

The Crittenden Press.

VOLUME 22.

MARION, CRITTENDEN COUNTY, KENTUCKY, FEBRUARY 7, 1901.

NO 35.

OUTSIDERS ARE INTERESTED

AN INFLUX OF NORTHERN AND EASTERN CAPITAL AT MARION

The Beginning of a Great Development of our Lead And Zinc Interests.

The Metal Markets, Personnel, Etc.

Joplin, Mo., Feb. 2.—Our market is practically unchanged. The shutting down of the mills and the reduction of our reserves will naturally have a hardening effect on prices.

New York, Feb. 6.—Lead \$4.32 to \$4.37. Fluor Spar unchanged from last week. Market strong. Barytes, American, No. 1, crude, \$9.00. No. 2 crude, \$8.00. No. 3 crude, \$7.75.

German gray, \$14.50; snow white \$17.00.

Rottenstone, ground, per lb. 2 1/2 to 3 cents. Lump, as to quality, 5 to 14 cents.

Hydrofluoric acid, best, per lb. 25c. Fire clay, ordinary to best, short ton, \$4.25 to \$6.00.

Slip clay, short ton, \$7.00.

Gypsum, ground, short ton, \$8.00 to \$8.50.

Ochre, American common to best, \$9.25 to \$25.00 short ton. Slate ground, black, short ton, \$7.50 to \$8.75.

St. Louis, Feb. 6.—Lead dull, \$4.17 1/2 to \$4.32 1/2 for desilverized.

While almost the entire country is in the throes of a blizzard, railroad trains stalled in huge snow drifts, the elevated and surface roads in our cities at a complete standstill, in Southwestern Kentucky we are having almost spring like weather, no snow, good roads and every description of business being pushed to the utmost.

Major Clements, our ideal of an old Kentucky gentleman, drove over from his farm on Saturday for the avowed purpose of ascertaining the facts about Crayneville being a suburb of Marion. The Major is doing a little prospecting for minerals himself. The story Attorney Nunn tells about Major Clements' "bitter apple" prescription, and the improvement it effected upon ten mile creek, while unquestionably true, would be doubted very seriously if the narrator were not personally known throughout this section of the State as a gentleman of unquestioned truthfulness.

A delightful dinner was given by Mrs. C. S. Nunn on Saturday last in honor of her husband's thirty-first birthday. Mr. and Mrs. John W. Blue and Messrs. Clark and Roberts, of Chicago, were among the guests.

Mr. Henry C. Clark returned to Chicago on Saturday for a brief visit.

Mr. C. H. Lane, of Cleveland, Ohio, arrived here Sunday morning. Mr. Lane's purpose is to personally inspect the zinc and lead ores of this section, with the view of deciding upon the possibilities of their concentration. Of course the galena or lead ores are easily handled, the zinc blende alone appearing problematical. Mr. Lane has samples of the work of a contractor that he is personally in-

terested in, and probably no closer or cleaner concentrates of galena, zinc blende and copper were ever made, than is shown in his numerous samples of concentrates.

Mr. Hudson, of Paris, Tennessee, who is a large stockholder in the Kentucky Fluor Spar Company, was with us a few days last week. Mr. Hudson did not think it quite proper that a citizen of Tennessee should carry around with him as much of the real estate of Kentucky on his boots. There is so much mineral in our soil all over the county, that it absolutely declines to separate itself from a mining man. It is not the common mud of ordinary sections by no means.

A three foot drill hole, assisted by part of a stick of powder, resulted in a showing of three tons of clean fluor spar in the shaft of the Chicago Mining Company last Monday morning. Their first shipment of fluor spar goes to the Illinois Steel Company at Chicago today.

Mr. J. F. Dougherty, of Canton, Ohio, returned from Joplin Sunday morning. He was with several other Ohio gentlemen he is visiting the various sections of this and Livingston counties, where he is personally interested.

There is a fairly well founded rumor on the street that a large plant will be established here for the production of ground barytes. It is understood that at least \$15,000 will be invested and that the white lead corridors in the north will be furnished direct from this mining point. Our crystallized barytes can not be excelled in this or any other country, and there is no known reason why its preparation should not be a very profitable investment.

Messrs. Blue & Nunn, in conjunction with Mr. Fred Clements, are sinking upon a very promising zinc blende prospect a short distance this side of Mexico. The property is situated very near the Illinois Central railroad tracks.

The sales of Fluor Spar during the past week, including contracts made for future delivery have been the largest in any one week for the past ten years.

The zinc blende showing in the bottom of the shaft at the Holly mine is of sufficient magnitude to warrant the erection of crushing and concentrating works at once.

The disease known as the "Joplin crass" is losing its grip.

Mrs. Cameron's hospitable home seems to be the headquarters of mining men from the North and East.

The American Fluor Spar, Zinc and Lead Company, operating the Bonanza mine near Salem are installing one of the most complete mining plants yet seen in that district. It is of Denver manufacture.

The galena from the vein that has always followed the fluor spar in the Yandell mine, is being separated from the spar and in future will be sent to the smelters. The amount of lead already obtained is surprisingly large.

Prof. Drescher, of the Western Kentucky Mining Company, is making extensive preparations for the reopening of the Columbia mine.

While possibly two out of every hundred investors in the gold and silver districts receive large returns on the money invested, and perhaps four others out of every hundred people interested receive some returns, there are about 94 per cent. that look down into a vacant, oreless shaft, and wonder why the company invested their money in such a barren hole. There are but few capital prizes in the Rocky Mountain country.

Large veins of a product that is in eager demand, judicious mining of such a mineral, careful attention to the details of sorting and shipping will reverse the rule prevalent in the extreme west. In other words Southwestern Kentucky will show 94 per cent. of success to 6 per cent. of failure.

Mr. W. J. Poyser, of Canton Ohio, who represents a syndicate of the younger, progressive citizens of that presidential city, is very much interested in our mineral production. After a series of drives over the country that would wilt any one but an Ohio man, he is as enthusiastic as to the profit producing qualities of this section of Kentucky as the strongest optimist among us. Mr. Poyser is by no means a novice in mining, his investments and that of the Canton syndicate in the Gunnison country and at Cripple Creek, Colorado, aggregate very large sums.

AN OLD LANDMARK

Visited by Elder Gibbs....A Long And Peaceful Life.

DEAR EDITOR: On the 3rd Sunday in January I took dinner with Mr. Lafayette Mitchell, near Dyers Hill in Livingston county. I met there sister Nancy Mitchell, who was born Oct. 6, 1816. She told me she had been a member of the Baptist church about sixty years. She was one of the consistent members of Dyers Hill church. She is the mother of 16 children, all living but one. She has 92 grandchildren, 120 great-grandchildren, and one great-great-grandchild. She is in reasonable health and seems cheerful and happy. She is a staunch Baptist and a very devoted Christian. She is a ripe shock of corn, ready to be gathered in the garner of the Lord. May God's richest benedictions rest upon the dear old saint, and may her pathway be like that of the just, shine more and more unto the perfect day, is the earnest prayer of her pastor,

W. R. Gibbs.

Presidential Inauguration Ceremonies, March 4.

On account of the above mentioned occasion tickets will be sold to Washington, D. C., and return at rate of one regular first class fare. Tickets will be sold only on March 1st, 2d and 3d, limited to continuous passage in each direction, and to March 9, 1901 for return.

T. C. Jameson, Agt.

Commencing this week, dining cars will be operated on trains No 101 and 1, and 102 and 2 of the Illinois Central between Central City and Memphis.

THE Road TO Wealth



Starts at the Mile-stone of Economy. That Mile-stone is Located Right in this Store, and you can begin traveling the Royal Road as soon as you commence dealing here.

WE SELL EVERYTHING,

That is, the Best of Everything, and Charge no more than others ask for Interior Orders.

IT WOULD TAKE A BIG BOOK

To tell of half the beauty and economy of our New Century stock of

Furniture and House Furnishings!

Why not visit the Store and let the goods do their own talking and the prices their own arguing?

BETTER GOODS FOR LESS MONEY



LUMBER FURNITURE & WALL PAPER

HONEST GOODS AT HONEST PRICES!

As Winter Approaches

More or less stimulants are needed, and of course none but the best should be used, and by seeing

J. H. Orme's Extensive Line

You are sure to say that his can not be excelled for medicinal purposes. His line embraces the following:

Apple Brandy, Peach Brandy, Old Prentice, Progress Club,

Old Joe Perkins, Green River, Echo Springs, Old Stone

and last but not least, his Old Harper Whiskey. Having received 100 pounds of pure, crushed Rock Candy he can fix a most palatable preparation of Brandy, Glycerine and Rock Candy that will cure any cold.

Remember this is the place to buy pure and unadulterated Spirits.

Strayed.

From the George Orme farm, 2 miles east of Crayneville, about two weeks ago, one bright red cow 3 years old, weighs about 700 lbs. Information as to her whereabouts gladly received.

Edge Cruce, Crayneville.

Notice.

All persons indebted to me are requested to call and settle. I need the money and must make these collections without delay. A word to the wise is sufficient.

W. B. Binkley, View, Ky., Jan. 1, 1901.

FOR SALE.—A house of four rooms, 4 acres land, good orchard, garden, stables, etc., on Morgan field road, 4 miles from Marion. Terms easy. See R. C. Walker.

New goods just received. One hundred patterns to choose from. Call and inspect my goods. M. E. Fols.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Makes the food more delicious and wholesome

THE CRITTENDEN PRESS

PUBLISHED WEEKLY.

MARION, : : : KENTUCKY.

1901 FEBRUARY, 1901

SUN.	MON.	TUES.	WED.	THUR.	FRI.	SAT.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30	1	2	3	4	5

A WEEK'S RECORD

All the News of the Past Seven Days Condensed.

HOME AND FOREIGN ITEMS

News of the Industrial Field, Personal and Political Items, Happenings at Home and Abroad.

THE NEWS FROM ALL THE WORLD

CONGRESSIONAL.

Before the senate on the 23rd Senator Towne (Minn.) made a speech demanding peace in the Philippines. Immediately after Mr. Towne's speech Mr. Clapp, his successor, was sworn in. The remainder of the day was devoted to consideration of the Indian appropriation bill. A bill granting a charter to the Federation of Women's clubs was favorably reported. In the house District of Columbia business occupied most of the day. A bill to revise and codify the postal laws was passed without amendment.

In the senate on the 23rd Senator Frye gave notice that he intended to keep the shipping bill to the front. After debate on the measure the Indian appropriation bill was passed. In the house the time was occupied in discussing the agricultural appropriation bill. Mr. Overstreet (Ind.) reported a bill making silver money exchangeable for gold.

On the 20th the senate spent the time in debate on the shipping bill after an unsuccessful attempt to secure an agreement to the conference report on the army reorganization bill. The committee on judiciary reported favorably the bill dividing the state of Kentucky into two judicial districts. In the house the agricultural appropriation bill was passed and a bill was introduced increasing the limit of cost of public buildings in various parts of the country. It carries about \$1,500,000. The committee on pensions recommended an increase from \$30 to \$50 per month in the pension of the widow of Rear Admiral Philip, one of the captains in the battle off Santiago.

DOMESTIC.

Six men were killed in a railway wreck near Petroleum, W. Va.

John Williams, a farmer, his wife and child were killed by a tree falling on their home near Middlesboro, Ky.

The Indiana senate passed a bill ousting any sheriff who yields a prisoner to a mob.

The Chicago city council defeated resolutions of regret for Queen Victoria's death.

A lone robber locked the Standard Oil company's cashier at Kansas City in the office vault and made his escape with \$700.

Mrs. Carrie Nation invaded Gov. Stanley's office at Topeka, accused him of being a lawbreaker and a perjurer, and then asked him to aid her in closing saloons.

Gov. Nash, of Ohio, has asked the attorney general to institute legal proceedings which will prevent the Jeffries-Ruhlin fight in Cincinnati.

Michael Whelan, a guard at the West Virginia hospital for insane at Weston, had both of his eyes gouged out by insane patients.

The cruiser New York will be Admiral Rodgers' flagship on the Asiatic station.

A Chicago fish inspector found 13,000, 300 pounds of frozen fish in cold storage, where it had been for five years. Two children of Louis Beissel, at Bessemer, Mich., were burned to death by a fire caused by a lamp explosion and their mother was fatally burned.

There is an organized movement in northern Indiana towns to drive the looting negro population from the state.

It has been decided in Washington that Ambassador Choate should have no credentials. His old credentials credited him to the queen. He will now be accredited as United States ambassador to the court of Edward II.

Fire at Jackson Center, O., wiped out the business section of the town. The plant of the Indianapolis (Ind.) gun, an evening paper, was destroyed by fire.

Gov. Sayers sent a message to the exas legislature saying contributions for the relief of Galveston flood sufferers aggregated \$1,988,414. McAllister, Campbell and Death were sentenced at Paterson, N. J., to 30 and 15 years in prison for Jennie Schieler's murder.

Gen. Wade and Ludlow have been deder to Manila.

The Delaware senate has passed a bill prohibiting the manufacture and sale of cigarettes in the state.

The war department announces that it will hereafter award transcontinental business to the lowest bidder.

In the trial of accused vote sellers at Crawfordsville, Ind., Charles Wells was disfranchised for 20 years and John Osborn for 15 years. Others who pleaded guilty escaped with 12 years. A fire which started in Frankel Bros.' department store at Des Moines, Ia., caused over \$600,000 loss.

The Kansas State Temperance union subscribed \$100 to buy a gold medal for Mrs. Carrie Nation.

The Cuban constitutional convention has adopted a clause providing for universal suffrage.

The president has proclaimed the new extradition treaty between the United States and Peru.

The time for allotment of lands to Indians in southern Oklahoma is extended to August 6.

The Illinois legislature has passed a bill appropriating \$75,000 for a state building at the Pan-American exposition in Buffalo.

Mrs. Mary Green was sent to prison for wrecking a saloon in Boston.

Secretary Long says there is no need for investigation of hazing at Annapolis.

Charles F. W. Neely, the former chief of the bureau of finance of the Cuban post office department, who is charged with embezzling \$36,000, is in jail in Havana.

Bostock's zoo was destroyed by fire in Baltimore and of the 400 animals all but three perished. Loss, \$300,000.

The Hundred Year club of New York has located the world's oldest man in Izal Rodofsky, Moscow, aged 135, and the oldest woman in Mrs. Nancy Hollifield, 117 years old, of Battle Creek, Mich.

Fourteen women, led by Mrs. Sheriff, wrecked four saloons at Anthony, Kan., smashing mirrors and bottles and pouring liquor into the street.

Two women were killed and several persons injured by the burning of the Hotel Jefferson in New York.

In convention in Guthrie residents of Oklahoma and Indian territories demanded of congress immediate statehood.

W. C. Whitney, of New York, bought Marcus Daly's famous stallion Hamburg for \$60,000.

Costa's opera house in Kansas City, Mo., was destroyed by fire, the loss being \$150,000.

Mrs. Carrie Nation was ejected from one saloon in Topeka and found others barricaded against her.

The governor of Tennessee has signed the bill prohibiting the manufacture or sale of cigarettes in the state.

The war department has issued orders for the transportation of 5,200 regular troops to the Philippines to replace an equal number of returning volunteers.

The Virginia legislature has passed a bill to punish by death or imprisonment for life, in the discretion of the jury, any person in the state guilty of kidnapping.

Assistant Secretary Vanderlip, of the treasury department, says he is not alarmed at a letter threatening his life.

A boy's scarf caught in a windmill at Ashford, Wis., and he was choked to death.

The business portion of Fort Abercrombie, N. D., was destroyed by fire. Wichita (Kan.) saloon men have planned, in the event of another raid by women, to tie them hand and foot and turn them over to the officers.

An explosion wrecked the Wieke cigar box factory in New York and many persons were hurt, and the fire following destroyed property worth \$1,500,000.

Helen Gould has given \$400,000 toward the erection of a new home for the naval branch of the Young Men's Christian association in Brooklyn, N. Y.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

Alexander Beaubien, the first white person born in Chicago, celebrated his seventy-first birthday.

Mrs. Martha Todd (colored) celebrated her one hundred and sixth birthday at her home in Marcellus, Mich.

Rear Admiral Albert Kautz has been relieved from command of the Pacific station and placed on the retired list on account of age.

Rev. Hans Valder, the first Scandinavian Baptist minister in America, died in Newburg, Minn., aged 80 years.

Mrs. Mary Palmer Banks, widow of Gen. Nathaniel P. Banks, died at Waltham, Mass., aged 82 years.

Steve Brodie, actor, bridge jumper and pugilist promoter, died at San Antonio, Tex., aged 42 years.

FOREIGN.

A tornado swept the northwestern coast of Germany, devastating a large amount of shipping and causing the loss of several lives.

Twenty-five Americans were defending themselves and families at Pich Lake, Venezuela, against attacks of insurgents.

The question of whether friars shall be allowed to return to the Philippines is a serious problem for the government.

Field Marshal Gourko, a famous Russian soldier, died in St. Petersburg, aged 73 years.

The rebellion in China alarms even the Chinese, and fresh troubles with Boxers are expected.

Andrade, former president of Venezuela, has joined a filibuster expedition to fight Castro.

Two American soldiers convicted of robbing Chinese, have been sentenced to 20 years in prison.

Count von Waldersee has presented a plan for withdrawal of the allied forces from Peking in the spring. China must show ability to maintain order.

Gen. De Wet, with a big force of Boers, was reported to have invaded Cape Colony.

King Edward has decided to open parliament in person February 14.

BORNE THROUGH LONDON.

The Remains of Queen Victoria Escorted Through the Capital on Their Way to Windsor.

STREETS WERE MASSED WITH PEOPLE.

The Coffin, Mounted on a Gun Carriage, Drawn by the Same Horses that Drew Her Majesty in the Jubilee Procession—The Arrival at Historic Windsor.

London, Feb. 2.—With every circumstance of splendid pomp befitting the obsequies of so mighty and well beloved a monarch, all that is mortal of Queen Victoria has been borne through the streets of the capital and started towards the ancient fortress palace of the sovereigns of England. The solemn magnificence of Friday's opening phase of these last rites was duly maintained. Perhaps the stately grandeur of the sorrowful pageant through the swarming streets of London, with hundreds of thousands of mourners forming a black border to the route, will never be surpassed.

An Absence of Black.

There was in Victoria's funeral procession an absence of that black ceremonial generally connected with the final progress to the grave.

The coffin was drawn by cream colored horses. The pall was white, and the uniforms of the troops and the gold trappings of the foreign sovereigns, princes and representatives forming a glittering medley, gave brilliant coloring to the scene. The chief mourner himself, with his field marshal's uniform, even though this was partially hidden by his overcoat, surrounded by his corps, helped to lighten the symbols of mourning marking the route.

Many Distinguished Mourners.

Never in English history has a sovereign been borne to the grave attended by so many distinguished mourners. The gathering of crowned heads surpassed those who rode in the jubilee procession. All the great officers of state participated.

The display of the naval and military forces reached the great total of 35,000 men.

At Victoria Station.

The scene at Victoria station from early morning was most brilliant and impressive. For the day's ceremony the station was transformed into an immense reception hall. All trains were stopped before nine o'clock, and the long platforms were covered with purple cloth. On another platform, facing that at which the queen's train was to arrive, guards of honor, composed of blue jackets, and grenadier guards, were drawn up. The broad roadway separating the two was swept clean and sanded, and a number of little purple-covered platforms, from which members of the royal party were expected to mount their horses, were placed at intervals at the side and centers.

Like a Scene at a Levee.

At ten o'clock an army of grooms with the horses arrived, and thenceforth distinguished military and foreign royalties in dazzling uniforms came in quick succession. The lord chamberlain and his officials, bareheaded, with their white wands of office, received the most distinguished personages and conducted them to a little pavilion, erected on the platform. The whole station, by that time, resembled the scene at a levee.

Field Marshal Earl Roberts.

The commander-in-chief of the forces, Field Marshal Earl Roberts, on a beautiful, spirited brown mare, carrying his field marshal's baton, at this juncture trotted into the station and became the center of interest. He was soon followed by the earl marshal, the duke of Norfolk and many of the most distinguished British officers. Then came the carriages for the queen and the princesses. They were the state carriages, used on the occasion of the queen's jubilee, with beautiful, gold-mounted harness and trappings. The horses were ridden by postillions in scarlet jackets, with only a narrow band of crepe on their arms, as a mark of the great change. The carriages were closed.

Every Head was Bared.

Following the carriages and preceded by an officer came an object at which every officer in the animated throng instinctively came to the salute and every head was bared.

It was the little khaki-colored gun carriage which was to carry Queen Victoria's remains from Victoria to Paddington station. The eight Hanoverian cream-colored horses which also drew the late queen on the occasion of the jubilee were used. The gold-mounted harnesses, scarlet-covered postillions and scarlet and gold covered grooms who held each of the horses by the bridle were all the same.

The Little Gun Carriage.

Only the little gun carriage, instead of the glittering glass and gold coach marked the change.

With the exception that rubber tires were on the wheels, the gun carriage was as if in actual use. The place for the coffin to rest was over the gun.

It was then nearly 11 o'clock when, amid cries of "the king of Portugal's horse," the "grand duke of Hesse's horse," as the princes mounted the train steamed into the station a minute ahead of time.

As the Train Came In.

All heads were covered as the saloon carriage bearing the queen's remains stopped exactly opposite the

gun carriage, and King Edward, Queen Alexandra, Emperor William and others alighted.

Then the bearer partly advanced to the saloon carriage, and with his hand at the salute and standing a little in advance of the others, King Edward watched the painfully slow removal of the coffin to the gun carriage. It was finally accomplished, and the pall and the regalia of the British crown were placed on the coffin.

The king and the others with him then mounted and the procession started.

The Cortege Moving.

The firing of minute guns and the tolling of bells at a quarter past eleven announced to the countless multitude who had been crowding London's muddy streets since daylight that the funeral procession with the body of Queen Victoria had begun its passage through the capital.

The people fought for hours for a glimpse of the coffin and the kings and others following it. They saw a long procession of soldiers, a passing show of dazzling regalia, with a hundred royalties crowding after, and then dispersed, while all the church chimers of the city were ringing and muffled dirges were played.

The Three Chief Mourners.

Immediately after the company, about the coffin three royal mourners rode abreast. King Edward VII. was the central figure of the three, but no less ostentatious personage was seen in the procession.

A black chapeau, with a plume of white feathers, was on his head, and a long black cloak was buttoned around him and hung down over the big, black horse which he was riding. The king's familiar face seemed grave and careworn.

He looked straight ahead, apparently at the gun carriage on which was the body of the sovereign, whose glory and responsibilities he had inherited. He did not see, or gave no sign of seeing, the long ranks of soldiers hedging back the populace about him. He passed like a man alone, who neither thought of the world about him, and the sentiment his presence inspired was only sympathy and pity. The people seemed to see in the king one of themselves, and the deep murmurs which arose here and there carried a note of sorrow and love almost as deep as the expressions which greeted the passage of the coffin of their queen.

The German Emperor.

Beside King Edward rose Emperor William, his nephew and neighbor. The unique, commanding figure of the German emperor could not for a moment be mistaken. He looked every inch a soldier and the commander of men. His imperial majesty glanced right and left as he rode, and his hand was frequently raised to the red and white feathers hanging over his hat, as he responded to salutes. Emperor William also wore a black cloak over his British field marshal's uniform, and the splendid white charger beneath him pranced up and down, giving his majesty an opportunity to display fine horsemanship.

On the king's left rode his brother, the duke of Connaught, a man of soldierly appearance, almost unnoticed and unrecognized by the people.

A Notable Spectacle.

Europe has seen grander royal funerals than the queen's, and had a more gorgeous spectacle in the celebration of her 60 years of reign, but no episode in the Victorian era will live so deeply impressed on the memories of those who witnessed it or participated in the ceremonies.

The day was sombre, wet and chilly as are most of London's winter days. The cloudy sky added to the gloom of the whole city.

The procession, apart from the gun carriage bearing the coffin, and the royal family and official mourners about it, was not noteworthy.

ARRIVED AT WINDSOR.

Through Met the Remains at the Old Castle Town.

Windsor, Feb. 2.—Great throngs of people assembled in the vicinity of the railroad station to meet the coffin.

At 2:30 p. m. the guns of a battery stationed on Castle hill signaled the arrival of the funeral train.

The procession left the railroad station at 2:40 p. m.

As the procession started the artillery horses attached to the gun carriage became restive and nearly overturned it, whereupon King Edward ordered the horses to be taken off and blue jackets put in their places to draw the gun carriage.

The ambassadors and others who had reached Windsor in advance of the funeral train, joined the procession at the railway station and proceeded to St. George's chapel.

The royal mourners, with the exception of the queen and the princesses, proceeded on foot.

The pipers played dirges.

The service at St. George's chapel was concluded at 4:10 p. m. The body will lie until Monday in the Albert memorial chapel.

Services in the Chapel.

The choir, the archbishop, the bishops and other clergy met the procession at the west door. From the organ loft, midway of the nave and the chancel, came the strains of Mendelssohn's march from "Songs Without Words," in E minor. The strains of the organ died away and the choir commenced singing softly the sentences for the dead. The solemn cortege proceeded up the nave, which was thronged with the highest and noblest women of England. "Lord, Thou Hast Been Our Refuge," to Felton's setting, was next sung by

the choir, which had now taken its place in the transept to the right of the altar.

At the Steps of the Altar.

The coffin rested upon a catafalque placed at the steps of the altar. The cross over the communion table was covered with white flowers and the candelabra behind was dappled with lilies. The bishop of Winchester read the lesson from Corinthians XV. "Man that is born of woman," was chanted by the choir to Wesley's music, followed by "Thou Knowest, Lord, the Secrets of our Hearts."

The dean of Windsor read "I heard a Voice," and the choir sang the Lord's prayer to the music composed especially for the dead queen by Gounod. Once more the strains of the choir welled up through the ancient chapel with the singing of "How Blessed Are They That Die," by Tchaikowsky.

The Benediction.

The archbishop of Canterbury read the collect, and with quivering voice pronounced the benediction. There was a solemn pause while all heads bowed. A few sobs were heard and the choir then broke the oppressive stillness with the sweet harmony of the "Dresden Amen."

Then the loud tones of Norroy King of Arms, Wm. Henry Weldon, proclaimed the dead monarch's title. The Spohr anthem "Blessed Are the Departed" followed and the service was concluded by the playing of Beethoven's funeral march by Side Walter Parrot, organist of St. George's chapel, and private organist to the late queen.

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVORERS.

The Crowning Event of the Four Days' Christian Endeavor Meeting at Portland, Me.

BRONZE MEMORIAL TABLET UNVEILED.

Abstract of the Address of H. H. Spooner on "The Veterans Association of Christian Endeavor," Which He Claimed Was Organized in the State of Connecticut.

Portland, Me., Feb. 2.—Saturday witnessed the crowning event of the four day's meeting of the Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor, in observance of the twentieth anniversary of the organization of the first society, when a bronze memorial tablet was unveiled in Williston church, the birthplace of the movement. Rev. Dr. Francis E. Clark, founder of the society, was present. Several of the charter members who, 25 years ago, organized the original society in the parsonage of Williston church, were in attendance. The unveiling ceremony was held in the open air.

Among the speakers, H. H. Spooner, of Hulls Bridge, Conn., whose theme was "The Veterans Association of Christian Endeavor." Following is an abstract of his address:

"We in Connecticut claim the honor of the original veteran association, though its age is not so great as one might imagine from the name. At the state conventions in 1894 many of the old workers met and, in a social way, reviewed the years which they had labored together, and finally took steps to organize the association. Each year at our state convention we hold a reunion, and in one way or another get together and talk over the old campaigns. Some of the are newcomers, but we find a hearty welcome to the ranks.

"Why should such an organization be formed, and what may it accomplish?

"First, it forms a bond of union with the work of to-day, even though the veteran has not kept in close touch with his own society. In many cases other duties have come to him, and he has felt that the true spirit of Christian Endeavor, called him to take them up even at the cost of his active membership. How many pastors, evangelists W. M. C. A.'s secretaries and Sunday school superintendents have heard this call we can never know, but one thing is certain—their endeavor work and study fitted them for those places, and while they do not count in the membership, the splendid influence goes on and counts for righteousness and the bringing in of the kingdom.

"Then the younger workers see that those older ones are still with them in spirit and realize the need of faithful work in the society, that so they too may be fitted for the place when the call comes to them.

Friend come up higher.

"The veterans should always be ready to advise or counsel with the younger ones as they face difficulties which seem too great for them. For the sake of their own pleasure, for the benefit of each other, for the help of the brothers and sisters who are in their ranks to-day, the veterans should stand in line ready for action under that glorious pledge which has blessed so many of us in its taking, and be ready, whatever be the orders, to say bravely, fearlessly:

"Trusting in the Lord Jesus Christ for strength, I promise Him that I will strive to do whatever He would like to have me do."

Box Office Robbed.

Indianapolis, Ind., Feb. 2.—A despatch appeared at the box office window of English's opera house, Friday night, and, thrusting a pistol in the face of the treasurer, grabbed a handful of bills and disappeared. He got about fifty dollars.

VAST SCHEME INVOLVED.

The Reported Acquisitions of Railroad Interests by the Harriman Syndicate.

SCHEME OF CONSOLIDATION INVOLVED.

Control of Transportation Facilities in the Southwest, South of the Union Pacific Lines, Practically in the Hands of the Harriman Syndicate.

New York, Feb. 2.—The Evening Post says:

It was announced on high authority that the Harriman syndicate has not only acquired large holdings of Southern Pacific stock, but is also obtaining control of the Missouri, Kansas & Texas railway. It is shown that the motives which led the Harriman syndicate to secure the Spreyer and Huntington holdings in the Southern Pacific railroad and thus a dominating interest in that property, involved a vast scheme of railroad consolidation.

The close identification of the Gould interest with the members of the Harriman syndicate would facilitate the new relations proposed for the Kansas & Texas property, and the control of the Missouri, Kansas & Texas, it was asserted, had been practically already assured to the syndicate.

The syndicate's control of these properties made more feasible and desirable the control of the Southern Pacific, because it was the only remaining company west of the Mississippi whose lines were in intimate relations with the other properties controlled by the syndicate.

The Central Pacific connection to San Francisco is essential to the Union Pacific, and the Missouri Pacific's Denver line, lying between that of the Union Pacific and the Atchison, and reaching the Mississippi river at St. Louis, gives an outlet to the lower Mississippi river essential to the broadest control of the markets of the west.

The Missouri Pacific and other Gould lines, particularly the Texas & Pacific, are, on the other hand, very closely interwoven with the Texas lines of the Southern Pacific. Both companies not only have long lines extending across the state of Texas from El Paso to the Gulf of Mexico at Galveston, but in the eastern portion of the state both the Missouri Pacific and the Southern Pacific lines have as extensive mileage, largely competitive and reaching jointly all the principal cities, including Fort Worth, Houston, Austin, etc.

Practically, therefore, the acquisition of the Southern Pacific may be said to mean the syndicate's control of the transportation facilities in the Southwest, south of the Union Pacific lines, rounding out a system which will include, besides the Union Pacific, the Central Pacific, the Missouri Pacific the Kansas & Texas and the Kansas City Southern, west of the Mississippi river.

Consolidation Not Contemplated.

New York, Feb. 2.—It may be stated authoritatively that while the Harriman interest has secured control of the Huntington and Spencer stock in the Southern Pacific railroad, it is not in contemplation to consolidate the two lines, but to see that they are worked in harmony and to stop cutting. No change in the personnel of the officers is in contemplation.

BIG FIRE AT DETROIT, MICH.

Dreskoll-Jupp Paper Co. and the Free Press Printing Co. the Principal Sufferers.

Detroit, Mich., Feb. 2.—Fire completely gutted the building at 46-50 Larned street, occupied by the Dreskoll-Jupp Paper Co., and before the firemen gained control of it, it spread to the plant of the Free Press Printing Co., which suffered extensive damage. The total loss is about \$200,000.

The fire originated in the basement of the Dreskoll-Jupp company's building, from some unknown cause. The losses are as follows:

Dreskoll-Jupp Paper Co., \$40,000; covered by insurance. The Free Press Printing Co., \$60,000 on stock and \$30,000 on machinery; insurance, \$45

FANCIES OF FASHION.

Extreme Length of Luxury Seems to Have Been Reached.

The Gowns of the Well-Dressed Woman of To-Day Are Sumptuous Creations and Beautiful in the Extreme.

[Special New York Letter.]

IT WOULD really seem as though luxury in feminine dress and the thousand and one accessories that go to make up the costume of the hour could never have been pushed to the extreme length it has reached this season. I am well aware that this statement has been made with more or less truth for many succeeding seasons, also that the general reckless extravagance of womankind has been discussed by those who think they know all about the matter, until the subject has become hackneyed and



FIVE O'CLOCK TEAGOWN.

threadbare, yet it is nevertheless a truth, and one well known to those who have studied the matter with discriminating eyes, that most women with their innate love of all that is pretty and becoming are inclined to be extravagant, and that women—the woman of the smart set, I mean, who is supposed to set the pace in fine dressing—were never more recklessly lavish than at the present moment. Her gowns are the most sumptuous that money can buy, and usually as perishable as handsome; her dainty neckwear is at once fragile and costly, while her account of money represented by "LUCRATIVE" lingerie and fine hosiery would seem a veritable fortune to many women. Nothing suits her capricious fancy but the most delicately tinted gloves, which are irredeemably ruined by thrice wearing, while her various silken petticoats, each a dream of loveliness in itself, are taken as a matter of course. Priceless lace and embroideries are put up in such a way that they can never be used again, while only the most expensive feathers and pastiest jewels ornament her fashionable headgear. And so I might run the entire gamut of her extensive wardrobe, but time and space forbid.

A reaction is bound to come sooner or later, but just when or where is beyond the ken of man. That there is no sign of the immediate approach of any such change is evidenced at all the leading shops, where the display of fine clothing and exquisite fabrics is lavish and costly beyond compare. The subject most talked about and admired in the world of



TAILORMADE FOR EARLY SPRING.

fashion just now is the new summer dress materials, which have been displayed within the past few days. It takes a reader pen than mine, and one, too, dipped in ink having all the colors of the rainbow, to describe their gorgeous colorings and manifold charms. Many of the handsome specimens come under the head of "wash goods," which, as you know, this time, is a much misused expression. For instance, if you go into a dry goods store and ask for wash material, just as likely as not the obliging salesman would show you one of the many new swisses which, because they are new and the correct thing, retail at the modest sum of \$2.50 per yard, or perchance an equally expensive organdy of so fine a texture and such delicate coloring that it would shrink and fade

away into a mere nothing at the bare mention of a laundry tub. I am bound to say, however, that many of these new goods are not nearly as expensive as at the first glance they seem to be, for they are of such extreme width, especially the swisses, that six yards will be found amply sufficient for the most elaborate gown. Swiss mounted over a shimmering taffeta silk is fascinating and the right thing to buy if one can afford a silken lining, but where the case is otherwise a fine French lawn answers the purpose in the most admirable manner.

For those who prefer a snug bank account to fine raiment there are cool-looking dimities and fine muslins galore, not to mention the many handsome silk gingham and delicately tinted lawns that are seen on every hand. Swiss mounted over a shimmering taffeta silk is fascinating and the right thing to buy if one can afford a silken lining, but where the case is otherwise a fine French lawn answers the purpose in the most admirable manner.

The all-white costume will be the favorite this summer, just as it was last, and, although a somewhat extravagant fashion, it is one so universally becoming to both old and young that no one ought to demur at its continued popularity.

Fashion makers claim that the really picturesque tea gown cannot be constructed unless lace and chiffon play an important part in the manufacture thereof; and, after looking at the latest models sent out by a well-known house, I am inclined to agree with them. The all-lace tea gown, either in black or cream lace, is extremely dressy and becoming, more particularly when worn with the jeweled girdle of the moment, or a wide embroidered belt, but its charms are quite lost sight of when placed beside one showing the ideal mixture of lace and chiffon like the one in the picture.

For wear at this particular season of the year the tea gowns should be of the most luxurious colorings, deftly mixed with lace, and perhaps a touch of fur. For this purpose nothing quite



AN EARLY SPRING COAT.

takes the place of velvet, which comes to us nowadays in such exquisite colorings and in such an absolute state of perfection that it is permissible to use it in the construction of the dressiest of tea gowns. Of course the beautiful soft panne velvets are much superior, but these are not at everybody's command, and for home wear at least velvet suits the purpose most admirably. Crepe de chine is another material much sought after for tea gowns, and, as its draping propensities are vastly superior to all the other fabrics, it is deservedly popular.

Within the week I have seen some delightful specimens of the tailor's art in the way of tailor gowns which are being constructed against the day of need. Some follow rather closely the general style of those worn late in the fall, while in others the changes have been radical in the extreme. Not a few are made with their tight-fitting jackets cut with the new habit back. I am wondering how this style will take, as I am quite sure it can only be seen at its best when worn with a long trailing skirt, and the best tailors are not making their new skirts in any such manner, but are fashioning them to just clear the ground, unless ordered to do otherwise.

There are now on exhibition at a leading tailor's some very handsome coat and skirt costumes made of the ever popular tweed, the one shown in the illustration being among the smartest looking. To those who have given the matter any attention during the past two months the announcement that the three-quarter coat is the coming fad will not come as a great surprise. It is a length that is not generally becoming, but we can trust to the fertile brain of the wide-awake tailor to make it so. These coats come to us under the joint reign of velvet and silk, and are dressy and chic enough in appearance to tempt the most resolute woman. The one in the picture is fashioned of black panne velvet and ornamented with handsome buttons and worn open, showing a vest of fine lace. The hat worn with it is a style, by the way, that created a perfect furore in Paris during the closing days of the exposition.

KATE GARDNER.

REVIVAL IS NEEDED.

Washington Preacher Wants to Shake Up the Capital City.

Not Since 1876 Has the Town Enjoyed a Period of Genuine Religious Enthusiasm—Cause of the Stagnation.

[Special Washington Letter.]

"WHY cannot we have a glorious revival of religion that will shake the pillars of the capitol and make this seat of government tremble before the power of fervent prayer?"

The preacher is one of the most eloquent and earnest of the clergymen who use their best endeavors in this city to increase their church membership and enhance the general morality of the community. He repeated his question again and again, and then announced that an effort would be made at the next Thursday evening prayer meeting to start a revival.

On the following Monday morning there was a preachers' meeting and our enthusiastic clergyman declared that if the 300 preachers in this city were imbued with the true spirit they could start a fire which would burn out all evil in our midst; and he cited the Pentecostal work of the twelve apostles, who were so successful as soul winners.

The other preachers were not awakened by his zeal. They were more conservative and did not believe that such a revival as was desired could be brought about. One of the elders said: "This is a peculiar city for revival work. It is an intellectual center, especially when congress is in session, and these intellectual men are all extremely conservative about religion. The majority of them do not believe in revivals anyway, but regard them as periods of nervous excitement rather than periods of souls saving."

"Nevertheless their souls can be saved," persisted the worker for a revival, "and for one I am going to insist upon an effort."

The old elder said: "There has been no revival here since 1876, when Hammond, the evangelist, aroused the District of Columbia and accomplished a great deal of good, some evidences of which still remain apparent to those of us who knew of the steady and perfect conversions of that time, but where are you going to get your Hammond? When will there come another?"

Well, the revival will be attempted, anyway. There is determination in the manner and voice of the preacher; a kind of determination which always produces results, but not always such great results as are desired. One of the veteran members of his church to-day said: "I shall try to stand by the pastor and do all that I can, just as I have done in all revival efforts for more than 40 years. But religion is not now what it was. Even the religion of Wesley is not what it once was."

"In the old days every member of the church considered it his duty to seek converts and point out the way of salvation. No stranger could come into the church without having his hand clasped and listening to some words of welcome. Nowadays it is different. People are dignifiedly escorted to seats, but dignity exceeds cordiality."

"When I was a young church worker, 40 years ago, everybody took part



THERE MUST BE A REVIVAL.

in the singing, but to-day the choir does it all, or most of it. The pastors used to call on old men and women to lead in prayer in the churches. But the modern pastors do all of the praying, and they pray too long. When members were called on to help out they felt that they were factors in the work; and, feeling the responsibility, they sought converts under all circumstances. The choirs sing new hymn tunes, even when old hymns are used. This takes the best part of the worship away from the people. I am reminded of a couple of verses on old tunes that used to be recited here in our churches by a little girl who was born in Washington:

"We didn't have no hymn books then, the congregation knew Each song, each verse, each line and tune, the dear old hymn book through. We didn't have no trumpets then, no organs built for show. We only sang to 'praise the Lord, from whom all blessings flow.'"

"An' so I love the old hymns, an' when my time shall come, Before the light has left me an' my singing lips are dumb; If I can only hear 'em then, I'll pass without a sigh To 'Canaan's fair and happy land, where my possessions lie.'"

"You see I am high onto 75 years old," continued the old man, "and I know all of the old hymns and tunes, just as well as I did 40 years ago."

But the young people who now belong to our churches do not know the hymns; and when they grow up there will be no 'old hymns' for them, because the choirs are taking all of the church music out of their mouths and out of their hearts.

"I was a clerk in a store here when I got religion, and I simply went to work like the men who were old men then, and I began talking my religion to all of the young men about me, asking and begging them to come to church with me. I could sing, and I induced a number of young men to come with me and join in the singing. Very soon they were singing the songs of Zion as earnestly as I was. So you see Moody was not the discoverer of the power of song. Charles Wesley lived and sang and worked long before Sankey came forward with his evangelical wonders."

One of the supernumerary preachers of the Baltimore conference, a very venerable man, says: "What you have heard about the power of song in the early days is correct. In those days we did not hastily give preach-



CHRISTIAN STATESMEN AT BLADENSBURG.

ers' licenses to young men, unless they could sing, as well as exhort. It is true that Washington has always been a chilly place for revivalists. We could get up big revivals in Baltimore, or Hagerstown, or even at Harper's Ferry, in the old days, but Washington was cold and unresponsive. We could get up tremendous revivals at Bladensburg, where statesmen would come from Washington to fight duels and kill each other."

"The religious newspapers and the secular papers show that great revivals are being held in other cities," says the enthusiastic preacher, "and I shall make the effort in spite of all discouragements from within and without the church."

That a Sunday school can be built up in this city has been demonstrated, and that is ample reason for believing that a church or churches may be built up here. About six years ago P. H. Bristow, a clerk in a large store, was made superintendent of one of our Sunday schools which had a membership of about 300. Inside of two years the membership of that school was upwards of 2,000. Mr. Bristow devoted his energies to the work, just as this preacher intends to devote himself to his work. There was no half-heartedness in it. He enlisted every man and woman of the church into his Sunday school picket brigade. He demanded that each one should send a child of his own, or some neighbor's. He was a good singer, and he developed all of the power there is in sacred music to aid in the work. Therefore he succeeded.

One of the most successful teachers in Sunday school work here says: "The real reason why revivals are so difficult to start and maintain is that the church members themselves need religion and true conversion. They are all good people, but they are all selfishly trying to live correct lives, and save their own souls. In that frame of mind they do not seem to care about saving the souls of others. No general could win battles if his soldiers were simply trying to save their own lives, instead of going forward with him. It seems to me that no preacher can produce a revival unless he can revive his own church before he tries to revive sinners. No preacher can do it all alone, but must have his congregation aroused to a pitch of his own enthusiasm."

It seems to cover the case rather succinctly, not only for Washington, but for all communities. The religion of love is a religion of unselfishness. Men and women who are trying to save their own souls may miss the mark, because their best lives can be but philosophic lives, like the perfect livings of intellectual and moral Buddhists and Brahmins or Mohammedans.

"I want no notoriety over this work," says the preacher. "I want to assume that all of the other preachers are as sincere and earnest for the salvation of souls as myself. I do not want to be singled out as doing any more than a sacred duty. I want to be able to ask the other preachers to send as many people to the revival meetings as they can; so that there shall be no rivalries and jealousies. I hope that within a week or ten days some of these preachers will come with me and take part in the exhortations from my pulpit. Therefore I do not want any notoriety, lest some of them might suppose that I was magnifying myself, when my whole endeavor is to magnify the Cross and hold it aloft, so that all may see it."

True worshippers everywhere, those who believe in old-time revivals of religion because of the necessity of saving souls from perdition will be interested in this earnest effort, and they will be told the result in due season.

SMITH D. FRY.

OTHERWISE UNNOTICED.

Democrats in the Indiana legislature determined that ex-Gov. Taylor shall be surrendered to Kentucky.

Reports from the winter wheat states give promise of good crops. Under the army reorganization law the president has power to appoint 1,800 officers.

Many of the stock exchanges of the country were closed, Saturday, as a mark of respect to Queen Victoria.

Harry Ballard, held by the police at Nashville, Tenn., has confessed a desperate career as safe-blower and robber.

John Ruffin was legally executed at Burlington, N. C., for criminal assault.

Rudyard Kipling is said to have received \$1,500 for the serial rights alone of his new story, "Kim," or about fifty cents a word.

Because a Granite City (Ill.) factory girl kissed a young man she was discharged, and 15 of her friends went out on a strike.

Charges have been preferred against Delegate Wilcox, of Hawaii. He is branded as a traitor, and the house is asked to expel him.

An effort is being made in the Illinois legislature to secure better roads throughout the state by the creation of the office of road commissioner.

Gen. Castro, president of Venezuela, is said to be about to send troops of Venezuela to dispose the American asphalt claimants.

William Jackson, aged 80, died at Shelbyville, Ill. He had been a resident of that section for 61 years.

A bill has been introduced in the Illinois legislature providing for an appropriation of \$250,000 for a state exhibit at the St. Louis World's fair.

Charles Foster, the top driver for the Assumption Coal Mining Co., at Pana, Ill., was killed by being kicked in the jaw by a horse he was driving.

The French torpedo boat No. 24 sank within a mile of the harbor of Havre, as the result of a boiler explosion. All the crew were lost, with the exception of two.

The Union Station hotel at Mexico, Mo., a four-story frame building, owned by G. L. Ferris, was destroyed by fire. The loss was \$6,000; no insurance.

Ex-Sheriff Mudd, of Bates county, Mo., who recently hanged a murderer at Butler, believes he is pursued by the spirit of the victim of the scaffold.

Robert H. McBride, a newspaper man, well known throughout the Upper Mississippi valley, dropped dead at Mitchell, S. D.

The George N. Tyner collection of paintings was sold at the Waldorf-Astoria (New York) ballroom Friday night for \$63,125. "Shepherdess and Flock," by Jacque, brought the highest price of the evening, \$4,600.

The general store of Albert Johnson, at Lynn, Ill., was burned early Friday morning. Loss, \$5,000; insurance, \$3,500.

William Dorey, a Peoria (Ill.) dairyman, has been indicted by the grand jury for violating the new pure-food laws. It is held that Dorey feeds his cows slop and other refuse from the distilleries.

SURPRISED BY INSURGENTS.

Detachment of the Forty-Fourth Infantry Surprised by Filipinos on the Island of Cebu.

Manila, Feb. 2.—Lieut. Hicken and a detachment of 30 of Company M, Forty-fourth regiment, while crossing a river, Tuesday night, were surprised by insurgents gathered at Fiesta San Luca, island of Cebu. They were attacked in front and on both flanks by a hundred rifles and more bolomen. Five Americans were killed, four were wounded and two are missing. The insurgent loss is believed to have been heavy. Capt. Malley, with a detachment, reinforced Lieut. Hicken. They recovered some bodies, which were mutilated.

Additional detachments were sent and are endeavoring to surround the insurgents.

For Raising the Maine.

Havana, Feb. 2.—The bids for raising the battleship Maine, 12 in number, were opened at Havana, on the 1st. The highest was from Schwartz & Co., of New Orleans, who asked \$97,000 for the work. The lowest bidders were Chamberlain & Co., of Chicago, who offered to pay the government three per cent. of the value of the vessel when she is sold.

Ruled Against Women.

Little Rock, Feb. 2.—Att'y-Gen. Murphy has decided that women are not qualified to serve as notaries public, but that the acts of the many appointed by Gov. Johnson can not be invalidated, although their commissions may be revoked. Gov. Davis says he will not commission women as notaries.

A Note of Alarm.

Cape Town, Feb. 1.—An extraordinary gazette was issued Friday night, containing a proclamation by Gov. Milner, which states that there is reason to believe that considerable numbers of the Boers are preparing to invade Cape Colony.

Public Debt Statement.

Washington, Feb. 2.—The monthly statement of the public debt shows that at the close of business January 31, 1901, the debt, less cash in the treasury, amounted to \$1,094,595,878, a decrease for the month of \$4,595,432.

As a Mark of Respect.

Chicago, Feb. 2.—Both the Chicago stock exchange and the board of trade were closed in respect to the memory of Queen Victoria.

THE WEEK'S BANK CLEARINGS.

Total Clearings, with Increase and Decrease in the Principal Cities of the Country.

New York, Feb. 2.—The following table, compiled by Bradstreet, shows the bank clearings at 26 of the larger cities of the country for the week ended Friday, February 1, with the percentage of increase and decrease, as compared with the corresponding week last year:

CITIES.	Total.	Per cent. increase.	Per cent. decrease.
New York.....	\$1,221,994,628	45.3	
Boston.....	127,768,039	11.8	
Chicago.....	277,809,939	9.6	
Philadelphia.....	86,646,748		5.9
St. Louis.....	28,524,899	11.8	
Pittsburgh.....	87,849,526	30.4	
Baltimore.....	18,009,894	1.5	
San Francisco.....	29,567,151	11.7	
Cincinnati.....	18,449,529	29.5	
Kansas City.....	14,231,254	30.4	
New Orleans.....	12,848,546	1.8	
Minneapolis.....	10,324,125	14.5	
Detroit.....	8,829,274	2.4	
Cleveland.....	10,705,081	6.5	
Louisville.....	8,445,741		18.9
Milwaukee.....	6,247,177	2.6	
Buffalo.....	8,522,021	10.9	
Omaha.....	6,000,858	8.7	
Indianapolis.....	4,014,056	22.3	
Denver.....	4,559,021	1.3	
Hartford.....	2,063,402		18.8
Richmond.....	2,090,315		1.2
Toledo.....	2,279,076		1.2
Galveston.....	1,576,000		1.9
Montreal.....	12,812,220		8.7
Toronto.....	9,367,407		12.2

Weekly Bank Statement.

New York, Feb. 2.—The weekly statement of the associated banks shows: Loans, \$871,568,200; increase, \$30,440,500. Deposits, \$992,917,500; increase, \$22,494,000. Circulation, \$1,101,190; increase, \$65,500. Legal tenders, \$74,463,300; increase, \$1,045,250. Specie, \$192,325,000; increase, \$1,114,800. Total reserve, \$267,318,200; increase, \$2,162,000. Reserve required, \$242,479,375; increase, \$1,138,625. Surplus reserve, \$24,838,825; decrease, \$5,996,625.

The Battleship Wisconsin.

San Francisco, Feb. 2.—The battleship Wisconsin will go into commission on Monday and join the North Pacific squadron. Capt. Ritter will take command of the vessel. Lieutenant-Commander Milton will be executive officer and Lieutenant-Commander Mayo navigator.

Natural Gas and Oil Discoveries.

Walla Walla, Wash., Feb. 2.—Natural gas and oil are reported to have been discovered in large quantities on the farm of M. E. Mitchell, south of this city. Several leases have already been secured by F. K. McCoy, who is here in the interest of a California syndicate.

New York Exchanges Closed.

New York, Feb. 2.—With one exception the exchanges in this city were closed as a tribute of respect to the memory of the queen. The one exception is the coffee exchange, which was unable to suspend business without seriously interrupting its affairs.

Accidents at the Funeral.

London, Feb. 2.—There were quite a number of accidents during the crushes in London. Individual hospitals have admitted as many as thirty cases. Several persons were badly hurt through falling from elevated places.

Killed by a Cave-In.

Seattle, Wash., Feb. 2.—Two miners W. C. Fisher and George Greggor, were killed at Franklin, in this county, by a cave-in of a mine of the Pacific Coal Co., where they were employed.

Fell Dead in the Crowd.

London, Feb. 2.—Prior to the arrival of the funeral train Maj. Edward Bassindale, a veteran officer, fell dead in the crowd, as the result of excitement.

Died in Guatemala.

New York, Feb. 2.—The Herald's correspondent in Guatemala reports that Miles Rock, an American engineer and astronomer, is dead.

River News.

Stations.	(Change) Rainfall Gauge 24 hours in 24 hrs
Pittsburgh.....	7.2
Cincinnati.....	14.0
St. Louis.....	4.1
Davenport.....	9.7
Memphis.....	9.7
Louisville.....	7.4
Cairo.....	15.5
New Orleans.....	7.7

— Fail. * Trace.

THE MARKETS.

SATURDAY, Feb. 2.

Grain and Provisions.

St. Louis.—Flour—Patents, \$3.60-3.75; other grades, \$3.50-3.55. Wheat—No. 2 red, 73¢-74¢. Corn—No. 2 mixed, 57¢-58¢. Oats—No. 2, 35¢-36¢. Hay—Timothy, \$1.15-1.20. Prairie, \$1.00-1.05. Choice clover, \$2.00-2.10. Butter—Creamery, 17¢-18¢. Lard, 15¢-16¢. Eggs—Fresh, 16¢-17¢. Dried Choice, 2.20-2.30. Pork—New mess, \$14.50. Bacon—Clear rib, 5¢. Wool—Tub-washed, 15¢-16¢. Missouri and Illinois medium combing, 20¢-21¢; other grades, 18¢-19¢.

Live Stock Markets.

St. Louis.—Cattle—Fancy exports, \$5.50-5.55; butchers', \$4.25-5.30; stockers, \$2.75-4.00; cows and heifers, \$2.50-4.10. Hogs—Packing, \$5.00-5.20; butchers', \$3.20-3.50. Light, \$4.00-5.20. Sheep—Mutton sheep, \$3.00-4.25; lambs, \$5.00-6.00. Chicago.—Cattle—Good to prime steer, \$1.10-1.40; poor to medium, \$1.00-1.20; stockers and feeders, \$3.00-4.00; cows, \$2.00-3.00; heifers, \$2.70-4.40; canners, \$1.50-2.00. Calves, \$4.00-6.00. Texas red steers, \$4.00-4.50; Texas grass steers, \$3.00-4.00. Hogs—Mixed and butchers', \$3.50-4.00; good to choice heavy, \$3.50-4.00; Yorks, heavy, \$3.10-3.25; light, \$3.00-3.10. Sheep—Good to choice wethers, \$3.50-4.50; to choice mixed, \$3.00-4.00; western sheep, \$3.00-4.00; Texas sheep, \$2.50-3.50; native lambs, \$1.50-3.50; western lambs, \$2.50-3.50.

Kansas City.—Cattle—Native beef steers, \$4.50-5.50; stockers and feeders, \$2.50-3.50; western red steers, \$2.50-3.50; Texas and Indian steers, \$2.75-4.75; cows, \$2.00-3.00; heifers, \$2.50-4.75; canners, \$2.50-3.50; calves, \$2.50-5.00. Hogs—Heavy, \$3.50-4.50; packers, \$3.20-3.50; mixed, \$3.10-3.50; light, \$4.00-5.25; yorkers, \$2.10-3.50. Sheep—None.

Cotton.

Quotations for middling range as follows: St. Louis, 19¢; New York, 19¢; Memphis, 19-14¢.

Financial.

New York, Feb. 2.—Prime mercantile paper 24-44 1/4 per cent. Sterling exchange steady, with actual business in banks bills at 48 for demand, and at 44 1/4 for 60 days; posted rates 45 1/2-46 1/2 and 48 1/2; commercial bills 45 1/2-46 1/2; silver 52 1/2; Mexican dollars 47 1/2.

The Press.

R. C. WALKER, Publisher.
WALTER WALKER, Manager.

ONE YEAR ONE DOLLAR

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE.

We are authorized to announce

M. F. POGUE

as a candidate for the Democratic nomination for Representative of Crittenden and Livingston counties in the next general assembly, subject to the action of the Democratic primary.

We are authorized to announce

A. J. BENNETT,

a candidate to represent Crittenden and Livingston counties in the next General Assembly of Kentucky, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

FOR SHERIFF.

We are authorized to announce

JNO. T. FRANKS,

a candidate for the nomination for Sheriff of Crittenden County, subject to the action of the Republican party.

Mrs. Nations would doubtless be valuable to Uncle Sam as a "moonshine raider."

The Saturday Evening Post rises to remark that "war is not a gentle business." But its gentleness.

The mountain industry, shootin' men, seems to be booming along with the revival in other lines of business.

If they must continue to fight in the mountains, we take this method of notifying them that we are in a condition to furnish them all the lead needed in their business.

The first anniversary of the death of Governor Goebel was observed at Frankfort Sunday. An eloquent address was made by the Hon. Campbell Cantrell at the grave.

As sure as February 2 is ground hog day, the second Monday is candidate's day, and they will be in town next Monday—candidates and candidates prospective, presumptive and apparent.

According to the ground hog winter is over. But all have gotten so mixed up in politics that it is dangerous to rely upon the old, and heretofore reliable weather prophet.

The uniting of Marion, Crittenden Springs, Levisa, Salem, Frances and Mexico with an electric railway may not be all an iridescent dream. Bigger things than this have been done in less promising territory.

If ex-Governor Bradley goes on the Federal bench, Senator Deboe would probably have no opposition for the Republican nomination to succeed himself, unless Judge Pratt wanted to run into a buzz-saw again.

After all, it is probable that Dewey builded better than he knew when he captured Manila. He opened up a place where our boys can secure a military training without subjecting their health to the ravages of tobacco sauce.

Another year will emphasize the fact that more room is needed in the public school building. Six years ago, when the large and handsome building was finished, people were wondering what disposition was to be made of the eight commodious rooms; now the proposition is, what shall we do with all these children? The people of Marion never rush unadvisedly into any enterprise, but when once they put their hands to the plow they never turn back. Doubtless this demand for more room will be promptly and satisfactorily met. There has been a suggestion that this improvement be made by private subscription and it is stated that one enterprising citizen has offered to head the list with quite a handsome donation.

The mineral developments have added so materially to the value of our public records that the fiscal court may confidently expect to hear from those "fire-proof document vaults" again. Said a strong advocate of the measure to the Press: "There is not a business man in the county who would sleep soundly one night with his valuable papers outside of a fire-proof safe; yet with the interest of every landholder in the county involved, with the property of every ward under care of the courts jeopardized, with every record of the courts valuable to private citizens and to the public exposed, we go right on sleeping night and day, perfectly oblivious to the fact that a fire might occur at any time that would leave us in a pandemonium of guess work and no help for it."

Outside of the elaborate funeral ceremonies, the change of an administration in England is attended with as little friction and as small a quantity of "fuss and feathers" as the change of presidents in this country.

It is suggested that the multiplicity of "prospector's holes" will make it dangerous traveling for the candidates in this country this year. There are other holes, however, that most of the prospectors for public favor are likely to get in.

It is claimed that Mrs. Nation was "bred in Old Kentucky." That may be true, but her work doesn't indicate that she was trained in the state aforesaid.

Lilly Dale School Closes.

Saturday, Jan. 26, was a gala day in the history of district 47 in old Crittenden, for on that day closed one of the most successful schools that has ever been taught in this district.

Despite the mud, rain and sleet patrons and friends began to arrive at an early hour, and in due time the house was filled almost to overflowing. When all were comfortably seated a surprise awaited the scholars—a basket filled with candy, and after this another one for the visitors. After the baskets had been passed and contents noted with care, came the distributing of prizes to those who had secured the most head marks in their respective classes.

The prizes were then awarded as follows:

May and Elva Jacobs, Wreatha Brown, Eckles Rorer, Victor and Allen Young.

When this was done, dinner was called and a sumptuous table was spread, loaded with the sweets and fat of the land, to which all were invited to partake. Dinner now over, the Woodall bank appeared on the scene and rendered some most delightful music.

Presently the windows were darkened, the lamps were lighted, and an amusing and instructive exhibition was given by the school. Recitations, speeches, dialogues, and dialogues were all on tap and the audience was highly delighted. Although the day was dark and dreary outside, yet on the inside light, joy and gladness reigned supreme.

Near the close of the day the teacher, Mr. Perry M. Woodall, delivered a beautiful oration, and which was well received and loudly cheered by all.

Then came the close, and amid warm hand shakes and pleasant farewells we all took our leave. And now we ask for the teacher, God grant that the rough hand of ill fate may never clasp the bony fingers upon his young and noble life.

One Who Was There.

On account of General Missionary Conference M. E. church south tickets will be sold to New Orleans and return at the rate of one regular first class fare. Tickets on April 22d, 23d and 24th, limiting continuous passage in each direction, and to May 2, 1901, for sale at T. C. Jameson, Agent.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

Garnett D. Ripley, of Henry county, was arrested and lodged in jail at Frankfort Monday, charged with being an accessory before the fact of the willful murder of William Goebel. The indictment has been kept secret.

The Democratic legislative convention in the Hickman-Fulton district nominated Mott Ayres, editor of the Fulton Leader, for Representative.

Henry E. Youtsey was sentenced to confinement for life in the State penitentiary by Judge Cantrell at Georgetown Tuesday last. Youtsey was charged with being an accomplice in the murder of Governor Goebel. No appeal will be made.

Mrs. Nation and five of her followers wrecked a costly saloon in Topeka Tuesday. She was imprisoned, charged with "instigating a riot."

"The Commoner" now has a circulation, weekly, of 75,000.

The Kentucky State Guard is composed of 102 commissioned officers, 257 noncommissioned officers, 16 musicians and 1,116 enlisted men, a total of 1,389. The number of men available for military service is 410,000.

The friends of the Ship Subsidy bill have served notice that they will endeavor to force night sessions of the Senate to press the bill through. They say that they will keep this up "until the bill is passed."

Our Roll of Honor.

The following have paid up or renewed their subscriptions to the Press since our last issue:

J. F. Bruce, Clymer, Okla.
Marion Ford, Iron Hill.
G. D. Humphreys, Sheridan.
J. S. Dobson, Fredonia.
H. S. Hill, Crayneville.
Lucy Mott, Owensboro.
H. K. Woods, Marion.
J. H. Morse,
Dr. A. J. Driskill,
S. W. Taylor, Shady Grove.
W. H. Ordway, Crayneville.
Henry Gazell, Cleveland, O.
Dora Wilson, Iron Hill.
J. A. Chandler, Iron Hill.
H. G. Fritts, Marion.
L. L. Hughes, Marion.
I. N. Young, Wellsford, Kan.

In Memoriam.

Whereas, it has pleased Almighty God to remove from our midst our most honored and highly respected citizen, Mr. Henry B. Terry.

Resolved, That the Sunday schools of Carrsville have lost a devoted and efficient Superintendent, and worker, and the church a zealous christian, whose presence and influence will be most sadly missed.

That we extend to the family in this sad bereavement our heartfelt sympathy, commending him to the Great Comforter whom he served, and in whom he trusted as few others do.

That copies of these resolutions be sent to the family and to each of the county papers for publication.

Mrs. H. D. Rutter,
Albert Likens,
Will E. Neal,
Committee.

Wanted.

Two hustling salesmen to sell medicine in Crittenden county. Must have two horses and back. Cash for services. Apply to Marion Medicine Co. 280 Main st., Marion, Ky.

STRAYED—From my farm at Crittenden Springs, about 3 weeks ago, one mouse colored milch cow; will weigh between 700 and 800 lbs. Will pay a liberal reward for her return. Any information will be thankfully received.

R. W. Wilson,

FIRE DESTROYS

The Business Portion of Blackford Tuesday Night.

Tuesday night fire destroyed the business houses of L. A. Wilborn, Thos. Talbot and Crowell & Nunn at Blackford. The fire is supposed to have originated from a defective flue in the building occupied by Mr. Talbot. The three firms carried large stocks of general merchandise. Mr. Wilborn and Mr. Talbot resided in the second stories of their building, and consequently lost all of their household goods. Messrs Crowell & Nunn carried \$2,000 insurance and Talbot carried \$2,000 insurance on his stock. Mr. Wilborn's insurance had just expired, making his loss the heaviest. This is the second fire that has visited this unfortunate town in the last two weeks.

BIG DAMAGE SUIT

Filed in Our Circuit Court This Week by Will Graves.

W. S. Graves has filed suit in circuit court of this county against Ollie Crider, asking for \$5,000 damages for injuries received.

Mrs. Della Sparkman, of this county, has filed suit against Mrs. Jane Tyner, of Livingston county, for \$10,000 damages. Mrs. Sparkman charges Mrs. Tyner with libeling her.

Uncle Josh Spruceby.

The standard attraction, "Uncle Josh Spruceby," which comes to the Opera House for one night, Monday, Feb. 11, is a comedy of unusual merit. No doubt it will be remembered from a previous visit here, when a splendid impression was made, and from the lavish press notices it is receiving this season, it is better than ever. Only cities and large towns are being played this season and the production is being presented on a large scale. New and handsome scenery is used, and the great saw-mill scene is given with more realism than ever. The company is composed of 25 people and is one of unusual merit. The musical features include a splendid orchestra of 12 soloists. A unique street parade is given at noon each day by the big band. The concert by the band on the street is very popular, and attracts large crowds.

It's a new month, a new year, and a new century, and it would be something new if you would come in and settle your account.

C. G. Moreland,
Fords Ferry.

Country Produce Bought at Highest Market Price.

The Gilbert Grocery

Mr. A. M. Gilbert has purchased the stock of Groceries owned by G. E. Boston and has just received

A Large and Complete Stock of New Goods.

For anything in the Grocery line call on him, for his goods are the Freshest, his prices most Reasonable.

Staple and Fancy Groceries, Tinware, Glassware.

LARGEST STOCK OF CANNED GOODS IN THE COUNTRY.

For a short time Canned Goods of best quality will be sold at 3 cans for 25 cents. You are cordially invited to call and see Mr. Gilbert's stock. Apples, Bananas and other fruits always on hand.

THE GILBERT GROCERY!

At Old Stand of The Boston Grocery.

Goods delivered to any part of the city.

NOTICE.

At a meeting of the City Council of the city of Marion, Ky., held at its council chamber on Tuesday evening, February 5, 1901, the following ordinance was duly enacted:

Be it ordained by the City Council of the city of Marion, Ky., That in view of the benefits to accrue to the city and citizens of Marion by the construction and operation of water works with the city, thereby giving greater fire protection, lessening insurance, and giving safer and better facilities for the protection of health and property, and the said city being unable financially to construct and operate such works and plants, therefore in consideration of the necessity, as well as the desirability thereof, the City Clerk, J. C. Bourland, will, on Monday the 11th day of February, 1901, at 1 o'clock p. m., offer for sale publicly to the highest and best bidder, the exclusive franchise and right to maintain and operate water works within the city of Marion as now constituted, or as it may hereafter be enlarged or extended from time to time during the term of said exclusive franchise and right, which term shall be for a period of twenty years, reckoned from and after said water works shall have been completed. Said water works privilege shall carry with it the sole and exclusive right of way over the streets, alleys, lanes, sidewalks, roads and public easements of said city, for the purpose of placing, taking up, or repairing any of their mains, pipes or hydrants, or other structures, devices requisite for the proper service of water. The terms of said sale shall be cash, and shall take place at the police court room of the city of Marion. Said City Council shall have the right to reject any and all bids. J. C. Bourland, Clerk of the City Council, will duly advertise said sale, the terms and conditions thereof, in the newspaper, Crittenden Press, and will report his acts thereunder, with a copy of said advertisement, and the result of said sale to the City Council at its meeting on Tuesday evening, February 12, 1901. The purchaser of said franchise shall begin active work in good faith to build said water works plant in sixty days from the granting of said franchise, and shall have same completed, and in working order by the first day of January, 1902, otherwise all rights granted to him shall be forfeited. The highest bidder shall deliver to the Clerk making said sale a certified check for the amount of his bid, and if his bid is rejected by the Board the check shall be returned to said bidder. All parties interested will take notice of the above and govern themselves accordingly.

J. C. BOURLAND, Clerk Council City of Marion.

Marion Bank,

Established 1887.

Capital paid up.....\$20,000
Surplus.....5,000

We offer to depositors and patrons every facility which their balances, business and responsibility warrant.

J. W. BLUE, Pres.
T. J. VANDELL, Cashier.

For Sale.

A dwelling house of four rooms and good outbuildings, and three building lots in Tolu, Ky. Will sell cheap for cash or on time with good note and approved security.

J. N. Shaffer, Tolu, Ky.

THE PROCLAMATION OF KING REX

having been issued, it now remains for his loyal subjects throughout the country to proceed to the festive city of New Orleans and pay tribute to His Majesty by participating in the festivities of

MARDI GRAS

which for the year 1901 will be on February 19. For this occasion the Illinois Central Railroad Company will sell tickets on certain dates to New Orleans from stations on its line at one fare for round trip. Your local ticket agent will tell you the dates of sale, special rates and limits of these Mardi Gras tickets.

HOT SPRINGS,

ARKANSAS, VIA MEMPHIS.

Sleeping car service for the entire distance from Cincinnati and Louisville, and from New Orleans via the Illinois Central to Hot Springs, via Memphis in connection with the Choctaw route from Memphis and the Little Rock and Hot Springs Western R. R. from Little Rock.

CALIFORNIA

Via New Orleans,

in connection with the Southern Pacific Through semi-weekly Excursion Sleeping Cars, leaving Cincinnati and Louisville on I. C. R. R. fast New Orleans Special train every Monday and Friday for Los Angeles, and San Francisco without change. The special also connects at New Orleans daily with express train for the Pacific Coast, and on Mondays, Thursdays and Saturdays with the STANSET LIMITED, of the Southern Pacific, giving special through service to San Francisco. All Round-trip Tourist Tickets to California reading via Illinois Central R. R. permit of stopover in New Orleans. Tickets and full information concerning the above can be had of agents of the "Central" and connecting lines.

WANTED,

MULES AND HORSES.

One hundred mules and one hundred head of horses. Will pay highest cash prices. Will be at Perce's stable in Marion, Ky., on Tuesday, February 12, 1901.

Crebs & Patrick.

Birth, Mimicry, Music

The World's Leading Monologues Entertainer

Ralph Bingham

Personator, Humorist, Violinist, Vocalist, Raconteur. Excelling in each department.

Opera House

Friday Evening, Feb. 8.

Most versatile entertainer on the platform today.

Secured by Messrs. Taylor and Walker under a large guarantee. Bingham needs no introduction to Marion people for they have listened to him with delight before

Prices 25, 35 and 50.

Extensive Line of Fine Candies.

MARION OPERA HOUSE!

MONDAY NIGHT, FEB. 11th!

The Banner Attraction
of the Season

UNCLE JOSH SPRUCEBY!

The Old-Time
Husking Bee.
Twenty-Five People
in the Caste.

FOUR GREAT ACTS!

A Comedy Drama of Highest Type!

No Vulgarity, but a Play With a Moral!

The Exciting
Saw Mill Scene,
A Most Wonderful
Scenic Effect,

Watch for the Hay Seed Band and the Big Parade Monday at Noon!

Prices--25, 50 and 75c.

Reserved Seats now on Sale at Haynes' Drug Store.

The Press.

R. C. WALKER, Publisher
WALTER WALKER, Manager.

OBITUARIES:—Not exceeding 10 lines
will be published free of charge. All
over 10 lines at 5 cents per line.
RESOLUTIONS OF RESPECT, \$1.00

Northern Woods left Tuesday
for Oklahoma.

E. T. Franks, of Owensboro, was
in town yesterday.

Buy your comic valentines at
Haynes drug store.

Tom Dollar is working for Coch
ran and Baker.

Mrs. Charles Evans is the guest
of friends in St. Louis.

M. F. Pogue, of Frances, was in
town Monday and Tuesday.

Dick Wilborn is out again after
a severe struggle with the grip.

Mr. J. T. Alexander of Madison
ville was in this city yesterday.

Mr. John T. Franks arrived in
this city from Owensboro yester-
day.

Mr. H. L. Mosgrove, the author,
of Sturgis, was in the city Satur-
day.

The city council held its regu-
lar monthly session last Tuesday
night.

Get your seats early for "Uncle
Josh Spruceby." Prices 25c, 50c,
and 75c.

Mrs. M. T. Wilcox, of Mattoon,
visited her daughter last week, re-
turning Saturday.

Crebs & Patrick, the mule and
horse buyers, will be in Marion
Tuesday, Feb. 12th.

"Uncle Josh Spruceby's" ad-
vance agent seems to have pretty
thoroughly billed the town.

The Emmaus school closed Fri-
day after a successful term, with
Miss Jennie Bell as instructor.

The sawmill scene in "Uncle
Josh Spruceby" is one of the most
realistic scenic effects ever pro-
duced.

If you miss "Uncle Josh Spruce-
by" you miss the finest dramatic
production ever put on the stage
in Marion.

Doctors W. J. J. Paris, J. J.
Clark and T. A. Frazer attended
the Medical Association at Head-
eson Monday.

Miss Leaffa Wilborn closed her
school at Fredonia Friday, after
a most satisfactory term of work,
and returned to her home in this
city Sunday.

The opera house managers have
had "Uncle Josh Spruceby" book-
ed for six months, and now recom-
mend it as the best attraction of
the season.

Mr. Rufus Kazee and Mrs. Mag-
gie Perkins, nee Smith, were uni-
ted in marriage at her home in
the Frances neighborhood yester-
day, Rev. T. V. Joiner officiating.

J. C. Bourland, the foreman of
the Press force, has been suffer-
ing with the grip all week. A gen-
tleman from Henderson has taken
Mr. Bourland's position until he
recovers.

Next Monday is county court
day.

Services will be held at the C.
P. church Sunday.

Circuit clerk Haynes will return
from Florida this week.

Dr. Driskill and family arrived
in this city last week.

Northern Woods, of Eddyville
was in town last week.

Mr. Jas. Fleming is in Livings-
ton county this week.

Woods & Fowler moved into
their new quarters Monday.

City marshal Loyd's leaving will
vacate the marshal's office.

Mr. Yeaman Mabry of Webster
county was in town Wednesday.

R. C. Walker was confined to
his home with the grip last week.

Misses Ada Hill and Ada Hughes
of Chapel Hill entered our school
Monday.

Mrs. L. L. Hughes, who has
been seriously ill with the grip, is
improving.

The school is still growing; sev-
eral additions to the pupils were
made Monday.

Dr. J. J. Clark, of St. Louis, is
in town this week attending to bu-
siness matters.

CHARLIE TYNER returned from
Dawson Wednesday, greatly im-
proved in health.

Mr. Joe W. Waggoner spent last
week in Joplin, Mo., looking after
his mining interests.

Will Mott succeeded W. D.
Cannon as salesman in Pierce &
Son's hardware store.

Misses Melville Glenn and Leah
Wise, of Sturgis, spent Saturday
and Sunday in the city.

Mr. Freeman Scott, an aged cit-
izen of the Hampton neighbor-
hood, died a few days since.

Mr. T. J. Williams, the jeweler,
left for Lexington Tuesday night,
where he will probably locate.

Will Cannon has entered upon
his duties as bookkeeper for the
Paducah Mining Company at
Sturgis.

John L. Harpending was ap-
pointed county court clerk for
Union precinct yesterday by coun-
ty clerk Woods.

Ed. Olive, who has been attend-
ing school at Bowling Green, re-
turned Sunday, illness forcing him
to come home.

Roy Threlkeld, of Salem, was
in town Sunday en route to Lex-
ington, where he will attend a bu-
siness college.

Mr. Leffel and wife, of this city,
were called to Centralia, Ill., last
week to attend the funeral of Mr.
Leffel's father.

Revs. J. W. Bigham, T. V. Join-
er and Messrs. Sidney Moore and
Audrey Love are attending the mis-
sionary meeting at Princeton.

"I. W. HARPER" Whiskey is a
perfect distillation. It strength-
ens you and helps resist cold and
disease. Try it. It is better than
the doctor. The kind your grand-
father used! (Sold by S. H. Orme,
Marion, Ky.)

Mr. Fleining Akers, one of the
oldest citizens of the county, is
quite sick at his home near Crit-
tenden Springs. Mr. A. is 83 years
old.

Seats for the Ralph Bingham
entertainment are now on sale at
Haynes drug store. If you want
good seats you must secure them
at once.

A handsome verandah and oth-
er improvements have recently
been made to the New Gill House,
adding greatly to the appearance
and convenience of that hostelry.

Mrs. Frances Givens has been
very ill for the past week, yet we
are glad to hear that she is some-
what better. Her daughter, Mrs.
Cinnamon, of Morganfield, is
with her.

Robert Montgomery has sold his
farm and will for the next ten days
dispose of his personal property,
consisting of stock, farming im-
plements and household goods.

Closing lots of heavy weight
goods at bargains; such as over-
coats, pants, suits, shoes, caps,
blankets, comforts, gloves, under-
wear. Call and see us at Bank
building, Main street.

Woods & Fowler.

Last Thursday, at a saw-mill on
Long Branch, in Bells Mines pre-
cinct, a young man came in con-
tact with a buzz-saw and was so
frightfully mangled that his life
was despaired of.

We are in receipt of a letter
from our old friend Otho Pickens,
formerly of this city, now of the
"wild and woolly west." Otho has
a good position in a large dry
goods establishment at Tempe,
Arizona. He writes us that work
is plentiful and that the west is
place for young men.

R. F. Haynes has a large stock
of Valentines, both fancy and com-
mic. His elegant line of fancy
valentines are of the prettiest de-
signs and range in price from three
cents to two dollars. Hold in com-
memoration this old historic day
by sending your best friend a pret-
ty valentine.

The wife of Mr. J. M. Duvall,
of the Repton neighborhood, died
on Wednesday of last week, after
an illness of only a few hours.
She was a woman of splendid qual-
ities—a faithful, affectionate wife,
a loving mother and a true Chris-
tian, and her death is deeply mourn-
ed by a large circle of friends.

Mr. John R. Marvel reached
home from Oklahoma last week.
He sold his farm in this county
last fall and went west to grow up
with the country, but a few weeks
sojourn satisfied his longing for
such a growth and he is back in
old Crittenden, as glad to get
back as his many friends are glad
to see him back. He is a good cit-
izen.

Miss Agnes Davis and Miss Be-
na Bigham left Saturday for Car-
linville, Ill., where they will visit
the sister of Miss Davis. From
there to St. Louis. Miss Davis
will trim for Miss Blanche Payne
this season. We are glad to wel-
come Miss Davis back to our town.
She has many friends among our
people.

ELECTRIC LIGHTS

And Water Works Will Soon be
In Operation in Marion.

NOT A FAN YTALE, BUT A CERTAINTY

Messrs. C. S. Nunn, of this city,
and E. T. Franks, United States
Collector of Internal Revenue at
Owensboro, this week purchased
the Electric Light franchise from
Boise & Eddings, of Princeton,
granted them by the city council,
and these gentlemen will begin at
once the work of putting in an
electric light plant in Marion. A
water-works franchise will be ask-
ed for and if granted we will also
have water-works. Electric lights
will be furnished the city and also
the business houses and private
residences. Marion's electric lights
and water-works are now no longer
mere matters of fiction and specu-
lation, for with two such enter-
prising promoters as Messrs.
Nunn and Franks the project will
certainly prove successful.

CAUGHT BY A SAW.

A Young Man Badly Injured in a
Saw Mill on Long Branch.

Saturday afternoon a most de-
plorable accident occurred in the
saw-mill on Long Branch, Bells
Mines. Barney Eddings, the 14
year son of Charles R. Eddings,
while making an effort to remove
a board from near the large cir-
cular saw was caught by the teeth
of the steel monster and before as-
sistance could be given the young
boy was terribly injured. The
windpipe was almost severed in
two places, the left arm torn open,
the skull fractured just above the
eye, and a serious wound made in
the abdomen. His life was dis-
paired of for awhile, but in spite
of the many wounds the unfortu-
nate boy is yet alive and will prob-
ably recover.

Hoerth---Doss.

Tuesday Mr. Amel Hoerth and
Mrs. Ida May Doss, of this city,
were united in marriage at Prince-
ton, and left that city for Illinois,
where they will spend a week with
relatives of Mr. Hoerth before re-
turning to this city.

The bride is a well known Ma-
rion lady. Mr. Hoerth has had
charge of Mr. J. W. Givens' but-
cher shop for several months and
has made many friends since he
has been in this city. Mr. and
Hoerth will make their future
home in Marion.

Mrs. John T. Franks will open a
large millinery establishment in
this city about March 1st, and
with a competent corps of assist-
ants will be prepared to meet every
demand of the season. Mrs.
Franks was engaged in the milli-
nery business prior to her depart-
ure from this city, and her old
patrons will gladly welcome her
back. The building now occupied
by Mrs. Frances Givens will be
occupied by the new establish-
ment.

HIRES A HORSE,

Rides Gaily Away, and Has Not
Been Heard from Since.

Sunday morning a young fellow
went to the livery stable of Pierce
& Son in this city and told the
proprietor he wanted to hire a
horse to go to Shady Grove, and
would return late in the afternoon.
He gave his name as Price, and
was working, according to his ac-
count, at Buck Stovalls. He was
furnished a good horse and saddle
and started on his way. Up to this
good hour neither horse or rider
have put in an appearance. On
investigation it was discovered
that the fellow had stopped at the
Gill House Saturday night, regis-
tering the name of Pritchett.
Search was at once instituted, tel-
ephone messages sent over the
country, and a man has started
out after the mysterious horseman.
Mr. Stovall said no such man had
ever worked for him. It was lea-
rned that Price was seen Sunday
morning near Mattoon, traveling
toward Weston.

Marriage Licenses.

John D. Worley and Lula Al-
exander.
Jasper Freeman to Lula Gray.
Nathan C. Gurry to Anna Mc-
Carty.
Jackson L. Threlkeld to Maggie
E. Farries.
Rufus Keese to Maggie E. Per-
kins.
Joel B. Walker to Fannie B.
Phillips.
Jesse P. Fritts to Laura Gil-
bert.

Public Sale.

On March 5, 1901, at Shanks'
farm, near Fords Ferry, I will of-
fer for sale to the highest bidder,
a lot of corn and hay. Corn in
shuck and hay baled. Terms made
known on day of sale. Sale to be-
gin at 10 o'clock, a. m.

W. F. Hogard.

P. S. Sold in lots to suit pur-
chasers.

SKELTON'S CORNER.

Just received, a car load of goods that
were sold under the hammer, that must
be sold within the next 15 days. Below
are some prices that will suit you:
Lace curtains worth \$6 for \$2.75.
Lace curtains worth \$4 for \$2.25.
5,000 yards lace worth 12½¢ 3½¢ to 7c.
Gold filled bracelet, wear ten years worth
\$5 for \$3.50.
Gold filled watch chain worth \$3 for \$1.
Ladies kid gloves, 75c.
Boys caps worth 40c for 15c.
Ladies silver mounted pearl hair pins 40c.
Ladies hair curlers, 5c.
Celluloid hdkt box wor 1.75 for 90c.
Complete pringing outfit for borys or
girls, \$1.
Ladies belts from 10c to \$5.
Remember the place is 290 Main st.,
opposite Farmers Bank.

HEARIN & SON'S PRICE LIST.

Pickles, per dozen,	5c
Kraut, per pound,	4c
Hominy flake; per lb	5c
Dry beans,	5c
Dried apples, per pound,	5c
Dried peaches per pound	4c
Evaporated apples, per lb	10c
Evaporated peaches per lb	12½c
Evaporated apricots, per lb	15c
Evaporated prunes, per lb	10c, 3 for 25c
Quaker oats, 2 packages for	25c
Early breakfast oats, 3 pkg	25c
Petti Johns oats 2 packages	25c
Ralston wheat food, 2 pkgs	25c
Can peas, 3 cans for	25c
Can corn, 3 cans for	25c
Can M sardines, 3 cans for	25c
Jelly, per glass,	5c
Corn syrup per gal.	30c

Don't fail to see us before you buy
tinware, glassware, wooden ware, China
ware, stoneware, brooms and everything
in the grocery line. We will not be un-
der sold by anybody. We will give you
the best goods on the market for the
least money. Don't fail to give us a call
and see our goods and get our prices be-
fore you buy. We will save you money.
HEARIN & SON.

For Sale.

For sale, 250 bushels white corn
at 50c. per bushel at crib; some
young cattle; one good work mule
All in good shape. I have a 50
acre farm, 45 cleared, all good,
strong limestone land, under good
fence; plenty of spar. No leases,
leins, or mortgages. Title good,
joins the Memphis spar mines
land.

Josiah Conger.

Moved Into . . . **New Quarters!**

**New Century,
New House,
New Goods!**

With all these new things

Woods & Fowler

are looking farther on into the new century and
hope by fair dealing to do somebody else good besides
themselves before the century closes.

We will fill this new house full, from cellar to dome
with Choice Staple Goods which we will sell you at
prices that will satisfy. Call and see us.

Thanking you for past favors, we remain,

YOUR FRIENDS,

Old Farmers Bank. **Woods & Fowler.**

An Intercepted Message

A Story of the New Telegraphy.
By Catherine Adams.

"WE MUST intercept that message," said Schmidt.

I could only look my unutterable astonishment. Schmidt was the senior partner in the firm of Schmidt, Rosenberg & Carey. I was Carey, the junior. Rosenberg we seldom saw, and it was just as well; he had no brains, but his money had been very useful when the firm was first launched, and, as he never interfered with the management, we were glad to continue as we had begun.

For the rest, "Schmidt, Rosenberg & Carey" is a firm of stock brokers well known on the stock exchange, where its operations are followed with keen interest.

"Well?" said Schmidt, seeing that I was all at sea; "you scarcely follow me?"

"I don't!" I declared, emphatically. "That is because you have no imagination. A better financier I never knew, but you lack imagination. Now, I—" He paused.

"Have too much. You could well spare me some. But what is this move?"

"A crisis is imminent. There was another meeting at the foreign office this afternoon."

"State news!" I gibed. "Are not all the papers full of it?"

Schmidt went on as if I had not spoken. "Within the next 24 hours a message will be sent to Berlin. It will be the message—the all-important one that will materially affect the money market for some time."

"How do you know of this?"

"From the usual source, our private intelligence department—Bracebridge."

"It all sounds very pretty. I can quite understand how a premature knowledge of that message may affect our fortunes appreciably, but I fail to see how such a happy consummation is coming to pass."

"Really," said Schmidt, "I thought you had more sense! We shall intercept that message. I am arranged with a very clever electrician, who has Marconi's latest improvements at his finger's ends, to accompany you and myself on a little pleasure trip in the channel for a few hours. In such glorious weather what could be more pleasant than a jaunt on that charming little steam yacht, the Gladiola?"

"You have rechristened your craft?"

"No. For obvious reasons it will not do to use my own boat. So Messrs. Blick and Sampson, two American gentlemen, will embark on the Gladiola, which will be awaiting them in Dover harbor. When in midchannel, what more natural than our electrical friend's desire to experiment with his apparatus? Singular, too, that we shall take such a course as to be in the direct line of communication between the terminals at Dover and Antwerp."

"Antwerp! Then the message does not go direct to Berlin?"

"Impossible! It is wonderful to think that it can go to Antwerp without a break, and thence, with only one other stoppage, at Brunswick, right on to Berlin."

"But how shall we hit on the locality? That will require some fixing up."

"Leave that to me, dear boy! I have calculated it all to a nicety. I shall ever be thankful that my father persuaded me to serve in the navy rather than in the army for my term of conscription."

"You are a many-sided man," I said, admiringly; "but have you told the electrician?"

"The message is in cipher. Bracebridge will bring me the key this evening, when he will also bring the latest intelligence and the time of sending the message. . . . Besides, the operator is an impecunious man, and I shall know how to keep him from asking unnecessary questions."

"It is tremendously risky!" I said.

"Not at all! The only thing is to keep mum, and don't tell your wife!"

"Mrs. Schmidt is discreet," said the husband of that unique lady; "but Mrs. Carey—well," he added, diplomatically, "well, Mrs. Carey is too charming to be able to keep a secret."

Late in the evening of the same day I went to Schmidt's house in Charlton place. Bracebridge had already been and presented the latest intelligence—to wit, that the operator at the government's wireless telegraphy office at Dover had been advised to be in readiness to receive a messenger from the foreign office about noon on the morrow. Schmidt had wired to the captain of the Gladiola to have steam up ready for us next morning. The telegraph operator had also been communicated with. My chief then proceeded to give me a few instructions regarding our adventure.

"We shall make a splendid coup!" he said. "Whichever way the message runs, its early knowledge ought to make our fortunes. I have telephoned our agent in Paris to be on the qui vive, and have wired to our man in Berlin. Mr. Whistler is prepared to work the oracle this side, and, by Jove! if we get the message, the thing is a dead certainty."

When, next morning, I met my chief at the railway station, I scarcely knew him. His blue-black beard and hair had become snow white. My clean shaven face was now adorned by a mustache and imperial.

The captain of the yacht and the telegraph operator met us at the Dover pierhead, and we were soon in the yacht's boat on our way to the vessel.

"Set her engines going at once, Stevens," said Schmidt, as we boarded the yacht. "We have none too much time.

There is your course," and he handed the captain a chart.

The captain looked surprised.

"We are wishing to enable my friend here to try a little experiment on his own account," explained Schmidt. "He has a telegraph apparatus here, and a friend on shore will try to send him a message. They have agreed upon the route, and we shall intercept that message nicely if you follow the course I have marked and bring us to anchor there," and he pointed to the place marked on the chart.

Within two hours from the time we left the pier the Gladiola came to anchor at the spot marked on Schmidt's chart.

It was a damp, misty sort of morning; not at all like the glorious weather predicted by Schmidt. I shivered in my light summer clothing, and inwardly anathematized the whole concern.

The captain brought me a rug and some hollands. Gradually my frame of mind grew more sociable and benignant. I turned to the electrician, who stood near me.

"This is all very wonderful," said I, apropos of the new telegraphy.

"The wonder is that it was not discovered ages ago," he replied. "Think of the marvels of science that have yet to be grasped! Their name is legion."

The man was an enthusiast and began to talk of his ideas.

"Is that all your apparatus?" I asked, pointing to the indicator.

"O, no," the operator said, pointing to the top of the mainmast. "There is a temporary terminal fixed up yonder."

"Umph!" said Schmidt; "this is getting a bit too high-falutin' for me. How goes the time, Carey?"

"Ten minutes to 12," I said, remembering, with a start, what mission we were bound on.

"Everything is quite ready, Mr. Barr."

"Perfectly in order," replied the operator.

"The time is pretty near now, so keep a sharp look-out."

We stood a little apart, watching him anxiously. A little curious as to the matter in hand, some of the crew looked on from a distance.

It wanted one minute to the time!

"Hist!" said the operator, warningly, as Schmidt turned to speak to him. There was a faint, rippling sound, just distinguishable from the apparatus, then the indicator began to work.

We scarcely dared to breathe as the operator took down the message anxiously and carefully. Schmidt could not restrain his excitement.

"Got it, Barr; got it?" he exclaimed.

"Yes," said the operator. "Wait a minute."

"Where is the key to the cipher? I gave it to you, Carey," said Schmidt, in a tense whisper.

I fumbled nervously in my breast pocket. If I had lost it! But no! I held it up triumphantly.

Barr came away from his apparatus. "Here it is; but it is not in cypher, after all. It is very plain English."

"What?" from Schmidt.

The operator read from the slip of paper in his hands: "To Mrs. Dunlop, Hotel Marie, Ostend—Return at once. Bobbie very ill with measles."

I looked at Schmidt. Schmidt looked at me. He recovered the power of speech first, and I shall never forget the ebullition that followed. Sailors are supposed to be pretty well seasoned that way; but even the captain looked aghast.

In the middle of his roaring and rioting, the operator put up his hand warningly.

"Hark! What is that?"

Schmidt subsided a little.

"There goes another!" exclaimed Barr. "The coherer sympathized again."

"Catch it! catch it!" cried Schmidt, frantically waving his arms melodramatically in the air as if he would "hold up" all the sensitive particles of ether and restrain them from passing on the message.

"Too late, sir! What a pity you did not tell me to be on the lookout for two messages!"

"Pity!" roared Schmidt, stamping on the deck in an impotent fury. "How should I know that that donkey of an operator at Dover had a child down with measles? How should I know that he would send a message to his wife at Ostend just at the time he ought to be keeping the coast clear for the foreign office? By George! what business had he to be tampering with the government wires?"

But it is best to draw a veil over the proceedings of the next few hours. With regard to myself the whole business had turned out so quaintly that I was chuckling inwardly. I will not say that I was not chagrined at the result of our enterprise, but as I had not been so sanguine as Schmidt my disappointment was proportionately smaller. Besides, he had been so beautifully soiled. It was a mean advantage, perhaps, but I could not resist chaffing him as to the accuracy of his chart.

"You said we were placed exactly in a position to intercept a message between Dover and Antwerp. How could one so Ostend reach us?"

"Don't you know geography?" he growled. "Look on your map, and you will see that Ostend and Bruges too are in the line of communication with Berlin. That is why they are obliged to change the cipher so often."

"All right!" I said, severely; "you need not lose your temper again. If you had put more restraint on yourself at the time we should have caught the second message, too. It was simply lost in an exhibition of vocal fireworks."

"And it might have made our fortunes!" he said, sadly.

This is how it happened that our forewarned agents in Paris and Berlin did not get their expected instructions that day, neither did a certain pair of astute financiers become millionaires at that particular juncture of their careers.—Sketch.

KINGS AND THEIR MONEY.

Many Royal Persons Have Made Investments in American Securities.

Emperor William owned at one time \$7,000,000 of American securities. About two years ago his holdings were transferred to the name of the Berlin banker, so it is impossible to tell accurately the amount of his holdings at the present moment. It is estimated, however, that they aggregate \$3,000,000 and his yearly income from them is \$150,000. So far as the records here show, the emperor never speculated in Americans nor invested in industrial securities. His holdings have always been railway bonds or stocks and his favorite issues are Louisville & Nashville, Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe, Union Pacific, Southern Pacific, Missouri Pa-

WILL LAST TWENTY YEARS.

New Kind of Fabric to be Manufactured by the Mills in England.

If the plans of certain English capitalists do not miscarry it will be possible ere long for the economical parent to purchase a suit of clothes which may be passed along among his sons for a fifth of a century, says the Chicago Chronicle. Mills are now being built in England for the manufacture of this kind of long-wearing material, which can be turned out in almost any color wanted. Think of getting a suit of clothes that will last for 20 years! that will cost only a third more than a suit costs now, and that will be absolutely waterproof without appearing to be so. Revolutionize is rather an overworked word, but it fits this case exactly. Instead of singing "Papa's

MOSES E. CLAPP, MINNESOTA'S NEW SENATOR.



Mr. Clapp, who was chosen by the legislature to fill the senatorial seat left vacant by the death of Cushman K. Davis, is 49 years of age. He was born in Delphi, Ind. When he was seven years of age his parents moved to Wisconsin. He graduated from the Wisconsin law school in 1873. Seven years later he moved to Fergus Falls, Minn., where he took up the practice of law. In 1891 he located permanently at St. Paul. He was elected attorney general of the state in 1896, 1898 and 1899, and has always been prominent in politics. He was a candidate for the republican nomination for governor in 1896, but was defeated by Gov. Clough.

chic and Illinois Central. The empress of Germany is the individual owner of about \$500,000 of American securities. These are in her own name, but the dividend payments are, by her order, made to a firm of Berlin bankers.

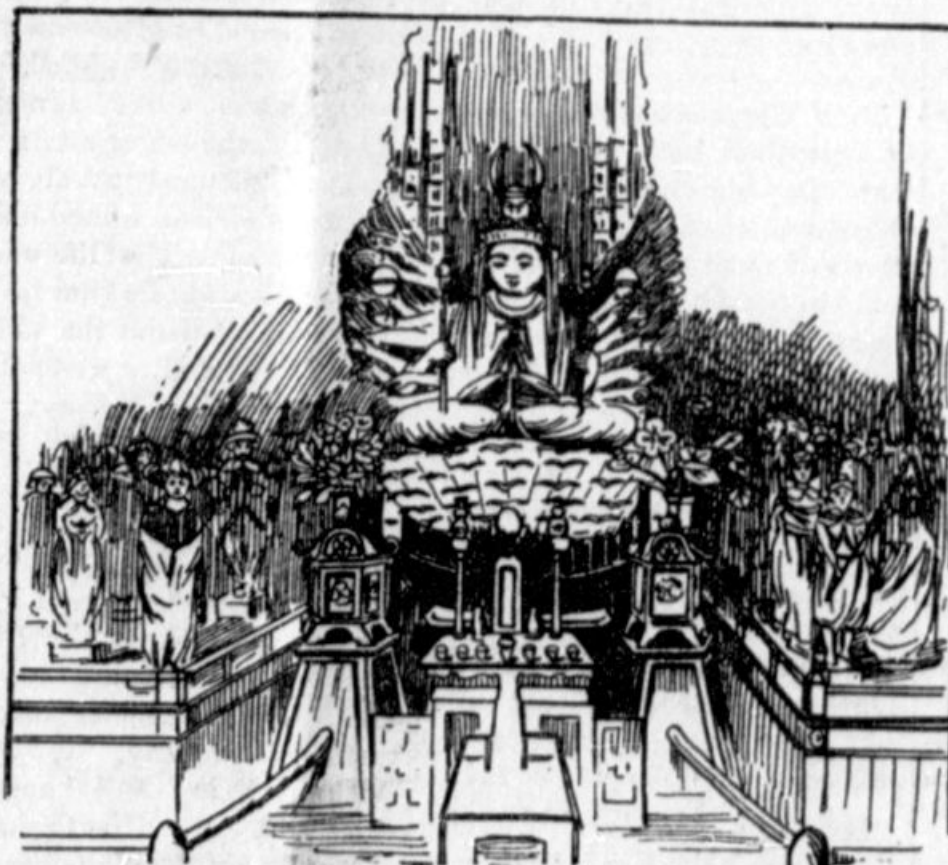
"Other members of the German royal household, says the Minneapolis Journal, are owners of American securities, but the certificates are mostly in the names of their individual bankers. The securities so held amount to about \$4,000,000. The czar of Russia holds \$6,000,000 in American bonds and stocks, principally the former. These include issues of the Pennsylvania railroad, New York Central railroad, Northern Pacific, Canadian Pacific, Southern Pacific, New York, New Haven & Hartford and New Jersey Central. His holdings are registered in the name of a

Pants Will Soon Fit Johnnie," the refrain will run "Johnnie Soon Will Wear Pa's Pants," for when pa once begins to wear these extremely useful articles before Johnnie has got out of dresses he may continue to wear them for the next 20 years, and by that time Johnnie will have grown up to them. The same with little Mary and her mother's skirts. Instead of putting down the garments for the girl, the mother will wear them for a generation or so and then turn them over to her daughter.

The Papal Income.

A recent letter from Rome in the Philadelphia Ledger states that the pope's income for 1900 amounted to \$4,375,000, nearly two-thirds of which was income for securities and Peter's pence. The expense account of the holy father for the same year is figured at \$1,699,000, of which \$483,000 rep-

IMAGE WITH A THOUSAND HANDS.



The wonderful Japanese image here illustrated is supposed to be a representation of the god Kwannon. The central figure of the group shows one of the thousand-handed gods—there are a thousand others very much like him in the same temple—seated in a full-blown lotus, the sacred flower of Buddhism. The image and its magnificent pedestal are made entirely of beaten brass or bell metal. When a worshiper makes an offering he strikes a bell in front of the statue to direct attention to his accompanying prayer. It is believed by the faithful that the original statue was set up in the middle of the twelfth century.

St. Petersburg firm, to whom all communications regarding them are sent.

Why He Doesn't Get Weary.

The wonderful physical endurance of Gen. Fukushima, who is in command of the Japanese troops in China, was explained to Frederick Palmer the other day by an officer who is over six feet tall and rather thin; "No wonder Fukushima does not get tired; his heart has to pump blood only about half as far as mine. It is the difference between supplying water to a two and a four story building."

Indians Make Toys.

On one of the Indian reservations in New York state is a toy factory which employs several hundred Indians all the year around. The toys manufactured here are shipped all over the world.

resents salaries. The remainder of the account includes the expense of keeping up the Vatican, the repairs at St. Peter's, charities, and contingent expenditures and losses. The most notable item in this account is the personal expense of the pope himself, which amounts to \$2,500, showing that he lives a simple life. There will be a balance of over \$3,000,000 to be added to the contingent fund which now amounts to over \$30,000,000, a large part of which is in American securities. The satisfactory condition of the papal income shows that Leo XIII. is a more thrifty man and a better financier than his predecessor.

China's Silk Crop.

The ordinary annual crop of silk in China is estimated at about 21,000,000 pounds, of which over 60 per cent. is consumed in the country where it is produced.

Progress in Medicine.

Medical science grows apace with civilization and among the leading remedies, one that combines all the results of scientific study up to the present time and is put up in convenient and economical form, easy to take, easy to carry, is the famous Cascarella. Five years ago marked the time of the sale of the first box. Last year the sale reached the enormous total of over six million boxes. In this bustling, every day, busy life of our people need just this kind of a medicine to stimulate their bowels and keep them regular. Cascarella set on the liver just enough to help nature without causing that awful sick, weakening feeling that usually follows the taking of Calomel and violent purges. Readers who have never tested the merits of Cascarella should give them a good trial.

His Most Useful Book.

First Passenger—What book has helped you most in life?
Second Passenger—The city directory.
"The city directory?"
"Yes; I'm a bill collector."—Syracuse Herald.

The woman who is in the habit of telling her troubles makes more calls than she receives.—Town Topics.

Laying for Him.

One of the clerks employed at the Boston terminal, who is something of a practical joker; had the tables turned on him the other day by a shrewd newsboy. Knowing that two afternoon newspapers had recently suspended publication, it was his custom upon leaving his office in the evening to call a newsboy and say: "Here, Call, quick!" He thought it great fun to see the eager hands clutch ineffectually for a nickel, and then to note the disappointed expression of the youngster's face. But one Twelfth and Market streets on Wednesday evening with his usual witicism, and, to his astonishment, the little fellow shared a Call into his hands and grabbed the cash before the astonished clerk knew what was up. Then there was nothing for the clerk to do but take his medicine. "I've been laying for that guy," remarked the boy. "I wanted a Call, an' he got it. Dat paper was mont's old."—Philadelphia Record.

Always Caught.

If a young man goes into a jewelry store to look at ladies' rings, the worst guess a town is sure to step in and catch him at.

Sleep for Skin-Tortured Babies

And Rest for Tired Mothers



In a Warm Bath with

Cuticura SOAP

And a single anointing with CUTICURA, purest of emollients and greatest of skin cures. This is the purest, sweetest, most speedy, permanent, and economical treatment for torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning, bleeding, scaly, crusted, and pimply skin and scalp humors, rashes, irritations, and chafings, with loss of hair, of infants and children, and is sure to succeed when all other remedies fail.

Millions of Mothers Use Cuticura Soap

Assisted by CUTICURA OINTMENT, the great skin cure, for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin of infants and children, for rashes, itches, and chafings, for cleansing the scalp of cruds, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and healing red, rough, and sore hands, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Millions of Women use CUTICURA SOAP in the form of baths for annoying irritations, inflammations, and excoriations, for too free or offensive perspiration, in the form of washes for obstinate weaknesses, and for many sanative antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves to women, especially mothers. No amount of persuasion can induce those who have once used these great skin purifiers and beautifiers to use any others, especially for preserving and purifying the skin, scalp, and hair of infants and children. CUTICURA, with the purest of emollient properties derived from CUTICURA, the great skin washes for obstinate weaknesses, and the most refreshing of flower odors. No other medicated soap is to be compared with it for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. This is complexion soap and the BEST toilet and baby soap in the world.

Cuticura Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humor.

Consisting of CUTICURA SOAP (25c.), to cleanse the skin of cruds and scales, and soften the thickened cuticle, CUTICURA OINTMENT (50c.), to instantly allay itching, inflammation, and irritation, and soothe and heal, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT (50c.), to cool and cleanse the blood. A SINGLE SET, costing but \$1.25, is often sent and sent to cure the most torturing, disfiguring, and humiliating skin and blood humors, with loss of hair, when all else fails. Sold throughout the world.

THE SET, \$1.25

SALZER'S SEEDS WILL MAKE YOU RICH!

BROMUS INERMIS
Greatest Permanent Grass of the Century.

Nothing like it on earth today that we know of and which has conquered the world over to find its equal. Cuts down all others and burns up from 50 to 100 bushels and back of sufficient moisture grows where all other winter kill and freeze out. A 10 cent package of seeds will grow 100 acres and lots of pasture land.

\$1.25 and up a barrel.
Vegetable growers, chicken raisers, horse raisers, and all who raise stock, get Salzer's Seeds.

For 10 Cents and this Notice
our big catalogue will be mailed you free, to which will be 16 sample packages of the 100 lb. barrel. Write for the 4th Spring Wheat, the Miller's Daily Grass with its 125 lbs. of hay per acre, the famous starting force, the Victor's Rape Marvel, the successful 50 bushel per acre, etc., etc. in all 10 packages fully worth \$10 to get a start for 10c in stamps, send today.

JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO., LA CROSSE, WIS.

TO HOT SPRINGS ARKANSAS
Three Daily Trains.

TO OKLAHOMA AND Indian Territory
Two Daily Trains.

Pullman Sleepers and Free Reclining Chair Cars all the way without charge to TEXAS and the WEST. The very best of connections. Cheap round-trip tickets on sale first and third Tuesdays each month. Memphis Ticket Office, 13 Monroe St.

F. D. BLACKMAN, T. P. Chattanooga, Tenn.
FRANK M. GRIFFITH, E. P. A. Louisville, Ky.
GEO. H. LEE, Gen. P. & T. A. Little Rock, Ark.

Fertilizers

They pay on all crops. GUARANTEED TO INCREASE YIELD. Write for "Book on Use of Fertilizers." Free. Largest fertilizer company in the world. VIRGINIA-CAROLINA CHEMICAL CO., Memphis, Tenn.

FISH OIL CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. No Harm. Sold by Druggists.

CONSUMPTION

THE MEMPHIS REUNION

MEMPHIS, Miss., Feb. 1, 1901.

Survivors of the Armies of C. S. A.: The next annual reunion of the survivors of the armies of the confederacy occurs at Memphis, Tenn., the 28th, 29th and 30th of May next. It is believed that this will prove to be the most interesting event that has yet occurred in the history of reunions. A recent visit to Memphis gave me an opportunity of mingling and talking with many of the leading citizens of that city, and it affords me the greatest pleasure to be able to state that I heard nothing save expressions of earnest desire that this should prove to be the largest gathering of old soldiers and their descendants that has yet been witnessed on either side of Mason and Dixon's line. Plans are already on foot, the essential committees are already at work, preparations are already begun, and the entire population is alive with enthusiasm in the great desire to show what the home of the great cavalry leader of the Confederacy can do to honor the heroes who gave the terrible conflict in which they fought for what they knew to be right. It is the intention of the people of Memphis to make this grand reunion memorable in every particular that is to such an occasion the pleasing stories which interest those who attend. The munificent sum of \$50,000, being raised by voluntary subscription, is this sum is to be expended under the direction of a committee of gentlemen who will get the most out of it that can be gotten. The business men of the city are vying with each other in contributing—some of their contributions reaching \$1,500 from a single individual. All of them seem imbued with the idea that the honor of the city is at stake and readily respond in proportion to their means. In some instances individual contributions are so large that the chairman of the finance committee, Col. A. B. Pickett, has thought them excessive, and suggested giving of a sum less than was proposed. I refer to this fact in order to show how thoroughly aroused the community is in its desire to maintain the memory of the city for hospitality and devotion to the grand cause in which its people bore so conspicuous a part. No city has yet expended so large a sum on a reunion of Confederate veterans. Memphis will easily raise \$50,000, and I should not be surprised if, in their zeal and patriotic spirit, its noble and generous people will contribute many thousands more. Arrangements will be upon a scale commensurate with the importance of the event in point of population, business, accessibility and general facilities for accommodation and entertainment. The geographical location and the great number of avenues of travel by which it may be easily reached, together with the local means of taking care of them, make of it an ideal rendezvous for the grand and decrepit old rebels who want to meet their fighting comrades once more before the last tattoo beats. Even trunk lines of railway connect there, and with the majestic Mississippi, with its grand flotilla of passenger steamers, constitute a system of transit not excelled on the continent. Memphis may be said to be the center of the Confederacy. It is nearly equidistant from the Atlantic shore of the Rio Grande, and from the Gulf of Mexico and the Ohio river. Its railroads diverge in every direction and its schedules are so timed as to connect their passengers to the city in less than twenty-four hours from the remotest point of any Southern State. Railroads will agree upon rates in ample time, of which due notice will be given. It is thought that they will all with liberality in this cause and put their rates so low as to place it within the means of all who desire to attend without inconvenience. Much has been said and written about the heartlessness and greed of corporations; but it can be truthfully said of the Southern railroads that they have always been liberal in their dealings with the veterans of the confederacy. I cannot now recall an instance in which any road has refused to enter into an agreement to make satisfactory rates to points of reunions. I am gratified to say that all indications point to a very low rate to Memphis for this occasion. It is believed that it will not exceed one cent per mile. This will place it within the reach of all to attend who desire to do so. The reunion at Memphis will be one of many of its features. Many of the citizens of the city to make the of all who attend enjoyable and satisfactory. Rates of board will be moderate and places of accommodation ample. Eating houses will be provided for the occasion where wholesome food can be obtained at cheap rates. Rooms will be provided and everything done to minister to the comfort of all. The arrangements generally will be upon a grand scale. It is believed that on account of its central location and because of it being directly a Southern city the number attending will far exceed the attendance at any former reunion. But, no matter how great the crowd present, the provision will be made for all. This is the opening year of a new century. The great events in which bore a part transpired nearly a half century ago. You were then in the prime of manhood, yet, exposed to the perils that you faced, you could not possibly then have expected to be in the stage of action when the centennial witnessed your heroic deeds. As each year has been swept by the shadowy past comrades who should to shoulder with you in

deadly conflict with the enemy, when the battle was on, have met the grim reaper and yielded up their proud souls under his remorseless onslaught! Beneath the smiles of a benignant Providence you are yet spared and stand today as living monuments to the heroism and devotion of those who fell by your side while earning glory for the cause in which you and they valiantly fought. They shared their glory with you, and when they fell they bequeathed into your keeping the meed of honor and renown which you and they had won. It thus becomes a solemn duty that you should keep fresh and green their sacred memories, and that you should lay each year upon a holy shrine fresh sprigs of laurel in token of your heart's devotion and loyalty to them and to the righteous cause which you are left to represent. The annual reunion of our comrades gives opportunity for the performance of this solemn and patriotic duty. The weather at the time selected is usually bland and open and suited to the health of the aged and infirm. It is then that nature bedecks out glorious Southland in its rich garb of beauty and bird and bee and blossom put forth upon balmy breezes sweet song and fragrance to cheer and inspire the hearts of the weary who live in the scenes of the past. Fit season this for the revival of memories of the valorous deeds of youth time and stalwart manhood when, with resolute hearts and brawny arms, strong blows were struck for a holy and a righteous cause. Grand occasions these, when heroes, with eyes bedimmed and locks whitened by age, can meet and clasp hands with comrades who shared each other's struggles and hardships upon weary marches, in dreary camps and on sanguined battlefields. Come, then, comrades. The immortal Gordon will be there to tell you of your devotion and heroism and to give you words of hope and cheer. And Hampton, and Stewart, and Cabell, and a host of chivalric leaders who led you in deadly fray in the days that tried your souls. They will not come wearing gilded epaulettes, nor upon caparisoned steeds, but will come as men with hearts full of emotion, to clasp hands with the humble private, who in tatters and rags followed them in victory and in defeat. They will come to greet you in recognition of the debt which they owe to you, for it was your deeds that gave to them the wreaths of fame which they now wear. It is a duty that we owe the great cause in which we lost all save honor that we make sacrifices of personal comfort to give to our comrades by our presence the pleasure incident to these meetings. Let the world look upon these scenes as illustrative of the valor of each survivor, and let our posterity see in the love we bear the Lost Cause the patent proof of that loyalty which impartial history cannot fail to record. JAS. KINCANNON, President Memorial Association, Gen. Tucker's Command.

LUCRATIVE PATENT PRIZE

Some of Those Which Have Paid Inventors Handsomely.

One of the old examiners in the patent office estimates that about one invention in twenty-five repays the cost of taking out a patent. Yet inventors as a class are sanguine men, and no knowledge of the enormous percentage of chances against them will deter them from multiplying ingenious devices. Every one expects a fortune from his particular piece of mechanism. Every one has heard not only of the enormous sums realized from the great inventions of the last half century, but also of the large returns yielded by things apparently trifling which have struck the public fancy or met the public need. The toy called the returning ball, a small ball attached to an elastic string, is said to have produced a profit of \$50,000 a year; the rubber tip on lead pencils has yielded a competence to the inventor; more than \$1,000,000 has been earned by the gimlet-pointed screw, the inventor of which was so poor that he trudged on foot from Philadelphia to Washington to get his patent; the roller skate has yielded \$1,000,000 after the patentee spent \$125,000 in England fighting infringements; the dancing Jim Crow is set down for \$75,000, and the copper tip for children's shoes at \$3,000,000; the spring window roller pays \$100,000 a year; the needle threader \$10,000 a year; from the drive well \$3,000,000 has been realized; the stylographic pen is credited with \$100,000 a year; and the egg beater, the rubber stamp, and the marking pan for shading different colors with large sums. These are only a few examples among hundreds that might be cited. No wonder inventors are hopeful when they reflect that comfort for life and fortune for their children may come from a single fortunate idea.—The Century.

Houses.

Blouses now can be really lovely, even the simplest. For 5 o'clock tea, or even theater wear, there is a new kind of gauze, white, shot with gold that makes an ideal garment, requiring but little trimming beyond a tucked collar or net, lace or plain chiffon, perhaps run through with a suggestion of black velvet and gold ribbon, tied with a wide knot of a colored or black lace.

A great deal of individuality is shown in the blouse, and, above all, in the putting on of the same. If you really are in a hurry, never don a blouse without a coat, for it must be carefully adjusted by the aid of pins. Another item to be observed in wearing the blouse is that everything be perfectly fresh. Once gauze or chiffon becomes soiled, it produces a tawdry and dissipated appearance.—Exchange.

Wind puffs up empty bladders; opinion, fools.—Socrates.

The Power of the Press

Is a common expression, but few realize its actual power. Great as is the influence of the press, it cannot begin to equal the power of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters over disease. The Bitters strengthens the stomach, purifies the blood, and cures dyspepsia, indigestion and constipation. It will tone up the nervous, stimulate inactive kidneys, and as an appetizer, it is unequalled. If you want to get well and keep well, use Hostetter's Stomach Bitters.

A Vermont Wonder.

A report is published from Vermont that the electric light plant of a town in the Green mountain state was frozen up one night. When it comes to freezing up electricity Vermont beats the record. Up to date nothing equally startling has been heard of, unless the story told by Bob Burdette be excepted. Burdette used to destroy a wonderful section out west where everything was petrified—even the law of gravitation. And Vermont could not surpass that.—Troy Times.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure the local trouble, pronounced it incurable. Science has proved Catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Mr. Gallagher—"Rumors fly, don't they, Missis Finnigan?" Mrs. Finnigan—"Indeed they do; awnly this week wan left me widout payin' his rint."—Ohio State Journal.

Career and Character of Abraham Lincoln.

An address by Joseph Choate, Ambassador to Great Britain, on the career and character of Abraham Lincoln—his early life—his early struggles with the world—his character as developed in the later years of his life and his administration, which placed his name so high on the world's roll of honor and fame, has been published by the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway and may be had by sending six (6) cents in postage to F. A. Miller, General Passenger Agent, Chicago, Ill.

A Distinction.

When a man is bilious he admits it, and takes pills; but a woman begins to talk about life being a struggle and the wretchedness of her environment.—Acheson Globe.

The Best Prescription for Chills and Fever is a bottle of Grove's Tasteless Chili Tonic. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price, 50c.

"Poverty's no crime," said Job's comforter. "Maybe not," replied the poor man, "but it seems to be punishable by hard labor for life."—Philadelphia Record.

Pine's Cure is the best medicine we ever used for all affections of the throat and lungs.—Wm. O. Endsley, Vanburen, Ind., Feb. 10, 1900.

Some young men seem to be surprised that everybody doesn't stop dancing when they enter the ballroom.—Somerville Journal.

All goods are alike to PUTNAM FADELESS DYES, as they color all fibers at one boiling. Sold by all druggists.

Farsightedness is largely a matter of careful planning.—Chicago Daily News.

The perfection of art is to conceal art.—Quintilian.

Nothing uses the best of everything. Once Sam Sues Carter's Ink. He knows.

To be a well-balanced man, with ability to resist petty annoyances, is a greater accomplishment than to be governor of your state.—Acheson Globe.

The Grip of Pneumonia may be ward off with Hair's Honey of Horsebalm and Tar. Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in one minute.

It doesn't pay to be obstinate. Neither is it wise to attempt to take all the advice offered.—Washington Post.

Indigestion is a bad companion. Get rid of it by chewing a bar of Adams' Pepsin Tutti Frutti after each meal.

Use every man after his desert, and who should scape whipping?—Shakespeare.

To Cure a Cold in One Day Take Laxative Broom Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

When a fool opens his mouth you can see right through him.—Chicago Daily News.

A bad complexion burns.—Ram's Horn.

The young man who thinks that he is having a game with a girl is like many another gambler, and loses all he has before he has properly learned the game.—Daily Sloop.

An Exception.—He—"Some men can't keep their eyes off the ladies." "Useless those men happen to be sitting in a street car, while the ladies are standing."—Philadelphia Press.

Easy—"Jinks has no faculty for keeping money!" "Let's it go to whoever asks him for it, I believe!" "Why, I'm told that even his wife can get money from him, if he has it!"—Detroit Journal.

"I understand she loved him at first." "Yes, that was before." "Before what?" "Before she had found out that she had mistaken him for his rich cousin."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Ben—"I have no use for a girl who is a flirt." Kent—"I have—for one. She jilted the other fellow after I met her, and married me."—Somerville Journal.

"I see so much in the newspapers about subsidies. What does a subsidy mean, John?" "A subsidy, Mary, is where I give you \$20 for going to see your mother instead of having her come to see you."—Denver News.

He (feeling his way)—"What do you think of a man who leaves his friends and goes off to the north pole?" "It depends upon the kind of man you mean, you know. You don't mean to say that you think of going, Mr. Huffer? Well, I hope you will have an enjoyable trip."—Boston Transcript.

Carrying Out the Rule.—"Some editor who has been giving advice to people on how to live to be old says that the main rule to follow is to go away from the table at each meal feeling as if you could eat more." "Well, say if that's right, every fellow at our boarding-house ought to live to be 100!"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Fixed.

Judge—Now, my boy, you are on your oath. Do you understand what that means? Witness—Why—er—I don't jest—er—reckon.—

"Do you know what you are expected to tell?"

"Oh, yes; the lawyer that hired me wrote it all down so that I could learn it by heart."—Philadelphia Press.

To Mothers of Large Families.

In this workaday world few women are so placed that physical exertion is not constantly demanded of them in their daily life.

Mrs. Pinkham makes a special appeal to mothers of large families whose work is never done, and many of whom suffer, and suffer for lack of intelligent aid.

To women, young or old, rich or poor, Mrs. Pinkham, of Lynn, Mass., extends her invitation of free advice. Oh, women! do not let your lives be sacrificed when a word from Mrs. Pinkham, at the first approach of

weakness, may fill your future years with healthy joy.

"When I began to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I was not able to do my housework. I suffered terribly at time of menstruation. Several doctors told me they could do nothing for me. Thanks to Mrs. Pinkham's advice and medicine I am now well, and can do the work for eight in the family."

"I would recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to all mothers with large families."—Mrs. CARRIE BELLEVILLE, Ludington, Mich.

KAUFMAN'S LIQUID EXTRACT OF SMOKE.

Made from hickory wood. Gives fine flavor. Cleanses, cheapens and freshens food. Sold by circular. E. KAUFMAN & SONS, MILWAUKEE, WIS.

Evil fastens on us only because it finds affinity in us.—Ram's Horn.

AMONG THE OZARKS.

The Land of Big Bear. A series of the most attractive and highly interesting book recently issued. This book is handsomely illustrated with views of South Missouri scenery, including the famous Ozark fruit farm of 1500 acres in Howell County. It pertains entirely to fruit raising in the great fruit belt of America, the southern slope of the Ozarks. It will give you a full and complete knowledge of the fruit growing, but to every farmer and homemaker in other States looking for a farm and a home. This book will be mailed free. Address J. E. LOCKWOOD, Kansas City, Mo.

CHEW & SMOKE

Untaxed Natural Leaf Tobacco, direct from grower, in 25, 50 and 100 pound boxes. Cheapest. Free. Dr. H. H. GREGORY'S BOOK, "The Ozark Fruit Farm," 100 pages, 10c. C. O. D. Correspondence solicited. P. O. BOX 100, CLEVELAND, OHIO. GLENDALE, ILL. (Cleveland, Ohio). Send for free catalogues FREE.

PILES

Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment will cure all Piles. It absorbs the tumor, gives instant relief. Prepared for Piles and itching of the private parts. Address: Dr. J. E. LOCKWOOD, Kansas City, Mo.

GREGORY SEEDS

The old reliable. New catalogues FREE. J. E. GREGORY & SONS, Northland, Kan.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment free. Dr. H. H. GREGORY'S BOOK, Box 100, Atlanta, Ga.

Use CERTAIN CURE. Cough, Croup, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat, etc. A. N. K.—F 1881

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS please state that you saw the Advertisement in this paper.

Two Trains a Day to Texas.


The Cotton Belt Route, via Memphis, offers you two daily trains to Texas: One leaves at 9.20 a. m., the other at 8.30 p. m. The trains from all principal points arrive in Memphis morning and evening in plenty of time to make this connection.

The Cotton Belt offers you the quickest and shortest route to Texas, without change of cars. Both day and night trains are equipped with comfortable Coaches and Free Reclining Chair Cars; also Parlor Cars. Carry day and Pullman Sleepers at night. Write and tell us where you are going and when you will leave, and we will tell you what your ticket will cost and what train to take to make the best time and connections. We will also send you an interesting little booklet, "A Trip to Texas."

W. C. PEELER, B.P.A., Memphis, Tenn. W. G. ADAMS, T.P.A., Nashville, Tenn. R. H. SUTTON, T.P.A., Chattanooga, Tenn. F. E. WYATT, T. P. A., Cincinnati, Ohio. H. ADAMI, T. P. A., Cairo, Ill.

E. W. LaBAUME, G. P. and T. A., St. Louis, Mo.

30 FEET OF BOWELS



are packed away in your insides and must be kept clean, in order and doing business.

It's a long way, with many turns and pitfalls to catch the refuse and clog the channel if not most carefully cleaned out every day.

When this long canal is blocked, look out for trouble—furred tongue, bad breath, belching of gases, yellow spots, pimples and boils, headaches, spitting up of food after eating—an all-around disgusting nuisance.

Violent calomel purges or gripping salts are dangerous to use for cleaning out the bowels. They force out the obstruction by causing violent spasms of the bowels, but they leave the intestines weak and even less able to keep up regular movements than before, and make a larger dose necessary next time.

Then you have the pill habit, which kills more people than the morphine and whiskey habits combined.

The only safe, gentle but certain bowel cleansers are sweet, fragrant CASCARETS, because they don't force out the fecal matter with violence, but act as a tonic on the whole 30 feet of bowel wall, strengthen the muscles and restore healthy, natural action. Buy and try them! (Look out for imitations and substitutes or you can't get results. Cascarets are never sold in bulk. Look for the trade-mark, the long-tailed "C" on the box.) You will find that in an entirely natural way your bowels will be promptly and permanently

Made CLEAN and STRONG by

Cascarets

LIVER TONIC

BEST FOR THE BOWELS

10c. 25c. 50c. NEVER SOLD IN BULK.

CURE all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, indigestion, pimples, pains after eating, liver trouble, sallow complexion and dizziness. When your bowels don't move regularly you are getting sick. Constipation kills more people than all other diseases together. It is a starter for the chronic ailments and long years of suffering that come afterwards. No matter what ails you, start taking CASCARETS to-day, for your bowels will never get well and be well all the time until you put your bowels right. Take our advice: start with CASCARETS to-day, under an absolute guarantee to cure or money refunded.

GUARANTEED TO CURE: Five years ago the first box of CASCARETS was sold. Now it is over six million boxes a year. We have sold and will sell CASCARETS absolutely guaranteed to cure or money refunded. Go by country, two box boxes, give them a fair, honest trial, as per simple directions, and if you are not satisfied, after using one box, return the unused box and the empty box to us by mail, or the druggist from whom you purchased it, and get your money back for both boxes. Take our advice: no matter what ails you—start to-day. Health will quickly follow and you will bless the day you started taking CASCARETS. Book free by mail. Address: STEINLEIN REMEDY CO., NEW YORK or CHICAGO.

a Creole Will Restore those Gray Hairs

La Creole Hair Restorer is a Perfect Dressing and Restorer. Price \$1.00.

THE PRIZE ESSAY.

"The Best State in the Union, and Why it is the Best."

This country of ours, the United States, is broad and long, containing many divisions—different in soil, climate and people.

Kissed on the extreme north by the breath of the "Frost King," fanned on the south by the soft breezes of the great gulf, girdled on the East by the magnificent Atlantic, on the West by the snowy peaks of the Rockies and the perfumes of California's flowery valleys. We have States with the temperature and soil of every country on the globe. In Main there is the health giving odor of the pines, the fine prairie country in Minnesota, the "Land of Minnehaha," in Wisconsin the green forests are mirrored in her great lakes; then there is Ohio, where the "queen city" sits enthroned; Pennsylvania, the State the illustrious "Quaker" loved best; West Virginia, where the great rivers smile at each other and agree to mingle as one stream; Great New York we acknowledge as our richest State; the wide Dakotas and fair Arizona; California's golden-lined valleys; Alabama and Mississippi, rich garden spots of the South; and shall we forget Virginia? the "Mother of Presidents," broad Missouri and Kansas, where the wheat fields gleam like "oceans of manna" to feed our millions Illinois, whose shores are washed by great Michigan's waters; Florida, where our pale invalids are nursed back to health; Tennessee and Georgia, the Carolinas, rich in all that goes to make up a fine country.

It is true the New England States have their fine schools, the Middle States their manufactories, electric railways and millionaires, the Western States their fine mines, big trees and health giving climate; the Southern States cotton fields and manufactories of fine cigars, and where the "Father of Waters" goes flowing by rich cities, on and on to where the Crescent City's tropical beauty entrances the senses; but to the Central States belongs Kentucky.

It is true that the older and wealthiest States cry "Progress! Progress!" but in the future drawing high Kentucky will rank with the greatest.

All these, we say, are great and beautiful, but why does the canny Scot love his broad "Frith," or the hardy Swiss love his mountain home, nor would change it not for any fertile valley on the earth? Or why does the Andalusian boy cling to the orange groves of his native valley, and the Norseman his hut in the land of the "Midnight Sun?" It is his home, his native land.

So our Kentucky, we claim, is the best State in the Union. She has rivers broad and long, tall mountains, rich valleys, untold wealth in minerals, stately trees, fair maids, brave men and swift horses.

She was the land loved by the red man when he hunted for "cane and turkey," her climate is temperate, her soil is the soil of every other State in the Union; besides all this, Kentucky was the home of Clay and the birth place of Breckinridge, Lincoln, and last, but not least our own martyred Goebel.

"The moon beams clearer, the grass grows bluer, and the sun shines brighter in our Old Kentucky sky."

"DINT," (14 years old). [Miss May Finley is the author of the above essay, the prize winner. On the subject of "Kentucky in the year 2000," the essay of Miss Sadie Thomas was considered the best and it will be published next week. The young ladies are eighth grade students of our school.]

SHADY GROVE.

Mrs. Sarah Clements, of Marion, is visiting Dr. Jeff McConnell.

Miss Eulis McDowell visited in the country last week.

Miss Lillie Taylor visited Miss Effie Tucker Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. Shran Phelps, of Fredonia, was down in our midst Sunday en route to see his best girl.

Mr. Will Brown spent Saturday and Sunday at home. We are glad to hear he likes the Marion school so well and hope he will succeed in all of his studies.

Meurra. Mann and Frank Towery, of Piney, were in Saturday on special business. They are two prominent young men.

Mr. Fred Leman, the insurance man, is getting along nicely with his work.

W. H. Towey made his special trip to Marion Sunday.

Mr. Langly, our tobacco man, visited his wife, who resides in Marion, returning Monday.

We are sorry to say some of our Clay boys have made their departure from our city; are glad the others have decided to stay.

We have another hotel in town. Our town is progressing nicely. With two hotels, also two dry goods stores, we are on a boom.

Mr. Dennis Hubbard called to see his best girl Sunday evening.

Mr. George Winn, of Creswell, was in town Monday.

Miss Cura Caldwell is sorry that Mr. Watson has left our city.

Hello, Hal Turner called to see Miss Effie Tucker Sunday evening.

The school at Hovel's closed Friday, with a good exhibition at night, which was enjoyed by both old and young folks.

Kelly Simpson, who is attending school at Marion, came out on the mail back Friday and returned Sunday.

M. V. Joyce died at his home on January 28. He leaves a wife and several children to mourn his loss. The remains were buried January 29 at this place. He was a good citizen of this county, and was liked and respected by all who knew him. Sympathies are tendered the bereaved family.

FREDONIA.

Miss Leaffa Wilborn was in Marion Sunday, returning to Fredonia Monday. Her school closed here last Friday.

Born, to the wife of George Reid, last week, a fine large boy.

Born, to the wife of Sam Howerton, February 2, a fine-looking ten-pound boy. You just ought to see the broad smile Sam is wearing.

An infant of Mrs. John Akridge died last week.

J. T. Dalton and William McDaniel of Good Spring, were in town Monday.

Matt Rodgers thinks he has a gold mine on his farm, two or three miles from town.

Winter goods of all sorts must go at once, to make room for spring goods. If you want special bargains, it will pay you to call on C. B. Loyd.

Best assortment of Ladies' Dress Goods and Gents' Furnishing Goods ever in the town, and at prices that you cannot find elsewhere. C. B. Loyd.

Don't forget we have our new embroideries, yokings, etc. Sam Howerton.

A big stock of clothing coming in next week. Sam Howerton.

All pure wool men's black worsted suits \$6.75. Sam Howerton.

Forest Oliver, of Crittenden, was in town Monday.

Buckner Young will build a dwelling house on his farm in the near future.

A colored boy was arrested here Monday accused of breaking into the post-office at Crider last week.

SHERIDAN.

Mr. Bobouts has moved into his new residence at this place.

The young ladies of this community have our heart-felt sympathy in that the "best catch" in the neighborhood has left us, and we fear that the separation will be final, as it is rumored that he will shortly embark on the matrimonial seas, not with one of our own girls, but with a stranger.

Will Robinson has moved to the W. T. Flanary farm.

Born, to the wife of Linford Love, January 20, a girl.

Henry Lynn has moved to the Dellar Flanary farm.

A number of our people went to Marion Saturday and had anything but a dry time.

The flabby condition of some of our purses, or some equally disastrous cause, has produced a lull in enjoyable pound suppers and like society events.

Some people think they see a great deal of trouble. One of our popular young gentlemen says he "don't stand in with the girls any too well, no how." Another thinks he is pretty nearly on an equal with Job in most respects. Guess some fellow is about to beat him over the way. I hope the dear boys will be

able to surmount the great difficulties that are weighing them down. Fred Brown climbs the path.

IRON HILL.

Grip is a household word in our neighborhood.

Mrs. N. J. Kemp, who has been sick for the past week, is recovering.

John Thompson has purchased a violin and is taking music lessons under Nat Sutton.

Tom York has moved to Jim McConnell's farm.

George Roberts and wife are suffering with grip.

Noely Thompson is expecting to move to Albert Easte's farm.

Mrs. Wm Stewart and Phil Deboe were at Iron Hill Friday shopping.

Joe Dean is able to resume his duties as merchant and postmaster.

Burning and sowing plant beds is the order of the day.

Farmers here are anticipating a large crop of tobacco.

Bob Travis of Tribune spent last Sunday in this vicinity. Come again, Bob you are welcome.

DYCUSBURG.

M. B. Charles went to Nashville last week and returned Sunday.

J. H. Clifton went to Paducah Sunday.

O. Cruce and wife of the Cumberland valley were visiting friends here Sunday.

E. J. Brown has sold out his stock of goods and gone into the livery stable business. It will be the first one ever byre.

The spring school opened Monday morning by Miss Helen Boyd.

Clarence Brasher of Mo. was in town Sunday.

M. J. Bennett, was in town last Friday.

George Dority of Clarksville, was in town Sunday.

VIEW.

Quite a number of the citizens of our little town have the measles and gripple.

Mr. Goodlet Shreeves, from Tennessee passed through here on his way to visit a son, who is seriously ill at the home of Mr. McWhirter, in Livingstone county.

C. W. Fox is building new rooms to his dwelling. He also improved his tenant houses this winter.

Brown McWhirter, of Livingstone county, was over last Sunday. He says he still likes Crittenden county and loves to cross the line any time.

Pants \$4, suits \$14. Made to order at Fohs'.

One Cold
Invariably cures any cold in 12 hours. No matter how severe nor physical. Price 25 cents.

Farm for Sale.

190 acres—125 cleared—level land in good state of cultivation. Good frame house of five rooms; good stock barn, 1 1/2 miles from Ohio river. For sale cheap and on easy terms.

Woman's Life....
is hard enough as it is. It is to her that we owe our world, and everything should be made as easy as possible for her at the time of childbirth. This is just what

MOTHER'S FRIEND
will do. It will make baby's coming easy and painless, and that without taking dangerous drugs into the system. It is simply to be applied to the muscles of the abdomen. It penetrates through the skin, carrying strength and elasticity with it. It strengthens the whole system and prevents all of the discomforts of pregnancy.

The mother of a plumb babe in Panama, Mo., says: "I have used Mother's Friend and can praise it highly."

Get Mother's Friend at the Drug Store, \$1 per bottle.

The Bradford Regulator Co., ATLANTA, GA.

Write for our free illustrated book, "Before Baby is Born."

T. Atchison Frazer,

Physician and Surgeon,

Office over Haynes' Drug Store.

'Phone 113.

MARION, KY.

GUNSMITH.

Repairing of all kinds done cheap for cash. Located at S. R. Adams' blacksmith shop.

S. E. FARMER

S. H. Ramage, Tinner,

Does all Kinds of Koofting, Guttering and Repairing.

Root Painting a Specialty.

Will be glad to do your work. Call for estimates, prices, etc.

Shop 2nd door East Masonic Building.

M. E. FOHS,

Merchant Tailor

MARION, KY.

Clothes Cleaned and Repaired.

Repairing a Specialty

Finest and Best \$1.00 a Day House in Kentucky.

New Richmond House

R. E. DRENNAN, Propr.

PADUCAH, - - KENTUCKY

L. H. JAMES O. M. JAMES

James & James

LAWYERS

MARION. - - KY.

W. J. J. Paris M. D.

PHYSICIAN

MARION, KY.

Office over Orme's Drugstore.

Telephone No. 27.

Blackwell Lodge

No. 57, K. P.

Meets every Friday night in K. P. Hall.

J. W. BLUE, C. C.

GEO. M. CRIDER, K. of R. and S.

THE BEST PAPER

Published in the United States for Democrats and for ALL readers is the

Twice-a-Week Courier-Journal

The equal of many dailies and the superior of all other semi-weeklies or weeklies. Issued Wednesday and Saturday. 104 copies a year, and you get it for only

\$1.00 A YEAR

The Wednesday issue is devoted to News Matters, the Saturday issue to Home Matters. A liberal commission to Agents. Sample copies cheerfully sent free to all who will ask for them. Write to COURIER-JOURNAL CO., Louisville, Ky.

By Special Arrangement YOU CAN GET

The Press

AND THE

Twice-a-Week Courier-Journal

BOTH ONE YEAR FOR ONLY

\$1.50.

This is for cash subscriptions only. All subscriptions under this combination offer must be sent through

THE PRESS,

MARION, KY.

FARM FOR SALE.—80 acres, 75 cleared, fair improvements; will sell very cheap. Apply to C. F. Dollar, Fredonia, or R. C. Walker, Marion.

POPULAR PUBLICATIONS—POPULAR PRICES

THE NEW-YORK WEEKLY TRIBUNE

has for nearly sixty years been recognized as the People's National Family Newspaper, for farmers and villagers. Its splendidly illustrated reports, its reliable market reports, its scientific and mechanical department, its fascinating short stories, etc., render it indispensable in every family. Regular subscription price, \$1.00 per year.

In connection with The Tribune we offer to those who desire to secure the best magazine, illustrated weeklies and agricultural journals, the following splendid inducements:

	Regular Price	With Weekly Tri- Tribune, Tri- Tribune, Tri- Tribune	With Weekly Tri- Tribune, Tri- Tribune, Tri- Tribune
North American Review, New York City.....	\$5.00	\$5.00	\$5.00
Harper's Magazine, New York City.....	4.00	4.00	4.00
Harper's Bazar, New York City.....	4.00	4.00	4.00
Harper's Weekly, New York City.....	4.00	4.00	4.00
Century Magazine, New York City.....	4.00	4.00	4.00
St. Nicholas Magazine, New York City.....	3.00	3.00	3.00
McClure's Magazine, New York City.....	3.00	3.00	3.00
Frank Leslie's Monthly, New York City.....	1.00	1.25	1.25
Munsey's Magazine, New York City.....	1.00	1.25	1.25
Success, New York City.....	1.00	1.25	1.25
Ledger Monthly, New York City.....	1.00	1.25	1.25
Puck, New York City.....	5.00	5.00	5.00
Judge, New York City.....	5.00	5.00	5.00
Leslie's Weekly, New York City.....	4.00	4.00	4.00
Review of Reviews, New York City.....	3.00	3.00	3.00
Scribner's Magazine, New York City.....	3.00	3.00	3.00
American Agriculturist, New York City.....	1.00	1.25	1.25
Rural New Yorker, New York City.....	1.00	1.25	1.25
Cosmopolitan Magazine, Irvington, N. Y.....	1.00	1.25	1.25
Country Gentleman, Albany, N. Y.....	5.00	5.00	5.00
Farm Journal, Philadelphia, Penn.....	5.00	5.00	5.00
Lippincott's Magazine, Philadelphia, Penn.....	3.00	3.00	3.00
Youth's Companion, Boston, Mass.....	1.75	2.00	2.00
Farm and Home, Springfield, Mass.....	5.00	5.00	5.00
New England Homestead, Springfield, Mass.....	1.00	1.25	1.25
Good Housekeeping, Springfield, Mass.....	1.00	1.25	1.25
Farm, Field and Fireside, Chicago, Ill.....	1.00	1.25	1.25
Orange Judd Farmer, Chicago, Ill.....	1.00	1.25	1.25
Epitome, Indianapolis, Ind.....	5.00	5.00	5.00
Ohio Farmer, Cleveland, Ohio.....	5.00	5.00	5.00
Michigan Farmer, Detroit, Mich.....	5.00	5.00	5.00
Farm and Fireside, Springfield, Ohio.....	5.00	5.00	5.00
Farm News, Springfield, Ohio.....	5.00	5.00	5.00
Home and Farm, Louisville, Ky.....	5.00	5.00	5.00
The Farmer, St. Paul, Minn.....	5.00	5.00	5.00
Tribune Almanac, 1901.....	5.00	5.00	5.00

Please send cash with order.

Those wishing to subscribe for more than one of the above publications in connection with The Tribune may remit at publishers' regular prices.

Address THE TRIBUNE, New York City.

\$1.00 a Year. 10 cents a copy.

The Criterion.

Best Illustrated Monthly Magazine of the Kind Published.

Its pages are filled by a brilliant array of writers and artists. Its authoritative and independent reviews of Books, Plays, Music and Art, its clever stories, strong special articles, humor and verse, with fine illustrations, make it a necessity in every intelligent home. The very low subscription price—\$1.00 per year—puts it within the reach of all. Reliable agents wanted in every town. Extraordinary inducements. Write for particulars.

A TRIAL SUBSCRIPTION WILL PROVE IT.

Write to day for sample copy. CRITERION PUBLICATION CO.,

Subscription Department,

41 East 21st Street, New York City.

R. J. MORRIS

Dentist,

Office over Marion Bank. MARION, KY.

DR. H. F. RAY, The Osteopath

Treats all chronic diseases Without Faith, Drugs or Knife.

Osteopathy is "THE DRUGLESS SCIENCE." Consultation free at office. Charges only \$25.00 per month. Money due when the treatment begins. Further information gladly given either in person or by mail.

H. F. RAY, D. O., MARION, KY.

R. F. DORR, FUNERAL DIRECTOR and EMBALMER.

Complete stock of Coffins, Caskets, Burial Robes and Slippers. Fine Hearse for funeral occasions. Prompt attention given all orders, day or night.

Picture Frames Made to Order. Marion, Ky.

One Cold
Stops the cough and cures the cold in 12 hours without nauseating. Price 25 cents.

FARM AND HOME

AN IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT.

We desire to call the personal and immediate attention of each and every one of our readers to the exceptional terms upon which we are prepared to offer the representative journal of Agriculture, FARM AND HOME, in connection with this paper. Everywhere throughout the country FARM AND HOME is known and recognized as a journal of the highest standard. Its sound common sense, practical teachings, terse paragraphs, originality and pluck have won for it a place at the head of the agricultural press.

To all we say, try FARM AND HOME a year, and you will never regret it. A copy of Homemade Contrivances, a most useful book, containing 650 pages and 750 illustrations, is included with each subscription.

For Sale.
One stock of general merchandise, valued at \$4,000. The store house and dwelling also for sale. Cheap for cash or will exchange for good farm. Address or call on J. M. McChesney, Kelsey, Ky.

AMERICA'S Greatest Medicine is Hood's Sarsaparilla, because it possesses unequalled curative powers and its mode of cure is GREAT.