

The Crittenden Press.

VOLUME 21.

CRITTENDEN COUNTY, KENTUCKY, JANUARY 25, 1900.

NO. 41

EIGHT LEADING REMEDIES

Reaching all the Ills of Life.

The Old Homestead remedies are sold exclusively by J. H. Morse.
The Old Homestead

Emulsion Cod Liver Oil

With hypophosphites of lime and soda, highly recommended by prominent physicians in pulmonary consumption, coughs, colds, phthisis, bronchitis, and all wasting diseases, make flesh rapidly.

The Old Homestead

Sarsaparilla

With Iodides skin and blood remedy. This old time sarsaparilla is prepared from sarsaparilla, yellow dock, stillingia, prickly ash, iodides of potassium. Guaranteed to cure blood disorders.

The Old Homestead

Beef Wine and Iron

Nutritive Tonic and Stimulant, tones up the general system, relieves dyspepsia and restores the appetite mild and safe.

The Old Homestead

Celery Nervine.

Perfect blood and nerve remedy. Recommended for all nervous diseases and other disorders arising from impure blood, cures constipation and acts a general tonic.

The Old Homestead

Laxative Syrup

A purely vegetable preparation. Contains no opium or other poisonous ingredient. Can be administered to children with perfect safety. It cleans the bowels, stimulates the liver and kidneys and leaves the system in a thoroughly healthy condition.

The Old Homestead

Tasteless Chill Tonic

with iron; a positive, permanent and effectual cure for chills and fever. A general tonic.

The Old Homestead

Cough Cure

Cures sore throat, hoarseness, influenza, pain in the chest, neuralgia, croup, bronchitis, asthma, whooping cough, soreness in lungs, and all ailments of the bronchial tubes.

The Old Homestead

Female Regulator

is an excellent remedy for relieving all forms incident to the diseases of women.

We have spared neither money, time or pains in fitting up our drug store with the best the market affords in everything, and we feel now that we are in a position to invite the public to one of the neatest and best furnished drug stores in the county, one that we are proud to own, and one that you will have no regrets in patronizing. We want your trade and will promise you fair and honest treatment. We carry all the drug sundries, a complete line of Ready Mixed Paints, Lead and Oil, and a large and endless variety of Wall Paper.

Call and see us at the New Drug Store.

J. H. MORSE.

FROM FRANKFORT.

The Committee Are Still Taking Testimony.

Four Indictments Against Colson, The Wounded Recovering.

Frankfort, Ky., Jan. 23.—It will be three weeks before the gubernatorial contest boards will report to the legislature and a vote be taken by that body. Chairman Hickman of the Goebel-Taylor contest board announced today he had allowed each side four days longer for evidence. At least two days would be needed for arguments, Hickman said, and the board would require at least one week in which to go over the evidence and prepare its report. Ex-Governor Bradley, for the contestee, asked more time and the democrats gave him two days of their four.

The churches of Frankfort today united in a prayer service, asking that all trouble from the political situation might be averted and that all danger of bloodshed be avoided. Three services were held in the Episcopal church, one in the morning, the second in the afternoon and the third at night. All, particularly the last, were largely attended.

Ex-Congressman David G. Colson, the surviving principal of the bloody tragedy enacted on Tuesday afternoon last in the lobby of the Capital Hotel was indicted by the Franklin county grand jury, four true bills being returned against him, two for willful murder and two for carrying concealed deadly weapons. The willful murder indictments are for the killing of Ethelbert D. Scott, his adversary, and Luther W. Demaree, the Shelby county man whom Scott held before him as a shield when the battle began.

The return of the indictment for killing Scott was no surprise to the friends of Col. Colson, as they were expecting it, but the indictment for killing Demaree was unexpected. Though the indictment was returned shortly after noon the prisoner was not notified of it for some little time. When told of it he expressed no surprise and made no answer to his informant. It is said that in discussing the matter some hours before he said that the return of indictments amounted to little, that the true facts of the fight would come out at the trial and not until then.

The arraignment of the prisoner in court can not be made until he is able to get down to the courthouse, which will likely be in a few days, if he continues to improve as he has in the last twenty-four hours. Until that time he can not secure bail. As soon as he is arraigned a motion for bail will, it is said be made by his attorneys.

Governor Taylor has surprised the public in general by the inexorable use of the pardoning power. Two men, one from his own county, were arrested for drunkenness and disorderly conduct, and pistols and bottles were found concealed on their persons; when they were taken into the city court for trial a messenger from the governor appeared bearing pardons for the prisoners, and, not withholding, the evidence was plain and one of them was ready to plead guilty, the court had to turn them loose. Since then four other men guilty of the same crime have been liberated by the clemency of his excellency. The reason assigned by the governor is that the proceedings against these men were "without warrant of law."

If the chief executive of the State is to continue thus rendering the officers and courts powerless to maintain order at the Capital, anarchy will prevail here sure enough. These violators of peace are mostly from the mountains and were brought here to assist Taylor in holding his office.

The legislative contest committee has extended the time to hear testimony, giving each side two additional days. The committee has shown a disposition "to go to the bottom" in this matter, and there has been as little partisanship in this examination as there is in the average court.

One fact is apparent to my mind and that is in the Louisville frauds, and there were plenty of them, the Republicans played second fiddle; the L. and N. bolters had charge there and these gentry with Whalien at the head were the instigators of the "honest election league," and tricks, devices and capers cut, and the exposing of them will purify the atmosphere for a brief season any how.

It can not be stated when a vote on the contest will be reached, it will be ten days at least.

The House at Frankfort, after a lively debate adopted the majority report of the committee recommending the unseating of Representative Taylor, of Trigg county, and the seating of McKinney, contesting Democrat. The Senate by a unanimous vote ratified the report favoring the retention of his seat by Embury Allen, of Lexington.

Among the bills introduced Tuesday, were an act increasing the penalty for disturbing worship to \$50; to tax dogs for the protection of sheep; to permit barbering on Sunday; to extend the common school term; compelling railroads to fence their rights of way.

Ex-Governor Bradley was angry this morning on reading in the Louisville Commercial the stories that many men of all parties in West Kentucky were preparing to march on Frankfort.

"My advice is," he said, "for people who have no business at Frankfort to stay away from Frankfort. By filling up the town before this hearing is ended they will prevent a fair hearing of the evidence. Any orderly citizen has a right to come here and hear the argument in the contests, but during the taking of testimony no embarrassment of the boards by reason of crowded rooms or interruptions should be countenanced."

The Louisville Dispatch of Monday was magnanimous enough to say:

"Ollie James, attorney for the contestants, has made a big success for a young man, and is doing good work for his clients in the contest cases. He is a good examiner of witnesses and makes a strong speech. His friends say he is a diamond in the rough."

The School Tax.

Tuesday the trustees of the graded school held a meeting and levied the tax for this year. The rate is the same as heretofore—fifty cents ad valorem and \$1.50.

W. A. Lewis Dead

W. A. Lewis, a well known citizen of this county, died at Ringgold, Ga., Tuesday night. He left here in November to spend the winter in the south, hoping the climatic change would prove beneficial to his health. He has been sadly afflicted with rheumatism several years. He was a good man and a good citizen.

ROBERTS.

Defends Himself in a Vigorous Speech in Congress

Defended the Action of Mormons in Fighting the United States.

Washington, D. C. Jan. 23.—This has been an oratorical field day in the house over the cases of Brigham H. Roberts, Mormon representative from Utah. The galleries were packed to suffocation, chiefly with women. The spectators after listening attentively to the arguments of Taylor of Ohio, and Littlefield, of Maine, for the adoption of the majority and minority reports respectively, of the special committee that investigated the case, remained long after nightfall to hear the impassioned words of the accused, as he faced the house, like an animal at bay, knowing every hand was raised against him.

Roberts was very adroit in the handling of his case and at times was exceedingly dramatic.

Taking advantage of the issue raised by the division in the committee as to the method of ousting him, he appropriated to himself the argument of the minority, that he constitutionally entitled to be sworn in, and the argument of the majority that once sworn in, he could not be expelled. He defended the action of the Mormons in fighting the authority of the United States for years, because, he said, they believed that sentiment would change, and dramatically stated that in these days he had rather have his flesh hewn from his bones than to have renounced his religious tenets. He concluded with all eloquent peroration in which he said he had never been conscious of a shameful act, and if he was sent north he would go with head erect and undaunted brow.

Fisk-Gilbert.

Last Tuesday night at the home of the bride, Mr. Robt. Fisk and Miss Elma Gilbert were united in the holy bonds of matrimony, Rev. J. W. Bigham performing the ceremony.

Only a few intimate friends were present to witness the union these two popular young people, and it was indeed a pleasant affair.

The bride is the daughter of Mr. Jas. G. Gilbert, one of the best citizens of Crittenden county. She is beautiful and accomplished and is very popular among the young people of Marion.

The groom is a former resident of Madisonville, and has been here about a year as manager of the telephone exchange. He is a pleasant, courteous gentleman and has made many friends here.

The Press joins with their many friends in extending congratulations.

Marriage License.

Jan. 17—Richard Wilson and Belle Woodsides.

Jan. 17—John H. Carty and Nelle H. Stone.

Jan. 17—Charles E. Butler and Ada Fritts.

Jan. 17—Seldon Jennings and Nonie Brown.

Jan. 23—L. D. Campbell and Nora Shelton.

Jan. 24—Asher B. McMaster and Bulah Love.

Deaths Recorded.

Harriet Partin to H. J. Myers interest in lot in Tolu for \$200.

J. W. Waggoner to P. S. Maxwell, H. A. Haynes, J. W. Blue, and O. S. Nunn, all of grantor's rights, title and interest in the E. E. Squire & Co's., property, for \$6,000.

Mr. Lee Orme and wife, of Uniontown, were visiting friends here this week. Mr. Orme has a flourishing drug business and is one of the valuable citizens of Uniontown.

Going Out of Business.

The New York Clothing Store

Will sell its entire stock of Clothing, Shoes, Hats and Gents Furnishing Goods out

AT COST

and some goods for

Less than Cost.

I am going back to New York City and have decided to let the people of Crittenden and adjoining counties reap the benefit of the sale as long as it lasts. First come, first served. I quote here a few of my prices and you will be convinced when you call that I mean business.

Men's All-wool Clay Worsted Suits, former price \$8.50, now \$6.00
Men's All-wool Kersey suits, former price \$8.00, now \$5.50
Men's Cassimere Suits, former price \$5.00, now \$3.00
Youth's All-wool suits, former price \$6.00, now \$3.75
Youth's Cassimere Suits, former price \$4.00, now \$2.50
Men's Shoes, former price 1.75, now 1.25
Men's Shoes, sizes 8-11, former price 1.50, now 1.00
Men's Shoes, Calif. former price 2.50, now 1.50
Men's All-wool pants, former price 2.50, now 1.50
Men's Lined Jeans Pants, former price 1.00, now 60 cents
Boys Shoes, sizes 13 to 24, former price former price 1.25, now 90c
Men's Camel hair suits of underwear, former price 1.25, now 80c

I mention only a few prices, as I cannot, for want of space, give price of every article. Call around and I will certainly offer some good bargains. My entire stock will be sold at Cost for the next 30 days.

A. ZIFF.

Next Door to Post Office.

We have our business up town and are prepared to serve our friends with the best brands of

WHISKIES, Brandies and Wines.

Four year old Monarch \$2.00 and 50 cents a quart. It is a pure corn whisky.

C. E. DOSS & CO.

JENNIE and GUS...

Dr. W. T. Graves, who was shot by Druggist Hank several months ago, left for Louisville this morning. He was accompanied by Dr. C. H. Brothers. The object of his trip is to have an operation performed, in which one of the balls from his leg will be removed.—Paducah News.

John Ford, one of Crittenden county's best farmers, has finished delivering his crop of tobacco at this place. Mr. Ford informs us that from five acres he received a yield of 6,895 pounds. The tobacco brought him \$80 per acre.—Madisonville Hustler.

George Hughes, col., was at work on the street Tuesday, with a ball and chain adorning his leg.

Mares to Exchange For Mules.

I have a number of fine brood mares to exchange for mules.

I have a number of Jersey milk cows, with young calves, for sale.

A. H. Cardin.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
ABSOLUTELY PURE
Makes the food more delicious and wholesome
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

The Press.

ISSUED WEEKLY.

R. C. WALKER, Publisher.

ONE YEAR ONE DOLLAR

It is still the "dark and bloody ground."

They are still taking testimony, and,—and other things at Frankfort

Joe Blackburn does not take Lindsay's seat in the Senate until March 1901.

The tax supervisors and smallpox have retired and everybody is breathing easier.

"Frauds are laid bare," exclaims a Louisville paper. So are eggs, spell it as you may.

Mr. Roberts can't sit in congress and have three wives all at one time.

The States reputation for peace may be growing a little hazy, but the record of her marksmen becomes more glorious.

Kentucky may have her faults, but we observe that selling her seats in the United States Senate is not one of them.

The Congressional committee has completed its investigation of the Roberts case, and will recommend his expulsion.

Years ago the name Kentucky was always thought of in connection with fair women, good whisky and fast horses, but we grow, and now its poker, politics and pistols.

The Maryland legislature refused to endorse Mr. Bryan as the "recognized leader of Democracy." Maryland Democrats are small potatoes, and were not in the hills at all in 1896.

On Wednesday of last week the legislature again balloted for Blackburn for United States Senator. He was elected over Bradley by twenty-five majority. He made a vigorous speech accepting.

If Col. Colson's blue pistol made the Democrats in the Capital hotel take to their heels like the Filipinos fly before Gen. Merritt, its not strange that they claim intimidation when Gov. Bradley drew his galling gun.

The committee on Election of President and Vice-President, in the lower House of Congress, will report favorably on the joint resolution for an amendment to the constitution for the election of United States Senators by a direct vote of the people.

Some Mayfield parties have sued Chas. Reed, of Paducah for \$300, which as stakeholder, he turned over to a man who bet that Taylor would be the next governor. A speedy decision of the case would doubtless be hailed with delight by people all over the state, who are pining in anxiety.

The Courier Journal could not keep company with the Democratic party in 1896 because of the presence of free silver, but after four years in the wilderness the old lady seems disposed to return to the "haunts of men," with both silver and anti-imperialism staring her in the face.

The trusts and combines take in a few millions by way of increased prices in the sale of all things they have exclusive control of, give labor a small per cent of the increase in some instances, stick the rest down into their capacious pockets, and, like little Johnnie Horner, sing out what a bully boy are we.

A large and enthusiastic meeting was held in Faneuil Hall, Boston, to express sympathy for the Boers. The meeting resolved:

"That, in the name of liberty, sacred always on the soil of Massachusetts, we condemn and denounce the action of England—the bully among nations—fresh from the international peace conference at The Hague, in arrogantly attacking the sovereign rights of a free people and attempting to enslave them."

President McKinley was urged to see that the neutrality laws were strictly enforced so that the power of America may not, even by a silence which might be misinterpreted, be thrown against our sister republics.

PERTINENT POINTS

From Mr. Bryan's Speech to the Kentucky Legislature.

More Virtue in the People than Finds Expression Through Representatives

I believe that every man who occupies an official position should also remember that he does not speak for himself as an individual, but for those who have trusted him; that he does not act for himself, but for those who elected him; in other words, that every public officer is a public servant and the man who forgets for one moment that he is a public servant does not deserve to be a public servant for one moment longer. There are two ideas that prevail among the people. One is that the people elect a man to think for them, and the other that the people elect a man to act for them. I believe in the latter doctrine, that the people are to think for themselves, and elect men to carry out their thoughts, and put into law their interests. That that is the Democratic doctrine is perfectly evident from the fact that we have platforms, and that when men are elected upon platforms they are expected to conform to the doctrines laid down in those platforms. If men are simply elected as superior beings, to think for the people, they would not be hampered by platforms. I believe in platforms. I believe in instructions. I believe that there is more virtue in the people than ever finds expression through its representatives. (Applause)

But, my friends, I believe that the mistakes that are made are made largely because we neglect to apply some fixed, well-defined, fundamental principle to a new question. There is a principle which I want to submit to your consideration, and that is the principle taken from the Declaration of Independence, if you will pardon me for taking anything from that Declaration which, until recently, was so highly honored in this country, and which, I trust, will be more popular in a year than it is now. (Applause) "That all men are created equal." If there is one foundation principle which lies deeper down than any other in this country, it is that doctrine, and Jefferson condensed that doctrine into a maxim "Equal rights to all, and special privileges to none," and if the members of legislative bodies would take that maxim of Jefferson and apply it to every proposed act of legislation, I do not believe that the Legislature which does it could make a mistake.

One of the great influences that we have to contend with is the lobbyist. It has become a part of every legislative session—the lobbyist has. I do not mean to say one word against the man who comes to explain a bill that he favors, or explain his objection to one which he opposes. I do not mean to say a word against the man who by open and fair argument, presents either the reasons for a measure or the objections to it. The lobbyist against whom I aim my objection is the man who comes, and instead of openly presenting his reasons takes the legislator off in a dark corner and tries to convince him that will be to his personal advantage to violate his oath which he took when he entered upon the duties of the office (applause) It is the lobbyist who, instead of directing his argument to the brain and to the heart, addresses it to the pocketbook, or to the selfish interest of the Representative (applause) This argument is not always in the form of cash in hand. It is often in the form of influence. And one of the great difficulties that we have had in these recent years is that great corporations are able to go to men and threaten that if they do not do as ordered, the influence of the corporation will be thrown against them when they come up for re-election.

TIME TO CALL A HALT. I believe the time has come when we need legislation to protect the legislator against the unfair influence of aggregated wealth. (Applause) I am not going to suggest many laws, but I am going to suggest one law. The suggestion is not made because of any conditions which exist here. I suggested it just after the election in

1896 in Nebraska, and it has been made a law in Nebraska. I think it has also been made a law in Tennessee, and the same idea has been introduced in the Legislature of New York, and in that it should be a felony for any corporation to contribute to the campaign fund in any party, in any contest. Corporations are organized for business purposes, and if you look at the charters you will find that the powers of the corporations are enumerated the rights of the corporations set forth, and nowhere will you find that one of the rights of the corporation is to control the Representative from the district in which the corporation has headquarters, or any other Representative.

I believe that when an individual has an interest—a general interest in the result of legislation, or in the triumph of a principle, or a party, that he has a right to contribute from his own means to a campaign fund to be used for educational purposes, but I do not believe that a corporation ought to be permitted to contribute out of its treasury to any campaign fund at any time or under any circumstances.

THE CORPORATION QUESTION. You have to deal with the corporation question. The corporation question is a growing question, and I want to impress upon your minds the fact that we are today giving to these corporate persons, created by man, rights denied to the individual man. I have as I say, no hostility to a corporation, so long as it keeps within the lines laid out for it, and does not injure the people; but I can not conceive of the people desiring to create a thing which they can not afterward control, and I believe that when we create corporations we should at all times reserve the right to control the corporation. The individual never gets beyond the reach of the law. The Government can effect the rights of the individual, and his interest, day by day and month by month, and year by year. The individual is never given a right that a subsequent Legislature may not effect, and yet we create corporations that do not labor under the limitations of the individuals—corporations that are not subject to the uncertainties of life—corporations far greater in their power for good or harm, and then we give to these corporations rights and immunities which we deny to the God-made man, and I believe that it is time that the American people, in every State in this Union, were awakening to the fact that we are creating giants by act of legislation, and then turning them out to trespass upon the rights of the humble individuals of flesh and blood created by God, and placed upon this footstool for the carrying out of his own purposes. (Applause)

Now, in the State of Texas, they have a law that provides that no railroad can issue stocks or bonds in excess of the value of the road, and they can not issue stocks or bonds in behalf of railroads until the State Railway Commission has examined and permitted issue of the stocks and bond. In other words they have made it impossible for a railroad to organize, and then float a lot of stock and bonds not represented by actual investment, and I have never heard a person attempt to defend against such a law as that, and I hope to see the time in every when it will not be possible for a railroad to issue one dollar of stock or bonds until it has received permission.

You can put the rates upon a reasonable basis, because I have never yet found a man who wasn't willing that railroads should have a fair return upon the actual value of their property. But what do we find? We find that because they have a monopoly because there is no rival, as in the case of farmers, or merchants, they can inflate the value of their capital, they can float bonds not represented by money invested, and then because of their monopoly, may collect from the people rates sufficient to pay dividends upon stock and bonds which do not represent value.

I do not believe that we can afford to allow a few people in a community to thus exempt themselves from the general law, and while many suffer these few prosper at the expense of the rest.

And there is another objection in the nature of a public objection of allowing a few people to exempt themselves from the lot of all the rest. If every citizen must rise or fall with the general condition, then

every citizen becomes peculiarly interested in the making of the general condition. But when you take a few people and give them a monopoly and allow them to exempt themselves from the conditions that surround others, then they become indifferent to the lot of the rest; and if conditions are such that while the other go down they go up, they not only can be indifferent to the fate of their fellow, but they can really be interested in things which bring detriment to the balance of the community, and I do not believe the Legislature of this country will do their duty until they protect the great struggling mass of mankind from the injustice that is done by monopolies in private hands. I believe it necessary for Congress, which under the Constitution has control of interstate commerce, to step in and give protection also, and one of the plans that I have thought of, which may not be the best plan, but which is a plan that I believe would be effective, is that whenever a corporation organized in any State attempts to go outside of the State to do business, it must first obtain from the Federal Government a permission to do business outside of the State, and that permission can be granted only upon the evidence that there is no water in the stock of the corporation, and, second, that it is not attempting to do and has not attempted to control the monopoly of a given branch of business, or the production of any article of merchandise.

F. C. CORSETS

MAKE American Beauties.



Latest Models. KALAMAZOO CORSET CO. SOLE MANUFACTURERS. SOLD BY

J. H. Clifton & Sons.

L. H. JAMES O. W. JAMES

James & James

LAWYERS

MARION, - - KY.

Give some people half a chance and they will take the other half.

Made Young Again.

"One of Dr. King's New Life Pills each night for two weeks has put me in my 'teens' again" writes D. H. Turner of Dempscytown, Pa. They are the best in the world for Liver, Stomach and Bowels. Purely vegetable. Never gripe. Only 25c at Orme's drug store.

Most things come to those who wait while they wait.

Many an innocent little darling is suffering an untold agony and cannot explain its troubles. Mark your child's symptoms. It may be troubled with worms, give it White's Cream Vermifuge and restore it to quietness and health. Price only 25 cents at Orme's drugstore.

Sickness is sometimes a mask worn by laziness.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

Has world-wide fame for marvellous cures. It surpasses any other salve lotion, ointment or balm for Cuts, Corns, Burns, Boils, Sores, Felons, Ulcers, Tetters, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Chapped Hands, Skin Eruptions: Infallible for Piles. Cure guaranteed. Only 25c at J. H. Orme's.

Don't select for your friend the man whose dog never cares to follow.

I was nearly dead with dyspepsia, tried doctors, visited mineral springs, and grew worse. I used Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. "That cured me." It digests what you eat. Cures indigestion, sour stomach, heartburn and all forms of dyspepsia.—J. H. Orme.

WM. FOWLER, President.
J. B. CLARK, Vice President.
R. L. MOORE, Second Vice President.

E. J. HAYWARD, Cashier
J. B. HUBBARD, Asst. Cashier

Farmers Bank

OF MARION, KY.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL STOCK \$30,000.00

A BANK OF DEPOSITS, LOANS and DISCOUNTS

Does a General Banking Business. Special Attention given Collections and Remittances. It solicits your business.

R. J. MORRIS,

Dentist,

Office over Marion Bank. MARION, KY.

DO YOU WANT TO

Double Your Savings

Southern Mutual Investment Co. BRANCH OFFICE AT MARION, KY.

With over \$100,000 reserve, offers the opportunity. Chartered under the laws of Kentucky. Has been successfully operating for six years; has paid and will continue to pay big returns for your investment. The largest returns consistent with perfect security. Endorsed by the leading financiers. Monthly payments and monthly dividends.

REFERENCES—Bradstreet or Dunns agencies, or any reputable bank in the state, and by special permission to J. B. Morton & Co., Bankers, Madisonville, Ky., and to Mr. T. J. Yandell, Cashier, Marion Bank, Marion, Ky.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION SEE

J. R. FINLEY, Room 3, Carnahan Block.

A M Henry,

'THE GROCERYMAN

Everybody trades with him.

R F. DORR,



Carries a complete line of

..Coffins and Caskets..

Burial Robes and Slippers. Prompt attention given to all orders and prices guaranteed to be as low as the lowest.

...Hearse Free to Patrons...

SEND-US ONE DOLLAR

Get this one dollar and send it to us in return for one of our beautiful ACME QUEEN PIANO BOOKS, by Wright & Co. of Chicago, Ill. You can examine it at your nearest freight depot, and if you find it exactly as represented, you can return it and get a refund of \$1.00. The greatest value you ever saw and far better than organs advertised by others at four times the price. The freight against our special 90 days' offer price, \$31.75, less the \$1.00, or \$30.75, and freight charges.

\$31.75 IS OUR SPECIAL 90 DAYS' PRICE

Less than one-half the price of other pianos.

THE ACME QUEEN is one of the most durable and sweetest sounding pianos ever made. From the illustration shown, which is engraved direct from a photograph, you can form some idea of its beautiful appearance. Made from solid quarter sawed oak, with finish, handsomely decorated with ornamental inlay.

Before 1899 style. THE ACME QUEEN is a full 40 inches high, 48 inches long, 14 inches wide, and weighs 500 pounds. Contains 8 octaves, 11 stops, as follows: Grand, Preludio, Ballade, Rondo, Cadenza, Romanza, Nocturne, Chopin, Mazurka, Polka, and Ten Dances, also 100 other pieces.

Reputable Piano Quality. 1 Set of 31 Pure Steel Strings. 1 Set of 31 Hammer Flippers. 1 Set of 31 Hammer Flippers. 1 Set of 31 Hammer Flippers.

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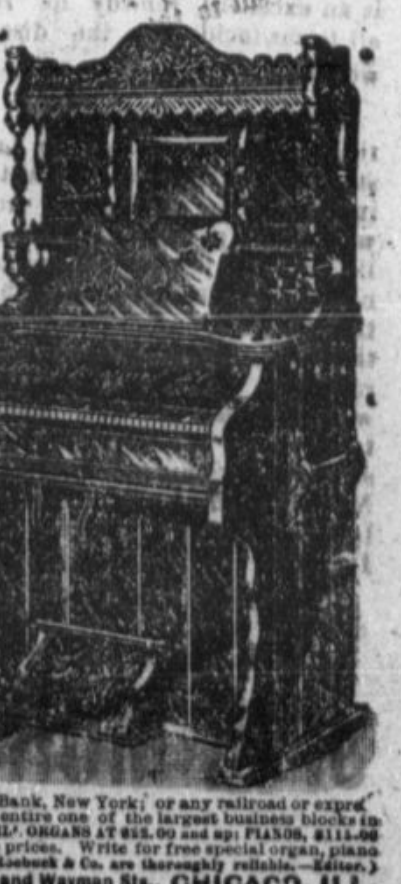
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REFORM IS NEEDED.

Public Schools of Washington Are Far Behind the Times.

As Congress Makes the Laws for the District of Columbia All Citizens Are Interested in This Matter.

[Special Washington Letter.] You have often been told of the splendid educational advantages which are afforded to young men and young women in this national capital, but there is another story to be told on that subject.

Higher education is desirable only for those who aspire to high places in public affairs and in social life. Common school education is desirable for the masses. Every child should have a common school education, and it were better far that every child should learn to read and write and cipher than that a chosen few should have collegiate and university advantages.

The common schools of this city are not worthy of the national capital, because they are not conducted on common sense principles. Consequently the children receive educations which are impractical, because they do not fit the boys and girls for practical contact with the world.

In the first place, surprising as it may seem, grammar is not taught in our common schools, nor in our high schools. One of the young lady graduates of the high school, a near relative of the narrator, this evening said: "I am now going to college and am studying Latin and Greek. It is absolutely necessary to study grammar in order to learn the first principles of those languages, and hence I am studying grammar. I never studied grammar while I was in the public schools here, nor in the high school. What I know of English grammar was learned by absorption, by the lessons learned at home, when my speech was corrected by my father and mother. So far as the public schools are concerned, I might have been graduated in complete ignorance of the correct methods of speaking or writing my mother tongue."

"Moreover," she continued, "they did not teach spelling in the public schools, and very few of the high school graduates know how to spell correctly. In Latin and Greek I find that it is absolutely necessary to know how to spell every word, in order to be able to use the dictionary intelligently, when attempting to translate sentences and paragraphs into English. Hence I am beginning, although a high school graduate, to turn my attention to the correct spelling of the English language. Of course, I am not a poor speller, but I am not a good speller because spelling was never taught me in the public schools."

This statement is so surprising that it would not be deemed worthy of quotation or belief, but for the fact that the writer has personal knowledge of its truthfulness. High school graduates have attempted to write short-



A PICNIC CLASS.

hand and transcribe their notes on the typewriter, and have demonstrated their utter inability to do even that kind of work, because they do not know how to spell.

For example, graduates of the Washington high schools acting as stenographers for years for your correspondents have written out the word "alright," supposing that the words "all right," so commonly used, constitute but one word spelled as above. Scores of them use the word "anything" for anything. Hundreds of them say: "I taken" or "he taken" for "I took" or "he took."

The young men and young women who speak and spell in that manner are graduates of the Washington high schools. There is not a common school in the Ohio, Mississippi or Missouri valleys, or in the lake region, where the first principles of practical education are so neglected. There is probably not a teacher on the prairies who would not be ashamed to graduate pupils in such ignorance of spelling and grammar.

Elocution is something of which the pupils in our schools know nothing. The teachers are graduates of our high schools. They were never taught spelling, grammar or elocution, and hence they cannot teach what they do not know. Therefore it is that our boys and girls do not know how to read well. If asked to read a column or a paragraph from a newspaper they stammer and stumble over it like children in the infant classes.

Instead of teaching arithmetic as it should be taught, the children are given lessons which they may learn or not, according to their home influences, and when they have been graduated they are unfit for any business requiring computation. Hundreds of them do not know the multiplication tables, and yet they have diplomas setting forth that they have completed their educations.

It is all right for such young men as Henry Clay, Abraham Lincoln or James A. Garfield to carve out educations for themselves and attain the highest

scholastic excellence by their own exertions, and it is equally all right for the sons of wealthy men to be carried through the schools and colleges. But the sons of rich men seldom amount to much, and the Clays, Lincolns and Garfields are but few and far between. The common schools and high schools should be conducted for the purpose of giving practical education to the millions who will soon be men and women, bearing upon their shoulders, minds and hearts the burdens of the republic, and they should be well grounded in the first principles of education.

In all of the grades of our public schools the teachers are required, willingly or otherwise, to make excursions into the hills and woods surrounding this city, taking the children with them with the alleged purpose of studying botany and geology. The days thus spent are picnic days, and they come quite often. The children are obliged to pay their own car fare, no matter how poor their parents may be. This is as unfair as it is unwise. The children do not need botany or geology, nor will they ever have need of knowledge of those branches in after life. But all of them will have need of knowledge of



TRYING TO WRITE SHORTHAND.

reading, writing, spelling and arithmetic. And those studies are not taught them.

Business men need not less than 2,000 words with which to express their ideas fluently and freely. The average high school graduate in this city does not know more than 1,000 words, and does not know how to spell more than half of those words accurately. And when they come to work for men in journalism, or other literary pursuits, these high school graduates are helpless, because they do not understand the words spoken to them, any more than they would understand the words of a foreign language. These extreme statements are made as a result of personal experience in dealing with the graduates of these schools.

Inasmuch as the boys and girls are not taught to be accurate in their spelling, they carry through life with them slovenly intellectual habits. Some of them study law and medicine, but they do not know how to spell the technical terms used in their professions. One of them, now a practicing physician, recently gave a receipt to a patient, for "fourty-nin dolls." Another, a young lawyer, wrote to a client: "Pleas cal son as possible."

Young men so educated cannot rise. Scholarly men know exactly where to place half-educated men. But the men of limited or slovenly education never can understand the completely educated men about them. Hence the high school graduates of this city seldom know how to choose a profession, or how to succeed in one. It is an uncontroverted truth that no man ever made an ill figure who understood his own talents, nor a good one who mistook them.

The highways and byways of history are strewn with the wrecks of the lives of men who mistook their callings, or who were not well equipped educationally for any calling. Many a youth who would have been a first-rate mechanic is forced into a learned profession and "with all his blushing honors thick upon his vacant head" settles down to kill people scientifically, pouring drugs, of which he knows little, into bodies of which he knows less.

"Tomkins forsakes his last and awl For literary squabbles; Styles himself poet; but his trade Remains the same—he cobbles."

Thus it appears that scores, if not hundreds, of men and women become teachers in the public schools, who might better be in trade of some kind. Thus it appears that there are superintendents or members of school boards who know little about teaching, but have power to employ teachers who know less. Consequently our public schools are in need of competent supervision, which will result in complete reformation of method and of means for giving practical education to our young people.

Upon whom to fix the responsibility for the deplorable condition of our public schools the writer does not know. It is enough for the present to state the facts. The congress is the lawmaking body of this city, and the facts herein presented will be laid before the congress by a body of leading citizens, and legislation will be asked requiring the public schools of the District of Columbia to teach reading, spelling, writing and arithmetic in the first, second and third grades. After that, if children require higher education, they may be taught something of the sciences, and maybe of the dead languages. But reform must be wrought in our public school system.

SMITH D. FRY.

A Foregone Conclusion. Cholly—Well, Mabel, I didn't mean what I said at all. In fact, I spoke without thinking. Mabel—Oh, I never doubted that for a moment.—N. Y. Journal.

Got What He Asked For. Casey—See here! That dollar ye lent me yesterday wuz a counterfeit. Cassidy—Well, Casey, didn't ye say, ye wanted it bad?—Judge.

AIDS ABOUT THE HOUSE.

To Stop Bleeding.—A handful of flour bound on the cut.

A red-hot iron will soften old putty so that it can be easily removed.

A sun bath is of more value to health than much warming by the fire.

To Cure a Sting of Bee or Wasp.—Mix common earth with water and apply at once.

To Clean Plate Glass.—A soft cloth wet in alcohol is excellent to clean French plate glass and mirrors.

To Test Nutmegs.—Prick them with a pin, and if they are good the oil will instantly spread around the puncture.

To Remove Blood Stains from Cloth.—Saturate with kerosene, and after standing a little while wash in warm water.

To Remove Coffee Stains from Linen.—Lay the stained portion of the cloth over a bowl and pour boiling water through it.

To wash delicate gingham without fading, add a tablespoonful of turpentine to a gallon of lukewarm water and soak the garment in this for an hour; afterward wash clean in warm suds. Do not let lie, but rinse it quickly through several waters and hang in the shade to dry.

To Keep Moths Out.—Benzine will drive away moths from upholstered furniture. Sprinkle with benzine. It will not spot or stain the most delicate silk, and the unpleasant odor soon passes away in the air. Where it is known that the moth-miller has entered burn a tablespoonful of gum camphor in closets where the clothes hang.—Woman's Home Companion.

President George Harris, of Amherst college, is said to bear a striking resemblance to Admiral Dewey.

WHAT SCIENCE TEACHES.

Pig's milk is under discussion in the French chamber of deputies, a petition having been sent to it asking that its use may be permitted as nourishment for babies. Some doctors favor it.

Clouds that move in a contrary direction to that of the surface current indicate a change of weather, because they prove the existence of two air currents, one warm and the other cold, and the mingling of these frequently causes rain.

Poisonous snakes when with young are sluggish and retiring in their habits. The little ones are born with fangs and poison glands in full perfection, and are dangerous even before tasting food or water. The young are much more active than the adults and probably their poison is more virulent.

M. Henri Coupon has been experimenting with the action of anesthetics on seeds. He shows that they do not injure the grain, but the insects that attack it are destroyed. Chloroform is recommended. The grain is, however, very sensitive to all anesthetic vapors, which retard their germination or kill them.

In Slam the liquid measure used is derived from a coconut shell which is capable of holding 830 tamarind seeds, and 20 of these units equal a capacity of a wooden bucket. In dry measure, 830 tamarind seeds make one "k'naah," and 25 k'naah make one "sat," or bamboo basket; 80 "sat" make one "kwiea," or cart. This is an example of the primitive origin of most units of weights and measures.

DR. BABCOCK'S EPIGRAMS.

Many a good intention dies from inattention. To die doing right is better than to live doing wrong.

Character is the confirmation of choice, the petrification of tendency. We are not responsible for the roots of sin in us, but we are responsible for the shoots.

Be good, and be good for something. A grimy hand may do a gracious deed, but a bad heart cannot.

If a man is to be a pillar in the temple of his God and by he must be some kind of a prop in God's house today.

BRIEF MENTION.

The average monthly wage of farm laborers in North Carolina is \$15.36, that including rations, house, pasture and garden.

A New York druggist says that Chinamen patronize the drug stores very little, as they have little faith in American drugs.

Prof. Hamlin, of Columbia college, declares that New York presents the unique spectacle of not having one decorative building erected at public expense.

Residents of Toledo, O., as well as commercial men representing firms in that city are beginning to place beside their names on the hotel registers "1902" instead of Toledo—a novel method of advertising the coming centennial celebration there.

Most of the old-time chop-houses in New York and Brooklyn have disappeared. These were memorable feasting spots. The ale and the chops and the deviled kidneys were of the choicest. The Welsh rarebits and game were also of the best. In the place of the chop-houses have come the "quick lunch."

Energy a Factor.

All things come to him who waits, but the fellow who hustles does not have to wait so long.—St. Louis Star.



Millions of Women Use Cuticura Soap

Exclusively for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and healing red, rough, and sore hands, in the form of baths for annoying irritations, inflammations, and chafings, or too free or offensive perspiration, in the form of washes, for ulcerative weaknesses, and for many sanative antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves to women, and especially mothers, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. No amount of persuasion can induce those who have once used it to use any other, especially for preserving and purifying the skin, scalp, and hair of infants and children. CUTICURA SOAP combines delicate emollient properties derived from CUTICURA, the great skin cure, with the purest of cleansing ingredients and the most refreshing of flower odors. No other medicated or toilet soap ever compounded is to be compared with it for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, scalp, hair, and hands. No other foreign or domestic toilet soap, however expensive, is to be compared with it for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Thus it combines in ONE SOAP at ONE PRICE, viz., TWENTY-FIVE CENTS, the BEST skin and complexion soap, the BEST toilet and BEST baby soap in the world.

All that has been said of Cuticura Soap may be said with even greater emphasis of CUTICURA OINTMENT, the most delicate and yet most effective of emollients, and greatest of skin cures. Its use in connection with Cuticura Soap (as per directions around each package), in the "ONE NIGHT CURE FOR SORE HANDS," in the "INSTANT RELIEF TREATMENT FOR DISFIGURING ITCHINGS AND IRRITATIONS," and in "A SHAMPOO FOR FALLING HAIR, and ITCHING, SCALY SCALPS," and in many uses too numerous to mention, is sufficient to prove its superiority over all other preparations for the skin.

Cuticura Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humor. Consisting of CUTICURA SOAP (25c.), to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales and soften the thickened cuticle, CUTICURA OINTMENT (50c.), to instantly allay itching, inflammation, and soothe and heal, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT (50c.), to cool and cleanse the blood. A SINGLE SET is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disfiguring, itching, and burning skin, scalp, and blood humors, with loss of hair, when all else fails, and throughout the world. PUTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CO., Sole Props., Boston. Send for "A Book for Women," free.

THE SET, \$1.25

BAD MAN TO INTERRUPT.

He Demonstrated to a Certainity That He Knew What He Was Talking About.

"W'en Moses tell de sun to stan' still—" began the old deacon, "I interrupted a brother in the amen corner, 'dat wuz Joshua!'" "Ez I said," continued the deacon, "w'en Joshua tell de sun—" "You didn't say dat at all!" said the brother who had corrected him. "Hit wuz me dat said it: Hit wuz me dat tuck you up to it!"

The deacon's patience was exhausted. He folded his brass-rimmed spectacles, laid them carefully on the table before him, walked over to the amen corner, took the objection, and with the swiftness of a cyclone, swept him forward toward the door, landing him precipitately in outer darkness.

"Ez I wuz saying, 'fo' dis little incident occurred,'" he continued, "w'en Moses tol' Joshua ter tell de sun ter stan' still—" Some of the older, learned brethren moved uneasily in their seats. They looked like they wanted to correct him, but they did not. They let it go at that!—Atlanta Constitution.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases of out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free. F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

A Suspicious American Tourist. The American tourist is so firmly convinced that he is being cheated on all hands during his European travels that he occasionally oversteps the bounds of prudence. "What is the price of this pint?" asked a young man in a Paris shop, handling a small silver brooch of exquisite workmanship. "Twenty francs, monsieur," said the clerk. "That's altogether too much," said the young American. "It's for a present to my sister. I'll give you five francs for it." "Zen it would be I zat gave ze present to your sister," said the Frenchman, with a deprecatory shrug, "and I do not know ze young mademoiselle."—Chicago Chronicle.

The Best Prescription for Chills and Fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTLESS CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price, 50c.

For the Holiday Trade. "What!" she exclaimed, "you want \$2.50 for this? Why, when I priced the same thing here a month ago it was only \$2.20." "Very likely," replied the honest salesman, "that was before we began our marked-down sale for the holidays."—Chicago Post.

I can recommend Piso's Cure for Consumption to sufferers from Asthma.—E. D. Townsend, Ft. Howard, Wis., May 4, '94.

Abnormal. Mammy—I wouldn't want no gal ob mine to marry dat Sam Johnson. Dinah—Yo' wouldn't? "No. Why, dat fella' am jes' as crazy 'bout dress as a sensible niggah ud be 'bout wata'millions!"—Puck.

Clam chowder is often productive of the deepest melancholy.—Chicago Daily News.

Words and Their Effects.

"Do you believe in the influence of single words on a person's character? Some poetical fellow has advanced the theory, you know?" "Yes, I do. There's my wife, for instance. She rises in the morning pale and listless. She picks up the morning paper. Suddenly her eye brightens, her face flushes, her whole appearance changes. A single word has wrought the miracle."

"What's the word?"

"Bargains!"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Largest Seed Growers in the World. The John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., recently shipped Twenty thousand bushels of seed potatoes to Alabama, Florida, Texas and other southern points. This firm is the largest grower of seed potatoes as also farm seeds in the world.

The hungry mendicant prefers the cold ham to the cold shoulder.—Chicago Daily News.

We refund 10c for every package of PUTNAM FADELESS DYES that fails to give satisfaction. Monroe Drug Co., Unionville, Mo. Sold by all druggists.

Men who have committed no crimes sometimes lie awake nights and can't sleep, but the women don't believe it.—Atchison Globe.

To Cure a Cold in One Day Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c. The veracity of figures often depends upon the honesty of the statistician.—Chicago Daily News.



Ayer's Pills Look at yourself! Is your face covered with pimples? Your skin rough and blotchy? It's your liver! Ayer's Pills are liver pills. They cure constipation, biliousness, and dyspepsia. 25c. All druggists.

Want your moustache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Then use BUCKINGHAM'S DYE for the whiskers. 50 CENTS OF DRUGGISTS, OR R. P. HALL & CO., BOSTON, N. H.

Dr. Bull's COUGH SYRUP Cures Croup and Whooping-Cough Unexcelled for Consumptives. Gives quick, sure results. Refuse substitutes. Dr. Bull's Pills cure Biliousness. Trial, 25c. for 75c.

WE WANT A BRANCH MANAGER or AGENT on Salary or Commission in your Town

HUNTER Tailoring Co., Cincinnati, O.

POTASH gives color, flavor and firmness to all fruits. No good fruit can be raised without Potash.

Fertilizers containing at least 8 to 10% of Potash will give best results on all fruits. Write for our pamphlets, which ought to be in every farmer's library. They are sent free.

GERMAN KALI WORKS, 95 Nassau St., New York.



READERS OF THIS PAPER DESIRING TO BUY ANYTHING ADVERTISED IN ITS COLUMNS SHOULD INSIST UPON HAVING WHAT THEY ASK FOR, REFUSING ALL SUBSTITUTES OR IMITATIONS.

A valuable book for practical flower and vegetable growers. Free for the asking. Address J. H. GILBERT & SONS, Haverhill, Mass.

VIRGINIA FARMS FOR SALE—Good land, good neighbors, schools and churches convenient. Mild healthy climate, free from extremes of both heat and cold. Low prices and easy terms. Write for free catalogue. R. B. CHAFFIN & CO. (Inc.), RICHMOND, Va.

CARTER'S INK Just as cheap as poor ink.

DROPSY QUICK RELIEF! gives ease. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SON'S, Box D, Atlanta, Ga.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Quinine Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION.

A. N. K.-F 1766

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS please state that you saw the Advertisement in this paper.

"La Creole" Will Restore those Gray Hairs

"La Creole" Hair Restorer is a Perfect Dressing and Restorer. Price \$1.00.

STILL In the LEAD!

All people interested in saving money, see our prices on Groceries before you buy elsewhere. Always fresh and new goods at low prices.

Pan cake flour for griddle 15c
Breakfast food 15c, 2 for 25c
Gr. 1c nuts 15c
Arbuckle's coffee, 2 pks for 25c
Breakfast coco 15c
Best flour 50c
No. 1 good coffee, roasted from 12 1/2 to 30c
No. 1 good coffee, green from 12 1/2 to 20c
Saff. 2 10c boxes for 15c
Jelly, 2 glasses for 15c
Canned goods, all kinds, both fruits and vegetables cheaper than anywhere.
Best coal oil 17c

Don't fail to bring us your produce, we are in the lead in prices. Pay you Cash.

HEARIN & SON,
MARION, KY.



Mares to Exchange For Mules.

I have a number of fine brood mares to exchange for mules.

I have a number of Jersey milk cows, with young calves, for sale.

A. H. Cardin,

Culture will never convert tares into wheat.

Mrs. L. Churchill, Berlin, Vt., says "Our baby was covered with running sores. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cured her." A specific for piles and skin diseases. Beware of worthless counterfeits. J. H. Orme.

Death is purely speculative, life purely practical.

Chapped hands, cracked lips and roughness of the skin cured quickly by Banner Salve, the most healing ointment in the world.—R. F. Haynes

YOU should know that Foley's Honey and Tar is absolutely the best remedy for all diseases of the Throat, Chest and Lungs. Dealers are authorized to guarantee it to give satisfaction in all cases. 25c and 50c at R. F. Haynes, drug store.

The Bible is words of one syllable—faith, hope and love.

Persons who lead a life exposure are subject to rheumatism, neuralgia and lumbago. will find a valuable remedy in BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT. It will banish pain and subdue inflammation. Price 25 and 50c at Orme's.

Local Paragraphs.

John Bebout is with Pierce & Son. Dr. L. H. Clement, of Tolu, was in town Saturday.

Men's \$1.50 shoes at \$1.00, at the New York Store.

Frank James, of Livingston, was in town Monday.

Quarterly court was in session the first of the week.

Miss Vic Cameron has been very sick several days.

\$8 50 suits for \$5.50 now at the New York Store.

Mr. Wm. Marble, of Princeton, was in town Sunday.

Mr. Everett Butler returned from Frankfort Tuesday.

Mr. R. E. Cooper, of Hopkinsville, was in town Monday.

Mr. J. B. Carter has seven cases of measles in his family.

J. W. Goodloe and wife are visiting friends in Fredonia.

Mr. A. C. Barnes, of Lola, was in South Carrollton last week.

Mr. Lewis Bebout, of Paducah, spent Sunday in Marion.

Miss Minnie Mays is the guest of Mr. J. F. Flannery's family.

Mrs. Rob't Paris and Frank Morris of Lola, were in town Monday.

Miss Annie Campbell, of Frances, is visiting friends in Morganfield.

100 pr of lined jeans pants now at The New York Store for 60 cents.

See our ad on first page.

New York Store.

Mr. J. W. Waggoner will go to Missouri the last of the week on a business trip.

Mr. Edward Hayward's family moved into their home on Walker street this week.

Mrs. W. J. Howerton will open a millinery store in the old Woods brick house on the corner.

Mr. R. L. Slayde, of Cynthiana, representing the Endowment Rank K. P., was in town last week.

Rob't Hodges has retired from Pierce & Son's hardware store. He was with the firm twelve years.

Mr. A. A. Casper left Saturday for Louisville, where he will enter the medical department of the university.

Mr. W. Y. Brasher, of Frances, was in town Monday enroute home from Morganfield, where he has been visiting friends.

Mr. R. J. Robinson, of Dycusburg, was in town Monday. He has a trade pending, which, if consummated, will bring him to Marion.

I am going out of business. Every thing goes at cost at the New York Store for the next 30 days.

A. Ziff.

Several days ago Mr. Newson Barnes accidentally fell down the stairs at his home, and his collar bone was broken. He is still suffering from the effects of the fall.

Mr. Frank M. Cossitt, of Wichita, Kansas, is spending two months with his friends here. He left here five years ago, and has been in a railroad office ever since he went west.

Mr. Rush Stephenson, of Mexico, was in town a day or two ago with a Goebel button on his coat and an unusual smile on his face. He was happy over the arrival of his first boy—a handsome 11 pounder.

Ed S. Lemon, one of our Crittenden county teachers insured his life last August in the Mutual Benefit Life Insurance Co., of Newark, N. J. Watch the announcement of settlement for this \$1000 policy.

R. D. Browning, agent.

Messrs. John R. Wilson, J. D. Leech, John C. Gates, J. Hollingsworth and J. A. Stegar have made application for the organization of a national bank at Princeton, to be known as the Farmers' National Bank, capital \$50,000.

From the Christian Observer we clip the following:

Tuesday evening, Jan. 9, while Rev. N. H. Miley, the new pastor, was gone to the depot to meet his family, the congregation took the opportunity to fill the pantry at the manse with all sorts of good things for the palate.

DEATH COMES

To Samuel Lemon as a Result of a Fall, Friday Morning.



Sam Lemon.

Mr. Samuel Lemon died at his home in the Repton neighborhood Friday morning. As was stated in the PRESS last week he sustained a fall, breaking his

leg; gangrene set up and the broken member was amputated and for a short time there was every evidence that he would recover, but it soon developed that the disease extended above the point of amputation and there was no hope for him.

He was an excellent young man, steady, sober, industrious and honest, he had worked his way to the rank of a teacher and stood high with his associates, and many friends mourn his death.

A Handsome Present.

The Portland Avenue church, of Louisville, has presented the Miley Memorial church, of Tolu, with a handsome and complete silver communion service, consisting of pitcher, goblets plates and baptismal font. It is indeed, a handsome present and is greatly appreciated by the Tolu church. It may be that the Louisville church feels that it ought to make some amends for taking Bro. Miley away, and this is a token of their disposition to even the matter up as far as they can.

A Short Stay.

Messrs. H. A. Haynes and D. Woods were the only persons of those summoned who went to Frankfort, and they made a brief stay, reaching home Sunday morning, a little sleepiness being the only discomfort they experienced in advancing to and from the seat of war. They were not called before the contest committee at all. They are being congratulated upon their bravery in marching into the disturbed territory and their prompt, successful and brilliant retreat upon the information that their testimony was not needed.

Married.

Mr. Fred LaRue of this county, and Miss Annie Hearin, of Lyon county, were united in marriage at Princeton, Wednesday of last week. The bride is a handsome and charming young lady, and belongs to one of the best families in Lyon county. The groom is a well known young man of this county. He has been the engineer at the spar mines for some months, and is popular with the managers of the company, having firmly established his trustworthiness and reliability. He has many friends in the county, and they all join with the PRESS in extending congratulations.

A Cheap Remedy.

Ford's Ferry, Jan. 15, 1900. EDITOR PRESS:—I wish to say a few words through your paper in regard to the would be smallpox in this section. We are all up now, have had five cases of the dreaded disease at my house; the first case was E. W. Hull, who was under the care of the County Board of Health, which cost him \$75 actual cash, time and board. The other four cases which were my own children and come under my own treatment regardless of the Board of Health, which cost me but 75 cents, time and board. I can and will treat any case of this would be smallpox or dreaded disease for 25 cents and make a profit on my medicine. A cure guaranteed. Respectfully, J. L. Rankin.

Complete stock of furniture, everything for the household, at the lowest prices at Boston's furniture store.

Watch Charm Lost.

On the 17th in Marion or between Marion and Tolu, a watch charm, dark stone on one side, and picture of horse, raised, jumping a hurdle on the other; will reward for its return. Leave at Press office.

W. Wheeler.

BIRTH-DAY DINNER

"Uncle" Jesse Boyd and Wife Pass Their 72d and 70th Years.

On the 12th day of January, 1900, at the home of Uncle Jesse Boyd, a birthday dinner and family reunion was enjoyed by some of his many friends and relatives in celebration of the birth of both Mr. Boyd and his wife.

Mrs. Boyd was 70 years old on the 10th, and Mr. Boyd was 72 on the 14th, so they had the reunion and dinner on the 12th, between the two dates.

The children and grand children were all present, except three—one son, one daughter and one grand child.

Children, grand children, son-in-laws and daughter-in-laws present, numbered 21, in addition to this there were about 20 others of the kindred and neighbors present, making 41 in all; altogether it was a pleasant assembly, the day was fine and all present enjoyed the occasion.

About 12 o'clock dinner was announced and all marched into the dining room where a magnificent dinner was served, consisting of barbecued hog, baked turkey and, and, and, well, really I failed to itemize, but there was oyster soup and cakes of almost every kind and everything that would go towards making a splendid repast.

After dinner we repaired to the sitting room where Rev. E. M. Gibbons read a lesson in the last chapter of Revelations and led us in prayer, and after singing and rejoicing and again being led in prayer the company dispersed hoping that Uncle Jesse and his good wife may live to enjoy many more birthdays and then when the end shall come that they may sweetly fall to sleep in the arms of the blessed Christ.

Mr. Boyd is the of the oldest and most highly respected men of Livingston county, he lives in his pleasant country home near Joy, Ky. Mr. Boyd has four sons and three daughters, all of this county; his sons are all prosperous farmers comfortably settled in well fixed homes, except one, Mr. Albert Boyd, who is the popular merchant of an enterprising establishment in Carrsville, Ky.

Two of his children are living with him—Loren and Miss Lizzie, two of the most popular young people of the neighborhood.

The many friends that enjoyed the hospitality of Mr. Boyd and his amiable wife will long remember the pleasant day of the 12th, and Mr. and Mrs. Boyd may be sure that they have the best wishes of all that were present.

J. B. Lowery.

A White Mark

Foley's Kidney Cure is a perfectly reliable preparation for all Kidney and Bladder diseases. The proprietors of this Guarantee it or the money refunded. Do they not do mark. R. F. HAYNES.

Don't borrow trouble for the purpose of lending it to others.

Cough and colds comes uninvited, but you can quickly get rid of them with a few doses of Cousen's Honey of Tar. Price 25 and 50 cts, at Jas H. Orme's.

Don't try to say things where you have nothing to say.

Foley's Honey and Tar

Cough Syrup wherever introduced is considered the most pleasant and effective remedy for all throat and lung complaints. It is the only pronounced cough medicine that contains no opiates, and that can safely be given to children. 25 and 50c.—R. F. Haynes

Have you ever noticed when a physician meets another physician how each one emphasizes the "doct or."

TABLER'S BUCKEYE PILE OINTMENT is the only remedy for blind, bleeding or protruding piles, endorsed by physicians; cures the most obstinate cases. Price 50 cents in bottles. Tubes 75 cents at Orme's.

Many could do well, if they could do anything.

In pulmonary trouble, the direct action of Cousen's Honey of Tar upon the throat, chest and lungs, immediately arrest the malady, by relieving the distress, cutting the phlegm and freeing the vocal and breathing organs. Price 25 and 50 cts at Orme's.

"Old Hickory."

I have bought of F. E. Robertson some of his make of "Old Hickory" Whisky, eight years old.

It is needless to tell the people of this and adjoining counties of its excellence and purity.

Persons needing good whisky for medicinal purposes can find it at my Drug Store.

J. H. ORME

To The Public,

1900 finds us at the same old stand, doing business in the same square old way—

Selling Good Goods For The Cash.

At the lowest prices, always giving 100 cents worth for the dollar.

This year we hope to do more business with you, promising courteous treatment and the lowest possible prices, and we add just here that all

Heavy Woolen Goods are offered at Greatly Reduced Prices...

Your account is due and we need the money. Thanking you for your liberal patronage in the past, we are your friends

Woods & Fowler

"AS YOU SOW, SO SHALL YOU REAP."

Wholesale Only. **Cross Seed Co.** DEALERS IN PURE **FIELD SEEDS** AND ONION SETS. Clover, Timothy, Orchard Grass, Kentucky Bluegrass, Red Top, Millet, Etc., Etc. Also Manufacturers' Agents for **FARM IMPLEMENTS.** Nos. 136 and 138 Second St., LOUISVILLE, KY.

PIANOS. Steinway, Chickering, Starr and other High Grade Pianos. The Best is the Cheapest.

Our new system of monthly payments makes it easy to own the best piano. Write for descriptive catalogue and prices.

Jesse French Piano and Organ Co.,

ERNEST SMITH, Manager.

240-242 N Summer St. NASHVILLE, TENN.

AMERICA'S LEADING MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS.

Local Paragraphs.

If you need a piece of household or kitchen furniture, see Boston.

Miss Ruby James entertained the embroidery club Thursday evening.

The National Prohibition Convention has been called to meet at Chicago, June 27.

G. L. Rankin and L. H. James have been appointed and have qualified as Notaries public.

Complete stock of burial robes and slippers, the nicest of goods at the lowest of prices, at Boston's.

The Boers report smashing the head quarters of Gen. White at Ladysmith with a shot from "Long Tom."

County Surveyor Towery was called to Livingston county the first of the week to do some surveying.

Miss Johnson, who has been the guest of Miss Ruth Thomas, returned to her home at Providence Monday.

Mr. W. H. Watson, of Carverville, was in town Tuesday. Mr. Watson is gathering information for a history he proposes to write of this county.

It is said that our State Department has receded from its anti-Boer attitude as a result of public opinion and will receive Montagu White, the Transvaal representative.

Boston has a complete line of coffins and caskets; he has a fine hearse ready for funeral occasions. Prompt attention given all orders and prices always reasonable.

S. C. Gill has filed suit against G. D. Summerville for \$5,000 damages. The petition alleges that the defendant maliciously caused the arrest of the plaintiff upon a false charge.

Mrs. W. B. Chandler died at her home north of town Monday after several days illness of pneumonia. Two weeks ago her son died, thus within a short space two members of the family were buried.

The High School pupils selected Chas. Moore, Melville Glenn and Ross Schwab to contend for the oration prize Feb. 22. The teachers of the school will select two others, making five contestants for the handsome medal.

Judge J. H. Clifton, of Dycusburg, was in town yesterday. He reports his town now clear of the smallpox scourge and business in a normal state; there were four deaths in that section of the country as a result of the disease.

Our New Press.

Our new newspaper press will be put in this week, adding greatly to our facilities for printing. We need every dollar due us on subscription to equalize the business relations between the parties who made the machine and the party who will use it. If you are indebted to us, please call and settle, or if you can't call, we respectfully suggest that the mail is mighty reliable.

The Ballots All Right.

It is probable that when our two popular clerks got to Frankfort, in obedience to the summons commanding them to come, and told that the Press printed the ballots for this county, they were told to go on home, they wouldn't be needed, if the Press did the printing, it was all right. Some of those city printing concerns might get into a tangle, but when the old reliable sends out a ballot, it's a sure enough ballot.

Tobacco

BOUGHT BY SAMPLE.

Notice is hereby given all persons who have not sold their tobacco, that we are now ready to make bids on any and all samples brought to our factory at Kelsey, Ky. This method has always proven satisfactory to both buyer and seller, with us.

W. C. RICE & SON,
KELSEY, KY.

Local and Personal News Notes and Gossip.

NEW SALEM.

Corn is getting scarce in this part of Crittenden county.

Thomas Masoncup, of Lolo, was in this section last week.

Jesse Garrett has moved to the Utley farm, lately owned by Tom Barnes.

Mrs. E. M. Eaton and Squire Harpending are both sick and under the care of a doctor.

Lan Waddell has sold his farm to his brothers, Ed and Mat Waddell, and will sell his personal property Feb. 12.

Luther Hardesty, of Irma, was in our neighborhood last week. Mr. Hardesty tells some interesting stories of his Cuban campaign.

If there is any law to punish any one for going to a gathering of people, when he knows that he has a contagious disease, and thereby spreading such disease, it should be enforced to its fullest extent.

The measles are pretty well scattered all over this section. They are in the families of Dave Wolfert, Rev. Eatons, Rufus Threlkeld, Mrs. Manley, Henry Brouster and Lige Franklin, with the prospect of at least 10 or 12 more families to take them in the next five or six days.

The mineral interest in this section is at fever heat. There are four companies, —McConathy & Burke, of Louisville; Kentucky Fluor Spar Company, of Tennessee; The Eagle Spar Co., and a company from Tiffin, Ohio. They intend to commence work as soon as winter breaks.

Talk about bad roads, but the Marion and Salem road from Arch Crosson's to Salem is in a fearful condition. It is the main road from Marion to Salem and is traveled more than any road in the two counties. Our county keeps up 10½ miles of this road and why Livingston does not work and make her one mile and a half of the road half way passable is something we can not see. We hope that Judge Evans will see to this piece of road, as all the lower end of our county does most of her tobacco hauling, milling, post office, and general trading at Salem.

While speaking of the roads brings to our mind a letter in the last issue of the Press, signed "Roadworker," speaking of a case being tried before Judge Rochester where the defendant had worked 17 days and was fined for failing to work one more day. Now Roadworker is right when he says that the Fiscal court at its October term, made six days of eight hours each, a years work on the road, except in cases of emergencies, then the supervisor may call out his hands to remove the emergency. We know that said Fiscal court passed such a law, or in other words called the attention of all road supervisors to the Kentucky Road Law, Section 4308; how the jury could fine any with the charge, the court was bound to give if he went by the law, which he did, we cannot see. No wonder our plow and team bill runs up into the thousands.

TOLU.

The river is rising rapidly.

L. A. Weldon went to Evansville Sunday.

Uncle Billy Harmon is improving in health.

T. A. Minner has been on the sick list for a few days.

Wm Hina has moved into the R. L. Easley house.

L. A. Weldon has purchased a wind mill to put up at his stock barn.

Bro Cindiff preached Saturday night, Sunday and Sunday night.

J. O. Brown who has been sick for quite a while, we are glad to report as improving.

C. A. Love has moved into our town and now occupies the house recently vacated by Wm Hina.

Alma Tolbert, daughter of Mrs. John Tolbert, died suddenly of apoplexy Friday night.

Mr. Wheeler, the mule buyer, was here Thursday and bought some fine mules. The price ranged from \$65 to \$82.50.

Misses Lou and Minna Weldon entertained quite a number of their young friends with a pound party Friday evening.

Judge Pierce was in our midst last week on business; he has ordered a new saw mill which will make its first near Tolu on the Stone land.

J. W. Guess & Sons, have sold their drugs and medicines to D. B. Mantz & Co., formerly the Weldon Drug Co., but C. E. Weldon having withdrawn, the style of the firm is changed to that of D. B. Mantz, and so this will be the only drug store in Tolu, and will be in the charge of Mr. David Mantz, who thoroughly understands handling drugs and medicines.

CHAPEL HILL.

Our school will be out next Friday.

A little girl of John Rushing is on the sick list.

Albert Walker sold a horse last week to Joe Parr.

Miss Ada Cruse of Marion, was out at church Sunday.

Miss Eva Hill, of Marion, is visiting Miss Addie Bigham.

Bro Thompson was on hand the third Sunday and preached us a good sermon.

Mr. Corry Minner sold to Mr. Waggoner two fine mules and a wagon last week.

Miss Arnalia and Myrtle Jacobs were the guest of Miss Ada Bigham Sunday.

Quite a number of our boys have hauled off their tobacco and are well pleased on the average it made to the acre.

Mr. Tom Yandell, son of T. J. Yandell will go west this spring to hunt his fortune. We regret to lose Tom for he is a nice young man.

Mr. Bob Elkins has not sold his tobacco yet. Bob is one of those fellows that raises such large crops of tobacco that it takes the buyers some time to fix up the price. Two years ago he raised ten acres by himself.

FREDONIA.

Nice new spring styles in men's hats at Sam Howerton.

Richard Rorer died last Thursday in the 82nd year of his age.

The property of D. D. Maxwell, deceased was appraised last Friday.

Calicoes 4 and 5c for best.

Sam Howerton.

Infant twin girls of Mrs. B. M. Maxwell died last Thursday.

Robert Young has been in Oklahoma for several weeks, and may locate there.

For Sale:—A thoroughbred saddle stallion, four years old.—Herbert Young, Kelsey, Ky.

Lot for sale, best location in the county for a business house or residence. A bargain. W. C. Glenn.

All solid leather shoes for men and women, from \$1 to \$3.

Sam Howerton.

No Sunday school, prayer meeting or preaching at the U. P. church Sunday on account of the smallpox scare.

Some of the merchants think they will have to have their store chairs cushioned on account of smallpox scare; that is not the cause, but because they do not advertise.

WESTON.

"Pap" Grady is slowly recovering.

Mr. Jos. Crowell died last week. R. N. Grady has gone to Evansville with a lot of hogs.

W. B. Piew, formerly of Illinois, is a resident of this place.

Geo. Eskew has rented the Brown farm on the hill for five years.

Mr. A. A. Avitts, who went to Texas some months ago, expects to return next spring.

The suit between Brown and Ornderson, was compromised, each paying half the cost.

The young people had a social at Mrs. Heath's Saturday night. They had a pleasant time.

CARPSVILLE.

Rev. Berry, of Salem, preached here last week.

Miss Nannie Campbell will enter school at Bowling Green soon.

Measles seem to have somewhat of go in our vicinity just now.

W. L. Kennedy and Wm. Stevens, of Lolo, paid our city visits this week.

Prof. Howard has been out drumming this week and prospects look flattering.

W. Hugh Watson will leave for Lebanon, O., shortly, where he will pursue studies.

The ice has gone and the wharf boat has left its retreat below the point and come back to its old stand.

Our little town has produced its share of doctors from the number that went trooping to Louisville after the Xmas holidays. W. H. and T. A. Rhodes, D. V. Vorten and W. F. Gardner made up the company with Tom Masoncup and A. A. Casper to follow.

DYCUSBURG.

J. T. Glenn was in town Sunday.

Mr. S. H. Cassidy is again able to be out.

Rev. Thomas, of Marion, preached here Sunday and Sunday night.

W. S. Dycus, of Kuttawa, was in town one day last week.

Mrs. Jane Cothan and two daughters are visiting relatives here.

The tobacco house has opened up and all the boys have got a job.

The boats are getting all they can do now; the river is rising fast.

Mr. A. E. Richards is receiving tobacco for Bennett Bros., this season. P. K. Cooksey, J. C. Griffin and Owen Boaz went to Paducah last week.

Trade has opened up again and we don't know that there has ever been any smallpox in town.

MULES



FOR SALE.

I have twenty good mules for sale, ages from 3 to 12 years. This is a good opportunity to buy good mules at a low price.

Jno. W. Wilson.

PRICKLY ASH BITTERS
CLEANS THE LIVER AND BOWELS
AND FORTIFIES THE SYSTEM TO RESIST PREVALENT DISEASES.
R. F. Haynes, Jr., Druggist, Dealer,

SUCCESS IN OSTEOPATHY.

Remarkable and Universal Success of the

GRADUATES OF THIS

Great Up-To-Date Drugless Science.

No doubt there are many people who have become interested in Osteopathy and desire very much to make it a life work and yet in whose mind there is a doubt as to the ability to succeed in Osteopathy. "People fail in Osteopathy just as in every other profession." You frequently hear this thought expressed and it is accepted as fact and strengthens the doubt that already exists as to the ability to make a success. But, are there failures in Osteopathy as in other professions?

The Pennsylvania Journal of Osteopathy says: "Statistics show that out of every 100 medical graduates 38 are not practicing their profession. Out of the remaining 62 that are practicing, 25 are not making a living, i. e., the income for their practice is not equal to their expenses. Out of the remaining 38, 20 are making but little more than expense; 10 are doing fairly well, while the remaining 7 have more practice than all the rest combined, and are considered really successful." The reason for this is plain. There are 100 graduates turned out, while only seven are needed to do the work.

"When a young man enters a medical school, it means that he must take his chance with 99 others. True, every young man feels that he is equal to the test. Youth is sanguine. He feels that there is not a shadow of a ghost of doubt but that he will be one of the select. He feels it in his blood. He is sure of it. He could not be convinced by his best friends that he has overrated his ability. And perhaps his best that confidence is strong. But out of every 100 that enter, only 7 can succeed; 93 must sooner or later be disappointed. Ninety-three must sooner or later acknowledge defeat.

"What is true of medical profession is also largely true of the profession of law. Yet, in the hundreds of young men who have decided to study either medicine or law, not even one can be made to believe that he must finally be other than the seven. Time tells the story. Time reveals the truth.

"Young man, the fault may perhaps be yours. Your preparation and ability may be of the first order and yet chances are still against you. The chances of eminent success are against you, because you have 93 to fail where you have but 7 to succeed. Again the fault may not be yours—it is not in the profession—100 are graduated, all want business, but only seven are really needed. Do you doubt this statement? If so, only look over the field of your acquaintances and see if you can not count on your fingers really successful doctors—really successful lawyers. The facts are before you. Figures speak for themselves.

"If then you have fitted yourself, for a profession, having entered or even finished your studies, it will pay you even then to reconsider.

"It will pay you to investigate and study Osteopathy. All you know will be useful. You will enter a profession that is new, that will not be crowded during your day. You will enter a profession that is destined to lead in the art; a profession of practitioners which are in demand. You will enter a profession that is in its infancy, that is bound to supplant old methods; a profession that has only about 500 graduates practitioners in the United States. Of the 500 that have graduated in Osteopathy there is not one that has left the practice for anything else. Not one that has graduated but who is practicing. Not one but who is doing well. All are practicing. All are doing well. All are doing well because practitioners from this school are in demand. All are doing well because there are so few to supply this great demand.

"All are doing well because the field is practically unoccupied—because each practitioner has a field all to himself without competition. All

are doing well because Osteopathy, the new science, really and truly cures; because it does the work and because the people endorse it; because it really and truly relieves the suffering of their pain."

"It seems the part of wisdom for the young men and women to carefully investigate Osteopathy. It will pay to consider this profession as a life work. If you have not given this matter a thought before, and if you have no life work selected, it is a good time to make arrangements to enter the fall class in the Southern School of Osteopathy, Franklin, Ky.

Other schools of Osteopathy have determined to raise the tuition after this fall, and it is a part of wisdom for those who expect to study Osteopathy to enter the present class. If you are interested in this matter, the management of the institution will be pleased to give you any information desired. Address,

SOUTHERN SCHOOL OF OSTEOPATHY.
Incorporated,
Franklin, Ky.

Help... Nature

Babies and children need proper food, rarely ever medicine. If they do not thrive on their food something is wrong. They need a little help to get their digestive machinery working properly.

SCOTT'S EMULSION OF COD LIVER OIL WITH HYPOPHOSPHITES OF LIME & SODA

will generally correct this difficulty.

If you will put from one-fourth to half a teaspoonful in baby's bottle three or four times a day you will soon see a marked improvement. For larger children, from half to a teaspoonful, according to age, dissolved in their milk, if you so desire, will very soon show its great nourishing power. If the mother's milk does not nourish the baby, she needs the emulsion. It will show an effect at once both upon mother and child.

Soc. and \$1.00, all druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York

SEND MONEY
Cut this ad. out and send to the publisher of the magazine you wish to receive. It will be sent to you free of charge. The publisher of the magazine you wish to receive. It will be sent to you free of charge. The publisher of the magazine you wish to receive. It will be sent to you free of charge.

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McCALL'S 50th YEAR MAGAZINE
Dressmaking, economics, fancy work, household hints, short stories, current topics, etc. Subscribe today. Only 10c per copy. Lady agents wanted. Send for terms.

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Dress, suit, blouse, etc. Only 10c and 15c each—more than 100 patterns. Sold in nearly every city and town, or by mail. Ask for terms. Absolutely free! Send for terms today.

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Dress, suit, blouse, etc. Only 10c and 15c each—more than 100 patterns. Sold in nearly every city and town, or by mail. Ask for terms. Absolutely free! Send for terms today.