

M. E. FOHS,
Merchant Tailor,
 MARION, KY.
 Always has the latest styles. Suits made to order \$15.00 and upwards. All-wool pants, made to order \$3.50.

The Crittenden Press.

All-Wool Pants,
 MADE TO ORDER
FOR \$3.50
 M. E. FOHS, The Tailor.

VOLUME 16.

MARION, CRITTENDEN COUNTY, KENTUCKY, JUNE 4, 1896.

NUMBER 52

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U.S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder
 ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE STORM.

St. Louis Visited by the Worst Tornado in the History of the Country.

Loss of Life in the Hundred—
 Loss of Property in the Millions.

St. Louis, May 28.—The awful sweep of last night's tornado is marked today by a devastated district in the southwestern portion of the city half a mile wide and four miles long with wrecked buildings, tottering walls, debris choked streets and rescue parties to tell the story of havoc and death.

St. Louis is dazed by the amount of the calamity and it will be days before the total loss of life and the amount of property destroyed will be known.

The estimates of the number killed vary from 200 to 500, with the belief general that the latter figures are nearer correct. Coroner Wait said at 12:30 that the death rate in St. Louis would probably reach 200, and in East St. Louis it would be as large.

At police headquarters the dead in St. Louis were estimated in St. Louis at 300 and in East St. Louis at 200. Extra editions of the local papers place the total loss of life at 500 or more.

The storm left its path littered with dead and dying, and patrol wagons, ambulances and undertakers' cars were busy all day carrying the identified dead to their homes, and homes of relatives and friends, or leaving the unidentified dead with the city morgue authorities. The property loss is terrific, various estimates ranging from \$10,000,000 to \$30,000,000.

The storm which wrought this havoc was a most peculiar one, and scarcely two people in all the city agree as to just how the damage was done. The wind seemed to take the form of a tornado, rather than that of a cyclone, the wrecked buildings showing none of the twisted iron and girder which usually mark the track of a rotary wind storm. The general trend was from southwest to northeast, the center of the business part of the city lying about a mile north of the storm's path.

The fury of the elements was born within the city limits. In the west the thunder storm developed. The daily mutterings indicated nothing more alarming than a downpour with the electrical accompaniments. This rain cloud came up very slowly at first from the west, beyond Forest Park.

As the black rim mounted higher above the horizon its arms embraced more territory to the north and south. A strong wind from the east began to blow right in the face of the storm. It was a low current, it raised the rain cloud and brought it forward faster and faster. Suddenly the wind stopped blowing from the west, and swept from the northwest, a terrific gale, which made the strongest buildings quail.

With the hurricane, for that was the first form the storm took when it broke over the western part of the city, came a deluge of rain. For a half hour the hurricane blew from the northwest.

Shortly after 6 o'clock, with the sun more than an hour above the western horizon, there settled upon the city clouds so dense that daylight quickly gave place to the darkness of night.

Crushed beneath falling walls, hurled against the sides of buildings struck by flying timbers, cut by the shattered glass, shocked by the network of fallen wires, humanity suffered in ways innumerable. The names of all the injured will never be known. Enough were recorded at the dispensaries last night to show how widespread were the tornado's effects.

The first heavy damage was in the vicinity of Lower Grove and Lafayette Parks, where handsome residences were wrecked and many injured. The tornado swept from the north-

east as far as the river, when with a sudden turn to the north it cleared the Mississippi river and tore its way into the heart of East St. Louis.

One of the remarkable features was the destruction of a wing of the City Hospital, carrying two hundred patients and nurses down in a wreck and killing but one person.

The steamer Pittsburgh, of the Diamond Joe line, City of Vicksburg and City of Providence, of the Columbian Excursion Company; the City of Monroe of the Anchor Line, and all sorts of small craft were pitched and tossed about until a final blast rent them from their moorings. They were swept across the river and struck the Illinois bank a few blocks of each other. The loss of life on these is thought to be slight, and all were cautioned not to jump, as they would be brought safely to land. The City of Vicksburg is almost a total wreck; the City of Providence was blown up the Illinois bank; her rudder is gone, and cabin and smokestacks were blown away before she parted from her wharf.

The St. Louis and St. Paul Packet Company's steamer St. Paul had started for Keokuk when the storm struck the city, and has not been heard of; she had a cabin full of passengers.

Perhaps the most impressive evidence of the storm's force is seen in the wreckage in the eastern end of the Eads bridge.

Terror came when the business portion of the city had begun to send its workers to their homes; service on almost all of the street railways was suddenly suspended; when night came soon after the premature darkening wrought by the cyclone, no electric lamps blazed up. The city was without transportation and without light.

Many thousands were miles from their homes. The rain fell steadily at times. At other times in slanting sheets. A thousand electric lights stood dark and desolate, while men and women toiled homeward through the drenching rain.

The cyclone left St. Louis almost at the mercy of the flames. Within a few minutes after the cyclone had spent its fury fires broke out all over the city.

Alarms were sounded, but in most cases they were sounded in vain, as the fire engine houses could not be communicated with. And even when the alarm was given the fire apparatus had to pick its way through the binding rain, among meshes of tangled live wires, to the scene of the blaze.

In many instances the engines were brought in a round about way, only to find the water plugs useless when the fire was reached. The rain helped materially to quench the fires, and at midnight all the fires that broke out early in the evening were reported out or under control.

Firemen patrolled the city with lanterns all night. Laid out on improvised slabs composed of coffin boxes at the morgue this morning were more than twenty five begrimed and mutilated bodies. Coroner Wait remained in charge during the night, and he had a corps of extra assistants, who were sorely taxed to find accommodation for the bodies.

St. Louis, June 1.—Five days have elapsed since the tornado swept over the city, and yet the long list of dead has not reached the foot of its lengthy column. Nor is it likely that the end of this week or the next will finish it. The number of seriously injured is many fold larger than those who did not survive the awful experiences of the storm, and that many of them will succumb to the injuries inflicted is quite certain, for each hour the mortuary clerk is presented with new requests for burial permits.

The number of persons missing is appalling. Many animals were killed and their decaying bodies amid the wreck of the devastated districts is a menace to the living.

A mass meeting of citizens has been called to consider the advisability of appealing for outside assistance for the relief of storm sufferers. The municipal assembly has already adopted resolutions asking for outside aid.

Mothers will find Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, especially valuable for croup and whooping cough. It will give prompt relief and is safe and pleasant. We have sold it for several years and it has never failed to give entire satisfaction. G. W. Richards, Duquesne, Pa. Sold by J. H. Orme, druggist.

WASHINGTON AS A PERMANENT EXPOSITION CITY.

\$100,000,000 Already Invested by the Government for Buildings and Their Contents.

Special to the Press.

WASHINGTON, May 30. One of the most notable features of the past fifty years has been the holding of great industrial exhibitions in various countries of the earth. England, France, Austria, and the United States have vied with one another in the magnitude and attractiveness of these industrial shows, the palm for the present being unanimously awarded to our own country on account of the surpassing Chicago exposition.

It will be news to many, however, to learn that the United States Government has invested here in Washington nearly five times as much money in its "running plant" as was required to carry through the great Chicago affair.

It has created what might be regarded as a permanent exposition of great interest. The exposition buildings are all fire proof, being made of marble or granite instead of board covered with "staff," as were the Chicago buildings, and within these buildings are collected art works, libraries, models and records. Nearly all of the Government buildings are crowded and there is a constant call for more room.

The arts and manufactures buildings at Chicago, the largest of the exposition buildings, cost only about a million dollars to construct. In Washington there are a number of buildings which cost much more than that.

The most costly of all, of course, is the Capitol, the pride of the nation. This building has cost about \$15,000,000. It shelters both branches of Congress and the Supreme Court. For many years it has also contained the enormous Congressional Library, the largest collection of books in the country.

The next most expensive building is that occupied by the State, War, and Navy Departments, which cost \$8,000,000. The State Department contains much of interest. It is the custodian of all laws and state papers having charge, among other things, of the original Declaration of Independence. In the War and Navy sections of the building the visitor will see models of battleships, forts, cannon and wax figures clothed with uniforms of all branches of the service from earliest times.

The Treasury building cost about \$7,500,000. In it the printing of all paper money is completed by adding the seal, and all old money is redeemed and destroyed. Here are found the headquarters of the life saving bureau, lighthouse bureau, secret service bureau, secret service bureau etc. Each with its own private museum and educational exhibit.

The Congressional Library building cost \$6,000,000. The books are being moved in at the present time from the Capitol. This building is without the slightest doubt the most magnificent and convenient ever constructed for the purpose. It occupies an entire square, contains nine open courts, and has a dome covered with pure gold. It can hold 4,000,000 books.

The Patent Office cost \$4,000,000, mostly received in the form of fees from inventors. It has charge of nearly a quarter of a million models and attracts many visitors. In it are stored copies of all patents ever issued. These are kept on sale at a uniform price of ten cents each.

The Post Office Department building cost about \$3,000,000. It contains a general postal museum and Dead Letter office as well as headquarters of the seventy thousand

post offices of the United States.

The Pension office and Bureau of Engraving and Printing cost about one million each, and besides these the Government owns or rents a score or more of buildings for its various executive branches.

We all know that any tired muscle can be restored by rest. Your stomach is a muscle. Dyspepsia is its manner of saying, "I am tired, give me rest." To rest the stomach you must do its work outside of the body. This is the Shakers' method of curing indigestion, and its success is best attested by the fact that these people are practically free from what is without doubt the most prevalent of diseases. The Shaker Digestive Compound not only contains digested food which is properly absorbed without taxing the tired digestive organs; but it is likewise an aid to the digestion of other foods in the stomach. A ten-cent trial bottle will convince you of its merit, and these you can obtain through all druggists.

GREAT OCEAN TRAMP.

Tremendous Freight Ship Now Loading at Brooklyn.

One of the largest freight steamers that ever entered the port of New York is now loading at Dow's store, Brooklyn, says the New York Tribune. Her name is the Westmeath, and she is an English steamer, built to carry grain, provisions and general merchandise to the British colonies.

This great freight steamer was built in 1895. Her length is 465 feet; she has 56 feet beam and 34 feet depth of hold. She has three triple expansion engines, and when sailing without a cargo she uses water ballast, and with this ballast has just crossed in eleven days. The Westmeath has just come from Australia, and on her next trip will round the cape of Good Hope. This boat was built solely for freight, and her great length and width allow her to carry an immense cargo. She has no regular route but is simply an enormous "tramp" steamer; her dead weight capacity is 10,250 tons, and she can carry 400,000 bushels grain; she is now taking on a cargo of 350,000 bushels of white corn, which will be carried in bags of 200 pounds each. Besides this immense cargo of corn, the Westmeath is being loaded with general merchandise, consisting of canned meats and stoves, ranges, mining machinery, artificial ice machines and all sorts of things for the South African colonies.

With these colonies the American trade has increased tenfold in the last two years, and now this steamer is about to take the largest cargo ever shipped there from the United States. The members of the Produce Exchange are very much interested in this steamer, and Henry D. McCord, the President of the Exchange, is loading her. The vastness of her cargo may be realized when one considers that she will carry 21,000,000 pounds of corn, which required ten thousand acres of land to raise. This corn is sold to the Kaffirs, who grind it into meal in hand mortars. The Westmeath is only one of a number of steamers loaded recently with corn and wheat for the South African trade.

There are many cures for the American malady of indigestion, but when indigestion has passed into biliousness and is attended by sour stomach, dizziness, disordered liver, etc., we believe there is no remedy in the world equal to Ramon's Tonic Liver Pills. Pills to take the liver—Tonic Liver Pills to build up the system; two separate medicines; together they cleanse the system and repair the waste. Try them once; your druggist keeps them. Only twenty five cents for both, trial doses free.

Have you seen Pierce's buggies, phaetons, surreys and hacks, if not it will certainly pay you to see them before buying.

AN ODD MAN.

Agrees for His Wife to Marry Another Man and Blesses Them.

Vanceburg, Ky., May 27.—Many odd things happen in this section of the State, not a few of which involve life co-partnerships. One instance of this is illustrated in the marriage of Mrs. Rebecca Cane to John Simpler of this city.

A few years ago Mr. Wm. McCane came here from Virginia and purchased a large tract of unimproved land south of the city, which he proceeded to improve. He was quite eccentric and for a time, though a man of large means, lived all alone in a residence he erected on his land. Finally his aged eyes rested on the pleasing form of Mrs. Rebecca Downing, a buxom widow, and his heart began to pulse with the activity of youth. He proposed the second time he met her, was accepted and the ceremony was immediately performed.

They took up their abode in the old man's house and hired a handsome young man named John Simpler to work for them. The latter and Mrs. McCane soon formed a mutual affection for each other. Did he raise a storm and drive Simpler from the house? Not a bit of it; he took the matter philosophically. He called the blushing pair to his chair and said, in a kindly manner:

"Get down on your knees and let me pronounce a blessing on your heads."

They obeyed him. He then said: "I don't blame you much. Love can't be controlled by will. Now I will get a divorce from you and you and John get married, live with me and take tender care of me the balance of my days and all my property is yours."

The divorce was obtained, John and Mrs. McCane were married, and the trio are living together now, apparently as happy as birds in their nests.

FRANK JAMES.

The Ex-Bandit to be Engaged as a Special Guard for Express Trains.

Frank James as a guard on express trains carrying large amounts of money or valuables is one of the novelities the express people are now arranging. Negotiations have been in progress now for several weeks, but the possibilities are that they will be closed up in a few days. The effect of Frank's name, in view of his former prowess in robbing trains himself, is what the express companies are aiming after. They do not know, they say, that he could stop a determined robber, any more than one of their own messengers, but they think the ordinary train robber would hesitate to tackle him.

James is willing to accept the position and guarantee that no train in his charge will be robbed except over his dead body, with but one single provision; and that is that the express people put up a bond of \$50,000, this amount to go to his widow in case of his death. The express people are inclined to yield to this, though there is some opposition. Frank has been firm in standing out for it, and will not go out on the road unless the bond is fixed up to his satisfaction. Since he became a respectable and law abiding citizen he has taken very good care of his family, and he does not propose to commence anything else now. When the negotiations were first begun he was asked if he could shoot with both hands.

"Well," he replied, "it used to be that I could, and I guess I have not forgotten how yet." Frank has been working steadily for some time, but has never been able to make an exor-

bitant salary, and for that reason would be willing to take the risk of this venture. As one of his friends said: "It is not as much risk as he has taken on hundreds of occasions before, when out on one of his raids. The only difference would be that in would have the law on his side."—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

A GREAT METEORITE.

Peary Will Take Another Trip to the Arctic.

Information is received in Brooklyn that civil engineer Robert E. Peary's plans for his Arctic expedition this summer are practically complete. Instead of St. John, N. F., as in former years, Sydney, Cape Breton, will be the port of departure. The expedition will leave that port about July 15th in a steam whaler of the Newfoundland fleet, especially chartered and equipped for the service, says the New York Tribune.

Capt. John Bartlett, in command of the Peary expedition of 1895 and brother of Capt. Harry Bartlett, of the expedition of 1894 in the unfortunate Falcon, will be in command this summer. The Kite, in which engineer Peary has made six successful northern voyages, having been chartered to leave St. John for the Davis straits June 1 on a whaling cruise, will not be available, and her place will be supplied by a larger and more comfortable steamer, from the Newfoundland sailing fleet.

From Cape Breton the course northward will be along the Labrador coast as the conditions of ice may permit; then crossing Davis straits to the Greenland coast, stops will be made at Godthaab and Godhaven, and possibly Upernivik.

Peary will push forward with all practicable speed to accomplish the main object, the obtaining of the immense meteorite, the largest in the world, which last year he discovered and landed not far from Cape York. With this object secured, the course will be laid southwest across Melville, bay to Godhaven, where a call will be made on the return to embark any of the party who may have awaited the ship there. Coming south, an attempt will be made to penetrate the Hudson straits, and if possible examine some valuable mining prospects which have been reported in an uninhabited place on the north shore. A call may also be made at the Labrador ports, if circumstances favor, and while the ship is absent Engineer Peary may go north of Cape York to his former headquarters at Inglefield gulf.

The scientific party from Cornell University, headed by Prof. Ralph S. Tarr, of the department of geology, will embark on the steamer, leaving her at some point in Greenland for scientific field work during her absence in the north. Prof. Burton, of the Boston institute of technology, is also contemplating a similar scientific field excursion, and one or two other passengers may be added to the party. North of Godhaven, however, Mr. Peary will have only the Captain and crew of the steamer. If the expedition is successful in getting the meteorite, it will return directly to New York. Great interest is manifested by scientists in the finding of the meteorite.

Mr. James Perdue, an old soldier residing at Monroe, Michigan, was severely afflicted with rheumatism but received prompt relief from pain by using Chamberlain's Pain Balm. He says: "At times my back would ache so badly that I could hardly raise up. If I had not gotten relief I would not be here to write these few lines. The Chamberlain Pain Balm has done me a great deal of good and I feel very grateful for it." For sale by J. H. Orme, druggist.

If you know you will need repairs for your McCormick machines or Russell & Co. engines, please let me know at once.

H. F. Ray.

What is

CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrup, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."

DR. G. C. OSOON,

Lowell, Mass.

"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quick nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."

DR. J. F. KINCHELOE,

Cowaway, Ark.

Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."

H. A. ARCHER, M. D.,

111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."

UNITED HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY,

Boston, Mass.

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, New York City.

A RARE CHANCE

To have your picture enlarged without cost.

We have made an arrangement with one of the largest houses in Chicago doing this kind of work to enlarge any picture we may send them and we furnish them hand-somely framed at our store under these conditions:

For every purchase of \$10.00 worth of goods we give one enlarged picture, the only cost is \$3.00 wholesale price for the beautiful frame that goes with each picture.

Very Truly,

G. C. GRAY.

Your Spring Suit

IS NOW NEEDED

And if you consult your best interest, you will get FOHS, the tailor, to make it. He has just received the handsomest line of goods on the market, and invites you to call and see it. All grades, all styles, all colors. A tailor made suit fits you exactly, it is better made and will wear longer and look nicer than any other. He is making suits at remarkably low prices, he guarantees a fit. Be sure to call and see the goods, look at the latest fashion plates, and get his prices.

Bellville St., First Door East of Masonic Building.

FOHS, The Tailor.

Not Sold Out! Still in the Ring!

Farmers, in these hard times, it behooves you to save money. This is a problem that I can help you solve. Buy the implements that do the best, last the longest and buy them at the cheapest place. I have the goods, I will sell at the right price. Try me.



I AM SELLING
 The Celebrated McCormick Harvesting Machines
 THE BEST ON EARTH.

Wagons, Plows, Disc-Harrows,
 Buggies, Harness, Fence Wire,
 Saddles, Hay-rakes, Plow Gear, Etc.

I will treat you right, and give you inside figures on prices.

J. A. UTLEY, Salem, Ky.

Thousands Ride In

THE NAME TELLS THEIR FAME.
COCHRAN & BAKER, Agts.
 MARION, KY.

DELKER BUGGIES.



"Old Things Have Passed Away."
 The "Metric System" was discussed in a paper by Miss Pressnell. This seemingly dry subject was treated with interest and humor.

Cash .. WORKS.. Wonders

Economy Does not mean the using of poor things because they are cheap, it means to use the very best things so as to get the very best out of them. MORAL.—Buy your goods where your money will serve your purpose best.

Pickens, Cassidy & Co.,

ORIGINATORS AND PROMOTORS OF LOW PRICES.

Evidence of this fact will be forthcoming When you visit OUR STORE!

We want you

To come and see our lovely line of wash fabrics—dainty beauties for warm weather. Beautiful faces of every description.

When we say

Ours is the best and most thoroughly reliable merchandise you may know there is a treat in store for the cash buyer coming our way.

We have

Commenced the month with Bargains, we will continue the month with Bargains, we will end the month with Bargains.

As an inducement

For every lady in Crittenden and adjoining counties to visit our store we have made sweeping reductions in every department throughout the house.

It's an ill wind

That blows nobody good. The gentle zephyrs of May are proving to be trade winds to those who have come to see us lately.

An endless assortment of new embroideries. So much to see in summer specialties for ladies wear, no space to enumerate. Top notch of style, beauty and durability reached in our new up-to-date line of shoes for ladies and gentlemen.

Gentlemen

DON'T MISS US ON

Clothing

WE WILL MAKE IT TO YOUR INTEREST TO BUY FROM US

The Press.

R. C. WALKER, Publisher.

LOCAL NEWS.

Mrs. Loving underseals them all. Pay your child tax or the penalty will be added.

Rev. R. Y. Thomas, of South Carolina, was in town Monday.

The best and the cheapest millinery goods at Mrs. Lovings.

The best cherry seeders at Cochran & Baker's.

Fashionable hats at Mrs. M. L. Barnes & Co.

Nothing seems to stem the torrent of damage visits in the county.

Mrs. Maud Roney, of Evansville, is the guest of friends in Marion.

Mr. Lee Cook, of Ford's Ferry, spent Sunday with friends in Marion.

WANTED.—Hams and eggs, will pay best price. A. M. Henry.

Finest selection of wall paper in the county at J. H. Orme's Drug Store.

See Clark, Kevill & Co. before buying your fertilizer for tobacco and corn.

The latest style millinery goods and the lowest prices at Mrs. M. L. Barnes & Co.

Reduced Prices on Clothing at Pierce, Vandell, Gugenheim Co.

Mrs. T. J. Cochran, of Enfield, Ill., is a guest of relatives at this place.

We have the best binder twine on the market. Price at the bottom. Cochran & Baker.

Mrs. James Sue Threlkeld and Clara Brown, of Tulsa, were guests of friends in Marion the first of the week.

We have the best binder twine on the market. Price at the bottom. Cochran & Baker.

More New Dress Goods, Pierce, Vandell, Gugenheim Co.

W. E. Dixon, of Carverville, was in town Friday. He came up to attend the decoration services at Piney.

Rev. J. F. Price, B. P. McLean and Mrs. Elviah Cochran attended the Endeavor meeting at Paducah the last of the week.

One reason everybody likes McCormick machines, is take less repairs. If you don't believe it ask those who have tried them.

Get you one of those nobby suits from Pierce, Vandell, Gugenheim Co.

Mr. Wm. F. Clement, of this place, went to Henderson Tuesday to begin work as night clerk at the Barrett House.

Mrs. H. D. McChesney and children, of Salem, took the train at this place Friday, to visit her sister at Mayfield.

We want to exchange flour for 2000 bushels white corn shelled. Clark, Kevill & Co.

Mr. J. M. Freeman went to Mound City, Ill., Friday, for his family who had been visiting friends there for some weeks.

Mrs. M. L. Barnes & Co. have a splendid stock of millinery goods. Ladies, do not fail to see them.

A few days ago, Eura Bigham went hunting one afternoon and bagged 20 squirrels and 7 foxes and made only 24 shots.

Messrs. O. M. James, E. L. Nunn, Carl Flannery and C. S. Nunn are attending the State Convention at Lexington.

Mr. W. M. Freeman returned from Kansas Friday morning. He arrived in St. Louis just half an hour after the cyclone had devastated that city.

HUNTING OIL.

Samuel McElfatric Thinks Crittenden and Caldwell are Good Oil Fields.

Mrs. J. M. Roney, of Evansville, is visiting friends in Marion. She thinks of making this place her home.

We have the best binder twine on the market. Price at the bottom. Cochran & Baker.

Rev. Mr. Rogers, of Nashville, will preach at Marion on Monday next, county court day.

A big crowd, good speaking, fine music, plenty of flowers and a superb dinner at Piney Saturday.

Beer it is mind. We are still getting in new millinery goods.

G. B. Crawford has been appointed administrator of the estate of James Wright, deceased.

Deputy Grand Workman Vaughn, of Paducah, attended a meeting of the A. O. U. W. at this place last week.

The following deeds have been recorded: C. C. Heine to Jacob Heine.

C. L. Hill to J. A. Herron 51 acres for \$625.

Our friend Green Jacobs came in this week with war paint on. Last week we stated that he had set 1600 plants of tobacco to the acre, when he should have said that his crop, last year, weighed 1600 pounds to the acre.

On account of the Christian Endeavor Convention here Friday and Saturday, the Children's Day exercises at the Cumberland Presbyterian Church will be deferred until the third Sunday in June.

Tuesday quite a number of citizens of Bells Mines were in town to attend the trial in the case of the Commonwealth vs. E. M. Liddle, who is charged with obstructing the public highway. The chief witness, F. H. White, was not present and the case was postponed until Monday, and an attachment issued for the missing witness.

Get your Straw Hat from Pierce, Vandell, Gugenheim Co.

The cheapest clothing in the country. Pierce, Vandell, Gugenheim Co.

The Christian Endeavor Convention of the Prebald Valley Union will hold its session at the Presbyterian church Friday night and Saturday.

Revs. Mitchell, of Hopkinsville, Payne, Lammam and Barber, of Princeton, and McDonald, of Paducah are expected, besides several lay speakers. Everybody is invited to attend.

J. F. PRICE.

CHEAP RATES.

On account of barbecue and other attractive festivities by the colored people, tickets will be sold to Paducah on Saturday, June 6th at rate of 45c for the round trip; good to return same date. Tickets will be sold only for the 9:21 a. m., train of June 6th.

T. C. JAMESON, Agent.

Never was such pretty dress goods as we have Pierce, Vandell, Gugenheim Co.

Base Ball.

About 75 people witnessed a match game of base ball, between the Bells Mines club and a picked nine on last Saturday at Bells Mines. The score was 24 to 3 in favor of the Bells Mines boys. They had a date with Sturgis, but as Sturgis failed to appear they played a picked nine with the above result.

Umpire.

TEACHERS' MEET.

A Large and Enthusiastic Gathering of First District Educators.

Marion Entertains and is Entertained.

"The largest and best meeting we have ever had," was the way many of the teachers expressed themselves in reference to the Association held at Marion Friday and Saturday.

"We are exceedingly glad you come, we have enjoyed your visit, you have given us a big impetus to the cause of education in our midst, and we hope you will come again," is the way Marion expresses its sentiments to the teachers, as they departed for their respective homes Saturday evening.

The twenty-third semi-annual session of the First District Teachers' Association was called to order by acting president Anderson, of Wickliffe, in the opera house in Marion Friday morning.

The session was opened with prayer by Ed. T. C. Carter.

Prof. Chas. Evans delivered the welcome address, and it was a good one. He spoke of the great work teachers are doing, their importance as a factor in civilization, of the high esteem in which they are held by the best people everywhere, and said that Marion was proud to welcome the Association to its midst, and extended the hospitality of the town, whatever he was at the command of the Association.

President Anderson responded in a happy speech.

The roll was called and the rest of the morning was consumed in enrolling new members. Thirty seven teachers from Livingston county were present and their names were added to the roll, and forty-four from Crittenden became members of the Association.

The first thing in the afternoon was a paper by R. A. Faulkner, of Livingston county. His theme was "Educational Hints." He treated the subject under four heads, the use of the pen, the use of the tongue, the use of the hand, and the use of the foot.

He was a true and an affectionate friend and kind neighbor. She has a host of friends in the town and county, who will be grieved at the sad news. The bereaved husband and son have the deepest sympathy of the entire community.

Suits Filed.

J. H. Clift and Urey Duval have filed suit against the Nashville and Evansville Packet Company. The plaintiffs say that at Dycusburg on the 17th of April they delivered to the defendants on board the steamer Alex Perry for shipment 41,000 feet of poplar lumber, of the value of \$574; that the defendant failed to carry and deliver said lumber, as agreed, and that \$322 worth of same was lost; therefore the plaintiffs pray judgment against the defendants for \$322.

Charles Easley files a similar suit against the same parties for \$150.92.

Schuyler Jacobs has filed a suit against W. B. James for \$10,000 damages. The petition says that the defendant accused the plaintiff of committing larceny by the use of the following language in the presence of divers persons:

"He, Schuyler Jacobs, (meaning this plaintiff) broke into my smoke house and stole my cider."

The plaintiff therefore prays for damages in the sum of \$10,000.

Will Sue the Town.

A few days ago Mrs. Laura Champion, wife of Pink Champion of this place, fell on the sidewalk. She claims that the fall was occasioned by a defective pavement, and that she was severely injured thereby. She has employed an attorney to bring suit against the town for damages.

SATURDAY.

Prof. Froge, of Uniontown, and Supt. McBroome, of Paducah, discussed "County Institutes." Both commended the institute and urged the teachers to support them heartily, they had been and were still great blessings, and their influence should be felt in every county.

Mr. D. M. Boyd, of Kuttawa, read a splendid paper, entitled, "Lift and Learn, Progress and Pull." The paper made a fine impression on the Association.

Miss Sasseen, of Henderson, was introduced to the Association, and read a paper on "Mothers Day." She is a strong advocate of the establishment of a Mothers Day in every school. She urges that a day should be set apart for and devoted to recitations, essays, etc., on mother and home, and that the public, especially the mothers, be invited to attend these exercises; by this means she would instill a deeper love and veneration in the hearts of the children for mother and home, and at the same time interest the mothers in the work of the teacher, and establish a stronger tie between the mothers and the teachers. Schools in several states have adopted this plan, and some states have enacted laws with this in view. After hearing the paper, the Association unanimously voted: "I will have a Mothers Day."

Mr. Wilford Colkins spoke on the "Worst Boy in School." He said there was a way to successfully handle the worst boy in school, and that way was not always by the use of the rod, and that teachers should study him and if they were allowed enough to penetrate his make up and find his soft spots, they could set him right and the result would amply reward them for their work.

Supt. McChesney, of Livingston county, read a paper on "Kentucky's Position in the Educational World." He compared the status of Kentucky in educational matters with that of other states, and the paper was full of historical and current facts; it showed that while Kentucky was not in the lead, she was not in the rear.

Ex-Senator A. L. Peterman, of Lexington, made one of the best speeches of the Association on "Educational Habits."

Miss Katie McDaniel, superintendent of the schools of Christian county, was introduced in a most complimentary manner by Miss Wheeler, superintendent of Crittenden county schools, and the appearance of both of these ladies—the one introducing the other—was greeted with the heartiest of applause. Miss McDaniel said she was glad to be with the Association and appreciated the introduction, she congratulated the Association upon its good work and the interest manifested in the cause. She said that she hoped the Association would keep on extending until took in her county, as the Second district had no Association.

Supt. Geo. O. McBroome, of Paducah made a motion that the territory of the Association be extended so as to take in all counties west of the L. & N. railroad. He said he wanted Prof. Froge, Miss Sasseen, Miss McDaniel and Prof. Mahan. Supt. McChesney seconded the motion. President Anderson and Miss Grassham approved the motion, and after discussion it was withdrawn.

After this came the election of officers.

Vice president Anderson, who was acting as president, was elected president, and Chas. Evans, of Marion, was elected vice president, and Miss Martha Grassham, of Salem, secretary.

After adopting appropriate resolutions, the Association adjourned.

Miss Martha Grassham read a paper on "Normal Schools," strongly advocating normal methods.

Miss Iona Desha had a paper on "Old Things Have Passed Away."

The "Metric System" was discussed in a paper by Miss Preenell. This seemingly dry subject was treated with just enough humor

NOTES.

The Association visited the school building in a body to inspect the displays of school work by Marion school and Uniontown school. Prof. Froge, of Uniontown, brought the exhibit of his school over, and it was handsomely arranged, and occupied one room of the school building, while the Marion exhibit occupied another. These exhibits attracted the attention of everybody and on every hand the most complimentary comments were made concerning them. These two teachers—Froge and Evans—are made of exceedingly stern stuff, if they were not gratified, yes elated, at the manner and terms in which their work was praised by both fellow teachers and the general public.

Miss Mina Wheeler was an incessant worker, leaving nothing undone to make the meeting a success, and she was one of the most useful and popular members of the Association.

Miss Martha Grassham, the efficient secretary, stands at the head of the profession in Livingston county. She is an indefatigable worker in the second room, and she is building up a fine school at Smithland.

W. A. Anderson, of Wickliffe, who was elected president without opposition, makes a splendid presiding officer. He is not only pleasant, affable and handsome, but able, thoroughly devoted to the Association and the cause.

Mr. Peterman's lecture Friday night was one of the strong features of the Association. The lecture was replete with wisdom, pathos and humor and for more than an hour no audience was ever more delightfully entertained.

Mr. Peterman stands high with the teachers, and the people of Marion will be pleased to know that he will conduct the Crittenden county teachers' institute this year.

Livingston county has one of the best school superintendents in the country. He is completely wrapped up in his work, and is doing great good for the cause of education. The teachers of his county respect and admire him and are giving him their unanimous support, and as a result of this warm co-operation Livingston county is going to the front in educational matters. It was a good day's work for all Livingston county, who elected Harry McChesney school superintendent, and Crittenden county has a part in the glory, because she reared the boy and loaned him to her mother county.

COUNTY CONVENTION.

The Democrats of Crittenden Turn out and Express Themselves on the Currency Question.

Pursuant to the call, the Democrats of Crittenden county assembled in mass meeting at Marion Saturday to appoint delegates to the State Convention. When the hour arrived the court house was packed with representative men from all portions of the county.

P. S. Maxwell, Chairman of the county committee called the meeting to order and briefly stated its object.

Mr. J. N. Clark nominated Dr. J. N. Todd, of Shady Grove, for permanent chairman of the convention. Several gentlemen seconded the nomination, and Dr. Todd was unanimously chosen.

R. C. Walker was elected Secretary.

After a few appropriate remarks from the chair, it was announced that the convention was ready for business.

Motion was made and adopted, without opposition, directing the chairman to appoint a committee on resolutions to consist of one member from each precinct in the county. The following gentlemen were appointed:

Marion No. 1—J. W. Lynn.

Marion No. 2—C. S. Nunn.

Marion No. 3—J. G. Rochester.

Marion No. 4—L. W. Oruce.

Dycusburg—T. J. Yeats.

Union—E. H. Taylor.

Sheridan—T. E. Griffith.

Tolu—G. B. Crawford.

Ford's Ferry—W. B. W'born.

Bells Mines—E. L. Nunn.

Piney—Robt. Wood.

The committee retired and at the end of twenty-five minutes reported the following resolutions, which were adopted without a dissenting vote:

1. The Democrats of Crittenden county in convention assembled at Marion, Ky., Saturday May 30, 1896, pursuant to the call of the democratic state central committee, demand the speedy restoration of silver to the place it occupied under our coinage laws prior to the year 1873, and to that end we favor the free and unlimited coinage of both silver and gold as primary and redemption money at the ratio of 16 to 1, without waiting for the consent or concurrence of any other government, and such coinage to be a full legal tender for all debts, public and private.

2. Congress alone has the power to coin and issue money, and President Jackson declared that this power could not be delegated to corporations; we therefore favor the abolition of the national banking system by the repeal of the ten per cent tax on state banks.

3. We condemn the policy of the Courier-Journal, Post and Times as undemocratic, but we commend to the people the Crittenden Press, and congratulate its editor, R. C. Walker for his able and successful efforts to stay the treacherous influence of the Louisville newspapers in our county, and to him the democrats of Crittenden are largely indebted for the prevailing harmony in their ranks.

4. We commend the matchless bravery and marvelous fight of open faced, honest hearted Joe Blackburn who took a defeated and despondent democracy and prevented the election of a republican to the United States Senate, and we applaud the action of those true and sturdy democrats who stood by him so loyally. We deprecate as contemptible the hypocrisy of those so called styled democrats who refused to obey the demands of their party caucus, and with the republicans voted against Blackburn—the caucus nominee.

WILL PAY CASH.

For one week only I will pay these prices:

Old hens 4c.

Spring chickens 8c.

Eggs 5c.

Unwashed wool, free of burrs 10c.

Unwashed burry wool 5 to 8c.

Tub washed wool, free of burrs and well picked 15c.

Tub washed wool, half picked and half washed, same price as burry wool.

Dry Seng 22.60

Feathers 30c.

I want your corn and wheat, come and get prices.

M. SCHWAB.

Removal Notice.

We have moved to store room first door south of Cameron old stand. Will be pleased to see all our old customers and friends.

Yours truly, COCHRAN & BAKER.

Administrator's Notice.

All persons having claims against the estate of A. B. Wicker, deceased, must present same, properly proven, within 30 days from this date, or same will be barred by law. This May 12, 1896.

M. F. FOWLER, Admr.

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