

# The Crittenden Press.

VOLUME 24.

MARION, CRITTENDEN COUNTY, KENTUCKY, DECEMBER 4, 1902.

NUMBER 26.

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Something more than an hour was spent in the discussion of this menu:

Chicken Salad, Turkey, Cranberries, Ham, Oysters, Celery, Olives, French Rolls, Coffee, Orange Punch, Reception Flakes, Ices, Fruits, Roquefort Cheese, Tea, Cigars.

At the conclusion of the feast Mr. Toastmaster Blue proposed the following in his inimitable style and for another hour there was a flow of intellectual beverages:

John K. Hendrick—The Lawyer Thirty Years Ago. The incidents connected with the speaker, Judge Nunn, L. H. James and Rev J. W. Biggam, who were all members of the Marion bar thirty years ago, were full of humor and pathos, and his congratulations of Judge Nunn upon his deserved success was the climax of the brilliant address.

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Mr. Haynes was called for mid the applause that followed. He said that he now notified the two gentlemen that his court was still in session and would be until that incident was rightly closed.

Whereas, Judge Thomas J. Nunn, who has for a number of years been our circuit judge in this judicial district, has been elevated by his countrymen to the highest position in the Judiciary of this Commonwealth, and will on the first day of January, 1903, become a member of the court of last appeal from this Appellate Court district; and

Whereas, He has made the Fourth Judicial district such an able, wise, erudite and incorruptible official, who in the fiercest and most tangled litigation, has risen to the loftiest heights of an upright Judge; always courteous to the officials of his court and litigants, and all those with whom he came in contact; stern, yet kind; steadfast and immutable; one who has justly held the scale and walked upon the mountain range of law, which has earned for him the deserved appellation of the upright Chancellor; and, as he doffs the spotless robe he has so faithfully and honorably worn, to wear the ermine of the Judge of the court of Appeals, we confidently and cheerfully predict for him a career as illustrious as any who have preceded him in the long line of Kentucky's great Judges. Therefore, be it

Resolved, by the members of the Marion Bar, That we extend to him our great appreciation of his services and record as our Judge, and hope for him all achievement and happiness in his new field of duty; and be it further

Resolved, That we have these resolutions spread upon the Order Book of the Crittenden Circuit Court.

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Old Stone  
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Old Continental 3.50  
Pure Davies co. 2.00

Our "OLD HICKORY" the best \$2.25 per gal.

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For 15 Days Only.

To enable us to wait on the trade, for generally Christmas times are very busy. To all who purchase from us at one time one gallon of any Whiskey or Brandy we will accept as part payment the coupon below for 25 cents, so cut it out and bring it with you.



## Trade Coupon.

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We appreciate your trade and hope to merit it in the future.

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### END OF SIZZLING SAM.

Sizzling Sam was a sinner and, A terror for men to shun: He loved to wade in human gore And he shed it just for fun. With his gun in hand he was full of sand, He swaggered about in a manner grand: There wasn't one in the Texas town Who was game enough to call him down.

Sam'd load up on tranter juice And meander forth to kill. He had a private boneyard which He bragged he was going to fill. Other bad men ran when the fun began— There wasn't a stayer in all the clan— For the bush they'd hike like frightened deer And keep mighty scarce while Sam was near.

There came one day to the Texas town A youth with cuffed air, Whose tourist togs were noisy, and Who bisected his blonde hair: This dainty young man went about to scan The sights of the town, and very soon ran Against the greatest of all ker-slams— The apparition of Sizzling Sam.

Commotion then arose forthwith— There ensued a wild affair— A pulseless form lay stark and still And nobody seemed to care. And the lifeless clay rudely borne away To the burying ground of Sam that day Was torn and twisted all out of shape And were not even a rag of crape.

Sizzling Sam was a gone galoot And the town was howling glad: With eager haste they plucked him— Not a single soul was sad. The cuffed youth who had done the trick Was a ping-pong player and lightning quick. And Sam, while trying his moves to check, Got badly tangled and broke his neck. —Frank B. Welch, in N. Y. Times.

### EXTENUATING CIRCUMSTANCES.

BY HORACE WENDHAM.

It was a quarter to 12 on Saturday night—a time when, standing as one does on the threshold of a new week, it is only appropriate that new resolutions should be formed. This, at any rate, was Phyllida's view of the matter, and no Saturday within my memory had ever been permitted to join its predecessors until she had solemnly registered a determination to lead a "higher and more purposeful life" for the future. From previous experience I knew that I should be pressed into subscribing to similar protestations. It was, therefore, with no feeling of surprise worthy of the name that I heard my departure prohibited, as, on the date in question, I made a strategic movement, hat in hand, towards the door.

"You mustn't go yet," observed Phyllida, laying a detaining hand on my arm.

"But my train will," I protested. "Never mind that—you can catch another."

I resigned myself to the inevitable and sat down again. The pause that followed was broken by my companion.

"I called you back because you have forgotten something," she remarked, insinuatingly.

"I don't think so—my overcoat is in the hall, and I've got your letters for the post all right."

"It is something more important than letters," returned Phyllida. "Guess."

"Parcels?"

"No—nor telegrams, either. You know perfectly well what you've omitted to do. I'm not going to give you the opportunity of making another silly remark, though, so I'll tell you at once—you haven't made any good resolutions for next week yet."

"Quite so—I'm afraid it slipped my memory. Have you noticed how the wind is rising? I see that the weather man says—"

"Yes—it will probably be fine if it doesn't rain," broke in Phyllida. "I don't think we need talk about the weather, though."

"It is unspeakable," I agreed.

"Then perhaps you will give me your attention for a few minutes. Do you know what day this is?"

I consulted my note book. "It is the 15th of the month."

"Yes, and it is also Saturday evening," returned my companion in a deny-it-if-you-can voice. "In a quarter of an hour or so we shall enter on a new week. I should like to know, therefore, what your resolutions for its proper observance are?"

"I think, Phyllida," I remarked, diplomatically, "that it would be as well if you would mention the more conspicuous of my moral lapses."

"It is a time for self-examination," she replied, severely. "Still, perhaps it would be better if I did as you suggest."

I am afraid that Phyllida misread the expression with which I received this remark.

"You needn't look so relieved," she continued. "I'm only going to tell you your faults because I don't believe I should get the truth out of you."

"That is not the way to invite con-

fidence," I replied, with dignity. "A moment ago I was more than ready to reveal the inmost workings of my mind to you. As it is—well—"

Phyllida arose from her seat and crossed over to my side. Looking at the matter impartially I cannot regard her subsequent action as being strictly in accordance with the dictates of propriety. It was, however, distinctly tranquilizing—and then, there were no spectators.

"Very well," I observed, as she returned to her own chair. "Ask me anything you like."

"Now, you're nice again," she answered, smilingly. "You can't think how attractive it makes you. Well, what I want you to do is to describe all the girls you have fallen in love with since last Monday."

"All of them?" I echoed, disconcerted at the unexpectedness of the demand.

Phyllida nodded acquiescence. "I'm afraid I shall have to go in ten minutes," I replied, looking at my watch.

"I suppose that means you couldn't exhaust the list before 12 o'clock," she answered, sadly. "I'm disappointed in you—and after all your solemn promises, too."

"I have no wish to deprive you of any legitimate grievance," I returned, "but you wrong me in thinking—"

"Then you haven't—er—you know—with anyone?"

"Precisely."

"O, I'm so glad," she exclaimed, brightly. "I knew I could trust you. You can't think what a weight you've taken off my mind, though. Do you know," she added, softly, "I think I admire your frankness more than anything else."

"I hope, Phyllida," I answered, proudly, "that you will always find me meriting your good opinion in this respect. Such experiments as from time to time I have conducted in the matter have ever convinced me that a rigid adherence to truth is the more excellent way."

"One should scorn to resort to falsehood from higher motives than those of mere policy," retorted Phyllida, severely. "Isn't there a proverb about it?"

"I have heard it said that a lie in time saves nine," I observed.

"Don't be frivolous, or I shall think you're not serious in your promise to be frank with me. Besides, I've got another question to ask you. It's this. I don't want you to mention any names, of course—but have you seen any girl whom you liked much during the last week? Now, be candid. Examine yourself thoroughly."

I complied with the request. In fact, I did so with such completeness that my companion thought it necessary to repeat the question.

"I have given the matter my attention," I returned, at length, "and find that I have only erred and strayed in one single instance."

"Ha!" exclaimed my inquisitor, sharply, "so you admit that you've been misbehaving, do you?"

"Don't make me regret my confidence," I pleaded. "I was not wholly to blame, I assure you. The incident occurred some time ago—three days at least."

"It's inexcusable," was the stern retort. "I declare, you're not to be trusted out of sight for more than an hour or two at a time. You didn't go the length of proposing matrimony to the lady who was fortunate enough to win your—er—regard, though, I suppose?"

"Certainly not, Phyllida," I replied. "Your question surprises me."

"Well, I'm glad to find it's not so bad as I thought," she went on, unheedingly. "I don't suppose you had time to get tender enough for that, though?"

"I only saw her for five minutes or so," I explained. "Upon my honor, Phyllida, you have no cause for alarm on my account. I assure you that nothing beyond a hasty kiss passed between us."

The self-appointed guardian of my morals sprang to her feet.

"What!" she exclaimed—"you—you kissed her?"

"Only once," I answered, soothingly. "You must consider, I hadn't been introduced to her very long."

"O, this is too much!"

"My own, you asked for frankness," I observed.

"Yes, but not for callousness, too. O, how could you—how could you?"

"You will excuse my seeming density, but your question does not convey much to me. How could I what?"

Phyllida's lips shaped themselves to answer; her tongue, however, rebelled at the words. I leaned forward, inquiringly.

"Yes," I repeated, encouragingly. "You wanted to know how I could—"

"K—k—kiss her? Yes."

"My own, it was quite easy," I answered, reassuringly.

"What!" was the indignant response. "You actually boast of it. Why, you must be brazen!"

"Not at all," I returned, stung by the unworthy insinuation. "I am pained that you should condemn me unheard. You do not know all the circumstances."

"What ones?"

"The—er—extenuating ones."

"I don't believe there were any."

"Pardon me, there were several."

"Tell me one of them, then."

"Well, the lady didn't object."

"Then she was brazen, too. I knew it! You were both of you equally guilty."

This was overstepping the bounds of ordinary acquaintanceship. Something was due to myself, too. In a moment I had resolved upon my course of action.

"I cannot permit you to asperse an innocent lady who is not here to defend herself," I observed. "The blame, if any, was entirely mine."

"Ah, you only say that because you're a man," returned Phyllida, obviously softening a little.

"It is the truth," I asserted, proudly. "Never shall it be said of me that I stood by and saw the character of a woman assailed in her absence without raising a voice in her defense."

"Rubbish!" was the inelegant retort. "She's a designing minx, I'm sure—and a cat, too! So there! I expect, though," she added in another tone, "if only the truth were known—she led you on."

"Well," I admitted, reflectively, "her behavior might certainly be considered—er—er—encouraging."

"There!" I was sure of it all the time," cried Phyllida, triumphantly. "Tell me, now, what did she do?"

"My dear," I expostulated, "you really oughtn't to ask me such things."

"Why, was it so bad as all that?"

I am afraid I must have unconsciously nodded an affirmative. Phyllida came to my side.

"You poor old thing," she whispered, softly. "Did she put her arms around your neck like this when she kissed you?"

This time I nodded purposely.

"O, the minx!"

"Don't condemn her unheard," I pleaded.

"You dear, good-natured old goose," said Phyllida, gently, "it's only your generosity that makes you find excuses for her."

"But she was young," I urged.

"Young, indeed! H'm—quite old enough to know better, I'm sure."

"Indeed, Phyllida, don't think this was the case."

"Well, how old was she?"

"O, I don't know exactly—it's not considered polite to ask a lady her age, you know."

"Well, you seem to have got on such intimate terms with her that I should have thought you would have asked her anything."

"I did ask her mother," I admitted.

"Ah—well, that's something," returned Phyllida, in a decidedly more satisfied tone. "Tell me though," she continued, "did you ask on the day that she made this disgraceful exhibition of herself?"

"Meaning?"

"O, you know perfectly well—the day when she kissed you?"

"Yes."

"Well, how old was she, then?"

"I don't think I ought to tell you, Phyllida. Consider how you would like it."

"But I want to know such a lot."

"How much?" I demanded, sternly.

"Very much, indeed—please."

"All right, then—but promise you'll never tell her."

"Of course, I won't—now."

"You don't want to know out of mere curiosity, I hope?" I asked, anxiously, as I made room for her in the chair beside me.

"O, don't be aggravating. If you still care for me at all—and don't want me to withdraw my forgiveness—tell me at once how old that horrid girl was when she kissed you?"

"Put your head nearer."

## News of the World

Iron Mountain switchmen have been granted an increase in wages of four cents per hour.

Many tinplate mills in this country which were idle during the summer have been started up, giving employment to a large number of men.

The British government is enforcing the collection of 15 pence on each pound income of Americans in that country to aid in paying the Transvaal war debt.

Gen. Toral, the man in command of the Spanish troops at Santiago and who surrendered to the Americans in the late Spanish-American war, has become a raving maniac, and is now confined in an asylum. In his mad ravings Toral declares the success of American troops due to Sagasta, former premier of Spain.

The Pennsylvania mine workers, through their representatives, have agreed with the mine owners to attempt to adjust the differences existing between them outside the anthracite coal commission. The proposition was made on a compromise basis and negotiations, it is said, will be entered upon at once, with a reasonable hope of settlement with the aid of the arbitrators. The rough proposition which is to form the basis of negotiations is a 10 per cent increase in wages, a nine-hour day and trade agreements between the miners and the company by which they are employed.

The annual report of A. R. Serven, chief examiner of the civil service commission, shows that during the last fiscal year there were 60,558 people examined in and for the classified service, of whom 40,509 passed and 13,298 were appointed, promoted or transferred. In addition 1,174 persons were examined for the Philippine service, of whom 480 passed and 694 failed. The great complexity of the work done under the direction of Chief Examiner Serven is shown by the large number of examinations which include the subjects of special, professional, scientific or technical character. Of these there were 208 examinations in which 8,257 persons took part. Well nigh every field of professional or scientific inquiry and research is represented in the variety of the examinations.

W. J. Campbell, who has arrived at San Francisco from Guatemala, brings additional details of the damage caused by the recent volcanic disturbances. In an interview Mr. Campbell said: "There is no clear idea yet of the loss of life resulting from the volcano's eruption, but from what I could gather before leaving the country, I believe that 5,000 natives have been killed. There was some talk at San Jose, too, of some of the refugees having been waylaid by robbers, but I saw no instance of this. In fact, I bothered very little about anything except the fact that I had been impoverished, and I took the first means of getting back to this country. I heard at San Jose that President Cabrera was trying to suppress the news, but he could not reasonably have expected to do anything like that, for the evidence of ruin was apparent to everybody. Some of the coffee fincas that have been nearly ruined were worth more than \$1,000,000. The plantation of Albert James, which was wiped out of existence, had machinery upon it worth \$300,000, all of which is destroyed. Some months ago James refused an offer of \$1,500,000 for the finca. Adolpho Myers' finca, worth \$750,000 in gold, was entirely ruined. Both of these fine places lay from 20 to 40 miles west of the volcano. The town of Quezaltenango is practically ruined, for the houses are cracked and broken down; the people are moving out and the neighborhood is covered with sand and ashes."

Archbishop Ireland has declared himself in favor of the army canteen at army posts. "It will be a grand thing," said the archbishop, "if we could persuade every man in the United States army to become a total abstainer, but until we can accomplish that end we must face the conditions as they are. Experience has proved that the lesser evil consists in permitting the soldiers a certain latitude within the army posts. By so doing we make them happy and contented and prevent infractions of discipline and desertions. It is the lesser of the two evils."

Charles W. Clark, son of Senator Clark, of Montana, has been indicted on the charge of attempting to bribe a member of the district court in a mining case involving several million dollars.

The funeral of the late Right Rev. Hugh Miller Thompson, Protestant Episcopal bishop of the diocese of Mississippi, was held at Jackson on the 18th inst. The services were participated in by the bishops of Georgia, Louisiana and Texas.

Marshal Nicholas Hofferton, of Independence, Ky., was killed in a desperate battle with a farmer named William Rice, who was himself fatally wounded.

Peace between the American Baseball Association and the National Association, by which the former becomes a member of the latter, was the outcome of the conference in Chicago.

Mrs. U. S. Grant, venerable widow of the soldier president, is in feeble health, and for the first time since her strength began to decline her family and friends are apprehensive of grave results.

Newman Erb, trustee for the stockholders of the St. Louis, Memphis and Southeastern Railroad Company, and its late president, announces that on the 17th inst. the sale of the stock of that company to the St. Louis and San Francisco Railroad Company was concluded at \$47.50 a share.

Gustave Stewart, a laborer, was gradually buried alive at Marion, Ind. He was excavating for a sewer when a portion of the earth caved in, pinioning his lower body. He remained conscious for some time, and before assistance could be rendered he was completely covered by the crumbling earth.

Within the next few weeks increases of the wages of their employees will be announced by various railroad companies that will, in round figures, swell the yearly income of the 650,000 men affected by at least \$15,000,000, and probably by more than \$20,000,000. A conservative estimate of the sum is \$17,000,000.

President Mitchell, of the miners' union, was a witness for three days before the strike commission, during which he was subject to a most trying cross-examination by attorneys of the coal companies on conditions in the anthracite region and the laws and management of the union. Friends of Mitchell claim that he proved by his testimony every contention made by the union.

Of the twelve large exhibit palaces to be erected on the world's fair grounds there remain but three for which the contracts are yet to be let. They are the transportation, horticulture and agriculture buildings. Of the buildings now under construction, three of the largest—the liberal arts, varied industries and electricity—are under roof and so near to completion that the tracks constructed for the hauling of heavy material to them are being torn up.

Astonishing revelations of great loss of life and property caused by the eruption of the Santa Maria volcano in Guatemala are being made daily. Eruptions continue. Many hundreds of human beings perished and the destruction of property is considered greater than that in the island of Martinique by the eruptions of Mont Pelee. All the estates in the neighborhood of the volcano are buried under volcanic ashes which reach to the tops of houses. The richest coffee estates are completely ruined.

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The New York Herald has nominated Roosevelt and Dewey as the republican candidates for 1904.

A freight depot at Pell City, Ala., was wrecked by an explosion of dynamite and four men working in the building were killed.

Senator Cullom, of Illinois, has announced his intention of introducing at the next session of congress an anti-trust bill.

Miss Florence McFarlan, aged 21, was stabbed to death at Rochester, N. Y., by Mrs. Lulu Young. Jealousy prompted the deed.

President Roosevelt did not get an opportunity to shoot a bear in his Mississippi hunt, but one animal was run down and killed by a guide.

Harry Allemang, the baseball player who was shot at Mason City, W. Va., by burglars, will recover. It was thought at first that he was mortally wounded.

Capt. Edward Williams, wanted in Chicago on the charge of acting as bribe giver for large property interests in evading paying taxes, has been taken into custody.

The czar has issued a proscriptive order in regard to foreigners visiting Turkistan the object being to keep secret the movements of Russian troops in that territory.

For the first time since the civil war there is one regiment in the United States army without an officer in it who participated in the great battles between the states.

At the annual meeting of the American Federation of Labor held in New Orleans, a resolution opposing ship subsidies and in favor of the Isthmian canal was adopted.

Sylvester Richardson, a 15-year-old boy, is under arrest at Maysfield, Ky., on the charge of attempting to wreck a fast mail train by placing obstructions on the track.

The Baptist state convention appointed a committee to confer with the other faction, known as the Baptist State Association, and it is probable peace will be declared and the two bodies united.

The Northern Central and Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington Railroad Companies have announced an increase of 10 per cent in wages of all employees receiving less than \$80 per month.

W. J. Lomasney, a young bank teller, committed suicide in a justice of the peace court at St. Louis, where he was in attendance as a witness. An investigation of his accounts revealed no shortage.

A vast vein of ore, running \$44 per ton of gold and silver, has been discovered half a mile from Silver Cliff, Col. The ore is lying just below the surface, on government land, and everything for miles around has been staked.

Four masked men held up a passenger train on the Colorado and Southern near Trinidad, but secured no money on account of the resistance of Messenger Sherwick. One of the robbers was shot by the plucky messenger, when the other kicked him up and disappeared in the woods.

An Italian anarchist fired three ineffectual shots at King Leopold while he was passing through the streets of Belgium. The would-be assassin was rescued from a mob by the police. The unfired cartridges in his revolver were found to be blank, and it is thought those discharged were also harmless.

Not until they went to attend his funeral at Marion, Ind., did the two wives of Thos. N. Davis know that he was leading a dual life. Both women were mentioned in the deceased's will. One lived at Marion and the other at Bowling Green for years without any knowledge of the relations of each to Davis.

Representative Babcock, of Wisconsin, has declined to permit the use of his name for speaker of the next house, and the Wisconsin delegation decided to vote for Mr. Cullom, of Illinois.

### WISDOM OF THE GREEKS.

Know thou, whoever with heavenly power contents, short is his date, and soon his glory ends.—Homer.

Everything excessive is ill-timed; since it is an old saying, that too much even of honey is gall.—Anon.

The wealth of the soul is the only true wealth; the rest of things have more of pain than pleasure.—Lucius. O gold, the father of flatterers, the son of pain and care; to have the is a fear; not to have thee, a sorrow.—Palladas.



## THIS AND THAT.

An Irish charwoman's sudden and romantic leap into riches has brought suitors to her humble Cork dwelling.

Every class now seems to have a special newspaper organ in Paris. A weekly has now been started in the interests of the police.

The yearly salary of the British ambassador at Paris is \$15,000; the ambassador at Berlin, Constantinople and Vienna, \$35,000 each; at Washington, \$32,500.

Among the flotsam and jetsam thrown up on the beach at Rhossili, Glamorgan, recently, was the body of a full-grown lion, which has since been buried by the coast guard in what is known as Fox's cave.

Capt. D. O. Shays, known as the leader of Shay's rebellion in 1786, is buried near Scottsburg, N. Y., and his grave is so neglected that it is almost impossible to find it. It is marked with a common slate stone, covered with moss and colored with age.

To determine the gear of a bicycle on which a gear case conceals the sprockets, let the pedal point directly to the ground, mark the spot, push the machine in a straight line until a complete revolution of the pedal has been made, then mark the spot, measure the distance and multiply this in inches by 7 and divide the result by 22. That will give the gear.

The wise cyclist will resist the inclination to drink whenever thirsty. For a short time it will be hard work, especially if you are a novice or out of condition; but you will soon lose the unpleasant sensation and will be able to enjoy riding even on the hottest days, while your companions who have exercised less self-restraint will envy your cool and comfortable appearance.

"Tom" Ochiltree snorts contemptuously when he hears extravagant yarns about the marksmanship of cowboys. By way of emphasizing his opinion on this subject he tells of a fellow down in Texas who held a silver half dollar between fingers for a cowboy to shoot at, "and he never did it again," says the colonel, always pausing at this point. "Hand shot off, I suppose," some hearer usually ventures. "Sh" say not," ejaculates Tom. "The cowboy hit him in the leg, and serves him right, too."

### Banishment for Gamblers.

For playing "heads and tails" for stakes of a farthing an apprentice named Paul Riedel has been sentenced to banishment from Austria. According to the Austrian criminal law the uniform punishment for all games of chance, including the game "heads and tails," is banishment.

## ALASKAN FORESTS.

Some Huge Trees Grow in Our Great Northern Territory.

"If I were to tell you that in far-off Alaska, whose resources are just becoming known, there is an extensive forest in which are found numberless trees from six to eight feet in diameter and 200 feet in height you would question my veracity," said an official of the interior department the other day to a Washington Star reporter. "Nevertheless, that is the fact," he added. "President Roosevelt recently created a forest reserve, embracing most of the islands of the Alexander archipelago, lying on the southeast coast of Alaska. These islands, mountainous in character, extend along the coast for about 200 miles, and from the shore to their outer limits is about 60 miles. It is a fact that practically every foot of soil is covered with dense vegetable life, trees of mammoth size growing abundantly from the coast clear up the mountain sides to an elevation of 2,000 or 2,500 feet. Practically all of the valuable timber of Alaska is concentrated in this group of islands, and has been but little cut."

"People generally have a misconception of climatic conditions in Alaska, especially in the southeastern pan-handle. It is a matter of record that on the Alexander archipelago there is an annual rainfall of 80 inches, most of the moisture descending in the form of a gentle mist, keeping the soil constantly damp. The warm Japan current runs in close by, moderating the temperature. Snow is practically unknown, yet a few miles in on the mainland the winters are severe. There the effects of the Japan current are but little felt. The forests of the archipelago were recently studied by an officer of the navy department sent for that purpose. He reported that only the spruce and hemlock reach the proportions I have given you, although yellow cedar, a most valuable wood, often reaches a diameter of three or four feet. The smaller trees are the alder, cottonwood, poplar, maple, willow and red cedar. No doubt when the timber supply of the United States becomes depleted, as it certainly will at the present rate of cutting, the virgin forests of Alaska will make a valuable contribution to the nation's supply. The president was fortunate in reserving this rich spot before its presence became known to timber speculators and before the hand of man worked devastation throughout its length and breadth."

### Nothing Lost.

Nothing is altogether lost or wasted.—Washington (La.) Democrat.

## LESSON IN AMERICAN HISTORY IN PUZZLE



MARQUETTE TEACHING THE INDIANS. Find Father Dablon.

Father Jacques Marquette began his labors among the Indians at Sault Ste. Marie. This was in 1668, and he continued his work along Lake Superior, Lake Huron and Georgian Bay until May, 1675, when he and Father Dablon and a number of followers left Mackinaw island in search of the Mississippi river of which they had heard. Floating down the Fox and Wisconsin rivers they reached the Mississippi to the mouth of the Wisconsin, on June 17. They explored the Mississippi to the mouth of the Arkansas. He returned to Green Bay and spent a year there. In 1675 he started for the great river again, but got only as far as the present site of Chicago for a time, though he later completed the journey. He returned to Lake Michigan, crossed to the east shore, and died there May 18, 1675.

### AN ARCTIC ROMANCE.

Life Story of a Woman of the Most Northerly Indian Tribe.

Mrs. Chris Sonniksen has left San Jose for Dawson City. She goes by way of Nome, and thence up the river to the northern El Dorado. The going of Mrs. Sonniksen, says the San Jose (Cal.) Mercury, was not chronicled in society events because she is a full-blooded Chug-Chi, the most northerly tribe of Indians on the American continent.

Mrs. Sonniksen was never south of the arctic circle until she married, and until one year ago she was never out of the Land of the Midnight Sun in her whole 38 years of life.

Mrs. Sonniksen was born in the extreme northern end of the American continent. She had many times been to Siberia, had fished and hunted the seal and the walrus in the Kamtschatkan sea, but never until she met Chris, Sonniksen, miner and fortune-seeker, who left Denmark many years ago, had she been as far south as the arctic circle. A year ago she came clear out of the land of cold and ice to the sunniest land on all the earth. She brought the body of her dead husband to Watsonville for burial. Afterward she took up her residence on Cinnabar street, in San Jose, for the purpose of educating her children, who have been attending the Longfellow school for the past four terms.

Mrs. Sonniksen during her residence here learned English. It was 12 years ago that her husband left Watsonville and San Jose for the north. He encountered the luck of all fortune-seekers until the gold strike on gravel claims was made at Dawson City. He was one of the original locators of a claim on Dominion creek, and when he died he left a fortune estimated at \$200,000 to his squaw widow.

It was years previous to the Klondike excitement that Sonniksen met his wife. He was then trapping and prospecting in the very far north. A descendant of the Norsemen, latitude had no scares for him. He spent a winter at Point Barrow, and there began the courtship with the woman who bore him his children and is now managing his estate.

In the course of his career in the north Sonniksen became impressed with the idea that vegetables could be grown in the arctic regions. As a reward for his investigations, it may be said a large vegetable farm near Dawson City is among the most valuable assets of the widow.

Mrs. Sonniksen experienced no difficulty with the California climate. She was hale and hearty throughout her residence there, and never for a moment complained of her change of latitude. She expects to return next year, and will then become a permanent resident. She leaves her two children, who are attending school.

### A Lie and the Truth.

When a chronic liar tells the truth he always feels called upon to produce evidence in support of his statement.—Atchison Globe.

### A Miser's Money.

Money ceases to talk after a miser gets a strangle hold on it.—Chicago Daily News.

### BREVITIES OF FUN.

Mabel—"Poor Eliza! They say he married her for her money." Tom—"Well, he earned it."—Judge.

"Do you believe in the equality of the sexes?" "Yes, I do. But I wouldn't like my wife to know it."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Muleted—"He's an unfortunate man of letters." "Why, I never heard he was an author." "Well, he was the author of several letters that lost him a breach of promise suit."—Philadelphia Press.

Profuse Apologies.—"See here!" said the hotel clerk. "You'll have to move on. We can't have any loitering around this hall." "Why," replied the offender, "the head waiter told me to stay here till he came. I'm after a job as a waiter." "O, I beg your pardon. I thought you were only a guest."—Philadelphia Press.

Thinking Hard.—"Do you think this train will get through on time?" asked the nervous passenger. "I'm trying to think it," answered the conductor. "I've been trying to think it ever since I went to work. But mental science doesn't seem to do much good on this road."—Washington Star.

### AUTHORS' EXPLANATIONS.

Sometimes Write Passages They Themselves Cannot Afterward Explain.

Two curious literary anecdotes may be found in Lord Nelson's pages, says the London Chronicle. One tells us that Keble's famous wedding hymn, "The Voice That Breathed O'er Eden," was written as a protest against the divorce act. The other states that the "angel faces" of Newman's famous hymn refer to "some visions in his youth which used to rejoice his heart." There is a tradition that Newman in his old age was asked what he had meant by the lines in question, and explained that no doubt he had meant something in particular, but that he had quite forgotten what it was. When a similar question was put to Browning he is said to have referred the inquirer to the Browning society, who could tell him all about it.

Some Gottingen students who had a keen admiration for Klopstock—the "German Milton"—found one of his stanzas unintelligible, and begged him to explain its exact meaning to them. The poet read the stanza—then carefully reread it—then read it again, while all looked on with bated breath. At last he spoke: "I cannot recollect what I meant when I wrote it, but I do remember that it was one of the finest things I ever wrote, and you cannot do better than to devote your lives to the discovery of its meaning." This was pretty good for a modest man, but the finest repartee of the kind is that attributed to old Jacob Boehme, the shoemaker and mystic. Certain disciples came to him on his deathbed, imploring him to expound a difficult passage of crucial importance in his philosophical system. "My dear children," began Boehme, after wrestling in spirit for a time, "when I wrote this I understood its meaning, and no doubt the omniscient God did. He may still remember its meaning, but I have forgotten."

## THE WORLD'S RICHEST MAN.

Alleged Treasures of San Francisco Hermit Cause Trouble in England.

At Sheffield James Albert Marson, generally known as "the Sheffield millionaire," was charged with forgery, obtaining money by false pretenses, and perjury, says the London Mail.

The evidence related largely to the story which appeared in a weekly newspaper entitled: "The Coming Richest Man in the World—A True Story That Reads Like a Romance," and of which Marson was said to be the hero. The article was read in court and caused much amusement.

The article stated: "Great excitement now prevails within the private circles of a family living in a central manufacturing town situated in the Midlands. A young fellow named Albert Marson, who fills the position of clerk, will in a few months be announced as the richest man in the world."

The facts connected with the affair were declared to be "strangely romantic and full of interest." The testator, eccentric and a hermit in San Francisco, was described; also how for 16 years after his death the will was wrongfully kept secret until an old servant, suspicious, commenced investigations which continued for the space of six years. These led to the discovery of the rightful heir. Then ensued a description of the hermit's mansion. There was a trapdoor, which on being opened showed a manhole, which in turn revealed a flight of well-worn steps. Then a passage and then a room, the shelves of which groaned beneath the weight of ingots of gold. There was also machinery for the conversion of gold dust into ingots.

Then came another room, more passages, and a massive iron door bearing a gold plate with the following inscription:

"This door is so constructed that if forced open the person or persons passing it by such means are liable to death. The key is to be obtained from S— bank, and can only be given up to the English gentleman authorized by their government to receive it, and to be unlocked in the presence of the chief governors of San Francisco."

The key was produced, the necessary precautions observed, and the door opened. Behind the door was a bridge, and beneath the bridge a pit filled with water. "Passing over the death-trap the party found the surroundings to be a gold mine, an examination of which proved it to be of countless worth."

The heir to this countless wealth (continued the article) is still scratching with his pen, but the queen has already intimated her intention of making him a peer of the realm as soon as the world is publicly acquainted with the information here recorded.

Joseph Frederick Brown, fish salesman, who lived next door to Marson, stated that on Marson's assurance that the story was perfectly true and that he was the man referred to, he lent him numerous small sums, amounting in all to £432. He had been repaid about £90. He had also received a check for £5,000, but had returned it to Marson to be reindorsed and had not seen it again.

Marson had told him that he (the witness) and a number of other friends were to be introduced to her majesty and subsequently to the prince of Wales.

The case was adjourned, Marson being released on bail.

### AUTHOR'S BAD HANDWRITING.

Greatly Helped the Actor Who Took the Pains to Decipher It.

The bad handwriting of one dramatist has had an important effect on the fate of his play, says Leslie's Monthly. James M. Barrie, the novelist, sent his comedy of "The Professor's Love Story" in manuscript to Sir Henry Irving, who studied out the almost illegible writing and liked the play, but thought it was not suitable to the Lyceum theater. So he sent it to John Hare with a recommending note, praising the piece and advising him to take a part so eminently suited to him. But Mr. Hare was less patient than Sir Henry and would not take the time to decipher the writing. So in turn he forwarded the manuscript to Edward S. Willard, whose labor was rewarded with a drama so successful that it is still the most popular piece in his repertory.

### Lady Prompters.

Women prompters have been tried at the Berlin theaters with success, as it has been found that their voices carry better across the stage and are less audible to the auditorium.

## COSTLY WOODS FOR FUEL.

What One Factory Did When Coal Was Scarce and Dear.

People have turned to everything for fuel during the coal famine brought on by the recent strike, but it is doubtful, says the Boston Transcript, if the furnaces of more than one factory are fed by costly imported woods, where every ton burned means a value of about \$20 to \$40 gone up in smoke.

The one firm in question is located in Cambridgeport. Its engineers have found that hard woods like ebony, rosewood, box wood and lignum-vitae, well seasoned, burn almost as well as coal. The only precaution which they take is not to burn coal and wood at the same time. They stoke their fires with \$40 wood fuel part of the time, and with scarcely less expensive coal fuel the rest of the time.

On the face of it it may look as if the concern's managers are throwing away (or burning up) good money, but with them it is a plain business proposition. As one of them explained the other morning, they have unusual storage room, and for many years have been constantly in the market to buy. During the course of this time they have picked up a large amount of wood at extremely low prices. When, for instance, the National Mahogany and Cedar company was formed of several of the most prominent New York and Boston wood concerns, the individual firms composing them had a general selling out of stock, and when the same trust disintegrated a short time later, there was another sale—and at both of these the Cambridgeport company profited in good wood at reduced prices. So if fine hard wood worth \$40 a ton cost them less than \$10 a ton, they can afford to use it under their boilers rather than buy bituminous coal at very nearly that price or anthracite coal at half as much again.

### PERSIMMON AS A FRUIT.

Not as Highly Regarded in America as It Ought to Be.

Why is it the persimmon is not more highly regarded as a fruit? True, it is difficult to get it at just the right stage to avoid the "pucker," but well-ripened and frosted fruit most persons would surely consider delicious, and worth a little trouble to produce. Possibly, says Mehan's monthly, it is because the ripe fruit is difficult to handle. What is known as the Japanese persimmon is more encouraging to grow than our native ones in respect to the size of the fruit, being fully twice as large. But it will not thrive further north than Philadelphia, and even there it is uncertain. The flavor is a little less sweet, but with less "pucker."

Of late attention has been given to the improvement of our native persimmon, and it has been attended by more or less success. Some are almost or entirely seedless, and absence of most of the puckering is noticeable. One promising variety has been named Gold Drop, for which is claimed earliness coming into bearing, extreme hardness, unusually large and good shape, fine yellow color, flesh melting and with but little pucker when ripe.

The American persimmon makes a handsome tree ornamentally considered. It has dark, green leaves that remain on late in the fall.

### GREATER LONDON'S CENSUS.

Population Now 6,500,000—Its Growth Threatened by Falling Birth Rate.

Recent county council statistics show the population of Greater London to be 6,581,372.

A note of alarm has been sounded because, notwithstanding that the marriage rate has steadily increased since 1894, the birth rate has reached the lowest point ever touched. Thirty years ago the birth rate was 35.4 in the thousand. Now it has sunk to 29.3. Throughout England the full birth rate has been on parallel lines.

The death rate in London shows a slight increase over the three previous years.

Both pauperism and crime show a tendency to decrease.

The board of trade report shows that there were fewer strikes in 1901 than for several years. There were 642 new disputes, involving 180,000 work people. About two per cent. of the industrial population were concerned, and the time lost was computed to be equal to 4,000,000 working days, about 22 days for every one affected. The majority of the disputes ended rather in favor of the masters than of the men.

### Biggest Part of Them.

Some men's littleness is by far the largest part of them.—Chicago Daily News.

## The United States and Tropical Agriculture

By HON. JAMES WILSON,  
Secretary of Agriculture.

THE acquisition of tropical territory by the United States has made it important and necessary that our agricultural department become thoroughly familiar with the agricultural conditions prevailing in these lands, and their possibilities in crop production, (1) for the purpose of supporting the present population; (2) for supporting the population which will result from the new and changed conditions, and (3) for bringing in revenue from outside sources. The United States pays out millions of dollars annually for tropical products WHICH WE OUGHT TO GROW, AND WHICH WE CAN GROW without interfering in any way with well-established industries. Coffee, rubber, bananas, cacao, and many other tropical crops not hitherto grown by us can now be produced, and attention has been turned to the best methods of succeeding with such crops.

It is evident that for many years the department will have to keep in close touch with whatever work may be inaugurated in these outlying lands; hence, experiment stations established there must be so organized as to be an integral part of the department. In order to do this the stations should be put in charge of men from the department who are familiar with existing conditions and whose knowledge will render them strong supporters of the department's work. This policy has already been carried out in the case of the stations established in Hawaii and Porto Rico.

The improvements in the coffee industry of Porto Rico are an example of what has already been accomplished in this direction. Among the agricultural imports of the United States, coffee is second only to sugar, our annual importations averaging \$70,000,000, and only a small fraction of one per cent. of this quantity comes from our tropical islands. The most important industry of Porto Rico, however, is the raising of coffee for European markets; hence, it has received early attention in our investigations of tropical agriculture. It has been found that the Porto Rican coffee plantations are seriously injured by being too heavily shaded, and also that shade is not, as commonly believed, a necessity, the supposed good effects resulting from it consisting simply in the fixation of nitrogen in the soil by the root tubercles of the leguminous trees used for shade. The other advantages of shade are only indirect, consisting in the protection of the soil from heat, drought and erosion. Rational moderation in the use of shade, the raising of seedlings nurseries, and other practical cultural improvements would double or treble the island's output of coffee, and with the increase of acreage readily possible for this crop THE ISLAND COULD BE MADE TO PRODUCE MORE THAN HALF OF THE COFFEE CONSUMED IN THE UNITED STATES.



# The Press.

R. C. WALKER, Publisher  
WALTER WALKER, Manager.

OBITUARIES.—Not exceeding 10 lines will be published free of charge. All over 10 lines at 5 cents per line.  
RESOLUTIONS OF RESPECT.—\$1.00

## ANNOUNCEMENT.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE.  
We are authorized to announce  
T. EVERETT BUTLER

a candidate for Representative from Crittenden and Livingston counties in the next General Assembly of Kentucky, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

Gen. Lew Wallace, author of "Ben Hur," is dangerously ill.

The situation probably demands that the grand juries of the State indict the Democratic State committee for calling a primary election to nominate candidates for State offices.

The Louisville Post of Tuesday has a fresh piece of news concerning our railroad. Under a Madisonville date line it published, verbatim, the item the Press had last week. They all know where to find the news, and when they find it in the Press they know its reliable.

Millionaire Schwab announces that wealth is not without its drawbacks. That it is harder for men of wealth to find rest than men of moderate means. "Honesty's essence is religion," he says and he might have remarked that if honesty's essence flavored all business transactions, even those of great proportions, there would be fewer men of great wealth and more of moderate means.

The exportation of cattle, sheep and hogs from a number of New England States, has been prohibited by the National authorities. The animals have been found suffering from a disease of the mouth and foot to an alarming extent, and should the malady spread west of the Hudson it will become a national calamity, says Secretary Wilson, and he is afraid that the situation will be taken as a pretext by Germany and other European countries to shut out American meats.

Gov. Beckham has been asked by a number of members of the Legislature to call an extra session of that body to regulate the Louisville Tobacco exchange. The exchange probably needs its neck twisted a little, but the next regular session is not so far in the future but what it can attend to that job; besides, it would be better taste for the people, rather than the legislature, to petition for an extra session.

A petition has been circulated in all important towns along the Ohio river, asking congress to make an appropriation for improving that stream. The deepening of the channel so as to make the stream navigable for large steamers at all seasons is designed. The business interests of more than 13,000 people would be materially improved by a work of this kind, and it ranks in importance with the greatest internal improvements ever undertaken in this country. It will come sooner or later.

When men or newspapers calling themselves Democrats raise a great hue and cry because a Democratic committee calls a primary election to nominate candidates for office, there is evidently some disease in the body politic. Some mistake might be made or some wrong might be done in formulating the rules of a primary, but if a primary, affording every sovereign voter, high or low, an opportunity to express his device, is undemocratic, we confess that the ideas we have so long entertained about Democracy are erroneous and nothing short of regeneration will set us right.

Hon. Harry McChesney, Superintendent of Public Instruction, was in town yesterday. Mr. McChesney is one of the most efficient and popular officers the Commonwealth has. He is a candidate for Secretary of State and should win. Clean, able and fearless in the discharge of duty, he is a credit to his party and the State.

The closing session of the fifty-seventh Congress opened Monday. The question of admitting to statehood the territories of Oklahoma, New Mexico and Arizona, is one of the measures to be passed upon at this session. At the last session this bill, known as the Omnibus bill, passed the House and is now before the Senate. A strong effort will be made to emasculate the bill so as to obtain a vote for the admission of Oklahoma as a separate proposition. This would defeat the admission of New Mexico and Arizona, both of which would elect Democratic Senators. Oklahoma is Republican.

The work of the entire destruction of the use of silver as a money metal goes bravely on. All countries, great and small, are being pressed in that direction. This pressure is not, however, the result of natural laws, no more so than is the city ordinance providing for butchers' license, a natural law. It is an enactment of man and not a provision of nature. As the elimination of silver as a money metal gives rise for a demand for something else to take its place, the person or persons, syndicate or syndicates, that control the article that might be or must be used in place of the dismantled commodity, are benefitted to the extent of the value that is taken from and given to the other article. Hence the interest of those who are situated so as to be able to supply this demand. Whenever we notice that this country or that has shut out silver, we know the work is moving on.

## GOOD ROADS.

The good roads for this part of our commonwealth are a thing of the past for the next six months. Now if we had the pike from Salem to Marion what a great blessing it would be to all classes.

There is no part of Kentucky where a pike could be built as one from Salem to Marion. Two-thirds of the way the road would be to haul from one hundred yards to half a mile. It would not only enhance the price of every acre of land within five miles of the road, but would give employment to every one that wants to work, besides scattering a good amount of money among our people.

Yes, let us have the road. All it needs is a start in the right direction. Look at the town of Salem! Two years ago it was a dead town. Look at it today! Everything on a substantial boom, the town full of people, the streets crowded with wagons, and every other kind of vehicle. All we are in need of now is a good road; it can be built; all we need is the men with the right kind of grit to push it along. We have the men if we can get them interested in the matter.

## THE LATEST.

The President's message was sent to Congress Tuesday.

Much damage was done by storms in the South.

The coinage at the three government mints during the fiscal year aggregated 191,419,506 pieces valued at \$94,526,687.

A fire at Henderson at 6:30 o'clock Sunday morning caused losses estimated at \$80,000. The Pierson Dry Goods company and the grocery firm of James L. Lambert & Sons were the principal losers.

The Rev. W. H. Milburn, the blind chaplain of the Senate, has tendered his resignation, and it will be placed before the Senate. Ill health is the cause of his resignation.

## POINTS FROM THE MESSAGE.

The President's message went to Congress Tuesday. It is a lengthy document. The following paragraphs indicate his ideas on important subjects:

Congratulated the country on its prosperity.

Corporations, and especially combinations of corporations, should be managed under public regulations, the question trust regulation should stand apart from tariff revision.

Reciprocity treaties are greatly to be desired.

The tariff on anthracite coal should be removed.

Banks are the natural servants of commerce, and upon them should be placed, as far as practicable, the burden of furnishing and maintaining a circulation adequate to supply the needs of commerce.

It is earnestly hoped that a Secretary of Commerce may be created with a seat in the cabinet.

Both kinds of Federation, capitalistic and labor, can do much good, and as a necessary corollary they can both do evil. Each must refrain from arbitrary or tyrannous interference with the rights of others.

Hop soon to submit to the Senate a reciprocity treaty with Cuba.

Wherever possible, arbitration or similar method should be employed in lieu of war to settle difficulties with civilized nations.

The construction of an isthmian canal, if possible at Panama, should be carried out as a continuing policy without regard as to change of administration.

The government of Porto Rico has been so wisely administered that it serves as an example of all that is best in insular administration.

On July 4th last, on the one hundred and twenty-sixth anniversary of the declaration of our independence, peace and amnesty were promulgated in the Philippine Islands. Some trouble has since from time to time threatened with the Mohammedan Moros, but with the late insurrectionary Filipinos the war has entirely ceased.

There should be no halt in the work of building up the navy, providing every year additional fighting craft.

The receipts of the Post-office Department for the fiscal year ending June 30 last, amounted to \$121,848,047.26, an increase of \$10,216,853.87 over the preceding year, the largest increase known in the history of the postal service.

Nationally-aided irrigation for the arid regions of the west is important.

It is not to our credit as a nation that Alaska, which has been ours for thirty-five years, should still have as poor a system of laws as is the case.

In dealing with the Indians our aim should be their ultimate absorption into the body of our people.

## Stewart & Ringo PHOTOGRAPHERS! MARION, KY.

Will get out the nicest line of Photo Goods for the holidays, ever presented to the people of this country, such as Badges, Charms and Medallions. Also putting your picture on Silk Handkerchiefs, Satin or Linen, in a work that will not fade or wash out.

Will also give for One Dollar extra on every dozen Pictures Cabinet size or larger, one 16x20 Enlarged Picture of yourself; the large picture alone is worth three dollars. And for 25 cents extra on each dozen smaller than cabinet, we will give a Star Medallion worth \$1.50.

This offer only holds good until Jan. 1st, 1903. They will also do any and all kinds of view work in the country. Mining work, underground or pictures in homes by Flash Light. They will give you the latest models in first-class work on the market. Call and see samples of their work. Studio, West of Farmer's Bank.

## FURS Furs!

Furs this season will be prices unheard of. Coon, mink, possum will be 50 per cent. higher than last year. Take my advice and buy steel traps. Quit talking politics and bring me all the furs you can get, it will pay you better than your last corn crop.

Will guarantee \$1.50 for No. 1 Mink, \$1 for No. 1 Skunk, 30c for No. 1 O'possum, 90 cts for No. 1 Coon, \$7.00 a piece for No. 1 Otter.

M. SCHWAB.

## CIRCUIT COURT.

Adjourned Saturday After Two Weeks Session.

## ALLIE SISCO'S DEPOSITION TAKEN.

Circuit court adjourned Saturday afternoon. A great many cases on the civil docket were continued.

In the suit of A. H. Cardin vs. Illinois Central railroad a verdict was returned for the plaintiff. Mr. Cardin had a mule killed by a train in June. He asked for \$175 damages and was awarded same.

An appeal was asked for and granted the defendant in the case of Lanham against McConathy.

The Attorneys for Geo. M. Sisco were given permission to take the deposition of Allie Sisco, the afflicted son of Geo. M. Sisco. Young Sisco's physician stated that he was in a dangerous condition and might die at any time.

The petit jury was discharged Saturday, and after making a number of orders the court adjourned.

## MINING PERSONALS.

A recent analysis of a rather solid specimen of galena from the Senator mine returned 79 per cent of lead, 4 per cent of zinc and 29 ounces of silver, the latter being based on 12-100 of one per cent of the white metal.

Shipments of fluor spar for the month of November will exceed 2,480,000 pounds.

Carbonate of zinc shipments will scarcely go above the monthly average of 720,000 pounds, the scarcity of cars preventing a larger tonnage.

In the Old Jim's East vein, the south breast of ore is showing from the bottom of the slope several feet of an almost solid zinc sulphide or Jack. This is the shipping sulphide ore and there are already some 120,000 pounds on the platform ready to be moved.

Mr. L. Haydon and associates, of Hopkinsville, began the sinking of a one hundred foot shaft on the Bibb lease, near Mexico, last week. Mr. Harris, an old Joplin man, has charge of the work. The vein carries lead, zinc and barytes, and in the old shaft showed a width of twenty feet. This ought to develop into a fine property.

At the last session of the General Assembly of Kentucky, Section 2739 A of the Kentucky Statutes was so amended as to require all persons or corporations operating mines in the State of Kentucky, on or before the 15th and 30th days of each month, to pay to within fifteen days of said 15th and 30th day of each month, respectively, the full amount of wages due each employee.

Most of our mining companies have but one pay day per month. In order to continue this course, which is more satisfactory to both the companies and the men employed, and to put the matter on a strictly legal basis the Press will furnish blanks, waiving this right on the employees part and requesting the one pay day to be continued as before. These blanks, with the name of the company and the date of the usual monthly settlement, with blank space for the employee signature, will be furnished at this office for one dollar per hundred.

## QUEEN QUALITY



The Famous Shoe for Women. Sold only by Yandell-Gugenheim Co.

## Will Furnish You a Home!

Either in Marion or in the County.

## JUST READ OUR LIST:

### City Property.

A two-story frame house of 7 rooms, two lots, in the city of Marion. Two good wells and outbuildings. Offered at a price that will sell it.

House of 5 rooms, pantry, double veranda, two wells, good stable, buggy house and smoke house; nearly 3 acres of ground, 155 feet front; ground lays well; good fences and property in splendid repair; situated just outside of the corporate limits of Marion. Price low. Terms one third cash, balance one, two and three years, at 6 per cent interest.

House and lot on Belleville street, in East Marion. Lot 90x150 feet. House of five rooms, good well, cistern, large stable, smoke house and everything convenient. This is desirable property and is located in the growing part of Marion. Price reasonable.

### Farming Lands.

171 acres, lying on the waters of Crooked creek; 35 acres in timber, 136 acres in good state of cultivation. Frame house of four rooms, plenty of stock water, good orchard and stables. This is a desirable farm, 14 miles from Marion, close to school house and church. Price low; terms easy.

200 acres, more or less, in Marion precinct No. 3, six miles from Marion, 114 miles from Mattoon. Two-story house of 4 rooms; good stables and barn; 130 acres cleared; all in good state of cultivation; 70 acres in timber; good well and stock water; two small tenant houses. This can be made one of the best farms in Crittenden county. Price exceedingly low; easy terms.

About 200 acres about one half mile below mouth of Tradewater river, on the Ohio river, 100 acres in good state of cultivation (twenty acres good river bottom) remainder in timber. Three room frame house, orchard, good pecan orchard. Price \$1500; 1-4 cash, balance in 1, 2, 3 and 4 years, at 6 per cent interest.

373 acres near Baker, about ten miles from Marion on Weston and Marion road, 14 miles from Mattoon; 200 acres in cultivation, balance in timber; most of land in creek bottom; an everlasting spring and good wells; house of 4 rooms. Will sell at a low price on easy terms. Fine mineral prospects.

400 acres near Rodney, in two tracts, of 200 acres each, will sell single or together; 250 acres in cultivation, 150 in timber; 12 miles from Marion; mail route; near school house and churches; well watered, good fences, 4 big barns; one 6 room house, one 3 room house; land is rich. Will sell for \$3,600 for all, or 1 tract \$1000, one \$2,000. Easy terms.

About 300 acres, 200 acres in a good state of cultivation, balance in timber. Two-story frame house of seven rooms two orchards, two tenement houses, three barns, one 70x66 ft; good stable. On Bell Mines and Weston road, 14 miles from Weston, land lying on Camp creek, about 50 acres fine creek bottom. This is one of the best farms in Crittenden county. \$5,000; easy terms.

227 acres of fine farming land on the Tradewater river in Crittenden county, near Rodney, and 14 miles from Sullivan; 100 acres cleared, balance in fine timber; 80 to 90 bushels of corn to the acre raised on this land. Two splendid, everlasting springs; three comfortable tenant houses; will sell on easy terms. Persons desiring a fine farm at a low price will do well to see this land. For further particulars call on Bourland & Walker.

250 acres, 1 mile south of Sheridan, on Wallace Ferry road. Will be sold as a whole or divided into two farms; 140 acres on West side of Wallace Ferry road and 110 acres on East side of road. The West side has two-story log house of 6 rooms, everlasting water; 7 acres timber, remainder in good state of cultivation; 2 springs and cistern. East side 3 room house, stable, cistern, 30 acres tillable, 30 acres timber. This farm is located in the mineral belt, only 14 miles from the "Old Jim" zinc mine. It is worth the price for agricultural purposes.

For further particulars write to us or call at Press Office. If you have property for sale, we will sell it for you.

## BOURLAND & WALKER, MARION, KY

## Sheriff's Sale For Taxes.

By virtue of taxes due Crittenden county and Jno. T. Pickens, Ex-S. C. C. for the years 1898, 1899, 1900 and 1901 amounting to the sum of \$— I, or one of my deputies, will, on Monday the 8th day of Dec 1902, between the hours of 10 o'clock, A. M., and 3 o'clock, P. M., at the court house door in Crittenden County, Ky., expose to PUBLIC SALE, to the highest bidder, for cash in hand, the following property or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the amount of the taxes due aforesaid (and costs), to-wit:

Henson, John A., 4 acres near E. H. in Dycusburg, No. 3, for 1898, 1899 and 1900 \$10.20  
Jones, Wm., 1 lot in Dycusburg for 1898 \$4.10  
Scott, R. F., 104 acres near S. H. Cassidy, for 1898 \$6.45  
Shewcraft, Jas., 60 acres near G. W. Parish, for 1898 \$3.45  
Teer, Geo. A., 30 acres near A. J. Stinnett, for 1898 \$4.90  
Ellis Dye, 10 acres near Isaac Tribue, in Hurricane, No. 5, for 1898 \$2.25  
Lynn, Jas. A., 40 acres near Wm. Hardin, for 1898 \$5.75  
Vinson, Geo., 10 acres near Geo. Thompson for 1898 \$3.90  
Ballard, C. L., 9 acres near E. W. Jones, in Marion, No. 1, for 1899 \$9.55  
Woods, Rosa (col.), 1 lot in Marion for 1898 \$2.35  
Churchwell, Ed., 1 lot in Marion, for 1899 \$5.00  
Conger, Emanuel, 39 acres near B. P. Butler, in Marion, No. 1, for 1899 and 1900 \$8.05  
Dunning, J. H., 124 acres near Wm. Mayes for 1899 \$10.45  
Hughes, John C., 40 acres near J. J. Hughes, 1899 \$6.30  
Moore, R. M., 1 lot in Marion for 1898 and 1899 \$10.45  
Deboe, John C., 30 acres in Marion Precinct, No. 2, for 1898, 1899, 1900 and 1901 \$9.75  
Champion, E., 82 acres near T. P. Barnes, in Union, No. 4, for 1899 \$6.80  
Bettis, D. G., 1 acre near Lyda Clark in No. 5, for 1899 \$0.40  
Herington, J. H., sr., 130 acres near C. Shepherd, in No. 5, for 1899 and 1900 \$15.20  
Johnson, G. W., 150 acres near Watson heirs, 150 acres near Dave Wolford, in No. 4 for 1899 \$3.80  
Manus, M. M., 25 acres near W. N. Lynn, for 1899 \$5.29  
Murphy, D. J., 1 lot in Weston for 1899 \$4.20  
Baird, John C., 125 acres near Grant Baird, in Marion No. 1, for 1900 and 1901 \$10.75  
Baldwin, A. M., 1 lot in Marion, for 1900 \$3.40  
Wheeler, Bob, 1 lot in Marion, for 1900 and 1901 \$5.80  
Frazil, Mrs. S., 1 lot in Marion, for 1900 and 1901 \$18.40

Johnson, Ball, 1 lot in Marion, for 1900 \$5.55  
Hoister, S. R., 30 acres near Dr. Graves in No. 3, 1900 and 1901 \$8.10  
Mayhugh, J. S., 1 lot in Dycusburg for 1900 \$4.25  
Rushing, Mrs. C., 20 acres near Geo. Brown, in No. 3, for 1900 and 1901 \$5.00  
Farmer, A. L., 40 acres near T. L. Hughes, in No. 6, for 1900 and 1901 \$9.30  
Thomas, W. L., 40 acres near J. M. Brantley, in Bell Mines, No. 7, for 1900 \$3.05  
Brooks, Chas., 19 acres near Bill Bennett in No. 3, for 1900 and 1901 \$4.40  
Gilbert, Brice, 100 acres near Henry Thompson, in Bell Mines, No. 7, for 1899 \$4.40  
Todd, J. P., 33 acres near H. C. Brown in Marion, No. 2, for 1901 \$5.10  
Todd, R. A., 33 acres near H. C. Brown for 1901 \$5.10  
Wilson, C. G., 1 lot in Marion for 1901 \$5.05  
Clark, W. C., 175 acres near V. Floyd for 1900 \$5.25  
Stone, Harry, 14 acres near M. Gahan, for 1900 and 1901 \$5.55  
Crawford, J. S., 40 acres near John Baird in Marion No. 1, for 1901 \$5.10  
Carrick, R. C., 1 lot in Marion for 1901 \$5.00  
Young, O. S., 1 lot in Marion for 1901 \$5.00  
Fletcher, J. W., 25 acres near James Stephens, in No. 2 for 1901, \$4.00  
Teber, Jas. H., 5 acres near Joe Rushing in Marion No. 2 for 1901, 3.50  
Wilson, Wm. col. lot in Marion for 1901, 4.10  
Hughes, Mahala, 130 acres near J. F. Flansary for 1900 and 1901, 10.35  
Johnson, D. A., 50 acres near George Lawrence for 1900, 4.95  
McDaniel, J. D., 43 acres near John Ragin for 1900, 5.25  
Vanhooser, S. G., 75 acres near A. Bebout in Marion No. 2 for 1901, 3.50  
Guesse, I. J., 45 acres near Owen Boaz in No. 3, for 1901, 5.45  
Joyce, M. V. B., 100 acres near Joe McDowell in No. 8, for 1901, 2.30  
Ainsworth, J. W., agent for W. H. Davis 36 acres near Sam Carnell in No. 5 for 1901, 2.00  
Vaughn, Sam J., 30 acres near W. W. Trail in No. 5 for 1901, 3.10  
Weldon, T. A., 35 acres L. A. Weldon in No. 5 for 1901, 8.75  
This Nov. 12, 1902.  
JOHN T. PICKENS, Ex-S. C. C.

Talk is cheap, but we show you and convince you that our suits and overcoats are lowest.

Yandell-Gugenheim Co.

Overcoat Time Heavy Suit Time You can buy both at about the price others ask for one at Yandell-Gugenheim Co.



# The Press.

R. C. WALKER, Publisher  
WALTER WALKER, Manager.

ONE YEAR ONE DOLLAR

Pay up and vote.

Dr Morris will be in Salem next week.

Mr. Gus Baker, of Princeton, was in town Sunday.

Who will get the set of furniture?

Mr. Harry Watkins was in Evansville Saturday.

Col. D. C. Roberts is in Chicago this week.

W. H. Copher has returned from Marion, Ills.

Miss Katie Browning has returned to Evansville.

Mr. J. P. Pierce returned Friday from Tennessee.

Mr. Ed. Olive returned to Eddyville Saturday.

Finest line of underwear in town at Gus Taylor's.

Mr. Phil Schlamp, of Henderson, spent Monday here.

William Wooldridge was in Sturgis Monday.

Mr. C. H. Wilson, of Sturgis, was in town Saturday.

Mr. W. L. Funkhouser, of Tolu, was in town Tuesday.

Mr. J. Lohb, of Henderson, was in town Friday.

The work of removing the old jail is about complete.

Mr. E. B. Dorroh, of Salem, paid a call Friday.

Mr. S. Gugenheim has been quite sick several days.

Rev. Montgomery preached at Princeton Sunday.

Presiding Elder Elgin was in the city yesterday.

Dr. R. J. Morris returned from a visit to Uniontown Sunday.

J. G. Dollar was registered at the New Marion Wednesday.

For an up-to-date hat see Gus Taylor. He has the latest styles.

Mr. J. F. Harth and son, of Caseyville, were in town Friday.

Mr. Denny Hubbard has moved from Shady Grove to this city.

A Baptist church will be built at Smithland next spring.

Mr. S. F. Loyd and little son, of Fredonia, were in town Saturday.

Mr. Albert Cannan and wife visited relatives at Gladstone Sunday.

Mr. R. D. Happy, of Mayfield, was registered at the New Marion Friday.

Miss Carrie Grace Akin, of Princeton, is visiting her friends in this city.

The little Misses Cromwell, of Henderson, are the guests of Mr. H. M. Cook and family.

Miss Boze, of Madisonville, was the guest of Mrs. John T. Franks last week.

All the boys that joined the skating club are requested to meet at the rink Friday night.

Editor Charles Morehead and wife of Princeton visited friends in this city Sunday.

Mrs. Ernest Melton and children, of Dixon, are guests of relatives at this place.

Miss America Wooldridge was the guest of her friends in Sturgis last week.

Mr. J. M. Parsons of Mineral Point, was a guest at the New Marion Saturday.

Messrs. Alvin Stephens and Walter Walker were in Evansville Saturday and Sunday.

Miss Pearl Cook spent the Thanksgiving holidays with relatives in Paducah.

Mr. A. L. Patrick, the stock man will be in Marion Monday to buy good mules and horses.

Messrs. John W. Wilson and Ira T. Pierce went to Evansville Monday.

Over one hundred votes were used in the contest this week. Did you vote?

Misses Glasgow and J. H. Stevens, of Salem, were guests at the New Marion Sunday.

Mrs. B. Lieber will ship the Op enheimer stock of millinery to Henderson this week.

Miss Pettie Conway, of Union county, is the guest of Mrs. T. A. Conway.

Every boy that signed the skating club will please meet at the rink Friday night.

Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Rogers, of Henderson, were the guests of relatives here this week.

Webb White has to answer the charge of malicious cutting in the Smithland circuit court.

Summer is gone and Gus Taylor is here with the best overcoats for the money.

Miss Rose Johnson, of Fordsville, is the guest of relatives at this place.

Messrs. James B. Pierce, J. S. Waggoner, J. W. Hudson, of Salem, spent Sunday at this place.

Mr. W. H. Cardin brought to the Press office an enormous turnip weighing seven pounds.

Mrs. Thomas McConnell and children were guests of friends in Sturgis the first of the week.

Good mules and horses wanted by Patrick; will be in Marion at Pierce livery stable Monday.

Misses Leslie Woods and Katie Cullen spent Thanksgiving at Wheatcroft, Miss Cullen's home.

To see and price Gus Taylor, clothing means to buy. He will fit your back and pocket book.

Messrs. Geo. Kinkmann, N. E. Barnett and Jas. Kohen, of Henderson, were in this city Tuesday.

Mr. Duke R. Farris was in town Wednesday, en route to his home in Salem from Bowling Green.

For ladies, mens, boys and girls underwear see Gus Taylor. You can get any kind cheap.

Miss Jesse Glenn entertained a number of her young friends at the home of Mrs. Thomas McConnell Saturday evening.

Why pay \$5 for shoes when you can get the W. L. Douglass shoe for \$3.50. They are the best.

Mr. J. F. Dodge will be glad to meet all of his old friends at the Boston, Walker & Co's furniture store.

Mr. A. J. Pickens has purchased an interest in the insurance business of Mr. George M. Crier.

Winter is here and you feel the need of an overcoat. Call on Gus Taylor. His line is complete, his prices will suit you.

Messrs. W. B. Yandell, P. S. Maxwell and R. C. Walker were appointed the city tax assessors for this year.

The prayer meeting at the Methodist church tonight will be conducted by Rev. Elgin, the Presiding Elder.

The Hon. John K. Hamrick of Smithland, candidate for governor, was in this city the latter part of the week.

Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, and Thursday of next week Dr. Morris, the dentist will be in Salem.

Boston, Walker & Co. carry a complete line of coffins and caskets. A handsome hearse for burial occasions.

Mr. Will T. Crawford, of Tolu, has accepted a position as bookkeeper in the Farmers Bank in this city.

Mr. and Mrs. S. L. Rogers, of Litchfield, are the proud parents of a lovely little girl who arrived at their home a few days ago.

Senator Deboe left for Washington to attend Congress. This is his last session as his term expires March 4th, 1903.

Bring your stock to Marion Monday. A. L. Patrick will be here and will pay cash for good mules and horses.

Master Wilbur Haynes and sister, Miss Mildred, pleasantly entertained a number of their young friends at their home Friday evening.

Prof. Chas. Evans was elected President of the First District Teachers Association at its session at Paducah last week. This is a well deserved honor.

Livingston county people desiring dental work should see Dr. Morris, who will be in Salem Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday of next week.

Do not overlook the handsome present we are going to give the most popular lady. Go to work for your favorite.

Mrs. Kittinger is offering her beautiful selection of fall and winter hats at very low prices, with no regard to cost. These goods are new and stylish.

WANTED—Bank mules not over 52 inches high, nor more than 8 years old; should be strong heavy bodied mules. Bring them to us. Tradewater Coal Co., Sturgis, Ky.

The ladies Aid Society of the Methodist church will hold a bazaar at the opera house about Dec 15th. Elaborate preparations are being made. The proceeds will go to the church.

Mrs. W. C. Tyner, who removed here last fall in order that her son Jesse might attend school has returned to her home in the New Salem neighborhood, owing to the continued ill health of her son.

"The James Boys" failed to fill their date here Tuesday night. Doubtless their finances were in a deplorable condition and an opportunity to hold up a train or break a bank did not present itself and consequently the daring outlaws went broke.

Read R. F. Haynes' ad, and call on him when you want anything in his line. You will always be courteously treated, and will find his goods first-class, his prices right. He will have a magnificent selection of holiday goods this year.

STRAY—Taken up as a stray by W. B. Binkley, of View, Ky., a two year old male calf, white and yellow spotted, unmarked. Appraised by N. J. Mullenax at \$12. This Nov. 5, 1902. T. M. LaRue, J. P. C. C.

Mr. W. C. Langley and family left Saturday for Providence, where they will reside. They leave many friends in this city. Mr. Langley has been employed in the tobacco business in this city for a number of years. He is a good citizen and we regret to give him up.

The removal of the jailer's residence takes away all but one or two of the oldest buildings in Marion. It was constructed on a lot in the rear of the Crawford residence. Rev. J. W. Bigham moved it to the lot now known as the jail property and sold it to the county.

Fine sets of teeth, with pins to hold solid, on best rubber plates, finely finished and perfect fits, either upper or lower, for Seven Dollars until January 1st. Also very pretty pinless teeth for temporary sets for Five Dollars. Best Gold crowns still \$4 each. Office over Gilbert's grocery store. T. H. COSSITT.

Marion has one of the nicest arranged tenorial parlors in western Kentucky, owned and operated by two of the best barbers in the State—Messrs. Wm. Wooldridge and R. M. Orange. They take pride in their business, as all true and efficient workmen do. Their shop is always clean and everything is done for the comfort of their patrons.

Rev. Conway closed a very successful meeting at Rock Spring in Union county, last week. There were about twenty-five additions to the membership of the church. Rev. Conway has been engaged in revival work for several months, and has been remarkably successful. He will fill his appointment at the Baptist church in this city Sunday.

Among the probable candidates for the Republican nomination for circuit court clerk, is Mr. J. C. Bourland, who has been connected with the Press for the past four years. He is now serving his second term as city clerk, and is thoroughly competent to fill the position. He is a life long Republican and should be entered the race no doubt he would make a good showing.

The large audience that witnessed the splendid production of "The Millionaire Tramp," at the opera house Friday evening was highly pleased with the performance. The play was one of the best comedy dramas ever presented here. "The Millionaire Tramp" is a beautiful story and humor and pathos are admirably blended. The play was interpreted by a large and excellent cast. The specialties were good.

Ballard's Horehound Syrup. Immediately relieves hoarse, croupy cough, oppressed, rattling, rasping and difficult breathing. Henry C. Stearns, Druggist, Shullsburg, Wisconsin, writes, May 20, 1901: "I have been selling Ballard's Horehound Syrup for two years, and have never had a preparation that has given better satisfaction. I notice that when I sell a bottle, they come back for more. I can honestly recommend it. 25c, 50c and \$1.00 at H. K. Woods & Co.

When you buy a watch, buy a WALTHAM WATCH, because it is always accurate and will last a lifetime.

11,000,000 WALTHAM WATCHES now in use.

## The Greatest —AND— Most Complete

Stock of Jewelry ever brought to this city.

Nothing Shoddy  
Nothing Worthless  
Everything the Best!

Every article I sell is sold with the guarantee that the article is just as represented. I sell nothing that I will not guarantee.

Levi Cook  
JEWELER.



## CLAUD HENRY DEAD.

A Crittenden County Boy a Victim of Asiatic Cholera in the Philippines.

Last week a letter from the War Department, notified Mr. Tom Henry, of Repton, of the death of his son Claude in the Philippines. He died of Asiatic cholera.

## A SUCCESSFUL AFFAIR.

The school bazaar held Wednesday afternoon and evening was eminently successful in every way. The inclement weather made but little difference, for the school chapel was thronged with people until a late hour. The exhibition of Mrs. Jarley's waxworks was highly creditable and very entertaining. This feature received the largest patronage and was decidedly the most popular attraction. The country store, under the management of Miss Fannie Gray, did an enormous business. However, it can hardly be said that one feature was more liberally patronized than another, for every booth disposed of its stock early in the evening. The amount realized was \$83.00.

Prof. Evans desires to thank the people of the city for their liberal patronage and support. He assures them that their loyalty to the school is appreciated by both the teachers and pupils. The proceeds go to the library.

## IN TROUBLE AGAIN.

Mack Edwards, who was arrested on charge of forgery and obtaining money under false pretense from Mrs. Cameron in August, 1901, but was dismissed as it was clearly a case of mistaken identity, is in trouble again. He must answer a similar charge in the Todd county court, says the Madisonville Hustler. Edwards' home is at Morton's Gap. The Hustler states that it is thought that Edwards will have no trouble in convincing the authorities that he is the wrong man. At the same time Edwards was accused of swindling Mrs. Cameron he was also charged with working the same game at Guthrie.

The same man evidently did the work at Guthrie, Marion and Elkton. It is said that another man who lived in Christian county at one time, and is now a fugitive from justice, did the work, and his strong resemblance to Mack has caused him all the trouble of extricating himself from the clutches of the law and overcoming the positive identification of the parties who were swindled.

## JUDGE NUNN'S SECRETARY.

James Ray, a well known young attorney of Paducah, and brother of attorney John Ray, Judge White's private secretary, has received his appointment for private secretary to Judge T. J. Nunn, who becomes a member of the court of Appeals in January. Mr. Ray formerly resided at Bardwell.

## Christmas Time



The Greatest Line of Holiday Goods ever in Marion.

OUR CRISTMAS GOODS are now open and ready to be inspected. We have the largest and best stock of Xmas Goods ever opened in Marion and the Lowest Prices ever before offered. Come and look through and buy before every thing is picked over.

First Come Get Choice.

## Sunday School Teachers...

Now is the time to get your presents while the stock is full. Don't wait until there is only two of a kind left. Always try to be first in every thing. Don't drag back and growl because you can't get what you want.

DON'T forget that we still have the largest and nicest stock of Groceries in town and prices as low as the lowest. We certainly appreciate your trade and will do everything in our power to please you if we can get a chance at you. Call in and see our stock and prices all the way through.

## A. M. Hearin & Son.

We will not give out or receive any more Coupons until Jan. 10th, 1903. It takes to much time during the holidays. Every coupon is good after Jan. 10th.

HEARIN & SON.

73 acres more or less, 1 1/2 miles north of J. E. Dean's; 60 acres in good state of cultivation, of which about 9 acres is fine creek bottom; house of 4 rooms, 2 cisterns, 1 well, good barn, fine apple and peach orchard. A splendid little farm; price \$600; easy terms. Price \$450. BOURLAND & WALKER.

## THOUSANDS SAVED BY DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY

This wonderful medicine positively cures Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma, Pneumonia, Hay Fever, Pleurisy, La Grippe, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Croup and Whooping Cough. Every bottle guaranteed. No Cure. No Pay. Price 50c. & \$1. Trial bottle free.



# FUNNY FOLKS

**Uncle Josh Defeated.**  
Lawyer—Well, my young friend, your Uncle Josh determined that you should be a farmer, or get nothing from him. He did not leave you a cent of money, but he willed you his plow, cultivator, mowing machine, thrasher, portable sawmill, stone crusher, road scraper and stump puller.  
Young Scribbler—All right, I'll sell them.  
Lawyer—He has provided against that. You cannot sell, or even rent them. You must use them yourself.  
Young Scribbler—Very well, I will.  
Lawyer—On the old farm?  
Young Scribbler—No; I'll write a play and use them on the stage.—N. Y. Weekly.

**More Material.**  
Mr. Newlied—I tell you, dear, I simply can't afford to get you a new gown.  
Mrs. Newlied (sobbing)—I think you're just hateful, and you're the man who used to call me your "angel" and promise me every—  
Mr. Newlied—But it's your fault if I don't consider you an angel any more. An angel wouldn't worry about clothes the way you do.—Philadelphia Press.

**Not in Active Service.**  
A mother was calling the attention of her small son to the moon, which was to be clearly seen in the early afternoon.  
"Why, can't you see the moon in the daytime," he insisted.  
"Oh, yes, you can. There it is over the trees," said mamma.  
The little boy looked up and finally saw it, but he said:  
"Tain't lighted yet, anyhow."—Little Chronicle.

**Consolations of Poverty.**  
"Poverty hez still got its consolations," said Brother Dickey. "In his day en time w'enever you hears er rich man dyin', it's always wid some er dese new-fangle diseases wid a name w'ich hez ter be spelled out in Greek en Latin; but w'en a po' man dies it's wid de same ol'-time rheumatism, or de familar measles, w'ich de wayfarin' man, though a fool, kin spell while he runs."—Atlanta Constitution.

**No Exchange Desired.**  
If we could only see ourselves.  
As other people see us.  
It's doubtful if we'd swap with them.  
Or if they'd care to be us.  
—Baltimore News.



**BOBBIE'S LESSON.**  
Bobbie (repeating his lesson before going to Sunday school)—And then caught hold of the two pillars and pulled and pulled, and he was so strong that he pulled down the whole temple. But I can't remember what his name was.  
Mother—Come, Bobbie, you ought to remember that; it begins with S.  
Bobbie—Of course I know—Sandow!—The Tatler.

**Unflattering.**  
The dear girl's fashions always change.  
Each year some new device;  
Their gowns are cut in every way  
Excepting that of price.  
—Brooklyn Life.

**A Hopeless View.**  
"What do you think of the trusts?" asked the statesman.  
"My dear sir," answered the man who is regarded as politically approachable, "that is not the question. What any individual thinks of the trusts doesn't seriously matter. But what a trust thinks of him may make a vast amount of difference in his welfare."—Washington Star.

**From Sole to Upper.**  
"What is this leathery stuff?" the diner asked when the second course of the dinner was served.  
"That is a filet of sole, sir," replied the waiter.  
"Take it away," said the diner, after attacking it with his fork. "and see if you can't get me a nice tender piece of the upper, with the buttons removed."—What to Eat.

**Plenty of Rope.**  
"Yes, indeed," said the steersman to the admiring young ladies who formed the cargo of the yacht; "yes, indeed, this vessel makes 16 knots an hour."  
"Mercy!" commented one innocent young thing; "at that rate you must use a lot of rope during a year."—Baltimore American.

**Cutting Him Short.**  
"Do you give me credit for wisdom?" asked the judge.  
"Certainly," replied the lawyer, who had just started on a long-winded and wearying argument.  
"Well, just remember," said the judge, "that a word to the wise is sufficient."—Chicago Post.

**Sure of a Place.**  
Employment Agent—Any recommendations from your last place?  
Applicant—No.  
"Where did you work last?"  
"In a railroad restaurant."  
"Discharged?"  
"Yes."  
"What for?"  
"I made the coffee too strong, and cut the meat too thick."  
"Say! here's two dollars. Wait a few days, and I'll try to work you into my boarding-house."—N. Y. Weekly.

**Where He Drew the Line.**  
He courted a gem of a girl.  
And told her that she was his pearl;  
But when they were married,  
Her ma came and tarried.  
Though he didn't like the mother of pearl.  
—Philadelphia Record.



**A PAINFUL SNUG.**  
He—Can I see you home, miss?  
She—Yes—if you wish. All you've got to do is to stand perfectly still, and if you're not too short-sighted you'll manage it easily. I am staying just across the road.—Ally Sloper.

**The New Platform.**  
Let us then be up and doing;  
"All or nothing's" out of date;  
Those achieving and pursuing  
Are the ones who arbitrate.  
—Chicago Record-Herald.

**None Passed Him.**  
Connolly knew all about prize-fighting, and had been in the ring himself. Only once. In the second round he was pounded over the ropes, and at the finish he felt pretty rough.  
"Brace up, Connolly, brace up," whispered his second in his ear. "brace up, old man, an' stop some of dem blows."  
"Stoop 'em?" says Connolly, with a wistful look. "Be gorra, did yez see anny av thim gittin' by?"—N. Y. Times.

**Gave Up the Struggle.**  
"I think the most generous man I ever knew," remarked the man in the mackintosh, "was old Hawkins. He smoked his cigars to the last half-inch, chewed the stumps, and used the ashes for snuff. But he wasn't satisfied even then, and gave up the habit."  
"What for?" asked the man with the big Adam's apple.  
"He couldn't think of any way to utilize the smoke."—Chicago Tribune.

**A Gentle Hint.**  
Mrs. Bright—My daughter tells me that you have become quite an adept in palmistry.  
Young Squeezem—Yes, I have studied it for some time.  
Mrs. Bright—Well, I have had a plaster impression taken of Madeline's hand, if you wish to study it you can do so at your leisure. It will save you the trouble of a personal examination, you know.—N. Y. Daily News.

**Cruel Husband.**  
A tapioca pudding she made her husband eat.  
And what was left he took away—just why was not made clear.  
Till later he remarked to her—it was a way he had—  
"For office paste I've found that tapioca isn't bad!"  
—Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.



**SHOCKING IGNORANCE.**  
Walter—I guess Mrs. Sniff isn't worth much, ma.  
Mother—Why, my boy?  
Walter—Why, she asked me how to spell cat.—Chicago Daily News.

**The Old Song.**  
The autumn day has come again,  
The song we heard of yore;  
It thrills with pain, that wild refrain.  
"Dad blame it! Shut the door!"  
—N. Y. Herald.

**The Use of the Preposition.**  
In addressing his class on the correct use of the parts of speech this is the way a college professor caused considerable merriment at his own expense:  
"Gentlemen," he said, "a preposition is a bad word to end a sentence with."—N. Y. Times.

## SAM WARD'S RECIPE.

It Made Terrapin Stew Famous the World Over.

Epicures Pronounce It the Greatest of Culinary Triumphs—Taste for the Amphibian an Acquired One.

[Special Washington Letter.]  
ERRAPIN time has come again. This delicacy of the rich and epicurean is becoming well-nigh extinct. Systematic cultivation alone has prevented the entire disappearance of the once numerous amphibians.

Terrapin farming—that is, the "planting" of terrapin as it would be known in oyster terminology—is not by any means new. About twenty-five years ago a man of the name of Dorlin established a terrapin pound just below Mobile where he kept young terrapin for growth, and where he claimed to be also raising terrapin from the egg. The report of the fish commission, however, denies that he did any breeding. The Dorlin terrapin farm was destroyed by one of the terrific Gulf storms, and was never reestablished.

Every year there is a scare throughout the eastern country, particularly in New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and Washington, over the likelihood of the disappearance of terrapin. Last year the report was spread at the beginning of the fall and winter season, and the wealthy were obliged to pay enormous prices. They were the more anxious to have terrapin at any price, because dealers said that another winter might come and no terrapin would be served. The report again went all over this section late the past summer when the farmers and fishermen of Maryland and Virginia were impounding terrapin for the coming winter trade. All along the shores of Chesapeake bay supplies of terrapin are being collected for the market of the immediate future. There are laws against impounding terrapin, but they are ignored.

Although there is no sale for terrapin until snow flies, which is about Christmas time, the farmers of the states contiguous to the bay are constantly on the lookout for stray terrapin, which they pick up and take home, where they hold them for the season. They do not fatten them. On the contrary they seldom feed them. Terrapin hibernate. When he has had his spring or summer feed he can be put in a pen or barn and left for two or three months. He will not die. A Baltimore dealer nailed one in a box and left him there for three months, at the end of which time he claimed that the captive weighed one ounce more than he did when he was imprisoned. This story is one which is well verified, and there are other tales of terrapin longevity, which are regarded by some as of less credulity. Scientists all admit, however, that the terrapin is a hibernating amphibian.

In the neighborhood of Chincoteague island, near the eastern shore of Maryland, in Chesapeake bay, there are several houses where from 200 to 1,000 terrapin are stored in straw in good seasons. They are very curious looking fellows of all sizes and are a sight to behold. Whenever the owner wants to display them he raps hard on the side



IN A TERRAPIN HOUSE.

of the house before opening the door. Each terrapin sticks his head out of the straw to see what the noise is about. They have very acute hearing and manifest great curiosity whenever any unusual noises are heard. Down south they are lured to destruction by this trait. A fisherman rowing over the mud banks raps on the side of his boat. Water carries the sound, and the terrapin comes to the surface to see what made that noise, and the fisherman very promptly satisfies the curiosity of the inquirer.

The officials of the fish commission do not believe that the terrapin will become extinct so long as systematic farming is carried on, but they believe that this industry should be increased very largely.

Washington and Lafayette, Cornwalls and Tarleton knew the quality of terrapin stew, but they ate it sometimes for want of something better, and not as a luxury. Terrapin stew was one of the hardships of their military environments occasionally. There was at one time a law in Maryland providing that a man should feed only so much terrapin to his slaves, for even the slaves rebelled against such a diet. And, for that matter, no civilized white man really likes terrapin when he first eats it, but acquires the taste because it is fashionable and expensive, and because everybody

tells him what a grand luxury it will be when he becomes accustomed to it. All of which is true, for the taste once acquired is everlasting.  
The farmers and fishermen along the bay shores ate terrapin because it was economical to do so. The crop was so valueless that they would not take the trouble to gather any more than was sufficient for the use of their own families during the season. Naturally they would expect their slaves to take to the same kind of food, but the slaves were right out in open rebellion against terrapin. They were docile enough and endured all sorts of hardships, and injustices, but when it came to terrapin for a steady diet they declared they could not stand it. Consequently the law was enacted limiting the amount of that sort of food for the slaves. But, beginning with



SAM WARD MAKING A STEW.

terrapin for the sake of economy, the white folks acquired the taste. Senator John M. Clayton, of Delaware, was very fond of terrapin. He usually bought an ox load of them for a dollar, and had them shoveled into his cellar like coals. His own people regarded his taste for terrapin as so peculiar that it became a tradition of his state until everybody began eating terrapin.

Although the negroes do not care for terrapin they are great hunters and cooks of the toothsome amphibian. They liked nothing better than to get away from plantation work and go hunting terrapin, and they are still so inclined. There was no commercial demand for terrapin previous to 1850. The waters of Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, North Carolina, and South Carolina fairly swarmed with them. They were un-molested except for home tables. But when the people of northern states began to acquire the taste the fishermen began bringing them to market. Then there was a system of southern hospitality, which was exceedingly shrewd. Relatives and other visitors from northern states were entertained lavishly, and they were given terrapin everywhere. They are regaled with stories of how to make the stew, and had it dined into their ears until they went back north talking terrapin and nothing else.

Sam Ward, once known as the king of the lobby, was successful in all his schemes before congress primarily because he was such an unusually extravagant entertainer. He studied all of the epicurean artifices and was himself one of the best of cooks. His terrapin stew was famous, and he always either made it himself or personally supervised its making. Here is his recipe: "Immerse live terrapin in boiling water. Let it boil half an hour. Then take out, remove lower shell, carefully cutting out the meat. Take out gall bag without cutting or breaking, and throw it away. Remove liver and cut it into cubes. Remove meat from upper shell, disjoint and place in iron pot with the cubed liver and a pint of the liquor in which terrapin was boiled. Watch carefully and cook until tender. Serve in a sauce made of two ounces best butter, a pinch of flour, half pint cream, cayenne pepper and salt. On the bottom of each plate place a piece of bacon cooked crisp, so that it will easily break all to pieces."

It was with that recipe that Sam Ward captured the prince of Wales, and until this day King Edward has his terrapin stews in season, made on Sam Ward's recipe. Until the day of his death John Chamberlin, the famous restaurateur, served terrapin in the same way. After his death the rich and extravagant guests of his house said that they could not get any terrapin fit to eat there, and so John Chamberlin's famous place in this city has long been closed. It was literally built on terrapin.

Terrapin are found only in America. From Long Island sound to Texas they are to be found, and a very few have been taken on the Pacific coast. The terrapin of the northern waters receive the preference of epicures, because their flesh is more delicate. That is because they develop more slowly than the terrapin of the southern waters. The most prolific waters are those along the Virginia shore just below the mouth of the Potomac river. The terrapin of Maryland waters bring better prices than the Virginian because they are finer, but Virginia produces fully two-thirds of all the terrapin in the market. The diamond-back terrapin of Chesapeake bay is the best of all, and therefore the most costly. And the most desirable diamond-back is the six-inch fellow. After them are the heifers and the bulls; the latter being cheapest and used in restaurants for terrapin soup, a very inferior imitation of the genuine stew of the tables of the rich.

Suppose you save up your extra pennies, and have a terrapin stew instead of turkey for your next Christmas dinner?

SMITH D. FRY.

## A PASTOR WHO WAS BEFRIENDED BY AN EMPEROR SAVED BY PE-RU-NA.



Rev. H. Stubenvoll, of Elkhorn, Wis., is pastor of the Evangelical Lutheran St. John's Church of that place. Rev. Stubenvoll is the possessor of two bibles presented to him by Emperor William of Germany. Upon the fly leaf of one of the bibles the Emperor has written in his own handwriting a text.

This honored pastor, in a recent letter to The Peruna Medicine Co., of Columbus, Ohio, says concerning their famous catarrh remedy, Peruna:

**The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, Ohio.**  
Gentlemen: "I had hemorrhages of the lungs for a long time, and all despaired of me. I took Peruna and was cured. It gave me strength and courage, and made healthy, pure blood. It increased my weight, gave me a healthy color, and I feel well. It is the best medicine in the world. If everyone kept Peruna in the house it would save many from death every year."—H. STUBENVOLL.

Thousands of people have catarrh who would be surprised to know it, because it has been called some other name than catarrh. The fact is catarrh is catarrh wherever located; and another fact which is of equally great importance, is that Peruna cures catarrh wherever located.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.

**ST. LOUIS AND ST. PAUL LIMITED**

**A NEW TRAIN VIA A NEW ROUTE**

**THE WABASH LINE**

Has inaugurated through daily train service between St. Louis and Minneapolis and St. Paul, in connection with the Iowa Central R'y and the Minneapolis & St. Louis R. R.

Trains run through solid without change, consisting of Pullman Buffet Palace Sleeping Cars, Free Reclining Chair and Combination Cars.

LEAVE ST. LOUIS 2.10 P. M. DAILY.

C. S. CRANE,

General Passenger and Ticket Agent, ST. LOUIS.

Clerk—"I should like to get off early, sir, as my wife wants me to do some odd jobs about the house while it is light enough."  
Manager—"Can't possibly do it!" Clerk—"Thank you, sir. You are very kind."—London Answers.

Girls who would buy titled husbands must have legal tender hearts.—Chicago Daily News.

It takes two to make a quarrel, but only one may make peace.—Ram's Horn.

Take a dose of Prickly Ash Bitters at night when you go to bed and you will feel bright and vigorous next morning. It will insure you a copious and healthy movement of the bowels, improved appetite and digestion and increased energy in body and brain. Sold everywhere at \$1.00 per bottle.

**For Bruises and Sprains**

**MEXICAN Mustang Liniment**

**For MAN OR BEAST**





Many women and doctors do not recognize the real symptoms of derangement of the female organs until too late.

"I had terrible pains along my spinal cord for two years and suffered dreadfully. I was given different medicines, wore plasters; none of these things helped me. Reading of the cures that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has brought about, I somehow felt that it was what I needed and bought a bottle to take. How glad I am that I did so; two bottles brought me immense relief, and after using three bottles more I felt new life and blood surging through my veins. It seemed as though there had been a regular house cleaning through my system, that all the sickness and poison had been taken out and new life given me instead. I have advised dozens of my friends to use Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Good health is indispensable to complete happiness, and Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has secured this to me."

—Mrs. Laura L. Bremer, Crown Point, Indiana, Secretary Ladies Relief Corps. —\$5000 Forfeit if original of above letter proving genuineness cannot be produced.

Every sick woman who does not understand her ailment should write Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass. Her advice is free and always helpful.

Lost in the Park.

A man had been absent for some time, and during his absence had raised a pretty luxuriant crop of whiskers, mustache, etc. On returning home he visited a relative, whose little girl he was very fond of. The little girl made no demonstration toward saluting him with a kiss, as was usual.

"Why, child," said the mother, "don't you give Uncle Will a kiss?"

"Why, ma," returned the little girl, with the most perfect simplicity, "I don't see any place!"—Washington Times.

Poor Mother—"I do wish you would look over some of my little boy's sketches, and give me your candid opinion of them. They strike me as perfectly marvelous for one so young. The other day he drew a horse and cart, and I can assure you, you could scarcely tell the difference!"—Punch.



**W. L. DOUGLAS**  
\$3 & \$3.50 SHOES  
W. L. Douglas shoes are the standard of the world. W. L. Douglas made and sold more men's Good-year Well (Last Name) shoes in the first six months of 1907 than any other manufacturer. \$10,000 REWARD will be paid to anyone who can disprove this statement.

**W. L. DOUGLAS \$4 SHOES**  
CANNOT BE EXCELLED.  
1500 sales, last 6 months, \$1,100,000; 1908 sales, \$2,510,000.

Best Imported and American leathers, Reg'l Patent Gait, Enamel, Box Calf, Calf, Vici Kid, Corded Calf, Red, Kangaroo, East Color, Kydella, used. Caution! The genuine have W. L. DOUGLAS name and price stamped on bottom. Shoes by mail, E. E. Colfax, Chicago, Ill.

W. L. DOUGLAS, BROCKTON, MASS.

**FINE SERVICE TO MINNEAPOLIS AND ST. PAUL**

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD

NEW LINE FROM CHICAGO

Via Dubuque, Waterloo and Albert Lea. Fast Vestibule Night train with through Sleeping Car, Buffet-Library Car and Free Reclining Chair Car. Dining Car Service en route. Tickets of agents of I. C. R. R. and connecting lines.

A. H. HANSON, G. P. A., CHICAGO.

**PILES** ANAKESIS gives instant relief. CURED BY CUTS WOUNDS. HAMLIN'S WIZARD OIL. ALL DRUGGISTS SELL IT.

**FARMER AND PLANTER.**  
**THE FARMER'S HARD LOT.**

How the Biggest Field on the Farm May be Made to Give the Farmer Ample Returns.

About the biggest field on the farm, judging by the prominence given it, is the "farmer's hard lot." In fact, so vast and universal is it that fences can not restrain it. It knows no county, state or national lines. It is coextensive with the world's domain. It is most in evidence during a close political campaign. The heart of men and women have been wrung, and the fountain of tears overflowed its highest banks, at the picture of the toil-worn farmer and his hapless wife and child. Even farmers themselves have turned from their well-filled bins and barns, their glossy, sleek-coated cattle, their pantries and cellars overflowing with good things to eat, and added their groans to that of the populace. For who will not conjure up injuries and abuses galore if he finds a willing ear? And what ear is so sympathetic as that of the politician seeking votes? Even among farmers who have secured a modest competence there is a feeling that farming is not a lucrative pursuit; that the returns are not at all commensurate with the time, thought and energy expended.

I have discussed the matter with many classes of minds, and have asked for the basis of their opinions. In nearly all cases the substance of the replies is this: "The townsman has a better house, beautiful within with artistic furnishings, and without with shrubs and vines. Poor indeed is the street that is not lined with shade-trees. Good walks surround his home. His house is heated by a furnace or with gas, and hot and cold water are always on tap." To which the reply is, and must be: "The advantages are only apparent. It would be well for you to spend fifteen minutes each day in getting acquainted with yourself. You say you care nothing for looks or show, but only solid, substantial comfort. The latter you profess not to have; the former you emphasize by placing first in your enumeration of the advantages of town life. With patience, skill and careful planning the cottage of the early years may be added to, as the need impels. No matter how shrewd a buyer the wife is, the woman who occasionally goes up to the city has the advantage in taste and artistic buying of one who does not. The traveled woman, other things being equal, can make one hundred dollars go further in comfort, luxury and artistic effects than can the untraveled woman with \$200. Spend a few dollars each year in getting away from home. As to trees and shrubs and vines, the farmer can have for the digging his choice from hundreds of plants, while the townsman foregoes some pleasure to buy the nursery-men's choice of stock, which is inferior to that on the average farm. The shade trees of the street may be the farmer's, also, with this difference—they are far more luxuriant, healthy and well proportioned in the country than in the city. Furnace-heat in the country may be obtained for less than in the city, and poor indeed is the farm that can not get an abundance of water for the house. The occasional beautiful farm home you see was not built in a day. 'Twas the slow accretions of years and the mellowing, maturing influence of time. The truly beautiful farm home comes to the family imbued with a tender love for Nature. Here is a tree, shrub, vine or flower too beautiful to be seen but once. Its environments are noted, and the conditions at the house made as nearly similar as possible, then it is carefully removed to its new home. In its gratitude it sends out a plenteous flow of new beauty to gladden the eye. As time glides on, other plants are brought to bear its company, and soon the bare, unsightly house is made a bower of beauty and elegance. Men admire its beauty, and in time desire to buy it. Nothing can be made so genuinely lovely as the place planned and executed for the love of the work alone. Ah, my friend, spend the time you now give to fretful, childish repining in planning how to make your little place attractive, and in seeking better methods of doing your work, and you will find heaven right at your door."—Farm and Fireside.

Notes About Crops That May Partially Replace Corn.

The corn crop of most parts of Alabama has failed. To take the place of corn there is need for the planting of a larger acreage of small grains and other forage crops than ever before. These crops should be planted earlier than usual and they should be fertilized with all the stable manure and lot scrapings obtainable.

Fall-sown oats at Auburn have yielded about 50 per cent. more than those sown after Christmas, and the former can be fed several weeks before the latter are ready. It usually pays to sow oats in the fall, and to risk the danger of winter killing rather than to postpone sowing red rust-proof until after Christmas. The danger of winter killing can be reduced by (1) sowing in October; (2) selecting a location protected on the north by woodland, or on a southern slope; (3) drilling the seed on well-drained land in shovel furrows only half filled in covering the oats; or (4) by leaving the ground rough or ridged.—Dixie Farmer.

**POULTRY POINTERS.**

—Kerosene your roost, upper and under side, once a week.

—A hen is in her best condition only when she is seen industriously at work.

—The scratching room is a necessity if the best results are to be had in winter.

—Excessive fatness leads to a suspension of egg production, and predisposes to certain kinds of disease.

—Do not allow your litter in coop to become damp during the rainy season. Fowls must have dry houses.

—One of the greatest drawbacks with new beginners is the attempt to crowd 50 fowls where there is only room for 25.

—A full egg basket, provided the basket be large enough, means plenty to eat and plenty to wear, along with some luxuries.

—The best way to manage a poultry business is to begin with a few hens; keep strict account, and if they are paying well increase by degrees.

—Beware of overfat, inactive hens; they are most certain to be a source of trouble and at best are unprofitable stock to keep either for layers or breeding stock.

—It is estimated that there will not be one-third as many turkeys to market this fall as is usually the case. This means a good price for other kinds of poultry.

—Any breed of fowls that is carefully and systematically bred for egg production can be made to produce good layers. But the individual specimens must be bred along the right line.

—Almost any kind of hens will lay in spring and early summer, yet there is a great difference in this respect. The nearer we can approach to summer conditions the more eggs we will get in winter.

—Remember that the waste from dressing a hen that weighs three pounds is as great as that from a better fitted one that weighs five or six pounds. Buyers have learned this and want well-fitted fowls.—Farmers' Home Journal.

**SOIL EXHAUSTION.**

What Prof. Whitney, of the Department of Agriculture, Has to Say on the Subject.

Prof. Whitney, chief of division of soils, United States department of agriculture, makes the following statement: "I have never in my experience seen a case in which one could say with any degree of certainty, or even probability, that exhaustion was due to the actual removal of plant food. It is perfectly safe to say that the condition of the so-called worn-out soils in the south is due not to an actual extraction of plant food, but to the chemical condition in which it now is, in which it is unavailable to plants, and that the restoration of the fertility of that land must be not necessarily in the addition of plant food to the soil, but in bringing about such changes in the physical conditions or in the chemical combinations as will encourage that natural weathering of the soil which brings the plant food into a condition in which the plant can get its support."

The authority quoted is a high one, and his words have weight. He knows of no soil once fertile that has been

cropped down to such a point that chemical analysis would not show the presence of great quantities of plant food. An unproductive condition of a field once fertile does not signify that plant food has been removed by cropping to the point of exhaustion, but that the physical condition of that field has been permitted to become bad, or that the plant food in the soil is permitted to rest in such chemical combinations that plants can not use it. A clear conception of this fact affects our farm methods—if fertility were gone we should add all required to produce crops, where as if it is present we should seek to release it.

There is no better way of keeping land fertile than by feeding all crops upon it, because manure is fertility pretty quickly available, and we are less dependent upon the natural strength of the soil. More than this, the incorporation of manure with the soil furnishes both physical and chemical conditions, that enable the plant to use some of the original soil-elements. But we have a class of writers who assume that this is the only rational way, regardless of the fact that the Creator must have intended that people eat something besides meat and milk, and that grains, vegetables and fruits must be taken away from the farms producing them. If that be true it is a narrow way that is taken by any one urging all to feed their farm products for the sake of the land's fertility. Other ways of maintaining it are open to us, and Prof. Whitney's statement indicates a leading one. Half of the fertility of the crops now fed on the farm fails to get back to the land through the manure on account of careless methods. This is wasteful, because the plant food in it is so readily available, but it is mentioned to show that many a stockman is far more dependent upon the natural strength of his land for plant food than he realizes, and that which he does in part, and often unknowingly, another may wholly do by keeping his soil in good physical condition through sods and fertilizing crops without any feeding upon the farm. The method is unsafe in careless hands, and a good supply of manure is the best key for unlocking additional soil-fertility; but the chief need of farmers to-day is to recognize the importance of a good physical condition of the soil, and to regard it, rather than the amount of plant food they may be putting into the ground or taking out of it.—Farm and Fireside.

# SYRUP OF FIGS

Acts Gently;  
Acts Pleasantly;  
Acts Beneficially;  
Acts truly as a Laxative.

Syrup of Figs appeals to the cultured and the well-informed and to the healthy, because its component parts are simple and wholesome and because it acts without disturbing the natural functions, as it is wholly free from every objectionable quality or substance. In the process of manufacturing figs are used, as they are pleasant to the taste, but the medicinal virtues of Syrup of Figs are obtained from an excellent combination of plants known to be medicinally laxative and to act most beneficially.

To get its beneficial effects—buy the genuine—manufactured by the

## CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

Louisville, Ky. San Francisco, Cal. New York, N.Y.  
For sale by all druggists. Price fifty cents per bottle.

Only an Amateur.

Cultured Mother—My dear, your sister Clara is an amateur pianist. Dora is an amateur photographer, and Elvira is an amateur astronomer, but you don't seem to be anything.

Pretty Daughter—Oh, yes, mamma, I am an amateur financier. Here's my first engagement ring.—Pittsburg Press.

The Blood.

The blood is life. We derive from the blood life, power, beauty and reason, as the doctors have been saying from time immemorial. A healthy body, a fresh appearance, and generally all the abilities we possess depend on that source of life. It is, therefore, the duty of every sensible man to keep the blood as pure and normal as possible. Nature, in its infinite wisdom, has given us a thermometer indicating the state of the blood, which appeals to our reason by giving notice of its impurity. Small eruptions of the skin, to which we scarcely pay any attention, headache, ringing noises in the ears, lassitude, sleeplessness, are generally a sign that the blood is not in normal state, but is filled with noxious substances. These symptoms deserve our full attention. If more attention were paid to these symptoms and steps taken to remove them, then many illnesses from which we suffer would become unknown, and the human body would become stronger and healthier. Attention, therefore, should be paid to those warning signs, and the blood can be purified and poisonous substances removed from it by the use of Dr. August Koenig's Hamburg Drops, discovered more than 60 years ago.

Blank cartridges will often make the most noise.—Ram's Horn.

Thousands profit by the free offer of Doan's Kidney Pills and get cured.

Aching backs are eased. Hip, back, and loin pains overcome. Swelling of the limbs and dropsy signs vanish.

They correct urine with brick dust sediment, high colored, excessive, pain in passing, dribbling, frequency. Doan's Kidney Pills dissolve and remove calculi and gravel. Relieve heart palpitation, sleeplessness, headache, nervousness.

TELL CITY, IND.—I received the free trial of Doan's Kidney Pills. They are splendid. I had an awful pain in my back; on taking the pills the pain left me right away and I feel like a new man.—Stephen Schaefer.

Mrs. ADDIE ANDREWS, R. F. D. No. 1, BRODHEAD, WIS., writes: "I received the free trial of Doan's Kidney Pills with much benefit. My little nephew was suffering terribly with kidney trouble from scarlet fever. Two doctors failed to help him and he finally went into spasms. His father gave him Doan's Kidney Pills and from the second dose the pain was less. He began to gain and is to-day a well boy, his life saved by Doan's Kidney Pills."

Tommy Backbay—"Mother, it is a sin to say 'Rubber-neck'." Madam Backbay—"It is worse than a sin, Thomas; it is vulgar."—Harvard Lampoon.

Dropsy treated free by Dr. H. H. Green's Sons, of Atlanta, Ga. The greatest dropsy specialists in the world. Read their advertisement in another column of this paper.

Schoolmaster—"Now, let us have 'Little Drops of Water' again, and do, please, put a little spirit into it."—Glasgow Evening Times.

Piso's Cure cannot be too highly spoken of as a cough cure.—J. W. O'Brien, 322 Third Ave., N. Y., Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 6, 1900.

"Who were those two women who just registered?" inquired the hotel proprietor.

"Mrs. Mary McGinnis and her daughter, Miss Mayne MacVines," replied the clerk.—Philadelphia Press.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

The ills of life are sufficiently hard to bear, without adding to them the wear and tear of discontent and rebellion.—Elizabeth Cady Stanton.

Pleasant, Wholesome, Speedy, for coughs is Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar. Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in one minute.

The faster a man is the slower he is about paying his debts.—Chicago Daily News.

Putnam Fadeless Dyes cost but 10 cents per package.

## Straight to the Spot

THOUSANDS PROFIT BY THE FREE OFFER OF DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS AND GET CURED.

Wonderful results from a free trial of Doan's Kidney Pills.

ACHING backs are eased. Hip, back, and loin pains overcome. Swelling of the limbs and dropsy signs vanish.

They correct urine with brick dust sediment, high colored, excessive, pain in passing, dribbling, frequency. Doan's Kidney Pills dissolve and remove calculi and gravel. Relieve heart palpitation, sleeplessness, headache, nervousness.

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FREE FOR THE ASKING.

Doan's Kidney Pills.

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

Please send me by mail, without charge, trial box Doan's Kidney Pills.

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Post-office \_\_\_\_\_

State \_\_\_\_\_

(Cut out coupon on dotted lines and mail to Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.)

## WINCHESTER

FACTORY LOADED SHOTGUN SHELLS  
"New Rival" "Leader" "Repeater"

If you are looking for reliable shotgun ammunition, the kind that shoots where you point your gun, buy Winchester Factory Loaded Shotgun Shells: "New Rival," loaded with Black powder; "Leader" and "Repeater," loaded with Smokeless. Insist upon having Winchester Factory Loaded Shells, and accept no others. ALL DEALERS KEEP THEM

**FOUR FREE FRIENDS FOR FARMERS**

Our money winning books, written by men who know, tell you all about

## Potash

They are needed by every man who owns a field and a plow, and who desires to get the most out of them.

They are free. Send postal card.

GERMAN KALI WORKS  
92 Nassau Street, New York

WHEN YOU HAVE PAINS IN YOUR BACK OR ANY DISEASE OF THE KIDNEY OR BLADDER

TRY DR. McGEES BACKACHE & KIDNEY CURE

IT WILL CURE YOU.

PRICE 50c & \$1.00

THE MAYFIELD MEDICINE MFG. CO., ST. LOUIS.

**FREE TO WOMEN!**

To prove the healing and cleansing power of

## Paxtine Toilet Antiseptic

We will mail large trial treatment with book of instructions absolutely free. This is not a tiny sample, but a large package, enough to convince any one that it is the most successful preparation known to medicine as a cleansing vaginal douche and for the local treatment of woman's special ills, curing discharges and all inflammation, also to cleanse the teeth, mouth, and cure catarrh. Send to-day; a postal will do.

Sold by druggists or sent postpaid by us, 50 cents large box. Satisfaction guaranteed.

THE R. PAXTINE CO., 201 Columbus Av., Boston, Mass.

**Dropsy**

CURED Gives Quick Relief.

Removes all swelling in 8 to 20 days; effects a permanent cure in 30 to 60 days. Trial treatment given free. Nothing can be fairer.

Write Dr. H. H. Green's Sons, Specialists, Box Q, Atlanta, Ga.

A. N. K.—F 1943

**PISO'S CURE FOR**

WHEEZE, COUGHS, BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, CONSUMPTION



## WORK BEGINS

On the Tennessee Central Railroad at Hopkinsville.

Robt. Russell, contractor on the Hopkinsville end of the Tennessee Central railroad, pitched camp yesterday in R. H. Holland's field and is getting ready to begin work at once. Mr. Russell has 80 head of mules and drivers for them and his representative, G. D. Thompson, has been trying for several days to secure 100 hands, paying them \$1, \$1.25 a day. A good many have been secured and actual work is expected to begin today.

If anybody has entertained a doubt that the T. C. means business, he has only to use his eyes to be convinced that Hopkinsville is certain to have the road as soon as it can be built.—Hopkinsville Kentuckian.

## STURGIS BOOMING.

There is great rejoicing at Sturgis over the discovery there Saturday afternoon of a four foot vein of Bell coking coal at a depth of 250 feet.

This discovery means the building at Sturgis of some 200 coke ovens and the employment of 800 to 1,000 men. The company will at once begin to sink the main shaft, and will operate in the mean time the 6x9 shaft just sunk in order to supply the Grand Rivers iron furnaces with the superior coke that the Bell coal makes.

It may be added that this discovery will probably mean great additions to the furnaces of the Kentucky Iron company, as it has all along been stated that the discovery of coking coal at Sturgis would mean rolling mills and steel mills at Paducah.

## A GOOD MEETING.

I closed a good meeting on the third Sunday night in this month at Liberty church, in Lyon county. The meeting continued thirteen days; we had a glorious revival, 29 professions and 22 additions to the church, 18 baptisms, 3 approved for baptism and 1 restored with others to follow.

Rev. B. F. Hyde, of Christian county, did most of the preaching and did it well, to the entire satisfaction of the church and the large congregations. To say that brother Hyde is a strong preacher is putting it very mildly. He preaches the gospel plainly in the spirit and with power. To God be all the glory.

I commence a meeting at Hampton next Saturday night. Bro. Hyde is to assist me.

W. R. Gibbs, P. C.  
Nov. 24, 1902.

## WEEKLY COURIER-JOURNAL.

With the advent of the new year the twice-a-week edition of the Courier-Journal will be changed to a weekly. The old Weekly Courier-Journal was for a quarter of a century the political bible of millions of Americans who had implicit confidence in its politics. The Weekly will be issued on Wednesday and will be a model weekly in every respect. The subscription price will remain one dollar.

## CARD OF THANKS.

The first services in our newly repaired church were held last Sunday. It was really day and the amount of money realized was very gratifying. We sincerely thank the white friends who have so generously responded to our appeals for help. With the further assistance of friends we hope to be able to liquidate the debt in due time.

With many thanks to each and all who helped us,

The Elders,  
Of C. P. Colored Church, Marion.

## Fails a Deadly Attack.

"My wife was so ill that good physicians were unable to help her," writes M. M. Austin, of Winchester, Ind., but was completely cured by Dr. King's New Life Pills. "They work wonders in stomach and liver troubles. Once constipation, sick headache, 25 cents at H. K. Woods & Co's., druggists."

## CARD OF THANKS.

Mr. John Manus passed from this life Nov. 23d, 1902 at 2 o'clock a. m. May he meet his loved ones in a better world. Many thanks to the good people for their kindness during his sickness.

Josephine Waters.

## NEW BETHEL.

The health of this community is very good.

The wheat looks well.  
Hon W. J. Stone has been offered \$5 around for his tobacco.

W. J. Woodall, the leading merchant of this community, has a full line of dry goods.

Bob Beck, the leading farmer and business man of this community, bought 50 young mules.

Mrs Sidney Snook and family have just returned to their home in Louisville from a visit to their father's, Hon W. J. Stone.

Master Ed Beck of this place has gone to Fulton, Tenn.

Mrs Emmet Beck is on the sick list at present.

Mr Geo W. Craddock is visiting Hon. W. J. Stone. He is from Washington.

Quite a number from this community attended the baptizing at the Caldwell Springs Sunday.

The protracted meeting began at New Bethel Chapel the first of the month, led by Rev Conway of Marion.

George Beck attended meeting at Caldwell Springs Sunday.

## The Pride of Heroes

Many soldiers in the last war wrote to say that for Scratches, Bruises, Cuts, Wounds, Corns, Sore Feet and Stiff Joints, Bucklen's Arnica Salve is the best in the world. Same for Burns, Scalds, Boils, Ulcers, Skin Eruptions and Piles. It cures or no pay. Only 25 cents at H. K. Woods & Co's., druggists.

## MRS. L. J. ALLISON DEAD.

Last night Mrs L. J. Allison went to the A. O. U. W. hall to attend a meeting of the Degree of Honor lodge. While the initiation ceremony was taking place she complained of being ill and was assisted to the reception room. She continued to grow worse and a short time after she was taken to her home in the First ward. The doctor and relatives did everything possible for her relief, but death had already fastened its grip upon her, and her spirit passed from this earth at 10:30 o'clock, heart disease being the immediate cause of death.

Mrs. Allison leaves a large circle of friends to mourn her loss, all of whom will unite with the Traveler in expressing heartfelt sympathy to the bereaved husband and family.

Mr and Mrs. L. J. Allison were married April 18th, 1876. One child survives, Mrs D. C. Allen. The funeral will be held tomorrow at 2 o'clock, from the residence, 208 North C street, with burial in Riverview cemetery.—Arkansas City, (Kan.) Traveler.

Mrs. Allison was well known in Crittenden county. She was a daughter of the late Mrs. Rebecca Grissom, and a sister of Mrs. Jas. Hughes of this city.

## Saved at Grave's Brink.

"I know I would long ago have been in my grave," writes Mrs. S. H. Newsom of Decatur, Ala., "if it had not been for Electric Bitters." For three years I suffered untold agony from the worst forms of Indigestion, Waterbrash, Stomach and Bowel Dyspepsia. But this excellent medicine did me a world of good. Since using it I can eat heartily and have gained 35 pounds." For indigestion, Loss of Appetite, Stomach, Liver and Kidney troubles Electric Bitters are a positive, guaranteed cure. Only 50 cents at H. K. Woods & Co's., druggists.

Louisville, Ky., Dec. 1.—Chairman Brennan, of the board of public safety, announces today that under the decision of Judge Toney the board will in the future permit boxing contests in Louisville. Mr. Brennan said the board would insist that the agreement between the contestants be submitted to them and its members would then lay down the regulations under which the matches would be contested.

Robert C. Gray, President of the Southern Athletic club, said today that the Corbett-McGovern contest would most likely take place in Louisville, and that he was now making arrangements to that end.

## A Million Voices

Could hardly express the thanks of Homer Hall, of West Point, Ia. Listen why: A severe cold had settled on his lungs, causing a most obstinate cough. Several physicians said he had consumption; but could not help him. When all thought he was doomed he began to use Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption and writes—"it completely cured me and saved my life. I now weigh 227 lbs." It's positively guaranteed for Coughs, Colds and Lung troubles. Price 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottles free at H. K. Woods & Co's.

# Stoves! Stoves!

Cook Stoves Heating Stoves  
Wood Stoves Coal Stoves  
Parlor Stoves Bedroom Stoves  
Air tight Heaters  
Laundry Stoves  
Church or School House Stoves  
Or any other kind of Stoves

ALL SOLD UNDER GUARANTEE  
**BIGHAM & BROWNING**

## POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Silence is golden only when applied to the other fellow.

Wm. J. Belt, of Merrigold, Miss., writes: I have used Hill's Anti Malarial Tablets in my family for chills and fever and they never fail to cure chills, fever or any malarial disease, and do all that is claimed for them. Price 25c. For sale by all stores in the county.

It often takes a good round sum to square a crooked transaction.

But few men are able to see a sea serpent unless they are half seas over.

G. W. Butterfield writes: Laketon, Ky., May 1: I can sincerely recommend Hill's Specific as it cured several members of my family as well as my neighbors family of different forms of bowel complaints. It is the best medicine I ever used. Price 25 cents. For sale by all dealers in the county.

"Conversation is a dead art," says a philosopher. Talked to death, perhaps.

Some men never realize the true value of money until they try to make a touch.

Peters Creek, Ill., May 1.—This is to certify that I have used Hill's Specific in my family for over ten years for bowel complaints of different kinds and have many practical opportunities to test its merit and I believe it has saved the life of more than one of my children. I am never without it in my house. I unhesitatingly say it is the best preparation I ever used.

TAOS, HOLLOWAY.

Men set themselves up as a big gun—and the smaller the calibre the greater the bore.

From the fruit preserver we get our jams—and from the wet goods dealer our jim-jams.

J. C. Millikan, ex-marshal of the village of Cave-in-Rock, Ill., once said: "I can cheerfully recommend Hill's Universal Pills, for I have used them in my family and find them to be an excellent remedy; these are the best cathartic pills on the market and contain no mercury or minerals; they are a direct shot to the liver and always arouse the great organ and leaves it in a healthy condition. Price 25c. For sale by patent medicine dealers in the county."

Any man who depends on wages will acquire a lot more money than the man who depends on wages.

## IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES.

FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF KENTUCKY.

## IN BANKRUPTCY.

In the matter of William M. Lockett a bankrupt.

On this 25 day of November A. D., 1902, on considering the petition of the aforesaid Bankrupt for discharge, filed on the 25th day of November, A. D., 1902, it is ordered by the Court that a hearing be had upon the same upon the 13th day of December, A. D., 1902, before said Court at Louisville, said District, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, or as near thereto as practicable; and that notice thereof be published one time in the Crittenden Press, a newspaper printed in said District, and that all known creditors and other persons in interest may appear at said time and place and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted.

Witness the Honorable Walter Evans, Judge of the said Court, and the seal thereof, at Paducah in said District, on the 25th day of November, A. D., 1902.

(SEAL) J. B. PURYEAR, Clerk.

## RULES GOVERNING CONTEST.

(1) Every lady, married or unmarried, residing in Crittenden and Livingston counties, is eligible to enter the contest.

(2) Every \$1.00 paid on subscription to the Press entitles the subscriber to four votes in the contest. Every 25 cent subscription entitles the subscriber to one vote.

(3) A contestant must reside in either Crittenden or Livingston county; the voter may reside anywhere in the United States.

(4) No restrictions are placed on the voter, except that all votes must be cast on ballots provided by the Press for use in said contest.

(5) The voter may pay all his arrearages and may pay his subscription as many years in advance as he may desire and for each dollar so paid receive a ticket entitling the holder to four votes in the contest.

(6) As received the ballots will be placed in a locked box kept in the Press office for that purpose. The box will be opened every Wednesday morning, and the ballots counted. The next day's issue of the Press will contain the standing of each candidate. The report will appear each week.

(7) The last count before the close of the contest will be made on WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 17th. The ballot-box will then be locked, the key given to some reputable citizen for safe keeping, and the box remain unopened until the close.

(8) The contest will be closed at 4 o'clock WEDNESDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 24th.

(9) Immediately after the close a committee of three reputable and disinterested citizens will take charge of the ballot-box, open and count the ballots, and determine the winner in the contest.

(10) The contest will be conducted in a most impartial manner and these rules will be strictly observed. Those interested should read them carefully.

## MANAGER WANTED.

We desire to employ a trustworthy lady or gentleman to manage our business in this county and adjoining territory. Our house is well and favorably known.

\$20 straight cash salary and all expenses paid each week by check from headquarters. Experience unnecessary; position permanent. Address Thomas J. Cooper, Manager, 1040 Calton building, Chicago, Ill. w7

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