

PIERCE YANDELL GUGENHEIM CO

Come and See us on the Corner  A House Full of Unheard of Bargains!

The Almighty Dollar Rules the world and the more you get of them the better for you, but it is not so much how many you can get as how many you can get to stay with you that counts. Here is where we come in. We can save you many of the dollars on Dry Goods, Clothing, Shoes and Hats and everything in our line.

CLOTHING FOR MEN AND BOYS

And a world of it. Come and try us, and you can get a suit of clothes \$1.00 to \$2.50 cheaper than you ever did.

Suits for Men from \$3.50 up to \$10.00.
Which are worth from \$5.00 to \$15.00.

Boys Suits from 75c. to \$5.50.
Which are worth from \$1.00 to \$7.50.

SUMMER CLOTHING

All kinds of Summer clothing such as Serges, Crashes, Lustres and Dratete, at the lowest of prices.

STRAW HATS

In latest shapes and lowest prices. See them.

SELLING GOOD SHOES

Both stylish and servicable at a less price than anybody can. That is our Motto.

CLOSING OUT SLIPPERS

See our closing out Slippers. Bargains worth \$1.25 to \$1.75 for \$1.00 and \$1.25.

WONDERFUL BARGAINS.

In Dress Skirts, in Linens "Crashes," all wool and silks.

NEW VALENCIENNES LACES.

15, 20, 25, 35 and 50 cents per yard.
Hot weather Fans in all qualities at cold weather prices.

We Fill Your Wants in ALL GOODS For Less Than You Pay Elsewhere.

Try us for any of your wants and your dollars will last longer and go further.

PIERCE-YANDELL-GUGENHEIM COMPANY

SULLIVAN FINED \$250.

Princeton, Ky., June 21.—Young Sullivan who killed old man Brandon three weeks ago, in this county, in a difficulty growing out of the refusal of the old man to permit Sullivan to visit his daughter, was fined \$250 for the deed. Sullivan was indicted for murder, but the jury returned a verdict for involuntary manslaughter.

TO THE TRADE.

I wish to say that I am now opening up a new stock of goods in the new building below and adjoining Orme's new drug store; here I expect to carry the best line of goods in the city I will always have on hands a complete line of the following goods:

SHOES
HOSIERY
HATS
GLOVES

CORSETTS
COLLARS
CUFFS
SHIRTS

BELTS
RIBBONS
SASH
LACES

SUSPENDERS
UNDERWEAR
NECKWEAR

And many other

Fancy
Notions.

that I have not time to mention. I want you to come and see for yourself.

Remember I love to show goods.

YOURS

J. H. MORSE.

OUR TROOPS ARE LANDING IN CUBA.

A Great Battle at Guantanamo Expected.

THE SEA COVERED WITH AMERICANS, AND THE HILLS SWARMING WITH THE SPANISH SOLDIERY.

CEVERA IS PLANNING A BOLD DASH.

Off Guantanamo, Cuba, June 22.—[Special to the Press.]—Shafter is landing five thousand troops at Guantanamo and they will immediately join Garcia's forces, and the combined forces of Americans and Cubans will endeavor to intercept Pando's 15,000 Spaniards now marching to Santiago.

The hills above Guantanamo are covered with Spanish soldiers, and a terrible battle is imminent.

Off Santiago, June 22.—It is believed that Cevera is planning to make a desperate dash out of the harbor at night, hoping under cover of darkness to run the blockade. The Americans on guard are hoping the effort will be made.

London, England, June 21.—The Havana correspondent of the Times says Gen. Blanco is sending six battalions to protect the coast at Santiago.

Madrid, Spain, June 21.—The reason why the government, after much discussion, has finally decided not to release Hobson and his colleagues of the Merrimac, was that the result of their return to the United States would be a popular demonstration, resulting in strengthening the jingo party, and further, that from the military standpoint they had seen the fortifications of Santiago and it was therefore impossible to let them go.

Washington, June 22.—In the Philippines Aguinaldo is at the gates of Manila, and it is thought American troops are there also. Capt. Gen. Augusti's wife and children are held as hostages by Aguinaldo.

Aguinaldo says the Philippine Republic was declared only to hold the Philippines together for the establishment of an American colony.

Gen. Merritt has orders which practically make him Governor General of the Philippines.

Off Santiago, June 20.—The operations and the information of the last ten days show conclusively that bitter work is ahead for Gen. Shafter's men before the Spanish flag comes down from Morro's walls. The Spanish infantry, cavalry and guerrilla forces, estimated by Admiral Sampson today at 30,000 to 45,000 men, are stretched from Guantanamo to Cabanas, a distance of five miles, ready to concentrate at the point of attack.

A RIOT AMONG THE COLORED TROOPS.

Atlanta, Ga., June 21.—Twenty seven of the negro soldiers who were wounded in the recent Tampa riot have arrived at McPherson Barracks for hospital treatment.

These soldiers make startling assertions, declaring that 40 of their race were killed, and that over 100 were seriously wounded.

At the time the riot occurred the only word that came to the public was through letters to Savannah and Atlanta, carried from Tampa by trainmen. Then it was stated that the negro regulars became intoxicated and rioted through the village near camp. Southern troops tried to quell them, but as all were without commanders there resulted a riot, in which four negroes were killed and many of the white troops injured. No word has since passed the censor regarding them.

That the riot was of considerable proportions was evident from the fact that the village was thereafter under patrol of the troops. It was also stated that Northern troops joined the negroes in the riot.

LATE WAR DISPATCHES

Mole St. Nicholas, June 21.—Admiral Sampson says the landing of Gen. Shafter's troops on the coast of Santiago will be delayed several days.

London, June 21.—There is again talk of reopening peace negotiations, and high authorities claim the arguments offered in favor of Spain being for peace will be stronger than any reasons yet advanced.

Key West, Fla., June 21.—Private cipher dispatches from Havana received today by Cubans here say that Capt. Gen. Blanco has virtually abandoned the palace at Havana and taken refuge in El Principe fortress, leaving Secretary General Caganzo to direct civil affairs.

Off Santiago, June 20, via Journal Dispatch Boat Simpson.—The United States fleet of transports and convoys, comprising 36 vessels, all told, arrived off Santiago and 25,000 to the Philippine Islands and Hawaii. It is expected that the army is ready to land and the question of a landing place is being discussed by Shafter and Sampson.

Washington, June 20.—The troops encamped at Mobile, Ala., have been ordered to Miami and Fernandina, Fla., to equip at once for the expedition to Porto Rico.

Those not needed to reinforce Shafter's army are expected to be ready to sail in ten days on the next voyage of conquest.

Washington, June 21.—In spite of the denials at the War Department there will be another call for troops. The President took up the matter with his Cabinet today, and the general opinion expressed was that as soon as the last call was mustered in that another call for an additional hundred thousand would be made, the troops to be retained in camp as a reserve force in case an emergency should arise which would necessitate the use of them.

Washington, June 20.—Military men are looking for a new call for 100,000 more men to be issued by the President. Present plans require 100,000 soldiers for the siege of Havana, besides 20,000 sent to Porto Rico, 15,000 to Santiago and 25,000 to the Philippine Islands and Hawaii. It is expected that the troops will send a large number of men home sick. There are 275,000 available men in the army now raised, but home defenses reduce this to at least 250,000. Any large depletion of the force by illness will make a new call necessary.

Washington, June 20.—The government has named the following war ships ordered built by Congress:

Battleship No. 10 the Maine; No. 11 the Missouri; No. 12 the Ohio. The new monitors are: No. 2 the Arkansas; No. 8 the Connecticut; No. 9 the Florida; and No. 10 the Wyoming.

The torpedo boat No. 24 is named after ensign Bagley, the first American officer killed in the present war, a delicate compliment to the bravery of the dead hero.

Washington, June 21.—News has reached here that an attempt has been made to assassinate Capt. Gen. Blanco in Havana. A young volunteer at the palace shot at Blanco as he came out with a group of officers. His aim was bad, but took effect in the captain general's leg, inflicting a very painful wound. An officer who attempted to rush upon the soldier with his sword was stopped by the volunteers, who are reported to be in a condition bordering on mutiny. They demand that Blanco be supplanted by Weyler, and even the autonomists are either joining the insurgents or leaving the island. Blanco is blamed by all elements for disasters to the Spanish cause.

Key West, Fla., June 21.—Advice just received indicates that Blanco's threat to fire on future flags of truce was made necessary by demonstrations of the angered volunteers.

The volunteers look with suspicion upon the exchange of communications under flags of truce. They openly ask for the public execution of Hobson and his crew as the price of their services in sinking the Merrimac in Santiago harbor, thus bottling up Cervera's fleet.

This is understood to be the reason why delay in making the exchange was rendered necessary.

REGULARS TO DO THE FIGHTING.

Washington, June 19.—Gen. Miles has won. His plan of campaign has been agreed to. The President, Secretaries Alger and Long, and the War Board discussed and adopted his plan this afternoon. Orders were issued immediately in consequence.

General Miles' plans are as follows:

All transports now on the Atlantic coast must be used, not for the Porto Rico expedition, but for carrying supplies, food and ammunition to the Santiago army.

Regulars must do the aggressive work and volunteers be used for holding positions after they are captured. These volunteers should be started immediately, brigade at a time.

As soon as Santiago falls the regulars will be withdrawn and sent to Porto Rico, to be followed by the volunteers direct from the States.

Landing Under Terrific Fire.

Washington, June 22.—[Special to the Press.]—Gen. Shafter's troops are certainly landing at Guantanamo under a terrific fire from the Spanish batteries.

Two Americans Wounded By Explosion.

Key West, June 22.—[Special to the Press.]—Two American gunners fatally wounded by explosion on gunboat off of Havana today.

To Hold Spanish Prisoners Awhile Yet.

Key West, Fla., June 21.—United States Marshal Horr has received instructions to hold all persons captured on Spanish prize ships until further orders. The message created much surprise among the officials here, as all but military prisoners have recently been paroled and were to have sailed for Spain this week. The prisoners concerned have been penned up on prize ships in the harbor ever since they were captured. There are more than 200. The military prisoners are at Fort McPherson, Atlanta.

Hong Kong, June 20.—The United States transport Zafiro, which has just arrived here and anchored in Chinese waters, brought news from Manila under date of June 17, from which it appears that the insurgents now hold 4,000 Spanish and 1,000 native prisoners.

The insurgents also captured, on June 13, the town of Oalanga, the place next in importance to Manila bay.

The Spaniards have sunk the cruiser Cebu so as to obstruct the passage of the Pasig river.

Washington, June 21.—The forces under Gen. Liza and the men now at Mobile have received orders to prepare for movement to Cuba. It is expected that immediately after the fall of Santiago a large part of the army there will move on to Porto Rico. The transports now there will be held in the vicinity to take the men on to Porto Rico. The plans of the war department now contemplate such a movement of troops to Cuba as will provide a well seasoned army of at least 30,000 men for the invasion of Porto Rico, leaving enough force with the aid of the insurgents to hold Santiago province.

Committee Will Be Called.

If there be no primary election and a meeting of the committee is held to declare Mr. Wheeler the nominee, the committee will double declare that the nominee must pay the expenses of the committee meeting.—Crittenden Press.

The News is authorized to state that if such meeting is called that Mr. Wheeler will pay necessary expenses of the committee meeting, and it is urged that every committeeman of the district shall be present and take a part in the meeting at Paducah. It may be said further that District Chairman Moquist is favorable to the call and will make it at the proper time.—Paducah News.

Not for Uncle Ben.

The Republicans of this district ought to be getting in shape for the coming congressional campaign. Most assuredly they ought to have a candidate, and plenty of men can be found who would be an honor to their party and a credit to the state. There are numbers of them. We have some in our very midst. J. R. Smith, J. E. Williamson, M. Livingston, George Rock are all good business men and would make good congressional timber. There are many others in this county and in all the other counties of the district. There is J. M. Porter and Dr. Dodson of Hickman, Ed. Thomas of Fulton, L. W. Mason and N. S. Allison of Graves, John Long of Marshall of Ballard, Tom Patterson of Callaway, Max Hanberry of Trigg, Ed Hubbard of Caldwell, W. B. Yandell of Crittenden, and many others, any of whom would make a good race. The party ought to be organized and kept together, and while victory may not be an easy matter, stranger things have happened. A good, clean fight on broad principles is beneficial to the party.—Paducah Sun.

Robinson-Rice.

At 8 o'clock p. m., on Sunday June 12, Mr. W. C. Robinson and Miss Jennie Rice were united in marriage at Paducah.

The happy couple arrived at Marion on Monday afternoon on a visit to the bride's relatives and friends, and will remain several days.

Mr. Robinson is a resident of Carmi, Ill., but is located at Paducah in the employ of J. M. Jean & Sons, in the poultry business, and is a young man of excellent moral and business qualities.

The bride is a daughter of Mr. P. H. Rice, and a step-daughter of Mr. G. T. Mayes, of this county. For several months she has been in Paducah, where she was employed in one of the large retail stores of the city. She is a vivacious, amiable young lady, and has a large circle of friends in this county.

The young couple have the best wishes of their many friends down the pathway of their life.

A Friend.

Fifty Drowned.

London, June 21.—At the launching of the battleship Albion the station, crowded with distinguished officials and families broke. Three hundred persons were thrown in the water and fifty drowned. Heartrending scenes were witnessed as the disaster caused widespread excitement.

A protracted meeting will begin the third Sunday in July at the brick arbor near the Baker school house. Rev. E. B. Blackburn will conduct the meeting.

COL. BRYAN NO DUTY

New Officer Makes an Inspection of Old Fort Omaha.

Omaha, Neb., June 18.—Col. W. J. Bryan, in the glory of full regimentals, came down from Lincoln to pay to inspect old Fort Omaha preparatory to mustering in the Third regiment, better known as the Silver battalion. Colonel Bryan had one of his staff officers with him, Capt. Ed. Smith, and together they went over the fort and examined everything closely.

Colonel Bryan said he had no particular orders to examine the temporary quarters of his regiment in Omaha, but did so for personal reasons. It has been several months since regular troops were quartered at Fort Omaha, and he wanted to be certain that the old post was in proper condition. Dr. Mercer, the regimental surgeon, was present at the post inspection to give his technical knowledge if asked, but Colonel Bryan did not request it. Colonel Bryan returned to his home tonight. He said that the quarters are in excellent shape. Great quantities of provisions have already been stored at the post, as Custodian Seth Cole was ordered to provide quarters for the commissary supplies last Monday.

The regiment was ordered mobilized at that time, but the companies, many of them on their way to the depot, were stopped by orders from the war department. Colonel Bryan in referring to this phase of the case, said he had no idea why the mobilization had been so long delayed.

As the silver apostle strode through the post he received an ovation from several dozen recruits who have taken temporary quarters at the post in the hope that they can enlist after the medical examination shall have dropped some of those already accepted by the state. All volunteers recognized the tall figure of Bryan and cheered vociferously. Colonel Bryan acknowledged the salutation by taking off his gold braided hat and bowing. This provoked even wilder cheers. The colonel seemed sincerely pleased with the demonstration. He remarked quietly: "It's a pity every man who wants to go to the war can't be used. I don't know how many men I could have enlisted while I was organizing this regiment. I should say we were forced to turn away twice as many as we enlisted, but in this way we have gotten 11,000 of the finest young men in the state into the so-called Silver battalion. In fact, the disappointment in many cases was very keen."

And with this observation the colonel of the Third regiment looked back at the group of young men who with their hats still in their hands were gazing after him.

Knocked Out by the Court.

The local option election recently held at Wickliffe, which was won by the whisky side, has been declared of no effect by Judge Robbins of the circuit court, and Wickliffe will not have saloons yet awhile.—Clinton Democrat.

We Reregrt The Necssity

of continually calling upon our delinquents to pay up, and we are going to quit it—just as soon as they all settle. We need the money, need it now and need it hard. The occasion demands a persistent effort at making collections, and unless Sampson turns one of big guns on us, we are going to keep this up. We have obligations that must be met, and the little \$1, \$2, \$3, \$4 or \$5 due us from delinquents will help do the work beautifully. It is a small thing to you, but a big matter to us, when the aggregate of these small sums is considered. Your prompt response will be appreciated.

Sincerely Yours,

THE PRESS.

The Press.

ISSUED WEEKLY.

R. C. WALKER, Publisher.

ONE YEAR ONE DOLLAR

TWENTY YEARS OLD.

With this number the PRESS begins its twenty-first year, and it is not an inappropriate occasion to indulge in a few retrospective remarks. The growth of the town, the advancement of all the interests of the community and the connection of the PRESS therewith would supply us with material for a lengthy and not altogether uninteresting article, but we rather cheerfully throw aside the opportunity for a lecture, sermon, or harangue, and leave the student of Crittenden county affairs to follow his own thoughts along this line. It is sufficient to say that we have been here for twenty years, and we brought our knitting with us.

Now to the point: we have about \$2,000 due on subscription, and we need this money, need it now, need every dollar of it, and we most earnestly request every man, young or old, rich or poor, great or small, indebted to the PRESS to call and settle. The paper is published for \$1.00 a year, and when we send the paper we bank on getting the money. We have arranged to use every dollar of it in our business, and business will go awry if you fail to pay up. 'Owe no man' is a motto we would like to adopt, and if every one of our subscribers will join with us in the use of it, we will all be the happier.

R. C. WALKER.

Under the second call for volunteers Kentucky is to furnish one regiment.

Fire destroyed about fifteen thousand dollars worth of lumber at Mayfield Monday.

The reported destruction of many 'block houses' by our ships somehow reminds one of child's play.

Three months ago it looked like the war would be over in sixty days; now the nearer we get to the end the further it is away.

When the cables are cut between the First Kentucky regiment and the Louisville newspapers, what will the latter do, poor things.

The government estimates of the wheat crop is 655,000,000 bushels; the June estimate of the 1897 crop was 448,367,000 bushels.

It is not a war for territory and for money, it is sadly out of joint with the times, because it is about the only thing now run that way.

The Populist nomination for Congress is somewhere between Hon. Ben C. Keys and Mr. Reeves and can not be definitely located by either of the two gentlemen, and neither seems disposed to take charge of it.

The Paducah Register claims to have a 'red hot tip' that there is likely to be another candidate for Congress. It will 'likely' be kept in the Register's ice box until it cools off.

The Murray Ledger has twenty-one widowers corralled in one corner of Calloway county and is advertising for wives for them. Calloway is a good county and we advise our marriageable widows to correspond with manager Malone for further particulars.

The Mayfield Democrat, an ultra Wheeler organ, thinks there is no necessity for a primary election, and says, 'besides it will be an expensive business for the one candidate to carry.' We agree with the Democrat as to the fact that a primary is now a superfluous, but it comes with poor grace from the men who attached the expense clause to the call to be containing of a burden of their own making, one put upon the back of the candidate as the result of the persistent effort of the candidate's friends.

THAT WAR REVENUE BILL.

Now that the war revenue bill has been passed, citizens of Louisville and Kentucky will anxiously await its local effects. These, it appears, will first become prominently manifested as to tobacco and beer, with the latter's kindred fermented liquors.

As the home brewers dispose of in Louisville about 325,000 barrels of beer annually, the additional tax per barrel on this assumes large proportions. This does not include ale, porter and like fermented liquors which are imported, nor does it include foreign made beers.

A local retailer who was for some years connected in a high official capacity with one of the large brewers said last night that this burden would fall upon the retailers, as it was understood that the breweries would place the entire tax on every barrel, and retail prices over the counter were not susceptible of an increase that would cover this.

Tobacco in its variously manufactured forms will also pay a heavy penalty, and a member of one of the largest retail houses in the city gives the opinion that prices will not be raised on the retailers, but that the manufacturers will eventually make up the discrepancy by devising some plans for lighter weights. The advance is 60 cents on cigars, 50 cents on cigarettes, tobacco, snuff and like manufactured tobacco.

One perplexing point in the bill has been settled as to the exemption clause, and it is that retailers and jobbers are allowed free from this additional tax 20,000 cigars and cigarettes combined, not separately. That is fixed as the limit for the sum of the two, as for example 15,000 cigars and 5,000 cigarettes would make the limit.

Plug and smoking tobacco is fixed at 1,000 pounds. Of the stock which retailers and jobbers had on hand last night they are required to pay only one half of the original amount. But all stock acquired from now on, including to day, becomes liable for the full amount.

Another point of material interest is that all cigars stamped prior to April 13, 1898, are entirely exempt from the additional tax. If any dealer had a million such cigars they would come under the exemption. The druggists say that the tax on many articles handled by them will necessitate an increase in price to the consumer, as the cut rate system has already resulted in the sale of various drug materials below actual cost.

Concerning the whiskey market a leading wholesale dealer remarked last night: 'Whisky has more than it can carry now, and the framers of the bill perhaps realized that heavier burdens would be ruinous.' Parts of the bill in a condensed form which will have the strongest local effect are as follows:

TAX ON BEER.

A tax of two dollars on all beer, lager beer, ale, porter and other similar fermented liquors brewed or manufactured and sold or stored in warehouses, or removed for consumption or sale, for every barrel containing not more than thirty one gallons and at a like rate for any other quantity or fractional parts of a barrel, with a discount of 7 1/2 per cent on all sales by collectors to brewers of the stamps provided for the payment of the tax. An additional proviso was added as follows by the conference: 'That the additional tax imposed in this section on all fermented liquors

stored in warehouse to which a stamp has been affixed, shall be assessed and collected in the manner now provided by law for the collection of taxes not paid by stamps.'

SPECIAL TAXES FROM JULY 1.

1. Bankers employing a capital not exceeding \$25,000, \$50; employing a capital exceeding \$25,000, for every additional thousand dollars two dollars, surplus included in capital. The amount of such annual tax to be computed on the basis of the capital and surplus of the preceding year. Savings banks having no capital at all and whose business is confined to receiving deposits and loaning or investing the same for the benefit of their depositors, and which do no other business of banking are not subject to this tax.

2. Brokers \$50, but any person having paid the special tax as a banker shall not be required to pay the special tax as a broker.

3. Pawnbrokers \$20.

4. Commercial brokers \$20.

5. Custom house brokers \$10.

6. Proprietors of theaters, museums, concert halls in cities of more than 25,000 population \$100. This does not include halls rented or used occasionally for concerts or theatrical representations.

7. Circus \$100. No special tax paid in one state is to exempt exhibitions from the tax in another state, though but one special tax is to be imposed for exhibitions within any one state.

8. Proprietors or agents of all other public exhibitions or shows for money not enumerated here, \$10.

Bowling alleys and billiard rooms five dollars for each table.

MANUFACTURED TOBACCO.

In lieu of the tax now imposed by law, a tax of 12c per pound on all tobacco and snuff, however prepared, manufactured and sold, or removed for consumption or sale; upon cigars and cigarettes manufactured and sold, or removed for consumption and sale the following taxes are to be paid by the manufacturer: \$3.60 for 1,000 on cigars weighing more than three pounds per 1,000; \$1 per 1,000 on cigars weighing not more than three pounds per 1,000; \$3.60 per 1,000 on cigarettes weighing more than three pounds per 1,000, and \$1.50 per 1,000 on cigarettes weighing not more than three pounds per 1,000; provided, that in lieu of the two, three and four ounce packages of tobacco and snuff now authorized by law there may be packages thereof containing one and two third ounces, two and one half ounces and three and one third ounces respectively, and in addition to packages now authorized by law there may be packages containing one ounce of smoking tobacco.

The compromise proviso in regard to the taxation of the stock on hand is as follows: There shall be assessed and collected, with the exceptions hereinafter in this section provided for, upon all the articles enumerated in this section which were manufactured, imported and removed from the factory or custom house before the passage of this act bearing stamps affixed to such articles for

the payment of the taxes thereon an canceled subsequent to April 14, 1898, and which articles were at the time of the passage of this act held and intended for sale by any person, a tax equal to one half the difference between the tax already paid on such articles at the time of removal from the factory or customhouse and the tax levied in this act upon such articles. Dealers having on hand less than 1,000 pounds of manufactured tobacco and 50,000 cigars or cigarettes on the day succeeding the date of the passage of the bill are relieved from the necessity of making returns and thus relieved from the necessity of paying the tax.

Manufacturers whose sales exceed 50,000 pounds and not 100,000 pounds, \$12. Manufacturers whose sales exceed 100,000 pounds \$24. Manufacturers of cigars whose sales do not exceed 100,000 cigars and not 200,000 cigars \$12. Manufacturers whose sales exceed 200,000 cigars, \$24. Any person who carries on the business for which special taxes is imposed by this act, without having paid the special tax, is guilty of a misdemeanor, the penalty being a fine of from one hundred to five hundred dollars or imprisonment for not more than six months, or both.

It is provided that until appropriate stamps are prepared and furnished the stamps heretofore used to denote the payment of the internal revenue tax on fermented liquors, tobacco, snuff, cigars and cigarettes may, be imprinted with a suitable device, to denote the new rate of tax, and shall be fixed to all packages containing such articles on which the tax imposed by this act is paid.

INSURANCE.

Life.—On each policy for each one hundred dollars, ten cents on the amount insured. Policies on the industrial or weekly plan, 40 per cent, of the amount of the first weekly premium is charged. Fraternal, beneficiary societies and orders, farmers' purely local cooperation companies, employees' relief associations, operated on the lodge system or local cooperative plan, organized and conducted solely by the members thereof, for the exclusive benefit of its members, and not for profit, are exempted.

Insurance (marine, inland, fire), each policy one half of one cent on each dollar. Cooperation and mutual companies are exempted. Insurance (casualty, fidelity and guarantee) each policy and each bond for the performance of the duties of any office or position of other obligation of the nature of indemnity and each contract or obligation guaranteeing the validity of bonds or other obligations issued by any state, county, municipal or other public body, or guaranteeing titles to real estate, or mercantile credits, executed or guaranteed by surety company upon the amount of premium charged, one half of one cent on each dollar.

Lease, land or tenement, not exceeding one year, 25 cents; exceeding one year and not exceeding three years, 50 cents; exceeding three years \$1. Manifest for customhouse entry or clearance of cargo for a foreign port, if the registered tonnage of such ship, vessel or steamer does not exceed 300 tons, \$1; exceeding 300 tons and not exceeding 600 tons, \$3; exceeding 600 tons \$5. Mortgage of real estate or personal property exceeding \$1,000 and not exceeding \$1500 25 cents, and on each \$500 in excess

DR. DAVIS' KIDNEY TABLETS QUICK IN ACTION
ABSOLUTELY GUARANTEED TO CURE ALL FORMS OF KIDNEY AND LIVER DISEASES. THE NEW REMEDY FOR THE KIDNEYS & LIVER. IDEAL REMEDY. NEVER FAIL TO GIVE SATISFACTION. DR. N.C. DAVIS. INDIANAPOLIS, IND.

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The cylinder baking and basting pan. Saves time and trouble, and renders the meats beautiful and delicious. A new device for roasting meats. The best thing out. We give this FREE to our customers. Come in and get particulars.
Claen, Fresh Groceries
Of all Kinds, at Bottom Prices.
BIGGEST STOCK! LOWEST PRICES!
Great stock of Queensware Glassware and Lamps.
W. M. CARR.

Dry Goods Notions **Shoes and Boots**
WOODS & FOWLER
P. H. WOODS R. Q. FOWLER
We have engaged in business on the corner recently occupied by J. H. Morse north side of Court square. In our line
WE KEEP.... CHOICE GOODS.
and if fair treatment and LOW PRICES are any inducement, we are the people to see before you make your purchases.
Thanking you in advance we remain
Yours Truly
WOODS & FOWLER,
W. T. McConnell, Salesman.
Furnishing Goods, Hats, Caps Clothing, Trunks, Hand Bags, Valises, Telescopes, &c

The Birdsell Wagons
SOLD BY J. P. PIERCE
Has a guaranteed Capacity as follows
Birdsell 2 1/2, capacity 2000lbs; other wagons 2 1/2, capacity 1500lbs
Birdsell 2 3/4, capacity 3000lbs; other wagons 2 3/4, capacity 2000lbs
Birdsell 3, capacity 4000lbs; other wagons 3, capacity 2500lbs
Birdsell 3 1/4, capacity 5000lbs; other wagons 3 1/4, capacity 3500lbs
Birdsell 3 3/4, capacity 6000lbs; other wagons 3 3/4, capacity 4000lbs
The Birdsell is kept in stock by J. P. PIERCE and it will pay you to buy it in preference to any other.

Headquarters for Farm Supplies for 1898

We are in the Market with a full line of the best Farm Implements, Machines, etc.

Hoosier, Cambell, Rudd Bros. and Moline Corn Drills
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KEYSTONE DISC HARROWS!
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Buggies, Phaetons and Surries.
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W. D. CANNON, ROBT. HODGES, Salesmen.
Will be glad to have their friends call.

Cookin Stoves
All Sizes and Several Brands.
Our No. 70, 'Delight,' is the best made. Complete with full set of vessels for \$10.00.

Saddles, Harness
and Gearing of all kinds.
We make the close price on all things. Buy nothing until you see us.

J. P. PIERCE.

Dyspepsia Degrades

its victims. It puts them in the power of the weakest organ of the body and makes them its slaves. They must eat to suit it, drink to suit it, and live a lenten life of self-denial.

AYER'S PILLS

have cured many bad cases of dyspepsia—they will cure you, if you are suffering from that disease.
Mrs. H. B. Anderson, 15 Williams Street, Grand Rapids, Mich., writes:

"Ayer's Pills cured me of dyspepsia from which I had suffered for three years. They cost every other medicine."

AYER'S PILLS Cure Dyspepsia

100 DROPS

CASTORIA

Vegetable Preparation for Assuaging the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other NARCOTIC.

Perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and Loss of Sleep.

See Single Signature of **Chas. H. Fitch** NEW YORK.

At 6 months old 35 Doses - 35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

SEE THAT THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE OF

Chas. H. Fitch

IS ON THE WRAPPER OF EVERY BOTTLE OF CASTORIA

Castoria is put up in one-ounce bottles only. It is not sold in bulk. Don't allow anyone to sell you anything else on the plan or promise that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose." See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.

Chas. H. Fitch is on every wrapper.

OSTEOPATHY.

Examination Free!

Drs Chase and Coffman,

from the School of OSTEOPATHY at Kirksville, Mo., will be in our town after June 27. While they do not come as King-cure-alls, nor as antagonists of any other honest treatment, yet they claim to handle on scientific principles any disease that is curable and that without the use of drugs or the knife.

"I have taken the treatment and know Dr. Hoffman and can safely say that they are honest men in an honest calling." H. F. RAY.

The Press.

R. C. WALKER, Publisher.

LOCAL BREVITIES

STOCK PEAS: For Sale at J. F. Pierce's.

1 1/2 lb bar soap for 5 cents at Copher's.

Mr. J. W. Pritchett of Gladstone was in town Saturday.

Uncle Johnnie Matthews of Francis was in town Saturday.

Rev. W. H. Atchey was in town Monday.

Mr. Shelby Crichtlow, of Salem, was in town Tuesday.

Mrs. F. A. Mitchell returned from Hopkinsville Thursday.

Mrs. Mary Jenkins, of Eddyville, is the guest of Mrs. R. W. Wilson.

Mr. H. C. Richardson, of Hopkinsville, was in town Monday.

Thirty-six new suits have been filed since the last term of circuit court.

John Daughtry has taken charge of the baggage car on an O. V. passenger.

Rev. G. M. Burnett is able to be out again after a severe illness of two weeks.

According to reports quail were never more plentiful at this season of the year.

Miss Kittie Gray returned from Paducah Sunday, where she has been visiting friends.

Mr. Lewis Daughtry returned from Mississippi Friday, where he spent several days with his daughter.

Mr. J. H. Clifton is at Dawson. He is afflicted with rheumatism and is trying the virtue of the water for that disease.

Messrs. Gus Higginbotham and John Vandell, Jr., were initiated into the mysteries of the A. O. U. W. Saturday night.

Mr. F. E. Robertson of Princeton was in town Monday. He thinks of moving back to Marion and operating the distillery again.

Miss Worthen of Paris, Tenn., was in town yesterday. She is an applicant for the first assistant's place in the school here.

Mr. W. R. Cruce is quite sick at his home in the country. He came home more than a week ago, and has been sick ever since.

A full force of hands is now being worked on the Marion section of the O. V., graveling the track and putting down heavy steel rails.

Fred Johnson, colored, was put in jail Saturday. He was indicted at the last term of court for stealing a lot of the distillery fixtures.

Miss Maggie McGregor, of Sturgis, was the guest of friends in town the first of the week.

Dr. W. J. J. Paris, of Elizabeth town, Ill., was in town Tuesday. He came over to attend the meeting of the Crittenden County Medical Association.

Bicycle riders should be kept off of the side walks. The old board of trustees had an ordinance to that effect and it should be revived by the new board.

Mr. Bert Wood of Evansville, spent Saturday and Sunday in Marion. He is charmed with one of our fair citizens, and may be expected to visit the town again.

Berry Brasher, a boy, was before the county judge last week, charged with carrying concealed weapons. He was acquitted; the weapon he had was an old broken pistol.

Hall Nesbitt was put under bond Monday to answer to an indictment for selling liquor without license. He says there is nothing in the case and he will be acquitted on trial.

Mr. John Wood brought a lot of wheat to town Saturday, expecting to strike a dollar market, and you may imagine his disappointment when he found the price hovering around 70 cents.

The little four months old girl of Mr. Chas. Daughtry, of the Hebron neighborhood, died Saturday morning after several days illness. The interment took place at Hurricane Sunday morning.

This county is likely to furnish more than its usual quota of prisoners for the State prison at the approaching term of Circuit Court. There are three negro boys in jail, and the chances are that all of them will be convicted of larceny.

Mr. Marion Pogue, one of the leading teachers of the county, is doing some splendid work in an educational way in his section of the county. Four of his students were in the examination Friday and Saturday, and eight others expect to graduate in the common school branches and take the examination in July.

Mr. J. W. Givens has opened up his butcher shop, next door to Pierce's hardware store. He has the finest refrigerator in town and all of his appliances are first class. He is just getting on his feet from his loss by the fire, and will appreciate the trade of the people. When there is good meat to be had you can always find it at his shop.

A gentlemen interested in the public roads suggests that large sewer pipe could be used instead of a great many culverts. The pipe will last much longer than the little wooden bridges and is not so likely to be washed out, and when once properly put in there will be little or no expense for repairs. Road overseers would do well to investigate the matter.

WANTED: Agent for White Swan Laundry, Evansville, Ind. Liberal commission paid. Wagon furnished. The best laundry in this section. Write for terms.

You can purchase ice cream at Orme's drug store in any quantity. His cream is manufactured by the Evansville ice cream company and is the best obtainable. He also serves it at the counter, either with or without soda water. All arrangements are convenient, neat and tasty.

Since concluding not to enter the race for Congress Ollie James has become immersed in the practice of law. He was in three murder cases in the Caldwell circuit court last week and is this week at Murray, representing the defense in the taking of depositions in the case of Joe Parker vs the Louisville Dispatch.

The blackberry crop promises to be the largest in this county for years and as usual most of it will go to waste, there being no market for it. A canning factory would be a great thing for the county, not only for blackberries but for the various other fruits that grow in great profusion. One of our merchants is endeavoring to arrange with an Owensboro factory to handle berries.

Dyersburg Lodge No. 232, and Liberty Lodge No. 580, F. and A. M., will have an ice cream supper at Dyersburg Friday evening. They are arranging to make a splendid affair of it, and a big crowd of Masons as well as their friends are expected to be in attendance. Everybody is invited. The proceeds will be sent to the Masonic Widows' and Orphans' Home at Louisville.

To get a pair of pants out of our factory that are not perfect in each detail is next to impossible. Of course, once in a while we miss a flaw. To counter such a possibility we put a printed guarantee in the pocket of each pair. If you find a fault, that we have missed you can get another pair or your money back. Thus the BUCKSKIN BREECHES mean as near perfection in pants as is possible.

It is not a remedy put up by any Tom, Dick or Harry; it is compounded by expert pharmacists Ely Bros. offer a 10 cent trial size. Ask your druggist. Full size Cream Balm 50 cents. We mail it.

Ely Bros., 56 Warren St. N. Y. City. Since 1861 I have been a great sufferer from catarrh. I tried Ely's Cream Balm and to all appearances am cured. Terrible headaches from which I had long suffered are gone. -W. J. Hitchcock, late Major U. S. Vol. and A. A. Gen., Buffalo, N. Y.

Recently we had occasion to go down the Ford's Ferry road and found overseer Geo. Howell and his hands doing their best to make a good road out of that section between the bridge and R. H. Butler's. There is more rock on that two miles than any other section of the road in the county, and the more it is worked the worse it gets. The boys were doing their best but a crumpled horn indeed they have out of which to make a spoon. All of the hands are for working the roads by taxation.

Monday Frank Conger did a good days work. With one machine he cut 31 acres of wheat. The ground has been measured. Frank's machine began to chatter at daylight and when the last straw of the field fell before the blade, the evening star was visible. He used two teams, reaping one while driving the other. The machine cut seven feet; he used sixty pounds of twine. The man who has or can cut more than thirty-one acres of good wheat with one machine in a day will be entitled to the blue ribbon, but at present Frank Conger has it.

One of the best flouring mills in the county is the Tolu Mills. It is supplied with modern machinery for making the finest grade of flour and is in the hands of Albert Lamb—one of the most popular millers in the county. Besides flour of all grades the mill manufactures feed stuff of all kinds, and the germ feed for stock manufactured by this mill is highly prized. Dr. L. H. Clement has recently purchased the mill, and the public may rest assured that the business will be conducted on the same honest, square plan that has given the mill the high standing it has heretofore had.

A long time ago sheriff Pickens found what he supposed to be a fine collection of partridge eggs. He filled a pocket or two and moved on happy in the contemplation of an anticipated egg feast. It occurred to him that he had better break one to see if they were in the proper condition to eat. The egg was cautiously broken, and you may imagine his astonishment when he found a little snake in that egg. He unloaded the remainder of those eggs without unnecessary delay, and the more he investigated the more snakes he found. He had scooped a blacksnake's nest instead of that of a partridge.

Thoroughbred Poland-China and Duroc-Jersey Pigs for sale, all highly bred and first class individuals. Price right.

Pierce & Son.

"Rheumatism

crippled me for years. I could not walk. I tried many physicians without benefit. On the advice of a friend I tried your medicine. I was completely cured by three bottles of

Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

G. F. BOWEN, Horton Summit, Pa.

THE SHERIFF HAS A WORD.

To the tax-payers of Crittenden county. Your 1898 taxes are due and to meet the demands of the Auditor of the State, I must collect promptly, and when circuit court is over I will make my appointments in each magisterial district for the convenience of the tax-payers, and hope to meet you all at those appointments. If you do not, when I have finished my appointments, I will put a man in the district to levy on such as do not come and make some arrangements about their taxes. Mr. Franks has treated you nicely, has waited on some of you one, two, three, four and five years, and when he had to collect many of you say he ought to have collected his tax sooner, it would have been much easier for me to pay. I can afford to have men owe me two years taxes. It is much easier for you to meet one year at a time, and much better for me. I am not going to put many notices in the Press, but will save you and myself money by collecting the tax in the year they are due, and to those who give no property for taxation, you must pay or you may get on the delinquent list.

Jno. T. Pickens, Sheriff.

Spar Crusher.

The Kentucky Flour Spar Co. is negotiating for a lot near the depot for the purpose of erecting mills to grind the spar, and for a big cooper shop. Duval & Wilson's lot across the street from F. E. Robertson's, and the lot of J. W. Blue east of and adjoining the railroad are the two pieces of property under consideration, and one of them will probably be selected and purchased at an early date and the building and machinery erected without delay.

These are the kind of additions the town now needs—something that will give employment to men and a new branch of business altogether.

The Kentucky Flour Spar Co., referred to in an article in the Press recently does not embrace the Spar Co., of St. Louis. The former is the result of the consolidation of the Kentucky Lead and Flour Spar Co., and the Porter Hudson & Co. Of this company J. C. Porter, of Paris, Tenn., is President; G. H. Irwin, of Pittsburg, Vice-President; C. P. Tiers, of Pittsburg, Secretary and Treasurer; C. P. Hudson, of Paris, General Manager and L. W. Postlethwaite, Superintendent. The St. Louis company has no connection with this firm, but is operating several mines of its own.

RUSSELL GETS A TERM.

The Last of the Four Captured Goes to the Pen.

Princeton, Ky., June 18.—In the case of the Commonwealth against James Russell for murder, the jury after being out nearly twenty-four hours, brought in a verdict at 8:30 o'clock this morning of twenty years in the penitentiary.

The crime for which Russell was indicted was committed in this county over three years ago. When he, with a crowd of men, it was charged, went to the home of old man Howton and killed his son, and shot the old man.

Four of the crowd were captured and all have been tried and sentenced to terms in the penitentiary.

The Howton case, which is ended by the conviction of Russell, has been the most famous in the annals of Caldwell county. At the time of the murder of the old fellow and his son, it attracted widespread attention, and interest has centered in the result of all the trials ever since.

TEN BREAK JAIL.

The Cell Bars Are Piled Away at Shepherdsville, Ky.

Louisville, Ky., June 20.—All the prisoners in the jail at Shepherdsville, Bullitt county, ten in number, made their escape at an early hour yesterday morning. They fled by using a St. Jacob's ladder by climbing upon each other's shoulders reached the roof. A reward has been offered for their apprehension.

Excursion to Evansville, Sunday June 26.

The Illinois Central Railroad will run a low rate excursion to Evansville, Ind., Sunday June 26, and return on account of the Silver Anniversary of Hoods Chapel, Colored Methodist Episcopal Zion church. Rate will be only one dollar from all stations from Hopkinsville to Repton inclusive; ninety cents from Blackford to Dekoven inclusive; eighty cents from Henshaw and Grove Center; seventy-five cents from Morganfield and Fluorino; sixty cents from Waverly and Corydon and fifty cents from Henderson. See bills for time of special train.

T. C. Jameson, Agent.

A MAD DOG.

Henry Hammond bitten and the Madstone Adheres to the Wound.

Last Thursday as Henry Hammond fifteen years old, son of Mr. G. O. Hammond of this place, was going down Main street near his home, a strange dog ran to him and the boy began to run but fell and the dog rushed upon him and bit him severely on the calf of the leg. The dog's actions previous to and after this indicated hydrophobia. In four hours after the biting the boy was in Paducah with Capt. Fowler's famous madstone sticking to the ugly wound. It adhered for three hours and was washed and again applied; this time it held on for more than an hour. Mr. Hammond and his son returned from Paducah Saturday, and the successful work of the madstone had greatly relieved their minds, though they will be somewhat uneasy for many days yet.

Before coming to town the dog was seen some miles in the country, and exhibited a disposition to bite every thing that came within his reach. He bit several dogs in town and all have since been killed.

ALL PARTIES CONSULTED

The State Election Commissioners Ask for Recommendations for County Commissioners.

Secretary Chensault, of the State Board of Election Commissioners has sent the following letter to the county committees of all political parties in the State:

June 17, 1898—Gentlemen: Your committee is expected to meet and pass resolutions endorsing three persons to serve as Commissioners of Election Commissioners for your county under the new election law. It is the policy of the State Board to give all political parties representation on these boards, but you are requested to endorse none but men of high moral character, men of integrity and fairness. You will please file copy of resolutions with me before the 10th of July, 1898 giving the post office address of the parties endorsed together with their political party affiliations, if any. I am, very truly,

C. P. Chensault, Sec'y.

PINEY.

Farmers of this section are busy cutting wheat.

D. J. Martin is through laying by corn.

A large crowd attended Enon church Sunday; after a good sermon by Bro Wright they had communion service.

Uncle Ben Towery says there are plenty of fish in Tradewater but the trouble is getting them out.

Aaron Towery's wife is visiting her sister, Mrs. Baker, of the Iron Hill neighborhood this week.

Felt Phillips says Green Johnsons is the place to get fried fish and gooseberry preserves.

Dow Little and family of Marion are visiting at his mother's this week.

The widow Babb and family, of Caldwell, visited relatives here last week.

When the Martin flew to Hopewell Sunday it left an empty box at Enon.

Will Edwards is a regular attendant at Enon; he comes Saturday, Saturday night and Sunday. What is the attraction, Will?

Bud Easley and wife, of Shady Grove, attended church at Enon Sunday.

We have a few bicycles in our neighborhood, and all their complaints are rough roads.

Does Baby Thrive?

If your baby is delicate and sickly and its food does not nourish it, put fifteen or twenty drops of Scott's Emulsion in its bottle three or four times a day and you will see a marked change.

We have had abundant proof that they will thrive on this emulsion when other food fails to nourish them.

It is the same with larger children that are delicate. Scott's Emulsion seems to be the element lacking in their food. Do not fail to try it if your children do not thrive. It is as useful for them in summer as in winter.

Ask your doctor if this is not true. SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York

Land For Sale

4 1/2 acres, 4 miles north east of Marion; in good neighborhood, will sell very cheap.

Martha J. Moore, Repton, Ky.

MORMONISM.

Its Origin and Spread—It Unites Church and State—Its Dangerous Centralizing Tendencies.

The Mormon religion, Mr. Editor, is founded on some fact and a great deal of dangerous heresy. More than fifty years ago there loafed about the little city of Palmyra, N. Y., a worthless, shiftless, idle vagabond by the name of Joe Smith. He was a man of no education, but with no vicious habits, and was generally regarded by his neighbors as a good natured innocent.

One day Joe Smith disappeared from his usual haunts and when next heard from he had blossomed out in to a full-fledged Prophet and Evangelist and the expounder of the only true religion. Smith claimed that an angel of the Lord had appeared to him and pointed out where the golden tablets were concealed in a hill near Palmyra. Smith declared he went there at night and dug them up. He then went into partnership with a broken-down preacher named Cowdery, I believe, and a Pittsburgh printer, and the three translated the "golden tablets" into the present "Book of Mormon." At least that is what they claimed. Others claim that Cowdery wrote the Book of Mormon simply as a novel, long before he ever heard of Smith.

Having now completed the bible of their faith they commenced evangelizing and in a few years thousands of their followers were assembled at Kirksville, Ohio. The citizens of that place, claiming Smith and his followers were swindling them right and left, drove them out, and from Kirksville the moved to Independence Mo., and again established "Zion." In a very short time they were again driven out and crossing into Illinois they established themselves on the east bank of the Mississippi river.

"Nauvoo" was the name given by Joe Smith to the new Zion. It is situated in a great bend of the upper Mississippi river, at the head of the lower rapids, and the site and its surroundings were beautiful as a poet's dream.

Here for a number of years Mormonism thrived and increased; here the "Saints" reared in the fat of the land; here Joe Smith with a Major General's commission in his pocket, reviewed his "Nauvoo Legion" of 15,000 well armed and equipped soldiers, over whom he was absolute dictator. But finally Joe's "vaunting ambition overleaped itself and fell on 'tother side." Not content to rule Nauvoo he aspired to rule Illinois. He controlled absolutely 20,000 votes. Every Mormon voted as Joe Smith dictated. He made Governors and Congressmen, and he also made bitter enemies. These combined against him. He and his brother Hyrum were arrested on grave charges and thrown into the county jail at Carthage. A few days afterward a mob overpowered the guards and killed the two Smiths with bullets. Then commenced the exodus to Salt Lake under the leadership of Brigham Young.

In 1857 a heated political canvass was on in Illinois. Abraham Lincoln and Stephen A. Douglas were rival candidates for the U. S. Senate and were stamping the State. I went to Nauvoo to edit a Douglas paper, and boarded with the former wife of Joe Smith, who was then living with her second husband. Although under the reign of Smith the Prophet she was made High Priestess of Mormonism I have every reason to believe she played no faith in Smith's "revelations" and am confident she would have made it particularly hot for him if he had went into the plural wife business on his own hook.

Smith left three sons—Jesse, Aleck and Hyrum. Joe split off from the Utah church and formed one of his own at Plano, Ill., with "no polygamy" as its chief corner stone. His two brothers, Aleck and Hyrum, went with him, although they were offered high positions in the church at Salt Lake. Thus it will be seen that neither the founder of Mormonism nor his sons practiced polygamy, although that doctrine, in the palmy days of Brigham Young, was the "key-stone" of Mormon faith, and it is charged that even now polygamy is secretly practiced in Utah, notwithstanding the stringent laws enacted against it.

As another instance of the centralizing tendencies of Mormonism, I learned, while publishing a newspaper in Arizona several years ago that the Mormon vote of that Territory controlled the election of delegate to Congress. They cast some 2,500 votes and they cast them as a unit—for a consideration.

No religion can be pure and undefiled whose priests drag it through the polluted cesspool of politics and barter the votes of its devotees for power or pelf. I do not assert that there are not pure and conscientious men and women in the Mormon church; but I do assert that its tendency to a union of church and state is fraught with serious danger to the future liberty of this country.

Nemo.

At it Again.

I am again in business at the old stand, next door to the post office, with

A CLEAN FRESH STOCK OF GROCERIES

and no man in town will treat you better, sell you goods cheaper or appreciate your patronage more than myself, I have

RESTAURANT

and am prepared to furnish you splendid meals or lunches on short notice. Don't forget me, when you are in town.

G. F. Williams.

Next Door to Postoffice.

PRESCRIPTIONS should not only be accurately filled, but, to be effective, should be filled with the very purest drugs.

R. F. Haynes,

...THE DRUGGIST...

makes a specialty of department, and guarantees every thing. Take your prescriptions to him. He handles all the patent medicines, a fine line of writing papers, blank books, pocket books, ladies purses and fine pen-fumery. Prices to please. He is agent for

The Crescent BICYCLE

One of the best wheels made and, if you want to buy, he will save you money.

Farmers,

The OLD MILL

firm will take wheat in on deposit. Call and see them at.... Marion.

THE MARY JANE GILBERT MEMORIAL—Wm. H. Gilbert, M. D., PRESIDENT.

A Private Sanitarium

Evansville, Ind.

ACCEPTS ALL KINDS OF NON-CONTAGIOUS MEDICAL & SURGICAL CASES.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL R. R.

OF INTEREST TO

STOCKHOLDERS

Free Transportation to Attend the Annual Meeting at Chicago. Some Interesting Facts.

In order that stockholders of the Illinois Central Railroad Company may more readily attend in person the annual meetings, there has been posted in each station of the Company a notice to the effect that, in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors, there may be issued to each holder of one or more shares of capital stock of the Illinois Central Railroad Company, a ticket enabling him or her to travel free over the Company's lines from the station of the Illinois Central Railroad nearest to his her registered address, to Chicago and return, for the purpose of attending, in person, the next Annual Stockholders' Meeting of the Company, which will be held at its General Office in Chicago on Wednesday, September 28, 1898, at noon. Details as to the necessary procedure to obtain such ticket, the date of its issue and its limit, are fully set forth on the posted notices referred to. In this connection, it will be interesting to note that since, in 1862, the capital stock of the Company became full paid, a cash dividend, ranging from 4 per cent. to 10 per cent. per annum, has been paid semi-annually to every holder of the stock, and that it is now twenty years since the Company, in any year, paid less than 5 per cent. the present rate of distribution.

Bad management keeps more people in poor circumstances than any other one cause. To be successful one must look ahead and plan ahead so that when a favorable opportunity presents itself he is ready to take advantage of it. A little forethought will also save much expense and valuable time. A prudent and careful man will keep a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy in the house, the shiftless fellow will wait until necessity compels it and then ruin his best horse going for a doctor and have a big doctor bill to pay, besides; one pays out 25c. the other is out a hundred dollars and then wonders why his neighbor is getting richer while he is getting poorer. For sale by J. H. Orme, the druggist.

James & James, LAWYERS,

MARION, - KENTUCKY.

Practice in the courts of Crittenden and surrounding counties, and in the Court of Appeals.

