The Crittenden Press.

VOLUME 23. MARION, CRITTENDEN COUNTY, KENTUCKY, SEPTEMBER 12, 1901. NO 14

Everything Bright, Beautiful and New!

AT

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Brilliant Display and . . . .

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LAWTON.

Life in the Western City That Sprang Up in a Night.

LAWTON, O. T., Aug. 9, 1901.

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I came overland in a wagon, (the only way to get out here, 35 miles from the main line of the Rock Island railroad), and the entire road was lined with wagons all the way.

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One man came to El Reno with his family in a cart, he pulling the cart from Kansas.

At first the town looked perfectly white to one at a distance, and was called "Ragtown," but after August 6th the lots were sold at auction (the sales just closing August 30th), and then the buildings sprung up as if by magic, and now hundreds of buildings are occupied by every kind of business, there being about ninety saloons, thirty-three drug stores, and too many grocery stores and lemonade stands to count.

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There is not much of a show for a man here unless he has some capital, for there are men here who will work for anything they can get.

Well, I shall close, as I could finish this tablet and two more telling you of this country, and then not be half through.

I am, yours from old Crittenden, HARRY GILL.

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PUBLISHED WEEKLY.

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1901 SEPTEMBER. 1901

MON.	TUES.	WED.	THUR.	FRI.	SAT.	SUN.
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CURRENT COMMENT.

Japan is the country where the cremation of corpses is practiced on the largest scale. The custom dates back about 1,200 years.

"We don't know jest where this old world will pull up," says a Georgia philosopher, "but we do know that, wherever she rolls, we're a-goin' to roll that way. So, jest slice the watermelon!"

Rev. Minot J. Savage is the latest celebrity to raise a warning voice against the folly of overwork. He declares that about half the world's effort is wasted, and that we should be better off if we should spend in dignified idleness some of the time we devote to useless labor.

Men who presume upon their position to evade the penalties of violating the law sometimes fall down. A notable instance is the arrest and fining of two of Iowa's most prominent lawyers for violating the game law. The justice rightly made the fine a steep one and the legal lights will probably stick to their desks until the open season hereafter.

The Yang-tse river, in China, is out of its banks again and its slaughter of Chinamen makes the work of the allied armies seem like a sham battle. The Yang-tse is commonly regarded with horror, as a hideous thing of destruction, but there is a question whether it does not serve a useful purpose. Things are already badly crowded in China. Maybe the Yang-tse knows what it is about.

Congressman Babcock has sent from his place of summer sojourn in Austria to an editor in his Wisconsin district a plea in defense of his bill tearing a hole in the tariff, and opening it up to patching. His first point is that he is not aiming at "trust made goods," but that we are producing certain things more cheaply than anybody else and can export them in competition with others. Therefore, they do not need protective duties.

What would otherwise be a comparatively unimportant state election will be watched with unusual interest and no little concern throughout the country because of the action of the Maryland democratic convention in making the leading issue of the party the absolute disfranchisement of the negroes. The democracy of that state has gone farther than that of even the more distinctively southern commonwealths in voicing its hostility to the black man.

The New York Tribune calls attention to the unprecedented and tremendous municipal activity in the great cities of the world. Public improvements costing hundreds of millions of dollars are under way in all of the great cities in the land. This indicates that competition is as active between municipalities as between private business corporations. Not only are they rivals in commerce, but in the work of public adornment and the provision of comforts and conveniences for the people.

On transparencies and banners carried in processions during the presidential campaign of 1860 frequently appeared the words: "Uncle Sam is Rich Enough to Give Us All a Farm," and notwithstanding the fact that he has since been giving away millions of acres annually, there are yet in his possession 1,100,000,000 acres of surveyed public lands in the country, exclusive of Alaska. Of course, much of this is inferior land, but your Uncle Samuel's good farms are not yet all given away, not by a long shot!

Editors may not be so bad as other people think. The Prison Mirror, published in the Minnesota penitentiary, says: "Why is it that from our first inception of our paper until the present time we have never had an editor sojourn in our midst? Other professions have been well represented; of preachers we had enough to furnish subsistence to an African chief for a year; doctors enough to depopulate a state; enough lawyers to start a fair sized colony in hades but no editors—not a single one."

A statement of the finances of the Pan-American exposition from official sources is printed in the Buffalo Express. From this it appears the exposition had on hand September 1, $1,400,000. Outstanding liabilities, consisting of bills due building contractors, amounting to $500,000. The daily expenses of the exposition run from $5,000 to $6,000. The attendance during August was 1,600,000, and for the full four months 4,500,000. Official estimates of receipts for September and October is $45,000 a day, or a total of $2,700,000 for two months.

M'KINLEY STILL LIVES.

The Nation's Chief Magistrate Making a Fight For Life at Milburn House, Buffalo.

THERE IS HOPE, YET THERE'S FEAR.

The Physicians Fearful That Septic Poison May Set In—The Crisis May Come Monday — Vice-President Roosevelt Arrives at Buffalo—The Assassin Lived in Cleveland, Where He Formerly Run a Saloon, and Was an Anarchist—Relatives Say He is Mentally Weak.

Milburn House, Buffalo, N. Y., Sept 7.—One of the physicians said at 12:15 that the result of the president's wound would be known within 24 hours. Within that period indications of BLOOD POISONING or PERITANITIS, he believes, will appear. If not the president's chances of recovery, he thinks, will be excellent.

Toward noon Mrs. McKinley entered the sick room. The president had asked to see her. Both bore up bravely, Mrs. McKinley displaying quite as much fortitude as the president. She seated herself beside the bed and took his hand. They said little. In each other's eyes they seemed to read what each would say. The president said quietly: "WE



MUST BEAR UP. IT WILL BE BETTER FOR BOTH." There were tears in her eyes as Mrs. McKinley bowed her head in assent. Soon afterward Dr. Rixey led her gently from the room.

The Most Hopeful Word Yet.

Milburn House, Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 7.—3:35 p. m.—The most hopeful word yet sent out from the Milburn residence was dispatched by Secretary Cortelyou in a message to Secretary Long.

"DR. RIXEY AUTHORIZED SECRETARY CORTELYOU TO OFFER MUCH ENCOURAGEMENT.

The President's Attendants.

Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 7.—Two physicians and two trained nurses are with the president constantly. All others are excluded from the sick room, as it was found that the distinguished patient could not be restrained from speaking to those who entered the room.

Quiet and absolute freedom from the least excitement are considered extremely essential.

MRS. McKINLEY DISPLAYED WONDERFUL PLUCK AND NERVE, AND IS BEARING UP BRAVELY.

WHAT THE PHYSICIANS FEAR.

Watching For the First Symptoms of Septic Poisoning.

Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 7.—The fear of the president's physicians is that septic poisoning will set in, and it is for the first symptoms of this that they are now watching. The bullet lodged in the muscles of the back, and the physicians have decided for the present it is of secondary importance. The bullet took a downward course, but neither the intestines nor the kidneys were injured. Of this the physicians are confident. If inflamation should appear in the neighborhood of the place where the bullet is believed to have lodged, the Roentgen rays will be used to locate the bullet, and the doctors do not think there will be difficulty in extracting it.

Milburn House, Buffalo, Sept. 7.—The scene of the fine old residence on Delaware avenue, where the nation's executive lay stricken perhaps unto death, was impressive in the extreme.

Far away ropes were stretched, and the police guarded every approach. Three companies of the Fourteenth infantry, from Fort Porter, patrolled the square on which Mr. Milburn's residence is located.

A large American flag was draped over the veranda on the north of the residence.

By Secretary Root's directions, shortly after noon, the telegraph instruments were removed from the stable in the rear of the residence to a vacant lot diagonally across the street, where a large tent had been erected for the accommodation of the newspaper men.

The carriages which brought the members of the cabinet and other visitors were halted at the ropes.

Outside the inclosure a pall seemed to hang over the city, notwithstanding the fact that the exposition was open. The gay decorations everywhere now seemed a mockery, and the visitors who swarmed the city's streets wandered aimlessly hither and thither with heavy hearts. Thousands of them, drawn by the magnet of their thoughts, went out to the Milburn residence, instead of to the exposition, and stood at the ropes, with bared heads, discussing, in suppressed whispers, the chances of the president's recovery. Many of them were allowed to pass the residence on the opposite side of Delaware avenue, but the curtains of the residence were drawn, and they caught no glimpse of the forms flitting about within the darkened house.

IN CONSTANT ATTENDANCE.

Surgeons and Skilled Nurses at the President's Bedside.

Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 7.—The surgeons who operated on the president are in constant attendance, with a corps of the most skilled nurses obtainable, and the sufferer is the recipient of every care which their skill and science can suggest. They have not publicly discussed the case other than to issue brief bulletins from time to time, but it is understood that they believe the president will recover, unless complications not now anticipated, come to sap his strength and vitality.

QUIET FOR THE PRESIDENT.

With Common Impulse the Public Avoids the Neighborhood.

Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 7.—With a common impulse, to spare the sufferer the annoyance that noise would inflict, the public avoids the neighborhood where the Milburn residence is located. Early in the night a small crowd gathered near the house, eager for news of the president, but the police had no trouble to keep the people at respectable distance. Saturday morning a detachment of the Fourteenth United States infantry was ordered to the house from Fort Porter. A picket line was established, in front of the residence, but the sentries found no work to do. Ropes were stretched across Delaware avenue in order to keep teams off that thoroughfare.

THE MILBURN RESIDENCE.

A Pleasant Location, and the President Has a Quiet Room.

Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 7.—The Milburn residence is a large two-and a-half story brick building, and it stands on the west side of Delaware avenue, two doors from the corner of West Ferry street. Graceful ivy climbs over the front of it, and on the large lawn which surrounds it are a number of pretty shade trees. The president lies in the rear room of the second floor. The room was chosen because it insured the greater quiet. Telegraph wires have been led to the stable in the rear of the Milburn residence, and offices opened there. The bulletins telling of the condition of the president are sent there by Dr. Rixey, and at once transmitted to the world.

THE PRISONER SLEPT.

He Went to His Bunk Early, and Was Soon Sound Asleep.

Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 7.—Leon F. Czolgosz, the man who shot the president, slept in comfort after his crime. He was locked up at No. 1 police station, and after he had been interviewed by the officers of the law, a watch of two men was placed over him. He went to his bunk early, and was soon asleep. He seemed without regret, and undisturbed by the prospect of punishment for his crime.

A Hunt for Anarchists.

The police machinery of the entire country has been set in motion to expose the plot against the life of the president, if plot there was. Detectives of this city and every other department in the country have joined hands with the great secret system of the federal government, and if ingenuity, skill and energy count, the secrets of the crime will be ferreted out.

Belief There Are Others.

Czolgosz insists that he alone planned the crime which may rob the United States of its chief executive, but that statement is not accepted as true. There is a belief that he was aided by others in a deliberate plot, and that confederates accompanied him to Buffalo and assisted in its execution. The police and secret agents are working privately, and if they have made any progress toward the establishment of the plot theory, they have not divulged the nature of it. They do insist that the prisoner locked up at police station No. 1 is not insane, and that his act was not simply the crime of a lunatic with homicidal tendency.

The Man Who Walked in Front.

There is a suspicion that one of the prisoner's confederates accompanied him to the Temple of Music, and by walking in front of him concealed the bound hand which carried the revolver. The attention of the police who were with the presidential party was directed toward a man who reached the president just before Czolgosz did. His actions were so suspicious that one of the secret service men kept his hand on his arm until after he had shaken hands with the president and passed along. A description of that man is now in the hands of the police of the entire country and he will undoubtedly be run down.

Kept in Seclusion.

Czolgosz is kept in absolute seclusion by the police, and none save the officers have seen him. He probably will be interviewed again by District Attorney Thomas Penney. There are reports of other arrests here and at other cities, but the police decline to confirm them. An additional force of secret-service men is expected here from Washington and other southern points.

Great Regret in Buffalo.

The attack upon the president has created a profound sensation and the people of Buffalo regard it with a feeling of poignant grief. It was at their invitation that the president and his party came to Buffalo, and they have a sense of personal responsibility for his safety. President Milburn and the officers of the exposition directorate feel the deepest regret.

Had Taken Precautions.

While they had no knowledge or suggestion that there would be an attempt on the life of Mr. McKinley, the subject was one of the matters considered in arranging for the visit. They discussed the matter with the police of Buffalo, and at their request several local officers were detailed to assist in guarding the person of the president. These men were on duty when the attack was made.

ROOSEVELT THERE.

ROOSEVELT ARRIVES.

Has Nothing to Say, and is Driven Rapidly to the President.

Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 7.—At 1:50 p. m. the special train bearing Vice-President Roosevelt and party arrived at the New York Central depot, and as soon as the cars came to a stand the vice-president rushed through the gate to a carriage in waiting outside.

To a press representative, who managed to reach him, he said in reply to a question as to whether he had anything to say for publication;

"I have nothing to say. Nothing to say. Nothing to say at present," and he rushed into the carriage which, with an escort of mounted policemen, at once drove to the house where the wounded president is lying. Another carriage with detectives followed immediately. The horses were driven at a swift run. The street had been cleared, and every preparation made for a speedy trip to the Milburn house.

THE PRISONER.

KNOWN IN CLEVELAND.

Leon Czolgosz Kept a Saloon in Cleveland, O.

Cleveland, O., Sept. 7.—Leon Czolgosz, the man who shot President McKinley, is said to have formerly kept a saloon at the corner of Third avenue and Tod street, this city. Later he was employed in one of the mills of the American Steel and Wire Co. Foreman Frank Halser, of the galvanizing department of the consolidated mill of the latter company, said:

"I know Leon Czolgosz very well. His father, I believe, lives in the vicinity of Warrensville, O., on a farm. There are five sons, I think, all residing in this city, two or three of them living on Hosmer street. Leon at one time was employed as a blacksmith in the consolidated mill. Later he kept a saloon at the corner of Third avenue and Tod street. Later he sold out the saloon and lived on the farm with his father.

"I know Leon is, or was, an anarchist. He attended socialist and anarchist meetings very frequently. He is a man of rather small stature, about 26 years of age. The last time I saw him he had a light brown mustache.

The Assassin's Family.

Later information concerning the identity of Czolgosz, the would-be assassin, develops that he is the son of Paul Czolgosz, who, it is said, now lives at 306 Fleet street, this city. Other members of the family are John, who lives at home with his father and stepmother; Mike, a soldier now serving in the Philippines; Vladiolan, who is on his father's farm, located on the Chagrin Falls suburban line, and Jacob, of Marcelline avenue.

The family is Polish and are evidently very poor, the father having left home Saturday morning looking for employment. The stepmother can not speak English, but gave out the following interview through the medium of an interpreter:

Stepmother Interviewed.

"Leon left home about sixty days ago. We heard from his a few weeks ago. He was then in Indiana, and wrote to us that he was going away, stating that in all probability we would not see him again."

The stepmother failed to recollect the name of the city from which the letter was received, but states that it was from some place in Indiana. The family had not heard from him since. The stepmother denies that Leon was a disciple of Emma Goldman, or in any way interested in her doctrines. She said he was not interested in such matters, and scarcely intelligent enough to understand them. THEY HAD ALWAYS CONSIDERED THE BOY PARTIALLY DEMENTED. Up to three years ago he had worked at the Cleveland rolling mill, but had to quit on account of poor health. Since that time he has been idle. While living on the farm, near Warrensville, his father had not asked Leon to work, having always considered him too weak for manual labor. Regarding the shooting of the president, Mrs. Czolgosz said:

"He Was Such a Timid Boy."

"I can't believe that Leon is the one. HE WAS SUCH A TIMID BOY, so afraid of everything. Why, he was the biggest coward you ever saw in your life.

She also emphatically disclaims that the boy ever displayed any anarchistic tendencies whatever. He was an admirer of his brother, the Philippine soldier, and liked his country, never showing the least sign of discontent."

Mrs. Czolgosz is an intelligent-looking woman, but failed to show any decided emotion when confronted with the account of Leon's horrible crime. The home is neat and cleanly, but plain.

Paul Czolgosz, the father, moved into Cleveland two weeks ago to secure employment. He has not yet hear of his son's crime. Two uncles also live in Cleveland, one of them residing at 12 Hosmer street.

"I DID! I DID!"

"It Was My Plan! It Was My Crime!" Said the Prisoner.

Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 7.—Walter Nowak, a New York cigarmaker, formerly of Cleveland, was taken into the room where Czolgosz was being examined. After glancing at the prisoner he said he knew him in Cleveland two years ago. He said that Czolgosz was without sufficient intelligence to organize such a crime as the prisoner had been guilty of.

Nowak said, after coming from the room where the conference was held, that Czolgosz advanced toward him with extended hand.

Nowak looked at the prisoner disdainfully, and refused to accept the proffered hand, saying: "SCOUNDREL, WHY DID YOU COMMIT THIS TERRIBLE CRIME? WHO ORIGINATED THIS DEVLISH PLOT? IT WAS NOT YOU."

"I DID!" REPLIED CZOLGOSZ. "I DID! I ORIGINATED THE PLAN! IT WAS MY PLAN! IT WAS MY CRIME!"

NEW YORK'S CRIMINAL CODE.

Under It a Prisoner is Entitled to a Speedy Hearing.

Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 7.—Under the code of criminal procedure a prisoner has the right to a speedy hearing before a magistrate. Whether this right will be given Crolgosz is a matter of speculation. A reporter asked Chief of Detectives Cusack when Czolgosz would be brought into the police court.

"I don't know," said Mr. Cusack. "The matter rests with District Attorney Penny. His wishes will be obeyed by us. I don't know when he will be taken into court. It may be that we shall wait to see how the president's injuries are.

"It has not been determined whether Czolgosz will be kept at police headquarters or taken to jail, but in all probability he will be kept at police headquarters, and closely guarded until he has a preliminary hearing in the police court."

"As far as I know at present, the assassin of the president will have to be tried under the same conditions as those of an ordinary citizen," said District Attorney Penney to-day. "I do not see how the case can be made a United States offense. I think that it comes under the jurisdiction of Erie county courts. The charge will be determined when the result of the president's wounds are beyond a doubt. It will be murder if the president dies, or assault with intent to kill if he lives."

PRAYING FOR HIM.

THE ECUMENICAL CONFERENCE.

Resolution of Sympathy and Silent Prayer for Recovery.

London, Sept. 7.—The Ecumenical Methodist conference gave up the first hour of its Saturday's session to prayers for, eulogies of and resolutions respecting President McKinley. It happened that the bishops and ministers of the colored Methodist branches were in charge of the opening service, Bishop Arnett, of Ohio, presiding. Rev. P. A. Hubbard, D. D., of Washington, offered prayer for the president and his wife, and Bishop Arnett delivered an address in which he spoke of the high qualities of the president as a statesman, Christian and gentleman.

Rev. Dr. W. T. Davison, of the British Wesleyan Methodists, president of the conference, moved:

* * * * * * * * * * *
* "That this conference expresses *
* its intense indignation at the das- *
* tardly attempt made upon the *
* president of the United States, *
* and its profound sympathy with *
* the nation in its deep anxiety *
* over the deed, and directs that a *
* message of respectful sympathy *
* be sent at once to Mrs. McKinley." *
* * * * * * * * * * *

This was amended to send one also to President McKinley.

Dr. Frank M. Bristol, of Washington, President McKinley's pastor, whose emotion made speech difficult, alluded to his personal relations with Mr. and Mrs. McKinley.

After a special silent prayer for the recovery of the president, hte resolution was adopted by a standing vote, many of those present weeping.

IN THE SYNAGOGUES.

Jews Offer Prayers For the Speedy Recovery of the President.

New York, Sept. 7.—In all the Jewish synagogues prayers were offered for the speedy recovery of President McKinley.

In many instances the rabbi mentioned the catastrophe, in his address and dwelt on the life of the president.

Will Pray in Maryland.

Baltimore, Sept. 7.—Gov. John Walter Smith has issued a proclamation naming Tuesday of next week as a day for general prayers for the recovery of the president.

Day of Prayer in Illinois.

Springfield, Ill., Sept. 7.—Acting Gov. Northcott has issued the following proclamation:

I, W. A. Northcott, acting governor of the state of Illinois, do hereby appoint and set apart Sunday, September 8, 1901, as a day of prayer for the recovery of William McKinley, president of the United States. I sincerely request all our people to gather sometime during this day at their usual places of worship, and join in prayer services for the recovery of our beloved president.

IN EUROPE.

IN ENGLAND.

Telegrams of Condolence and Words of Sympathy.

London, Sept. 7.—The United States embassy has received many telegrams and telephone messages from distinguished persons inquiring for news and expressing anxiety and regret at the attempt of the would-be assassin.

Lord Pauncefote, the British ambassador to the United States, accompanied by his daughter, was one of the earliest callers at the United States embassy. He expressed the greatest sympathy and anxiety regarding President McKinley's condition. The other callers at the embassy included practically all the leading Americans in London.

The telegrams of sympathy and inquiry received at the embassy from all parts of Great Britain include those from the lord mayors of Liverpool and Birmingham.

"ENGLAND PRAYS FOR M'KINLEY," is printed in great black type across the front page of the Evening Star, and all the journals express the hope of the English people that the president will recover.

The Sun says: "THE ABHORRENT CRIME WAS COMMITTED FOR MERE WANTONNESS."

The Evening News says: "THAT HE MAY BE SPARED IS THE PRAYER OF EVERY ENGLISHMAN THROUGHOUT THE EMPIRE," and the paper mentions the curious resemblance in the circumstances surrounding the crime in Buffalo and those of the murder of President Carnot, whose assassin climbed to his victim's carriage for the ostensible purpose of shaking hands.

The Echo eulogizes the personal traits of President McKinley as those on who Englishmen can dwell with unaffected appreciation.

Germany.

Berlin, Sept. 7.—Baron Von Richthofen, the secretary for foreign affairs called at the United States embassy to express his condolence.

The following was sent Mrs. McKinley:

The emperor and I, horrified at the attempt planned against your husband, express our deepfelt sympathy, hoping that God may restore to health Mr. McKinley.
WILLIAM I. R.
VICTORIA I. R.

France.

Paris, Sept. 7.—The French official world was much affected by the news of the attempted to assassinate President McKinley.

The president of France to President McKinley:

With keen affliction I learn the news of the heinous attempt of which your excellency has just been a victim. I take it to heart to join with the people of the United States in wishing the early recovery of your excellency, and I earnestly desire in this sorrowful juncture to renew to you the assurance of my sentiments of constant and cordial friendship.

OTHER COUNTRIES.

Mexico and Other Countries.

From the Mexican ambassador to the United States:

To the Secretary of State:
Buffalo, Sept. 6, 1901.—The Mexican ambassador expresses to the government of the United States his deep regrets for the atrocious attempt against the life of his excellency, President McKinley. The diplomatic representatives of Ecuador, Costa Rica, Spain, Japan, Peru, Colombia, Korea, Turkey, Russia, Venezuela, Brazil and China, at present in this city, have requested the ambassador to express in their names the same sentiment.
M. DeAZPIROZ.

From New South Wales.

From the lieutenant-governor of New South Wales:

Sydney, Sept. 7, 1901.—The government and people of New South Wales join with me in expressing our deep sympathy with you in your sufferings and our sorrow at the crime which has been committed. We pray that the Almighty in His infinite goodness may spare you to your people.

From Guatemala.

From the president of Guatemala to Mrs. McKinley:

My government and I most heartfully lament the unhappy event. Be pleased to receive our profound sorrow.

FROM PHILIPPINES.

TAFT AND CHAFFEE.

They Send Works of Sympathy From the Philippines.

Washington, Sept. 7.—The following cablegrams were received at the war department from Gov. Taft and Gen. Chaffee:

Manila, Sept. 7.—Secretary of War, Washington—Greatly shocked by the report that president has been shot. Anxiously await exact information.
TAFT.

Manila, Sept. 7.—Adjutant-General War Department, Washington—Sympathy and solicitude for president from army of the Philippines.
CHAFFEE.

SENATOR WELLINGTON.

The Maryland Senator Expresses Himself in an Interview—Is Indifferent.

Baltimore, Md., Sept. 7.—A morning paper here publishes an interview with United States Senator George L. Wellington, given in Cumberland, upon the reception of the news of the attempt on the life of President McKinley, in which Senator Wellington is quoted as saying: "McKinley and I are enemies. I have nothing good to say about him, and under the circumstances do not care to say anything bad. I am indifferent to the whole matter."

Tobacco worms are [illegible] section.

James King is in poor health.

cure for Kidney and Urinary Troubles. For sale by H. K. Woods & Co.

Cleveland Saturday [illegible] with the prospect.

T. J. VANDELL, Cashier.

THE CRITTENDEN PRESS

PUBLISHED WEEKLY.

MARION, : : : : KENTUCKY.

1901 SEPTEMBER. 1901

SUN.	MON.	TUES.	WED.	THUR.	FRI.	SAT.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30	....	....	....	....	....
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CURRENT COMMENT.

Japan is the country where the cremation of corpses is practiced on the largest scale. The custom dates back about 1,200 years.

"We don't know jest where this old world will pull up," says a Georgia philosopher, "but we do know that, wherever she rolls, we're a-goin' to roll that way. So, jest slice the watermelon!"

Rev. Minot J. Savage is the latest celebrity to raise a warning voice against the folly of overwork. He declares that about half the world's effort is wasted, and that we should be better off if we should spend in dignified idleness some of the time we devote to useless labor.

Men who presume upon their position to evade the penalties of violating the law sometimes fall down. A notable instance is the arrest and fining of two of Iowa's most prominent lawyers for violatng the game law. The justice rightly made the fine a steep one and the legal lights will probably stick to their desks until the open season hereafter.

The Yang-tse river, in China, is out of its banks again and its slaughter of Chinamen makes the work of the allied armies seem like a sham battle. The Yang-tse is commonly regarded with horror, as a hideous thing of destruction, but there is a question whether it does not serve a useful purpose. Things are already badly crowded in China. Maybe the Yang-tse knows what it is about.

Congressman Babcock has sent from his place of summer sojourn in Austria to an editor in his Wisconsin district a plea in defense of his bill tearing a hole in the tariff, and opening it up to patching. His first point is that he is not aiming at "trust made goods," but that we are producing certain things more cheaply than anybody else and can export them in competition with others. Therefore, they do not need protective duties.

What would otherwise be a comparatively unimportant state election will be watched with unusual interest and no little concern throughout the country because of the action of the Maryland democratic convention in making the leading issue of the party the absolute disfranchisement of the negroes. The democracy of that state has gone farther than that of even the more distinctively southern commonwealths in voicing its hostility to the black man.

The New York Tribune calls attention to the unprecedented and tremendous municipal activity in the great cities of the world. Public improvements costing hundreds of millions of dollars are under way in all of the great cities in the land. This indicates that competition is as active between municipalities as between private business corporations. Not only are they rivals in commerce, but in the work of public adornment and the provision of comforts and conveniences for the people.

On transparencies and banners carried in processions during the presidential campaign of 1860 frequently appeared the words: "Uncle Sam is Rich Enough to Give Us All a Farm," and notwithstanding the fact that he has since been giving away millions of acres annually, there are yet in his possession 1,100,000,000 acres of surveyed public lands in the country, exclusive of Alaska. Of course, much of this is inferior land, but your Uncle Samuel's good farms are not yet all given away, not by a long shot!

Editors may not be so bad as other people think. The Prison Mirror, published in the Minnesota penitentiary, says: "Why is it that from our first inception of our paper until the present time we have never had an editor sojourn in our midst? Other professions have been well represented; of preachers we had enough to furnish subsistence to an African chief for a year; doctors enough to depopulate a state; enough lawyers to start a fair sized colony in hades but no editors—not a single one."

A statement of the finances of the Pan-American exposition from official sources is printed in the Buffalo Express. From this it appears the exposition had on hand September 1, $1,400,000. Outstanding liabilities, consisting of bills due building contractors, amounting to $500,000. The daily expenses of the exposition run from $5,000 to $6,000. The attendance during August was 1,600,000, and for the full four months 4,500,000. Official estimates of receipts for September and October is $45,000 a day, or a total of $2,700,000 for two months.

M'KINLEY STILL LIVES.

The Nation's Chief Magistrate Making a Fight For Life at Milburn House, Buffalo.

THERE IS HOPE, YET THERE'S FEAR.

The Physicians Fearful That Septic Poison May Set In—The Crisis May Come Monday — Vice-President Roosevelt Arrives at Buffalo—The Assassin Lived in Cleveland, Where He Formerly Run a Saloon, and Was an Anarchist—Relatives Say He is Mentally Weak.

Milburn House, Buffalo, N. Y., Sept 7.—One of the physicians said at 12:15 that the result of the president's wound would be known within 24 hours. Within that period indications of BLOOD POISONING or PERITANITIS, he believes, will appear. If not, the president's chances of recovery, he thinks, will be excellent.

Toward noon Mrs. McKinley entered the sick room. The president had asked to see her. Both bore up bravely, Mrs. McKinley displaying quite as much fortitude as the president. She seated herself beside the bed and took his hand. They said little. In each other's eyes they seemed to read what each would say. The president said quietly: "WE



MUST BEAR UP. IT WILL BE BETTER FOR BOTH." There were tears in her eyes as Mrs. McKinley bowed her head in assent. Soon afterward Dr. Rixey led her gently from the room.

The Most Hopeful Word Yet.

Milburn House, Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 7.—3:35 p. m.—The most hopeful word yet sent out from the Milburn residence was dispatched by Secretary Cortelyou in a message to Secretary Long.

"DR. RIXEY AUTHORIZED SECRETARY CORTELYOU TO OFFER MUCH ENCOURAGEMENT.

The President's Attendants.

Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 7.—Two physicians and two trained nurses are with the president constantly. All others are excluded from the sick room, as it was found that the distinguished paitent could not be restrained from speaking to those who entered the room.

Quiet and absolute freedom from the least excitement are considered extremely essential.

MRS. McKINLEY DISPLAYED WONDERFUL PLUCK AND NERVE, AND IS BEARING UP BRAVELY.

WHAT THE PHYSICIANS FEAR.

Watching For the First Symptoms of Septic Poisoning.

Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 7.—The fear of the president's physicians is that septic poisoning will set in, and it is for the first symptoms of this that they are now watching. The bullet lodged in the muscles of the back, and the physicians have decided for the present it is of secondary importance. The bullet took a downward course, but neither the intestines nor the kidneys were injured. Of this the physicians are confident. If inflamation should appear in the neighborhood of the place where the bullet is believed to have lodged, the Roentgen rays will be used to locate the bullet, and the doctors do not think there will be difficulty in extracting it.

Milburn House, Buffalo, Sept. 7.—The scene of the fine old residence on Delaware avenue, where the nation's executive lay stricken perhaps unto death, was impressive in the extreme.

Far away ropes were stretched, and the police guarded every approach. Three companies of the Fourteenth Infantry, from Fort Porter, patrolled the square on which Mr. Milburn's residence is located.

A large American flag was draped over the veranda on the north of the residence.

By Secretary Root's directions, shortly after noon, the telegraph instruments were removed from the stable in the rear of the residence to a vacant lot diagonally across the street, where a large tent had been erected for the accommodation of the newspaper men.

The carriages which brought the members of the cabinet and other visitors were halted at the ropes.

Outside the inclosure a pall seemed to hang over the city, notwithstanding the fact that the exposition was open. The gay decorations everywhere now seemed a mockery, and the visitors who swarmed the city's streets wandered aimlessly hither and thither with heavy hearts. Thousands of them, drawn by the magnet of their thoughts, went out to the Milburn residence, instead of to the exposition, and stood at the ropes, with bared heads, discussing, in suppressed whispers, the chances of the president's recovery. Many of them were allowed to pass the residence on the opposite side of Delaware avenue, but the curtains of the residence were drawn, and they caught no glimpse of the forms flitting about within the darkened house.

IN CONSTANT ATTENDANCE.

Surgeons and Skilled Nurses at the President's Bedside.

Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 7.—The surgeons who operated on the president are in constant attendance, with a corps of the most skilled nurses obtainable, and the sufferer is the recipient of every care which their skill and science can suggest. They have not publicly discussed the case other than to issue brief bulletins from time to time, but it is understood that they believe the president will recover, unless complications not now anticipated, come to sap his strength and vitality.

QUIET FOR THE PRESIDENT.

With Common Impulse the Public Avoids the Neighborhood.

Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 7.—With a common impulse, to spare the sufferer the annoyance that noise would inflict, the public avoids the neighborhood where the Milburn residence is located. Early in the night a small crowd gathered near the house, eager for news of the president, but the police had no trouble to keep the people at respectable distance. Saturday morning a detachment of the Fourteenth United States infantry was ordered to the house from Fort Porter. A picket line was established, in front of the residence, but the sentries found no work to do. Ropes were stretched across Delaware avenue in order to keep teams off that thoroughfare.

THE MILBURN RESIDENCE.

A Pleasant Location, and the President Has a Quiet Room.

Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 7.—The Milburn residence is a large two-and a-half story brick building, and it stands on the west side of Delaware avenue, two doors from the corner of West Ferry street. Graceful ivy climbs over the front of it, and on the large lawn which surrounds it are a number of pretty shade trees. The president lies in the rear room of the second floor. The room was chosen because it insured the greater quiet. Telegraph wires have been led to the stable in the rear of the Milburn residence, and offices opened there. The bulletins telling of the condition of the president are sent there by Dr. Rixey, and at once transmitted to the world.

THE PRISONER SLEPT.

He Went to His Bunk Early, and Was Soon Sound Asleep.

Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 7.—Leon F. Czolgosz, the man who shot the president, slept in comfort after his crime. He was locked up at No. 1 police station, and after he had been interviewed by the officers of the law, a watch of two men was placed over him. He went to his bunk early, and was soon asleep. He seemed without regret, and undisturbed by the prospect of punishment for his crime.

A Hunt for Anarchists.

The police machinery of the entire country has been set in motion to expose the plot against the life of the president, if plot there was. Detectives of this city and every other department in the country have joined hands with the great secret system of the federal government, and if ingenuity, skill and energy count, the secrets of the crime will be ferreted out.

Belief There Are Others.

Czolgosz insists that he alone planned the crime which may rob the United States of its chief executive, but that statement is not accepted as true. There is a belief that he was aided by others in a deliberate plot, and that confederates accompanied him to Buffalo and assisted in its execution. The police and secret agents are working privately, and if they have made any progress toward the establishment of the plot theory, they have not divulged the nature of it. They do insist that the prisoner locked up at police station No. 1 is not insane, and that his act was not simply the crime of a lunatic with homicidal tendency.

The Man Who Walked in Front.

There is a suspicion that one of the prisoner's confederates accompanied him to the Temple of Music, and by walking in front of him concealed the bound hand which carried the revolver. The attention of the police who were with the presidential party was directed toward a man who reached the president just before Czolgosz did. His actions were so suspicious that one of the secret service men kept his hand on his arm until after he had shaken hands with the president and passed along. A description of that man is now in the hands of the police of the entire country and he will undoubtedly be run down.

Kept in Seclusion.

Czolgosz is kept in absolute seclusion by the police, and none save the officers have seen him. He probably will be interviewed again by District Attorney Thomas Penney. There are reports of other arrests here and at other cities, but the police decline to confirm them. An additional force of secret-service men is expected here from Washington and other southern points.

Great Regret in Buffalo.

The attack upon the president has created a profound sensation and the people of Buffalo regard it with a feeling of poignant grief. It was at their invitation that the president and his party came to Buffalo, and they have a sense of personal responsibility for his safety. President Milburn and the officers of the exposition directorate feel the deepest regret.

Had Taken Precautions.

While they had no knowledge or suggestion that there would be an attempt on the life of Mr. McKinley, the subject was one of the matters considered in arranging for the visit. They discussed the matter with the police of Buffalo, and at their request several local officers were detailed to assist in guarding the person of the president. These men were on duty when the attack was made.

ROOSEVELT THERE.

ROOSEVELT ARRIVES.

Has Nothing to Say, and is Driven Rapidly to the President.

Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 7.—At 1:50 p. m. the special train bearing Vice-President Roosevelt and party arrived at the New York Central depot, and as soon as the cars came to a stand the vice-president rushed through the gate to a carriage in waiting outside.

To a press representative, who managed to reach him, he said in reply to a question as to whether he had anything to say for publication;

"I have nothing to say. Nothing to say. Nothing to say at present," and he rushed into the carriage which, with an escort of mounted policemen, at once drove to the house where the wounded president is lying. Another carriage with detectives followed immediately. The horses were driven at a swift run. The street had been cleared, and every preparation made for a speedy trip to the Milburn house.

THE PRISONER.

KNOWN IN CLEVELAND.

Leon Czolgosz Kept a Saloon in Cleveland, O.

Cleveland, O., Sept. 7.—Leon Czolgosz, the man who shot President McKinley, is said to have formerly kept a saloon at the corner of Third avenue and Tod street, this city. Later he was employed in one of the mills of the American Steel and Wire Co. Foreman Frank Halser, of the galvanizing department of the consolidated mill of the latter company, said:

"I know Leon Czolgosz very well. His father, I believe, lives in the vicinity of Warrensville, O., on a farm. There are five sons, I think, all residing in this city, two or three of them living on Hosmer street. Leon at one time was employed as a blacksmith in the consolidated mill. Later he kept a saloon at the corner of Third avenue and Tod street. Later he sold out the saloon and lived on the farm with his father.

"I know Leon is, or was, an anarchist. He attended socialist and anarchist meetings very frequently. He is a man of rather small stature, about 26 years of age. The last time I saw him he had a light brown mustache.

The Assassin's Family.

Later information concerning the identity of Czolgosz, the would-be assassin, develops that he is the son of Paul Czolgosz, who, it is said, now lives at 306 Fleet street, this city. Other members of the family are John, who lives at home with his father and stepmother; Mike, a soldier now serving in the Philippines; Vladiolan, who is on his father's farm, located on the Chagrin Falls suburban line, and Jacob, of Marcelline avenue.

The family is Polish and are evidently very poor, the father having left home Saturday morning looking for employment. The stepmother can not speak English, but gave out the following interview through the medium of an interpreter:

Stepmother Interviewed.

"Leon left home about sixty days ago. We heard from his a few weeks ago. He was then in Indiana, and wrote to us that he was going away, stating that in all probability we would not see him again."

The stepmother failed to recollect the name of the city from which the letter was received, but states that it was from some place in Indiana. The family had not heard from him since. The stepmother denies that Leon was a disciple of Emma Goldman, or in any way interested in her doctrines. She said he was not interested in such matters, and scarcely intelligent enough to understand them. THEY HAD ALWAYS CONSIDERED THE BOY PARTIALLY DEMENTED. Up to three years ago he had worked at the Cleveland rolling mill, but had to quit on account of poor health. Since that time he has been idle. While living on the farm, near Warrensville, his father had not asked Leon to work, having always considered him too weak for manual labor. Regarding the shooting of the president, Mrs. Czolgosz said:

"He Was Such a Timid Boy."

"I can't believe that Leon is the one. HE WAS SUCH A TIMID BOY, so afraid of everything. Why, he was the biggest coward you ever saw in your life.

She also emphatically disclaims that the boy ever displayed any anarchistic tendencies whatever. He was an admirer of his brother, the Philippine soldier, and liked his country, never showing the least sign of discontent."

Mrs. Czolgosz is an intelligent-looking woman, but failed to show any decided emotion when confronted with the account of Leon's horrible crime. The home is neat and cleanly, but plain.

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"It Was My Plan! It Was My Crime!" Said the Prisoner.

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Nowak said, after coming from the room where the conference was held, that Czolgosz advanced toward him with extended hand.

Nowak looked at the prisoner disdainfully, and refused to accept the proffered hand, saying: "SCOUNDREL, WHY DID YOU COMMIT THIS TERRIBLE CRIME? WHO ORIGINATED THIS DEVLISH PLOT? IT WAS NOT YOU."

"I DID!" REPLIED CZOLGOSZ. "I DID! I ORIGINATED THE PLAN! IT WAS MY PLAN! IT WAS MY CRIME!"

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"As far as I know at present, the assassin of the president will have to be tried under the same conditions as those of an ordinary citizen," said District Attorney Penney to-day. "I do not see how the case can be made a United States offense. I think that it comes under the jurisdiction of Erie county courts. The charge will be determined when the result of the president's wounds are beyond a doubt. It will be murder if the president dies, or assault with intent to kill if he lives."

PRAYING FOR HIM.

THE ECUMENICAL CONFERENCE.

Resolution of Sympathy and Silent Prayer for Recovery.

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Dr. Frank M. Bristol, of Washington, President McKinley's pastor, whose emotion made speech difficult, alluded to his personal relations with Mr. and Mrs. McKinley.

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IN THE SYNAGOGUES.

Jews Offer Prayers For the Speedy Recovery of the President.

New York, Sept. 7.—In all the Jewishsynagogues prayers were offered for the speedy recovery of President McKinley.

In many instances the rabbi mentioned the catastrophe, in his address and dwelt on the life of the president.

Will Pray in Maryland.

Baltimore, Sept. 7.—Gov. John Walter Smith has issued a proclamation naming Tuesday of next week as a day for general prayers for the recovery of the president.

Day of Prayer in Illinois.

Springfield, Ill., Sept. 7.—Acting Gov. Northcott has issued the following proclamation:

I, W. A. Northcott, acting governor of the state of Illinois, do hereby appoint and set apart Sunday, September 8, 1901, as a day of prayer for the recovery of William McKinley, president of the United States. I sincerely request all our people to gather sometime during this day at their usual places of worship, and join in prayer services for the recovery of our beloved president.

IN EUROPE.

IN ENGLAND.

Telegrams of Condolence and Words of Sympathy.

London, Sept. 7.—The United States embassy has received many telegrams and telephone messages from distinguished persons inquiring for news and expressing anxiety and regret at the attempt of the would-be assassin.

Lord Pauncefote, the British ambassador to the United States, accompanied by his daughter, was one of the earliest callers at the United States embassy. He expressed the greatest sympathy and anxiety regarding President McKinley's condition. The other callers at the embassy included practically all the leading Americans in London.

The telegrams of sympathy and inquiry received at the embasy from all parts of Great Britain include those from the lord mayors of Liverpool and Birmingham.

"ENGLAND PRAYS FOR M'KINLEY," is printed in great black type across the front page of the Evening Star, and all the journals express the hope of the English people that the president will recover.

The Sun says: "THE ABHORRENT CRIME WAS COMMITTED FOR MERE WANTONNESS."

The Evening News says: "THAT HE MAY BE SPARED IS THE PRAYER OF EVERY ENGLISHMAN THROUGHOUT THE EMPIRE," and the paper mentions the curious resemblance in the circumstances surrounding the crime in Buffalo and those of the murder of President Carnot, whose assassin climbed to his victim's carriage for the ostensible purpose of shaking hands.

The Echo eulogizes the personal traits of President McKinley as those on who Englishmen can dwell with unaffected appreciation.

Germany.

Berlin, Sept. 7.—Baron Von Richthofen, the secretary for foreign affairs called at the United States embassy to express his condolence.

The following was sent Mrs. McKinley:

The emperor and I, horrified at the attempt planned against your husband, express our deepfelt sympathy, hoping that God may restore to health Mr. McKinley.

WILLIAM I. R.
VICTORIA I. R.

France.

Paris, Sept. 7.—The French official world was much affected by the news of the attempted to assassinate President McKinley.

The president of France to President McKinley:

With keen affliction I learn the news of the heinous attempt of which your excellency has just been a victim. I take it to heart to join with the people of the United States in wishing the early recovery of your excellency, and I earnestly desire in this sorrowful juncture to renew to you the assurance of my sentiments of constant and cordial friendship.

OTHER COUNTRIES.

Mexico and Other Countries.

From the Mexican ambassador to the United States:

To the Secretary of State:

Buffalo, Sept. 6, 1901.—The Mexican ambassador expresses to the government of the United States his deep regrets for the atrocious attempt against the life of his excellency, President McKinley. The diplomatic representatives of Ecuador, Costa Rica, Spain, Japan, Peru, Colombia, Korea, Turkey, Russia, Venuela, Brazil and China, at present in this city, have requested the ambassador to express in their names the same sentiment.

M. DeAZPIROZ.

From New South Wales.

From the lieutenant-governor of New South Wales:

Sydney, Sept. 7, 1901.—The government and people of New South Wales join with me in expressing our deep sympathy with you in your sufferings and our sorrow at the crime which has been committed. We pray that the Almighty in His infinite goodness may spare you to your people.

From Guatemala.

From the president of Guatemala to Mrs. McKinley:

My government and I most heartfully lament the unhappy event. Be pleased to receive our profound sorrow.

FROM PHILIPPINES.

TAFT AND CHAFFEE.

They Send Works of Sympathy From the Philippines.

Washington, Sept. 7.—The following cablegrams were received at the war department from Gov. Taft and Gen. Chaffee:

Manila, Sept. 7.—Secretary of War, Washington—Greatly shocked by the report that president has been shot. Anxiously await exact information.

TAFT.

Manila, Sept. 7.—Adjutant-General War Department, Washington—Sympathy and solicitude for president from army of the Philippines.

CHAFFEE.

SENATOR WELLINGTON.

The Maryland Senator Expresses Himself in an Interview—Is Indifferent.

Baltimore, Md., Sept. 7.—A morning paper here publishes an interview with United States Senator George L. Wellington, given in Cumberland, upon the reception of the news of the attempt on the life of President McKinley, in which Senator Wellington is quoted as saying: "McKinley and I are enemies. I have nothing good to say about him, and under the circumstances do not care to say anything bad. I am indifferent to the whole matter."

Tobacco worms are plentiful in this section.

James King is in poor health.

cure for Kidney and Urinary Troubles. For sale by H. K. Woods & Co.

Cleveland Saturday and meet [illegible] with the prospect.

T. J. YANDELL, Cashier.

THE CRITTENDEN PRESS

PUBLISHED WEEKLY.

MARION, CRITTENDEN COUNTY, KENTUCKY.

1901 SEPTEMBER. 1901

SU.	MO.	TUE.	WED.	THU.	FRI.	SAT.
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CURRENT COMMENT.

Japan is the country where the cremation of corpses is practiced on the largest scale. The custom dates back about 1,200 years.

"We don't know just where this old world will pull up," says a Georgia philosopher. "But we do know that, whenever she pulls, we're a-goin' to pull that way. So, just draw the watermelon!"

Rev. Minot J. Savage is the latest celebrity to raise a warning voice against the folly of marriage. He declares that about half the world's effort is wasted, and that we should be better off if we should spend in dignified idleness some of the time we devote to useless labor.

Men who gerrymander upon their political opponents to evade the penalties of violating the law sometimes fall down. A notable instance is the arrest and fining of two of Iowa's most prominent lawyers for violating the game law. The justice rightly made the fine a steep one and the legal lights will probably stick to their desks until the open season hereafter.

The Yang-tse river, in China, is out of its banks again and its slaughter of Chinamen makes the work of the Al-Kad armies seem like a sham battle. The Yang-tse is commonly regarded with horror, as a hideous thing of destruction, but there is a question whether it does not serve a useful purpose. Things are already badly crowded in China. Maybe the Yang-tse knows what it is about.

Congressman Babcock has sent from his place of summer sojourn in Asheville to an editor in his Wisconsin district a plea in defense of his bill lowering a hole in the tariff, and opening it up to gatching. His first point is that he is not aiming at "trust made goods," but that we are producing certain things more cheaply than anybody else and can export them in competition with others. Therefore, they do not need protection duties.

What would otherwise be a comparatively unimportant state election will be watched with unusual interest and no little concern throughout the country because of the action of the Maryland democratic convention in making the leading issue of the party the absolute disfranchisement of the negroes. The democracy of that state has gone farther than that of even the more distinctively southern commonwealths in voicing its hostility to the black man.

The New York Tribune calls attention to the unprecedented and tremendous municipal activity in the great cities of the world. Public improvements costing hundreds of millions of dollars are under way in all of the great cities in the land. This indicates that competition is as active between municipalities as between private business corporations. Not only are they rivals in commerce, but in the work of public adornment and the provision of comforts and conveniences for the people.

On transparencies and banners carried in processions during the presidential campaign of 1900 frequently appeared the words: "Uncle Sam is Rich Enough to Give Us All a Farm," and notwithstanding the fact that he has since been giving away millions of acres annually, there are yet in his possession 1,100,000,000 acres of surveyed public lands in the country, exclusive of Alaska. Of course, much of this is inferior land, but your Uncle Samuel's good farms are not yet all given away, not by a long shot!

Editors may not be so bad as other people think. The Prison Mirror, published in the Minnesota penitentiary, says: "Why is it that from our first inception of our paper until the present time we have never had an editor sojourn in our midst? Other professions have been well represented; of preachers we had enough to furnish subsistence to an African chief for a year; doctors enough to depopulate a state; enough lawyers to start a fair sized colony in hades but no editors—not a single one."

A statement of the finances of the Pan-American exposition from official sources is printed in the Buffalo Express. From this it appears the exposition had on hand September 1, $1,400,000. Outstanding liabilities, consisting of bills due building contractors, amounting to $500,000. The daily expenses of the exposition run from $5,000 to $6,000. The attendance during August was 1,600,000, and for the full four months 4,500,000. Official estimates of receipts for September and October is $45,000 a day, or a total of $2,700,000 for two months.

M'KINLEY STILL LIVES.

The Nation's Chief Magistrate Making a Fight For Life at Milburn House, Buffalo.

THERE IS HOPE, YET THERE'S FEAR.

The Physicians Fearful That Septic Poison May Set In—The Crisis May Come Today — Vice-President Roosevelt Arrives at Buffalo—The Cabinet Lived in Cleveland. Where He Formerly Ran a Saloon, and Was an Associate—Relatives Say He is Socially Weak.

Milburn House, Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 7.—One of the physicians said at 10:15 that the result of the president's wound would be known within 24 hours. Within that period indications of BLOOD POISONING or PERITONITIS, he believes, will appear. If not, the president's chances of recovery he thinks, will be excellent.

Toward noon Mrs. McKinley entered the sick room. The president had asked to see her. Both bore up bravely. Mrs. McKinley displaying quite as much fortitude as the president. She seated herself beside the bed and took his hand. They said little. In each other's eyes they seemed to read what each would say. The president said quietly: "WE



MUST BEAR UP. IT WILL BE BETTER FOR BOTH." There were tears in her eyes as Mrs. McKinley bowed her head in assent. Soon afterward Dr. Rixey led her gently from the room.

The Most Hopeful Word Yet.

Milburn House, Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 7.—9:35 p. m.—The most hopeful word yet sent out from the Milburn residence was dispatched by Secretary Cortelyou in a message to Secretary Long.

"DR. RIXEY AUTHORIZED SECRETARY CORTELYOU TO OFFER MUCH ENCOURAGEMENT."

The President's Attendants.

Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 7.—Two physicians and two trained nurses are with the president constantly. All others are excluded from the sick room, as it was found that the distinguished patient could not be restrained from speaking to those who entered the room.

Quiet and absolute freedom from the least excitement are considered extremely essential.

MRS. McKINLEY DISPLAYED WONDERFUL PLUCK AND NERVE, AND IS BEARING UP BRAVELY.

WHAT THE PHYSICIANS FEAR.

Watching For the First Symptoms of Septic Poisoning.

Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 7.—The fear of the president's physicians is that septic poisoning will set in, and it is for the first symptoms of this that they are now watching. The bullet lodged in the muscles of the back, and the physicians have decided for the present it is of secondary importance. The bullet took a downward course but neither the intestines nor the kidneys were injured. Of this the physicians are confident. If inflamation should appear in the neighborhood of the place where the bullet is believed to have lodged, the Roentgen rays will be used to locate the bullet, and the doctors do not think there will be difficulty in extracting it.

Milburn House, Buffalo, Sept. 7.—The scene of the fine old residence on Delaware avenue, where the nation's executive lay stricken perhaps unto death, was impressive in the extreme.

Far away ropes were stretched, and the police guarded every approach. Three companies of the Fourteenth infantry, from Fort Porter, patrolled the square on which Mr. Milburn's residence is located.

A large American flag was draped over the veranda on the north of the residence.

By Secretary Root's directions, shortly after noon, the telegraph instruments were removed from the stable in the rear of the residence to a vacant lot diagonally across the street, where a large tent had been erected for the accommodation of the newspaper men.

The carriages which brought the members of the cabinet and other visitors were halted at the ropes.

Outside the mansion a pall seemed to hang over the city, notwithstanding the fact that the exposition was open. The gay decorations everywhere now seemed a mockery, and the visitors who haunted the city's streets wandered aimlessly hither and thither with heavy hearts. Thousands of them, drawn by the magnet of their thoughts, went out to the Milburn residence, instead of to the exposition, and stood at the ropes, with bated breath discussing in suppressed whispers the chances of the president's recovery. Many of them were allowed to pass the residence on the opposite side of Delaware avenue, but the curtains of the residence were drawn, and they caught no glimpse of the forms flitting about within the darkened house.

IN CONSTANT ATTENDANCE.

Surgeons and Skilled Nurses at the President's Bedside.

Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 7.—The surgeons who operated on the president are in constant attendance, with a corps of the most skilled nurses obtainable, and the sufferer is the recipient of every care which their skill and science can suggest. They have not publicly discussed the case other than to issue brief bulletins from time to time, but it is understood that they believe the president will recover, unless complications not now anticipated, come to sap his strength and vitality.

QUIET FOR THE PRESIDENT.

With Common Impulse the Public Avoids the Neighborhood.

Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 7.—With a common impulse, to spare the sufferer the annoyance that noise would inflict, the public avoids the neighborhood where the Milburn residence is located. Early in the night a small crowd gathered near the house, eager for news of the president, but the police had no trouble to keep the people at respectable distance. Saturday morning a detachment of the Fourteenth United States infantry was ordered to the house from Fort Porter. A picket line was established, in front of the residence, but the sentries found no work to do. Ropes were stretched across Delaware avenue in order to keep teams off that thoroughfare.

THE MILBURN RESIDENCE.

A Pleasant Location, and the President Has a Quiet Room.

Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 7.—The Milburn residence is a large two-and-a-half story brick building, and it stands on the west side of Delaware avenue, two doors from the corner of West Ferry street. Graceful ivy climbs over the front of it, and on the large lawn which surrounds it are a number of pretty shade trees. The president lies in the rear room of the second floor. The room was chosen because it ignored the greater quiet. Telegraph wires have been led to the stable in the rear of the Milburn residence, and offices opened there. The bulletins telling of the condition of the president are sent there by Dr. Rixey, and at once transmitted to the world.

THE PRISONER SLEPT.

He Went to His Bunk Early, and Was Soon Sound Asleep.

Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 7.—Leon F. Czolgosz, the man who shot the president, slept in comfort after his crime. He was locked up at No. 1 police station, and after he had been interviewed by the officers of the law, a watch of two men was placed over him. He went to his bunk early, and was soon asleep. He seemed without regret, and undisturbed by the prospect of punishment for his crime.

A Hunt for Anarchists.

The police machinery of the entire country has been set in motion to expose the plot against the life of the president, if plot there was. Detectives of this city and every other department in the country have joined hands with the great secret system of the federal government, and if ingenuity, skill and energy count, the secrets of the crime will be ferreted out.

Belief There Are Others.

Czolgosz insists that he alone planned the crime which may rob the United States of its chief executive, but that statement is not accepted as true. There is a belief that he was aided by others in a deliberate plot, and that confederates accompanied him to Buffalo and assisted in its execution. The police and secret agents are working privately, and if they have made any progress toward the establishment of the plot theory, they have not divulged the nature of it. They do insist that the prisoner locked up at police station No. 1 is not insane, and that his act was not simply the crime of a lunatic with homicidal tendency.

The Man Who Walked in Front.

There is a suspicion that one of the prisoner's confederates accompanied him to the Temple of Music, and by walking in front of him concealed the bound hand which carried the revolver. The attention of the police who were with the presidential party was directed toward a man who reached the president just before Czolgosz did. His actions were so suspicious that one of the secret service men kept his hand on his arm until after he had shaken hands with the president and passed along. A description of that man is now in the hands of the police of the entire country and he will undoubtedly be run down.

Kept in Seclusion.

Czolgosz is kept in absolute seclusion by the police, and none save the officers have seen him. He probably will be interviewed again by District attorney Thomas Penney. There are reports of other arrests here and at other cities, but the police decline to confirm them. An additional force of secret-service men is expected here from Washington and other southern points.

Great Regret in Buffalo.

The attack upon the president has created a profound sensation and the people of Buffalo regard it with a feeling of poignant grief. It was at their invitation that the president and his party came to Buffalo, and they have a sense of personal responsibility for his safety. President Milburn and the officers of the exposition directorate feel the deepest regret.

Had Taken Precautions.

While they had no knowledge or suggestion that there would be an attempt on the life of Mr. McKinley, the subject was one of the matters considered in arranging for the visit. They discussed the matter with the police of Buffalo, and at their request several local officers were detailed to assist in guarding the person of the president. These men were on duty when the attack was made.

ROOSEVELT THERE.

ROOSEVELT ARRIVES.

Has Nothing to Say, and is Driven Rapidly to the President.

Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 7.—At 3:30 p. m. the special train bearing Vice-President Roosevelt and party arrived at the New York Central depot, and as soon as the cars came to a stand the vice-president rushed through the gate to a carriage in waiting outside.

To a press representative, who managed to reach him, he said in reply to a question as to whether he had anything to say for publication:

"I have nothing to say. Nothing to say. Nothing to say at present," and he rushed into the carriage which, with an escort of mounted policemen, at once drove to the house where the wounded president is lying. Another carriage with detectives followed immediately. The horses were driven at a swift run. The street had been cleared, and every preparation made for a speedy trip to the Milburn house.

THE PRISONER.

KNOWN IN CLEVELAND.

Leon Czolgosz Kept a Saloon in Cleveland, O.

Cleveland, O., Sept. 7.—Leon Czolgosz, the man who shot President McKinley, is said to have formerly kept a saloon at the corner of Third avenue and Tod street, this city. Later he was employed in one of the mills of the American Steel and Wire Co. Foreman Frank Hafner, of the galvanizing department of the consolidated mill of the latter company, said:

"I know Leon Czolgosz very well. His father, I believe, lives in the vicinity of Warrensville, O., on a farm. There are five sons, I think, all residing in this city, two or three of them living on Hoosier street. Leon at one time was employed as a blacksmith in the consolidated mill. Later he kept a saloon at the corner of Third avenue and Tod street. Later he sold out the saloon and lived on the farm with his father.

"I know Leon is, or was, an anarchist. He attended socialist and anarchist meetings very frequently. He is a man of rather small stature, about 26 years of age. The last time I saw him he had a light brown mustache.

The Assassin's Family.

Later information concerning the identity of Czolgosz, the would-be assassin, develops that he is the son of Paul Czolgosz, who, it is said, now lives at 306 Fleet street, this city. Other members of the family are John, who lives at home with his father and stepmother; Mike, a soldier now serving in the Philippines; Vladislan, who is on his father's farm, located on the Chagrin Falls suburban line, and Jacob, of Marcelline avenue.

The family is Polish and are evidently very poor, the father having left home Saturday morning looking for employment. The stepmother can not speak English, but gave out the following interview through the medium of an interpreter:

Stepmother Interviewed.

"Leon left home about sixty days ago. We heard from his a few weeks ago. He was then in Indiana, and wrote to us that he was going away, stating that in all probability we would not see him again."

The stepmother failed to recollect the name of the city from which the letter was received, but states that it was from some place in Indiana. The family had not heard from him since. The stepmother denies that Leon was a disciple of Emma Goldman, or in any way interested in her doctrines. She said he was not interested in such matters, and scarcely intelligent enough to understand them. THEY HAD ALWAYS CONSIDERED THE BOY PARTIALLY DEMENTED. Up to three years ago he had worked at the Cleveland rolling mill, but had to quit on account of poor health. Since that time he has been idle. While living on the farm, near Warrensville, his father had not asked Leon to work, having always considered him too weak for manual labor. Regarding the shooting of the president, Mrs. Czolgosz said:

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"I can't believe that Leon is the one. HE WAS SUCH A TIMID BOY, afraid of everything. Why, he was the biggest coward you ever saw in your life.

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"It Was My Plan! It Was My Crime!" Said the Prisoner.

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Nowak said, after coming from the room where the conference was held, that Czolgosz advanced toward him with extended hand.

Nowak looked at the prisoner disdainfully, and refused to accept the proffered hand, saying: "SCOUNDREL, WHY DID YOU COMMIT THIS TERRIBLE CRIME? WHO ORIGINATED THIS DEVILISH PLOT? IT WAS NOT YOU!"

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"I don't know," said Mr. Cusack. "The matter rests with District Attorney Penny. His wishes will be obeyed by us. I don't know when he will be taken into court. It may be that we shall wait to see how the president's injuries are.

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PRAYING FOR HIM.

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Resolution of Sympathy and Silent Prayer for Recovery.

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Jews Offer Prayers For the Speedy Recovery of the President.

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In many instances the rabbi mentioned the catastrophe, in his address and dwelt on the life of the president.

Will Pray in Maryland.

Baltimore, Sept. 7.—Gov. John Walter Smith has issued a proclamation naming Tuesday of next week as a day for general prayers for the recovery of the president.

Day of Prayer in Illinois.

Springfield, Ill., Sept. 7.—Acting Gov. Northcott has issued the following proclamation:

I, W. A. Northcott, acting governor of the state of Illinois, do hereby appoint and set apart Sunday, September 8, 1901, as a day of prayer for the recovery of William McKinley, president of the United States. I sincerely request all our people to gather sometime during this day at their usual places of worship, and join in prayer services for the recovery of our beloved president.

IN EUROPE.

IN ENGLAND.

Telegrams of Condolence and Words of Sympathy.

London, Sept. 7.—The United States embassy has received many telegrams and telephone messages from distinguished persons inquiring for news and expressing anxiety and regret at the attempt of the would-be assassin.

Lord Pauncefote, the British ambassador to the United States, accompanied by his daughter, was one of the earliest callers at the United States embassy. He expressed the greatest sympathy and anxiety regarding President McKinley's condition. The other callers at the embassy included practically all the leading Americans in London.

The telegrams of sympathy and inquiry received at the embassy from all parts of Great Britain include those from the lord mayors of Liverpool and Birmingham.

"ENGLAND PRAYS FOR M'KINLEY," is printed in great black type across the front page of the Evening Star, and all the journals express the hope of the English people that the president will recover.

The Sun says: "THE ABHORRENT CRIME WAS COMMITTED FOR MERE WANTONNESS."

The Evening News says: "THAT HE MAY BE SPARED IS THE PRAYER OF EVERY ENGLISHMAN THROUGHOUT THE EMPIRE," and the paper mentions the curious resemblance in the circumstances surrounding the crime in Buffalo and those of the murder of President Carnot, whose assassin climbed to his victim's carriage for the ostensible purpose of shaking hands.

The Echo eulogizes the personal traits of President McKinley as those on who Englishmen can dwell with unaffected appreciation.

Germany.

Berlin, Sept. 7.—Baron Von Richthofen, the secretary for foreign affairs called at the United States embassy to express his condolence.

The following was sent Mrs. McKinley:

The emperor and I, horrified at the attempt planned against your husband, express our deepfelt sympathy, hoping that God may restore to health Mr. McKinley.

WILLIAM I. R.
VICTORIA I. R.

France.

Paris, Sept. 7.—The French official world was much affected by the news of the attempted to assassinate President McKinley.

The president of France to President McKinley:

With keen affliction I learn the news of the heinous attempt of which your excellency has just been a victim. I take it to heart to join with the people of the United States in wishing the early recovery of your excellency, and I earnestly desire in this sorrowful juncture to renew to you the assurance of my sentiments of constant and cordial friendship.

OTHER COUNTRIES.

Mexico and Other Countries.

From the Mexican ambassador to the United States:

To the Secretary of State:

Buffalo, Sept. 6, 1901.—The Mexican ambassador expresses to the government of the United States his deep regrets for the atrocious attempt against the life of his excellency, President McKinley. The diplomatic representatives of Ecuador, Costa Rica, Spain, Japan, Peru, Colombia, Korea, Turkey, Russia, Venezuela, Brazil and China, at present in this city, have requested the ambassador to express in their names the same sentiment.

M. DeAZPIROZ.

From New South Wales.

From the lieutenant-governor of New South Wales:

Sydney, Sept. 7, 1901.—The government and people of New South Wales join with me in expressing our deep sympathy with you in your sufferings and our sorrow at the crime which has been committed. We pray that the Almighty in His infinite goodness may spare you to your people.

From Guatemala.

From the president of Guatemala to Mrs. McKinley:

My government and I most heartfully lament the unhappy event. Be pleased to receive our profound sorrow.

FROM PHILIPPINES.

TAFT AND CHAFFEE.

They Send Works of Sympathy From the Philippines.

Washington, Sept. 7.—The following cablegrams were received at the war department from Gov. Taft and Gen. Chaffee:

Manila, Sept. 7.—Secretary of War, Washington—Greatly shocked by the report that president has been shot. Anxiously await exact information.

TAFT.

Manila, Sept. 7.—Adjutant-General War Department, Washington—Sympathy and solicitude for president from army of the Philippines.

CHAFFEE.

SENATOR WELLINGTON.

The Maryland Senator Expresses Himself in an Interview—Is Indifferent.

Baltimore, Md., Sept. 7.—A morning paper here publishes an interview with United States Senator George L. Wellington, given in Cumberland, upon the reception of the news of the attempt on the life of President McKinley, in which Senator Wellington is quoted as saying: "McKinley and I are enemies. I have nothing good to say about him, and under the circumstances do not care to say anything bad. I am indifferent to the whole matter."

well man." R. F. Haynes. & Co's.

Crittenden Press 1901-09-12 seq-5.jpg

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PRESIDENT M'KINLEY SHOT

The Awful Crime Committed at the Pan-American Exposition by an Avowed Anarchist.

TWO SHOTS, POINT BLANK, AT TWO FEET

Both Take Effect in the President's Body, One Inflicting a Dangerous, Though, Please God, Not a Fatal Wound—The Assassin Captured and Protected from the Populace.

BULLETIN, 3 A. M.—President McKinley sleeping and resting fairly easily. Temperature, 100.2; pulse, 120; respiration, 24.

Buffalo, Sept. 6.—Just a brief 24 hours ago the newspapers of the city blazoned forth in all the pomp of headline type "The Proudest Day In Buffalo's History."

To-night, in sackcloth and ashes, in sombre type, surrounded by gruesome borders of black, the same newspapers are telling in funeral tones to a horrified populace the deplorable details of "The Blackest Day In The History Of Buffalo."

President McKinley, the idol of the American people, the nation's chief executive and the city's honored guest, lies prostrate, suffering pangs inflicted by the bullet of a cowardly assassin while his life hangs in the balance.

Out on Delaware avenue, at the home of John G. Milburn, president of the Pan-American exposition, with tearful face and heart torn by conflicting hopes and fears, sits the faithful wife, whose devotion is known to all the nation.

It was a few moments after 4 p. m., while President McKinley was holding a public reception in the great Temple of Music on the Pan-American grounds, that the cowardly attack was made, with what success time alone can tell.

Standing in the midst of crowds numbering thousands, surrounded by every evidence of good will, pressed by a motley throng of people, showered with expressions of love and loyalty, besieged by multitudes, all eager to clasp his hands—amid these surroundings, and with ever-recurring plaudits of an army of sightseers ringing in his ears, the blow of the assassin fell, and in an instant pleasure gave way to pain, admiration to agony, folly turned to fury and pandemonium followed.

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Down at police headquarters, surrounded by stern faces, inquisitors of the law, is a medium-sized man of commonplace appearance, with his fixed gaze directed on the floor, who presses his lips firmly together and listens with an air of assumed indifference to the persistent stream of questions, arguments, objurgations, and admonitions with which his captors seek to induce or compel him to talk.

It was just after the daily organ recital in the splendid Temple of Music that the dastardly attempt was made.

Planned with all the diabolical ingenuity and finesse of which anarchy or nihilism is capable, the would-be assassin carried out the work without a hitch, and should his designs fail and the president survive, only to Divine providence can be attributed that beneficent result.

The president, though well guarded by United States secret service detectives, was fully exposed to such an attack as occurred. He stood at the edge of the raised dais upon which stands the great pipe organ at the east side of the magnificent structure. Throngs of people crowded in at the various entrances to gaze upon their chief executive, perchance to clasp his hand, and then fight their way out in the good natured mob that every minute swelled and multiplied at the points of ingress and egress to the building.

The president was in a cheerful mood, and was enjoying to the full the hearty evidence of good will which everywhere met his gaze. Upon his right stood John G. Milburn, of Buffalo, president of the Pan-American exposition, chatting with the president, and introducing to him persons of especial note who approached. Upon the president's left stood Mr. Cortelyou.

It was shortly after four o'clock, when one of the throng which surrounded the presidential party, a medium-sized man of ordinary appearance and plainly dressed in black, approached as if to greet the president. Both Secretary Cortelyou and President Milburn noticed that the man's hand was swathed in a bandage or handkerchief. Reports of bystanders differ as to which hand. He worked his way amid the stream of people up to the edge of the dais until he was within two feet of the president.

President McKinley smiled, bowed and extended his hand in that spirit of geniality the American people so well know, when suddenly the sharp crack of a revolver rang out lond and clear above the hum of voices, the shuffling of myriad feet and vibrating waves of applause that ever and anon swept here and there over the assemblage.

There was an instant of almost complete silence. The president stood stock still, a look of hesitancy, almost of bewilderment on his face. Then he retreated a step while a pallor began to steal over his features. The multitude, only partially aware that something serious had happened, paused in surprise, while necks were craned and all eyes turned as one to the rostrum where a great tragedy was being enacted.

Then came a commotion. With the leap of tigers three men threw themselves forward, as with one impulse and sprang toward the would-be assassin. Two of them were United States secret service men who were on the lookout and whose duty it was to guard against just such a calamity as had here befallen the president and the nation. The third was a bystander, a negro, who had only an instant previously grasped in his dusky palm the hand of the president. As one man the trio hurled themselves upon the president's assailant. In a twinkling he was borne to the ground, his weapon was wrested from his grasp and strong arms pinioned him down.

Then the multitude which thronged the edifice began to came to a realizing sense of the awfulness of the scene of which they had been unwilling witnesses.

A murmur arose, spread and swelled to a hum of confusion, then grew to a babel of sounds, and later to a pandemonium of noises.

The crowds that a moment before had stood mute and motionless, as in bewildered ignorance of the enormity of the thing, now, with a single impulse surged forward toward the stage of the horrid drama, while a hoarse cry welled up from a thousand throats and a thousand men charged forward to lay hands upon the perpetrator of the dastardly crime.

For a moment the confusion was terrible. The crowd surged forward regardless of consequences. Men shouted and fought, women screamed and children cried. Some of those nearest the doors fled from the edifice in fear of a stampede, while hundreds of others from the outside struggled blindly forward in the effort to penetrate the crowded building and solve the mystery of excitement and panic which every moment grew and swelled within the congested interior of the edifice.

Inside on the slightly raised dais was enacted within those few feverish moments, a tragedy so dramatic in character, so thrilling in its intensity that few who looked on will ever be able to give a succinct account of what really did transpire. Even those who attended the president came out of it with blanched faces, trembling limbs and beating hearts, while their brains throbbed with a tumult of conflicting emotions which could not be clarified into a lucid narrative of the events as they really transpired.

Of the multitude which witnessed or bore a part in the scene of turmoil there was but one mind which seemed to retain its equalilibrium, one hand which remained steady, one eye which gazed with unflinching calmness and one voice which retained its even tenor and faltered not at the most critical juncture.

They were the mind and hand and eye and the voice of President McKinley.

After the first shock of the assassin's shot he retreated a step, then, as the detectives leaped upon his assailant, he turned, walked steadily to a chair and seated himself, at the same time removing his hat and bowing his head in his hands.

In an instant Secretary Cortelyou and President Milburn were at his side. His waistcoat was hurriedly opened, the president meanwhile admonishing those about him to remain calm and telling them not to be alarmed.

"But you are wounded," cried his secretary, "let me examine."

"No, I think not," answered the president. "I am not badly hurt, I assure you."

Nevertheless his outer garments were hastily loosened and when a trickling stream of crimson was seen to wind its way down his breast, spreading its tell-tale stain over the white surface of the linen, their worst fears were confirmed.

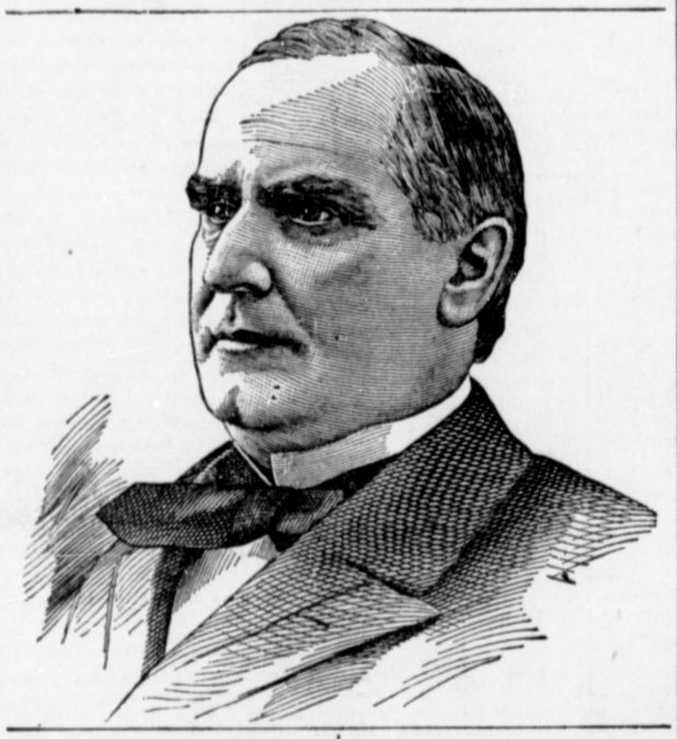
A force of exposition guards were on the scene and an effort was made to clear the building. By this time the crush was terrific. Spectators crowded down the stairways from the galleries, the crowd on the floor surged forward toward the rostrum, while, despite the strenuous efforts of police and guards, the throng without struggled madly to obtain admission.

The president's assailant in the meantime had been hustled by exposition guards to the rear of the building, where he was held while the building was cleared and later he was turned over to Superintendent Bull of the Buffalo police department, who took the prisoner to No. 13 police station and afterward to police headquarters. As soon as the crowd in the Temple of Music had been dispersed sufficiently, the president was removed in the automobile ambulance and taken to the exposition hospital, where an examination was made. The best medical skill was summoned, and within a brief period several of Buffalo's best-known practitioners were at the patient's side.

THE SADDEST TASK OF ALL.

Breaking the News to Mrs. McKinley —Bravely Received.

Immediately the president was cared for at the exposition grounds, Director-General W. I. Buchanan started for the Milburn residence to forestall any information that might reach there by telephone or otherwise. Very luckily, he was first to arrive with the information. The Niagara Falls trip had tired Mrs. McKinley, and on returning to the Milburn residence she took leave of her nieces, the Misses Barber, and the president's niece, Miss Duncan, as well as their hostess, Mrs. Milburn, and went to her room to rest.



Mr. Buchanan broke the news as gently as possible to the nieces and consulted with them and Mrs. Milburn as to the best course to pursue in breaking the news to Mrs. McKinley. It was finally decided that on her awakening or shortly thereafter Mr. Buchanan should break the news to her, if, in the meantime her physician, Dr. Rixey, had not arrived.

Mrs. McKinley awoke from her sleep about 5:30 o'clock. She was feeling splendidly, she said, and at once took up her crocheting, which, as is well known, is one of her favorite diversions.

Immediately on Mr. Buchanan's arrival at the Milburn home he had telephonic communication therewith cut off, for already there had been several calls, and he decided on this as the wisest course to pursue, lest Mrs. McKinley, hearing the continued ringing of the telephone bell, might inquire what it meant.

While the light of day remained Mrs. McKinley continued with her crocheting, keeping to her room. When it became dusk and the president had not arrived, she began to feel anxious concerning him.

"I wonder why he does not come," she asked one of her nieces.

There was no clock in Mrs. McKinley's room, and when it was seven o'clock she had no idea it was so late, and this is when she began to feel anxious concerning her husband, for he was due to return to Mr. Milburn's house about six o'clock.

At seven o'clock, Dr. Rixey arrived at the Milburn residence. He had been driven hurriedly down Delaware avenue in an open carriage. As he came up Mr. Buchanan was out on the lawn conversing with a reporter.

"Do you know," said Mr. Buchanan, "I had a sort of premonition of this? Since early morning I had been extremely nervous and feared that something might go wrong. Our trip to the falls was uneventful, but what an awful sad ending to our day!"

At 7:20 p. m., Dr. Rixey came out of the house, accompanied by Col. Webb Hayes, a son of former President Hayes, who is a friend of President McKinley. They entered a carriage and returned to the exposition hospital.

After Dr. Rixey had gone Director-General Buchanan said that the doctor had broken the news in a most gentle manner to Mrs. McKinley. He said she stood it bravely, though considerably affected.

If it was possible to bring him to her she wanted it done. Dr. Rixey assured her that the president could be brought with safety from the exposition grounds, and when he left Mr. Milburn's it was to complete all arrangements for the removal of the president.

At 7:30 Secretary of Agriculture Wilson and Miss Wilson called, and were admitted to the Milburn residence.

THE NATION GRIEVES

Deep Sorrow, Mingled with Horror, the Universal Expression.

ALL HEARTS LIFTED TO HEAVEN.

The Governor of Ohio Sounds the Keynote of Humble Faith—How the News of the Shooting of the President Was Received.

Columbus, O., Sept. 7.—The news of the attempt to assassinate President McKinley was received with profound sorrow and anxiety in the capital of his native state, where he resided during the four years in which he served as chief executive of Ohio.

Gov. Nash, Secretary of State Laylin and Auditor of State Guilbert were holding a conference in the executive chamber when the sad tidings reached the capital. The governor was completely unmanned, and, after pacing the floor a few minutes, he walked over to the door, and leaning his head against the lintel, buried his face in his hands.

A few minutes later, Congressman Charles Dick hurried in from the republican state headquarters. He is one of the president's closest friends, and his face plainly betrayed his grief. Mr. Dick sought the governor at once, and a handclasp told the tale of mutual sorrow. Not a word was spoken by either, but tears were in their eyes. When later bulletins told the nature of the wounds, Gen. Dick said:

"There is a chance, then. The president is a man of magnificent physique and of indomitable courage, and he will never give in until the end comes. If grit will pull a man through he will live."

Shortly after the news of the shooting had been received there occurred an affecting incident in the offices of the governor. R. C. Phillips, of Middletown, came in with his two little sons, the oldest not over six years of age. He said that the boys wished to shake hands with the governor. Gov. Nash arose from the seat into which he had cast himself, and gravely took the boys by the hand. The smaller of the two observed the full length portrait of the president on the west wall of the executive chamber. He recognized it, and, walking over to it, said in his childish treble:

"Oh, wont he get well, papa? Wont he get well?"

"Pray God he may, son," said the father, and all in the room responded.

Gov. Nash remained in the executive chamber during the afternoon and evening surrounded by state officials and personal friends of the president, receiving bulletins in regard to the president's condition.

The following telegram was sent by the governor:

"To the President, care Hon. John M. Milburn, Buffalo, N. Y.:

"My office is filled with anxious, loving inquirers after your condition Every ear in Ohio is turned toward Buffalo, eager to catch the first word of hope. Every heart beats with the inspiration that you will speedily recover. Every fervent prayer which goes up to Heaven to-night will be in your behalf. Make a good fight, for all the people are with you and love you. [Signed]

"GEORGE K. NASH."

The streets of the city were filled with excited throngs of people during the latter part of the day and evening, and news of the attempted assassination and the president's condition was eagerly sought.

THE VICE-PRESIDENT STUNNED.

Announced the Awful News and Started on a Special for Buffalo.

Burlington, Vt., Sept. 7.—The first news of the attempted assassination of President McKinley reached Vice-President McKinley at Isle Lamotte at 5:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon, when the vice-president was informed over the telephone that there was a rumor that the president had been shot. It was confirmed by another message a moment later. The vice-president seemed stunned by the news, put his hands to his head and then exclaimed: "My God."

Those around him were immediately informed of the tragedy, and it was decided to announce it to the company of a thousand people, who had gathered to hear Col. Roosevelt speak at the annual outing of the Vermont Fish and Game league.

Senator Proctor made the announcement, and many persons in the audience burst into tears. A later bulletin was received stating that the president was resting quietly, and that the chances were favorable for his recovery.

"Good," exclaimed the vice-president, and his face lighted up. He showed his pleasure by eagerly announcing the good news to the assembly.

The vice-president then left immediately on the yacht El Frida, owned by W. Seward Webb, and came to this city as quickly as possible, having directed that all messages should be held for him here. The yacht was to have gone to Arrow Point, where a special train was waiting for the vice-president, but the train was sent on to Burlington, and was there when the yacht came into the harbor at 8:15 p. m.

President Clement of the Rutland railroad placed the train at the disposal of the vice-president, and made arrangements to take him on it to the scene of the tragedy.

Col. Roosevelt was asked at the wharf for a statement for publication and said:

"I am so inexpressibly grieved, shocked and horrified, that I can say nothing."

He boarded the train and left for Buffalo.

SENATOR HANNA WEPT.

The Shooting of the President Too Horrible to Contemplate.

Cleveland, O., Sept. 7.—When convinced that the news from Buffalo was true, Senator Hanna said:

"I can not say anything about it. It is too horrible to even contemplate, to think that such a thing could happen to so splendid a man as President McKinley, and at this time, and upon such an occasion—it is horrible, awful.

"Mr. McKinley never had any fear of danger from that source. Of course I never talked to him on such a subject, but I know he never dreamed of anything like this happening. I can not be interviewed upon this. It is too awful."

To a reporter he exclaimed:

"What is this great country coming to when such men as Lincoln, Garfield and McKinley fall by the bullet of assassins?

"I shall hurry to the bedside of the president as rapidly as the train will take me. I only hope that he is not seriously injured; but I am afraid that my hopes will be in vain. I do want to reach the president before he dies, if he is going to die. Nobody can be safe from the work of an insane man, it seems. It is terrible."

As the senator boarded a car tears were streaming down his face.

THE GRIEF OF A KINDRED.

Could Have Felt No Worse Had His Beloved King Been Shot.

New York, Sept. 7.—Sir Thomas Lipton last night, on board his steam yacht Erin, said, referring to the shooting of the president:

"I was stunned on receiving the news. I could feel no worse if it had been King Edward himself who had been shot. I am sure that every Britisher extends the hand of sympathy to all Americans in this sad affair. I should very deeply regret that any serious results should follow this sad calamity."

Asked if the president should die would this have any effect upon the international races, Sir Thomas said, in a low voice:

"He is not dead yet. I don't care to speak of that."

Sir Thomas will not sail the Shamrock to-day, on account of the Buffalo tragedy.

The Kindest of Men.

Milwaukee, Sept. 7.—Henry C. Payne, national republican committeeman from Wisconsin, and an intimate friend of President McKinley, spoke of the attempted assassination of the president, as follows:

"The news of the attempted assassination of President McKinley, whether the wounds prove fatal or not, fills me with unspeakable horror and grief. There never lived a man of more kindly disposition, with a more loving and affectionate heart, more tender and sweet in his sympathies, and in his private life more devoted to his family and his friends. In these regards he is the most remarkable man I have ever met in public life."

Greatly Affected by the News.

Philadelphia, Sept. 7.—Postmaster-General Charles Emory Smith was greatly affected by the news of the shooting of President McKinley and expressed himself as shocked beyond measure. He immediately wired to Washington and Buffalo asking for further particulars than the early news dispatches contained. Mr. Smith said he hoped the president's injuries might not prove so serious as was at first intimated.

Mr. Smith left here on a late train to-night for Buffalo. He expects to be at the president's bedside by nine o'clock this morning.

Ex-President Cleveland Shocked.

Winsted, Conn., Sept. 7.—Ex-President Cleveland was fishing at Darling lake, in Tyringham, Mass., when he received the news regarding the shooting of President McKinley. He at once started for the shore in order to hear more details in regard in the matter, and anxiously asked for the lastest advices from McKinley's bedside. Mr. Cleveland was horrified at the news, and said:

"With all American citizens, I am greatly shocked at this news. I can not conceive of a motive. It must have been the act of a crazy man."

The President's Brother Notified.

Denver, Sept. 6.—Abner McKinley, who, with his wife and two daughters, left here this morning for Baileys, in South Platte canyon, over the Colorado & Southern railway, in a special train, was notified late this afternoon of the shooting of the president, and started at once for Denver. He will reach here about 7:30 o'clock, and at ten o'clock will leave for Chicago over the Burlington. He will travel to Buffalo over the Lake Shore unless President McKinley dies before he reaches Chicago, in which case he will go direct to Washington.

The President's Closest Friend.

Washington, Sept. 7.—Probably the closest friend of the president in Washington at the time of the shooting was Mr. Charles G. Dawes, the comptroller of the currency, whose relations with the president are of the most intimate character. Mr. Dawes was completely overcome. He immediately made arrangements to go to Buffalo, so as to be near the chief executive and Mrs. McKinley, and left on the 7:15 o'clock train, accompanied by Elmer Dover, the private secretary to Senator Hanna.

Prayer for the President's Life.

Columbia, S. C., Sept. 7.—Gov. M. B. McSweeny wired the following to Buffalo last night:

"His Excellency, President William McKinley, Buffalo:

"The people of South Carolina were shocked to-day to learn of the attempt to assassinate your excellency. Our deepest sympathies go out to you and your family, and we sincerely hope and pray that the Giver of all good will spare your life to our nation for years to come."

Hastening to Buffalo.

New York, Sept. 7.—Secretary of War Elihu H. Root left the Grand Central depot at 11:10 last night for Buffalo in a special train. He was accompanied by Dr. Dixon, a specialist, whom he is hastening to the bedside of the president. The train was made up of a single coach and engine and all possible speed will be made to reach Buffalo in record-breaking time.

Too Horrified for Expression.

Dublin, N. H., Sept. 7.—Secretary Hitchcock, who has been stopping at Mount Monadnock, last night, when informed of the tragic incident at Buffalo, said:

"I am too horrified to make any expression whatever."

He immediately prepared to leave for Buffalo.

THE ASSASSIN CONFESSES.

An Anarchist and an Admirer of Emma Goldman, Whose Teachings Prompted the Crime.

Buffalo, Sept. 7.—Leon Czolgosz, the accused and self-confessed assassin, has signed a confession covering six pages of foolscap and which states that he is an anarchist, and that he became an enthusiastic member of that body through the influence of Emma Goldman, whose writings he had read and whose lectures he had listened to. He denies having any confederate, and says he decided on the act three days ago, and bought the revolver with which the crime was committed in Buffalo. He has seven brothers and sisters in Cleveland, and the Cleveland directory has the names of about that number living on Hosmer street and Ackland avenue, which adjoin. Some of them are butchers and others are employed in different trades. He is now detained at police headquarters pending the result of the president's injuries.

Czolgosz does not appear in the least degree uneasy or penitent for his action. He says he was induced by his attention to Emma Goldman's lectures and writings to decide that the present form of government in this country was all wrong and he thought the best way to end it was by killing the president. He shows no sign of insanity, but is very reticent about much of his career. While acknowledging himself an anarchist, he does not state to what branch of the organization he belongs.

LONDON PRESS AN UNIT.

Without Exception Extend Sympathies and Fervent Prayers.

London, Sept. 7.—The newspapers this morning, without exception, extend to President McKinley and the American nation the deepest sympathy and deep, fervent prayers for his recovery, while heartfelt gratitude is felt that the latest reports give ground for that hope.

The Times says, editorially:

"It will be a relief to the American people to know that the criminal or lunatic was not one of themselves. We will not contemplate the possibilty of a fatal result, but in any case the government of the United States will not be disturbed. Vice-President Roosevelt is a man of ability and distinction, in whose hands there is no doubt the country's interests would be safe; but President McKinley has gained an almost unique position, and it would be a cruel stroke of fortune if he were cut off in the plentitude of his popularity and when his policy has been apparently vindicated by success at all points."

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It was shortly after four o'clock, when one of the throng which surrounded the presidential party, a medium-sized man of ordinary appearance and plainly dressed in black, approached as if to greet the president. Both Secretary Cortelyou and President Milburn noticed that the man's hand was swathed in a bandage or handkerchief. Reports of bystanders differ as to which hand. He worked his way amid the stream of people up to the edge of the dais until he was within two feet of the president.

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In an instant Secretary Cortelyou and President Milburn were at his side. His waistcoat was hurriedly opened, the president meanwhile admonishing those about him to remain calm and telling them not to be alarmed.

"But you are wounded," cried his secretary, "let me examine."

"No, I think not," answered the president. "I am not badly hurt, I assure you."

Nevertheless his outer garments were hastily loosened and when a trickling stream of crimson was seen to wind its way down his breast, spreading its tell-tale stain over the white surface of the linen, their worst fears were confirmed.

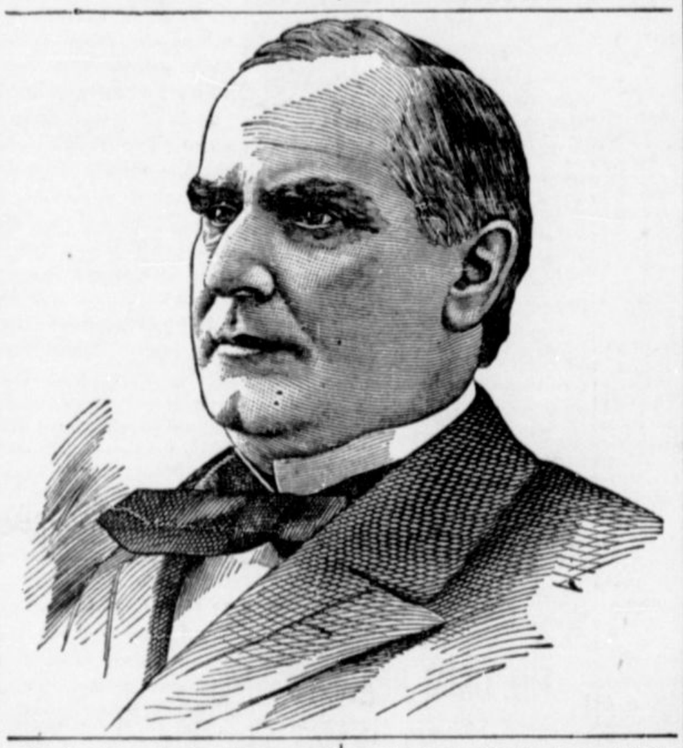
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The president's assailant in the meantime had been hustled by exposition guards to the rear of the building, where he was held while the building was cleared and later he was turned over to Superintendent Bull of the Buffalo police department, who took the prisoner to No. 13 police station and afterward to police headquarters. As soon as the crowd in the Temple of Music had been dispersed sufficiently, the president was removed in the automobile ambulance and taken to the exposition hospital, where an examination was made. The best medical skill was summoned, and within a brief period several of Buffalo's best-known practitioners were at the patient's side.

THE SADDEST TASK OF ALL.

Breaking the News to Mrs. McKinley —Bravely Received.

Immediately the president was cared for at the exposition grounds, Director-General W. I. Buchanan started for the Milburn residence to forestall any information that might reach there by telephone or otherwise. Very luckily, he was first to arrive with the information. The Niagara Falls trip had tired Mrs. McKinley, and on returning to the Milburn residence she took leave of her nieces, the Misses Barber, and the president's niece, Miss Duncan, as well as their hostess, Mrs. Milburn, and went to her room to rest.



Mr. Buchanan broke the news as gently as possible to the nieces and consulted with them and Mrs. Milburn as to the best course to pursue in breaking the news to Mrs. McKinley. It was finally decided that on her awakening or shortly thereafter Mr. Buchanan should break the news to her, if, in the meantime her physician, Dr. Rixey, had not arrived.

Mrs. McKinley awoke from her sleep about 5:30 o'clock. She was feeling splendidly, she said, and at once took up her crocheting, which, as is well known, is one of her favorite diversions.

Immediately on Mr. Buchanan's arrival at the Milburn home he had telephonic communication therewith cut off, for already there had been several calls, and he decided on this as the wisest course to pursue, lest Mrs. McKinley, hearing the continued ringing of the telephone bell, might inquire what it meant.

While the light of day remained Mrs. McKinley continued with her crocheting, keeping to her room. When it became dusk and the president had not arrived, she began to feel anxious concerning him.

"I wonder why he does not come," she asked one of her nieces.

There was no clock in Mrs. McKinley's room, and when it was seven o'clock she had no idea it was so late, and this is when she began to feel anxious concerning her husband, for he was due to return to Mr. Milburn's house about six o'clock.

At seven o'clock, Dr. Rixey arrived at the Milburn residence. He had been driven hurriedly down Delaware avenue in an open carriage. As he came up Mr. Buchanan was out on the lawn conversing with a reporter.

"Do you know," said Mr. Buchanan, "I had a sort of premonition of this? Since early morning I had been extremely nervous and feared that something might go wrong. Our trip to the falls was uneventful, but what an awful sad ending to our day!"

At 7:20 p. m., Dr. Rixey came out of the house, accompanied by Col. Webb Hayes, a son of former President Hayes, who is a friend of President McKinley. They entered a carriage and returned to the exposition hospital.

After Dr. Rixey had gone Director-General Buchanan said that the doctor had broken the news in a most gentle manner to Mrs. McKinley. He said she stood it bravely, though considerably affected.

If it was possible to bring him to her she wanted it done. Dr. Rixey assured her that the president could be brought with safety from the exposition grounds, and when he left Mr. Milburn's it was to complete all arrangements for the removal of the president.

At 7:30 Secretary of Agriculture Wilson and Miss Wilson called, and were admitted to the Milburn residence.

THE NATION GRIEVES

Deep Sorrow, Mingled with Horror, the Universal Expression.

ALL HEARTS LIFTED TO HEAVEN.

The Governor of Ohio Sounds the Keynote of Humble Faith—How the News of the Shooting of the President Was Received.

Columbus, O., Sept. 7.—The news of the attempt to assassinate President McKinley was received with profound sorrow and anxiety in the capital of his native state, where he resided during the four years in which he served as chief executive of Ohio.

Gov. Nash, Secretary of State Laylin and Auditor of State Guilbert were holding a conference in the executive chamber when the sad tidings reached the capital. The governor was completely unmanned, and, after pacing the floor a few minutes, he walked over to the door, and leaning his head against the lintel, buried his face in his hands.

A few minutes later, Congressman Charles Dick hurried in from the republican state headquarters. He is one of the president's closest friends, and his face plainly betrayed his grief. Mr. Dick sought the governor at once, and a handclasp told the tale of mutual sorrow. Not a word was spoken by either, but tears were in their eyes. When later bulletins told the nature of the wounds, Gen. Dick said:

"There is a chance, then. The president is a man of magnificent physique and of indomitable courage, and he will never give in until the end comes. If grit will pull a man through he will live."

Shortly after the news of the shooting had been received there occurred an affecting incident in the offices of the governor. R. C. Phillips, of Middletown, came in with his two little sons, the oldest not over six years of age. He said that the boys wished to shake hands with the governor. Gov. Nash arose from the seat into which he had cast himself, and gravely took the boys by the hand. The smaller of the two observed the full length portrait of the president on the west wall of the executive chamber. He recognized it, and, walking over to it, said in his childish treble:

"Oh, wont he get well, papa? Wont he get well?"

"Pray God he may, son," said the father, and all in the room responded.

Gov. Nash remained in the executive chamber during the afternoon and evening surrounded by state officials and personal friends of the president, receiving bulletins in regard to the president's condition.

The following telegram was sent by the governor:

"To the President, care Hon. John M. Milburn, Buffalo, N. Y.:

"My office is filled with anxious, loving inquirers after your condition Every ear in Ohio is turned toward Buffalo, eager to catch the first word of hope. Every heart beats with the inspiration that you will speedily recover. Every fervent prayer which goes up to Heaven to-night will be in your behalf. Make a good fight, for all the people are with you and love you. [Signed]

"GEORGE K. NASH."

The streets of the city were filled with excited throngs of people during the latter part of the day and evening, and news of the attempted assassination and the president's condition was eagerly sought.

THE VICE-PRESIDENT STUNNED.

Announced the Awful News and Started on a Special for Buffalo.

Burlington, Vt., Sept. 7.—The first news of the attempted assassination of President McKinley reached Vice-President McKinley at Isle Lamotte at 5:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon, when the vice-president was informed over the telephone that there was a rumor that the president had been shot. It was confirmed by another message a moment later. The vice-president seemed stunned by the news, put his hands to his head and then exclaimed: "My God."

Those around him were immediately informed of the tragedy, and it was decided to announce it to the company of a thousand people, who had gathered to hear Col. Roosevelt speak at the annual outing of the Vermont Fish and Game league.

Senator Proctor made the announcement, and many persons in the audience burst into tears. A later bulletin was received stating that the president was resting quietly, and that the chances were favorable for his recovery.

"Good," exclaimed the vice-president, and his face lighted up. He showed his pleasure by eagerly announcing the good news to the assembly.

The vice-president then left immediately on the yacht El Frida, owned by W. Seward Webb, and came to this city as quickly as possible, having directed that all messages should be held for him here. The yacht was to have gone to Arrow Point, where a special train was waiting for the vice-president, but the train was sent on to Burlington, and was there when the yacht came into the harbor at 8:15 p. m.

President Clement of the Rutland railroad placed the train at the disposal of the vice-president, and made arrangements to take him on it to the scene of the tragedy.

Col. Roosevelt was asked at the wharf for a statement for publication and said:

"I am so inexpressibly grieved, shocked and horrified, that I can say nothing."

He boarded the train and left for Buffalo.

SENATOR HANNA WEPT.

The Shooting of the President Too Horrible to Contemplate.

Cleveland, O., Sept. 7.—When convinced that the news from Buffalo was true, Senator Hanna said:

"I can not say anything about it. It is too horrible to even contemplate, to think that such a thing could happen to so splendid a man as President McKinley, and at this time, and upon such an occasion—it is horrible, awful.

"Mr. McKinley never had any fear of danger from that source. Of course I never talked to him on such a subject, but I know he never dreamed of anything like this happening. I can not be interviewed upon this. It is too awful."

To a reporter he exclaimed:

"What is this great country coming to when such men as Lincoln, Garfield and McKinley fall by the bullet of assassins?

"I shall hurry to the bedside of the president as rapidly as the train will take me. I only hope that he is not seriously injured; but I am afraid that my hopes will be in vain. I do want to reach the president before he dies, if he is going to die. Nobody can be safe from the work of an insane man, it seems. It is terrible."

As the senator boarded a car tears were streaming down his face.

THE GRIEF OF A KINDRED.

Could Have Felt No Worse Had His Beloved King Been Shot.

New York, Sept. 7.—Sir Thomas Lipton last night, on board his steam yacht Erin, said, referring to the shooting of the president:

"I was stunned on receiving the news. I could feel no worse if it had been King Edward himself who had been shot. I am sure that every Britisher extends the hand of sympathy to all Americans in this sad affair. I should very deeply regret that any serious results should follow this sad calamity."

Asked if the president should die would this have any effect upon the international races, Sir Thomas said, in a low voice:

"He is not dead yet. I don't care to speak of that."

Sir Thomas will not sail the Shamrock to-day, on account of the Buffalo tragedy.

The Kindest of Men.

Milwaukee, Sept. 7.—Henry C. Payne, national republican committeeman from Wisconsin, and an intimate friend of President McKinley, spoke of the attempted assassination of the president, as follows:

"The news of the attempted assassination of President McKinley, whether the wounds prove fatal or not, fills me with unspeakable horror and grief. There never lived a man of more kindly disposition, with a more loving and affectionate heart, more tender and sweet in his sympathies, and in his private life more devoted to his family and his friends. In these regards he is the most remarkable man I have ever met in public life."

Greatly Affected by the News.

Philadelphia, Sept. 7.—Postmaster-General Charles Emory Smith was greatly affected by the news of the shooting of President McKinley and expressed himself as shocked beyond measure. He immediately wired to Washington and Buffalo asking for further particulars than the early news dispatches contained. Mr. Smith said he hoped the president's injuries might not prove so serious as was at first intimated.

Mr. Smith left here on a late train to-night for Buffalo. He expects to be at the president's bedside by nine o'clock this morning.

Ex-President Cleveland Shocked.

Winsted, Conn., Sept. 7.—Ex-President Cleveland was fishing at Darling lake, in Tyringham, Mass., when he received the news regarding the shooting of President McKinley. He at once started for the shore in order to hear more details in regard in the matter, and anxiously asked for the lastest advices from McKinley's bedside. Mr. Cleveland was horrified at the news, and said:

"With all American citizens, I am greatly shocked at this news. I can not conceive of a motive. It must have been the act of a crazy man."

The President's Brother Notified.

Denver, Sept. 6.—Abner McKinley, who, with his wife and two daughters, left here this morning for Baileys, in South Platte canyon, over the Colorado & Southern railway, in a special train, was notified late this afternoon of the shooting of the president, and started at once for Denver. He will reach here about 7:30 o'clock, and at ten o'clock will leave for Chicago over the Burlington. He will travel to Buffalo over the Lake Shore unless President McKinley dies before he reaches Chicago, in which case he will go direct to Washington.

The President's Closest Friend.

Washington, Sept. 7.—Probably the closest friend of the president in Washington at the time of the shooting was Mr. Charles G. Dawes, the comptroller of the currency, whose relations with the president are of the most intimate character. Mr. Dawes was completely overcome. He immediately made arrangements to go to Buffalo, so as to be near the chief executive and Mrs. McKinley, and left on the 7:15 o'clock train, accompanied by Elmer Dover, the private secretary to Senator Hanna.

Prayer for the President's Life.

Columbia, S. C., Sept. 7.—Gov. M. B. McSweeny wired the following to Buffalo last night:

"His Excellency, President William McKinley, Buffalo:

"The people of South Carolina were shocked to-day to learn of the attempt to assassinate your excellency. Our deepest sympathies go out to you and your family, and we sincerely hope and pray that the Giver of all good will spare your life to our nation for years to come."

Hastening to Buffalo.

New York, Sept. 7.—Secretary of War Elihu H. Root left the Grand Central depot at 11:10 last night for Buffalo in a special train. He was accompanied by Dr. Dixon, a specialist, whom he is hastening to the bedside of the president. The train was made up of a single coach and engine and all possible speed will be made to reach Buffalo in record-breaking time.

Too Horrified for Expression.

Dublin, N. H., Sept. 7.—Secretary Hitchcock, who has been stopping at Mount Monadnock, last night, when informed of the tragic incident at Buffalo, said:

"I am too horrified to make any expression whatever."

He immediately prepared to leave for Buffalo.

THE ASSASSIN CONFESSES.

An Anarchist and an Admirer of Emma Goldman, Whose Teachings Prompted the Crime.

Buffalo, Sept. 7.—Leon Czolgosz, the accused and self-confessed assassin, has signed a confession covering six pages of foolscap and which states that he is an anarchist, and that he became an enthusiastic member of that body through the influence of Emma Goldman, whose writings he had read and whose lectures he had listened to. He denies having any confederate, and says he decided on the act three days ago, and bought the revolver with which the crime was committed in Buffalo. He has seven brothers and sisters in Cleveland, and the Cleveland directory has the names of about that number living on Hosmer street and Ackland avenue, which adjoin. Some of them are butchers and others are employed in different trades. He is now detained at police headquarters pending the result of the president's injuries.

Czolgosz does not appear in the least degree uneasy or penitent for his action. He says he was induced by his attention to Emma Goldman's lectures and writings to decide that the present form of government in this country was all wrong and he thought the best way to end it was by killing the president. He shows no sign of insanity, but is very reticent about much of his career. While acknowledging himself an anarchist, he does not state to what branch of the organization he belongs.

LONDON PRESS AN UNIT.

Without Exception Extend Sympathies and Fervent Prayers.

London, Sept. 7.—The newspapers this morning, without exception, extend to President McKinley and the American nation the deepest sympathy and deep, fervent prayers for his recovery, while heartfelt gratitude is felt that the latest reports give ground for that hope.

The Times says, editorially:

"It will be a relief to the American people to know that the criminal or lunatic was not one of themselves. We will not contemplate the possibilty of a fatal result, but in any case the government of the United States will not be disturbed. Vice-President Roosevelt is a man of ability and distinction, in whose hands there is no doubt the country's interests would be safe; but President McKinley has gained an almost unique position, and it would be a cruel stroke of fortune if he were cut off in the plentitude of his popularity and when his policy has been apparently vindicated by success at all points."

3 1 5 -

PRESIDENT M'KINLEY SHOT

The Awful Crime Committed at the Pan-American Exposition by an Avowed Anarchist.

TWO SHOTS, POINT BLANK, AT TWO FEET

Both Take Effect in the President's Body, One Inflicting a Dangerous, Though, Please God, Not a Fatal Wound—The Assassin Captured and Protected from the Populace.

BULLETIN, 3 A. M.—President McKinley sleeping and resting fairly easily. Temperature, 100.2; pulse, 120; respiration, 24.

Buffalo, Sept. 6.—Just a brief 24 hours ago the newspapers of the city blazoned forth in all the pomp of headline type "The Proudest Day In Buffalo's History."

To-night, in sackcloth and ashes, in sombre type, surrounded by gruesome borders of black, the same newspapers are telling in funeral tones to a horrified populace the deplorable details of "The Blackest Day In The History Of Buffalo."

President McKinley, the idol of the American people, the nation's chief executive and the city's honored guest, lies prostrate, suffering pangs inflicted by the bullet of a cowardly assassin while his life hangs in the balance.

Out on Delaware avenue, at the home of John G. Milburn, president of the Pan-American exposition, with tearful face and heart torn by conflicting hopes and fears, sits the faithful wife, whose devotion is known to all the nation.

It was a few moments after 4 p. m., while President McKinley was holding a public reception in the great Temple of Music on the Pan-American grounds, that the cowardly attack was made, with what success time alone can tell.

Standing in the midst of crowds numbering thousands, surrounded by every evidence of good will, pressed by a motley throng of people, showered with expressions of love and loyalty, besieged by multitudes, all eager to clasp his hands—amid these surroundings, and with ever-recurring plaudits of an army of sightseers ringing in his ears, the blow of the assassin fell, and in an instant pleasure gave way to pain, admiration to agony, folly turned to fury and pandemonium followed.

To-night a surging, swaying, eager multitude throngs the city's main thoroughfares, choking the streets in front of the principal newspapers, scanning the bulletins with anxious eyes and groaning or cheering in turn at each succeeding announcement, as the nature of the message sinks or buoys their hopes.

Down at police headquarters, surrounded by stern faces, inquisitors of the law, is a medium-sized man of commonplace appearance, with his fixed gaze directed on the floor, who presses his lips firmly together and listens with an air of assumed indifference to the persistent stream of questions, arguments, objurgations, and admonitions with which his captors seek to induce or compel him to talk.

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"But you are wounded," cried his secretary, "let me examine."

"No, I think not," answered the president. "I am not badly hurt, I assure you."

Nevertheless his outer garments were hastily loosened and when a trickling stream of crimson was seen to wind its way down his breast, spreading its tell-tale stain over the white surface of the linen, their worst fears were confirmed.

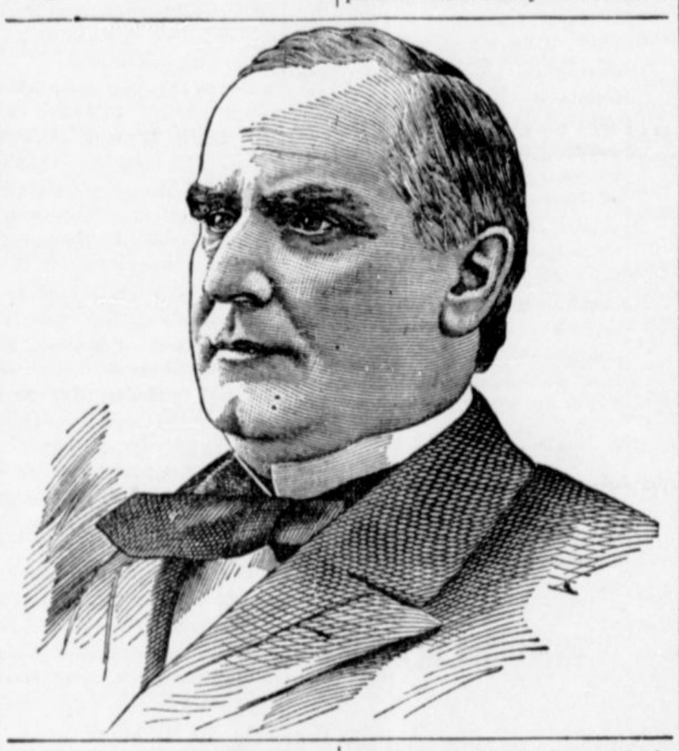
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Breaking the News to Mrs. McKinley —Bravely Received.

Immediately the president was cared for at the exposition grounds, Director-General W. I. Buchanan started for the Milburn residence to forestall any information that might reach there by telephone or otherwise. Very luckily, he was first to arrive with the information. The Niagara Falls trip had tired Mrs. McKinley, and on returning to the Milburn residence she took leave of her nieces, the Misses Barber, and the president's niece, Miss Duncan, as well as their hostess, Mrs. Milburn, and went to her room to rest.



Mr. Buchanan broke the news as gently as possible to the nieces and consulted with them and Mrs. Milburn as to the best course to pursue in breaking the news to Mrs. McKinley. It was finally decided that on her awakening or shortly thereafter Mr. Buchanan should break the news to her, if, in the meantime her physician, Dr. Rixey, had not arrived.

Mrs. McKinley awoke from her sleep about 5:30 o'clock. She was feeling splendidly, she said, and at once took up her crocheting, which, as is well known, is one of her favorite diversions.

Immediately on Mr. Buchanan's arrival at the Milburn home he had telephonic communication therewith cut off, for already there had been several calls, and he decided on this as the wisest course to pursue, lest Mrs. McKinley, hearing the continued ringing of the telephone bell, might inquire what it meant.

While the light of day remained Mrs. McKinley continued with her crocheting, keeping to her room. When it became dusk and the president had not arrived, she began to feel anxious concerning him.

"I wonder why he does not come," she asked one of her nieces.

There was no clock in Mrs. McKinley's room, and when it was seven o'clock she had no idea it was so late, and this is when she began to feel anxious concerning her husband, for he was due to return to Mr. Milburn's house about six o'clock.

At seven o'clock, Dr. Rixey arrived at the Milburn residence. He had been driven hurriedly down Delaware avenue in an open carriage. As he came up Mr. Buchanan was out on the lawn conversing with a reporter.

"Do you know," said Mr. Buchanan, "I had a sort of premonition of this? Since early morning I had been extremely nervous and feared that something might go wrong. Our trip to the falls was uneventful, but what an awful sad ending to our day!"

At 7:20 p. m., Dr. Rixey came out of the house, accompanied by Col. Webb Hayes, a son of former President Hayes, who is a friend of President McKinley. They entered a carriage and returned to the exposition hospital.

After Dr. Rixey had gone Director-General Buchanan said that the doctor had broken the news in a most gentle manner to Mrs. McKinley. He said she stood it bravely, though considerably affected.

If it was possible to bring him to her she wanted it done. Dr. Rixey assured her that the president could be brought with safety from the exposition grounds, and when he left Mr. Milburn's it was to complete all arrangements for the removal of the president.

At 7:30 Secretary of Agriculture Wilson and Miss Wilson called, and were admitted to the Milburn residence.

THE NATION GRIEVES

Deep Sorrow, Mingled with Horror, the Universal Expression.

ALL HEARTS LIFTED TO HEAVEN.

The Governor of Ohio Sounds the Keynote of Humble Faith—How the News of the Shooting of the President Was Received.

Columbus, O., Sept. 7.—The news of the attempt to assassinate President McKinley was received with profound sorrow and anxiety in the capital of his native state, where he resided during the four years in which he served as chief executive of Ohio.

Gov. Nash, Secretary of State Laylin and Auditor of State Guilbert were holding a conference in the executive chamber when the sad tidings reached the capital. The governor was completely unmanned, and, after pacing the floor a few minutes, he walked over to the door, and leaning his head against the lintel, buried his face in his hands.

A few minutes later, Congressman Charles Dick hurried in from the republican state headquarters. He is one of the president's closest friends, and his face plainly betrayed his grief. Mr. Dick sought the governor at once, and a handclasp told the tale of mutual sorrow. Not a word was spoken by either, but tears were in their eyes. When later bulletins told the nature of the wounds, Gen. Dick said:

"There is a chance, then. The president is a man of magnificent physique and of indomitable courage, and he will never give in until the end comes. If grit will pull a man through he will live."

Shortly after the news of the shooting had been received there occurred an affecting incident in the offices of the governor. R. C. Phillips, of Middletown, came in with his two little sons, the oldest not over six years of age. He said that the boys wished to shake hands with the governor. Gov. Nash arose from the seat into which he had cast himself, and gravely took the boys by the hand. The smaller of the two observed the full length portrait of the president on the west wall of the executive chamber. He recognized it, and, walking over to it, said in his childish treble:

"Oh, wont he get well, papa? Wont he get well?"

"Pray God he may, son," said the father, and all in the room responded.

Gov. Nash remained in the executive chamber during the afternoon and evening surrounded by state officials and personal friends of the president, receiving bulletins in regard to the president's condition.

The following telegram was sent by the governor:

"To the President, care Hon. John M. Milburn, Buffalo, N. Y.:

"My office is filled with anxious, loving inquirers after your condition Every ear in Ohio is turned toward Buffalo, eager to catch the first word of hope. Every heart beats with the inspiration that you will speedily recover. Every fervent prayer which goes up to Heaven to-night will be in your behalf. Make a good fight, for all the people are with you and love you. [Signed]

"GEORGE K. NASH."

The streets of the city were filled with excited throngs of people during the latter part of the day and evening, and news of the attempted assassination and the president's condition was eagerly sought.

THE VICE-PRESIDENT STUNNED.

Announced the Awful News and Started on a Special for Buffalo.

Burlington, Vt., Sept. 7.—The first news of the attempted assassination of President McKinley reached Vice-President McKinley at Isle Lamotte at 5:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon, when the vice-president was informed over the telephone that there was a rumor that the president had been shot. It was confirmed by another message a moment later. The vice-president seemed stunned by the news, put his hands to his head and then exclaimed: "My God."

Those around him were immediately informed of the tragedy, and it was decided to announce it to the company of a thousand people, who had gathered to hear Col. Roosevelt speak at the annual outing of the Vermont Fish and Game league.

Senator Proctor made the announcement, and many persons in the audience burst into tears. A later bulletin was received stating that the president was resting quietly, and that the chances were favorable for his recovery.

"Good," exclaimed the vice-president, and his face lighted up. He showed his pleasure by eagerly announcing the good news to the assembly.

The vice-president then left immediately on the yacht El Frida, owned by W. Seward Webb, and came to this city as quickly as possible, having directed that all messages should be held for him here. The yacht was to have gone to Arrow Point, where a special train was waiting for the vice-president, but the train was sent on to Burlington, and was there when the yacht came into the harbor at 8:15 p. m.

President Clement of the Rutland railroad placed the train at the disposal of the vice-president, and made arrangements to take him on it to the scene of the tragedy.

Col. Roosevelt was asked at the wharf for a statement for publication and said:

"I am so inexpressibly grieved, shocked and horrified, that I can say nothing."

He boarded the train and left for Buffalo.

SENATOR HANNA WEPT.

The Shooting of the President Too Horrible to Contemplate.

Cleveland, O., Sept. 7.—When convinced that the news from Buffalo was true, Senator Hanna said:

"I can not say anything about it. It is too horrible to even contemplate, to think that such a thing could happen to so splendid a man as President McKinley, and at this time, and upon such an occasion—it is horrible, awful.

"Mr. McKinley never had any fear of danger from that source. Of course I never talked to him on such a subject, but I know he never dreamed of anything like this happening. I can not be interviewed upon this. It is too awful."

To a reporter he exclaimed:

"What is this great country coming to when such men as Lincoln, Garfield and McKinley fall by the bullet of assassins?

"I shall hurry to the bedside of the president as rapidly as the train will take me. I only hope that he is not seriously injured; but I am afraid that my hopes will be in vain. I do want to reach the president before he dies, if he is going to die. Nobody can be safe from the work of an insane man, it seems. It is terrible."

As the senator boarded a car tears were streaming down his face.

THE GRIEF OF A KINDRED.

Could Have Felt No Worse Had His Beloved King Been Shot.

New York, Sept. 7.—Sir Thomas Lipton last night, on board his steam yacht Erin, said, referring to the shooting of the president:

"I was stunned on receiving the news. I could feel no worse if it had been King Edward himself who had been shot. I am sure that every Britisher extends the hand of sympathy to all Americans in this sad affair. I should very deeply regret that any serious results should follow this sad calamity."

Asked if the president should die would this have any effect upon the international races, Sir Thomas said, in a low voice:

"He is not dead yet. I don't care to speak of that."

Sir Thomas will not sail the Shamrock to-day, on account of the Buffalo tragedy.

The Kindest of Men.

Milwaukee, Sept. 7.—Henry C. Payne, national republican committeeman from Wisconsin, and an intimate friend of President McKinley, spoke of the attempted assassination of the president, as follows:

"The news of the attempted assassination of President McKinley, whether the wounds prove fatal or not, fills me with unspeakable horror and grief. There never lived a man of more kindly disposition, with a more loving and affectionate heart, more tender and sweet in his sympathies, and in his private life more devoted to his family and his friends. In these regards he is the most remarkable man I have ever met in public life."

Greatly Affected by the News.

Philadelphia, Sept. 7.—Postmaster-General Charles Emory Smith was greatly affected by the news of the shooting of President McKinley and expressed himself as shocked beyond measure. He immediately wired to Washington and Buffalo asking for further particulars than the early news dispatches contained. Mr. Smith said he hoped the president's injuries might not prove so serious as was at first intimated.

Mr. Smith left here on a late train to-night for Buffalo. He expects to be at the president's bedside by nine o'clock this morning.

Ex-President Cleveland Shocked.

Winsted, Conn., Sept. 7.—Ex-President Cleveland was fishing at Darling lake, in Tyringham, Mass., when he received the news regarding the shooting of President McKinley. He at once started for the shore in order to hear more details in regard to the matter, and anxiously asked for the lastest advices from McKinley's bedside. Mr. Cleveland was horrified at the news, and said:

"With all American citizens, I am greatly shocked at this news. I can not conceive of a motive. It must have been the act of a crazy man."

The President's Brother Notified.

Denver, Sept. 6.—Abner McKinley, who, with his wife and two daughters, left here this morning for Baileys, in South Platte canyon, over the Colorado & Southern railway, in a special train, was notified late this afternoon of the shooting of the president, and started at once for Denver. He will reach here about 7:30 o'clock, and at ten o'clock will leave for Chicago over the Burlington. He will travel to Buffalo over the Lake Shore unless President McKinley dies before he reaches Chicago, in which case he will go direct to Washington.

The President's Closest Friend.

Washington, Sept. 7.—Probably the closest friend of the president in Washington at the time of the shooting was Mr. Charles G. Dawes, the comptroller of the currency, whose relations with the president are of the most intimate character. Mr. Dawes was completely overcome. He immediately made arrangements to go to Buffalo, so as to be near the chief executive and Mrs. McKinley, and left on the 7:15 o'clock train, accompanied by Elmer Dover, the private secretary to Senator Hanna.

Prayer for the President's Life.

Columbia, S. C., Sept. 7.—Gov. M. B. McSweeny wired the following to Buffalo last night:

"His Excellency, President William McKinley, Buffalo:

"The people of South Carolina were shocked to-day to learn of the attempt to assassinate your excellency. Our deepest sympathies go out to you and your family, and we sincerely hope and pray that the Giver of all good will spare your life to our nation for years to come."

Hastening to Buffalo.

New York, Sept. 7.—Secretary of War Elihu H. Root left the Grand Central depot at 11:10 last night for Buffalo in a special train. He was accompanied by Dr. Dixon, a specialist, whom he is hastening to the bedside of the president. The train was made up of a single coach and engine and all possible speed will be made to reach Buffalo in record-breaking time.

Too Horrified for Expression.

Dublin, N. H., Sept. 7.—Secretary Hitchcock, who has been stopping at Mount Monadnock, last night, when informed of the tragic incident at Buffalo, said:

"I am too horrified to make any expression whatever."

He immediately prepared to leave for Buffalo.

THE ASSASSIN CONFESSES.

An Anarchist and an Admirer of Emma Goldman, Whose Teachings Prompted the Crime.

Buffalo, Sept. 7.—Leon Czolgosz, the accused and self-confessed assassin, has signed a confession covering six pages of foolscap and which states that he is an anarchist, and that he became an enthusiastic member of that body through the influence of Emma Goldman, whose writings he had read and whose lectures he had listened to. He denies having any confederate, and says he decided on the act three days ago, and bought the revolver with which the crime was committed in Buffalo. He has seven brothers and sisters in Cleveland, and the Cleveland directory has the names of about that number living on Hosmer street and Ackland avenue, which adjoin. Some of them are butchers and others are employed in different trades. He is now detained at police headquarters pending the result of the president's injuries.

Czolgosz does not appear in the least degree uneasy or penitent for his action. He says he was induced by his attention to Emma Goldman's lectures and writings to decide that the present form of government in this country was all wrong and he thought the best way to end it was by killing the president. He shows no sign of insanity, but is very reticent about much of his career. While acknowledging himself an anarchist, he does not state to what branch of the organization he belongs.

LONDON PRESS AN UNIT.

Without Exception Extend Sympathies and Fervent Prayers.

London, Sept. 7.—The newspapers this morning, without exception, extend to President McKinley and the American nation the deepest sympathy and deep, fervent prayers for his recovery, while heartfelt gratitude is felt that the latest reports give ground for that hope.

The Times says, editorially:

"It will be a relief to the American people to know that the criminal or lunatic was not one of themselves. We will not contemplate the possibilty of a fatal result, but in any case the government of the United States will not be disturbed. Vice-President Roosevelt is a man of ability and distinction, in whose hands there is no doubt the country's interests would be safe; but President McKinley has gained an almost unique position, and it would be a cruel stroke of fortune if he were cut off in the plentitude of his popularity and when his policy has been apparently vindicated by success at all points."

Crittenden Press 1901-09-12 seq-8.jpg

The Press.

C. WALKER, - Publisher
ALTER WALKER, Manager.

YEAR ONE DOLLAR

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR COUNTY JUDGE.

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J. G. ROCHESTER
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of the Crittenden County Court,
to the action of the Democratic

FOR COUNTY ATTORNEY.

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a candidate for County Attorney, subject to the action of the Democratic party. He will greatly appreciate your support.

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a candidate for Assessor of Crittenden county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

The State Central Committee met at Frankfort and decided against the proposition to name the candidate for the U. S. Senate by primary.

The uncalled for, brutal and cowardly attack upon President McKinley has called forth words of execration and denunciation from every American citizen capable of expressing himself. No man who believes in the fatherhood of God and the brotherhood of man, no man who loves his country and would cherish and foster her institutions of liberty and freedom; no man who is devoted to his own home and the many tender memories that cluster around it can contemplate the awful crime without feeling a chill of inexpressible horror freezing the marrow in his bones and clogging the flow of blood in his veins. The first cry that comes after the shock that follows the breaking of such news is, will the President recover? God grant that he may and that speedily, too. The next thought that comes is, will the perpetrator of the crime against his country and his fellow man be adequately punished. God grant that he may, and that speedily, too. Let all the arms of our boasted laws be extended to mete out the punishment so richly deserved, and in that mighty grip let the wretch, and those that aided or counseled him to the act—if there be such—know that in one country and one people divisions and differences are forgotten when the hideous monster assassin, stalks abroad.

ction Commissioners.

State Board of Election issioners has appointed srs. P. S, Maxwell and W. B. andell election commissioners for this county. The Sheriff is ex-officio the other member of the county board, hence Mr. John T. Pickens, with the other two gentlemen named, will appoint the officers for the approaching election. The officers are to be selected from a list of names furnished by the county committees of the two dominant parties in the county.

Roll of Honor.

Since our last issue the following have paid up and renewed their subscriptions to the PRESS:

Charley Grady, Weston.
L. O. Threlkeld, Tolu.
George King, Marion.
F. W. Thomas, "
Geo. Conyers, "
Claude Wilson, Sullivan
Hattie Farris, Cleyburn, Tex.
Miss Rosa Kevil. Bordley.
Miss Della Kevil, Franklin.
J. W. Vinson, Shady Grove.
D. E. Bentley, Crayneville.
Miss Maud Hughes, Franklin.
Mrs C. C. Dorroh, Pinckneyville
W. T. Dorroh, Cal.

REV. R. H. ADAMS

Died at Princeton Sunday; Funeral at Marion Monday.

ONE OF THE TRUEST AND BEST OF MEN PASSES AWAY.

Rev R. H. Adams, whose illness was mentioned in this paper, died at the residence of his father-in-law, Mr. S. Hodge, at Princeton, Sunday afternoon. The funeral took place from the Presbyterian church at Marion Monday afternoon, Rev. L. O. Spencer of Henderson, conducting the religious services. The remains were laid to rest in the new cemetery,

In the early seventies the deceased came from Ohio to Marion and took charge of the Marion Academy. Though in personal appearance at that time a mere boy, he soon proved that he was a man of full stature and mature ideas as a teacher, and under his guidance the school rapidly grew to be an institution of more than local repute, and young ladies and men came from surrounding counties to attend a school where they not only assimilated the knowledge of the text books but received an inspiration to strive for the highest, best and noblest things in life. In his few years work here Prof. Adams, as he was then known, laid the foundation for the splendid institution of learning we now have, and he also shaped and moulded the character and gave strength and purpose to the lives of many men and women who are today benedictions to the communities in which they live. All of these, though now scattered throughout the states, and compassed about with the affairs of life and surrounded with new friends, will drop a tear of the sincerest grief upon his grave, and thank God that their lives were made better, their thoughts purer and their ambitions holier by contact with this good man—their old teacher and friend.

After leaving Marion he taught at other places, closing his career as a teacher in the Princeton Collegiate Institute; he then entered the ministry and for years served his church—the Southern Presbyterian—at Corydon. About a year ago he was called to the pastorate of a church at Bowling Green, Mo and was there when his fatal illness fell upon him. He accepted the inevitable without a murmur, and expressed a wish to return to Kentucky to die among the friends of his earlier days and here no man's name and memory will be more tenderly cherished, and the place where his mortal remains rests will be holy ground to all of his old pupils.

The funeral discourse by Rev. Spencer was based upon the text: "Behold, I have refined thee, but not with silver; I have chosen thee in the furnace of affliction."

The speaker said that it was not his custom on sad occasions like this to speak in eulogy of the dead, the life, character and the work of this good man, in this community, was a greater eulogy than he could deliver. "You knew, you felt the sweet benedictions that flowed from his life; it is in your hearts and minds today, and speaks to you stronger and better than any speech of mine. As he stood with you as a teacher and friend, as he stood as a minister among his brethren of this Presbytery. I have chosen this text because it is peculiarly fitted to this servant of God. Physically he was greatly afflicted, but all of these afflictions were borne without a murmur; he was refined in the furnace of these afflictions and made pure." Many striking and beautiful analogies were drawn between the life of the deceased and the text, and perhaps no more appropriate discourse was ever delivered in Marion over the mortal remains of man The truth and force of the words of the speaker were felt and appreciated beyond measure by the friends of the deceased.

Rev Adams and Miss Sue Hodge, daughter of Mr. S. Hodge, were united in marriage in Marion twenty years ago; the union was a happy one. Five children were born to them, only two of whom survive him. He leaves one sister, the wife of circuit clerk H. A. Haynes, and one brother, Mr. Wm Adams, the chief clerk in the collector's office at Owensboro.

THE GREAT CRIME.

The Democratic Committee Expresses Its Opinion.

At the meeting of the Democratic county committee Monday the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

It is with the deepest sorrow and most poignant regret that we learn of the murderous assault upon the Hon. William McKinley, President of the United States; therefore be it—

Resolved, That we denounce the cowardly act of the murderous villain as one of the most dastardly and brutal crimes of this or any other age, one that should call forth the bitterest denunciation of every individual in every civilized community of the world. It is our earnest prayer that the greatest punishment provided by law for such repugnant crimes be meted out to the would-be assassin.

Resolved, That the stricken President and his devoted wife have our heartfelt sympathy, and we pray that God may restore him to health and to his family, and to his place at the head of the government.

THE GRIM REAPER'S

Sickle Cuts Down the Old and The Young.

Mrs. Adline Love, wife of Mr. Kay Love, died very suddenly Friday afternoon. The family lives in the Hurricane neighborhood. Friday Mrs. Love was spending the afternoon with a neighbor and while sitting on the porch pealing peeches she remarked that she was growing dizzy. In a few moments she breathed her last.

Mr. Albert Lewis, a young farmer who lived some three miles west of town, died Saturday evening. He was taken sick suddenly and before a physician reached his bedside he died.

The wife of Mr. Rufus J. Ford, a well known farmer, died Sunday afternoon. She had been in ill health some months. The interment took place Monday at the Pleasant Hill cemetery.

PROMINENT VISITORS.

Indian Commissioner Jones and President Snow Looking at Our Mines.

Monday Indian Commissioner Jones, of Missouri, and President Snow, of the Mineral Point Mineral Co., arrived at Marion and will spend some days here looking at the mines and investigating the mineral prospects of this county. Both gentlemen are interested in mining and are well versed in all the phases of this great industry.

Working Night and Day.

The busiest and mightiest little thing that ever was made is Dr. King's New Life Pills. These pills change weakners into strength, listlessness into energy, brain-fag into mental power. They are wonderful in building up the health. Only 25c a box. Sold by H. K Woods & Co,

Farmers wanting the Currie fertilizer should call on A. H. Cardin or J. Frank Conger. They will sell you the finest fertilizer as cheap as you can buy anywhere 3t

PROF. EVANS

Has Something to Say to Parents And School Children.

School begins in Marion Monday. Public school work is provided for those who have not completed the common school branches, and Marion also provides free what but few towns in the State offer, even for money—a high school course for three years beyond the common school branches.

Every parent and thinking boy and girl in this vicinity belisve in the value of education; and no community of people have proved it better. Attendance is the great proof of school interest, and last year there were not over six loafers about our streets. I make a distinction when I use the good word "loafer" between the boys and girls of school age who are out of school with good excuse and the loafers who have none.

Let us this year keep the children in school. We have a chance with the child in school, but with the careless attendant none; and when in the end satisfactory results do not come out of non-attendance at school the parent is to blame.

There is a great mistake being made yearly in this county, and in this town of Marion, so says enlightened public sentiment, in that out of classes of 25 to 40 finishing common school branches, 10 to 15 only enter higher school work, and out of those 10 or 15, only 5 to 8 are supported by self or others to complete a higher work.

There is a disposition on the part of some to think the teacher is talking shop when he calls this a serious mistake, nay, a blunder in life that works regret, weakness and disaster.

So my friends I quote a few words from "Forward," the best edited young people's paper I ever saw, and every word I quote is but an echo of kindred sentiments expressed by men and women of experience every where. It says:

"There is a time in a boy's life, in many cases, when he begins to be impatient about going to school Especially if he lives in a big manufacturing town, where opportunities for a job are plenty, he is likely to say, at about fourteen or fifteen years of age, or even younger, 'I want to go to work; what's the use of going to school any longer?' He is so sure that there is no use of it that he falls off in his interest and his studies and the result is that his parents often yield to his wishes, and Jim or Tom or Harry goes into a machine shop, or a factory, or a mill, and stops his education, as far as the school is concerned, from that day. Perhaps he thinks he is wise, just then; but anywhere from five to ten years thereafter, he begins to find that he was foolish, and he usually repents it more or less strongly, for the rest of his life. For education is a very precious thing, and we must get it in youth or make mistakes and lose opportunsties ever afterwards for lack of it.

"Of course the reason a boy goes to work at fourteen is to make money. Otherwise he would just as willingly stay at school. Now, statistics prove that the Tennessee boy leaves school three years earlier than the Massachusetts boy. The average annual amount of money to each inhabitant of the United States, man, woman and child, is about fifty-five cents a day; that is, if the value of everything produced each year in this country were to be divided among the inhabitants each would receive that much. But the people of Massachusetts, if what they earn annually were divided among themselves, would get eighty-five cents a dry apiece, while the people of Tennessee would only earn about thirty-eight cents a day for each inhabitant. Those extra three years of the Massachusetts boy's schooling are worth forty-seven cents a day to every inhabitant you see.

"Put an ignorant class into the community—uneducated boys and girls, illiterate men and women—and wages fall at once. Cheap labor means uneducated labor. Knowledge is power. A year lost from school is a power lost out of life. A hard working, intelligent machinist, whose chances of education had been good, but who had neglected them, said bitterly, at twenty-three. 'While I have been in these works, I have seen four men promoted over my head. Not one of them knows as much about machinery, practically, as I do. Not one of them is naturally cleverer than I am. Yet it was right to promote them over me, because they have been educated, and can do the mathematical work required in a higher position, and I cant I've made up my mind now, once for all, that I'm going to get an education, if it takes me every evening for five years.' He did get it. But nevertheless he is about five years behind the men of his age, who had education—and he will never quite catch up with them either.

"Education is a paying thing. It is a great privilege to go to a good school. The boy who wants to be a good citizen, a citizen worth as much as possible to himself and others, will aim to get out of every year of school all there is in it, and to get as many years of it as he can. Some boys must leave school early; there is no help for it, for necessity knows no excuse. But the boy who can stay and who goes, half-educated, to the factory or the shop instead, is doing himself and the state a wrong. Ignorance means weakness, bad citizenship, cramped opportunity. Why should we choose to be ignorant, boys, when we can know and learn instead? The answer rests with ourselves, and ourselves only.

Helps young ladies to withstand the shock of sudden proposals, that's what Rocky Mountain Tea has done. 35c. Made by Madison Medicine Co.

Get our prices on wheat before you sell. Will make you money.
Sohwab.

Wall Paper

Our Stock is large and we will sell you paper at any price that you want.

School Books

Of every kind at the very lowest prices. Tablets in endless varieties.

DRUGS- COMPLETE IN EVERY DEPARTMENT.

Your Prescriptions will be in competent hands if entrusted to us.
Our aim is best quality at lowest prices.

H. K. WOODS & CO.

Successors to J. H. Orme.

The GRAPHOPHONE Music Song Story

THE MOST FASCINATING INVENTION OF THE AGE

Rules the whole realm of sound.

Write for Special Catalogue No.



All Prices from $5 to $150

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The Best

IS NONE TO GOOD FOR OUR CUSTOMERS

Our Groceries

Are fresh and clean, and we carry everything usually found in a first class grocerye stablishment.

Just Received a Car Load of Salt!

Call and get our prices before buying.

We will appreciate your patronage and give you good goods and honest weights.

Wilborn & Pierce,

The Old Cameron Building

Finest and Best $1.00 a Day House in Kentucky.

New Richmond House

R. E. DRENNAN, Propr.
PADUCAH, - - KENTUCKY

Wm Harrigan

(Successor to J. H. Orme)
...DEALER IN...
Fine Wines and .... Whiskies
Sole Agent for the Celebrated I. W. Harper and Old Hickory Whiskies
Special Attention to Mail Orders.
MARION. KENTUCKY.



FOR SALE BY WM. HARRIGAN.

James King is in poor health.

For sale by H. K. Woods & Co.

with the prospect.

The Press.

K. C. WALKER, - Publisher
WALTER WALKER, Manager.

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a candidate for Assessor of Crittenden county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

The State Central Committee met at Frankfort and decided against the proposition to name the candidate for the U. S. Senate by primary.

The uncalled for, brutal and cowardly attack upon President McKinley has called forth words of execration and denunciation from every American citizen capable of expressing himself. No man who believes in the fatherhood of God and the brotherhood of man, no man who loves his country and would cherish and foster her institutions of liberty and freedom; no man who is devoted to his own home and the many tender memories that cluster around it can contemplate the awful crime without feeling a chill of inexpressible horror freezing the marrow in his bones and clogging the flow of blood in his veins. The first cry that comes after the shock that follows the breaking of such news is, will the President recover? God grant that he may and that speedily, too. The next thought that comes is, will the perpetrator of the crime against his country and his fellow man be adequately punished. God grant that he may, and that speedily, too. Let all the arms of our boasted laws be extended to mete out the punishment so richly deserved, and in that mighty hand let the wretch, and those that advised or counseled him to the deed—if there be such—know that this is one country and one people, divisions and differences are forgotten when the hideous monster, assassin, stalks abroad.

Election Commissioners.

The State Board of Election Commissioners has appointed Messrs. P. S. Maxwell and W. B. Yandell election commissioners for this county. The Sheriff is ex-officio the other member of the county board, hence Mr. John T. Pickens, with the other two gentlemen named, will appoint the officers for the approaching election. The officers are to be selected from a list of names furnished by the county committees of the two dominant parties in the county.

Roll of Honor.

Since our last issue the following have paid up and renewed their subscriptions to the PRESS:

Charley Grady, Weston.
L. O. Threlkeld, Tolu.
George King, Marion.
F. W. Thomas, "
Geo. Conyers, "
Claude Wilson, Sullivan
Hattie Farris, Cleyburn, Tex.
Miss Rosa Kevil, Bordley.
Miss Della Kevil, Franklin.
J. W. Vinson, Shady Grove.
D. E. Bentley, Crayneville.
Miss Maud Hughes, Franklin.
Mrs C. C. Dorroh, Pinckneyvil'e
W. T. Dorroh, Cal.

REV. R. H. ADAMS

Died at Princeton Sunday; Funeral at Marion Monday.

ONE OF THE TRUEST AND BEST OF MEN PASSES AWAY.

Rev R. H. Adams, whose illness was mentioned in this paper, died at the residence of his father-in-law, Mr. S. Hodge, at Princeton, Sunday afternoon. The funeral took place from the Presbyterian church at Marion Monday afternoon, Rev. L. O. Spencer of Henderson, conducting the religious services. The remains were laid to rest in the new cemetery.

In the early seventies the deceased came from Ohio to Marion and took charge of the Marion Academy. Though in personal appearance at that time a mere boy, he soon proved that he was a man of full stature and mature ideas as a teacher, and under his guidance the school rapidly grew to be an institution of more than local repute, and young ladies and men came from surrounding counties to attend a school where they not only assimilated the knowledge of the text books but received an inspiration to strive for the highest, best and noblest things in life. In his few years work here Prof. Adams, as he was then known, laid the foundation for the splendid institution of learning we now have, and he also shaped and moulded the character and gave strength and purpose to the lives of many men and women who are today benedictions to the communities in which they live. All of these, though now scattered throughout the states, and compassed about with the affairs of life and surrounded with new friends, will drop a tear of the sincerest grief upon his grave, and thank God that their lives were made better, their thoughts purer and their ambitions holier by contact with this good man—their old teacher and friend.

After leaving Marion he taught at other places, closing his career as a teacher in the Princeton Collegiate Institute; he then entered the ministry and for years served his church—the Southern Presbyterian—at Corydon. About a year ago he was called to the pastorate of a church at Bowling Green, Mo and was there when his fatal illness fell upon him. He accepted the inevitable without a murmur, and expressed a wish to return to Kentucky to die among the friends of his earlier days, and here no man's name and memory will be more tenderly cherished, and the place where his mortal remains rests will be holy ground to all of his old pupils.

The funeral discourse by Rev. Spencer was based upon the text: "Behold, I have refined thee, but not with silver; I have chosen thee in the furnace of affliction."

The speaker said that it was not his custom on sad occasions like this to speak in eulogy of the dead, the life, character and the work of this good man, in this community, was a greater eulogy than he could deliver. "You knew, you felt the sweet benedictions that flowed from his life; it is in your hearts and minds today, and speaks to you stronger and better than any speech of mine. As he stood with you as a teacher and friend, as he stood as a minister among his brethren of this Presbytery. I have chosen this text because it is peculiarly fitted to this servant of God. Physically he was greatly afflicted, but all of these afflictions were borne without a murmur; he was refined in the furnace of these afflictions and made pure." Many striking and beautiful analogies were drawn between the life of the deceased and the text, and perhaps no more appropriate discourse was ever delivered in Marion over the mortal remains of man The truth and force of the words of the speaker were felt and appreciated beyond measure by the friends of the deceased.

Rev Adams and Miss Sue Hodge, daughter of Mr. S. Hodge, were united in marriage in Marion twenty years ago; the union was a happy one. Five children were born to them, only two of whom survive him. He leaves one sister, the wife of circuit clerk H. A. Haynes, and one brother, Mr. Wm Adams, the chief clerk in the collector's office at Owensboro.

THE GREAT CRIME.

The Democratic Committee Expresses Its Opinion.

At the meeting of the Democratic county committee Monday the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

It is with the deepest sorrow and most poignant regret that we learn of the murderous assault upon the Hon. William McKinley, President of the United States; therefore be it—

Resolved, That we denounce the cowardly act of the murderous villain as one of the most dastardly and brutal crimes of this or any other age, one that should call forth the bitterest denunciation of every individual in every civilized community of the world. It is our earnest prayer that the greatest punishment provided by law for such repugnant crimes be meted out to the would-be assassin.

Resolved, That the stricken President and his devoted wife have our heartfelt sympathy, and we pray that God may restore him to health and to his family, and to his place at the head of the government.

THE GRIM REAPER'S

Sickle Cuts Down the Old and The Young.

Mrs. Adline Love, wife of Mr. Kay Love, died very suddenly Friday afternoon. The family lives in the Hurricane neighborhood. Friday Mrs. Love was spending the afternoon with a neighbor and while sitting on the porch pealing peeches she remarked that she was growing dizzy. In a few moments she breathed her last.

Mr. Albert Lewis, a young farmer who lived some three miles west of town, died Saturday evening. He was taken sick suddenly and before a physician reached his bedside he died.

The wife of Mr. Rufus J. Ford, a well known farmer, died Sunday afternoon. She had been in ill health some months. The interment took place Monday at the Pleasant Hill cemetery.

PROMINENT VISITORS.

Indian Commissioner Jones and President Snow Looking at Our Mines.

Monday Indian Commissioner Jones, of Missouri, and President Snow, of the Mineral Point Mineral Co., arrived at Marion and will spend some days here looking at the mines and investigating the mineral prospects of this county. Both gentlemen are interested in mining and are well versed in all the phases of this great industry.

Working Night and Day.

The busiest and mightiest little thing that ever was made is Dr. King's New Life Pills. These pills change weakners into strength, listlessness into energy, brain fag into mental power. They are wonderful in building up the health. Only 25c a box. Sold by H. K Woods & Co,

Farmers wanting the Currie fertilizer should call on A. H. Cardin or J. Frank Conger. They will sell you the finest fertilizer as cheap as you can buy anywhere 3t

PROF. EVANS

Has Something to Say to Parents And School Children.

School begins in Marion Monday. Public school work is provided for those who have not completed the common school branches, and Marion also provides free what but few towns in the State offer, even for money—a high school course for three years beyond the common school branches.

Every parent and thinking boy and girl in this vicinity believe in the value of education; and no community of people have proved it better. Attendance is the great proof of school interest, and last year there were not over six loafers about our streets. I make a distinction when I use the good word "loafer" between the boys and girls of school age who are out of school with good excuse and the loafers who have none.

Let us this year keep the children in school. We have a chance with the child in school, but with the careless attendant none; and when in the end satisfactory results do not come out of non-attendance at school the parent is to blame.

There is a great mistake being made yearly in this county, and in this town of Marion, so says enlightened public sentiment, in that out of classes of 25 to 40 finishing common school branches, 10 to 15 only enter higher school work, and out of those 10 or 15, only 5 to 8 are supported by self or others to complete a higher work.

There is a disposition on the part of some to think the teacher is talking shop when he calls this a serious mistake, nay, a blunder in life that works regret, weakness and disaster.

So my friends I quote a few words from "Forward," the best edited young people's paper I ever saw, and every word I quote is but an echo of kindred sentiments expressed by men and women of experience every where. It says:

"There is a time in a boy's life, in many cases, when he begins to be impatient about going to school Especially if he lives in a big manufacturing town, where opportunities for a job are plenty, he is likely to say, at about fourteen or fifteen years of age, or even younger, 'I want to go to work; what's the use of going to school any longer?' He is so sure that there is no use of it that he falls off in his interest and his studies and the result is that his parents often yield to his wishes, and Jim or Tom or Harry goes into a machine shop or a factory, or a mill, and stops his education, as far as the school is concerned, from that day. Perhaps he thinks he is wise, just then; but anywhere from five to ten years thereafter, he begins to find that he was foolish, and he usually repents it more or less strongly, for the rest of his life. For education is a very precious thing, and we must get it in youth or make mistakes and lose opportunities ever afterwards for lack of it.

"Of course the reason a boy goes to work at fourteen is to make money. Otherwise he would just as willingly stay at school. Now, statistics prove that the Tennessee boy leaves school three years earlier than the Massachusetts boy. The average annual amount of money to each inhabitant of the United States, man, woman and child, is about fifty-five cents a day; that is, if the value of everything produced each year in this country were to be divided among the inhabitants each would receive that much. But the people of Massachusetts, if what they earn annually were divided among themselves, would get eighty-five cents a dry apiece, while the people of Tennessee would only earn about thirty-eight cents a day for each inhabitant. Those extra three years of the Massachusetts boy's schooling are worth forty-seven cents a day to every inhabitant you see.

"Put an ignorant class into the community—uneducated boys and girls, illiterate men and women—and wages fall at once. Cheap labor means uneducated labor. Knowledge is power. A year lost from school is a power lost out of life. A hard working, intelligent machinist, whose chances of education had been good, but who had neglected them, said bitterly, at twenty-three. 'While I have been in these works, I have seen four men promoted over my head. Not one of them knows as much about machinery, practically, as I do. Not one of them is naturally cleverer than I am. Yet it was right to promote them over me, because they have been educated, and can do the mathematical work required in a higher position, and I cant I've made up my mind now, once for all, that I'm going to get an education, if it takes me every evening for five years.' He did get it. But nevertheless he is about five years behind the men of his age, who had education—and he will never quite catch up with them either.

"Education is a paying thing. It is a great privilege to go to a good school. The boy who wants to be a good citizen, a citizen worth as much as possible to himself and others, will aim to get out of every year of school all there is in it, and to get as many years of it as he can. Some boys must leave school early; there is no help for it, for necessity knows no excuse. But the boy who can stay and who goes, half-educated, to the factory or the shop instead, is doing himself and the state a wrong. Ignorance means weakness, bad citizenship, cramped opportunity. Why should we choose to be ignorant, boys, when we can know and learn instead? The answer rests with ourselves, and ourselves only.

Helps young ladies to withstand the shock of 'sudden proposals, that's what Rocky Mountain Tea has done. 35c. Made by Madison Medicine Co.

Get our prices on wheat before you sell. Will make you money.
Schwab.

Wall Paper

Our Stock is large and we will sell you paper at any price that you want.

School Books

Of every kind at the very lowest prices. Tablets in endless varieties.

DRUGS- COMPLETE IN EVERY DEPARTMENT.

Your Prescriptions will be in competent hands if entrusted to us.
Our aim is best quality at lowest prices.

H. K. WOODS & CO.

Successors to J. H. Orme.

The GRAPHOPHONE Music Song Story

THE MOST FASCINATING INVENTION OF THE AGE

Rules the whole realm of sound.



Write for Special Catalogue No.

All Prices from $5 to $150

Columbia Phonograph Company
110 E. Baltimore St BALTIMORE, MD.

The Best

IS NONE TO GOOD FOR OUR CUSTOMERS

Our Groceries

Are fresh and clean, and we carry everything usually found in a first class grocerye stablishment.

Just Received a Car Load of Salt!

Call and get our prices before buying.

We will appreciate your patronage and give you good goods and honest weights.

Wilborn & Pierce,

The Old Cameron Building

Finest and Best $1.00 a Day House in Kentucky.

New Richmond House

R. E. DRENNAN, Propr.
PADUCAH, - - KENTUCKY

Wm Harrigan

(Successor to J. H. Orme)
...DEALER IN...
Fine Wines and Whiskies
Sole Agent for the Celebrated I. W. Harper and Old Hickory Whiskies
Special Attention to Mail Orders.
MARION. KENTUCKY.



FOR SALE BY WM. HARRIGAN.

Crittenden Press 1901-09-12 seq-10.jpg

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The Press.

R. C. WALKER, - Publisher
WALTER WALKER, Manager.

OBITUARIES:—Not exceeding 10 lines will be published free of charge. All over 10 lines at 5 cents per line.
RESOLUTIONS OF RESPECT:—$1.00

Ollie James was in Frankfort this week.

Mr. John H. Morse was in Cincinnati this week.

Percy Cooksey, of Dycusburg, was in town Monday.

Mrs. J. W. Goodloe wants a few gentlemen boarders.

Mr. S. H. Cassidy of Dycusburg was in town this week.

Mrs. Dave Woods is visiting relatives at Decatur, Ill.

Mrs. L. B. Kittinger returned Monday from Cincinnati.

Mrs. John Weldon, of Crofton, is the guest of friends here.

Mr. C. C. Dorroh, of Pinckneyville, paid us a call Tuesday.

L. W. Postlethwaite desires to sell his residence in this city. 3t

Mrs. George Givens is very ill. She is suffering from appendicitis

The usual county court day crowd thronged the streets Monday.

Miss Cora Graves, of Dycusburg visited friends in this city last week.

Mrs. J. D. Hardwick, of Dixon, is the guest of relatives at this place.

Miss Nannie Smith, of Henderson, is the guest of Mrs. T. A. Conway.

Get a coupon laundry book from Roy Gilbert. It will save you money.

Sept. 19th, 20th, 21st are the days of Mrs Franks' millinery opening.

FOR SALE.—Two desirable building lots in East Marion.
tf A. H. McNeely.

Mr. J. M. McChesney, the enterprising merchant of Kelsey, was in town Monday.

The latest designs and styles in all lines of millinery, are to be found at Mrs. Franks'.

Save money on your laundry work by getting a coupon laundry book from Roy Gilbert.

Mrs. E. J. Hayward, of Dycusburg, is visiting her son, cashier Hayward, of this city.

Mrs. A. M. Hearin and Mr. T. E. Hearin and family are visiting friends in Madisonville.

Dr. Morris is in Salem this week Those desirous to see him will find him at his office Friday.

Mrs. Franks has an entirely new stock of millinery goods. See her before you buy elsewhere.

The poles for the eclectric light wires have at last arrived and are now being placed in position. The work of wiring the houses will soon be in progress.

The protracted meeting that has been in progress at Crooked Creek church closed Sunday. Eld J. B. Wallace, of Blackford, assisted the pastor. There were eleven conversions.

Sid Darling, 1012 Howard st., Port Huron, Mich., writes: 'I have tried many pills and laxatives but DeWitt's Little Early Risers are far the best pills I have ever used' They never gripe. R. F. Haynes.

Children love to take Morley's Little Liver Pills for Bilious People because they are small, look and taste like candy and do not gripe or sicken them. One a dose Sold by H. K. Woods & Co.

Dried apples are going to be a fancy price. Dry all them you can in large quarters. I want them. Schwab.

Mrs J. H. Walker has been quite ill for several days.

Mr R. N. Minner, of near Fords Ferry, is preparing to move to Marion.

FOR RENT—A house of five rooms, good stable, etc. Apply to R. C. Walker.

Harry Hammond has accepted a position with the Cumberland telephone company at Princeton.

The Republican candidates for the county offices spoke at the court house Monday afternoon.

Mrs. James L. Bird, of Charleston, Mo., was the guest of her sister, Mrs. E. J. Hayward, last week.

The family of Deputy Warden Jesse Olive will leave for Eddyville next week, where they will reside.

Miss Della Kevil returned last week to Franklin, to resume her studies in the Southern School of Osteopathy.

Mothers write us that they have solved the problem of keeping the children well. Give them Rocky Mountain Tea.

Mrs. Sarah Glenn, a well known lady of Caldwell county, died at her home near Crider last week. She was the widow of the late Henry T. Fleun.

Rev. Conway and family returned from Union county last week. He has been holding a successful meeting at Sullivan.

Rev U. G. Hughes was called to the pastorate of Baker, the new church in the northeastern part of the county, Saturday.

Miss Ina Woods, Mrs. Birdie Elder and Miss Kathie Woods will assist Mrs. Elizabeth Franks in her New Millinery Store.

J. P. Pierce will have a number of nice lodging rooms for rent in the new brick building being erected on Main street, north of the Pierce livery stable. 2w

Mr. James G. Hunt, of this county, patentee of the Hunt Portable Fence, left yesterday for Illinois to dispose of coun'y rights for his patent.

Mrs. George Croft and family, of Salem, came to this city Monday to remain during the school year. They will occupy the Summerville residence.

Anderson & Skelton, the hustlers for the American Benevolent Association, have written more than $100,000 insurance in thirty days, and still they write.

The city council held its regular monthly session Tuesday night Messrs Cochran and Gray, the new councilmen, were sworn in. No other business of importance was transacted.

A never failing cure for cuts, burns, scalds, ulcers, wounds and sores is DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. A most soothing and healing remedy for all skin affections. Accept only the genuine. R. F. Haynes.

Mr. William W. Wilson is now in Louisville attending the Massey Business College. This school is one of the famous Massey chain of colleges and has just opened at Louisville one of their schools. Mr. Wilson was the first student to register at the new college

Mr. W. T. Dorroh, after spending two weeks with friends in Kentucky, left Monday for his home at Angel's Camp, Cal. Mr. Dorroh went to the Pacific coast states thirty-two years ago, and this was his first visit home since then. He was able to recognize at sight but few of his old friends, just here and there he found faces that looked enough like they did thirty-two years ago for him to recognize. He has charge of a big ore reducing mill and is interested in mining in California.

I want your peach seed but will not buy them if green or dirty. Must be clean. Schwab.

Fine Tobacco.

Mr. A. H. Carding, the well known tobacco dealer, tells us that he has been over portions of Crittenden, Caldwell, Lyon and Livingston counties looking at the growing tobacco, and that he finds it the best crop in twenty years.

Franklin---Nunn.

Mr. Ben B. Franklin and Miss Madge F. Nunn were married at the residence of the bride's father Tuesday evening. The bride is the beautiful daughter of Mr. Ira Nunn. The groom is a prosperous young farmer.

Wedding in Livingston.

Dr. F. G. LaRue, of Smithland, and Miss Annie Belle Coffield, of Hampton, were united in marriage at the Christian church at Hampton Tuesday morning. Miss Coffield is a most charming young lady and Dr. LaRue is one of Livingston county's most successful physicians. The PRESS extends congratulations.

County Court.

County court convened Monday. No business of importance was transacted. The following are the orders made by the court during the past month:

Rev W. D. Humphrey authorized to solemnize marriage.

W. F. Deboe granted peddler license.

T. A. Walker appointed deputy sheriff of Crittenden county.

All persons interested in the Love graveyard are requested to meet there on Tuesday, Sept. 17th at 7 o'clock, a. m., to clean off the graves and otherwise improve it. Bring your dinner and come prepared to work and not to talk.

T. E. Griffith,
E. B. Moore,
H. C. Love,
Trustees.

Distillery for Sale.

We desire to sell our distillery outfit. Good machinery. Capacity two barrels per day. Will sell house and machinery, or the latter alone. A bargain.

F. E. Robertson & Co.

Notice.

All persons desiring to bid on the building of the houses to be used as voting places at the November election, at Rosebud and Bells Mines, should meet me at Rosebud at 9 o'clock a. m., Friday, Sept. 20th, and at Bells Mines at 2 o'clock, p. m., on same day.

2w J. G. Rochester.

R. W. Purcell. Kintersville, Pa., says he suffered 25 years with the piles and could obtain no relief, until DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve effected a permanent cure. Counterfeits are worthless. Robt. F Haynes.

All teachers of Marion Graded School are expected to see that their respective rooms are fitted for work before Sept. 15th. Also they are asked to meet the principal at the school building Saturday morning, Sept. 14th, at 9:30 o'clock, promptly.

Charles Evans.

Farm for Sale.

We have for sale a farm of 223 acres creek bottom land, part of it well timbered, about 2½ miles of Repton, on the I. C. railroad and four miles from Marion. Mr Abe Baker will show the land to persons interested.

Blue & Nunn,
Agts for Watking, Carrithers & Co.

FOR SALE:—Benches, pulpit chandelier and complete furnishings for a church.

J. W. Blue, Jr.

A Shocking Calamity

Lately befell a railroad laborer, writes Dr. A. Killett, of Wilford, Ark. "His foot was badly crushed but Arnica Salve quickly cured him. It is simply wonderful for Burns, Boils, Piles and skin eruptions. It is the world's champion healer. Cure guaranteed. 25c. Sold by H. K. Woods & Co.

M'KINLEY WILL RECOVER.

Latest Dispatches State That the Crisis Has Been Successfully Passed.

Buffalo, Sept. 11.—The President has safely passed his crisis period and he will recover. The condition of Mr. McKinley is more favorable than at any time since the shooting, and such as to cause the attending physicians to discard the reserve which has characterized their previous statements. They now wear an air of absolute confidence and declare without hesitation that the President will make a sure and speedy recovery,

Senator Hanna, Vice President Roosevelt and other's of the President's immediate circle are so thoroughly convinced that ever danger has been passed that they have left Buffalo for their homes.

Marriage License.

Sept. 4—John Craighead and Miss Annie Gross.

Sept. 4—Henry E. Gass and Miss Bertie L. Gass.

Sept. 10.—Ben B. Franklin and Miss Madge L. Nunn.

Deeds Recorded.

J. J. Fleming to Rob't. F. Haynes, house and lot in Marion, $2,250.

M. M. Manis to Sarah E. Hurley, 25 acres land on Hurricane $300.

Mary J. Hicklin and others to H. L. Sullivan, 3 acres, $810.

H. L. Sullivan and others to W. S. Hicklin, 75 acres known as C. H. Newcom farm, $800.

H. L. Sullivan to A. L. Sullivan, 74 acres, $300.

Farm for Sale.

A farm of 111 acres, three miles below Mattoon, Ky., on the old State road running from Shady Grove to Weston; 80 acres cleared; two fine orchards, good water, good house, barn, etc. Will sell at a bargain.

F. M. Daniel,
1m Mattoon, Ky.

I have a cottage house with four rooms and hall, in desirable section of the town for sale. Large lot and good improvements.

J. W. Blue, Jr.

Notice.

The Republican county committee will meet at the court house, Marion, Ky., on Saturday, Sept. 21, at 2 o'clock, for the transaction of important business. Every member of the committee is earnestly requested to attend.

J. F. Conger, Ch'n.

Husband,

If you have a weak, nervous, debilitated wife, do not scold or become impatient with her. Give her kind treatment loving words and Morley's Liver and Kidney Cordial, to renovate, regulate, ann strengthen her system, and she will soon be your healthy, happy best half. Price $1. Sold by H. K. Woods & Co.

An English association regarding woman's happiness has offered a reward of five hundred pounds for a greater blessing to women than Rocky Mountain Tea. Ask your druggist.

PIANO WANTED.—I desire to rent a piano to be used in the opera house during the coming season. Must be a first-class instrument in good condition. I will carry insurance on the piano. Call at the PRESS office.

Walter Walker.

Cuts and Bruises Quickly Healed.

Chamberlain's Pain Balm applied to a cut, bruise, burn, scald or like injury will instantly allay the pain and will heal the parts in less time than any other treatment. Unless the injury is very severe it will not leave a scar. Pain Balm also cures rheumatism, sprains, swellings and lameness. For sale by Robt F Haynes.

ATTENTION!

Soldiers Duty: To be Loyal to their Country.

Farmers Duty- To be Loyal to their Family.

SCHWAB

Will pay you more for Chickens, Eggs, Dried Fruit, Peach Seed, Wheat, Etc., than any other house within 100 square miles. We do not pay in trade but in strictly cash.

WILL PAY YOU:

10c for Eggs. 7c for Young Chickens. Want your Ducks and Geese.

WILL SELL YOU:

Arbuckles or Lyon Coffee 10c
Green Coffee, per lb 8⅓c
16½ lbs Granulated Sugar for $1
17 lbs Light Brown Sugar for $1
All other goods in proportion.

Salt, $1.25 par barrel.
Soda, 8lbs for 25cts.
Queensware and Glassware immense stock at extremely low prices.

You know we pay you more for Produce and sell you goods for 30 per cent less than any house in town.

Why not trade with the firm that works to your interest.

Yours to Command,

H. SCHWAB.

PEA THRESHING.

We have a New Bidwell Steam Pea Thresher that will take vine and pod into the machine and will seperate the peas nicely cleaned and uncracked from the hay, as in threshing wheat; leaving the hay in better condition for feed than before threshing.

The time to cut peas for threshing is when two-thirds of the peas on vine are matured, after mowing the peas they should cure about one-half or two-thirds, then placed in small tall cocks for one or two days, then placed in shed, barn or ricked, each rick should be well covered with hay or straw. The yield of peas per acre is 10 to 25 bushels. The price of peas next season from present prospect will be equal to last season's prices. We will send our machine into any neighborhood where we are assured 50 acres of a fair crop of peas. Our outfit consists of a traction engine, thresher, 4 horses and 4 men. All those wanting threshing done should notify us at once by postal card stating number of acres to be threshed to enable us to map out route and to let you know when to expect machine. Price for threshing 25 cents per bushel and will set to thresh 25 bushels of peas.

Address:

T. J. AINSWORTH & CO.,
n13-3w. MARION, KY.

Red Poll Bull Calves.

3 half breeds, good mother, registered bull, $35.00 each.
1 full blood, $100.
They will please you, call and see them.
1 registered Poland China Boar, weight 150 or 60 lbs, $10 if taken before 15th Sept.

W. L. KENNEDY,
LOLA, KY.

Lumber For Sale,

I keep constantly on hand rough lumber of all dimensions, and am prepared to fill bills on short notice

W. A. DAVIDSON,
LEVIAS, KY

A CARD.

TO THE VOTERS OF CRITTENDEN COUNTY:

At the solicitation of many friends of the various political parties, and having received the nomination of my party without opposition, I take pleasure in announcing that I am a candidate for re-election to the office of county court clerk, and hope that you will give my claims due consideration, and any and all favors shown me in this matter will be duly and kindly appreciated; and if re-elected I promise a faithful and impartial discharge of the duties of said office, as I have ever tried to do in the past; and permit me to return you my heartfelt thanks for your many acts of kindness extended me, and for the confidence reposed in me as your public servant and friend in the by gone years, and during all of which time I have endeavored to be faithful to the trusts confided to me, in the discharge of all of my official duties required by law, but how far short I have come, you are to be the judges; and knowing that your judgment will be just, I submit my entire case with you, and whatever decision you may render next November will be cheerfully accepted by me.

Respectfully yours.

D. WOODS, Co. Clerk.

Oil for the Children.

Give them oil—cod-liver oil. It's curious to see the result.

Give it to the peevish, fretful child, and he laughs. Give it to the pale, anæmic child, and his face becomes rosy and full of health. Take a flat-chested child, or a child that has stopped growing, give him the oil, and he will grow big and strong like the rest.

This is not a new scheme. It has been done for years. Of course you must use the right oil. Scott's Emulsion is the one.

Scott's Emulsion neither looks nor tastes like oil because we are so careful in making it pleasant to take.

Send for free sample.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, 409 Pearl St., N. Y.
50c and $1.00; all druggists.

Crittenden Press 1901-09-12 seq-11.jpg

The Press.

R. C. WALKER, - Publisher
WALTER WALKER, Manager.

OBITUARIES:—Not exceeding 10 lines will be published free of charge. All over 10 lines at 5 cents per line.
RESOLUTIONS OF RESPECT:—$1.00

Ollie James was in Frankfort this week.

Mr. John H. Morse was in Cincinnati this week.

Percy Cooksey, of Dycusburg, was in town Monday.

Mrs. J. W. Goodloe wants a few gentlemen boarders.

Mr. S. H. Cassidy of Dycusburg was in town this week.

Mrs. Dave Woods is visiting relatives at Decatur, Ill.

Mrs. L. B. Kittinger returned Monday from Cincinnati.

Mrs. John Weldon, of Crofton, is the guest of friends here.

Mr. C. C. Dorroh, of Pinckneyville, paid us a call Tuesday.

L. W. Postlethwaite desires to sell his residence in this city. 3t

Mrs. George Givens is very ill. She is suffering from appendicitis

The usual county court day crowd thronged the streets Monday.

Miss Cora Graves, of Dycusburg visited friends in this city last week.

Mrs. J. D. Hardwick, of Dixon, is the guest of relatives at this place.

Miss Nannie Smith, of Henderson, is the guest of Mrs. T. A. Conway.

Get a coupon laundry book from Roy Gilbert. It will save you money.

Sept. 19th, 20th, 21st are the days of Mrs Franks' millinery opening.

FOR SALE.—Two desirable building lots in East Marion.
tf A. H. McNeely.

Mr. J. M. McChesney, the enterprising merchant of Kelsey, was in town Monday.

The latest designs and styles in all lines of millinery, are to be found at Mrs. Franks'.

Save money on your laundry work by getting a coupon laundry book from Roy Gilbert.

Mrs. E. J. Hayward, of Dycusburg, is visiting her son, cashier Hayward, of this city.

Mrs. A. M. Hearin and Mr. T. E. Hearin and family are visiting friends in Madisonville.

Dr. Morris is in Salem this week Those desirous to see him will find him at his office Friday.

Mrs. Franks has an entirely new stock of millinery goods. See her before you buy elsewhere.

The poles for the eclectric light wires have at last arrived and are now being placed in position. The work of wiring the houses will soon be in progress.

The protracted meeting that has been in progress at Crooked Creek church closed Sunday. Eld J. B. Wallace, of Blackford, assisted the pastor. There were eleven conversions.

Sid Darling, 1012 Howard st., Port Huron, Mich., writes: 'I have used many pills and laxatives but DeWitt's Little Early Risers are the best pills I have ever used' they never gripe. R. F. Haynes.

Children love to take Morley's Little Liver Pills for Bilious Peoble because they are small, look and taste like candy and do not gripe or sicken them. One a dose Sold by H. K. Woods & Co.

Dried apples are going to be a fancy price. Dry all them you can in large quarters. I want them.
Schwab.

Mrs J. H. Walker has been quite ill for several days.

Mr R. N. Minner, of near Fords Ferry, is preparing to move to Marion.

FOR RENT—A house of five rooms, good stable, etc. Apply to R. C. Walker.

Harry Hammond has accepted a position with the Cumberland telephone company at Princeton.

The Republican candidates for the county offices spoke at the court house Monday afternoon.

Mrs. James L. Bird, of Charleston, Mo., was the guest of her sister, Mrs. E. J. Hayward, last week.

The family of Deputy Warden Jesse Olive will leave for Eddyville next week, where they will reside.

Miss Della Kevil returned last week to Franklin, to resume her studies in the Southern School of Osteopathy.

Mothers write us that they have solved the problem of keeping the children well. Give them Rocky Mountain Tea.

Mrs. Sarah Glenn, a well known lady of Caldwell county, died at her home near Crider last week. She was the widow of the late Henry T. Flenn.

Rev. Conway and family returned from Union county last week. He has been holding a successful meeting at Sullivan.

Rev U. G. Hughes was called to the pastorate of Baker, the new church in the northeastern part of the county, Saturday.

Miss Ina Woods, Mrs. Birdie Elder and Miss Kathie Woods will assist Mrs. Elizabeth Franks in her New Millinery Store.

J. P. Pierce will have a number of nice lodging rooms for rent in the new brick building being erected on Main street, north of the Pierce livery stable. 2w

Mr. James G. Hunt, of this county, patentee of the Hunt Portable Fence, left yesterday for Illinois to dispose of county rights for his patent.

Mrs. George Croft and family, of Salem, came to this city Monday to remain during the school year. They will occupy the Summerville residence.

Anderson & Skelton, the hustlers for the American Benevolent Association, have written more than $100,000 insurance in thirty days, and still they write.

The city council held its regular monthly session Tuesday night Messrs Cochran and Gray, the new councilmen, were sworn in. No other business of importance was transacted.

A never failing cure for cuts, burns, scalds, ulcers, wounds and sores is DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. A most soothing and healing remedy for all skin affections. Accept only the genuine. R. F. Haynes.

Mr. William W. Wilson is now in Louisville attending the Massey Business College. This school is one of the famous Massey chain of colleges and has just opened at Louisville one of their schools. Mr. Wilson was the first student to register at the new college

Mr. W. T. Dorroh, after spending two weeks with friends in Kentucky, left Monday for his home at Angel's Camp, Cal. Mr. Dorroh went to the Pacific coast states thirty-two years ago, and this was his first visit home since then. He was able to recognize at sight but few of his old friends, just here and there he found faces that looked enough like they did thirty-two years ago for him to recognize. He has charge of a big ore reducing mill and is interested in mining in California.

I want your peach seed but will not buy them if green or dirty. Must be clean.
Schwab.

Fine Tobacco.

Mr. A. H. Cardin, the well known tobacco dealer, tells us that he has been over portions of Crittenden, Caldwell, Lyon and Livingston counties looking at the growing tobacco, and that he finds it the best crop in twenty years.

Franklin---Nunn.

Mr. Ben B. Franklin and Miss Madge F. Nunn were married at the residence of the bride's father Tuesday evening. The bride is the beautiful daughter of Mr. Ira Nunn. The groom is a prosperous young farmer.

Wedding in Livingston.

Dr. F. G. LaRue, of Smithland, and Miss Annie Belle Coffield, of Hampton, were united in marriage at the Christian church at Hampton Tuesday morning. Miss Coffield is a most charming young lady and Dr. LaRue is one of Livingston county's most successful physicians. The PRESS extends congratulations.

County Court.

County court convened Monday, No business of importance was transacted. The following are the orders made by the court during the past month:

Rev W. D. Humphrey authorized to solemnize marriage.

W. F. Deboe granted peddler license.

T. A. Walker appointed deputy sheriff of Crittenden county.

All persons interested in the Love graveyard are requested to meet there on Tuesday, Sept. 17th at 7 o'clock, a. m., to clean off the graves and otherwise improve it. Bring your dinner and come prepared to work and not to talk.

T. E. Griffith,
E. B. Moore,
H. C. Love,
Trustees.

Distillery for Sale.

We desire to sell our distillery outfit. Good machinery. Capacity two barrels per day. Will sell house and machinery, or the latter alone. A bargain.

F. E. Robertson & Co.

Notice.

All persons desiring to bid on the building of the houses to be used as voting places at the November election, at Rosebud and Bells Mines, should meet me at Rosebud at 9 o'clock a. m., Friday, Sept. 20th, and at Bells Mines at 2 o'clock, p. m., on same day.

2w J. G. Rochester.

R. W. Purcell. Kintersville, Pa., says he suffered 25 years with the piles and could obtain no relief, until DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve effected a permanent cure. Counterfeits are worthless. Robt. F Haynes.

All teachers of Marion Graded School are expected to see that their respective rooms are fitted for work before Sept. 15th. Also they are asked to meet the principal at the school building Saturday morning, Sept. 14th, at 9:30 o'clock, promptly.

Charles Evans.

Farm for Sale.

We have for sale a farm of 223 acres creek bottom land, part of it well timbered, about 2½ miles of Repton, on the I. C. railroad and four miles from Marion. Mr Abe Baker will show the land to persons interested.

Blue & Nunn,
Agts for Watking, Carrithers & Co.

FOR SALE:—Benches, pulpit chandelier and complete furnishings for a church.

J. W. Blue, Jr.

A Shocking Calamity

Lately befell a railroad laborer, writes Dr. A. Killett, of Wilford, Ark. "His foot was badly crushed but Arnica Salve quickly cured him. It is simply wonderful for Burns, Boils, Piles and skin eruptions. It is the world's champion healer. Cure guaranteed. 25c. Sold by H. K. Woods & Co.

M'KINLEY WILL RECOVER.

Latest Dispatches State That the Crisis Has Been Successfully Passed.

Buffalo, Sept. 11.—The President has safely passed his crisis period and he will recover. The condition of Mr. McKinley is more favorable than at any time since the shooting, and such as to cause the attending physicians to discard the reserve which has characterized their previous statements. They now wear an air of absolute confidence and declare without hesitation that the President will make a sure and speedy recovery,

Senator Hanna, Vice President Roosevelt and other's of the President's immediate circle are so thoroughly convinced that ever danger has been passed that they have left Buffalo for their homes.

Marriage License.

Sept. 4—John Craighead and Miss Annie Gross.

Sept. 4—Henry E. Gass and Miss Bertie L. Gass.

Sept. 10.—Ben B. Franklin and Miss Madge L. Nunn.

Deeds Recorded.

J. J. Fleming to Rob't. F. Haynes, house and lot in Marion, $2,250.

M. M. Manis to Sarah E. Hurley, 25 acres land on Hurricane $300.

Mary J. Hicklin and others to H. L. Sullivan, 3 acres, $810.

H. L. Sullivan and others to W. S. Hicklin, 75 acres known as C. H. Newcom farm, $800.

H. L. Sullivan to A. L. Sullivan, 74 acres, $300.

Farm for Sale.

A farm of 111 acres, three miles below Mattoon, Ky., on the old State road running from Shady Grove to Weston; 80 acres cleared; two fine orchards, good water, good house, barn, etc. Will sell at a bargain.

F. M. Daniel,
1m Mattoon, Ky.

I have a cottage house with four rooms and hall, in desirable section of the town for sale. Large lot and good improvements.

J. W. Blue, Jr.

Notice.

The Republican county committee will meet at the court house, Marion, Ky., on Saturday, Sept. 21, at 2 o'clock, for the transaction of important business. Every member of the committee is earnestly requested to attend.

J. F. Conger, Ch'n.

Husband,

If you have a weak, nervous, debilitated wife, do not scold or become impatient with her. Give her kind treatment loving words and Morley's Liver and Kidney Cordial, to renovate, regulate, ann strengthen her system, and she will soon be your healthy, happy best half. Price $1. Sold by H. K. Woods & Co.

An English association regarding woman's happiness has offered a reward of five hundred pounds for a greater blessing to women than Rocky Mountain Tea. Ask your druggist.

PIANO WANTED.—I desire to rent a piano to be used in the opera house during the coming season. Must be a first-class instrument in good condition. I will carry insurance on the piano. Call at the PRESS office.

Walter Walker.

Cuts and Bruises Quickly Healed.

Chamberlain's Pain Balm applied to a cut, bruise, burn, scald or like injury will instantly allay the pain and will heal the parts in less time than any other treatment. Unless the injury is very severe it will not leave a scar. Pain Balm also cures rheumatism, sprains, swellings and lameness. For sale by Robt F Haynes,

ATTENTION!

Soldiers Duty: To be Loyal to their Country.

Farmers Duty- To be Loyal to their Family.

SCHWAB

Will pay you more for Chickens, Eggs, Dried Fruit, Peach Seed, Wheat, Etc., than any other house within 100 square miles. We not pay in trade but in strictly cash.

WILL PAY YOU:

10c for Eggs. 7c for Young Chickens.
Want your Ducks and Geese.

WILL SELL YOU:

Arbuckles or Lyon Coffee 10c
Green Coffee, per lb 8⅓c
16½ lbs Granulated Sugar for $1
17 lbs Light Brown Sugar for $1
All other goods in proportion.

Salt, $1.25 par barrel.
Soda, 8lbs for 25cts.
Queensware and Glassware immense stock at extremely low prices.

You know we pay you more for Produce and sell you goods for 30 per cent less than any house in town.

Why not trade with the firm that works to your interest.

Yours to Command,

H. SCHWAB.

.PEA THRESHING.

We have a New Bidwell Steam Pea Thresher that will take vine and pod into the machine and will seperate the peas nicely cleaned and uncracked from the hay, as in threshing wheat; leaving the hay in better condition for feed than before threshing.

The time to cut peas for threshing is when two-thirds of the peas on vine are matured, after mowing the peas they should cure about one-half or two-thirds, then placed in small tall cocks for one or two days, then placed in shed, barn or ricked, each rick should be well covered with hay or straw. The yield of peas per acre is 10 to 25 bushels. The price of peas next season from present prospect will be equal to last season's prices. We will send our machine into any neighborhood where we are assured 50 acres of a fair crop of peas. Our outfit consists of a traction engine, thresher, 4 horses and 4 men. All those wanting threshing done should notify us at once by postal card stating number of acres to be threshed to enable us to map out route and to let you know when to expect machine. Price for threshing 25 cents per bushel and will set to thresh 25 bushels of peas.

Address:

T. J. AINSWORTH & CO.,
n13-3w. MARION, KY.

Red Poll Bull Calves.

3 half breeds, good mother, registered bull, $35.00 each.
1 full blood, $100.
They will please you, call and see them.
1 registered Poland China Boar, weight 150 or 60 lbs, $10 if taken before 15th Sept.

W. L. KENNEDY,
LOLA, KY.

Lumber For Sale,

I keep constantly on hand rough lumber of all dimensions, and am prepared to fill bills on short notice

W. A. DAVIDSON,
LEVIAS, KY

A CARD.

TO THE VOTERS OF CRITTENDEN COUNTY:

At the solicitation of many friends of the various political parties, and having received the nomination of my party without opposition, I take pleasure in announcing that I am a candidate for re-election to the office of county court clerk, and hope that you will give my claims due consideration, and any and all favors shown me in this matter will be duly and kindly appreciated; and if re-elected I promise a faithful and impartial discharge of the duties of said office, as I have ever tried to do in the past; and permit me to return you my heartfelt thanks for your many acts of kindness extended me, and for the confidence reposed in me as your public servant and friend in the by gone years, and during all of which time I have endeavored to be faithful to the trusts confided to me, in the discharge of all of my official duties required by law, but how far short I have come, you are to be the judges; and knowing that your judgment will be just, I submit my entire case with you, and whatever decision you may render next November will be cheerfully accepted by me,

Respectfully yours.

D. WOODS, Co. Clerk.

Oil for the Children

Give them oil—cod-liver oil. It's curious to see the results.

Give it to the peevish, fretful child, and he laughs. Give it to the pale, anæmic child, and his face becomes rosy. Give it to a child full of health. Take a flat-chested child, or a child that has stopped growing, give him the oil, and he will grow fat and strong like the rest.

This is not a new science. It has been done for years. Of course you must use the right oil. Scott's Emulsion is the one.

Scott's Emulsion neither looks nor tastes like oil because we are so careful in making it pleasant to take.

Send for free sample.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, 409 Pearl St., N. Y.
50c and $1.00; all druggists.

11 GROWS ENCOURAGING.

News From the Wounded President Continues of an Encouraging Character.

NO COMPLICATIONS HAVE DEVELOPED.

The Belief Prevails That the President Will Recover, and That Belief is Reflected in the Countenances of Visitors Leaving the Milburn Home at Buffalo.

Milburn House, Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 9.—The following bulletin was issued by the physicians at 9:20 a. m.: "The president's condition is becoming more and more satisfactory. Untoward incidents are less likely to occur. Pulse 122; temperature 100.8 degrees; respiration 28.

[Signed]

P. M. RIXEY.
M. D. MANN.
ROSSWELL PARK.
HERMAN MYNTER.
EUGENE WASDIN.
CHAS. McBURNEY.

GEORGE B. CORTELYOU,
Secretary to the president."

WAS AN ANXIOUS WAIT.

The Bulletin of the Doctors Was Awaited With Much Anxiety.

Milburn House, Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 9.—The doctors began assembling about eight o'clock, and it was 9:15 before any of them came away from the Milburn house. Pending their conferences, there was an anxious wait. Several visitors arrived, including ex-Postmaster-General Bissell and Chas. P. Sanger. Mr. Bissell was one of the first to emerge from the house after the doctors had completed their consultation, and in a brief general way he summarized the situation by saying that the conditions were favorable, although he had no details. A few moments later Dr. Roswell Park and Secretary Wilson came out together. Dr. Park answered the many inquiries with a cheerful and very positive assurance of confidence. "The situation is entirely satisfactory," said he, "and there are no symptoms to cause alarm."

No Cause for Apprehension.

He was asked if the earlier bulletin referring to the president's "somewhat restless night" warranted any apprehension.

"Not in the least," he replied. "It is entirely natural that a patient in the president's condition should have some periods of restlessness. But he is receiving no anaesthetics. He is fully conscious at all times when he is awake, and his mind is clear."

Conversation Prohibited.

When asked if the president conversed with those about him, the doctor said the patient was quite able to talk and did so as far as the physicians permitted, although they were reluctant to permit him to sap any of his energy in this way.

Secretary Wilson, who moved on down Delaware avenue, while Dr. Park was talking to the newspaper men, was overjoyed with the word which the physicians had brought from the sick room.

"The President Will Get Well."

"The president will get well," he said several times. "I feel it and I am sure the doctors now feel it. Of course, the danger point has not been passed, but the continued absence of unfavorable symptoms strengthens our hope. The period for peritonitis to appear is rapidly passing away and there is not a sign of inflammation. The promptness with which the operation was performed and the skill with which it was accomplished are telling their story. The tissues were sutured so quickly that they probably began to heal immediately. The president's good health and the long life of careful living behind him are in his favor; but above all, his indomitable will and his fine courage are the factors counted upon to pull him through. He has made up his mind to live, and live he will. The rise in his temperature during the night was somewhat disturbing, but his febril condition is better, and our hopes continue in the ascendant. The fact that his slumber during the night was restless is not to be wondered at. All the conditions under which he is living are abnormal. The water and liquid nourishment which he is receiving are being administered hypodermically, and this fact alone would account for his restlessness."

Dr. Mynter's Opinion.

Dr. Herman Mynter came from the Milburn house at 9:30. He said:

"Everything is satisfactory. Every hour that passes with no decidedly unfavorable results is encouraging and indicate of final recovery."

Dr. Eugene Wasdin, another of the consultation staff, emerged from the house a few minutes later. He said:

"There are no distressing symptoms. The restlessness of the patient during the night is not serious and is to be expected when it is understood that he slept during the day Sunday."

Abner McKinley, brother of the president, arrived at the house of Mr. Milburn at 10:05 and was immediately admitted.

Feeling of Satisfaction Prevailed.

Senator Fairbanks and Comptroller of the Currency Dawes came from the house together and their smiling faces indicated the satisfaction prevailing among those nearest the president.

"Splendid, splendid," said Senator Fairbanks, referring to the doctors' last report. Just then Abner McKinley and several friends arrived, and there was an interesting group on the lawn, with the tall figure of Senator Fairbanks in the center, and Messrs. McKinley and Dawes on either side. The good news from the sick room was imparted to the president's brother and the latter's friends, and all joined in heartfelt expressions of relief. When Abner McKinley came from the house at 10:45 he repeated the expressions of confidence given by those who had preceded him, but added no new details on the situation.

Senator Hanna Felt Happy.

Senator Hanna drove up as Mr. McKinley left. The senator seemed to be in a happy frame of mind, as the satisfactory bulletin had already reached him.

When a number of photographers leveled their camera at him, he smilingly asked: "How many a times a day do you fellows expect to do that to me?"

Myron T. Herrick, who accompanied him, added the jocular comment: "Instead of the camera, you had better put the X rays on the senator."

Those passing remarks reflected the happy state of feeling which prevailed among those near the president.

DOUBT ALMOST DISPELLED.

Confidence Beginning to Be Felt in Ultimate Recovery.

Milburn House, Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 9.—President McKinley's condition Monday morning was so favorable that it dispelled almost the last shade of doubt and apprehension and led those nearest him to make the most confident predictions of his recovery. The official bulletins from the physicians as well as the authoritative statements of those in most intimate relation with the presidential household gave certainty to the feeling that the worst phases of the crisis were about over.

Temporary Apprehension Dispelled.

The tone of the early bulletin in referring to the president's somewhat restless night gave temporary apprehension, but this was speedily dispelled by the results of the consultation held by the doctors, from eight to nine o'clock and officially announced at the latter hour. This disclosed a marked improvement in the pulse and temperature. Aside from these pathological features, the doctors gave the cheering information, free from all technicalities of science, that the president's condition was becoming more and more satisfactory and that untoward symptoms were becoming less likely. Besides their official, signed utterances, the doctors gave individual expressions reinforcing the buoyant and confident tone. They made known, too, that the president's mind was clear, his mental faculties as vigorous as ever ready to talk with the doctors, but they restrained him to a considerable extent.

Produced Feeling of Confidence.

These positive assurances gave to the members of the cabinet and to the relatives and nearest friends of the president, a feeling of confidence little short of absolute certainty that the president was now well on the way to recovery. Without exception, those who came from the Milburn house expressed this same confident view. Among those who called to receive the good news and then to repeat it to the many anxious watchers, were Attorney-General Knox, Secretary Wilson, Postmaster-General Charles Emory Smith, Senator Hanna, Abner McKinley, Myron T. Herrick, Senator Fairbanks, Comptroller Dawes and many others holding the closest relations with the president.

SHE SAW HER HUSBAND.

Mrs. McKinley Permitted to Pay a Brief Visit to her Husband.

Milburn House, Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 9.—Mrs. McKinley was admitted to the sick room Monday morning and had a brief stay with her afflicted husband. The veil of domestic privacy is, of course, thrown over the details of the meeting. Mrs. McKinley bore up well and displayed the same fortitude which has characterized her, as well as the president, since the tragic event occurred. Although there have been statements that Mrs. McKinley has not been apprised of the manner in which the president was injured, it can be stated, positively, that she is fully aware that he was shot, although it has not been necessary to dwell upon the harrowing details of the affair.

SIGN OF GROWING STRENGTH.

The President Able to Turn Himself Without Pain.

Milburn House, Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 9.—As indicating the growing strength of the president, the following incident of the morning is related by one of those inside the Milburn house familiar with the facts.

Mr. McKinley had been lying for a long time in one position, but during the morning he asked if he could change this position. The doctors in attendance gave their assent, whereupon the president changed his position by his own effort, without difficulty and without pain.

The Outlook Still Grows Favorable.

Milburn House, Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 9.—Attorney-General Knox and Postmaster-General Smith came from the Milburn house at 2:45. They were highly pleased at the outlook, as Dr. Rixey, who is constantly with the president, told Mr. Knox that when the other physicians came for the three o'clock consultation they would be delighted with the situation.

ROOSEVELT IS GUARDED.

All the Movements of Vice-President Are Guarded by Vigilant Secret Service Men.

THERE IS NO OSTENTATION ABOUT IT.

The Vice-President Hardly Knows of It Himself, But an Assassin Would Needs be Particularly Bold to Reach Him—Other Matters of Present Interest.

New York, Sept. 9.—A special to the World from Buffalo, N. Y., says:

"Although Vice-President Roosevelt does not know it, the government has made more adequate provision for his protection than it did for that of President McKinley. Whenever the vice-president leaves the residence of Lawyer Ansley Wilcox, where he is staying, there are two or three secret service men at hand to ward off any attempt that might be made on his life. The orders for the protection of the vice-president come from some source that is not disclosed.

Attended Him to Church.

"During his attendance at service at First Presbyterian church, six secret service men occupied seats within a short distance of him. One of them took a seat on the box of his carriage when he drove away, and the others followed in another carriage.

"When he alighted at the Buffalo club, during the afternoon, the detectives were close at hand, and when he called at President Milburn's house to inquire after the president's condition they were within a few feet of him.

CHICAGO DAY AT THE PAN.

It Will Go On as Planned Unless the President Should Die.

Chicago, Sept. 9.—The latest advices received from Buffalo by Commissioners J. W. Templeton and E. J. Brundage are to the effect that the president's condition is such that plans of Illinois day at the Pan-American exposition may be proceeded with. The commissioners are in communication with Gov. Yates and will announce definitely their action later.

Edwin A. Munger, president of the Hamilton club, chairman of the Illinois day committee, said: "Until we receive further advices, plans for the Illinois day excursions will proceed as already announced. If any change is to be made, the fact will be announced Tuesday. A meeting of the committees and representatives from various other organizations will be held this afternoon.

ANARCHISTS UNDER ARREST.

Nine of Them Held, at Chicago, for Further Investigation.

Chicago, Sept. 9.—The nine anarchists under arrest here were arraigned before Magistrate Prindiville. At the request of the city the hearing was postponed till September 19 in order to allow further investigation of the charge that they conspired to murder the president. Several of the prisoners have admitted acquaintance with the would-be assassin Czolgosz and the police are working on the theory that the president's assailant was inspired to do the deed by the teachings he received while here last July. The six male prisoners were held without bail, pending the hearing, while the three women arrested with them were held in bonds of $3,000.

WILL ABANDON ITS TRIP.

Cook County (Ill.) Democracy Will Not Go to the Pan-American.

Chicago, Sept. 9.—The Cook County Democracy has voted to abandon its trip to the Pan-American exposition, giving as a reason that it would be indelicate for a political club to march and enjoy itself in the streets of Buffalo at a time when the president of the United States was in distress near by.

The club also adopted resolutions "expressing sincere regret and sorrow at the attempted assassination of President McKinley and hope that our esteemed president will be restored to full and perfect health."

ITALIANS ARE THANKFUL.

They Say "Thank God the Would-Be Assassin Isn't an Italian."

Milan, Sept. 9.—Commenting on the attempted assassination of President McKinley, La Perzeveranza says:

"Thanks be to God the would-be assassin is not an Italian. Caserio Lucchenii and Bresci have given an abominable reputation to our name abroad and brought down upon our countrymen in foreign lands not a little evil. Such wretches, however, have no nationality, just as they have no country, no conscience, no morality."

A POLICEMAN DISCIPLINED.

He Expressed Satisfaction Over the Shooting of McKinley.

Cincinnati, Sept. 9.—George Hussmann, a mounted patrolman on the police force here, was subjected to the humiliating ordeal of having the insignia of his rank taken from him before a crowd of brother officers in the offices of the chief of police here on a charge of having made a remark that he was glad that McKinley was shot.

Denounced by Chicago Poles.

Chicago, Sept. 9.—Chicago Polanders, Sunday night, denounced the crime of Leon Czolgosz, and regretted that he claimed to be of their race.

Prayers for the President.

Hamilton, Bermuda, Sept. 9.—Prayers for the recovery of President McKinely were offered in the churches here Sunday.

Searching for Emma Goldman.

New York, Sept. 9.—Detectives are searching for clues to the whereabouts of Emma Goldman. Leaders among the anarchists deny that she is in the city. They assert that she is in hiding in St. Louis.

Ireland Abhors the Crime.

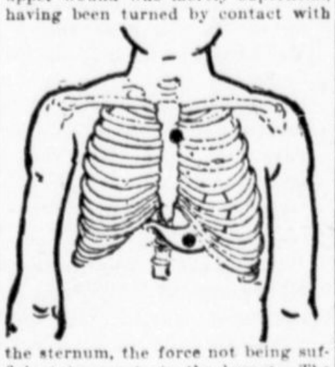
London, Sept. 9.—John Redmond, the Irish leader, cabled to Vice-President Roosevelt as follows:

"In the name of the Irish nationalist party, I send an expression of deepest sympathy. Ireland abhors the dastardly crime."

THE ASSASSIN'S BULLETS.

Diagram Showing the Points of Impact of the Bullets Fired at President McKinley.

St. Louis, Sept. 9.—The following diagram indicates the points at which the bullets fired by Assassin Czolgosz at President McKinley entered. The upper wound was merely superficial, having been turned by contact with



the sternum, the force not being sufficient to penetrate the breast. The lower wound perforated the stomach, passing entirely through it, and is believed to be either lodged in the muscles of the back or to have fallen into the abdominal cavity.

ROOSEVELT IS CONFIDENT.

The Vice-President Feels the Greatest Confidence in the Recovery of the President.

Milburn House, Buffalo, Sept. 9.—"I may say that I have even deeper information than the bulletins, and I again say with great confidence that the president will recover."

The foregoing statement was made by Vice-President Roosevelt, in the course of an interview with a press correspondent, while walking to Milburn house.

He reiterated the statement after he had had a ten-minute visit with the physicians.

Talked With a Correspondent.

The vice-president did not leave the Wilcox mansion, where he is staying, until after the noon hour, and then he walked the mile to the presidential quarters in company with the correspondent.

Just after he had left the mansion he was accosted by a colored man who was raking a lawn. "Governor, may I shake hands with you?" he said.

"You certainly may," answered the vice-president, turning quickly and grasping his hand, and then as two laborers with dinner pails and tools slipped up, he shook hands with them.

Spoken Like an American.

"Ain't you afraid of being shot?" asked one of the men. "No, sir," he snapped out, "and I hope no official of this country will ever be afraid. You men are our protection, and the foul deed done the afternoon of Friday will only make you the more vigorous in your protection of the lives of those whom you select to office. Such men as you can work with the ballot for the salvation of the country without restort to violence."

Thinks Recovery Will be Rapid.

As he walked on, the vice-president discussed the case of the president and his condition. He said: "I believe that the bulletins being issued are none too sanguine. In fact, I know they are not. I am perfectly positive that the president will recover, and more than that, I believe the illness will be brief and the recovery rapid. I had two men and a relative shot in the same manner in the Cuban campaign. They lay in the marshes for some time without attendance and yet they recovered."

TRAGEDY AT DES MOINES, IA.

A Young Husband Instantly Kills His Wife and Then Attempts Suicide.

Des Moines, Ia., Sept. 9.—While standing upon the parking of Locust street, in the heart of the city, at 7:45 a. m., talking with his wife, Otis Green, 27 years of age, of Albia, Ia., put a bullet through the back of his wife's head, killing her instantly, and then placed his revolver to his right temple and sent a bullet crashing through his head. He will die. He was taken to the police station, where he stated that he had killed his wife because she was untrue to him and refused to live with him. Both are strangers in the city.

Returned to Work.

Milwaukee, Wis., Sept. 9.—Thirty-five Amalgamated men returned to work at the plant of the Illinois Steel Co., in Bay View. It is said two of the company's mills, the 12-inch and rail mill, were started. Among those who reported for duty were J. D. Hickey and J. F. Cooper, the two men who went to Pittsburg recently to learn the real facts about the strike.

THE CASE OF COLGZOSZ.

The Legal Status of the Would-Be Assassin of the President at Buffalo.

NO SPECIAL STATUTE FOR SUCH CASES.

Under the Law It is Merely a Local Offense, Committed Against a Private Citizen, in Violation of the Laws of the State of New York and of Erie County.

Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 9.—Many sensational reports are being circulated about cabinet action looking to the apprehension and prosecution of Emma Goldman and leaders of anarchist organizations, of mysterious directions from the secretary of war to the chief of police here, and of developments of a startling nature that are anticipated. The great majority of these reports, in the words of a cabinet officer, are "manufactured out of whole cloth."

On the question of the prosecution of Czolgosz, the cabinet are unanimously of the opinion, that it is purely a local affair. There is no government statute covering an assault upon the president of the United States, and in the eye of the law the crime of last Friday is merely a local offense committed against a private citizen in violation of the laws of the state of New York and of Erie county.

The only request Secretary Root has made to the superintendent of police and the district attorney here was one designed to prevent the would-be assassin from being made a hero of by exploitation. It can be stated upon the authority of a cabinet officer that no general movements against anarchists in contemplated.

No specific order for the arrest or detention of Emma Goldman has been sent out by Superintendent Bull, but it is possible that she will be arrested on the general request that the police throughout the country locate and examine any person who may be suspected of complicity in the crime. The police are endeavoring to trace her movements immediately before and after the president was shot.

FRIGHTFUL RAILROAD WRECK.

Wreck of a Train Loaded with Grand Army Excursionists On the Baltimore & Ohio.

Wheeling, W. Va., Sept. 9.—A frightful railroad accident occurred at Burton tunnel, 40 miles east of here, on the Baltimore & Ohio railroad. One man was killed and one fatally hurt and a number of others slightly injured. The engine on the through express, running 30 miles an hour, broke a flange and jumped square across the track, rolling over onto its side and plowed into the side of a hill. Engineer M. B. Stover, one of the oldest men on the road, was pinned under the engine, and fire, which followed the wreck, cremated his body. Fireman Marlow was thrown from the engine, landing under the cab, where he was fatally scalded by escaping steam. Baggagemaster Frank Riley and Postal Clerk Ross were both badly hurt, but not fatally.

The train was made up of six coaches loaded with G. A. R. excursionists bound for Cleveland. All were shaken up, but not more than a dozen were hurt, these being cut by broken glass.

After the wreck the coaches took fire, and two, with the baggage car, were burned. The effects of the passengers were all lost. Travel on the road is blocked and may not be opened before night.

THE GATHERING VETERANS.

Cleveland, O., Filling Up With Grand Army Veterans and Visitors to the Encampment.

Cleveland, O., Sept. 9.—Monday, the first of the G. A. R. encampment, was occupied chiefly with informal reuniops of veterans who are constantly pouring into the city. The streets are alive with visitors. It is estimated that there are 100,000 guests and excursionists here now.

Gen. Sickles, of New York; Gen. Stewart, of Pennsylvania, and Judge Torrence, of Minnesota, are among the candidates mentioned for the office of commander-in-chief.

A number of committee meetings were held in the afternoon. A reception and grand military ball were the features on the programme for to-night.

A Trio of Dynamiters.

Chicago, Sept. 9.—Three men claiming to be linemen, on being refused admission to the office of the Chicago General Electric Co., here to-day, placed a dynamite cartridge under the front door and exploded it, wrecking the building and injuring Night Watchman Brenn. The men escaped.

They Ought to Know Better.

Marion, Ind., Sept. 9.—Three inmates of the National soldiers' home here are under arrest and in the guardhouse of that institution for having expressed sympathy with the attack on the president.

Secretary Hay Gone to Buffalo.

Newbury, N. H., Sept. 9.—Secretary of State John Hay left Newbury today for Buffalo. At Boston the secretary expected to meet his wife, who will accompany him to the end of his journey.

OTHERWISE UNNOTICED.

Ex-Gov. William J. Stone, of Missouri, announces that he favors severe punishment for every anarchist.

Charles Elbogen and his horse were precipitated over the brink of a quarry, at St. Louis, and both instanly killed.

Beaumont (Tex.) oil gushers were endangered by fire Sunday, having caught a quantity of oil floating on the waters of a near-by slough fire.

The St. Louis World's fair guards will be organized as soon as the force of workmen begins preparing the grounds for the buildings.

The raid of the St. Louis sheriff on householders who have neglected to pay their personal taxes has caused a panic among certain classes.

Chicago will fight anarchism again. Mayor Harrison has ordered the arrest of speakers indulging in violent language, and the police will not temporize with anarchists.

Mrs. McKinley bears up remarkably well. She visited, Sunday, the president for a few minutes and displayed the greatest fortitude and composure.

Miss Maud Willard, who attempted to pass through the rapids and pool of Niagara in a barrel, died immediately after being dragged from the barrel.

Prayers were offered in all of the churches of the country Sunday for the president's recovery, and in not a few reference was made to the tragedy from pulpits.

As the result of a 24-hour gale on Lake Huron the shores were strewn with wrecks Sunday night. No loss of life is reported.

James W. Van Laningham and Rev. D. D. Monfort, the pioneer missionary in the slums of St. Joseph, Mo., were severely injured in a runaway accident Sunday evening.

William Meek, a young man, residing with his parents on the Valley View farms just north of Edwardsville, Ill., killed himself because his parents objected to his sweetheart.

James Hudson Miller and Peter H. Bohls, of St. Louis, were drowned at Long lake, near Mitchell, Ill., Sunday, by the overturning of the boat from which they, with two others, were fishing.

Mrs. Elizabeth Cress died at the home of John W. Ritchie, four miles northeast of Litchfield, Ill. She was born in 1813 and was known as the oldest person in North Litchfield township.

German Red Sea Coaling Station.

Constantinople, Sept. 9.—A German vessel has landed a cargo of coal on the island of Farsan, in the Red sea, on a dock constructed by the German government, which is understood to be negotiated with Turkey for the lease of a coaling station.

Independent Order of Red Men.

Cincinnati, O., Sept. 9.—The annual national convention and conclave of the Independent Order of Red Men was opened here. Delegates representing 115 tribes, besides 28 delegates representing the Daughters of Pochahontas, were present.

Costly Fire in New Orleans.

New Orleans, Sept. 9.—Fire, Sunday night, destroyed J. H. Menges' wholesale grocery and ship chandlery and L. M. Brunswig & Co.'s chemical warehouse. The loss will reach $200,000.

River News.

Stations.	Gauge	Change 24 hours	Rainfall in 24 hrs
Pittsburg	5.1	—1.5	—
Cincinnati	9.9	—1.7	—
St. Louis	2.6	—0.2	—
St. Paul	2.4	—0.2	.40
Davenport	1.6	0.0	.01
Memphis	6.6	—1.1	—
Louisville	6.0	—0.5	—
Cairo	12.0	—0.3	—
New Orleans	5.3	—0.5	—

— Fall. * Trace.

THE MARKETS.

MONDAY, Sept. 9.

Grain and Provisions.

St. Louis — Flour — Patents, $3.40@3.60; other grades, $2.70@3.30. Wheat—No. 2 red, 70½@71½c. Corn—No. 2 mixed, 57½@58c. Oats—No. 2, 37c. Hay—Timothy, $11.00@13.50; prairie, $9.00@12.50; clover, $10.00@12.00. Butter—Creamery, 18@21½c; dairy, 14@16c. Eggs—Fresh, 16c. Lard—Choice steam, 8.90@8.92½c. Pork—New mess, $15.75. Bacon,—Clear rib, 9¼c. Wool—Tub-washed, 15@24c; Missouri and Illinois, medium combing, 15@17c; other grades, 13@15c; angora goat hair, 50@55c.

Chicago—Closing quotations: Wheat—September, 68¾c; October, 69¾c; December, 71c; May, 74½@74¾c. Corn—September, 55¾c; October, 56¾c; December, 55¾c; May, 59½@59¾c. Oats—September, 25¾c; October, 34c; December, 35@35¼c; May, 37¼@37¾c. Pork—September, $14.70; October, $14.80; January, $15.85; May, $15.00. Lard—September, $9.42½; October, $9.42½; November, $9.37½; December, $9.27½; January, $9.20; May, $9.25. Ribs—September, $8.65; October, $8.67½; January, $8.17½.

Live Stock Markets.

St. Louis—Cattle—Fancy exports, $5.40@6.25; butchers', $4.25@5.30; stockers, $2.50@4.00; cows and heifers, $2.50@4.65. Hogs—Packing, $5.60@5.80; butchers', $5.70@5.90; light, $5.25@5.50. Sheep—Mutton sheep, $2.75@3.25; lambs, $3.25@4.50.

Chicago—Cattle—Good to prime steers, $5.25@6.42½; poor to medium, $3.50@5.20; stockers and feeders, $2.25@4.25; cows and heifers, $1.75@5.00; canners, $1.75@2.60; calves, $3.00@6.00; Texas steers, $3.25@4.80; western steers, $3.75@5.25. Hogs—Mixed and butchers', $5.15@6.75; good to choice heavy, $6.50@6.95; rough heavy, $6.15@6.50; light, $6.10@6.70. Sheep—Good to choice wethers, $3.75@4.00; fair to choice mixed, $3.50@3.70; western sheep, $3.25@3.80; native lambs, $3.00@4.80; western lambs, $4.00@4.75.

Kansas City—Cattle—Native beef steers, $4.60@5.85; Texans and Indians, $2.75@4.00; Texas cows, $2.25@2.80; native cows and heifers, $2.40@5.25; stockers and feeders, $2.50@4.25; calves, $3.50@6.50. Hogs—Heavy, $6.40@6.50; packers, $6.25@6.45; mixed, $6.35@6.45; light, $6.10@6.35; yonkers, $6.00@6.30. Sheep—Muttons, $2.75@3.60; lambs, $3.50@4.50; range wethers, $3.00@3.50; ewes, $2.75@3.15; stockers and feeders, $2.00@3.25.

Cotton.

Quotations for middling range as follows: St. Louis, 8¾c; New York, —; Memphis, 8 7-16c.

Financial.

New York, Sept. 9.—Money on call strong at 6 per cent; prime mercantile paper 5@5½ per cent. Sterling exchange weak, with actual business in bankers' bills at 485¼@485½ for demand, and 483 for 60 days; posted rates 485½@486 and 486@487; commercial bills 482¼@482¾. Silver certificates unquoted. Bar silver 65¾. Mexican dollars 46½. Government bonds steady.

James Kingis in poor health. For sale by H. R. Woods & Co. with the prospect

Crittenden Press 1901-09-12 seq-13.jpg

It GROWS ENCOURAGING.

News From the Wounded President Continues of an Encouraging Character.

NO COMPLICATIONS HAVE DEVELOPED.

The Belief Prevails That the President Will Recover, and That Belief is Reflected in the Countenances of Visitors Leaving the Milburn Home at Buffalo.

Milburn House, Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 9.—The following bulletin was issued by the physicians at 9:20 a. m.: "The president's condition is becoming more and more satisfactory. Untoward incidents are less likely to occur. Pulse 122; temperature 100.8 degrees; respiration 28.

[Signed]

P. M. RIXEY.
M. D. MANN.
ROSSWELL PARK.
HERMAN MYNTER.
EUGENE WASDIN.
CHAS. McBURNEY.

GEORGE B. CORTELYOU,
Secretary to the president."

WAS AN ANXIOUS WAIT.

The Bulletin of the Doctors Was Awaited With Much Anxiety.

Milburn House, Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 9.—The doctors began assembling about eight o'clock, and it was 9:15 before any of them came away from the Milburn house. Pending their conferences, there was an anxious wait. Several visitors arrived, including ex-Postmaster-General Bissell and Chas. P. Sanger. Mr. Bissell was one of the first to emerge from the house after the doctors had completed their consultation, and in a brief general way he summarized the situation by saying that the conditions were favorable, although he had no details. A few moments later Dr. Roswell Park and Secretary Wilson came out together. Dr. Park answered the many inquiries with a cheerful and very positive assurance of confidence. "The situation is entirely satisfactory," said he, "and there are no symptoms to cause alarm."

No Cause for Apprehension.

He was asked if the earlier bulletin referring to the president's "somewhat restless night" warranted any apprehension.

"Not in the least," he replied. "It is entirely natural that a patient in the president's condition should have some periods of restlessness. But he is receiving no anaesthetics. He is fully conscious at all times when he is awake, and his mind is clear."

Conversation Prohibited.

When asked if the president conversed with those about him, the doctor said the patient was quite able to talk and did so as far as the physicians permitted, although they were reluctant to permit him to sap any of his energy in this way.

Secretary Wilson, who moved on down Delaware avenue, while Dr. Park was talking to the newspaper men, was overjoyed with the word which the physicians had brought from the sick room.

"The President Will Get Well."

"The president will get well," he said several times. "I feel it and I am sure the doctors now feel it. Of course, the danger point has not been passed, but the continued absence of unfavorable symptoms strengthens our hope. The period for peritonitis to appear is rapidly passing away and there is not a sign of inflammation. The promptness with which the operation was performed and the skill with which it was accomplished are telling their story. The tissues were sutured so quickly that they probably began to heal immediately. The president's good health and the long life of careful living behind him are in his favor; but above all, his indomitable will and his fine courage are the factors counted upon to pull him through. He has made up his mind to live, and live he will. The rise in his temperature during the night was somewhat disturbing, but his febril condition is better, and our hopes continue in the ascendant. The fact that his slumber during the night was restless is not to be wondered at. All the conditions under which he is living are abnormal. The water and liquid nourishment which he is receiving are being administered hypodermically, and this fact alone would account for his restlessness."

Dr. Mynter's Opinion.

Dr. Herman Mynter came from the Milburn house at 9:30. He said:

"Everything is satisfactory. Every hour that passes with no decidedly unfavorable results is encouraging and indicate of final recovery."

Dr. Eugene Wasdin, another of the consultation staff, emerged from the house a few minutes later. He said:

"There are no distressing symptoms. The restlessness of the patient during the night is not serious and is to be expected when it is understood that he slept during the day Sunday."

Abner McKinley, brother of the president, arrived at the house of Mr. Milburn at 10:05 and was immediately admitted.

Feeling of Satisfaction Prevailed.

Senator Fairbanks and Comptroller of the Currency Dawes came from the house together and their smiling faces indicated the satisfaction prevailing among those nearest the president.

"Splendid, splendid," said Senator Fairbanks, referring to the doctors' last report. Just then Abner McKinley and several friends arrived, and there was an interesting group on the lawn, with the tall figure of Senator Fairbanks in the center, and Messrs. McKinley and Dawes on either side. The good news from the sick room was imparted to the president's brother and the latter's friends, and all joined in heartfelt expressions of relief. When Abner McKinley came from the house at 10:45 he repeated the expressions of confidence given by those who had preceded him, but added no new details on the situation.

Senator Hanna Felt Happy.

Senator Hanna drove up as Mr. McKinley left. The senator seemed to be in a happy frame of mind, as the satisfactory bulletin had already reached him.

When a number of photographers leveled their camera at him, he smilingly asked: "How many a times a day do you fellows expect to do that to me?"

Myron T. Herrick, who accompanied him, added the jocular comment: "Instead of the camera, you had better put the X rays on the senator."

Those passing remarks reflected the happy state of feeling which prevailed among those near the president.

DOUBT ALMOST DISPELLED.

Confidence Beginning to Be Felt in Ultimate Recovery.

Milburn House, Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 9.—President McKinley's condition Monday morning was so favorable that it dispelled almost the last shade of doubt and apprehension and led those nearest him to make the most confident predictions of his recovery. The official bulletins from the physicians as well as the authoritative statements of those in most intimate relation with the presidential household gave certainty to the feeling that the worst phases of the crisis were about over.

Temporary Apprehension Dispelled.

The tone of the early bulletin in referring to the president's somewhat restless night gave temporary apprehension, but this was speedily dispelled by the results of the consultation held by the doctors, from eight to nine o'clock and officially announced at the latter hour. This disclosed a marked improvement in the pulse and temperature. Aside from these pathological features, the doctors gave the cheering information, free from all technicalities of science, that the president's condition was becoming more and more satisfactory and that untoward symptoms were becoming less likely. Besides their official, signed utterances, the doctors gave individual expressions reinforcing the buoyant and confident tone. They made known, too, that the president's mind was clear, his mental faculties as vigorous as ever ready to talk with the doctors, but they restrained him to a considerable extent.

Produced Feeling of Confidence.

These positive assurances gave to the members of the cabinet and to the relatives and nearest friends of the president, a feeling of confidence little short of absolute certainty that the president was now well on the way to recovery. Without exception, those who came from the Milburn house expressed this same confident view. Among those who called to receive the good news and then to repeat it to the many anxious watchers, were Attorney-General Knox, Secretary Wilson, Postmaster-General Charles Emory Smith, Senator Hanna, Abner McKinley, Myron T. Herrick, Senator Fairbanks, Comptroller Dawes and many others holding the closest relations with the president.

SHE SAW HER HUSBAND.

Mrs. McKinley Permitted to Pay a Brief Visit to her Husband.

Milburn House, Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 9.—Mrs. McKinley was admitted to the sick room Monday morning and had a brief stay with her afflicted husband. The veil of domestic privacy is, of course, thrown over the details of the meeting. Mrs. McKinley bore up well and displayed the same fortitude which has characterized her, as well as the president, since the tragic event occurred. Although there have been statements that Mrs. McKinley has not been apprised of the manner in which the president was injured, it can be stated, positively, that she is fully aware that he was shot, although it has not been necessary to dwell upon the harrowing details of the affair.

SIGN OF GROWING STRENGTH.

The President Able to Turn Himself Without Pain.

Milburn House, Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 9.—As indicating the growing strength of the president, the following incident of the morning is related by one of those inside the Milburn house familiar with the facts.

Mr. McKinley had been lying for a long time in one position, but during the morning he asked if he could change this position. The doctors in attendance gave their assent, whereupon the president changed his position by his own effort, without difficulty and without pain.

The Outlook Still Grows Favorable.

Milburn House, Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 9.—Attorney-General Knox and Postmaster-General Smith came from the Milburn house at 2:45. They were highly pleased at the outlook, as Dr. Rixey, who is constantly with the president, told Mr. Knox that when the other physicians came for the three o'clock consultation they would be delighted with the situation.

ROOSEVELT IS GUARDED.

All the Movements of Vice-President Are Guarded by Vigilant Secret Service Men.

THERE IS NO OSTENTATION ABOUT IT.

The Vice-President Hardly Knows of It Himself, But an Assassin Would Needs be Particularly Bold to Reach Him—Other Matters of Present Interest.

New York, Sept. 9.—A special to the World from Buffalo, N. Y., says:

"Although Vice-President Roosevelt does not know it, the government has made more adequate provision for his protection than it did for that of President McKinley. Whenever the vice-president leaves the residence of Lawyer Ansley Wilcox, where he is staying, there are two or three secret service men at hand to ward off any attempt that might be made on his life. The orders for the protection of the vice-president come from some source that is not disclosed.

Attended Him to Church.

"During his attendance at service at First Presbyterian church, six secret service men occupied seats within a short distance of him. One of them took a seat on the box of his carriage when he drove away, and the others followed in another carriage.

"When he alighted at the Buffalo club, during the afternoon, the detectives were close at hand, and when he called at President Milburn's house to inquire after the president's condition they were within a few feet of him.

CHICAGO DAY AT THE PAN.

It Will Go On as Planned Unless the President Should Die.

Chicago, Sept. 9.—The latest advices received from Buffalo by Commissioners J. W. Templeton and E. J. Brundage are to the effect that the president's condition is such that plans of Illinois day at the Pan-American exposition may be proceeded with. The commissioners are in communication with Gov. Yates and will announce definitely their action later.

Edwin A. Munger, president of the Hamilton club, chairman of the Illinois day committee, said: "Until we receive further advices, plans for the Illinois day excursions will proceed as already announced. If any change is to be made, the fact will be announced Tuesday. A meeting of the committees and representatives from various other organizations will be held this afternoon.

ANARCHISTS UNDER ARREST.

Nine of Them Held, at Chicago, for Further Investigation.

Chicago, Sept. 9.—The nine anarchists under arrest here were arraigned before Magistrate Prindiville. At the request of the city the hearing was postponed till September 19 in order to allow further investigation of the charge that they conspired to murder the president. Several of the prisoners have admitted acquaintanece with the would-be assassin Czolgosz and the police are working on the theory that the president's assailant was inspired to do the deed by the teachings he received while here last July. The six male prisoners were held without bail, pending the hearing, while the three women arrested with them were held in bonds of $3,000.

WILL ABANDON ITS TRIP.

Cook County (Ill.) Democracy Will Not Go to the Pan-American.

Chicago, Sept. 9.—The Cook County Democracy has voted to abandon its trip to the Pan-American exposition, giving as a reason that it would be indelicate for a political club to march and enjoy itself in the streets of Buffalo at a time when the president of the United States was in distress near by.

The club also adopted resolutions "expressing sincere regret and sorrow at the attempted assassination of President McKinley and hope that our esteemed president will be restored to full and perfect health."

ITALIANS ARE THANKFUL.

They Say "Thank God the Would-Be Assassin Isn't an Italian."

Milan, Sept. 9.—Commenting on the attempted assassination of President McKinley, La Perzeveranza says:

"Thanks be to God the would-be assassin is not an Italian. Caserio Lucchenii and Bresci have given an abominable reputation to our name abroad and brought down upon our countrymen in foreign lands not a little evil. Such wretches, however, have no nationality, just as they have no country, no conscience, no morality."

A POLICEMAN DISCIPLINED.

He Expressed Satisfaction Over the Shooting of McKinley.

Cincinnati, Sept. 9.—George Hussmann, a mounted patrolman on the police force here, was subjected to the humiliating ordeal of having the insignia of his rank taken from him before a crowd of brother officers in the offices of the chief of police here on a charge of having made a remark that he was glad that McKinley was shot.

Denounced by Chicago Poles.

Chicago, Sept. 9.—Chicago Polanders, Sunday night, denounced the crime of Leon Czolgosz, and regretted that he claimed to be of their race.

Prayers for the President.

Hamilton, Bermuda, Sept. 9.—Prayers for the recovery of President McKinely were offered in the churches here Sunday.

Searching for Emma Goldman.

New York, Sept. 9.—Detectives are searching for clues to the whereabouts of Emma Goldman. Leaders among the anarchists deny that she is in the city. They assert that she is in hiding in St. Louis.

Ireland Abhors the Crime.

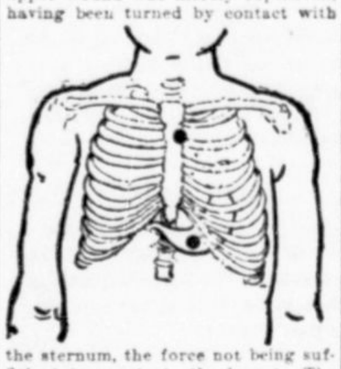
London, Sept. 9.—John Redmond, the Irish leader, cabled to Vice-President Roosevelt as follows:

"In the name of the Irish nationalist party, I send an expression of deepest sympathy. Ireland abhors the dastardly crime."

THE ASSASSIN'S BULLETS.

Diagram Showing the Points of Impact of the Bullets Fired at President McKinley.

St. Louis, Sept. 9.—The following diagram indicates the points at which the bullets fired by Assassin Czolgosz at President McKinley entered. The upper wound was merely superficial, having been turned by contact with



the sternum, the force not being sufficient to penetrate the breast. The lower wound perforated the stomach, passing entirely through it, and is believed to be either lodged in the muscles of the back or to have fallen into the abdominal cavity.

ROOSEVELT IS CONFIDENT.

The Vice-President Feels the Greatest Confidence in the Recovery of the President.

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He reiterated the statement after he had had a ten-minute visit with the physicians.

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"You certainly may," answered the vice-president, turning quickly and grasping his hand, and then as two laborers with dinner pails and tools slipped up, he shook hands with them.

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"Ain't you afraid of being shot?" asked one of the men. "No, sir," he snapped out, "and I hope no official of this country will ever be afraid. You men are our protection, and the foul deed done the afternoon of Friday will only make you the more vigorous in your protection of the lives of those whom you select to office. Such men as you can work with the ballot for the salvation of the country without restort to violence."

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TRAGEDY AT DES MOINES, IA.

A Young Husband Instantly Kills His Wife and Then Attempts Suicide.

Des Moines, Ia., Sept. 9.—While standing upon the parking of Locust street, in the heart of the city, at 7:45 a. m., talking with his wife, Otis Green, 27 years of age, of Albia, Ia., put a bullet through the back of his wife's head, killing her instantly, and then placed his revolver to his right temple and sent a bullet crashing through his head. He will die. He was taken to the police station, where he stated that he had killed his wife because she was untrue to him and refused to live with him. Both are strangers in the city.

Returned to Work.

Milwaukee, Wis., Sept. 9.—Thirty-five Amalgamated men returned to work at the plant of the Illinois Steel Co., in Bay View. It is said two of the company's mills, the 12-inch and rail mill, were started. Among those who reported for duty were J. D. Hickey and J. F. Cooper, the two men who went to Pittsburg recently to learn the real facts about the strike.

THE CASE OF COLGZOSZ.

The Legal Status of the Would-Be Assassin of the President at Buffalo.

NO SPECIAL STATUTE FOR SUCH CASES.

Under the Law It is Merely a Local Offense, Committed Against a Private Citizen, in Violation of the Laws of the State of New York and of Erie County.

Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 9.—Many sensational reports are being circulated about cabinet action looking to the apprehension and prosecution of Emma Goldman and leaders of anarchist organizations, of mysterious directions from the secretary of war to the chief of police here, and of developments of a startling nature that are anticipated. The great majority of these reports, in the words of a cabinet officer, are "manufactured out of whole cloth."

On the question of the prosecution of Czolgosz, the cabinet are unanimously of the opinion, that it is purely a local affair. There is no government statute covering an assault upon the president of the United States, and in the eye of the law the crime of last Friday is merely a local offense committed against a private citizen in violation of the laws of the state of New York and of Erie county.

The only request Secretary Root has made to the superintendent of police and the district attorney here was one designed to prevent the would-be assassin from being made a hero of by exploitation. It can be stated upon the authority of a cabinet officer that no general movements against anarchists in contemplated.

No specific order for the arrest or detention of Emma Goldman has been sent out by Superintendent Bull, but it is possible that she will be arrested on the general request that the police throughout the country locate and examine any person who may be suspected of complicity in the crime. The police are endeavoring to trace her movements immediately before and after the president was shot.

FRIGHTFUL RAILROAD WRECK.

Wreck of a Train Loaded with Grand Army Excursionists On the Baltimore & Ohio.

Wheeling, W. Va., Sept. 9.—A frightful railroad accident occurred at Burton tunnel, 40 miles east of here, on the Baltimore & Ohio railroad. One man was killed and one fatally hurt and a number of others slightly injured. The engine on the through express, running 30 miles an hour, broke a flange and jumped square across the track, rolling over onto its side and plowed into the side of a hill. Engineer M. B. Stover, one of the oldest men on the road, was pinned under the engine, and fire, which followed the wreck, cremated his body. Fireman Marlow was thrown from the engine, landing under the cab, where he was fatally scalded by escaping steam. Baggagemaster Frank Riley and Postal Clerk Ross were both badly hurt, but not fatally.

The train was made up of six coaches loaded with G. A. R. excursionists bound for Cleveland. All were shaken up, but not more than a dozen were hurt, these being cut by broken glass.

After the wreck the coaches took fire, and two, with the baggage car, were burned. The effects of the passengers were all lost. Travel on the road is blocked and may not be opened before night.

THE GATHERING VETERANS.

Cleveland, O., Filling Up With Grand Army Veterans and Visitors to the Encampment.

Cleveland, O., Sept. 9.—Mnoday, the first of the G. A. R. encampment, was occupied chiefly with informal reunions of veterans who are constantly pouring into the city. The streets are alive with visitors. It is estimated that there are 100,000 guests and excursionists here now.

Gen. Sickles, of New York; Gen. Stewart, of Pennsylvania, and Judge Torrence, of Minnesota, are among the candidates mentioned for the office of commander-in-chief.

A number of committee meetings were held in the afternoon. A reception and grand military ball were the features on the programme for to-night.

A Trio of Dynamiters.

Chicago, Sept. 9.—Three men claiming to be linemen, on being refused admission to the office of the Chicago General Electric Co., here to-day, placed a dynamite cartridge under the front door and exploded it, wrecking the building and injuring Night Watchman Brenn. The men escaped.

They Ought to Know Better.

Marion, Ind., Sept. 9.—Three inmates of the National soldiers' home here are under arrest and in the guardhouse of that institution for having expressed sympathy with the attack on the president.

Secretary Hay Gone to Buffalo.

Newbury, N. H., Sept. 9.—Secretary of State John Hay left Newbury today for Buffalo. At Boston the secretary expected to meet his wife, who will accompany him to the end of his journey.

OTHERWISE UNNOTICED.

Ex-Gov. William J. Stone, of Missouri, announces that he favors severe punishment for every anarchist.

Charles Elbogen and his horse were precipitated over the brink of a quarry, at St. Louis, and both instanly killed.

Beaumont (Tex.) oil gushers were endangered by fire Sunday, having caught a quantity of oil floating on the waters of a near-by slough fire.

The St. Louis World's fair guards will be organized as soon as the force of workmen begins preparing the grounds for the buildings.

The raid of the St. Louis sheriff on householders who have neglected to pay their personal taxes has caused a panic among certain classes.

Chicago will fight anarchism again. Mayor Harrison has ordered the arrest of speakers indulging in violent language, and the police will not temporize with anarchists.

Mrs. McKinley bears up remarkably well. She visited, Sunday, the president for a few minutes and displayed the greatest fortitude and composure.

Miss Maud Willard, who attempted to pass through the rapids and pool of Niagara in a barrel, died immediately after being dragged from the barrel.

Prayers were offered in all of the churches of the country Sunday for the president's recovery, and in not a few reference was made to the tragedy from pulpits.

As the result of a 24-hour gale on Lake Huron the shores were strewn with wrecks Sunday night. No loss of life is reported.

James W. Van Laningham and Rev. D. D. Monfort, the pioneer missionary in the slums of St. Joseph, Mo., were severely injured in a runaway accident Sunday evening.

William Meek, a young man, residing with his parents on the Valley View farms just north of Edwardsville, Ill., killed himself because his parents objected to his sweetheart.

James Hudson Miller and Peter H. Bohls, of St. Louis, were drowned at Long lake, near Mitchell, Ill., Sunday, by the overturning of the boat from which they, with two others, were fishing.

Mrs. Elizabeth Cress died at the home of John W. Ritchie, four miles northeast of Litchfield, Ill. She was born in 1813 and was known as the oldest person in North Litchfield township.

German Red Sea Coaling Station.

Constantinople, Sept. 9.—A German vessel has landed a cargo of coal on the island of Farsan, in the Red sea, on a dock constructed by the German government, which is understood to be negotiated with Turkey for the lease of a coaling station.

Independent Order of Red Men.

Cincinnati, O., Sept. 9.—The annual national convention and conclave of the Independent Order of Red Men was opened here. Delegates representing 115 tribes, besides 28 delegates representing the Daughters of Pochahontas, were present.

Costly Fire in New Orleans.

New Orleans, Sept. 9.—Fire, Sunday night, destroyed J. H. Menges' wholesale grocery and ship chandlery and L. M. Brunswig & Co.'s chemical warehouse. The loss will reach $200,000.

River News.

Stations.	Gauge	Change 24 hours	Rainfall in 24 hrs
Pittsburg	5.1	—1.5	—
Cincinnati	9.9	—1.7	—
St. Louis	2.6	—0.2	—
St. Paul	2.4	—0.2	.40
Davenport	1.6	0.0	.08
Memphis	6.6	—1.1	—
Louisville	6.0	—0.5	—
Cairo	12.0	—0.3	—
New Orleans	5.3	—0.5	—

— Fall. * Trace.

THE MARKETS.

MONDAY, Sept. 9.

Grain and Provisions.

St. Louis — Flour — Patents, $3.40@3.60; other grades, $2.70@3.30. Wheat—No. 2 red, 70½@71½c. Corn—No. 2 mixed, 57½@58c. Oats—No. 2, 27c. Hay—Timothy, $11.00@12.50; prairie, $9.00@12.50; clover, $10.00@12.00. Butter—Creamery, 18@21½c; dairy, 14@16c. Eggs—Fresh, 16c. Lard—Choice steam, 8.90@8.92½c. Pork—New mess, $15.75. Bacon,—Clear rib, 9¼c. Wool—Tub-washed, 15@24c; Missouri and Illinois, medium combing, 15@17c; other grades, 13@15c; angora goat hair, 30@35c.

Chicago—Closing quotations: Wheat—September, 68¾c; October, 69¾c; December, 71c; May, 74@74¾c. Corn—September, 55¾c; October, 56¾c; December, 57c; May, 59½@59¾c. Oats—September, 28¾c; October, 34c; December, 35@35½c; May, 37¾@37¾c. Pork—September, $14.70; October, $14.80; January, $15.85; May, $16.00. Lard—September, $9.42½; October, $9.42½; November, $9.37½; December, $9.27½; January, $9.20; May, $9.25. Ribs—September, $8.65; October, $8.67½; January, $8.17½.

Live Stock Markets.

St. Louis—Cattle—Fancy exports, $5.65@6.25; butchers', $4.25@6.70; stockers, $2.50@4.00; cows and heifers, $2.50@4.65. Hogs—Packing, $6.60@6.80; butchers', $6.70@6.90; light, $5.25@6.50. Sheep—Mutton sheep, $2.75@3.25; lambs, $3.25@4.50.

Chicago—Cattle—Good to prime steers, $6.25@6.42½; poor to medium, $5.25@5.75; stockers and feeders, $2.25@4.25; cows and heifers, $1.75@5.00; canners, $1.75@2.40; calves, $3.00@6.00; Texas steers, $3.50@5.00; western steers, $3.75@5.25. Hogs—Mixed and butchers', $6.15@6.75; good to choice heavy, $6.50@6.85; rough heavy, $6.15@6.35; light, $6.10@6.70. Sheep—Good to choice wethers, $3.75@4.00; fair to choice mixed, $3.50@3.70; western sheep, $3.25@3.90; native lambs, $2.00@4.80; western lambs, $4.00@4.75.

Kansas City—Cattle—Native beef steers, $4.60@5.85; Texans and Indians, $2.75@5.85; Texas cows, $2.25@2.80; native cows and heifers, $2.40@5.25; stockers and feeders, $2.50@4.25; calves, $3.50@5.50. Hogs—Heavy, $6.40@6.50; packers, $6.25@6.45; mixed, $6.30@6.45; light, $6.10@6.35; yonkers, $6.00@6.30. Sheep—Muttons, $2.75@3.60; lambs, $3.50@4.50; range wethers, $3.00@3.50; ewes, $2.50@3.15; stockers and feeders, $2.00@3.25.

Cotton.

Quotations for middling range as follows: St. Louis, 8⅝c; New York, 9¼c; Memphis, 8 7-16c.

Financial.

New York, Sept. 9.—Money on call strong at 6 per cent; prime mercantile paper 5@6½ per cent. Sterling exchange weak, with actual business in bankers' bills at 485¼@485½ for demand, and at 483 for 60 days; posted rates 485½@484 and 486@487; commercial bills 482¾@482¾. Silver certificates unquoted. Bar silver 65⅝. Mexican dollars 45½. Government bonds steady.

Crittenden Press 1901-09-12 seq-14.jpg

Queen of the Table.

The waitress slammed an order of about a spoonful of dried-up mashed potatoes before the customer with a defiant air.

"I like the sample," weakly remarked the patron as he cleaned up the small part of the once luscious roots at one mouthful.

"That was your order; you asked for potatoes," snapped the waitress as her eyes narrowed and her lips assumed the shape of a straight line.

"When do you dig potatoes?" returned the subdued man in an effort to become friendly.

"I dig potatoes from 11 a. m. to two p. m." said the queen of the table as she nervously fingered a cup which was not "working." "And once more nobody but the cheap skates kick."

The patron gulped his coffee and beat a retreat.—Cleveland Leader.

Religion Losing Ground.

The country is becoming agitated over the statement that religion is losing ground. This results in countless discussions until the agitation runs its course, and still religion flourishes. It is only useless things that deteriorate. The finest recommendation of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, the great stomach strengthener, lies in the fact that it has lived for fifty years in spite of hundreds of imitations, and is renowned for its cure of dyspepsia, indigestion, biliousness, nervousness and malaria, fever and ague.

Letting Him Down Easy.

"That was a pretty harsh thing you said about me on the witness stand."

"What?"

"Why, when they asked you about my reputation for truth and veracity, you said I hadn't any."

"Yes; that has troubled me a good deal since then, but, honestly, old man, I wanted to let you down easy, so I lied about it."

"I should think you did."

"But you ought not to complain. Suppose I told them what your reputation in that line actually is!"—Chicago Post.

How He Knew.

"Oh, you cruel boy, to take those eggs out of the nest! Think of the poor mother bird when she comes—" "The mother bird's dead, miss." "How do you know that?" "I see it in your hat!"—Punch.

Ask Your Dealer for Allen's Foot-Ease, A powder to shake into your shoes. It rests the feet. Cures Swollen, Sore, Hot, Callous, Aching, Sweating feet and Ingrowing Nails, Corns, Bunions. Allen's Foot-Ease makes new or tight shoes easy. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores, 25c. Sample mailed FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

"De man dat staht out to git sumpin' foh nuffin," said Uncle Eben, "ginerly winds up by gittin' nuffin foh sumpin'."—Washington Star.

You can find almost any kind of a boy, except the one whose sympathies in a fight between a cat and dog are with the cat.—Atchison Globe.

Piso's Cure cannot be too highly spoken of as a cough cure.—J. W. O'Brien, 322 Third Ave., N., Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 6, 1900.

"Yes, he cracked a joke." "Well?" "And there was nothing in it."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Half an hour is all the time required to dye with PUTNAM FADELESS DYES.

There's always life in the old land. The trouble is you have to dig to find it.—Atlanta Constitution.

The young crab as they pulled off his leg: "That's a soft snap!"—Judge.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE. Price 25 Cents. Purely Vegetable. Brent Good

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

YUCATAN CHILL-TONIC

The Stomach

of a sick person rebels at sweet medicines.

Yucatan Chill Tonic contains nothing sickening and is easily assimilated by the weakest stomach.

A trial bottle will convince any sick person of its superiority over all so-called tasteless, chill tonics. 50 cents a bottle. For sale by dealers generally. Made only by The American Pharmacal Co., (Incorporated) Evansville, Indiana.

READERS OF THIS PAPER DESIRING TO BUY ANYTHING ADVERTISED IN ITS COLUMNS SHOULD INSIST UPON HAVING WHAT THEY ASK FOR, REFUSING ALL SUBSTITUTES OR IMITATIONS.

E CERTAIN CHILL CURE. VER FAILS! Price, 50c.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION

THE PRESIDENT MAY RECOVER

His Condition Satisfactory to All of His Physicians.

Change for the Better—Not One Unfavorable Sympton Has Developed—His Attendants Much Encouraged.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Sept. 8.—Through this quiet, peaceful Sabbath, every word that came from the big vine-clad house on Delaware avenue, in which the stricken chief magistrate of the nation lies battling for life, was reassuring and tonight the chances of his recovery are so greatly improved that all of those who have kept the patient vigil at his bedside feel strongly that his life will be spared.

The developments of last night and today were dreaded, but hour after hour passed and the distinguished patient, struggling there beneath the watchful eyes of physicians and trained nurses, showed not an unfavorable symptom. Five times during the day the eminent doctors and surgeons assembled for consultation and each time the verdict was unanimous that what change had occurred was for the better.

Not the slightest premonitory symptom of peritonitis appeared and the fresh hope born with the morning grew stronger and stronger as the day advanced until toward evening the confidence expressed in the president's recovery seemed almost too sanguine.

Dr. Charles McBurney, the famous New York surgeon, who had been summoned in consultation, after a thorough examination in which he said he had found not a single unfavorable symptom, joined in the last afternoon bulletin, which declared that the president's condition was satisfactory to all the physicians present. It is not strange, therefore, that the vice president, the members of the cabinet and other distinguished visitors who called came away with lighter hearts and buoyant tread and gave expression to the most optimistic sentiments. The encouraging news spread over the city with great rapidity and thousands came in carriages, in street cars and afoot, to learn for themselves of the faith and confidence that existed about the Milburn house. The brightness of the day with its cool, bracing atmosphere only added to the general cheerfulness and when a score of newsbodys darted into the crowd about 6 o'clock shouting "extra, the president will live," it was with difficulty that they could suppress the shouts of thanksgiving that rose in their throats.

And the newspapers men, many of whom have been at their posts for forty-eight hours continuously, remained steadfastly throughout the day in the little white walled tents across the street from the house where the president lay, and flashed the news over land and sea. And yet, despite all this optimism the president is by no means out of danger. Not one of his physicians; not one of his advisers who is admitted to the inner councils, has the termerity to go so far as to declare that he is.

Danger of Peritonitis.

But if he continues to improve for one more day the danger of peritonitis, which is most dreaded, will have practically disappeared.

Yesterday one of the doctors thought forty-eight hours would be the limit of the danger from that source, but his more conservative colleagues believe at least twenty-four hours, possibly thirty-six from this time, must elapse before the possibility of peritonitis shall have vanished. That disposed of, still other complications may arise. Blood poisoning might set in or an abscess form where the bullet is imbedded in the muscles of the back.

Thus far the ball of the assassin, which is still in the body, gives the physicians no anxiety. But if the slightest inflammation appears in the region of the lead the bullet will be immediately extracted. No difficulty is anticipated in this regard. One of Edison's best "Xray" machines, and his most skillful and trusted operator, Dr. H. A. Knolls, arrived today. The batteries were charged and the machine is ready for instant use. With it the physicians say there is not the slightest doubt that the ball can be located perfectly for an operation. They do not deem it advisable to sap any of the president's strength at this time. All his reserve force is needed now to resist the danger of peritonitis and septic poisoning. Besides, if inflammation does not set in around the bullet, it will soon become encysted.

Condition Satisfactory.

MILBURN HOUSE, BUFFALO, Sept. 8.—The following bulletin was issued by the president's physicians at 4 p. m.:

The president, since the last bulletin, has slept quietly four hours altogether since 9 o'clock. His condition is satisfactory to all the physicians present. Pulse 128, temperature 101, respiration 28.

P. M. RIXEY,
M. D. MANN,
ROSWELL PARKE,
HERMAN MINTER,
EUGENE WASDIN,
CHARLES MCBURNEY.

This bulletin was issued just forty-eight hours after the president was shot, and was regarded as of the most favorable character. Senator Hanna's secretary, Mr. Dover, came over to the press tent to express the feeling of confidence which had arisen from this bulletin. He pointed out that Dr. McBurney, the eminent surgeon, had joined with the other physicians in the statement, and that all concurred in a statement showing the president's condition to be perfectly satisfactory. The reduction of temperature to 101 was also noted as highly gratifying.

Poles Denounce Czolgosz.

NEW YORK, Sept. 8.—An indignation meeting, attended by about 500 Poles, of which it is estimated there are 80,000 in New York city, was held today and bitter words of denunciation of Czolgosz and his crime were uttered, while the expression of sympathy for the president and those belonging to him was warm and universal. Doubt as to the nationality of the would-be assassin was expressed and it was decided to send a delegate to Cleveland and Toledo to look into his ancestry and to prove that he is not a Pole, but a Russian, by descent.

SOUTHERN GLEANINGS.

The Sugar Crop.

The weather conditions continue to be favorable for the cane, and it is making satisfactory progress. Showers and warmth are promoting the growth of the canes, and they are developing at a rate which indicates a good average length for the mill. No injury seems to have been done by the reported excess of rain in some localities, and the general situation is good everywhere.—Louisiana Sugar Planter.

This is very gratifying information. The sugar industry needs a larger crop, to make amends for a succession of failures, or partial failures, which have been experienced during the past three seasons, and which have sorely tried the patience of planters.—N. O. Picayune.

Soldiers Poisoned.

Two hundred and seventy-five soldiers of the Twenty-seventh infantry are in the hospital at Fort McPherson, Ga., as a result of poisoning, thought to be from eating a stew, which was cooked all night. Four of them, Sergt. Winberg, Privates Coe, Gravely and Beck, may die. Col. French, in command, has ordered a rigid investigation, and the mess sergeant and others supposed to be responsible may be court-martialed.

Died in California.

Rev. Allen Hastings, formerly pastor of a Congregational church in St. Louis, and who went to southern California about eight years ago for relief from pulmonary trouble, died of consumption in Pasadena, Cal. He was 35 years of age and a graduate of Amherst college and Hartford seminary. He resigned the pastorate of the Congregational church at Ontario, Cal., last January. He leaves a widow and five children.

Fatal Train Wreck.

A Texas & Pacific freight train plunged through a Gulf, Colorado & Santa Fe passenger at Dallas, Tex. A. F. Jackson, extra mail clerk on the Santa Fe, was killed instantly and G. H. Ward, of Sunset, Tex., who was on the freight, was fatally injured. Fourteen horses in a car attached to the freight were killed. The engineer and fireman of the freight train saved their lives by jumping.

Treasurer Stowers Resigns.

The Mississippi treasury muddle was ended when Mr. Stowers, the deposed treasurer, tendered his resignation to Gov. Longino and the same was accepted. Mr. Carlisle, acting treasurer since the suspension of Stowers, was instantly commissioned treasurer pending a special election ordered for November 5. It is expected there will be several candidates.

Shot by an Unknown Man.

At Cherry Grove, N. C., one mile from the line of South Carolina, Felix Foley was shot and killed at night by an unknown man. Foley was called to his gate by a man, who said he wanted to see him, and when he came within 20 steps of him, the man fired at him, killing him instantly.

Black McArthur Dead.

Black McArthur, member of the Texas Democratic executive committee, died at his home near Slate Shoals, Lamar county, from injuries sustained by being thrown from a wagon.

Steamer Burned.

The steamer Gold Dust, the property of the Louisville and Evansville Packet Co., burned at Harding's landing, near Concordia, Ky. No lives were lost, but many narrow escapes are reported.

Killed by a Train.

George W. Beasley, day operator for the 'Frisco & Choctaw railroads at Wister, I. T., fell from a 'Frisco train, while attempting to board it, and was ground to death beneath the wheels.

Alabama's New Constitution.

The new constitution of Alabama was adopted in a constitutional convention at Montgomery, Ala., by a vote of 132 to 12. It will go into effect as soon as ratified by the people.

An Offer to Breckinridge.

The place of the dean of the faculty of the law department of Central university of Kentucky has been offered to ex-Congressman Clifton R. Breckinridge of Arkansas.

Killed by a Train.

J. T. Merton, of Carthage, Mo., was killed at Lexington, Ky., by a train in the Chesapeake & Ohio railroad yards. The body was horribly mangled and two cars were derailed.

To Elevate the Negro Race.

The negroes of Terrell, Tex., have organized the Right Living association, the objects being to elevate the race and to discourage crime of all sorts.

Got His Head Crushed.

James Long, a farmer living near Lockhart, Tex., had his head crushed in by his brother-in-law, Levi Moore, with whom he had an altercation.

Kicked to Death.

John Jillen, a native of Ireland, who had been in this country but a few months, was kicked by a horse and killed at Hattiesburg, Miss.

Kentucky Farmer Shot.

Tom Dunn, a well-known farmer of Mahone, Ky., was shot and instantly killed by two men named Childers and Wesson, who escaped.

Frank Eisele Discharged.

At Natchez, Miss., Frank Eisele, who shot and killed Mack Belton, a colored man, had an examining trial and was discharged.

PURE WATER DANGEROUS?

Some Interesting Observations Upon the Subject from Those Who Have Made It a Study.

Water is the natural drink of mankind. No other liquid quenches thirst so well as a glass of good water. But if this liquid is contaminated it may be a most noxious drink, says the European edition of the New York Herald.

Absolutely pure water is found nowhere in nature. When water falls from the skies it may be contaminated by the dust and the micro-organisms in the air. As a rule, this is what happens in all large towns. It may happen in the country, also, though there, after a long rain, the air is, so to speak, washed, when the rain water becomes relatively pure.

Rain water is always soft and unmixed with any mineral matter, whereas water from wells and springs always contains more or less mineral matter of various species. Carbonate of lime is the most common. Other matter is found in varying quantities, according to the character of the soil. Water containing mineral matter is called hard water. The degree of hardness depends on the quantity of matter contained in the water.

Hygienists have speculated as to whether hard water may be harmful to health. The majority affirm that a low degree of hardness is preferable to softness, particularly the hardness due to carbonate of lime. This salt is also found in grain and in milk.

American hygienists, on the other hand, maintain that soft water is far preferable to hard water. Numerous observations seem to confirm this assertion. For instance, before Croton water was distributed in New York very hard well water was used, and it must be noted that since the introduction of croton water diseases of the urinary passages have greatly diminished.

The discovery of micro-organisms or bacteria has revealed the existence of new enemies to be combated. Against these several hygienists have recommended the employment of distilled water. Its use is very widespread, especially where the natural water is absolutely impure. The fear of these minute enemies is greater than the fear of hard water, a fear well founded.

The majority of scientists declare that distilled water is an ideal water, both soft and free from bacteria. But a discordant voice has suddenly resounded in this concert of praise. It is that of Herr Koeppe, a German, who has just condemned distilled water as a poison. It is true that the dissolving power of distilled water is much greater than that of ordinary water, but in dealing with this fact it may be pointed out that during the act of drinking the water does not come in contact with protoplasmic cells, unless it be in the mouth or throat. In the stomach the water mixes with the aliment and the gastric juice, and the dissolving principle of the water attacks these. The objection is therefore unfounded.

Moreover, it has always been observed that in countries where only cistern water—i. e., rain water—is drunk this water has never done to those who drink it the same harm which they would have suffered from drinking the hard or stagnant water they would otherwise have been obliged to drink. The same observation has been made in regard to navy men, who drink distilled water only.

Pure water, consequently, is not dangerous, and for the present the anathema launched against distilled water should be regarded as a bugbear which ought to frighten nobody.

The Man Who Tells Secrets.

We dislike the man who is always telling us "secrets," and asking us "not to say anything." A certain man in this town has been telling us secrets for 20 years, and never yet told us anything worth repeating.—Atchison Globe.

No Time Lost.

Hawkins—I tell you what, Sellers reached the top in a hurry.

Robbins—Yes, he must have made pretty good time, for he has been blowing ever since he got there.—Smart Set.

The friend that fails us is better lost.—N. Y. Sun.

A METHODIST BISHOP GIVES PE-RU-NA GREAT CREDIT.



BISHOP GRANT, OF INDIANAPOLIS.

Bishop A. Grant, of Indianapolis, Ind., writes the following letter:

Indianapolis, Indiana, 3349 N. Pennsylvania Street.
Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, O.:
Gentlemen—"I have been using Peruna for catarrh and can cheerfully recommend your remedy to anyone who wants a good medicine."—A. Grant.

Prominent members of the clergy are giving Peruna their unqualified endorsement. These men find Peruna especially adapted to preserve them from catarrh of the vocal organs which has always been the bane of public speakers, and general catarrhal debility incident to the sedentary life of the clergyman. Among the recent utterances of noted clergymen on the curative virtues of Peruna is the above one from Bishop Grant.

Writes His Recommendation for the Famous Catarrh Remedy, Pe-ru-na.

The day was when men of prominence hesitated to give their testimonials to proprietary medicines for publication. This remains true to-day of most proprietary medicines. But Peruna has become so justly famous, its merits are known to so many people of high and low station that none hesitates to see his name in print recommending Peruna.

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If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

COTTON BELT ROUTE



Low Rates to Texas.

At frequent intervals during 1901, round trip tickets will be sold via the **Cotton Belt Route,** from Cairo and Memphis to points in Arkansas, Louisiana, Texas, and Indian and Oklahoma Territories, at greatly reduced rates.

Tell us where you want to go; also when you would like to leave, and we will tell you when you can secure one of the low-rate tickets and what it will cost. We will also send you a complete schedule for the trip and an interesting little book, "A Trip to Texas."

N. C. PEEPER, D. P. A., Memphis, Tenn. W. G. ADAMS, T. P. A., Nashville, Tenn.
F. R. WYATT, T. P. A., Cincinnati, Ohio. M. ADAMI, T. P. A., Cairo, Ill.
E. W. LaBEAUME, G. P. and T. A., St. Louis, Mo.

WINCHESTER

"NEW RIVAL" FACTORY LOADED SHOTGUN SHELLS

outshoot all other black powder shells, because they are made better and loaded by exact machinery with the standard brands of powder, shot and wadding. Try them and you will be convinced.

ALL ♦ REPUTABLE ♦ DEALERS ♦ KEEP ♦ THEM

HOW TO SAVE MONEY. A question of a few dollars interested in purchasing and applying the **Reliance High-Grade, Ready-Mixed House and Barn Paints,** will not only beautify but will make ugly homes impossible; also preserve house and barn from elements of the weather. If attended to at once it will prove a saving of ten per cent. on value of the property. Our high-grade paints are celebrated for their strength of color, covering capacity and durability. To those who are interested, we will mail, **free of charge,** our combination color cards and prices. **Exclusive Agency given to one dealer in each town. RELIANCE PAINT CO., St. Louis.**

SOZODONT insures your Teeth 25°

At all Stores, or by mail for the price. HALL & RUCKEL, New York.

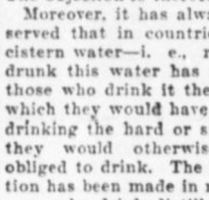
RAG DOLLS To any little girl who will send us 10 cents, together with the names and addresses of (3) little friends, we will send, postpaid, one of our CRY BABY DOLLS. ART FABRIC MILLS, Department C. C. 40 White Street, NEW YORK.

OPIUM WHISKY and other drug habits cured. We want the worst cases. Book and references FREE. Dr. B. M. WOOLLEY, Box 3, Atlanta, Ga.

A. N. K.—F 1882

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS please state that you saw the Advertisement in this paper.

A CASE OF BAD BOWELS



Are you happy? Not if your liver and bowels don't work. Happiness depends on the bowels. Every time you eat, you put into your body not only good material for repairs and fuel, but a mass of useless stuff that has to be removed promptly or it will clog your machinery, poison your blood, throw your liver out of gear, and make you act mean to those you love. Your stomach is sour, your skin yellow, your breath offensive, and you hate yourself and all mankind. Winter or summer it's all the same, when you are unclean inside, you are unhappy and so is everybody near you. The cure is pleasant, quick, easy, cheap, never fails. Cascarets, the world's greatest bowel cleaner and liver tonic. Cascarets are guaranteed to cure constipation, lazy liver, bad blood, bad breath, sour stomach, biliousness, and all summer and winter bowel troubles. Don't be unhappy—buy a box today. All druggists, 10c, 25c, 50c. Write for health booklet and free sample. Address Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago or New York.



CURED BY Cascarets CANDY CATHARTIC

473

319

Queen of the Table.

The waitress slammed an order of about a spoonful of dried-up mashed potatoes before the customer with a defiant air.

"I like the sample," weakly remarked the patron as he cleaned up the small part of the once luscious roots at one mouthful.

"That was your order; you asked for potatoes," snapped the waitress as her eyes narrowed and her lips assumed the shape of a straight line.

"When do you dig potatoes?" returned the subdued man in an effort to become friendly.

"I dig potatoes from 11 a. m. to two p. m.," said the queen of the table as she nervously fingered a cup which was not "working." "And once more nobody but the cheap skates kick."

The patron gulped his coffee and beat a retreat.—Cleveland Leader.

Religion Losing Ground.

The country is becoming agitated over the statement that religion is losing ground. This results in countless discussions until the agitation runs its course, and still religion flourishes. It is only useless things that deteriorate. The finest recommendation of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, the great stomach strengthener, lies in the fact that it has lived for fifty years in spite of hundreds of imitations, and is renowned for its cure of dyspepsia, indigestion, biliousness, nervousness and malaria, fever and ague.

Letting Him Down Easy.

"That was a pretty harsh thing you said about me on the witness stand."

"What?"

"Why, when they asked you about my reputation for truth and veracity, you said I hadn't any."

"Yes; that has troubled me a good deal since then, but, honestly, old man, I wanted to let you down easy, so I lied about it."

"I should think you did."

"But you ought not to complain. Suppose I told them what your reputation in that line actually is!"—Chicago Post.

How He Knew.

"Oh, you cruel boy, to take those eggs out of the nest! Think of the poor mother bird when she comes—" "The mother bird's dead, miss." "How do you know that?" "I see it in your hat!"—Punch.

Ask Your Dealer for Allen's Foot-Ease, A powder to shake into your shoes. It rests the feet. Cures Swollen, Sore, Hot, Callous, Aching, Sweating feet and Ingrowing Nails, Corns, Bunions. Allen's Foot-Ease makes new or tight shoes easy. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores, 25c. Sample mailed FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N.Y.

"De man dat staht out to git sumpin' foh nuffin," said Uncle Eben, "ginerly winds up by gittin' nuffin foh sumpin'."—Washington Star.

You can find almost any kind of a boy, except the one whose sympathies in a fight between a cat and dog are with the cat.—Atchison Globe.

Piso's Cure cannot be too highly spoken of as a cough cure.—J. W. O'Brien, 322 Third Ave., N., Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 6, 1900.

"Yes, he cracked a joke." "Well!" "And there was nothing in it."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Half an hour is all the time required to dye with PUTNAM FADELESS DYES.

There's always life in the old land. The trouble is you have to dig to find it.—Atlanta Constitution.

The young crab as they pulled off his leg: "That's a soft snap!"—Judge.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE.

Price 25 Cents | Purely Vegetable. Brent Good

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

YUCATAN CHILL-TONIC

The Stomach

of a sick person rebels at sweet medicines.

Yucatan Chill Tonic contains nothing sickening and is easily assimilated by the weakest stomach.

A trial bottle will convince any sick person of its superiority over all so-called tasteless, chill tonics. 50 cents a bottle. For sale by dealers generally. Made only by The American Pharmacal Co., (Incorporated) Evansville, Indiana.

READERS OF THIS PAPER DESIRING TO BUY ANYTHING ADVERTISED IN ITS COLUMNS SHOULD INSIST UPON HAVING WHAT THEY ASK FOR, REFUSING ALL SUBSTITUTES OR IMITATIONS.

USE CERTAIN CHILL CURE. SEVER FAILS! Price, 50c.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION

THE PRESIDENT MAY RECOVER

His Condition Satisfactory to All of His Physicians.

Change for the Better—Not One Unfavorable Sympton Has Developed—His Attendants Much Encouraged.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Sept. 8.—Through this quiet, peaceful Sabbath, every word that came from the big vine-clad house on Delaware avenue, in which the stricken chief magistrate of the nation lies battling for life, was reassuring and tonight the chances of his recovery are so greatly improved that all of those who have kept the patient vigil at his bedside feel strongly that his life will be spared.

The developments of last night and today were dreaded, but hour after hour passed and the distinguished patient, struggling there beneath the watchful eyes of physicians and trained nurses, showed not an unfavorable symptom. Five times during the day the eminent doctors and surgeons assembled for consultation and each time the verdict was unanimous that what change had occurred was for the better.

Not the slightest premonitory symptom of peritonitis appeared and the fresh hope born with the morning grew stronger and stronger as the day advanced until toward evening the confidence expressed in the president's recovery seemed almost too sanguine.

Dr. Charles McBurney, the famous New York surgeon, who had been summoned in consultation, after a thorough examination in which he said he had found not a single unfavorable symptom, joined in the last afternoon bulletin, which declared that the president's condition was satisfactory to all the physicians present. It is not strange, therefore, that the vice president, the members of the cabinet and other distinguished visitors who called came away with lighter hearts and buoyant tread and gave expression to the most optimistic sentiments. The encouraging news spread over the city with great rapidity and thousands came in carriages, in street cars and afoot, to learn for themselves of the faith and confidence that existed about the Milburn house. The brightness of the day with its cool, bracing atmosphere only added to the general cheerfulness and when a score of newsbodys darted into the crowd about 6 o'clock shouting "extra, the president will live," it was with difficulty that they could suppress the shouts of thanksgiving that rose in their throats.

And the newspapers men, many of whom have been at their posts for forty-eight hours continuously, remained steadfastly throughout the day in the little white walled tents across the street from the house where the president lay, and flashed the news over land and sea. And yet, despite all this optimism the president is by no means out of danger. Not one of his physicians; not one of his advisers who is admitted to the inner councils, has the termerity to go so far as to declare that he is.

Danger of Peritonitis.

But if he continues to improve for one more day the danger of peritonitis, which is most dreaded, will have practically disappeared.

Yesterday one of the doctors thought forty-eight hours would be the limit of the danger from that source, but his more conservative colleagues believe at least twenty-four hours, possibly thirty-six from this time, must elapse before the possibility of peritonitis shall have vanished. That disposed of, still other complications may arise. Blood poisoning might set in or an abscess form where the bullet is imbedded in the muscles of the back.

Thus far the ball of the assassin, which is still in the body, gives the physicians no anxiety. But if the slightest inflammation appears in the region of the lead the bullet will be immediately extracted. No difficulty is anticipated in this regard. One of Edison's best "Xray" machines, and his most skillful and trusted operator, Dr. H. A. Knolls, arrived today. The batteries were charged and the machine is ready for instant use. With it the physicians say there is not the slightest doubt that the ball can be located perfectly for an operation. They do not deem it advisable to sap any of the president's strength at this time. All his reserve force is needed now to resist the danger of peritonitis and septic poisoning. Besides, if inflammation does not set in around the bullet, it will soon become encysted.

Condition Satisfactory.

MILBURN HOUSE, BUFFALO, Sept. 8.—The following bulletin was issued by the president's physicians at 4 p. m.:

The president, since the last bulletin, has slept quietly four hours altogether since 9 o'clock. His condition is satisfactory to all the physicians present. Pulse 128, temperature 101, respiration 28.

P. M. RIXEY,
M. D. MANN,
ROSWELL PARKE,
HERMAN MINTER,
EUGENE WASDIN,
CHARLES MCBURNEY.

This bulletin was issued just forty-eight hours after the president was shot, and was regarded as of the most favorable character. Senator Hanna's secretary, Mr. Dover, came over to the press tent to express the feeling of confidence which had arisen from this bulletin. He pointed out that Dr. McBurney, the eminent surgeon, had joined with the other physicians in the statement, and that all concurred in a statement showing the president's condition to be perfectly satisfactory. The reduction of temperature to 101 was also noted as highly gratifying.

Poles Denounce Czolgosz.

NEW YORK, Sept. 8.—An indignation meeting, attended by about 500 Poles, of which it is estimated there are 80,000 in New York city, was held today and bitter words of denunciation of Czologosz and his crime were uttered, while the expression of sympathy for the president and those belonging to him was warm and universal. Doubt as to the nationality of the would-be assassin was expressed and it was decided to send a delegate to Cleveland and Toledo to look into his ancestry and to prove that he is not a Pole, but a Russian, by descent.

SOUTHERN GLEANINGS.

The Sugar Crop.

The weather conditions continue to be favorable for the cane, and it is making satisfactory progress. Showers and warmth are promoting the growth of the canes, and they are developing at a rate which indicates a good average length for the mill. No injury seems to have been done by the reported excess of rain in some localities, and the general situation is good everywhere.—Louisiana Sugar Planter.

This is very gratifying information. The sugar industry needs a larger crop, to make amends for a succession of failures, or partial failures, which have been experienced during the past three seasons, and which have sorely tried the patience of planters.—N. O. Picayune.

Soldiers Poisoned.

Two hundred and seventy-five soldiers of the Twenty-seventh infantry are in the hospital at Fort McPherson, Ga., as a result of poisoning, thought to be from eating a stew, which was cooked all night. Four of them, Sergt. Winberg, Privates Coe, Gravely and Beck, may die. Col. French, in command, has ordered a rigid investigation, and the mess sergeant and others supposed to be responsible may be court-martialed.

Died in California.

Rev. Allen Hastings, formerly pastor of a Congregational church in St. Louis, and who went to southern California about eight years ago for relief from pulmonary trouble, died of consumption in Pasadena, Cal. He was 35 years of age and a graduate of Amherst college and Hartford seminary. He resigned the pastorate of the Congregational church at Ontario, Cal., last January. He leaves a widow and five children.

Fatal Train Wreck.

A Texas & Pacific freight train plunged through a Gulf, Colorado & Santa Fe passenger at Dallas, Tex. A F. Jackson, extra mail clerk on the Santa Fe, was killed instantly and G. H. Ward, of Sunset, Tex., who was on the freight, was fatally injured. Fourteen horses in a car attached to the freight were killed. The engineer and fireman of the freight train saved their lives by jumping.

Treasurer Stowers Resigns.

The Mississippi treasury muddle was ended when Mr. Stowers, the deposed treasurer, tendered his resignation to Gov. Longino and the same was accepted. Mr. Carlisle, acting treasurer since the suspension of Stowers, was instantly commissioned treasurer pending a special election ordered for November 5. It is expected there will be several candidates.

Shot by an Unknown Man.

At Cherry Grove, N. C., one mile from the line of South Carolina, Felix Foley was shot and killed at night by an unknown man. Foley was called to his gate by a man, who said he wanted to see him, and when he came within 20 steps of him, the man fired at him, killing him instantly.

Black McArthur Dead.

Black McArthur, member of the Texas Democratic executive committee, died at his home near Slate Shoals, Lamar county, from injuries sustained by being thrown from a wagon.

Steamer Burned.

The steamer Gold Dust, the property of the Louisville and Evansville Packet Co., burned at Harding's landing, near Concordia, Ky. No lives were lost, but many narrow escapes are reported.

Killed by a Train.

George W. Beasley, day operator for the 'Frisco & Choctaw railroads at Wister, I. T., fell from a 'Frisco train, while attempting to board it, and was ground to death beneath the wheels.

Alabama's New Constitution.

The new constitution of Alabama was adopted in a constitutional convention at Montgomery, Ala., by a vote of 132 to 12. It will go into effect as soon as ratified by the people.

An Offer to Breckinridge.

The place of the dean of the faculty of the law department of Central university of Kentucky has been offered to ex-Congressman Clifton R. Breckinridge of Arkansas.

Killed by a Train.

J. T. Merton, of Carthage, Mo., was killed at Lexington, Ky., by a train in the Chesapeake & Ohio railroad yards. The body was horribly mangled and two cars were derailed.

To Elevate the Negro Race.

The negroes of Terrell, Tex., have organized the Right Living association, the objects being to elevate the race and to discourage crime of all sorts.

Got His Head Crushed.

James Long, a farmer living near Lockhart, Tex., had his head crushed in by his brother-in-law, Levi Moore, with whom he had an altercation.

Kicked to Death.

John Jillen, a native of Ireland, who had been in this country but a few months, was kicked by a horse and killed at Hattiesburg, Miss.

Kentucky Farmer Shot.

Tom Dunn, a well-known farmer of Mahone, Ky., was shot and instantly killed by two men named Childers and Wesson, who escaped.

Frank Eisele Discharged.

At Natchez, Miss., Frank Eisele, who shot and killed Mack Belton, a colored man, had an examining trial and was discharged.

PURE WATER DANGEROUS?

Some Interesting Observations Upon the Subject from Those Who Have Made It a Study.

Water is the natural drink of mankind. No other liquid quenches thirst so well as a glass of good water. But if this liquid is contaminated it may be a most noxious drink, says the European edition of the New York Herald.

Absolutely pure water is found nowhere in nature. When water falls from the skies it may be contaminated by the dust and the micro-organisms in the air. As a rule, this is what happens in all large towns. It may happen in the country, also, though there, after a long rain, the air is, so to speak, washed, when the rain water becomes relatively pure.

Rain water is always soft and unmixed with any mineral matter, whereas water from wells and springs always contains more or less mineral matter of various species. Carbonate of lime is the most common. Other matter is found in varying quantities, according to the character of the soil. Water containing mineral matter is called hard water. The degree of hardness depends on the quantity of matter contained in the water.

Hygienists have speculated as to whether hard water may be harmful to health. The majority affirm that a low degree of hardness is preferable to softness, particularly the hardness due to carbonate of lime This salt is also found in grain and in milk.

American hygienists, on the other hand, maintain that soft water is far preferable to hard water. Numerous observations seem to confirm this assertion. For instance, before Croton water was distributed in New York very hard well water was used, and it must be noted that since the introduction of croton water diseases of the urinary passages have greatly diminished.

The discovery of micro-organisms or bacteria has revealed the existence of new enemies to be combated. Against these several hygienists have recommended the employment of distilled water. Its use is very widespread, especially where the natural water is absolutely impure. The fear of these minute enemies is greater than the fear of hard water, a fear well founded.

The majority of scientists declare that distilled water is an ideal water, both soft and free from bacteria. But a discordant voice has suddenly resounded in this concert of praise. It is that of Herr Koeppe, a German, who has just condemned distilled water as a poison. It is true that the dissolving power of distilled water is much greater than that of ordinary water, but in dealing with this fact it may be pointed out that during the act of drinking the water does not come in contact with protoplasmic cells, unless it be in the mouth or throat. In the stomach the water mixes with the aliment and the gastric juice, and the dissolving principle of the water attacks these. The objection is therefore unfounded.

Moreover, it has always been observed that in countries where only cistern water—i. e., rain water—is drunk this water has never done to those who drink it the same harm which they would have suffered from drinking the hard or stagnant water they would otherwise have been obliged to drink. The same observation has been made in regard to navy men, who drink distilled water only.

Pure water, consequently, is not dangerous, and for the present the anathema launched against distilled water should be regarded as a bugbear which ought to frighten nobody.

The Man Who Tells Secrets.

We dislike the man who is always telling us "secrets," and asking us "not to say anything." A certain man in this town has been telling us secrets for 20 years, and never yet told us anything worth repeating.—Atchison Globe.

No Time Lost.

Hawkins—I tell you what, Sellers reached the top in a hurry.

Robbins—Yes, he must have made pretty good time, for he has been blowing ever since he got there.—Smart Set.

The friend that fails us is better lost.—N. Y. Sun.

A METHODIST BISHOP GIVES PE-RU-NA GREAT CREDIT.



BISHOP GRANT, OF INDIANAPOLIS.

Writes His Recommendation for the Famous Catarrh Remedy, Pe-ru-na.

Bishop A. Grant, of Indianapolis, Ind., writes the following letter:

Indianapolis, Indiana,
3349 N. Pennsylvania Street.
Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, O.:
Gentlemen—"I have been using Peruna for catarrh and can cheerfully recommend your remedy to anyone who wants a good medicine."—A. Grant.

Prominent members of the clergy are giving Peruna their unqualified endorsement. These men find Peruna especially adapted to preserve them from catarrh of the vocal organs which has always been the bane of public speakers, and general catarrhal debility incident to the sedentary life of the clergyman. Among the recent utterances of noted clergymen on the curative virtues of Peruna is the above one from Bishop Grant.

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SOZODONT insures your Teeth 25c

At all Stores, or by mail for the price. HALL & RUCKEL, New York

RAG DOLLS

To any little girl who will send us 10 cents, together with the names and addresses of (3) little friends, we will send, postpaid, one of our CRY BABY DOLLS.

ART FABRIC MILLS, Department C. C. 40 White Street, NEW YORK.

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CURED BY Cascarets CANDY CATHARTIC

NEWS OF THE COUNTY.

NEW SALEM.

ing corn is in full blast. The stalks dder is about all that most of us ave in the way of a corn crop.

O. Hayden and wife spent Sunday s section.

ard Bebout, of New Salem, atten rch at New Salem Sunday.

Beard of Tolu and family, were ts of relatives Saturday and Sun

Oakley came over to his regular tment 2d Sabbath; he has had a e attendance to hear him Sunday. e hope the church may employ him next year.

George Foster and Charley Donekay were in this section buying stock last week: come again.

Bud and Phil Kirk, of Hurricane were guests of relatives in this section Saturday and Sunday.

Our mining interest in this section has been on the decline for the past month.

What has become of our railroad? We are in hopes it is not among the things of the past.

Bill Davenport has taken the contract to straighten the bridge across Claylick creek, near Emmaus church; the bridge was thrown out of plumb some time ago by a tree falling on it.

The hog crop is the slimest in quite a while; our stock men say fat hogs will bring 7 cents before Christmas.

Tyner's mill is running on full time.

Lon Travis and wife, of Emmaus were the guests of relatives here last week.

An infant child of Fred Brown died on the 6th.

Mrs Lina Henley is quite sick and under care of a doctor.

Robert Mahan went to Elizabethtown last week before the pension board to be examined.

The tobacco worms are here by the wholesale. The tobacco men are kept busy all the time.

Cured of Chronic Diarrhea.

"I suffered for thirty years with diarrhea and thought I was past being cured said John S. Holliday of French Camp, Miss. "I had spent so much time and money and suffered so much that I had given up all hopes of recovery. I was so feeble from the effects of diarrhea that I could do no kind of labor, and could not even travel, but by accident I was permitted to find a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhea Remedy, and after taking several bottles I am entirely cured of that trouble, I am so pleased with the result that I am anxious shat it may be in reach of all who suffer as I have." For sale by R. F. Haynes.

ODESSA.

Miss May McClure, of Dawson Springs is visiting Misses Lillie and Maus Guess this week.

Misses Elva Kemp and Nida McDow- were guests of Misses Naomi and Lo- Vanhooser Sunday.

Warren, while coming home from Sunday night was thrown from le; not badly hurt.

Beulah Crittenden is visiting lassey,

McConnell and family of Marion several days with his mother last

Otta Davis, of Tribune, was the her brothers, Jack and Bill Darday and Sunday.

r meeting at Blackburn Sunday ck; come out.

A Great Favorite.

The soothing and healing properties of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, its pleasant taste and prompt and permanent cures have made it a great favorite with people everywhere. It is especially prized by mothers of small children for colds, croup and whooping cough, as it always affords quick relief and as it contains no opium or other harmful drugs, it may be given as confidently to a baby as to an adult. For sale by R. F. Haynes

DYCUSBURG.

Mrs E. G. Hayward is visiting her son E. J. Hayward in Marion this week.

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Crittenden Press 1901-09-12 seq-17.jpg

NEWS OF THE COUNTY.

NEW SALEM.

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What has become of our railroad? We are in hopes it is not among the things of the past.

Bill Davenport has taken the contract to straighten the bridge across Claylick creek, near Emmaus church; the bridge was thrown out of plumb some time ago by a tree falling on it.

The hog crop is the slimest in quite a while; our stock men say fat hogs will bring 7 cents before Christmas.

Tyner's mill is running on full time.

Lon Travis and wife, of Emmaus were the guests of relatives here last week.

An infant child of Fred Brown died on the 6th.

Mrs Lina Henley is quite sick and under care of a doctor.

Robert Mahan went to Elizabethtown last week before the pension board to be examined.

The tobacco worms are here by the wholesale. The tobacco men are kept busy all the time.

Cured of Chronic Diarrhea.

"I suffered for thirty years with diarrhea and thought I was past being cured said John S. Holliday of French Camp, Miss. "I had spent so much time and money and suffered so much that I had given up all hopes of recovery. I was so feeble from the effects of diarrhea that I could do no kind of labor, and could not even travel, but by accident I was permitted to find a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhea Remedy, and after taking several bottles I am entirely cured of that trouble. I am so pleased with the result that I am anxious shat it may be in reach of all who suffer as I have." For sale by R. F. Haynes.

ODESSA.

Miss May McClure, of Dawson Springs is visiting Misses Lillie and Maus Guess this week.

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Bill Warren, while coming home from church Sunday night was thrown from his mule; not badly hurt.

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Eye, Ear, Nose and Throa
GLASSFITTED.

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