsville, was in town last week looking after the interest of Forbes Bros. mill at this place.

Joe Pickens has removed to town since our last writing.

John Green is soon to put in a new ferry boat.

J. M. Horning is going to put up a livery stable.

The question of "spud" or no "spud" will be voted on in our town the 22d of March; we hope it will be no spud, as we have enough of it already.

Len Meriman has gone to Africa.

Al Meriman, of Sullivan, was in town Monday.

Adolphus Carrier, an aged and respectable citizen, of near here died last Tuesday of pneumonia. He leaves a wife and several children to mourn his loss.

James Miller, of Quin, was in town Tuesday.

James Wallace, our worthy sheriff was in town Saturday.

In spite of the rain that fell Friday, Prof. Dadds and Hunt closed their school. There was a good attendance of both patrons and pupils and everybody seemed to enjoy the exercises, and the Professors need nothing but their work to recommend them.

Ree Crider is richer than Russell Sage and happier than a prince; it's a boy.

Fred Vaughan and Carl Davis went to Sturgis Monday.

J. R. Head visited in Greenville last week.

Henry Seisom moved from Earlinton to our town Monday.

Before the budding of the trees or the blossom of the corn there will be a wedding in town sure as you are born.

Longfellow.

SHADY GROVE.

Prof. Wilcox will close his school Friday.

J. L. Elder and wife left for their home Monday.

Mrs. D. J. Hubbard is visiting at her father's G. N. Fox's, this week and Dan is keeping back.

Rev. J. S. Henry attended his appointment Sunday.

The concert given by F. A. Casner at the 2d school house was interesting.

Tucker Horning is staying at home closer than usual.

We have had seventeen snows up to date, and there is seventeen more yet to come.

S. A. Frazier was very ill Saturday and Sunday, but is now convalescent.

There will be a concert at Sandy Grove after school ends.

Died, Arthur Nash. Old and a cripple as he was, the death angel visited his home Friday evening at six o'clock and his remains were deposited here Saturday. Mr. Nash had lived to a good old age and was longing for the time to come when he could go. He had been a cripple a lifetime, and sat in his chair all day long, but was longing for that city where no cripples would be.

Sucky.

SALEM.

Mrs. Browning and family moved to Hampton last Monday. We regret their leaving very much.

Cuas Wadlington is with us again; it seems as there is some attraction here for him.

Geo. Croft and family, of Tolu, will locate here soon.

Isaac Butler visited friends in Tolu last week.

Dick Miles came home last week.

Fred Hardy went to join the "Regulars," but soon found out "he was too short."

Mr. Robt. Boyd and daughter, and Miss Morris attended the commencement exercises of Miss Helen's school at Dycusburg Saturday night.

Dr. F. G. LaRue, of Hampton, visited friends here Sunday.

Groceries!

THE CHEAPEST PLACE TO BUY

Sugar, Coffee, Molasses, Flour, Meat, Lard, Salt, Potatoes, Mackerel, Canned Apples, Tomatoes, Peaches, Apricots, Beans, Corn, Berries, Cabbage, Kraut, Caudles, Nuts, Raisins, Dates, Figs, Jellies, Extracts, Pickles, Mustard, Crackers, Oat Meal, Dried Peaches, Dried Apples, Mince Meat, Rice, Glassware, Tinware, Queensware Water Buckets, Wash Tubs, Wash Boards, Soap, Brooms, Etc.,

IS AT A. F. Griffith's.

Always keeps the Freshest Goods and Makes the Lowest Prices. Please Call. Produce Wanted.

I have no stock to "bust," I have no money to lose, But my tools never rust, For I've experience and hands to use.

W. A. Letzinger,

EXPERT JEWELER,

Has returned to Marion and has opened a Jewellers Shop in Thomas Bros. grocery, the old J. N. Wood stand, and is prepared to do all kinds of repairing of Watches, Clocks, Jewellery, Etc., Etc. His long experience and abundant supply of the very best Jewellers tools enables him to do the very best work. HE GUARANTEES ALL HIS WORK. His prices are very low. The works of a watch, the wheel of a clock and the value of jewelry all require delicate handling, and it behooves

