

The Crittenden Press.

VOLUME 22.

MARION, CRITTENDEN COUNTY, KENTUCKY, AUGUST 23, 1900.

NO 11

PREWITT COOK DEAD.

Mr. Prewitt Cook died at his home in the Hebron neighborhood Tuesday after an illness of a few days of congestion of the stomach. The interment took place at the new cemetery at this place yesterday, and a large crowd of relatives and friends from his home neighborhood, as well as of Marion, gathered at the beautiful cemetery to pay the last sad tribute of respect to the deceased.

Mr. Prewitt Cook was the eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Cook, of this place. For a number of years he was connected with the railway mail service; for the past few years he has had charge of the Cook farm on the Ohio river. Less than a year ago he was married to Miss Annie Alvis, and they lived happily together until the dread messenger came. Mr. Cook was an affable, genial gentleman; honest and honorable he had many warm friends.

New Hotel.

Messrs. J. H. Morse and A. J. Pickens have purchased the J. N. Woods corner, south of the court house, and will erect a large hotel building thereon. The lot purchased is 60x156 feet. The plans for the house have not yet been perfected, but it will be a large brick, two and possibly three stories high, and so constructed as to have all of the modern conveniences of a hotel. This is something Marion needs, and with two such enterprising spirits as Morse and Pickens in charge, we feel sure that a hotel commensurate with the business and dignity of the city will adorn the well chosen spot.

Insurance.

The Fidelity Mutual Life of Philadelphia, Pa., old line, also, the U. S. Benevolent Society of Saginaw, Mich., will be represented by B. G. Cloves and L. W. Cruse, General Special Agents, for Crittenden, Union, Livingston, Caldwell, and Henderson counties. Office, over Marion Bank, room 95.

NOTICE—We insure against accident and sickness. References, Citizens Saving Bank, Paducah, Ky., First National Bank, Paducah, Ky. Can give 300 names in Paducah, who are in our accident and sick policies, who have been paid for sickness and accident.

Capt. Howard Dead.

Paducah, Aug. 20.—Capt. Ben Howard, who had run the Ohio and Mississippi rivers for 40 years and had commanded some of the largest boats on the rivers, died this morning at Metropolis, Ill., from general debility. He was captain of the first big Idlewild, and was well known to all river men.

Republican Committee.

The Republican County committee is hereby called to meet at the court house in Marion, Ky., on Saturday, Sept. 1, 1900, at 1 o'clock, p. m., for the transaction of important business.

J. Frank Conger, Ch'n.

Married in Hoptown.

Hopkinsville, Ky., Aug. 21.—S. H. Morris, of Livingston county, and Miss Lula May Watts, of Sinking Fork, were this morning united in marriage in the office of the county clerk. Judge Caniser officiated. They left later on for their future home in Livingston county.

Water Works.

We again here some talk of water works and electric lights. A gentleman who has the money to invest is making an investigation with the view of making the city council and the people a proposition.

Miss Ruby Morse, of Princeton, is at the home of her sister, Mrs. J. E. Hancock, of this place, quite sick.

Everett Butler.

Our young friend Everett Butler, of Salem, is being urgently solicited by friends in various sections of Livingston county to become a candidate for the Democratic nomination for County Clerk of his county. He has the matter under consideration and will make up his mind shortly. In the meantime he desires to say to his friends that he appreciates the kindly solicitations, and the confidence implied therein. Everett is amply qualified in every way for the place. If there is a young Democrat in this section of the State anywhere, who deserves honors and emoluments at the hands of his party, that man is certainly Everett Butler. Almost from the time he could talk, he has been a fighting Democrat and his recognized ability as a speaker, and his readiness to respond to all demands for party service, has given him a wide acquaintance in this as well as his own county, and his scores of Crittenden friends will rejoice in any honor his home county may bestow, and they hope some day to have the privilege of voting for him for some honorable and lucrative position.

A Little Singer.

Mr. Jack Stenbridge, who lives near town, has a prodigy in his family. His little daughter, less than two years old, has been an invalid most of her life, and is small and frail for her age. She talks very imperfectly, but she sings amazingly. She knows most of the old church songs, and can carry the tunes, repeating the words from the first to the last verse, and while you can scarcely understand her when she tries to talk, she is distinct and plain in enunciating the words of the song. It takes her but a little while to learn a new song. After it is sung once or twice in her hearing, she knows and can carry the tune; a few more repetitions and she has the words in her memory and another song is added to her repertoire.

Notice to Contractors.

The Building committee of Greens Chapel, M. E. Church will let the contract for repairing the church house, to the lowest bidder on Saturday, Sept. 8th at 2 o'clock.

G. E. Burnett, Chm'n. Com.

Josiah Paris Dead.

Mr. Josiah Paris, an old and well known citizen of the county, died at his home seven miles from Marion Monday night, after several weeks illness. He was an old soldier, and a good, substantial citizen.

Deeds Recorded.

J. P. Pierce & Son, to Jno. A. Moore, lot for \$100.
Bettie McNeely to L. E. Fralick 13 acres, for \$75.
Alex Garnett to Alex Rudd, 30 acres for \$150.

Referring to the institute held by Prof. Evans in Webster county last week, the Seabree Herald says: No institute ever held in this county has been more alive to the responsibilities of the teacher, or more enjoyed by teachers and citizens who have attended.

Mr. John M. Flanary, of Paducah, was in town Tuesday. He came up to attend the burial of his kinsman, Mr. Prewitt Cook.

Messrs. Barnes, of Cleveland, O., Wilson and Hall of Louisville, were here several days recently, looking over the mineral field.

Judge I. M. Quigley and J. T. Donovan, of Paducah, were in town yesterday.

The Mail carrier from Tolu to Marion, now drives through with a new rig.

Mr. J. W. Shreeves returned from Nashville last week.

SALEM NOTES.

New Mines Opening and Some Rich Strikes.

The Eagle Fluor Spar Co. has purchased the mineral right of the Cullen farm, paying \$6,000. The land imbraces 77 acres, and the famous Cullen mines is situated upon it. Heretofore the Eagle company has operated it under a leased contract.

Salem is sadly in need of a flouring mill. We have a fine wheat belt and there is no mill near us. There is no question but what a good mill will pay here, and the people will welcome some enterprising man with money to build and energy to work. Such a man will succeed.

An eight foot vein of spar, lead and zinc has been struck in the Guill place, one mile north of town. This vein was struck at a depth of 32 feet, and it is said to be one of the richest in the country.

Mrs. Barnes, representing a Cleveland, O. Company, has leased a forty acre tract of mineral land about two hundred yards west of the Morning Star mines, and a shaft is being sunk now.

Capt. Haase left for his home in Wheeling, W. Va., Saturday. He has had an attack of malaria, and goes home until he can recover.

John Wolf's family, and H. D. McChesney's family are at Crittenden Springs this week.

Roy Threlkeld, who has been down with fever, is able to be up town again.

A little child of James Ray, who lived near town, died a few days ago.

Mrs. Fred Ramage is down with fever.

JOHN D. WHITE

The "Crested Jayhawker," the Prohibition Nominee.

Louisville, Aug. 21.—The Prohibition State convention today nominated J. D. White, of Manchester, Clay county, formerly Republican congressman from the Eleventh district.

The platform adopted endorses the national prohibition platform and the candidate for president and vice president and declares for woman suffrage.

The convention had state politics thrust upon it by H. M. Winslow declaring the right of the people of Kentucky to vote, and have their votes counted, is an issue in Kentucky this year, more important than prohibition. He said prohibitionists should not nominate a candidate for governor this year, but should endorse the republican candidate, Yerkes, and made a motion to this effect. This motion caused an animated debate. He said he intended to vote for Yerkes, and his name later was left out of the list of those entitled to sit in the convention.

White, the nominee for governor, said he could not support McKinley or Yerkes. He declared the "log cabin" of the republican party is the "bulwark of assassination," and that the "caneen is a greater curse to the country than the Goebel law in Kentucky."

The Youtsey Case.

Georgetown, Ky., Aug. 21.—It now looks very much as though Henry Youtsey may not be tried at this term of court after all. His condition today is no better and Commonwealth's Attorney Franklin announced that if on Thursday when the case is called Youtsey's condition is such that it would jeopardize his health to make him stand trial, he will not object to continuance. In order to be prepared, however, the defense asked for forthwith attachments for witnesses. Col. Nelson made a long speech containing sensational charges in effort to have the present venire discharged. This motion was overruled yesterday and Judge Cantrill said today that he believed the Sheriff had done his duty.

George F. Weaver's trial is set for tomorrow. Commonwealth's Attorney Franklin today asked for subpoenas for a number of witnesses from Grayson county to appear before the grand jury.

Good Meeting.

We left home Saturday before the first Sunday in August, driving thirty miles through sun and dust, reaching New Hope church at 11 o'clock Sunday, where we were engaged to assist in a meeting of days. First man we saw was that stalwart man of God, Rev. J. C. Kingsolving, meeting us with that familiar smile and reaching that long arm for a hearty shake. Bro. Kingsolving is the shepherd of this flock, and right well does he feed and see after them. His sheep know his voice and follow him.

We soon found a large congregation assembled anxious to hear the gospel. The church seemed ready for the conflict; much interest manifested from first to last. The meeting lasted fourteen days. Ten conversions, seven joined the church by experience and baptism; others soon to follow.

We were in a fifteen days meeting here last year, when seventeen willing souls were baptised. We found the new converts in the front, adorning their profession by earnest christian work.

There is as much piety in and around New Hope church to the square foot as we have found in any church or community. With such brethren as Bros. Higdon, Taylor, Brown, Holowell and others we can not mention, and their well regulated families, who did all they could to alleviate pain and make us happy during our stay with them.

But we can only thank God for good meetings and good people.

G. S. Summeas.

Marriage Licenses.

Aug. 19.—Gilbert W. Simpkins and Grethna Jane Gwinn.

Bill of Exceptions.

Georgetown, Ky., Aug. 22.—Carle Powers' attorneys will apply for a new trial today. A bill of exceptions will be filed and an attempt will be made to show that several of the jurors had fixed opinions of Powers' guilt before they heard the testimony.

Commissioner's Sale.

CRITTENDEN CIRCUIT COURT, KENTUCKY.

VIRGIE HUGHES, et al.,
BERTHA CARTER, et al.,
Plaintiff,
Against
T. H. CARTER, et al.,
Defendant.

By virtue of judgment and order of sale of the Crittenden Circuit Court, rendered at the June term thereof, 1900, in the above cause for the sum of \$10,097.80 with interest at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum from the 10 day of September, 1900, until paid, and \$337.50 costs herein, I shall proceed to offer for sale at the court house door in Marion to the highest bidder, at public auction, on Monday the 10th day of Sept. 1900, at one o'clock, p. m., or thereabout, (being court day), upon a credit of six, twelve and eighteen months the following described property, to wit:

Certain tracts of land lying and being in Crittenden county, Ky., and bounded as follows:

No. 1.—Containing 125½ acres, is bounded as follows: Beginning at stake in the Carnahan line, where the public road enters the Carter farm, running with said line S 53, W 38 poles to sassafras and ash corner to the Carnahan land; thence with a line of same S 34, E 24 poles to a stake; thence with another line of same S 47½, W 75 poles to a stone, thence S 40, E 44½ poles to a stone, thence S 45, W 40 poles to a black oak, thence S 51½, W 94 poles to a stone, thence N 14½, W 104½ poles to a stone, (Peter Stephens corner), thence with his line N 72, E 67½ poles to a stone corner to same, thence with another line of same N 30, W 98 poles to a stone in the public road, thence with said road N 61, E 18 poles to a crook in said road, N 80, E 100 poles to another crook, thence S 70, E 54 poles to the beginning. This lot has 30 acres of timber land on it.

Lot No. 2.—Containing 106 acres includes the houses and out buildings and orchard, once occupied by the late Garland Carter, bounded as follows: Beginning at a stake in the middle of a branch where it crosses the public road near a gate with a small Elm mark as a pointer on East side of said branch. Thence running with said road S 81, W passing

Peter Stephens corner at 18 poles, continuing same course 131½ poles to a large white oak on the south side of road also corner to said Stephens, thence with another line of same N 30, W 70 poles to a stone, thence S 58, W 24 poles to a stone, thence S 26, W 4 poles to a double white oak, the beginning corner to the original survey, thence N 31, W 65 poles to an Elm, thence N 14, E 63 poles to a stone (R. I. Nunn's corner) thence with a line of same East 74 poles to a post oak and hickory, thence with another line of Nunn's N 57, E 110 poles to stone on the west side of a branch, thence up said branch to middle of branch; the line with its meandering as follows: S 11½, E 24 poles, S 3½, W 51 poles, S 15, E 16 poles, S 3½, W 45 poles, S 15, E 32 poles to the beginning. This lot has 20 acres of timber land.

Lot No. 3.—Containing 156 acres, is bounded as follows: beginning at a stone on a branch, cor. to lot No. 2, also cor. to R. I. Nunn, thence down said branch with Nunn's line N 5 W, 10 poles to an elm, thence N 41 E, 11 poles to a white oak, cor. to Manuel Stephens' land; thence with his line S 60½ E, 118 poles to a black oak, thence S 25½ E, 164 poles to a stake in the Carnahan line and the center of the Wilson farm road, near a gate; thence with the Carnahan line S 53 W, 24 poles to a stake in said line, and in the center of road that runs through the Carter farm, also corner to lot No. 1, thence with the aforesaid road N 75 E, 54 poles to a crook in said road, thence S 80 W, 100 poles to a stake in a branch, corner to lot No. 2, thence with a line of same, meandering said branch making the middle of branch the true line N 15 W, 32 poles, N 3½ E, 45 poles, thence N 15 W, 16 poles, N 3½ E, 51 poles, thence N 11 W, 24 poles to the beginning. This lot contains 10 acres more of timber land.

Lot No. 4.—Containing 138½ acres is bounded as follows: Beginning at the junction of the Wilson farm road and the Flinn Ferry road, near Joe Newcom's house, running with the Wilson farm road S 82 W, 38 poles to a crook in same, thence S 53 W 94 poles to a stake corner to lot No. 3, thence with a line of same N 25 1-2 W, 164 poles to a black oak corner to lot No. 3, also corner to the original survey, thence with original line N 58 E, 104 poles to Black gum (Powell's corner), thence with his line S 77 1-2 E, 45 poles to a stone on East side of the Flinn Ferry road, thence with the meanderings of said road S 25 E 48 poles to a crook in said road near the Beard house, thence S 8 1-2 E, 60 poles to another crook in said road, thence S 25 E, 48 poles to the beginning. This lot has 10 acres of timber land.

Lot No. 5.—Containing 159 acres on the East side of the Flinn Ferry road, it being known as part of the C. R. Cain land, bound as follows: Beginning at a stone on the East side of the aforesaid road, Powell's corner, also corner to the old Wilson farm running with a line of same S 77 1-2 E, 20 poles to a stone, thence S 32 E, 32 poles to a stone corner to school house lot, thence N 62 E, 172 poles to a stone near a gate, Tom Roberts corner, thence with an agreed line with his fence S 60 E, 29 1-2 poles to a hickory, thence S 69 E, 20 poles to a stake at the North end of a cross fence near Tom Roberts' corner, thence with the aforesaid cross fence S 20 W 172 poles to a stone two rods west of a branch with cherry tree pointer, thence west 42 poles to a crook in the road near a gate, thence S 82, W, 60 poles to the Flinn Ferry road, thence with said road N 25 W, 48 poles to a crook in same, thence N 8 1-2 W, 60 poles to another crook near the Beard house, thence N 25 W, 48 poles to the beginning. This lot has 8 or 10 acres of timber land.

Lot No. 6.—Containing 149 acres, is bounded as follows: Beginning at a stone, corner to lot No. 5 in Tom Roberts' line, running with his line down a branch S 43 E, 6 poles, S 82 E 9, S 70 E, S 55 E 12, S 65 E 3 poles to a stake with a sycamore pointer, thence S 4 E, 20 poles to a black oak, Robert's corner, thence with another line of his S 57 E 117 poles to a stake with Dogwood pointer in the old Clark line, thence same S 57 poles to a stake with pointers, thence S 41 W, 47 1-2 poles to a hickory, thence N 70 W, 90 poles to a white oak, thence East 92 poles to a stone corner to lot No. 5, thence with a line of same N 26 R, 172 poles to the beginning.

This is one of the best bodies of land in Crittenden county; it is 1 mile from Repton on the O. V., railroad, and five miles N. E., of Marion.

Or sufficient thereof to produce the sums of money so ordered to be made. For the purchase price the purchaser, with approved security or securities, must execute bond, bearing legal interest from the day of sale until paid, and having the force and effect of a judgment. Bidders will be prepared to comply promptly with these terms.

L. W. CRUCE,
Commissioner.

SALE NOTICE.

As Administrator of E. C. Moore, deceased, I will, at his late residence at Mattoon, Ky., on

Tuesday, Aug. 28, 1900

Sell to the highest bidder, on a credit of ten months, the personal property of said decedent, consisting of—

A lot of horses and mules,
3 yoke of oxen.
A lot of young fat cattle.
2 threshers, one combined with a pea huller.

2 farm wagons, 1 log wagon.
3 binders, 2 grain drills.

Disc and A harrows, rollers, cultivators, clod crushers, hay rakes, mowers, plows, hoes, gearing and almost every article needed on the farm.

Also a lot of hay, corn, oats and hogs, saw mills, corn mill, lumber, household and kitchen furniture.

All sums of \$5 and under cash in hand. Notes with approved security, without interest, required before property is removed.

R. L. Moore, Adm'r.

G. A. R. Encampment.

On account of National Encampment G. A. R. at Chicago, Ill., Aug. 29 to Sept. 1, 1900, tickets will be sold to Chicago and return on Aug. 25, 26, 27, limited to continuous passage in each direction, at \$8.20 for the round trip. The tickets will be good only via Evansville I. C. R. R. and Mattoon—most direct Chicago route, and will be honored for return passage leaving Chicago before midnight Aug. 31, without execution. By depositing tickets with F. E. McLeod, joint agt Western Passenger Ass'n, 100 Jackson st., Monadnock Bldg, previous to noon of Sept. 2, and upon payment of a fee of 50 cents final limit will be extended to leave Chicago not later than Sept. 30.

T. J. Jameson, Agt.

Prices Tell!

Potted Ham	5c
Sardines	5c
Baked Beans	10c
Salmon	10c
Canned Ham	10c
Coffee from 12½ to 30c	
per pound.	
10 bars good soap for 25c	
6 bars best soap for 25c	

MASONS FRUIT JARS!

Pints 60 cts per doz.
Quarts 70 " "
Half Gallon 80 " "
Tin Quart Cans 50 cts.
Water Buckets 15c
Good Wash boards from 15c to 35cts.

We handle nothing but good and first class goods. Everything you buy from us is guaranteed to be first class.

We sell everything in the grocery line as cheap or cheaper than any house in town. Look at our tin ware, glassware, stoneware, woodenware and get prices before you buy.

We are here to sell you anything in our line at a bargain. Don't fail to see us.

We still handle all the remedies: Hog Cholera Medicine, Horse and Cattle Powders, Poultry Food and Louse Killer.

Bring us your Produce, Eggs, Butter and Chickens.

HEARIN & SON,

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
ABSOLUTELY PURE
Makes the food more delicious and wholesome
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

THE CRITTENDEN PRESS

PUBLISHED WEEKLY.

MARION, : : : KENTUCKY.

A WEEK'S RECORD

All the News of the Past Seven Days Condensed.

HOME AND FOREIGN ITEMS

News of the Industrial Field, Personal and Political Items, Happenings at Home and Abroad.

THE NEWS FROM ALL THE WORLD

DOMESTIC.

The visible supply of grain in the United States on the 13th was: Wheat, 48,818,000 bushels; corn, 11,351,000 bushels; oats, 5,869,000 bushels; rye, 623,000 bushels; barley, 350,000 bushels.

The Klondike gold output this year will amount to \$30,000,000, against \$15,000,000 last year.

Homer and Walter Bittle and Will Lanier were killed at Monroe Prairie, Miss., in a street fight.

Jack Betts, a negro, was lynched at Corinth, Miss., for assaulting a ten-year-old white girl.

The bank at Kingsfisher, Col., closed its doors with liabilities of \$61,000; assets, \$51,000.

William I. Tuttle killed his wife and himself near Charleston, Ia. Domestic trouble was the cause.

A train went through a bridge near Mount City, Ill., and Nim Whalen, a brakeman, was killed, and three other men were fatally injured.

Henry J. O'Neill, once known as the "barley king," filed a petition in bankruptcy in Chicago, scheduling debts of \$500,000 and assets of \$5,000.

The son of William J. Bryan was saved from death by Gen. Wheeler in the Pullman building in Chicago.

A Dowry votary was thrown into the public fountain by angry citizens at Mansfield, O., and nearly drowned.

The Dakota elevator was burned at Buffalo, N. Y., causing a loss of \$500,000.

The Illinois steel works made a record for a payroll, disbursing \$218,000 in wages to men in Chicago.

James Rappe, a veteran of three wars, started on a bicycle trip from Marinette, Wis., to Chicago and New York.

The revenue cutter Gresham prevented a Portuguese bark from going on the rocks near Newport, saving over 100 lives.

Merchandise imports during July amounted to \$63,536,253 and exports aggregated \$100,413,501.

Farmer Jones and Bonnie Turner, a young couple near Clinton, Mo., took poison and died together because they were too poor to marry.

An epidemic of smallpox is reported among the Turtle mountain Indians in North Dakota.

The first society of the Army of the Philippines was formally organized at Denver, Col., with Gen. Francis V. Greene, of New York, president.

At Jamestown, O., A. G. Binghamton killed his wife and his son-in-law, James Bradley, and then committed suicide. Family trouble was the cause.

Miss Benedette Brady, of St. Louis, while en route to San Antonio, was robbed of \$5,000 worth of diamonds on the train near Paris, Tex.

While making repairs on a steamer near Memphis, Tenn., William Brown, R. Freshen, John Darge and a fireman were thrown into the river and drowned.

Gov. Charles H. Allen, of Porto Rico, sailed from Charleston navy yard for San Juan on the gunboat Mayflower.

John Griscom and his wife and two children were fatally poisoned at Poplar Bluff, Mo., by eating ice cream flavored with a crude extract.

John J. Mooney, of Kenosha, Wis., left \$100,000 to two grandchildren and directed that he be buried in a \$25 coffin.

Mrs. U. S. Grant cannot attend the grand army encampment in Chicago owing to advanced age and the nervous strain incident to the event.

Fitzsimmons and Sharkey will fight for a purse of \$25,000 at Coney Island, N. Y., August 24.

Seven persons were killed and many injured in a collision on the Grand Rapids & Indiana railroad at Pierson, Mich.

A storm wrecked three steamers at Nome, Alaska, and 15 persons were drowned.

The murder of Policeman Thorpe in New York precipitated a race riot, during which negroes were beaten indiscriminately.

Fifteen Italian detectives are coming to the United States to shadow anarchists in this country.

Treasonable letters from an anti-imperialist taken by American soldiers in the Philippines were made public; they condemn President McKinley.

Alfred Mulkin, an aged resident of Rockford, Ill., who was in Chicago seeking his runaway wife, was robbed of \$250.

A New York mining engineer, interviewed in Chicago, says 30,000 gold prospectors are starving at Cape Nome and suggests rescue by the government.

Gov. Beckham, of Kentucky, has called an extra session of the legislature for August 28 to modify the Goebel law.

A hailstorm destroyed 40,000 acres of wheat near St. Thomas, N. D.

A tornado wrecked the Pittsburgh (Pa.) Reduction company's aluminum works, the loss being \$100,000.

President McKinley and wife arrived in Washington from Canton, O. Henry Lippert, aged 69, ex-chief of the fire department, dropped dead at his home in Milwaukee.

The International Typographical union in session in Milwaukee declared against indiscriminate boycotts.

George Griffin and his third wife were arrested near Wilson, N. J., on the charge of starving Griffin's four children to death.

A storm in eastern Illinois damaged the broom corn crop to the extent of \$500,000.

James J. Hill says the year ended June 30 last was the banner year for all western railroads.

Samuel Amidon, a prominent business man at Ashtabula, O., while playing ball was struck on the head by a pitched ball and instantly killed.

The Confederate Association of the Army of the Tennessee has protested against Gen. J. B. Gordon attending the G. A. R. encampment at Chicago.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

Robert Kingston Scott, during the reconstruction period military governor of South Carolina, and later serving two terms as civil governor, being elected by the people, died at Napoleon, O.

William Steinitz, once chess champion of the world, died in New York, aged 63 years.

Miss Blanch Fearing, of Chicago, the only blind woman lawyer in America, died at Eureka Springs, Ark.

Collis Potter Huntington, of New York, multimillionaire and president of the Southern Pacific Railway system, died suddenly at his summer home in the Adirondacks, aged 79 years.

Maj. Frederick E. Prime, during the civil war chief engineer in Grant's Mississippi campaign, died at Litchfield, Conn.

Washington republicans in convention at Tacoma nominated J. M. Frink, of King, for governor, and W. L. Jones and F. W. Cushman for congressmen.

The "Liberty congress," held its first session at Indianapolis, and was presided over by George S. Boutwell, of Massachusetts.

Rev. Joseph J. Harris, of Marion, Ind., has been named for lieutenant governor on the prohibition state ticket.

The democrats made the following congressional nominations: Indiana, Eleventh district, W. J. Houk; Iowa, Seventh district, G. W. Crozier; Michigan, Ninth district, F. C. Fowler; Wisconsin, Ninth district, E. H. Schweppe.

Gov. Roosevelt will make a campaign tour as far as the Rocky mountains, delivering 38 set speeches in the round trip.

J. N. W. Rumble has been nominated for congress by the republicans in the Second Iowa district.

Iowa democrats at the state convention in Cedar Rapids nominated S. G. Crane for secretary of state and endorsed Bryan.

Chief Justice Henry Green, of the Pennsylvania supreme court, died at Atlantic City, N. J., aged 72 years.

Ex-United States Senator John J. Ingalls, of Atchison, Kan., died at Las Vegas Hot Springs, N. M., after a year's illness, aged 67 years.

New York democrats will hold their state convention in Saratoga Springs September 11.

The liberty congress at Indianapolis endorsed Bryan with but 15 dissenting votes. The independents will meet in New York September 5 to nominate a new ticket.

FOREIGN.

Gen. Chaffee, the American commander in China, reported that the allies were at Ho-Si-Wu, 33 miles from Peking, on the 10th, and it is thought they have reached the capital.

Another dispatch says the Russians massacred the Chinese at Aigun, ending the Manchurian uprising. The Chinese massacred 3,000 converts and ten missionaries in Pe-Che-Le. Sir Claude MacDonald, the British minister in Peking, reported the situation as desperate.

A dispatch says Barberson has been proclaimed the new seat of the Transvaal government.

An attempt was made to poison the Chinese minister at Paris by means of poisoned flowers.

The shah of Persia won \$1,000 at races in Ostend, which he gave to the poor.

A dispatch says peace negotiations were proceeding between the Chinese government and the commanders of the allied forces. There was a hitch as to the place where the foreigners should be transferred. When the safety of the foreigners was assured Li Hung Shang would make complete reparations. It was said that a message from Mr. Conger to the state department showed that the Chinese government was responsible for all the massacres.

The Deutschland broke the record across the Atlantic, making the trip from New York to Plymouth in five days 11 hours and 45 minutes.

Fifteen persons were killed and 40 injured in a railroad wreck near Rome, Italy.

The total number of awards made to exhibitors from all countries at the Paris exposition is 42,700.

American losses in the island of Pany were greater in July than for any month since January.

The people of Gran, in Hungary, celebrated the nine hundredth anniversary of the introduction of Catholicism there.

Washington authorities refuse to accept a Chinese escort for legations, and insist that allied troops must be admitted to the city. The international forces were near Peking, if not at its gates. One report declared they had reached the city. An expert on Oriental affairs declared all messages from Peking were forged.

A boy 19 years old, arrested in Leipzig, was commissioned to kill King Albert of Saxony.

ARE ANXIOUS FOR PEACE.

The Chinese Have Evidently Had Their Fill of the Allies' Fighting Qualities.

AN OVERTURE FOR PEACE RECEIVED.

Li Hung Chang Suggests Minister Conger as a Commissioner to Negotiate for a Cessation of Hostilities Preliminary to a Settlement With the Powers.

Washington, Aug. 20.—The Chinese government has made formal application, through Li Hung Chang as its envoy, for the appointment of an American commissioner to bring about the cessation of hostilities in China and the restoration of general peace. This, coming since the capture of Peking, is the first showing of China's complete weariness with the struggle and her desire to make terms. The reply of the United States government has not yet been made known.

Li Hung Chang's Appeal.

Li Hung Chang's application came to the Chinese minister, and was delivered by him to the state department at 10 a. m. Shortly afterwards the president was acquainted with China's desires. In the absence of Secretary Hay and Secretary Root, the latter having gone to New York, who have been most active in the Chinese matter, there was no opportunity for a cabinet council.

Minister Conger Suggested.

The application of Li Hung Chang is that Minister Conger or some other official be named as commissioner for a cessation of hostilities. Earl Li expresses willingness to go where the powers may desire to conduct the negotiations, and it is expected that this will be either Peking or Tien Tsin.

In that event the negotiations will occur on what is practically conquered territory. The suggestion of the Chinese envoy that Minister Conger be named as the American commissioner, is said to be due to the fact that, as Mr. Conger is now relieved from personal danger at Peking, he is free to conduct the negotiations, and has the advantage of being on the spot.

Similar Appeals to Other Powers.

The application to the United States is understood to be similar to that made to other powers. Under the circumstances, it is probable that there will be a conference, in order that the powers may act in unison.

As to this, however, there is no official announcement for Li Hung Chang's application has barely had time to get before the president and his advisers.

Another Development.

Another important development is that two of the influential viceroys of China had made application to the powers, including, it is believed, the United States, that no disrespect be shown to the emperor and empress dowager of China. It is understood that the government is informed that at least one of the continental powers is prepared to answer that there will be no personal indignity or disrespect to their majesties.

The Conditions in Peking.

The condition inside Peking was made more clear by a dispatch from Admiral Remy, giving authentic reports from one of his staff officers, Lieut. Latimer, as to the situation on the 15th. It spoke of the troops "moving on the imperial city," and "clearing out the Tartar city." This latter city contains the Tartar arsenal, and is the headquarters for the vicious Tartar troops.

Admiral Remy's Dispatch.

"Taku, Aug. 19.—Authentic report from Peking, the 15th, from Lieut. Latimer: Troops moving on imperial city. Clearing out Tartar city. All Americans who remain in Peking are well except one child. Capt. Myers recovered from wound, has typhoid, crisis passed, and now convalescing. Assistant Surgeon Lippert was wounded upper left leg, bone fractured. Leg saved, now recovering. The following killed during siege in Peking: Sergeant J. P. Fanning, Privates C. D. King, J. W. Tucher, J. Kennedy, R. E. Thomas, A. Turner and H. Fisher.

Wounded: Private J. Schroder, elbow, severe, now dangerously ill from fever; Seaman J. Mitchell, upper arm, severe, now recovering. All other wounded and sick returned to duty.

Casualties Maj. Biddle's command, attack Tan Pating: First Lieut. Butler, chest; Private Green, wrist; Private Warrel, right temple; all slight.

Reported from Chinese sources that the royal family have escaped and are en route to Sian Fu.

[Signed.] REMEY.

Indications of Anarchy.

It is said at the war department that the reports of continued fighting in Peking indicate that the allied forces found a state of anarchy in the city, with many disorderly people and no method of controlling them. This especially would be the case if the reported flight of the empress dowager and emperor is true. Consequently, it has been found necessary for the troops to restore order in the city and carry out the instructions under which our forces are acting.

INTERNATIONAL CONGRESS.

The President's Plan to Solve the Chinese Problem.

New York, Aug. 20.—A dispatch to the Herald from Washington says: President McKinley is considering the advisability of proposing to the powers the organization of an international congress, which shall sit

in China and recommend to the several governments represented a permanent solution of pending questions.

The president recognizes that the duties which Minister Conger will be called upon to perform will be so exacting and arduous that it will be unfair to ask him to take the additional burden of discussing a method of settlement of the matters in controversy; that Special Commissioner Rockhill will be too busily employed in obtaining information and in communication with high Chinese officials to give time to them, and that direct negotiation between the powers is likely to prove unsatisfactory and give rise to complications which might otherwise be avoided. Talks with diplomats here indicate that their governments would be willing to join in a congress for the settlement of the Chinese question and Baron Von Stunberg, the German charge d'affaires in Washington, has been suggested as the representative of Germany.

In Pursuit of the Empress.

London, Aug. 20.—The Japanese cavalry has left Peking in pursuit of the dowager empress and her court, according to telegrams from the north received at Shanghai by Chinese officials. These dispatches aver that the empress and her treasure train, protected by 30,000 troops, have already arrived at Wu-Tai-San, in Shanghai province.

Left Before Allies Arrived.

London, Aug. 20.—The Chinese minister here has received a dispatch from Peking saying that the empress dowager and the emperor left Peking a few days before the allies arrived there.

Believed to Be in Peking.

London, Aug. 20.—The foreign office has received a dispatch from the German consul at Che Foo, saying the dowager empress was believed to be inside the palace at Peking, and that the allies were still bombarding the fortifications.

A MINNESOTA TRAGEDY.

Theodore Wallart, a Farmer Kills His Wife and Two of His Step-Children.

St. Paul, Minn., Aug. 20.—An Arlington (Minn.) special to the Dispatch says:

Last night, between ten and eleven o'clock, Theodore Wallart, a farmer living three miles from town, killed his wife and two of his step-children, a girl of 16, and a baby, and seriously wounded his 19-year-old step-son. He then set fire to his barns, destroying the stable, with nine horses, a corn crib and a full hay barn. Three years ago Wallart married the widow Starnbers, and for some little time they had been having trouble. The wife had recently been trying to secure a divorce, and had taken means to prevent Wallart from coming to the farm. Sunday morning, after practicing in the woods with a revolver, he returned to the house and entered by one of the windows. His wife evidently was alarmed by the noise, and was shot and killed as she was leaving the bed. The baby was found dead on the lounge, the girl on the floor of her bedroom. A second boy was seriously wounded, and has been brought to town, where it is feared he may die.

Wallart took to the woods after the crime, and has not yet been located.

GALLANT JAPANESE TROOPS.

The Little Men Have Won Unstinted Praise for Their Gallantry and Dash.

London, Aug. 20.—Military men here are much impressed by the accounts of the extraordinary gallantry and efficiency displayed by the Japanese troops in China, though it does not surprise those who had opportunities of seeing their behavior during the last war with China.

A British naval officer, who was attached to the Japanese quarters during that campaign, said that combined steadiness and dash he thought the Japanese were equal to the best regiments of any European army. In the present brief operations they have already covered themselves with honor. At the battle of Pei-Taung the manner in which the Japanese cavalry charged straight at a Chinese battery and sabred the gunners is described as magnificent. Their fault is that they are too impetuous, and lose men through their reckless courage, but in this war, as in their previous conflict with China, they have shown that no braver troops and more enduring soldiers can be found in the ranks of European armies.

THINNING OUT THE BOERS.

Krupp Guns Captured by Ian Hamilton—Additional Surrenders to Rundle.

London, Aug. 20.—The war office has received the following dispatch from Lord Roberts:

"Ian Hamilton captured two Krupp guns at Opliphant's nek, August 17. Three British were wounded.

"Hamilton engaged the Boers all day August 19 at Roope Kopjes and Crocodile river. There were few casualties.

"Rundle reports that 694 Boers surrendered in the Harrijamith district August 19."

Damaging Storms in North Dakota.

St. Paul, Minn., Aug. 20.—Specials to the Dispatch tell of heavy damage to property and crops in North Dakota by severe electrical storms. At Nicholson, Cogswell and Towanda many buildings were wrecked, and freight cars lifted from the tracks by the force of the wind. The rainfall was over two inches.

ALL ABOUT A LINE FENCE.

James Wallace, a Wealthy Missouri Farmer, Killed by Dr. Arrington in Platte County.

LATTER THEN KILLED HIS MOTHER-IN-LAW

Overtaken, While Attempting to Escape with His Daughter, He Fatally Wounded Sheriff Dillingham and was, in Turn, Shot Through the Heart by the Sheriff.

Leavenworth, Kas., Aug. 20.—Dr. Arrington, in Platte county, Mo., near East Leavenworth, shot and killed James Wallace, a wealthy farmer, in a quarrel over a line fence, and then going to the home of his mother-in-law, the widow of William Wallace, deliberately shot her to death. Arrington escaped in a wagon with his young daughter, but was pursued by Sheriff Dillingham and a posse.

The Murderer Killed.

The posse came up with Arrington in a road near Farley, about ten o'clock, and shots were exchanged. The murderer opened fire, wounding Dillingham in the breast and producing a fatal wound. As he fell Dillingham shot Arrington through the heart.

Cold-Blooded Crimes.

The murders were committed in the most cold-blooded manner. Wallace and Arrington, who were neighbors, had been at outs for some time. Wallace was greasing his buggy, when Arrington approached and, without a word, fired two shots, one taking effect in Wallace's head, and the other in the breast, killing him instantly.

Arrington then drove across the river to Leavenworth, taking his daughter with him, purchased 250 cartridges, and returned to the home of Mrs. William Wallace. Arrington entered the woman's house unbidden and shot her to death before she could make an outcry. His second crime committed, Arrington climbed into his wagon and drove off. A posse was formed quickly and, headed by Sheriff Dillingham, started after the murderer.

Had Driven His Wife Away.

Saturday night Arrington drove his wife away from their home by threatening to kill her. She slept in a corn field, and is still in hiding.

WYOMING FOREST FIRES.

Nothing But Heavy Rain Can Stop Them—Sheep Herders and Flocks in Danger.

Saratoga, Wyo., Aug. 20.—The forest fires continue to rage in the mountains between Battle Lake and Grand Encampment, and those towns and the numerous mining camps and sheep camps are threatened with destruction. The herders were forced to drive their flocks high up in the mountains to get feed, owing to the scarcity of both feed and water on the plains below, and it is feared that many of these herders have been surrounded with their flocks by the flames. The timber is as dry as tinder and burns fiercely. Nothing can prevent the progress of the flames except a heavy rain.

It is estimated that the loss thus far, exclusive of the millions of feet of fine timber, will be over \$200,000. Miners have joined the forest rangers in the work of fighting the fires. Their combined efforts, however, seem to be of no avail.

EARTHQUAKE IN ALASKA.

It Lasted Seventy Seconds and Changed the Course of One of the Mountain Streams.

Chicago, Aug. 20.—A special to the Record from Vancouver, B. C., says:

The steamer Cutch, which has arrived from Skagway, brought news that an earthquake, on August 10, shook Skagway for 70 seconds and was even more severely felt in Dawson. All the way down the river the shock was apparent, and at several places was particularly well defined. At Dawson two small government buildings, in course of construction were toppled over.

Arrivals from the Stewart river, half way down the Yukon to Dawson, saw the mountain there was split in two. One stream was dammed up, partially, by fallen rock and it turned into the newly formed canyon through the mountain. Five miles of this stream and two miles of the second tributary of the Stewart were left dry.

An Express Mystery.

Chicago, Aug. 20.—The mystery of a \$25,000 express robbery is perplexing officials of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad Co., the Commercial national bank of Chicago, and the Adams Express Co. Somewhere between Chicago and Burlington paper was substituted for the currency in the package.

Shot Dead in His Home.

Wichita, Kas., Aug. 20.—Mr. Huff, a cattleman and farmer, was shot dead in his own home in Custer county, Okla., Friday night by some one who fired through an open window. The herd law there is said to be the cause of the crime and more trouble is feared.

SON HAD THE ADVANTAGE.

His Reputation as an Athlete Made Him Better Known Than His Studious Father Was.

William Scott, of Pittsburgh, who has been brought so prominently before the public recently through being Mr. Carnegie's lawyer in the famous "multi-million-dollar controversy" between Frick and Carnegie, asked one question too many the other day.

Everyone interested in legal affairs knows how the two millionaires have always consulted the same law firm because their interests were identical, and that when the split came this firm, of which Judge Reed, president of the Lake Erie railroad, is the head, refused to take sides with either client and that new attorneys had to be chosen.

Mr. Carnegie chose Mr. Scott, a brilliant and well-known Princeton alumnus of the class of '09, says the Philadelphia Post.

On June 9, at the opening of Nassau's commencement when Princeton took the baseball championship from Yale and young King Scott, Mr. Scott's son, had the honor of being substitute pitcher for Hildebrand, Mr. Scott was among the favored guests.

Mr. Scott is fond of getting evidence from people, and when a freshman who idolized King Scott came up to shake hands with the father after the game Mr. Scott asked him what he thought was the best thing in college life.

"Athletics, sir," was the freshman's eager answer. "It's the greatest thing of all. It does a fellow no end of good."

"And why athletics?" insisted Mr. Scott.

"Well, sir," was the answer, "it's just this way: I guess you were a good student here, Mr. Scott, and read a heap of books—but nobody has ever heard of you, and the whole world knows about King."

Something for All Seasons.

In an uptown political club they are telling a story at the expense of the wife of one of the members—a man who had suddenly arisen from poverty to comparative affluence through a garbage contract. A new house had been purchased in a good neighborhood, and the wife spent many busy days in furnishing it. When she reached the item of mattresses she went to a big department store on Market street and made known her wants to a polite salesman. "I presume, madam," he said, "that you want the best spring mattresses."

"Not at all," was the quick retort. "You needn't think because I'm rich I'm easy. A spring mattress, indeed! Sure, I want mattresses you can use in spring, summer, autumn and winter. I'm not buying a mattress for every season in the year."—Philadelphia Call.

\$25,000 For Flying Machines.

The American government is to devote \$25,000 to the purpose of experimenting with flying machines to ascertain their practicability for use in the army. This is a large sum to use for an experiment, and yet it cannot compare with that spent uselessly by those who experiment with various so-called dyspepsia cures. Take Hostetter's Stomach Bitters and avoid expense and uncertainty. It is made expressly to cure constipation, dyspepsia, and all stomach disorders.

Intelligent Stage Drivers.

A New York visitor returned recently from Newport full of admiration for the intelligence of the stage drivers who undertake to show strangers the sights of the town. He was driving about in one of the vehicles devoted to the entertainment of those who undertake to see the sights of the town inexpressively. The driver stopped before one of the show places of Newport. "This is Mr. Smith-Jones' villa," said the driver, as he turned to the passengers, "and the lady in the red hat by the corner of the piazza is the younger Miss Smith-Jones, whose engagement to Mr. Brown was announced yesterday." The New York visitor had given before met stage drivers so anxious to have their patrons enjoy themselves.—N. Y. Sun.

A Shining Mark.

Borrow—Easy, is he? Grapher—Well, I should say. I wrote to him once and asked him to send me some dollars. It seems I spelt "two" a double o and forgot to cross the t. He sent me \$100.—Philadelphia Press.

Ten Years Pain

"I am a school teacher, have suffered agony monthly for ten years."

"My nervous system was a wreck. I suffered with pain in my side and had almost every ill known. I had taken treatment from a number of physicians who gave me no relief."

"One specialist said no medicine could help me, I must submit to an operation."

"I wrote to Mrs. Pinkham, stating my case, and received a prompt reply. I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and followed the advice given me and now I suffer no more. If any one cares to know more about my case, I will cheerfully answer all letters."

MISS EDNA ELLIS, Highgate, Ohio.

Wherever inflammation exists, there you may use with perfect safety

AN ALLEGED INTERVIEW.

It Has Been a Source of Annoyance to the Russian Embassy at Washington.

AN EFFORT TO PRODUCE PREJUDICE.

The Subject of the Alleged Interview, Mrs. Anna Drew, Wife of Sir Robert Hart's Chief Secretary, Utters Repudiations and Refutes the Published Statements.

Washington, Aug. 20.—The diplomats connected with the Russian embassy have been annoyed by constant reports attributing atrocities to the Russian troops in China. One of the most notable instances was an alleged interview with Mrs. Anna Drew, wife of Mr. E. E. Drew, the chief secretary of Sir Robert Hart. As a refutation of the sentiments put in her mouth, Mrs. Drew has addressed the following letter from Chicago, under date of August 14, to the Russian ambassador. After the usual opening phrases, she says:

Mrs. Drew's Letter.

"We have been living at Tien Tsin the past year, and I returned from there only last week. Our steamer was besieged with newspaper reporters upon our arrival at San Francisco, and although I was extremely careful in what I said to them, a great many strange things have been put into my mouth by some disagreeable people.

The Worst of All.

The worst of all was an article which attributed to me the most horrible story of atrocities committed by the Russian soldiers. I wish to deny these statements in full, and as the account has been copied into many eastern papers, it has, perhaps, come to your notice. I feel that I at least must tell you how false it all is. In fact, I can, from my own experience during those terrible days of the siege of Tien Tsin, speak only in the highest terms of praise of the Russian soldiers, who undoubtedly saved our lives on more than one occasion."

Published on Mrs. Drew's Account.

In giving this letter out for publication the Russian embassy wishes it understood that little importance is attributed to the effect of the stories reflecting upon the Russian troops. Were it not that the lady concerned is desirous of correcting the false reports, no notice would be taken of them, as the facts themselves are the best refutation of the sensational canards published, with the obvious purpose of prejudicing the American press and people against the Russians.

BOUND FOR THE ORIENT.

The Troops to Sail on the Sherman—Other Troops Awaiting Orders to Sail.

San Francisco, Aug. 20.—The transport Sherman will sail for Taku by way of Nagasaki.

The second battalion of the Second Infantry from Fort Thomas, Ky., and a battalion of the Eighth Infantry, from Fort Snelling, Minn., which, with the Fifth Infantry, have been ordered to sail on the Sherman, arrived late Sunday night and marched at once to transport dock.

Companies A and B, of the First Infantry, commanded by Capt. F. E. Lacey and Lieut. E. E. Carroll, from Fort Riley, Kas., have arrived at the Presidio, where they will await sailing orders.

Seven hundred and twenty horses will be put on board the transport Strathgyle, which will probably sail for the Orient Tuesday.

THE INDIANA WHEAT YIELD.

The Wheat Crop of Indiana a Practical Failure—The Smallest for Many Years.

Chicago, Aug. 20.—A special to the Times-Herald from Wabash, Ind., says:

Reliable grain dealers from all parts of the state have collected statistics showing the total yield of wheat in Indiana for the present year is the smallest for many years, and not exceeding 8,600,000, against from 25,000,000 to 40,000,000 for several years in succession prior to 1899. The crop is a practical failure, there being but little more than enough grain raised for seedling, and leaving a shortage for feed and seed of at least 1,000,000 bushels.

MURDERED BY A BURGLAR.

Miss May Fosberg Shot and Killed by a Burglar and Her Brother Badly Beaten.

Pittsfield, Mass., Aug. 20.—Miss May Fosberg, the 24-year-old daughter of R. L. Fosberg, a contractor, of Buffalo, N. Y., was shot and killed by a burglar. Her brother, E. F. Fosberg, was badly beaten by one of the men, whom he tried to capture. There were three of the burglars, and all escaped. Mr. Fosberg is living in this city, while engaged on some work for an electrical company.

Buck Taylor Dead.

Washington, Aug. 20.—"Buck" Taylor, "King of the Cowboys," sergeant in the Rough Riders and devoted friend and admirer of Gov. Roosevelt of New York, died of consumption, Sunday, in Providence hospital.

Left En Route for China.

Berlin, Aug. 20.—Field Marshal Count Von Waldersee, accompanied by his staff, has left Berlin, en route for China.

OTHERWISE UNNOTICED.

Mr. John Nelson was kicked to death by a horse at Sycamore, Ill.

The net-waist girl is dividing the attention of critics of dress with the shirt-waist man.

"Roy Evans," passer of bogus checks, is badly wanted by the police of St. Louis and numerous victims.

Four drownings and one death by burning is Pittsburgh's (Pa.) fatal accident record Sunday.

Frank Koehl was drowned on his eighteenth birthday, near the Merchant's bridge, St. Louis, while swimming with a party of friends.

New York scientists are much interested in the recent discovery by French scientists of a process whereby air may be renewed indefinitely.

The jury at Georgetown, Ky., found Caleb Powers guilty of complicity in the killing of Goebel, and assessed his punishment at imprisonment for life.

William D. Schult, editor of the Daily Press, of Caruthersville, Mo., died very suddenly of brain fever, caused by sunstroke.

Memorial services of the late King Humbert I. of Italy were held at St. Matthew's Catholic church, Washington, President McKinley attended.

The entire plant of the Kelly Ax Manufacturing Co., at Alexandria, Ind., valued at \$500,000, was destroyed by fire Sunday night. It was the largest ax factory in the world.

Joab Scott, an old and highly-respected citizen of Laclede county, Mo., died at his home, in Lebanon, at the advanced age of 83 years.

The Rock Island Railroad Co. has served notices on its employees at Armourdale, Kas., that cigarettes are forbidden while employees are at work.

The island of Cuba, with her exhibit at the Paris exposition, has achieved a notable success. The exhibit received 140 prizes.

The Seneca Indians are holding their annual green-corn dance. The dance will continue for a week, with a full attendance of all the members of that tribe.

James M. Burnham, publisher of the Wymorian, at Wymora, Neb., shot and killed his father, Capt. Collins A. Burnham, at their home, in self-defense.

There has been unusual activity at the Philadelphia mint the last few days owing to the arrival of millions of dollars' worth of Porto Rican coins, which are being exchanged in this country.

A switch engine jumped the track in the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific yards, at Rock Island, Ill., causing the death of Fireman Hugh Gillette and wrecking the locomotive and several cars.

The Kansas wheat-crop has begun to move, and the railroad companies operating in the state are working night and day to get sufficient cars in readiness to move the banner crop of the state.

Funeral services over the body of ex-Senator Ingalls were held at Trinity Episcopal church, Atchison, Kas., Sunday, and subsequently interment was made in the family vault at Mount Vernon cemetery.

A rig, driven by William Johnson, was struck by a fast Vandalia train at a crossing west of Marshall, Ill. Johnson was instantly killed, the buggy was demolished, and the horse was killed.

The railway commissions of several of the southern states are considering the advisability of organizing a combination for the purpose of reducing and maintaining freight rates.

Gold From the United States Save the London Markets From "A Nasty Jar."

New York, Aug. 20.—A dispatch to the Times from London, says. Just in the nick of time your gold became available and saved our markets from a nasty jar. London stockholders and others still grumble at the smart stroke played by the chancellor of the exchequer; but had he left the money market to its own devices, last week must have seen the Bank of England forced to put the rate up to five per cent. As it is, thanks to the lending of credit promptly on to shipped gold, we have been able to carry through the mid-monthly stock exchange settlement, pay up the major part of our share of the exchequer bond issue, and meet other capital calls, not only without any advance in market rates, but with an ever-increasing ease.

JUST IN THE NICK OF TIME.

Gold From the United States Save the London Markets From "A Nasty Jar."

New York, Aug. 20.—A dispatch to the Times from London, says. Just in the nick of time your gold became available and saved our markets from a nasty jar. London stockholders and others still grumble at the smart stroke played by the chancellor of the exchequer; but had he left the money market to its own devices, last week must have seen the Bank of England forced to put the rate up to five per cent. As it is, thanks to the lending of credit promptly on to shipped gold, we have been able to carry through the mid-monthly stock exchange settlement, pay up the major part of our share of the exchequer bond issue, and meet other capital calls, not only without any advance in market rates, but with an ever-increasing ease.

Chicago, Aug. 20.—A special to the Times-Herald from Wabash, Ind., says:

Reliable grain dealers from all parts of the state have collected statistics showing the total yield of wheat in Indiana for the present year is the smallest for many years, and not exceeding 8,600,000, against from 25,000,000 to 40,000,000 for several years in succession prior to 1899. The crop is a practical failure, there being but little more than enough grain raised for seedling, and leaving a shortage for feed and seed of at least 1,000,000 bushels.

RECEIVED A HEAVY SHOCK.

W. E. McCurdy Found Dead at the Electric Light Plant at San Diego, Cal.

San Diego, Cal., Aug. 20.—W. E. McCurdy, assistant engineer of the electric light plant here, was found dead in the power house. He had received a shock of 7,500 volts. His hat was lying on the dynamo, and his body was 20 feet away. A burned spot on his hand showed where he had touched the pole, the shock throwing him over another machine standing near. In his flight through the air he apparently disarranged the gearing, for the engine ran away and burned out the dynamo.

Farmers' Congress Delegates.

Denver, Col., Aug. 20.—Several hundred delegates to the National Farmers' congress, which will open in Colorado Springs Tuesday, have arrived here, and went on an excursion around "the loop."

Gov. Wood's Ride.

Cuba, Aug. 21.—Gov. Gen. Wood's ride from Puerto Padre via Las Tunas and Holguin, on his convention canvass, was completed here Sunday night. He covered over 120 miles in 20 hours.

ECONOMY WITHOUT PAY.

A Dealer Gives Reasons for the Difference in the Manner of Packing Goods.

"Goods in large packages like, for instance, tomatoes in gallon cans," said the canned goods man, according to the New York Sun, "are sometimes crated, this being done for the sake of economy, the crate costing less than a box. But canned goods in smaller packages, of which the number of cans put up is enormous, are commonly shipped in boxes. The reason for this is very simple.

"The big cans are likely to have only a strip or a band label, the rest of the broad expanse of tin being left uncovered. It isn't necessary to put this package up in fancy style, for it is not to be displayed anywhere. These goods are sold to hotels and restaurants and other large users.

"The big cans are likely to have only a strip or a band label, the rest of the broad expanse of tin being left uncovered. It isn't necessary to put this package up in fancy style, for it is not to be displayed anywhere. These goods are sold to hotels and restaurants and other large users.

"The big cans are likely to have only a strip or a band label, the rest of the broad expanse of tin being left uncovered. It isn't necessary to put this package up in fancy style, for it is not to be displayed anywhere. These goods are sold to hotels and restaurants and other large users.

"The big cans are likely to have only a strip or a band label, the rest of the broad expanse of tin being left uncovered. It isn't necessary to put this package up in fancy style, for it is not to be displayed anywhere. These goods are sold to hotels and restaurants and other large users.

"The big cans are likely to have only a strip or a band label, the rest of the broad expanse of tin being left uncovered. It isn't necessary to put this package up in fancy style, for it is not to be displayed anywhere. These goods are sold to hotels and restaurants and other large users.

"The big cans are likely to have only a strip or a band label, the rest of the broad expanse of tin being left uncovered. It isn't necessary to put this package up in fancy style, for it is not to be displayed anywhere. These goods are sold to hotels and restaurants and other large users.

"The big cans are likely to have only a strip or a band label, the rest of the broad expanse of tin being left uncovered. It isn't necessary to put this package up in fancy style, for it is not to be displayed anywhere. These goods are sold to hotels and restaurants and other large users.

"The big cans are likely to have only a strip or a band label, the rest of the broad expanse of tin being left uncovered. It isn't necessary to put this package up in fancy style, for it is not to be displayed anywhere. These goods are sold to hotels and restaurants and other large users.

"The big cans are likely to have only a strip or a band label, the rest of the broad expanse of tin being left uncovered. It isn't necessary to put this package up in fancy style, for it is not to be displayed anywhere. These goods are sold to hotels and restaurants and other large users.

"The big cans are likely to have only a strip or a band label, the rest of the broad expanse of tin being left uncovered. It isn't necessary to put this package up in fancy style, for it is not to be displayed anywhere. These goods are sold to hotels and restaurants and other large users.

"The big cans are likely to have only a strip or a band label, the rest of the broad expanse of tin being left uncovered. It isn't necessary to put this package up in fancy style, for it is not to be displayed anywhere. These goods are sold to hotels and restaurants and other large users.

"The big cans are likely to have only a strip or a band label, the rest of the broad expanse of tin being left uncovered. It isn't necessary to put this package up in fancy style, for it is not to be displayed anywhere. These goods are sold to hotels and restaurants and other large users.

"The big cans are likely to have only a strip or a band label, the rest of the broad expanse of tin being left uncovered. It isn't necessary to put this package up in fancy style, for it is not to be displayed anywhere. These goods are sold to hotels and restaurants and other large users.

"The big cans are likely to have only a strip or a band label, the rest of the broad expanse of tin being left uncovered. It isn't necessary to put this package up in fancy style, for it is not to be displayed anywhere. These goods are sold to hotels and restaurants and other large users.

"The big cans are likely to have only a strip or a band label, the rest of the broad expanse of tin being left uncovered. It isn't necessary to put this package up in fancy style, for it is not to be displayed anywhere. These goods are sold to hotels and restaurants and other large users.

"The big cans are likely to have only a strip or a band label, the rest of the broad expanse of tin being left uncovered. It isn't necessary to put this package up in fancy style, for it is not to be displayed anywhere. These goods are sold to hotels and restaurants and other large users.

"The big cans are likely to have only a strip or a band label, the rest of the broad expanse of tin being left uncovered. It isn't necessary to put this package up in fancy style, for it is not to be displayed anywhere. These goods are sold to hotels and restaurants and other large users.

"The big cans are likely to have only a strip or a band label, the rest of the broad expanse of tin being left uncovered. It isn't necessary to put this package up in fancy style, for it is not to be displayed anywhere. These goods are sold to hotels and restaurants and other large users.

"The big cans are likely to have only a strip or a band label, the rest of the broad expanse of tin being left uncovered. It isn't necessary to put this package up in fancy style, for it is not to be displayed anywhere. These goods are sold to hotels and restaurants and other large users.

"The big cans are likely to have only a strip or a band label, the rest of the broad expanse of tin being left uncovered. It isn't necessary to put this package up in fancy style, for it is not to be displayed anywhere. These goods are sold to hotels and restaurants and other large users.

"The big cans are likely to have only a strip or a band label, the rest of the broad expanse of tin being left uncovered. It isn't necessary to put this package up in fancy style, for it is not to be displayed anywhere. These goods are sold to hotels and restaurants and other large users.

"The big cans are likely to have only a strip or a band label, the rest of the broad expanse of tin being left uncovered. It isn't necessary to put this package up in fancy style, for it is not to be displayed anywhere. These goods are sold to hotels and restaurants and other large users.

"The big cans are likely to have only a strip or a band label, the rest of the broad expanse of tin being left uncovered. It isn't necessary to put this package up in fancy style, for it is not to be displayed anywhere. These goods are sold to hotels and restaurants and other large users.

"The big cans are likely to have only a strip or a band label, the rest of the broad expanse of tin being left uncovered. It isn't necessary to put this package up in fancy style, for it is not to be displayed anywhere. These goods are sold to hotels and restaurants and other large users.

"The big cans are likely to have only a strip or a band label, the rest of the broad expanse of tin being left uncovered. It isn't necessary to put this package up in fancy style, for it is not to be displayed anywhere. These goods are sold to hotels and restaurants and other large users.

"The big cans are likely to have only a strip or a band label, the rest of the broad expanse of tin being left uncovered. It isn't necessary to put this package up in fancy style, for it is not to be displayed anywhere. These goods are sold to hotels and restaurants and other large users.

"The big cans are likely to have only a strip or a band label, the rest of the broad expanse of tin being left uncovered. It isn't necessary to put this package up in fancy style, for it is not to be displayed anywhere. These goods are sold to hotels and restaurants and other large users.

"The big cans are likely to have only a strip or a band label, the rest of the broad expanse of tin being left uncovered. It isn't necessary to put this package up in fancy style, for it is not to be displayed anywhere. These goods are sold to hotels and restaurants and other large users.

"The big cans are likely to have only a strip or a band label, the rest of the broad expanse of tin being left uncovered. It isn't necessary to put this package up in fancy style, for it is not to be displayed anywhere. These goods are sold to hotels and restaurants and other large users.

"The big cans are likely to have only a strip or a band label, the rest of the broad expanse of tin being left uncovered. It isn't necessary to put this package up in fancy style, for it is not to be displayed anywhere. These goods are sold to hotels and restaurants and other large users.

"The big cans are likely to have only a strip or a band label, the rest of the broad expanse of tin being left uncovered. It isn't necessary to put this package up in fancy style, for it is not to be displayed anywhere. These goods are sold to hotels and restaurants and other large users.

"The big cans are likely to have only a strip or a band label, the rest of the broad expanse of tin being left uncovered. It isn't necessary to put this package up in fancy style, for it is not to be displayed anywhere. These goods are sold to hotels and restaurants and other large users.

"The big cans are likely to have only a strip or a band label, the rest of the broad expanse of tin being left uncovered. It isn't necessary to put this package up in fancy style, for it is not to be displayed anywhere. These goods are sold to hotels and restaurants and other large users.

"The big cans are likely to have only a strip or a band label, the rest of the broad expanse of tin being left uncovered. It isn't necessary to put this package up in fancy style, for it is not to be displayed anywhere. These goods are sold to hotels and restaurants and other large users.

"The big cans are likely to have only a strip or a band label, the rest of the broad expanse of tin being left uncovered. It isn't necessary to put this package up in fancy style, for it is not to be displayed anywhere. These goods are sold to hotels and restaurants and other large users.

"The big cans are likely to have only a strip or a band label, the rest of the broad expanse of tin being left uncovered. It isn't necessary to put this package up in fancy style, for it is not to be displayed anywhere. These goods are sold to hotels and restaurants and other large users.

"The big cans are likely to have only a strip or a band label, the rest of the broad expanse of tin being left uncovered. It isn't necessary to put this package up in fancy style, for it is not to be displayed anywhere. These goods are sold to hotels and restaurants and other large users.

"The big cans are likely to have only a strip or a band label, the rest of the broad expanse of tin being left uncovered. It isn't necessary to put this package up in fancy style, for it is not to be displayed anywhere. These goods are sold to hotels and restaurants and other large users.

FORTUNE IN A TRUCK FARM.

One Man Near Philadelphia Who Has Accumulated Half a Million Dollars.

There are over 600 acres of Philadelphia land under cultivation south of Porter street, in the district known as the Neck, and there is now living in Germantown a man who has amassed a fortune of \$500,000 in raising early vegetables in that locality, says the Philadelphia Record. His two sons are still engaged in truck farming, although they have not the same chances as their father had during the civil war, when spinach sold for eight dollars a barrel and onions brought \$12 a barrel. The father, with his half million, has removed to a handsome country seat near Germantown, where he lives in opulence.

He was an orphan and at the age of 21, having been bound to a trucker, he

There are over 600 acres of Philadelphia land under cultivation south of Porter street, in the district known as the Neck, and there is now living in Germantown a man who has amassed a fortune of \$500,000 in raising early vegetables in that locality, says the Philadelphia Record. His two sons are still engaged in truck farming, although they have not the same chances as their father had during the civil war, when spinach sold for eight dollars a barrel and onions brought \$12 a barrel. The father, with his half million, has removed to a handsome country seat near Germantown, where he lives in opulence.

There are over 600 acres of Philadelphia land under cultivation south of Porter street, in the district known as the Neck, and there is now living in Germantown a man who has amassed a fortune of \$500,000 in raising early vegetables in that locality, says the Philadelphia Record. His two sons are still engaged in truck farming, although they have not the same chances as their father had during the civil war, when spinach sold for eight dollars a barrel and onions brought \$12 a barrel. The father, with his half million, has removed to a handsome country seat near Germantown, where he lives in opulence.

There are over 600 acres of Philadelphia land under cultivation south of Porter street, in the district known as the Neck, and there is now living in Germantown a man who has amassed a fortune of \$500,000 in raising early vegetables in that locality, says the Philadelphia Record. His two sons are still engaged in truck farming, although they have not the same chances as their father had during the civil war, when spinach sold for eight dollars a barrel and onions brought \$12 a barrel. The father, with his half million, has removed to a handsome country seat near Germantown, where he lives in opulence.

There are over 600 acres of Philadelphia land under cultivation south of Porter street, in the district known as the Neck, and there is now living in Germantown a man who has amassed a fortune of \$500,000 in raising early vegetables in that locality, says the Philadelphia Record. His two sons are still engaged in truck farming, although they have not the same chances as their father had during the civil war, when spinach sold for eight dollars a barrel and onions brought \$12 a barrel. The father, with his half million, has removed to a handsome country seat near Germantown, where he lives in opulence.

There are over 600 acres of Philadelphia land under cultivation south of Porter street, in the district known as the Neck, and there is now living in Germantown a man who has amassed a fortune of \$500,000 in raising early vegetables in that locality, says the Philadelphia Record. His two sons are still engaged in truck farming, although they have not the same chances as their father had during the civil war, when spinach sold for eight dollars a barrel and onions brought \$12 a barrel. The father, with his half million, has removed to a handsome country seat near Germantown, where he lives in opulence.

There are over 600 acres of Philadelphia land under cultivation south of Porter street, in the district known as the Neck, and there is now living in Germantown a man who has amassed a fortune of \$500,000 in raising early vegetables in that locality, says the Philadelphia Record. His two sons are still engaged in truck farming, although they have not the same chances as their father had during the civil war, when spinach sold for eight dollars a barrel and onions brought \$12 a barrel. The father, with his half million, has removed to a handsome country seat near Germantown, where he lives in opulence.

There are over 600 acres of Philadelphia land under cultivation south of Porter street, in the district known as the Neck, and there is now living in Germantown a man who has amassed a fortune of \$500,000 in raising early vegetables in that locality, says the Philadelphia Record. His two sons are still engaged in truck farming, although they have not the same chances as their father had during the civil war, when spinach sold for eight dollars a barrel and onions brought \$12 a barrel. The father, with his half million, has removed to a handsome country seat near Germantown, where he lives in opulence.

There are over 600 acres of Philadelphia land under cultivation south of Porter street, in the district known as the Neck, and there is now living in Germantown a man who has amassed a fortune of \$500,000 in raising early vegetables in that locality, says the Philadelphia Record. His two sons are still engaged in truck farming, although they have not the same chances as their father had during the civil war, when spinach sold for eight dollars a barrel and onions brought \$12 a barrel. The father, with his half million, has removed to a handsome country seat near Germantown, where he lives in opulence.

There are over 600 acres of Philadelphia land under cultivation south of Porter street, in the district known as the Neck, and there is now living in Germantown a man who has amassed a fortune of \$500,000 in raising early vegetables in that locality, says the Philadelphia Record. His two sons are still engaged in truck farming, although they have not the same chances as their father had during the civil war, when spinach sold for eight dollars a barrel and onions brought \$12 a barrel. The father, with his half million, has removed to a handsome country seat near Germantown, where he lives in opulence.

There are over 600 acres of Philadelphia land under cultivation south of Porter street, in the district known as the Neck, and there is now living in Germantown a man who has amassed a fortune of \$500,000 in raising early vegetables in that locality, says the Philadelphia Record. His two sons are still engaged in truck farming, although they have not the same chances as their father had during the civil war, when spinach sold for eight dollars a barrel and onions brought \$12 a barrel. The father, with his half million, has removed to a handsome country seat near Germantown, where he lives in opulence.

There are over 600 acres of Philadelphia land under cultivation south of Porter street, in the district known as the Neck, and there is now living in Germantown a man who has amassed a fortune of \$500,000 in raising early vegetables in that locality, says the Philadelphia Record. His two sons are still engaged in truck farming, although they have not the same chances as their father had during the civil war, when spinach sold for eight dollars a barrel and onions brought \$12 a barrel. The father, with his half million, has removed to a handsome country seat near Germantown, where he lives in opulence.

There are over 600 acres of Philadelphia land under cultivation south of Porter street, in the district known as the Neck, and there is now living in Germantown a man who has amassed a fortune of \$500,000 in raising early vegetables in that locality, says the Philadelphia Record. His two sons are still engaged in truck farming, although they have not the same chances as their father had during the civil war, when spinach sold for eight dollars a barrel and onions brought \$12 a barrel. The father, with his half million, has removed to a handsome country seat near Germantown, where he lives in opulence.

There are over 600 acres of Philadelphia land under cultivation south of Porter street, in the district known as the Neck, and there is now living in Germantown a man who has amassed a fortune of \$500,000 in raising early vegetables in that locality, says the Philadelphia Record. His two sons are still engaged in truck farming, although they have not the same chances as their father had during the civil war, when spinach sold for eight dollars a barrel and onions brought \$12 a barrel. The father, with his half million, has removed to a handsome country seat near Germantown, where he lives in opulence.

There are over 600 acres of Philadelphia land under cultivation south of Porter street, in the district known as the Neck, and there is now living in Germantown a man who has amassed a fortune of \$500,000 in raising early vegetables in that locality, says the Philadelphia Record. His two sons are still engaged in truck farming, although they have not the same chances as their father had during the civil war, when spinach sold for eight dollars a barrel and onions brought \$12 a barrel. The father, with his half million, has removed to a handsome country seat near Germantown, where he lives in opulence.

There are over 600 acres of Philadelphia land under cultivation south of Porter street, in the district known as the Neck, and there is now living in Germantown a man who has amassed a fortune of \$500,000 in raising early vegetables in that locality, says the Philadelphia Record. His two sons are still engaged in truck farming, although they have not the same chances as their father had during the civil war, when spinach sold for eight dollars a barrel and onions brought \$12 a barrel. The father, with his half million, has removed to a handsome country seat near Germantown, where he lives in opulence.

There are over 600 acres of Philadelphia land under cultivation south of Porter street, in the district known as the Neck, and there is now living in Germantown a man who has amassed a fortune of \$500,000 in raising early vegetables in that locality, says the Philadelphia Record. His two sons are still engaged in truck farming, although they have not the same chances as their father had during the civil war, when spinach sold for eight dollars a barrel and onions brought \$12 a barrel. The father, with his half million, has removed to a handsome country seat near Germantown, where he lives in opulence.

There are over 600 acres of Philadelphia land under cultivation south of Porter street, in the district known as the Neck, and there is now living in Germantown a man who has amassed a fortune of \$500,000 in raising early vegetables in that locality, says the Philadelphia Record. His two sons are still engaged in truck farming, although they have not the same chances as their father had during the civil war, when spinach sold for eight dollars a barrel and onions brought \$12 a barrel. The father, with his half million, has removed to a handsome country seat near Germantown, where he lives in opulence.

There are over 600 acres of Philadelphia land under cultivation south of Porter street, in the district known as the Neck, and there is now living in Germantown a man who has amassed a fortune of \$500,000 in raising early vegetables in that locality, says the Philadelphia Record. His two sons are still engaged in truck farming, although they have not the same chances as their father had during the civil war, when spinach sold for eight dollars a barrel and onions brought \$12 a barrel. The father, with his half million, has removed to a handsome country seat near Germantown, where he lives in opulence.

There are over 600 acres of Philadelphia land under cultivation south of Porter street, in the district known as the Neck, and there is now living in Germantown a man who has amassed a fortune of \$500,000 in raising early vegetables in that locality, says the Philadelphia Record. His two sons are still engaged in truck farming, although they have not the same chances as their father had during the civil war, when spinach sold for eight dollars a barrel and onions brought \$12 a barrel. The father, with his half million, has removed to a handsome country seat near Germantown, where he lives in opulence.

There are over 600 acres of Philadelphia land under cultivation south of Porter street, in the district known as the Neck, and there is now living in Germantown a man who has amassed a fortune of \$500,000 in raising early vegetables in that locality, says the Philadelphia Record. His two sons are still engaged in truck farming, although they have not the same chances as their father had during the civil war, when spinach sold for eight dollars a barrel and onions brought \$12 a barrel. The father, with his half million, has removed to a handsome country seat near Germantown, where he lives in opulence.

There are over 600 acres of Philadelphia land under cultivation south of Porter street, in the district known as the Neck, and there is now living in Germantown a man who has amassed a fortune of \$500,000 in raising early vegetables in that locality, says the Philadelphia Record. His two sons are still engaged in truck farming, although they have not the same chances as their father had during the civil war, when spinach sold for eight dollars a barrel and onions brought \$12 a barrel. The father, with his half million, has removed to a handsome country seat near Germantown, where he lives in opulence.

There are over 600 acres of Philadelphia land under cultivation south of Porter street, in the district known as the Neck, and there is now living in Germantown a man who has amassed a fortune of \$500,000 in raising early vegetables in that locality, says the Philadelphia Record. His two sons are still engaged in truck farming, although they have not the same chances as their father had during the civil war, when spinach sold for eight dollars a barrel and onions brought \$12 a barrel. The father, with his half million, has removed to a handsome country seat near Germantown, where he lives in opulence.

There are over 600 acres of Philadelphia land under cultivation south of Porter street, in the district known as the Neck, and there is now living in Germantown a man who

The Press.

R. C. WALKER, Publisher.

ONE YEAR ONE DOLLAR

Ollie James has been selected to open the campaign in Hopkins county, in a speech at Madisonville Sept. 1. Hopkins is a large county, but she is not as big as this one speaker from Crittenden.

When that extra session of the legislature convenes on the 28th, let it get down to business without a moment's delay. Promptness is always commendable, and in this matter, on this occasion, it will be doubly so.

The old war-horse, T. B. Demaree, seems to have been turned down in the Prohibition State convention at Louisville. Mr. Demaree has to a very large extent, been the Prohibition party in Kentucky for the past twenty years.

Neither the hot weather, nor the drought, nor politics, nor wars, nor principalities, nor kingdoms, can impede the steady march of the mining industries in old Crittenden. The mark has been set high and we are going steadily towards it.

The Populists, in their convention at Paducah last week, re-nominated our old friend, Benj. Keys, for Congress. Ben was going along running for Congress pretty tolerable regular in the early eighties, and he has stood by his job ever since. A congressional race without Ben would be incomplete.

A Paducah dispatch says a plan is on foot for the Populists to vote for Mr. Yerkes for governor, and the Republicans to support Mr. Keys for congress. In a deal of this kind the Populist candidate for governor would be unavoidably swamped in the attempted "wreck of worlds and crash of matter," and we are not prepared to believe that Col. Cardin would submit to a deal of that kind.

We observe that all of Caleb Powers' lawyers are surprised, chagrined, and mortified at the verdict. This is so extraordinarily unusual that it should be punctuated, underscored and hyphenated. Usually, when a lawyer's client is convicted, that lawyer says it was all right, sends the jury a chromo, and offers a resolution of thanks.

In a meeting of a handful of "Brown bolters" in Louisville last week, our old public-pap fed friend Green R. Keller, was present and announced that he helped to pass the present election law, and that he was awful sorry he had done so. If Green had succeeded in his ambition and effort to get on the Groebel ticket for Secretary of State, we opine that he would have carried that great sorrow of his silently to the grave; and, unwept and unsung, it would have been buried with its progenitor, and the world would never have known of its mouldering career as it lay locked in that manly, self-sacrificing bosom.

According to the report of the State Examiner, Mr. Frank Pasteur, county clerk of Caldwell county, is short in his accounts with the State about \$1500, and has been keeping the business of his office in a harum-scarum, ramshackle sort of way. Mr. Pasteur was the Brown nominee for auditor last year, and has been so hard pressed in his great work of keeping "civil liberty" ablaze in the old commonwealth that he has probably had no time to fool away settling with the State and keeping prosaic records in shipshape. Some people will consume their time in putting gilt and tinsel on the domes of state and national capitals, while the rust destroys the wash-pans, pots, skillets and other useful necessary articles around their own households.

Long's View of It.
Mr. George W. Long, secretary of the Republican Campaign committee, was asked by a reporter of the Times what he thought of the verdict in the Caleb Powers case. "I do not think it was warranted by the evidence," said he, "but twelve good men thought differently."
"You believe, then, that the jury was composed of honest, up-right men."
"Yes. I looked into the faces of those men and I believe they were all honest. I believe they thought Powers was guilty or they would not have said so, though the verdict was a big surprise to me."

Missionary Meeting.

The Woman's Missionary Society of Princeton district held a meeting at Siloam, Crittenden co., Friday afternoon, Aug. 17, 1900.

Mrs. Lizzie Flanary presided over the meeting.

Prof. Sutherland, by special invitation, was present, and assisted by some good singers from his classes at Union and New Salem, furnished excellent music.

Opening song—Prepare to meet thy God.

Psalm 95 was then read and commented upon by Mrs. M. N. Moore, after which Mrs. Sallie Wofford very earnestly invoked God's blessings upon the meeting. Mrs. Moore gave an account of the organization of the Siloam Auxiliary, and a general report of the work for the past fourteen years.

Mrs. Lillie Flanary explained the object of the meeting and gave a brief but interesting report of her work as district secretary.

Song—Jesus Shall Reign.

Miss Tula C. Daniel, con. cor. sec. of the W. M. S. of the Louisville conference, wrote a paper to be read at this meeting, abounding in things of interest and characterized by that noble person, it was indeed a treat when read by such earnest worker and intelligent reader as Mrs. L. Flanary.

E. S. Moore's talk about Paul and Barnabas as missionaries, was both interesting and instructive.

A beautiful recitation on missions was well rendered by Mayo Love, followed by An Appeal to Young Women, a paper filled with earnest pleadings for the benighted heathen, read by Miss Lena Donakey.

Miss Alice Griffith in a plain, practical talk explained the requirements and work of the missionary. She also read several extracts from letters written by women who are giving their life to this work.

Mary Moore read China: The Open Door, a paper filled with important facts concerning our work in China; by Walter R. Lambrecht.

REPORTS FROM AUXILIARIES IN PRINCETON DISTRICT.

Tolu not very promising; Smithland and Greenville very good. The Siloam Auxiliary has been changed to The Alice Griffith Society, and Mrs. Griffith, the treasurer, made a good report.

Smithland's society sent a special invitation to us to meet with them next year, and it was a pleasure to us to decide in their favor.

Revs. Bigham and Cundiff were present and we feel that it was indeed a blessing to the work to have them with us.

Mrs. Finie Griffith was made a life member of our society.

The collection for outgoing missionaries was truly a success, as the call was for twenty dollars and the amount subscribed was twenty-two.

Mary Moore, Sec'y.

Flirting with Republicans.

Paducah, Aug. 20.—The Populists of the First congressional district will open the campaign on September 15 at Mayfield. Mr. Wm. Graham, of Marshall county, is chairman of the District Campaign committee. A deal is on between the Republicans and the Populists by which the Republicans are to support Ben C. Keys, the Populist nominee for congress and in return for which the Populists are to support Yerkes for governor.

Incidentally rumor has it that the Louisville and Nashville Railroad Company has its eyes on the Mammoth Cave property. The estate, comprising some 1,500 acres, cannot be sold, provision thus being made by old Dr. Croghan, who owned the property. It is said the youngest of the living heirs is sixty years old. If the L. and N. does purchase the property it is reported that the present cool, rambling wooden hotel, parts of which are almost a century old, will be replaced by one of the finest hotels in the country. This is a magnificent site for a summer resort. The present hotel is located in a grove on elevation, studded with hundreds of beech, hickory, dogwood, locust and oak trees and only about half a mile from Green river. In the event that the hotel is built it is said that air shafts will be constructed from the cave to the hotel, keeping the temperature at about 60 degrees.

TOLU FLOUR

I have the agency for the Tolu flour, meal and bran. Keep a stock on hand at Givens' butcher shop. There's none better. Your patronage solicited.

Luther Farmer.

HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA

In stomach troubles, has a "magic touch," promptly relieves distress and all other dyspeptic symptoms. It makes rich, pure blood, gives strong, steady nerves.

CREATES AN APPETITE, AIDS DIGESTION.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL R. R.

Of interest to STOCKHOLDERS.

Free Transportation to Attend the Annual Meeting at Chicago.

The Board of Directors of the Illinois Central Railroad Company, at a meeting held July 18, 1900, adopted the following preamble and resolution:

Upon the recommendation of the President the resolution adopted July 21, authorizing the free transportation of stockholders over the Company's lines, to Chicago and return, at the time of the annual meeting of stockholders, was reconsidered and amended so as to read as follows:

Resolved, That, until the further order of this Board, there may be issued to each holder of one or more shares of the capital stock of the Illinois Central Railroad Company, a ticket enabling him or her to travel free over the company's lines from the station on the Illinois Central Railroad nearest to his or her registered address, to Chicago and return, for the purpose of attending in person the meetings of stockholders. Such ticket to be good for the journey to Chicago only during the four days immediately preceding and the day of the meeting, and for the return journey from Chicago only on the day of the meeting and the four days immediately following, when properly countersigned and stamped during business hours—that is to say between 9:00 a. m. and 5 p. m.—in the office of the Assistant Secretary, Mr. W. G. Bruen, in Chicago. Such ticket may be obtained by any registered holder of stock on application, in writing, to the President of the company in Chicago. Each application must state the full name and address of the stockholder exactly as given at his or her certificate of stock, together with the number and date of such certificate. No more than one person will be carried free and respect to any one holding of stock as registered on the books of the company.

By order of the Board of Directors.
A. G. HACKSTAFF,
Secretary.

The next annual meeting of the stockholders of the Illinois Central Railroad Company will be held at the office of the company in Chicago on Wednesday, September 26, 1900, at noon. For the purpose of this meeting the Stock Transfer books will be closed from the close of business hours on September 11th to the morning of September 27th.

Card of Thanks.

We desire to return our sincere thanks to our neighbors and friends for their kindness to our father during his fatal illness. We appreciate beyond measure the careful attention so generously given, and shall ever hold in remembrance those who were with us.
W. D. Johnson.

Stray Notice.

Taken up as a stray, one bay mare mule, about 6 years old, 15 hands high, with some white spots on shoulder and some marks made by wire on breast and hind leg. The owner will call on P. E. Beard, three miles north of Crittenden Springs on Hurricane creek, pay bill and get mule.

Ed. PRESS: I am for the stock low. Fencing material is about all gone, and the amount of labor and expense expended on fencing should be directed to improving the land. I might write at length but I leave room for others.
J. A. Lewis, View, Ky.

Ed. PRESS: I notice in your paper that there is a good deal being said about the stock law. I am in favor of the law and think it would be the means of us making a great improvement in our stock. I hope the farmers of the county will arise to their best interests and do all they can to make it a law.
L. L. Hughes.

For Sale.

I have a good buggy horse and new buggy for sale for cash or note with good security. Also have a new dwelling house and lot centrally located, which I desire to sell, price reasonable.
John A. Moore.

City Lots.

If you want a town lot see R. E. BIGHAM before you buy, for he is going to cut his farm up in small or big lots to suit purchaser. This land lies adjoining the town of Marion, Ky.,

J. E. HANCOCK TINNER.

Tin Roofing, Guttering, Etc. All kinds of Repair Work, Roof Painting and Gun Repairing. All work guaranteed. Shop east Masonic building.

Pure white corn whiskey, hand made soua mash, \$2 per gallon or 50c per quart.
C. E. Doss & Co.

M. E. FOHS, Merchant Tailor MARION, KY.

Clothes Cleaned and Repaired. Repairing a Specialty

W. H. Clark, ATTORNEY AT LAW, MARION, KY.

Office over Haynes' Drug Store. Prompt attention given to all business entrusted to his care.

W. J. J. Paris, M. D. PHYSICIAN MARION, KY.

Office over Orme's Drugstore. Telephone No. 27.

THE BEST should be your aim when buying medicine. Get Hood's Sarsaparilla and have the best medicine MONEY CAN BUY.

Some People

Will bank on McKinley and Roosevelt, and others on Bryan and Stevenson, and somebody will be disappointed, but all who stand by

'Little Beauty'

AND

'Dew Drop'

OUR TICKET.

Will be pleased. This flour pleases the housewife as well as the voter, and gives strength to all who use it. It makes the best bread, the best pies, the best cakes, and in fact it is the best article to keep in the flour bin obtainable.

Clark & Kevil.

Marion Roller Mills.

Boston & Walker

HAVE THE LARGEST STOCK OF

FURNITURE

EVER SHOWN IN MARION.



Their Undertaking Department is complete in every particular.

Coffins Caskets

BURIAL ROBES and SLIPPERS.

Handsome Hearse

Always ready for Funeral Occasions.



We have a large stock of

Building Lumber,

—SUCH AS—

SIDING, CEILING, FLOORING, SHINGLES, Finishing Lumber of all Dimensions. DOORS, SASH, BLINDS, GLASS.

We will make you right prices on everything.



W. L. NOLE

Pain's Oils

Varies in uses, etc. Also in the oil rated.

Ruchters Paint

There is none superior to it for either outside or inside work. Here is what Government officials have to say to the manufacturers of this celebrated paint:

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, Office of Secretary.

Messrs. A. A. Eberson & Co., Gentlemen:—Inasmuch as such of your paint as has been used on board vessels of the Revenue Cutter Service, has given very good satisfaction I suggest that you have a quantity of paint, running into the thousands of gallons, ready for delivery or shipment from your Baltimore office.

This is simply a suggestion, that no delay may be experienced in delivery when it is ordered.

C. F. Shoemaker, Capt. R.C.S.

Remember we Sell it on a GUARANTEE.

Boston & Walker.

The Press.

R. C. WALKER, Publisher

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

Dr. Morris will be at Salem next week.

Rev. Foote at the Opera House the 30th.

The Boston grocery is still in the lead.

A daughter of Sam Cruce, col., died Thursday.

The Hood's creek school opened Monday last.

R. M. Allen will open school at Jackson's Monday.

The public school per capita for this year is \$2.45.

Mr. E. E. Squire went to St. Louis yesterday.

Schwab is now receiving old iron, rags and bones.

We have both an association and a camp meeting this week.

Miss Ina Woods is assisting her father in the county clerk's office.

Mrs. Roney has just received the new fall hats. Call and see them.

Dr. R. L. Moore will shortly begin the erection of his residence in Marion.

For first-class fruit jars go to the Boston grocery. The prices will suit you.

Keep right on macadamizing the streets. That's the thing to do with the money.

Mr. and Scott Daniel were the guests of Mr. L. W. Cruce and family last week.

Save your peach seed; will pay you 30c in cash until Oct. 15.

Mr. R. F. Door is building a handsome cottage residence on South Main street.

Burnett Williams accidentally drove a pitchfork prong through his finger Monday.

Mrs. Annie Truitt has qualified as administrator of the estate of Dr. W. F. Truitt, deceased.

Bring in your young spring chickens and eggs; will pay you cash.

A number of teachers and other persons interested are arranging to take a course in geology.

Rev. L. O. Spencer and wife, of Henderson, were guests of friends in this county this week.

Genuine Masons porcelain top fruit jars, pints 50c, quarts 60c, 1/2 gallon 75c.

There were ten applications for certificates to teach before the examination board Friday and Saturday.

Dr. Morris, the dentist, will be at Salem hotel Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday of next week.

Mr. James Woolf, who has been with friends and relatives in this county some weeks, left for his home in Arizona Monday.

Dr. R. J. Morris, resident dentist of Marion, will be at the hotel in Salem from Monday until Thursday of next week.

"Dust thou art, to dust returnest," may not have been spoken of the soul, but a remark of that kind would apply to this town about now.

Rev. W. R. Gibbs and U. G. Hughes held a series of meetings at Baker's School House during last week. There were several conversions.

Mrs. L. C. Perry and son Raymond, who were visiting her mother, Mrs. James, one mile south of town, was called home very suddenly on the 15th by a telegram announcing the serious illness of her husband.

The building committee and trustees of Greens Chapel M. E. church are requested to meet at the church on Saturday, September 8th, at 2 o'clock, to complete plans for repairing the church building.

Copher has a new oven, the best ever built in Marion; he has a new baker, the best ever employed in Marion, and is making bread ever sold or consumed in Marion. He is making a specialty of furnishing bread for camp-meeting.

Hurricane camp-meeting begins today.

Miss Pearl Cook returned from Texas Thursday.

Eastern meat gets, country meat 10c at Schwab's.

Go to Mrs. Roney's to see the latest style in new fall hats.

We are now ready to receive old iron and bones. Schwab.

Marion is big enough and dry enough to have water-works.

Rev. W. H. Miley and family are with their friends here.

Dr. Ray, the Osteopath, has quite a number of patients.

Prof. Chas. Evans is holding the Daviess county institute this week.

Mr. P. E. J. Bettis will move from Marion to Sheridan this week.

Rev. W. F. Hogard attended the camp meeting at Eddyville last week.

John Walker, Lem Cisco and John Floyd have bought a well drilling machine.

The lead mines, Columbia, are closed for the present. But they are getting ready for a big run.

Mr. J. W. Roscoe and wife, of Christian county were the guests of friends in Marion this week.

"Uncle Dock" Gilbert is out after a week's illness. He is still feeble, but cheery and hopeful.

Messrs. C. S. Nunn and T. H. Cochran and their wives expect to spend next week at Hill's spring.

Mrs. Annie Haynes, of DeLand, Fla., is visiting her sons, Messrs. H. A. and R. F. Haynes, of this place.

Dr. Orme, wife and son, returned from their northern trip last week. They were in Canada during their trip.

Mrs. Eva Huey and Miss Wesie Huey, who were guests of Mrs. R. C. Walker returned to their home in Boone county Thursday.

More new felt hats at Mrs. Howerton's this week. See her polka dot silks. Other goods still going at cost. See her before purchasing elsewhere.

D. B. Wigginton, of Caldwell county, was in town Monday. He has purchased the right to sell Rowland's Hay and Stock Rack Attachment in Caldwell, Lyon and Livingston counties.

Gus Grassham, who went from Salem to Colorado some weeks ago, writes home that he is well pleased with his new surroundings, that he is at work every day, and is rapidly improving in health.

The Ladies Missionary Society of the Princeton District held its annual meeting at Siloam Friday. The attendance from other counties was not very large; the meeting was an interesting one, however, and quite a number of papers were sent in and read.

The meeting at the Baker school house, conducted by Elders W. R. Gibbs and U. G. Hughes, closed on the 16th, with nine conversions. One of the converts was 70 years old. Elder Gibbs did some excellent gospel preaching, which was heartily received by his hearers.

Mr. P. G. Clowes, of Paducah, and Mr. L. W. Cruce, of this place, have opened an insurance office over Marion Bank. Mr. Clowes comes with letters of recommendation from prominent people of Paducah. Mr. Cruce is well known to the people. They represent good companies.

Saturday Mrs. Carrie Maxwell, her son, Mr. Perry Maxwell, and her daughter, Miss Mary, will leave for California. They will go by the way of Chicago and the Canadian Pacific road to Seattle, and thence by steamer to San Francisco. They will spend the winter at Palo Alto, and the two young people will attend the Leland Stanford University. Mr. P. S. Maxwell, the other member of the household, will, according to his long established custom, spend his winter in Marion, and the big establishment on South Main will be kept open, and Mr. Maxwell's large circle of young friends are looking forward to some well social functions there during the winter. The California party will be greatly missed from Marion church and social circles, but the gaiety of our bachelor friend will atone for the one, and his well known piety will to some extent make good the loss in the other.

A child of Mrs. Marion Davidson is very ill with typhoid fever.

Mr. Thos. Lynn recently lost two children within a week, and his wife and two other children are sick.

Last week marriage license was issued to James B. Crider, age 40 years, of Hardin county, Ill., and Mary J. Horney, age 15.

Mrs. Dr. Allen Lowery and son Mark, of Blackwell, Oklahoma, and Jesse Worten, of Paducah, are guests of Mrs. Roney.

Rev. J. F. Price will fill his appointment at Crayneville Saturday and Sunday. His singer, Ed Sherrill, will be with him.

Mr. C. Y. Haynes after spending a couple of weeks with friends here, returned to his home at Gunnison, Miss., Tuesday.

There is a fine interest in the meeting at Bells Mines. Three professions, about eighteen penitents, and the community deeply stirred.

County Attorney Kevil was at Squire McKinney's Court Tuesday to prosecute Shade Holder for disturbing religious worship. The jury fined the defendant \$10.

WANTED—Live men for agents for old reliable accident and sickness insurance companies. Good money to the right men. No loafers need answer.

Clowes & Cruce, Marion, Ky.

Dr. R. Goldstein, the well known eye Specialist and Optician, of Louisville, is at the Cook Hotel and will remain until Saturday Aug. 25th. Those suffering from neuralgia or defective eyes should see the doctor during his stay. Eye-glasses and spectacles adjusted to all conditions of sight.

Mr. Chas. Humphrey and wife, of Sheridan, paid us a call Monday. Mrs. Humphrey is blind, but she is one of the most cheerful and jovial of ladies. She does all of her own household work, cuts and makes the children's garments and can run a sewing machine with ease, and her work upon it will compare favorably with that of anybody.

A few days ago a large portion of the upper jawbone of a little girl of Mr. Leonard Riley had to be removed by her physician. The bone was badly diseased. The patient has about recovered. She will never have any upper teeth, and it will require the skill of the dentist to insert a bridge that will take the place of the large section of bone removed, and serve as a prop to hold the upper lip and nose in their proper position.

The Press office has just turned out a handsome "announcement" for Marion Graded School. It is a folder of twelve pages, briefly setting forth the design and scope of the school. Get one and send to your friend, and help induce him or her to come here to school. We have the best school in the country and when you induce a young man or young lady to come here to school, you do them a favor that they will appreciate as the years go by.

Messrs. Dean Woods and Richie Pickens, of this place, left Monday, in company with the family of Mr. James Woolf, for Phoenix, Arizona, where they will probably be employed on Mr. Woolf's ranch near Phoenix, in the beautiful and fertile Salt River Valley. These bright and energetic young gentlemen are members of our best families, and their many friends here bid them Godspeed on their westward journey.

The Epworth League has secured the Rev. U. G. Foote, pastor of the Eleventh street Methodist church, Louisville, Ky., to give a monologue entertainment Aug. 30th. Rev. Foote is a popular entertainer. His selections are mostly humorous, and keeps his auditors in roars of laughter. He renders some very difficult pieces as "The Bell," "The High Tide of Lincolnshire," the "Debating Society" and many others. He will doubtless have a large audience.

Dr. J. O. Dixon tells us that he definitely decided to remain in Marion. About the first of October he will go to New York to take a six months course in Bellevue Hospital and Medical College and University of the City of New York. After completing this course he will resume his practice here. The doctor is already a graduate of one of the best medical colleges in the country, and he has taken a post graduate course in New York, but he is a thoroughly progressive physician, and is looking forward with pleasure to his winter's work in the great institution of New York.

Bowling Green Business College.

Southern Normal School.

TWO SEPARATE SCHOOLS UNDER ONE MANAGEMENT.

One Thousand Students Will be in Daily Attendance During the Coming Year.

HUNDREDS of the leading PROFESSIONAL and BUSINESS MEN of the country are GRADUATES of these Institutions. The following courses are taught: Primary, English, Teachers', Preparatory, Scientific, Classic, Elocution and Oratory, Vocal Music, Instrumental Music, Law, Business, Short-Hand, Type-Writing, Penmanship, Telegraphy, and Civil Service. Any student who enters the BUSINESS COLLEGE will have the privilege of entering the SOUTHERN NORMAL SCHOOL and pursuing any Literary branch or branches taught without extra charges. We give two months' tuition free with every five months' scholarship issued by the Bowling Green Business College.

The magnificent new building will be ready for occupancy by the first of September, 1900.

Be sure and mention course wanted when you write. Catalogue free. Address H. H. CHERRY, General Manager, BOWLING GREEN, KY.

\$2.25 to Louisville

On Friday Aug. 24, a special excursion train will be run from Princeton to Louisville. Leaving Princeton at 12:45 p.m., connecting with Evansville District train due at Marion 11:46 a.m. Returning, the special train will leave Louisville at 12:01 noon, Sunday Aug. 26th, connecting at Princeton with train No. 354, which will be provided with passenger coaches to accommodate the travelers and passengers from Marion, will reach home at 11:07 p.m. of Aug. 26.

The fare for the round trip from Marion to Louisville and return, on this excursion is only \$2.25, tickets will be limited to special train of Aug. 26th. Don't miss this opportunity to visit Kentucky's metropolis. Ample accommodations will be provided for all who desire to go.

T. C. Jameson, agt.

We carry a complete stock of wooden and metallic coffins, caskets, etc., burial robes and slippers. A handsome hearse always ready for funeral occasions.

Boston & Walker.

All persons indebted to the estate of A. D. McFee, deceased, by note or account must settle by Sept. 1, or the business will be placed in the hands of an officer. We desire to sell the Bob Flanary farm, about 100 acres.

J. E. Dean, E. M. McFee,

City Ordinance.

You are hereby notified to clean up and disinfect your premises with fresh lime and you must burn or remove all trash or refuse such as decaying vegetable or animal matter, and clean out and keep clean all privies and water closets and disinfect them with fresh lime. Upon your failure to do so within three days after receiving this notice you will be prosecuted for maintaining a nuisance.

This Aug. 15, 1900.
J. O. DIXON,
W. D. CANNAN,
Com. on Health and Sanitary.
J. W. BLUE, JR., Mayor.

Farm for Sale.

135 acres, 90 cleared, 4 miles from Marion, 2 from Repton; fair improvements, good barn. Will sell at a bargain. Will also sell 1-4 interest in the growing corn and 1-3 interest in tobacco. I also have a house and lot in Marion for sale. House will be completed by Sept. 1.

Sam Hurst, Marion, Ky.

Notice.

TO THE TAXPAYERS OF CRITTENDEN COUNTY:

I have my tax books for 1900, will take pleasure in receipting you for same. You that owe me for 1898 and 1899, I have waited on you for a long time; will send a man to see each of you for the tax, if not paid will levy; so get ready and save cost. I must collect so as to meet claims that are against me.

2t John T. Pickens, S. C. C.

'FOUND.—At the Crittenden Springs, July 25, a gold locket with picture of girl on one side and lock of hair on other side. Owner can have same by calling on me and paying for this notice.

W. M. Brown.

100,000 feet Building Lumber FOR SALE.

My mill is located 2 miles north of Marion, and I have 100,000 feet of building lumber for sale, and will cut to order—any dimensions. Will deliver in Marion. For prices apply to

W. B. JAMES.

West Kentucky Fair Circuit

DO YOU FEEL ...

BILIOUS, DROWSY, LOW SPIRITED, BODY AND BRAIN WEARY?

PRICKLY ASH BITTERS

RELIEVES AND INVIGORATES.

It cleanses the liver and bowels, strengthens the kidneys and aids digestion, thus the system is regulated and the body fortified to resist disease.

... A VALUABLE REMEDY TO KEEP IN THE HOUSE ...

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Price 75c Per Bottle.

To The Public,

1900 finds us at the same old stand, doing business in the same square old way—

Selling Good Goods For The Cash.

At the lowest prices, always giving 100 cents worth for the dollar.

This year we hope to do more business with you, promising courteous treatment and the lowest possible prices, and we add just here that all

Heavy Woolen Goods are offered at Greatly Reduced Prices...

Your account is due and we need the money

Thanking you for your liberal patronage in the past, we are your friends

Woods & Fowler

A SMITH PREMIER TYPEWRITER



will do better work for a longer time, with less exertion, than any other writing machine. Thousands of satisfied users pronounce it.....

Perfectly Simple and Simply Perfect.

Let it lighten your business burden. ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE FREE. The Smith Premier is especially adapted to the "Touch System" of Typewriting.

The Smith Premier Typewriter Co.

Stray Mule.

On Friday night, Aug. 3, a black horse mule 12 to 14 hands high, some collar marks on shoulder, about 10 years old, was taken from my barn lot, 2 miles from Dycusburg. I will pay for his return or information as to his whereabouts.

W. T. Turpin, Dycusburg, Ky.

Finest and Best \$1.00 a Day House in Kentucky.

New Richmond House

R. E. DRENNAN, Prop.

PADUCAH, KENTUCKY

PLUCK.

By Laura E. Richards.

(From the Youth's Companion. Reprinted by Special Permission.)

"YES," said the ironmaster, "first honesty, and then pluck—those are the things needful. Speaking of pluck—" He stopped to answer the summons of the telephone, said "Yes," and "No," by turns for five minutes, and then resumed:

"Speaking of pluck, as you were doing just now, reminds me of a story, the beginning and end of which is that one word."

We settled ourselves in our chairs. We were sitting in the office of the iron works, and the air was full of the sound of great hammers, crashing and pounding, of the sharp hiss of molten metal, and the clear ring of smitten steel.

"I was sitting here in this very chair," the ironmaster began, "one day about seven years ago, or maybe eight. Time goes so fast I hardly try to keep count of it in these days. At any rate, here I was sitting, reading the newspaper, when there came a knock at the door.

"Come in!" I said; and in walked a stranger. He was a young man, about 25 years old, dressed like a gentleman, though his clothes had seen a good deal of service. Tall, with his head held up, and gray eyes that met mine fair and square.

"Always look first at a man's eyes, my boy! If he looks you in the eye, he is worth trying. If his eyes shift about here and there, as if they didn't know where to look, or were afraid of seeing something they didn't like—have nothing to do with him! That's my experience!"

"Well, this young man came up to my desk, and spoke without waiting for me; yet it was no want of manners, for his manners were good."

"Good morning, sir!" he said; and his voice had a clear ring to it that I liked. "I want work. Can you give me any?"

"I shook my head. We never took strangers in that way, and I don't recommend the practice at any time."

"No, sir!" I said. "We have no work here. Sorry I can't accommodate you." I took up my paper again, and looked to see him go out without more words, but he stood still. "I must have work!" he said. "I would try to give you satisfaction, sir, and I tell you I must have it!"

"My good sir," I said, putting the paper down, "there is no vacancy in the place. If you will give me your name and references, I will make a note of them, and some day when we do have a job to dispose of I will remember you. That is the best I can do for you to-day."

"The young man shook his head. 'That won't do!' he said. 'Think again, sir. Surely in this great place there must be something a strong, willing man can do. It is useless to talk of waiting till a vacancy occurs. I must have work now, to-day! It is absolutely necessary!'"

"It was on the tip of my tongue to tell him that it was absolutely necessary for him to leave that office and shut the door after him; but I looked at him again, and didn't say it."

"I saw that he was telling the truth, and that he must have work. It wasn't that he looked shabby, or that there was any suspicion of whining or snivelling about him. If there had been, out he would have gone in pretty quick time. But there was a look in his eyes—well, I hardly know how to describe it, but the man was desperate, and had some reason for being so."

"What kind of work do you want?" I said, putting down the paper again. "Any kind."

"I do. Anything that will put bread in the mouths of—" he choked a little, and stopped. Then, "I came from Canada two days ago, with my wife and three children, and was robbed in the train of my wallet. I have not a penny!"

"Come with me!" I said. And he followed me out of the works. His story might be true, or it might not, but I had thought of a way to test the metal of which he was made.

"The Stark mill, in which I had some interest, had been partly burned a few days before, and I had a gang at work, clearing away the rubbish. A dirty job it was; the men were up to their waists half the time in mud and water, and the whole place was a muddle of rusty iron and burnt timbers and what-not—looked like the end of the world, and the wrong end at that."

"The gang I had on were mostly Italians—it was too dirty work for a Yankee to touch, and even the Irish were shy of it. They were little, dark, monkey-looking fellows, working away, and chattering in their unearthly gibberish. I glanced from them to my gentleman, with his clear white skin, and hands which showed that, whatever trade he had worked at, clearing away wreckage hadn't been part of it—though he looked like one who might have taken a good deal of exercise in athletic sports."

"Here is a job!" I said. "The only one I know of. How do you like it?"

"Well enough," he said, as cool as possible. "You'll get a dollar and a half a day," I told him. "You'll get your death, too, probably. When will you go to work?"

"In an hour," he said. Well, off he went, and I hardly expected to see him again. But before the hour was out he was back again, in a flannel undershirt and a pair of old trousers. He took his pickaxe, and down he

went into that hole as if it was an evening party, sir.

"Well, I went back to the office. I couldn't be hanging round watching the men, or the boss would have been making trouble; but my new hand stayed on my mind, somehow, and I strolled round by the wreck two or three times in the afternoon, making some errand, you understand, in that direction."

"That man was working, sir, like a—like a house afire. The Italians are good workers, none better, as a rule—but his pick went in and out three times for their twice, and there was no chattering in his corner of the hole. He had little breath to talk, if he had wanted to, for though he was a muscular fellow, you could see with half an eye that he had never done such work in his life before."

"The sweat poured down his face like rain, but he never stopped, never looked up, or knew that I or anyone else was near—just plodded away, swinging that pick as if there were nothing else in the world."

"That's pluck!" said I to myself. "If he doesn't die he'll do!"

"For all that, I thought he would give out after the first day—didn't think his strength would last. When he came in for his pay at night, he was shaky and pretty tired-looking; but he said never a word; just took his pay with the rest, and thanked me, and went off."

"The next morning I was very busy, and although I thought of my gentleman once or twice, I didn't manage to get down to the wreck till noon, soon after the whistle had blown for knocking off work."

"When I got there I saw the Italians lying round on the ground or squatting on the fences, eating their black bread and sausage, and chattering away as usual; but no sight of my gentleman in the flannel shirt."

"'Oh!' said I to myself. 'One day was enough for him, was it? And I thought it would have been enough for me, too. When you are not used to the swing of a pick, the way it takes you in the back is something beyond belief. I turned to come away, and lo! there he was, sitting off in a corner by himself, all crouched up, with a great hunch of bread in one hand and a book in the other.'

"I strolled up behind him and looked over his shoulder at the book. It was an Italian grammar, sir!"

"My shadow falling on the book startled him, and he looked up. I suppose I must have looked as astonished as I felt, for he smiled and said: 'I couldn't afford to lose such an opportunity! The boss is very friendly, and I have learned several phrases. Buon giorno, signore!'"

"Are you a schoolmaster," I asked, "and working down in that hole?"

"No," he said, quietly. "I am a bookkeeper. It is a great advantage for a bookkeeper to be able to read and answer foreign letters, and although I have some knowledge of French, it has never come in my way to hear Italian spoken. So now is my chance. I got this grammar for 15 cents," he added, turning it over, with a smile—the book was pretty ragged and one cover was gone—and I am getting on pretty well."

"Why in the name of everything foolish didn't you apply for a position as bookkeeper," I asked, "instead of this kind of thing?"

"Nobody will take a bookkeeper without references. I shouldn't think much of a firm that did, I suppose," he said, flushing. "My references were in my wallet that was stolen, and it will be a week and more before I get new ones, as my native town is off the main lines and letters take a good while to get there. I've always been fond of open air and exercise," he added, with a quizzical look at the hole where he had been digging, "and now I am getting lots of it."

"Back stiff?" I suggested. "So, so! I'll manage, though—often been worse after a day's rowing—and this is just as good bread as any other," and he took a bite out of his hunch and looked at his book, as much as to say he had talked enough and wanted to be back at his grammar."

"I walked off and didn't see him again till he came for his pay in the evening, shaky again, but smiling as if he had had an excursion down the harbor. So it went on till the fourth day. Every day I looked to see him give out; but his pluck kept him up, and it's my belief he would have worked in that hole and got stronger and stronger—if something hadn't turned up."

"The fourth day I was sitting in the office, when the door opened and in came Green, from the boiler works over the way. 'Morning,' he said. 'Do you know of a bookkeeper? Our poor fellow, who's been sick for so long, died yesterday. I have to think about getting another.'

"I shook my head, but an idea came to me."

"Will you take a man on trial?"

"What kind of a man?" asked Green. "Well, I hardly know," said I. "I think he's a pretty good kind, but I've only known him four days. I can answer for his power of work," and I told the man's story."

"Green went out with me, saw the young man, liked his looks and engaged him on the spot. He finished his day's work, came out of his hole in the mud, shook hands with me and the next day found a home for the rest of his life."

"That is seven or eight years ago, and he has been at the boiler works ever since. If he's not to be made a partner soon I've been misinformed to-day—and that is what put him into my head when you were talking about pluck just now. That man, sir, had the real article; and when a man has the real article, and is honest to boot, don't talk to me about his not succeeding in life. Going? Well, good morning! Good luck to you in your new venture, and let your watchword be—Pluck!"

RIGHTS OF VAGABOND MULE.

Legal Decision That Affects Long-Eared Animals and Their Owners.

In "a lawsuit arising out of the unlawful acts of a disorderly mule" the opinion says the animal was found "loitering about the streets . . . without any apparent business, no visible means of support and no evidence of his ownership except a yoke on his neck," which was evidence that "the mule had been at some time in a state of subjection, but did not indicate to whom." Being arrested and taken to the lockup, after five days' delay an advertisement was published for two days and then the mule was sold. This notice, relates Case and Comment, was held insufficient on the ground that "no owner would feel any great sense of loss in a short time."

On the question of delay before pub-

HEROIC CURE FOR AN ITCH.

Serio-Comic Experience of a Stage Coach Passenger Who Was Held Up by a Road Agent.

Whatever differences of opinion may exist in regard to other subjects, those who have been held up by highwaymen are unanimous in the statement that no matter how few the holders up or how many they held up, each and every man said that the robber's weapon was pointed directly and solely at him. Years ago, says the Troy Press, in California a traveler was on a stage coach that a pair of bandits went through. The 14 passengers were all made to get out and stand in a row, with their hands high over their heads. One burly ruffian stood guard over them with a double-barreled shotgun, while the other engaged in the pleasing task of relieving them of their valuables

HELENE, QUEEN OF ITALY.



The new queen of Italy was the Princess Helene, one of the seven daughters of Prince Nicholas, the ruler of the little principality of Montenegro. She was born in the royal palace at Cetinje in 1873. With her sisters she inherited the superb dark beauty of their mother, the daughter of a Montenegrin nobleman. She has been most carefully reared and is not only admirable in all the arts and graces of European courts, but is well versed in the tricks of politics and the play of diplomacy. She is in every way qualified to succeed the lovely and lovable Queen Margherita.

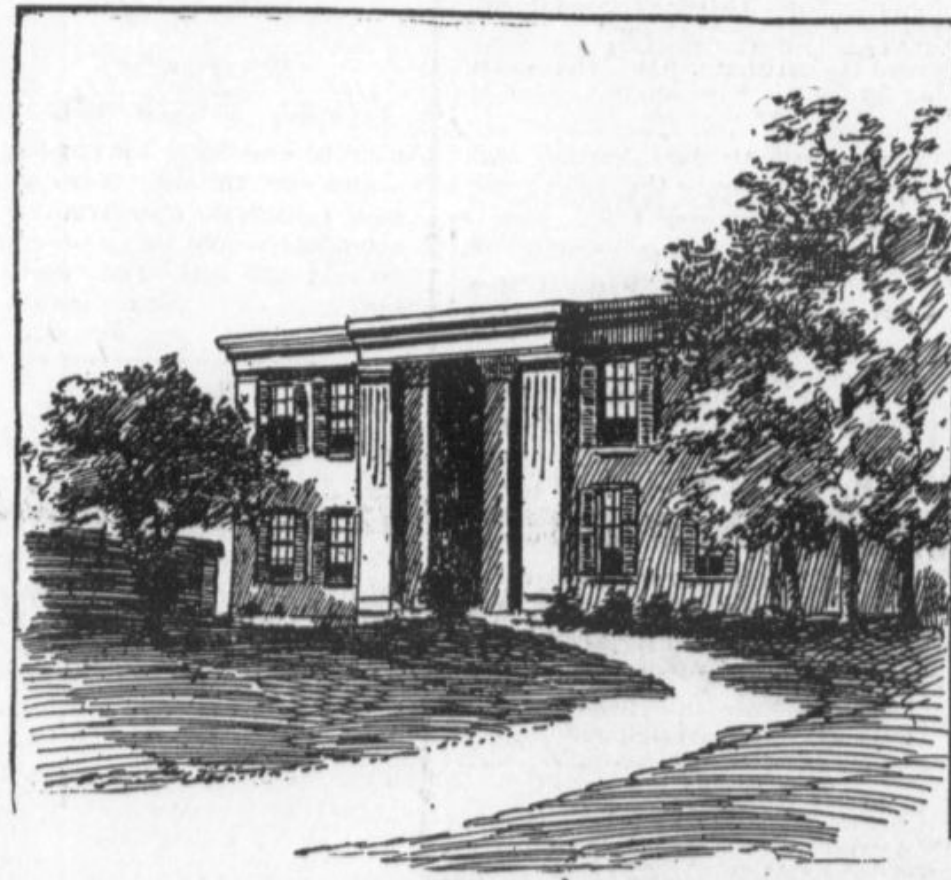
lishing the notice, which the ordinance required to be published immediately, the court said: "The argument is that the word 'immediately' as used in the ordinance does not mean 'instantaneously'; that the poundkeeper must have sufficient time to shut the pound gate, so as to keep the mule in, before he starts to the printing office; that after he does start he may proceed in a brisk walk and is not required to run, and after he gets there time must be allowed to set up the matter in type and there must then be a delay until the hour when the paper is printed and ready for distribution, and that the poundkeeper is not required to get out an extra. We are satisfied the learned trial judge did not mean to require such dispatch as this."

Many Shipplasters Still Out. It has been recently estimated that there is still outstanding more than

and spare cash. This particular traveler was nearest the man with the shotgun.

While the ceremonies were in progress his nose began to itch and instinctively he started to lower one hand to scratch it. "Hands up, there!" came the stern order, and his hand went automatically back into place. But that itching redoubled and again he essayed the reliever scratch. "Say, what's the matter with you, anyhow?" demanded the highwayman. "Are you wishful to become a lead mine?" "My nose itches so I can't stand it any longer," tearfully explained the sufferer. "I simply have got to scratch it." "No, you hain't," ungrammatically corrected the knight of the road, "cause I'll do it for you." And with that he proceeded to scratch the offending nasal organ with the muzzle of his shotgun. You can wager your shoes that

POLK MANSION NOW BEING TORN DOWN.



President Polk's tomb, where it was his wish that his remains should lie forever, is in ruins, and the old Polk mansion in Nashville, Tenn., which he bequeathed to the state in trust, is being torn down to make room for a modern apartment building. In a few weeks the historic old house, one of the sights of Nashville, will be obliterated. Fragments of the old stone tomb have been scattered over the front lawn of the place for ten years, ever since the bodies of the president and his wife were removed to a new resting place in the statehouse yard.

\$15,000,000 of the old "shipplasters," or fractional paper currency. No doubt much of this has been destroyed, but private collectors are believed to hold great quantities of the bills. They are still redeemable at face value, though they are no longer legal tender.

Vacation Cards from Libraries. Vacation cards, issued by a public library in Somerville, Mass., are good during July and August, and those who possess them are permitted to take out ten books at a time and return them within four weeks by mail or express and exchange them for another ten books.

Going Into Temptation. A man fools himself all the way in his walk into temptation with the belief that he is going into it on purpose to show that he can resist it.—Arlinson Globe.

that particular nose stopped itching with great abruptness.

The French Mushroom Crop. The annual crop of mushrooms in France is valued at \$2,000,000; and it is said that there are 60 wholesale firms in Paris dealing exclusively in them. In the department of the Seine it appears there are some 3,000 caves in which mushrooms are grown, and about 300 persons are employed in their culture, and rarely leave these caves.

Plants in High Altitudes. The highest point at which flowering plants have been found was in Tibet, at 19,200 feet. Nine species were recorded at 19,000 feet or higher.

Tenacup Valued at \$600. Among the exhibits at the Paris exposition is a set of tenacups the cheapest of which is valued at \$600.

Speak Out.

As a rule the person who says he has no choice about the spring chicken never looks thoroughly satisfied with the piece he gets.—Indianapolis Journal.

Diddler.

"Do you think your tailor would trust me with a suit of clothes, old man?" Robinson (dubiously).—"Does he know you?" Diddler—"No." Robinson—"Oh, then he might." Try him.—N. Y. World.

FALLING HAIR



Save Your Hair with Shampoos of

Cuticura SOAP

And light dressings of CUTICURA, purest of emollient skin cures. This treatment at once stops falling hair, removes crusts, scales, and dandruff, soothes irritated, itching surfaces, stimulates the hair follicles, supplies the roots with energy and nourishment, and makes the hair grow upon a sweet, wholesome, healthy scalp when all else fails.

Millions of Women

Use CUTICURA SOAP exclusively for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and healing, red, rough, and sore hands, in the form of baths for annoying irritations and chafings, or too free or offensive perspiration, in the form of washes for ulcerative weaknesses, and for many antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves to women, and especially mothers, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. No amount of persuasion can induce those who have once used it to use any other, especially for preserving and purifying the skin, scalp, and hair of infants and children. CUTICURA SOAP combines delicate emollient properties derived from CUTICURA, the great skin cure, with the purest of cleansing ingredients, and the most refreshing of flower odors. No other medicated soap ever compounded is to be compared with it for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, scalp, hair, and hands. No other foreign or domestic toilet soap, however expensive, is to be compared with it for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Thus it combines, in ONE SOAP AT ONE PRICE, viz., TWENTY-FIVE CENTS, the best skin and complexion soap, the best toilet and best baby soap in the world.

All that has been said of CUTICURA SOAP may be said with even greater emphasis of CUTICURA Ointment, the most delicate, and yet most effective of emollients, and greatest of skin cures. Its use in connection with CUTICURA SOAP (as per directions around each package), in the "ONE NIGHT CURE FOR SORE HANDS," in the "INSTANT RELIEF TREATMENT FOR DISFIGURING ITCHING AND IRRITATIONS," and in many uses too numerous to mention, is sufficient to prove its superiority over all other preparations for the skin.

Cuticura Complete External and Internal Treatment for every Humor, consisting of CUTICURA SOAP (25c.), to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales and soften the thickest cuticle, CUTICURA OINTMENT (50c.), to instantly allay itching, inflammation, and irritation, and soothe and heal, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT (50c.), to cool and cleanse the blood. A BRUSH SET is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disfiguring, and humbling skin, scalp, and blood humors, with loss of hair, when all else fails. FORTY DROPS AND CHERRY COAR, Sole Props., Boston. "All about the Skin, Scalp, and Hair," free.

SMITH'S SURE KIDNEY CURE

.... CURES

This remedy will keep the Kidneys in a healthy condition, purify the Blood and give proper action to the Liver. Stands pre-eminently superior for the cure of diseases peculiar to women. If you are troubled with kidney and bladder troubles, such as Dropsy, Bright's Disease, Catarrh, Gravel of the Bladder, Albumen in Urine and unhealthy deposits or too frequent discharge of the urine, pain in the back and bladder, dropsical swelling of the feet and legs, etc., we claim that by using SMITH'S SURE KIDNEY CURE a complete cure will be effected.

READ THESE TESTIMONIALS

From those who have used Smith's Sure Kidney Cure:

I have used three bottles of your SURE KIDNEY CURE, and it has been a permanent cure. MRS. W. M. PURVIS, Jonesboro, Ark. I had female trouble for over a year, and was confined to the bed for six months. I was treated by six very prominent physicians without any marked benefit. My last doctor was a skilled specialist, and he told me the only hope lay in an operation. I heard of SMITH'S SURE KIDNEY CURE, and after using it for one month I had myself cured, and even the doctor who last treated me now pronounces me well. MRS. J. H. FAYE, Atlanta, Ga.

For Sale by Druggists; Price 50 Cents. Prepared only by SMITH MEDICAL COMPANY, St. Louis, Mo.

INDIAN MIND CURES.

They Do Not Essentially Differ from Our Own Methods.

Many Medicine Men Combine the Use of Vegetable Tinctures with Suggestive Treatment—A Notable Healer.

[Special Cahulla (Cal.) Letter.]
WHAT is medicine, anyway? The allopath has no use for the homeopath or the osteopath or hydropath, and each one looks with suspicion upon the methods of the other. And yet there are followers of each system and people who have the greatest faith in all. Mrs. Eddy formulates her "Christian science" theories, and she and her followers build marble churches, and Mark Twain and other philosophers, preachers and teachers sneer and scoff and ridicule both theories and followers. We have "faith cures" and "mind cures" and every other kind of cure, and who shall say that there is no good in all of these methods?

Hence when the white man sneers at the Indian's modes of practicing medicine he is merely adding another sneer to those already piled up against himself. The Indian uses faith and mind, drugs, herbs, fetiches, prayer and humbug the same as his white brother, and he succeeds and fails just the same. Yet his methods are suited to Indian needs and Indian mentality, just as

fires of her fever, and reduced the angry swellings of her tortured body. He gave her medicines which took away her delirium and with words of wisdom helped her bear the heavy burden of her bereavement when she had recovered enough to realize her loss.

For years he had objected to being photographed, and when I asked him if I might make his picture, he quietly reminded me that I was a white medicine man, a brother tinglavash, and he wished to ask me on my honor, as one tinglavash of another, whether the camera would do him any injury. I assured him on my tinglavash honor, that it would not, and accordingly I was privileged to make the accompanying photograph. Strange to say, three months after my visit, the poor old fellow succumbed to the great and last foe and passed into the beyond. If he had any lingering doubts that my making of his picture had anything to do with his demise, I hope he is now assured to the contrary.

Now Torrebio was an intelligent observer of cause and effect. At Cahulla there is a sulphur spring of warm water. He learned that in skin and rheumatic diseases that water had marvelous curative properties and that the mud, in sores or scrofulous humors, was equally beneficial. He knew the properties of many herbs, both as tinctures and poultices, and used them to advantage. Yet he used the necromantic arts of incantations to help on his cures. Whether he believed in these or not, I am unable to say, but he knew full well that the patients did, and that they would not consider themselves

Cases Alter Circumstances.
Maude—Would you marry a man you didn't love?
Clara—No, indeed!
"But suppose he had a million?"
"Oh, then I'd love him."—Chicago Evening News.

Asheville, N. C.
Few regions have been more richly endowed by Nature than that famous section of Western North Carolina, poetically termed the "Land of the Sky." It has a climate so dry and health-giving that it has become known the world over as a natural sanatorium for the cure of all troubles of a pulmonary or bronchial nature.

Asheville, the center of this beautiful mountain-hemmed plateau, is the highest city east of Denver, and is a busy, thriving place of 12,000 inhabitants, with all the modernisms of city life. The city lies just at the point where the beautiful French Broad and Swannanoa Rivers join their crystal waters.

Within the city or in its suburbs many people of wealth have built beautiful and expensive homes, and most notable among them being the chateau of Mr. George W. Vanderbilt, which, with its great estate, has cost upwards of four million dollars.

Asheville is an all-the-year resort, for the great mountains protect it in the winter from the cold winds, and its summer climate is made delightful because of its altitude.

For descriptive matter of Asheville and vicinity, call on any Southern Railway Agent, or write Mr. C. A. Benscoter, A. G. P. A., Chattanooga, Tenn.

It Thrills Him.
Quinn—She kissed her hand to the audience only once. That's not enough to go around.

De Fonte—Oh, yes; stage kisses are flexible. Every man in the house thinks that that one kiss was for him.—Chicago Evening News.

A Coney Island excursion steamer was leaving New York with but few passengers aboard. The boat had just cast off, says the Sun, when a stout man with a very red face rushed down the pier, and, flourishing his stick, shouted: "Hey, captain! Put me back—back her quick. Here's a large party wants to go."

The captain was at first derisive, but finally shouted from the pilot house: "How large is the party?"

For an instant the fat man hesitated, then he yelled back: "Between 60 and 70." As soon as the captain heard this number he instantly ordered the steamer back and made fast again. The fat man waddled across the gangplank, and, picking out a nice deck seat, fanned himself with his straw hat. Meanwhile the captain and his crew waited for the party to arrive. After waiting five minutes and more, the captain turned impatiently toward the stout man and asked: "Where's your party, between 60 and 70? This boat can't wait all day for them?"

"Oh, that's all right," replied the fat passenger, with a bland smile. "I'm the party—myself."

The captain's face grew redder even than the passenger's as he furiously rang the bell to steam ahead, but the fat man at once became the hero of the boat.

Best for the Bowels.
No matter what ails you, headache to a cancer, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. Cascara helps nature cure you without a gripe or pain, produce easy natural movements, cost you just 10 cents to start getting your health back. Cascara Candy Cathartic, the genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has C. C. stamped on it. Beware of imitations.

Another Chinese Outbreak.
"Yes," the witness declared, "I could give further evidence against the prisoner, but, as Kipling says, 'that's another.'"

Never mind what Kipling says," interrupted the magistrate; "the Chinese can testify for him if he gets paid for it."—New Jersey Law Journal.

What Merchants Say. Yucatan Chill Tonic (improved). Gives entire satisfaction. W. G. Gordon, Independence, La. Best seller we have—W. B. Co. & Co., Clarkdale, Miss. Right in the push—E. S. Fisher, Reganton, Miss. A sure winner—Horton Bros., Victoria, Tex.

"We've cured that clerk who was always in debt to all of us." "How did you do it?" "Why, the minute he gets paid he has a row of him."—Indianapolis Journal.

Every Boy and Girl should learn to write with Carter's Ink, because it is the best in the world. "Inkling Ink," free. Carter's Ink Co., Boston.

Fixing the Blame.
Critie—Your picture doesn't resemble nature.
Artist—The picture is all right. If nature doesn't look that way, so much the worse for nature.—Somerville Journal.

The Best Prescription for Chills and Fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price, 50c.

A great bar to education is the habit that ignorant people have of getting angry when they cannot understand.—Town Topics.

We cured 16 cases of chills with 12 bottles of Yucatan Chill Tonic (improved). B. McElrath, L. J. Story and H. B. Miller, Harris Grove, Ky.

Everything you do is a red flag to those who dislike you.—Arlington Globe.

All goods are alike to PUTNAM FADELESS DYE, as they color all fibers at one boiling. Sold by all druggists.

"Well," said the street car conductor, as he rang up a poor fare, "I'm not much of a politician, but I'm generally for 'the ticket.'"—Indianapolis News.

"Have you read the latest book?" "Only 17 of it."—Judge.

YOU KNOW WHAT YOU'RE TAKING

When You Take

GROVE'S Tasteless Chill Tonic

because the formula is plainly printed on each bottle, showing what it contains. Imitators do not advertise their formula, knowing that you would not buy their medicine if you knew its ingredients. Grove's contains Iron and Quinine put up in correct proportions, and is in a tasteless form. Grove's is the original Tasteless Chill Tonic and any druggist who is not pushing an imitation will tell you that all other so-called "tasteless" Tonics are imitations.

Grove's is the only Chill cure sold by every druggist in the malarial sections of the United States and Cuba that is guaranteed to cure any case of malaria, chills and fever, or money refunded. Price 50 cents.



DR. MOFFETT'S TEETHINA (Teething Powders)

Costs only 25 cents at Druggists. Or mail 25 cents to C. J. MOFFETT, M. D., ST. LOUIS, MO.

Alays Irritation, Aids Digestion, Regulates the Bowels, Strengthens the Child, Makes Teething Easy. TEETHINA Relieves the Bowel Troubles of Children of ANY AGE.

THE FAT MAN'S LITTLE JOKE.

He Sprung It on the Steamboat Captain and Got His Large Party Aboard.

A Coney Island excursion steamer was leaving New York with but few passengers aboard. The boat had just cast off, says the Sun, when a stout man with a very red face rushed down the pier, and, flourishing his stick, shouted: "Hey, captain! Put me back—back her quick. Here's a large party wants to go."

The captain was at first derisive, but finally shouted from the pilot house: "How large is the party?"

For an instant the fat man hesitated, then he yelled back: "Between 60 and 70." As soon as the captain heard this number he instantly ordered the steamer back and made fast again. The fat man waddled across the gangplank, and, picking out a nice deck seat, fanned himself with his straw hat. Meanwhile the captain and his crew waited for the party to arrive. After waiting five minutes and more, the captain turned impatiently toward the stout man and asked: "Where's your party, between 60 and 70? This boat can't wait all day for them?"

"Oh, that's all right," replied the fat passenger, with a bland smile. "I'm the party—myself."

The captain's face grew redder even than the passenger's as he furiously rang the bell to steam ahead, but the fat man at once became the hero of the boat.

Best for the Bowels.
No matter what ails you, headache to a cancer, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. Cascara helps nature cure you without a gripe or pain, produce easy natural movements, cost you just 10 cents to start getting your health back. Cascara Candy Cathartic, the genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has C. C. stamped on it. Beware of imitations.

Another Chinese Outbreak.
"Yes," the witness declared, "I could give further evidence against the prisoner, but, as Kipling says, 'that's another.'"

Never mind what Kipling says," interrupted the magistrate; "the Chinese can testify for him if he gets paid for it."—New Jersey Law Journal.

What Merchants Say. Yucatan Chill Tonic (improved). Gives entire satisfaction. W. G. Gordon, Independence, La. Best seller we have—W. B. Co. & Co., Clarkdale, Miss. Right in the push—E. S. Fisher, Reganton, Miss. A sure winner—Horton Bros., Victoria, Tex.

"We've cured that clerk who was always in debt to all of us." "How did you do it?" "Why, the minute he gets paid he has a row of him."—Indianapolis Journal.

Every Boy and Girl should learn to write with Carter's Ink, because it is the best in the world. "Inkling Ink," free. Carter's Ink Co., Boston.

Fixing the Blame.
Critie—Your picture doesn't resemble nature.
Artist—The picture is all right. If nature doesn't look that way, so much the worse for nature.—Somerville Journal.

The Best Prescription for Chills and Fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price, 50c.

A great bar to education is the habit that ignorant people have of getting angry when they cannot understand.—Town Topics.

We cured 16 cases of chills with 12 bottles of Yucatan Chill Tonic (improved). B. McElrath, L. J. Story and H. B. Miller, Harris Grove, Ky.

Everything you do is a red flag to those who dislike you.—Arlington Globe.

All goods are alike to PUTNAM FADELESS DYE, as they color all fibers at one boiling. Sold by all druggists.

"Well," said the street car conductor, as he rang up a poor fare, "I'm not much of a politician, but I'm generally for 'the ticket.'"—Indianapolis News.

"Have you read the latest book?" "Only 17 of it."—Judge.

Alays Irritation, Aids Digestion, Regulates the Bowels, Strengthens the Child, Makes Teething Easy. TEETHINA Relieves the Bowel Troubles of Children of ANY AGE.

Piso's Cure cannot be too highly spoken of as a cough cure.—J. W. O'Brien, 322 Third Ave., N. Y., Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 6, 1900.

Gamekeeper (to sportsman who has missed at every shot)—"I say, sir, if there rabbits was a yard or so longer you'd make a fine bag!"—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

If your stomach is out of order, use Dr. Carlsbad's German Liver Powder. Pleasant to take; no tea to make. Price, 25 cents.

People resemble pianos when they are square, upright and grand.—Chicago Daily News.

Hall's Catarrh Cure Is a Constitutional Cure. Price, 75c.

Danger cannot be surmounted without danger.—Chicago Daily News.

Consult Your Tongue.

Half of all human ills come from disorders of the liver, and the tongue nearly always tells when the liver is at fault. Look at your tongue; if it is yellow, coated or has a furred appearance you now have, or will have, a headache, or a dull pain in your side or back. Your food will sour or distress you and your bowels will be irregular or constipated. Take

Storm's Liver Regulator

and see how soon the coating leaves the tongue. Observe how quickly the other troubles disappear. Notice the increased strength and vigor that comes. Your money back if the remedy fails. Price 50 cents.

Sold by All Druggists. Prepared by JAMES S. ROBINSON, Memphis, Tenn.

WALTHAM WATCHES

The name Waltham engraved on every movement the American Waltham Watch Company makes, guarantees the movement absolutely and without any reservation whatsoever.

"The Perfected American Watch", an illustrated book of interesting information about watches, will be sent free upon request.

American Waltham Watch Company, Waltham, Mass.

To Cure a Cold in One Day Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

A few men are self-made, but many more are self-unmade.—Chicago Daily News.

To Cure a Cold in One Day Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

"Well," said the street car conductor, as he rang up a poor fare, "I'm not much of a politician, but I'm generally for 'the ticket.'"—Indianapolis News.

"Have you read the latest book?" "Only 17 of it."—Judge.

All goods are alike to PUTNAM FADELESS DYE, as they color all fibers at one boiling. Sold by all druggists.

"Well," said the street car conductor, as he rang up a poor fare, "I'm not much of a politician, but I'm generally for 'the ticket.'"—Indianapolis News.

"Have you read the latest book?" "Only 17 of it."—Judge.



MOUNT SAN MATEO, SEAT OF THE PUEBLO PRAYER SPRING.

the great M. R. C. P. and S. or the M. D. suits his methods to the mentality and needs of his clientele. Most, if not all, Indians are firm believers in witchcraft, necromancy and the evil powers of the spirits of darkness. They believe in spells and charms and all the wild mysticism of the southern negro. Any system of medicine, therefore, that is to be efficacious to the Indian must satisfy his mind in these particulars. An Indian shaman must be able to work charms that will keep off the evils of the witches; he must make fetiches that prevent the power of the evil eye; he must be able to conjure good spirits to overcome evil ones, and he will succeed the best who can best excite the fears, hopes and sympathies of his patients. If he be a skilled thaumaturgist, all the better. If he have the gift of looking wise and keeping silent, better still. If to these things he adds a real, even though rude, knowledge of surgery, pathology and the action of certain drugs and minerals he is bound to be a leader among the medicine men of his tribe.

Perhaps of all known medicine men in North America the Navajos and Apaches are the leaders and the most skilled. I have seen them set bones as well as the surgeons in the leading hospitals of the world, several of which I have attended. Some of their healing ceremonies last for days at a time, when, with the strangest mixture of



TORREBIO APAOS. (Known for Years as the Medicine Man of the Cahullias.)

healthful bathings, head-washings, soaking of feet and legs, sweatings, purgings with gentle-acting herbs, dancing, singing, praying, conjuring, natural magic and what might well be termed Indian mental therapeutics, the patient is hocus-pocussed back, willy-nilly, to a reasonable state of health, or sent by the route of the doctor to the under world.

But no one, to my knowledge, has ever described the medicine work of the Indians of southern California. Here the medicine man is a "tinglavash," and one of the best known and uniformly successful was old Torrebio, who died last year at Cahulla, 40 miles from San Jacinto, where the earthquake did so much damage last Christmas day. When Juan Diego, the Alessandro of H. H.'s wonderful novel, "Ramona," was shot at his home in the Cahulla mountains, his crazed widow ran over the steep and rocky trail to the little Indian village where her friends resided. The grief and agony, the terrors of that sad journey brought on a sickness that nearly resulted in her death. Old Torrebio was the "tinglavash" who helped bring her back to life. With soothing and cooling drinks he quenched the fierce

properly cured unless the powers of evil were thus conjured away.

Neither was he ashamed to acknowledge to me—his brother tinglavash—that he humbugged his patients now and again. Among his other paraphernalia was an old feather duster. With emphatic gesture he explained that when a patient came to him needing a powerful cathartic, he gave a strong dose of some herb or other and then, with songs and dances, made the sick man believe he had swallowed the duster. By some means he kept up the delusion so that the patient could feel the brush passing through and finally out of his body, sweeping away with it all that caused the difficulty. His weak old eyes merrily twinkled as he described his conscienceless fraud, and when I asked him: "Do they really believe it passes through them?" he replied: "It is my business to make them believe it does!"

On a par with this was the magic practiced by old Roch Jones, the leading medicine man of the Hava Supas, of Cataract Canyon, Arizona. A patient came to him in great agony, complaining of pains in the small of his back. After making a careful diagnosis of the trouble, Roch Jones began his incantations. He sang a song, the burden of which was: "You are very, very sick, my friend; yet I know how to cure you. Your back is lame and the inside of you is sore, and you don't know what is the matter with you. A wicked Wallapal has bewitched you and put a lizard into the small of your back. With my powerful eye I can see him crawling about and biting at the inside of the small of your back. He is a wicked little lizard with a bad eye and a poison in his mouth, and none but I can suck him from you. I can cure you, my friend, but you must promise to give me five dollars. I can restore you to health, but you must promise to give me five dollars."

The promise was made, and the incantations to overcome the power of the wicked Wallapal began. Now a few incidental bathings and rubbings with strong Indian liniments took place, and finally Roch Jones, stooping down over the sick man, began to suck vigorously at his back where the supposed lizard was lodged. He sucked and spat, and soon, to our amazement, a lizard sprang from his mouth. It was a fat, plump little creature, and had evidently been living well, and the medicine man explained that fact by stating that he had been feasting on the flesh of the sick man.

Is it strange to remark that the invalid got well? The power of the Wallapal was broken, the lizard was extracted, charms had been worked more powerful (stronger medicine) than those of the Wallapal, and why should he not get well? What part the rubbings, etc., took in the cure, who knows?

G. WHARTON JAMES.

Depends on the Point of View.

"It all depends on the point of view," he said, reflectively.

"What do you mean?" she asked.

"Well, by way of illustration," he answered, "there's Mrs. Jones next door, who sings all day long. Looking at it from one point of view we say 'Happy woman!' and from another 'Unhappy neighbors!'"—Chicago Post.

Of Course.

Bobbs—They wouldn't accept hearsay evidence at the trial of that deaf mute burglar who was accused of sawing into Nobbs' house.

Dobbs—I suppose they limited it to hearsay testimony.—Baltimore American.

No Cure—No Pay. Casca Ferrine!

The Famous Non-Secret California Medicine. The formula is on every package. It is sold under a positive guarantee to promptly and permanently CURE Malaria, Chills and Fever and all Derangements of the Stomach, Liver and Bowels.

MONEY FOR SOLDIERS' HEIRS.

Heirs of Union Soldiers who made homesteads of less than 160 acres before June 25, 1878 (no matter if abandoned), if the additional homestead right was not sold or used, should address, with full particulars, HENRY N. COPP, Washington, D. C.

OPIUM WHISKY and other drug habits cured in 30 days.

Sanatorium treatment. Book and particulars FREE. R. M. WOOLLEY, N. B., Atlantic City.

Use Certain Chill Cure. Price, 50c.

LADIES! When Doctors and others fail to relieve you, try N. F. M. R. (never fails). Box free. Mrs. R. A. Kown, Milwaukee, Wis.

A. N. K.—F 1827

When Writing to Advertisers please state that you saw the Advertisement in this paper.

PISO'S CURE FOR COUGHS, BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, Whooping Cough, Spasms, Stomach Trouble, Indigestion, Constipation.

CONSUMPTION

Pantation Chill Cure is Guaranteed

To Cure or Money Refunded by Your Merchant, so Why Not Try It? Price 50c.

Combination Prices?

Will be paid for
two weeks,

...IN CASH...

Spring Chickens 8 cents per lb.
Eggs 84 cents per doz.
Butter 15cts.
Dried Apples 2 1/2c per lb.
Dried Peaches, 2 and a half cts per lb.

Peach Seed 30c a bushel.
Feathers 40c.
Wool, washed, 30c; unwashed 20c.
Beeswax 21c
Old iron 20c per 100lbs.

These prices are good for two weeks from date.

We Will sell you

Best molasses, 25 cts.
Set glasses, 15cts.
Set goblets, 20cts.
Cups and saucers, 20cts.
Plates, 25cts.
MASON'S FRUIT JARS Porcelain top.
Pints per dozen 50 cts.
Quarts " " 30 "
1/2 gal " " 75 "
Eastern bacon, 9c.
Lard 10 cts.
Best fruit jar rubbers 5 cts, a doz.
5 box matches 5cts.
Soda per lb. 34cts.
Pepper, best quality 15 cts.
Best Baking powder, 4cts.
Lion Coffee, per pkg. 12 1/2 cts.
Extra good green coffee 8 lbs for \$1.00.
Water Buckets 10 cts.
Brooms 15 and 20 cts.

4 bars good laundry soap, 5 cts.
Irish potatoes 25 cts per bushel.
Onions 60 "
TIN BUCKETS.
1 gal. 10 cts.
1/2 gal. 5 "
Oil cans Galvanized, 20 cts.
Oil cans, 5 gal., 75 cts.
7 boxes axle grease 25 cts.
2 boxes of lye 15 cts.
PEACH SEED WANTED.
I will guarantee 30 cents per bushel for all good dry peach seed, until Oct. 15, 1900.
Dried apples and peaches will be fair prices this season. Better dry all you can. I want 75,000 pounds of each.
I want your produce. I will also commence receiving Old Iron, Rags and Bones.

H. Schwab.

NO MOTION

Has Yet Been Made for a New Trial
in The Powers Case.

Georgetown, Ky., Aug. 20.—Considerable surprise was expressed at the failure of Powers' attorneys to make a motion for a new trial at the opening of court this morning. Governor Brown, chief counsel for Powers, by way of explanation said:

"We are not prepared, as we had announced we would be. The grounds are so many that a more voluminous document than we had at first anticipated must be prepared. However, we expect to be ready to make the motion tomorrow morning."

"No stone will be left unturned to secure a new trial for Caleb Powers," said Hon. Wood G. Dunlap, of the counsel for the ex-Secretary of State, convicted of complicity in the assassination of Gov. Goebel. "Tomorrow morning we will file a motion and grounds for a new trial. We expect that the motion will be promptly overruled by Judge Cantrell. Then we will ask for 60 days in which to prepare a bill of exceptions. Judge Cantrell will grant us some time—may be the 60 days. When the exceptions are presented to Judge Cantrell he will, after consultation with Commonwealth Attorney Franklin prepare an answer to them, and both will be filed with the Kentucky Court of Appeals. If the finding of Judge Cantrell's court is reversed the case goes back to the Scott circuit court for a new hearing, but if it is sustained, then it will be taken to the Supreme Court. A stay of sentence will be asked until the case is decided all along the line. It will take several months to get through with it."

GUILTY, SAYS THE JURY.

Georgetown, Ky., Aug. 18.—"We, the jury, find the defendant guilty, and fix his punishment at confinement in the penitentiary for the rest of his natural life."

This was the wording of the verdict rendered today in the case of ex-Secretary of State, Caleb Powers, charged with being an accessory before the fact to the murder of William Goebel. The jury retired at 1:32 p. m. and returned its verdict at 2:25 p. m., having been out only 53 minutes. The vote in favor of a life sentence was unanimous. When the jury retired the belief was general that its members would fail to agree, and in this opinion the defendant himself was firmly convinced.

When the verdict of guilty was returned, Powers, for the first time in the weary six weeks of the trial, betrayed his feelings. Under all the trying incidents of the trial he had maintained a changeless expression. The verdict of guilty, however, apparently staggered him. He was sitting near the door of the jury room, and when the jurors knocked on the door summoning the Sheriff his face took on an anxious look. When the twelve men filed into the room and took their seats and Clerk

Penn called the roll of jurors, the prisoner did not appear to be more excited than the vast throng of spectators.

"Have you made a verdict, gentlemen?" inquired the Court.

"We have," the jurors replied, and at the same time Mr. Stone the foreman, passed the verdict up to the clerk, who read it aloud. Powers, always pale, grew ghastly white as the verdict was read, and his face betokened great mental anguish. Then, somewhat regaining his composure, he turned to the Misses Dangerfield, who had been in conversation with him and said: "I was not expecting that. The verdict is unjust."

There was no sort of demonstration following the verdict, and the vast crowd filed out of the courthouse almost in silence. Powers remained in the court room for sometime after the verdict was rendered, in conference with his attorneys, who will at once move for a new trial, and failing in that, will take an appeal.

DYCUSBURG.

Several of our people attended the Eddyville camp meeting Sunday.

Mrs. A. E. Richards is visiting her father in Paducah this week.

Mr. Jim Clark, of Princeton, was in town Monday.

Miss Laddie Bennett, of Paducah, is visiting G. M. Young's family this week.

Miss Bernice Young has been visiting friends in Paducah.

J. C. Griffin went to Paducah Monday.

Several of the farmers in this community are through cutting tobacco.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed Dalton went to Henderson Sunday.

The mill at this place has been out of repair a week or two, but they have got it in good shape now and will run day and night until they catch up.

NEW SALEM.

Mrs. Ada Wolford, Miss Emma Harpending, Henry Bronster, are on the sick list.

Corn is burning up fast. Farmers will commence cutting corn this week.

Miss Maria Clopton, of Smithland, is a guest of the Misses Harpending.

Drinking and stock water is getting very scarce.

Lack of rain is causing the pastures to burn up.

Rev. Lowery, of Hopewell, came up and conducted the services at the burying of Rufus Threlkeld.

Some of our Farmers will commence to cut their tobacco, this week notwithstanding the long dry spell. The crop is the best in many years.

Chester Bibbs began his school at New Salem last Monday. We hope Mr. Bibbs will teach us a good school.

W. C. Lynes visited his daughter Mrs. Blanche Harris at Quenn's Ferry last week.

We noticed mention made in the Press of the death of our neighbor, Rufus Threlkeld. We wish to say that in the death of this good young man that this community has lost one of her best citizens and New Salem church one of her best officers and faithful members. The remains were buried at Union Church followed by a large crowd of friends and neighbors. The widow and family of the deceased have sincere sympathy of friends and neighbors.

LEVIAS.

A great deal of sickness at this writing.

Eld. R. A. LaRue filled his regular appointment at Mint Spring Saturday and Sunday.

Miss Carrie Love, of Bayou Mills, Livingston county, is visiting Henry Love's family.

Several of our people attended the Quarterly meeting at Siloam.

Millard Barnes, of Paducah, visited F. M. Beard's family last week.

We solicit from each member of Union Baptist Church a sum sufficient to purchase an organ for the church. We want every one to give something to this so that we may get the organ by Oct. 1st.

Mining has ceased in this section for the present. But we look for an opening right soon and mineral development. G. B. Taylor has ceased hunting ties on the account of the intense heat and dust.

Our farmers are complaining very much of tobacco worms. However the crop looks fine and is not injured by the worm yet.

Prof. John Sutherland expects to take his singing classes from here to the Baptist Association to make music for the occasion.

We are sorry to have to speak of this matter for it is a matter that all should be at all times interested in and that of our neglecting to attend Sunday School. We know the hot weather is a draw back to a great many of us, but a true and earnest Sunday school goer will not let this come in his way.

Tell Tale Corner.

Happenings Among the Young
People---Edited by Four of Them.

Miss Frances Gray is visiting relatives in Princeton this week.

Miss Rosa Kevil, who is teaching Copers Spring, spent Sunday at her home.

Miss Louisa Huey, who has been visiting relatives here, returned to her home in Cincinnati Friday.

Miss Jennie Bell is expected home this week.

Walter Walker went home with his Aunt, Mrs. Huey last Friday and will spend several weeks at her home in Kenton county.

Miss Melville Glenn, after spending several days visiting Miss Claire Taylor her neighbor across the street, went to Salem, where she will spend a few days.

Dean Woods left Monday for Arizona a place that he has long wanted to see. His ambition was always to go West and although his friends and relatives regretted to see him leave, we can say that we wish him all the success that is due him.

Mr. Lal Threlkeld, of Salem, attended the entertainment given at the Opera Hall last Thursday evening.

Misses Jordana Gregg and Mary Maxwell went to Paducah last Saturday. Mary Maxwell will return in a few days, but Miss Gregg will go to her home in Cincinnati. She made many friends here and they are very sorry to see her leave our city.

Richie Pickens left Monday with Mr. Wolfe for Arizona, where he will seek employment and if he likes the place will doubtless settle there.

Albert Crider attended the recital last Thursday evening.

Miss Dedie Clement, the teacher of the Cookseyville school, spent Sunday in Marion.

The entertainment given by the young people on last Thursday evening was quite a success.

Willie Wyatt and Malcome Buckner, of Fredonia, were in town last Sunday.

Hayden Threlkeld, of Salem, was in town last week.

Jake Wigginton, of Fredonia, was in town last Saturday.

Col. Henry Haynes is now clerking in the furniture store and J. Ernest Paris and the aforesaid are making a lasting impression upon the iron sills of that building.

T. Everett Butler, of Salem, was here greeting his numerous friends Tuesday.



A Baby's Birth

is very much like the blossoming of a flower. Its beauty and perfection depends entirely upon the care bestowed upon its parent. Expectant mothers should have the tenderest care. They should be spared all worry and anxiety. They should eat plenty of good nourishing food and take gentle exercises. This will go a long way toward preserving their health and their beauty as well as that of the little one to come. But to be absolutely sure of a short and painless labor they should use

Mother's Friend

regularly during the months of gestation. This is a simple liniment, which is to be applied externally. It gives strength and vigor to the muscles and prevents all of the discomforts of pregnancy, which women used to think were absolutely necessary. When Mother's Friend is used there is no danger whatever.
Get Mother's Friend at the drug store, \$1 per bottle.
THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO.
ATLANTA, GA.
Write for our free book, "Mother's Friend to Mothers."

R F Haynes

Carries
the

PUREST AND BEST DRUGS

all the

PATENT MEDICINE?

Fine Stationery.

All the
Healthful

SUMMER DRINKS

At his
Fountain

LYONS



LAXATIVE SYRUP

NATURES CURE FOR
CONSTIPATION.
Is made from the choicest extracts of vegetables and fruits, contains no injurious drugs, and is the best prescription that can be compounded for the cure of Constipation, Biliousness, Sick Headache, Nervousness and to dispel Colds and Fevers. It drives out all impurities of the blood and makes the complexion clear.
If you do not like it better than any laxative you have ever used, your Druggist will refund the money.
An ideal remedy for children as well as adults. For sale by druggists at 50c. per bottle.

For Sale by

J H ORME, MARION
WELDON DRUG CO. TOLU

THE BEST should be your aim when buying medicine. Get Hood's Sarsaparilla and have the best medicine MONEY CAN BUY.

Hughes' Tonic

Palatable.

Better than Calomel or Quinine. The Old Reliable.

Excellent General Tonic!
as well as a sure cure for

Chills and Fever

IT NEVER FAILS!

Just what you need at this season.

MILD LAXATIVE.
NERVOUS SEDATIVE.
SPLENDID TONIC.

Guaranteed by your Druggist. Don't take any substitute.

50c. and \$1 Bottles.

R. J. MORRIS

Dentist,

Office over Marion Bank.

MARION, KY.

The Salem Mail Hack Line.

ROUND TRIP FROM MARION
TO SALEM EVERY DAY.

First class Passenger Wagon. Round trip \$1.00.

Package and freight of all kinds given prompt attention.

Phone 86.

T. C. GUESS.

WM. FOWLER, President.
J. R. CLARK Vice President.
R. L. MOORE Sec and Vice President.

E. J. HAYWARD, Cashier
J. B. HUBBARD, Ass't Cashier

Farmers Bank

OF MARION, KY.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL STOCK \$30 000.00

A BANK OF DEPOSITS, LOANS and DISCOUNTS

Does a General Banking Business. Special Attention given Collections and Remittances. It solicits your business

UR OWN OSTEOPATH

Dr. H. F. Ray

Has opened an Infirmary in our own town, at the Long residence. If you or your friends are afflicted in any way it might pay you to call and see him.

CONSULTATION and EXAMINATION FREE.

Office Hours:—8 to 11 a. m., and 2 to 4 p. m.

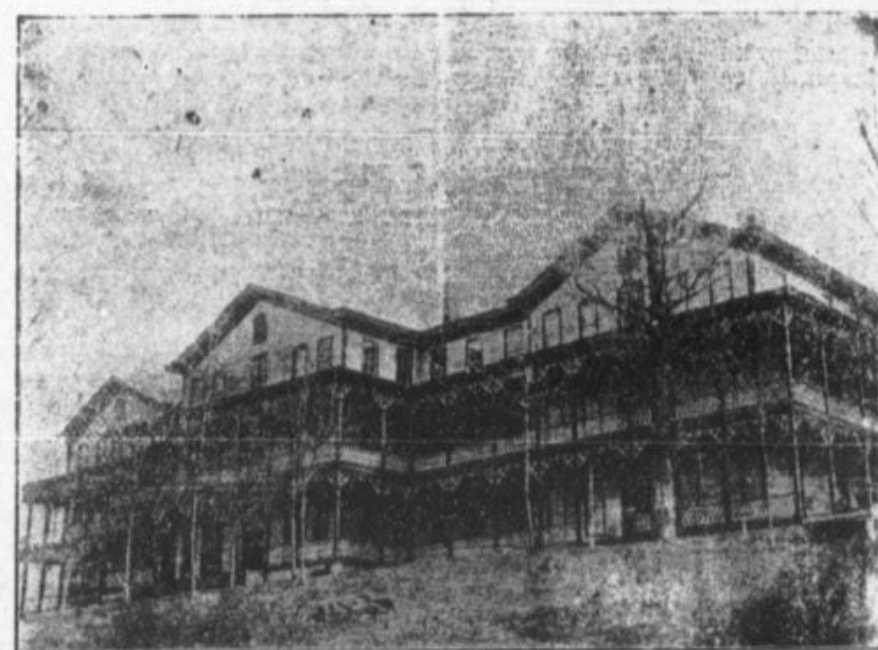
HIGHEST GRADE OF Fine Whiskies.

E. W. TAYLOR

Next Door to Cook Hotel.

4 Year Old at \$2.00 per gallon, 50c a Quart.
Handles pure Bourbon Rye and Malt Whiskies.

Crittenden Springs Hotel.



First Class Accommodations in Every Particular

SULPHUR BATHS. FINE BAND

Rates \$8.00 to \$10.00 per week. Special Rates for the Season

J. W. WILSON, Manager,

Postoffice: MARION, KY

The Great Blood PURIFIER!



Kidney and Liver Regulator

Guaranteed by our REGISTERED GUARANTEE to cure all diseases arising from Impure Blood and Inactive Liver or Kidneys. 200 Days' Treatment \$1. The dollar back if you are not cured.

We, the undersigned, have tried "Our Native Herb Tablets," and have found the medicine to be good and can cheerfully recommend it to all suffering from the various diseases it is guaranteed to cure.

Let Threlkeld, Charles Bozeman, W. L. Funkhouser, John Drake,
James Lee, (Mrs.) Jno. Perry, W. T. Tinsley, R. A. Towery,
D W STONE, AGENT, THE ALONZO BLISS CO.,
TO LU. KY. SOLE PROPRIETORS
Medicine Mailed Promptly on receipt of \$1.