

The Crittenden Press.

VOL. 28.

MARION, CRITTENDEN COUNTY, KENTUCKY, JULY 3, 1906.

NUMBER 6.

OLLIE JAMES

Departs for Europe and a Close Friend in Washington Says He May Be Candidate for Governor.

Washington, July 3.—A new factor in the race for the Democratic nomination for Governor of Kentucky may be Representative Ollie M. James, of Marion, according to indications. Mr. James left Washington last night for New York, and from there he will sail on the White Star liner Baltic for Liverpool, accompanied by Mrs. James, who arrived here from Marion a few days ago. Mr. James has been selected by the Interparliamentary group in Congress to attend the World's Interparliamentary Union at London, this month. Others who have been similarly honored are minority leader John Sharpe Williams and Representative Burton of Ohio; McCreary of Pennsylvania and Bartholdt of Missouri.

The object of the Interparliamentary Union which is attended by representatives of deliberative bodies from the various civilized nations, is to bring about the settlement of disputes between nations by arbitration. Mr. James will be gone a month or more.

It has been known here for some time that he has received a great many letters from prominent Democrats all over Kentucky, advising him to enter the race for Governor. He has had the matter under consideration, but has refused to discuss the situation, but a close friend of his says it is reasonably certain his formal announcement will be made soon after his return from Europe in August.

After attending the Interparliamentary Union; Mr. and Mrs. James will visit Switzerland and other countries on the continent.

Picture of Content.

We saw a picture of content the other morning a happy boy about fifteen years old, who was driving a gravel wagon along the street. The lines were secured between his knees the horses were jogging leisurely along, the sun shone pleasantly, his coat was off, and his calico shirt looked clean and cool; his hat was tipped back over his head, and he had two pebbles that he picked up from the dirt, and these he was tossing, throwing one up as the other fell, catching each in its turn and on his face was a happy, boyish look of content that any world-weary man would give a fortune to wear as his own. Looking at him we thought that life is pretty much what we make it, after all. Happiness does not spring from wealth, or leisure but from a contented mind. We doubt if there is a happier heart in our city than that of the boy riding upon his gravel laden wagon, tossing his pebbles in the bright sunshine.—Columbus Critt.

Mrs. F. A. Mitchell.

The wife of Rev. F. A. Mitchell, pastor of the Methodist church at Marion, died Tuesday morning after a brief illness. She was about sixty years of age. Funeral services were held at the M. E. church, Cadiz, yesterday morning by Rev. Elgin, preaching from the text, "The Lord is taken to Ekton for interment this morning. Deceased is survived by her husband, two sons and four daughters. The family formerly lived in this county, at which Rev. Mitchell had charge of the churches at Lafayette and Herndon, Kentucky.

Enter Business College

To secure a position. Write for now. Address Bowling Green University, Bowling Green, Kentucky.

Circuit Court

A great many cases are being passed for various reasons, but the following were disposed of:

Commonwealth vs. T. H. McReynolds, keeping disorderly house, fined \$50.

Same vs Jim Fritts, breach of the peace, plead guilty and fined \$25.

Same vs Van Hay Ry News Co., for selling cigarette material to person under 18 years of age; settled.

Same vs same, for selling cigarette material without license; settled.

Geo. B. Simpson vs A J Grant; judgment and order of sale.

Nannie Mitchell vs H H King, recovery of property, tried and judgment for plaintiff.

Bement, Seitz & Co. vs Chittenden & Chittenden, debt; judgment.

L. Kahn & Sons vs Chittenden & Chittenden; judgment.

Same vs J W Goodloe; judgment.

E H McElmy vs Jno Snider et al judgment for plaintiff.

J B Thurman vs J M Culwell; settled.

Hughey R Hartzell vs Henry Dun for return of property and damage; settled.

Mrs M E Croft vs J J Tinsley et al on contract; judgment for plaintiff.

American Type Founders Co. vs. Chittenden & Whitehouse, debt; dismissed.

Tom Berger vs Tom McEwen, dismissed.

W H Crow vs J A Graves, damage; settled.

The Dream of Fairyland

The Dream of Fairyland given at the opera house last Thursday night, under the direction of Mrs. H. H. Sayre and Miss Blanche Haase, of Wheeling, W. Va., by fifty little boys and girls of this city was a decided success from every standpoint.

Every one of the little fairies was fully up on his or her part, showing plainly the splendid training they had received. Not a mistake was made. The performance was perfect and about the sum of \$75 was cleared for the benefit of the stained glass window fund of the Presbyterian church.

The children were heartily encored at every act and received many compliments, one of the nicest we publish below: "These children are the angels of the covenant; messengers sent to tell us of the future glories of the church and the state and, of the final triumph of the human race over evil. They every one did the best."—W. H. Walker.

Wayne Phillips Dead

Was born Oct. 29, 1849, died June 30, 1906, age 56 years, eight months and one day. He was married in 1876 to Mary Lucas. This union was blessed with 10 children, three of whom preceded him to the grave.

Bro. Phillips professed faith in Christ when young and joined the Cumberland Presbyterian church where he remained until death. He leaves a wife and seven children behind to mourn the loss of a husband and father. He has for a number of years been almost helpless.

The writer has known Mr. Phillips from a young man until death, and always found him in the school room and in the home at his place. Funeral services were conducted by W. J. Hill Sunday morning at ten o'clock at Mt. Zion in the presence of a large crowd and his remains were laid to rest in the cemetery at that place.

May God's richest blessings rest upon the family is the sincere wish of

W. J. Hill.

People Will Talk.

"The best way to do is to do as you please; For your mind, if you have one, will then be at ease; Of course you will meet with all sorts of abuse, But don't think to stop them; it ain't any use."

DOUBLE WEDDING

The Misses Blue are Wedded to J. T. Ford, of Morganfield, and O. F. Dyer, of St. Louis.

Morganfield, Ky., June 27.—A double wedding in which members of prominent Kentucky families were united took place in the Presbyterian church here yesterday afternoon. The brides were sisters and daughters of Mr. and Mrs. James T. Blue.

Miss Bess Blue became Mrs. Jas. T. Ford, and Miss Willis Blue became Mrs. Orville Poole Dyer. Mr. Ford is a native of Morganfield and is a traveling representative for Ragon Bros., of Evansville. Mr. Dyer resides in Morganfield and is associated with the Hamilton Brown Co. of St. Louis.

The church was prettily decorated for the occasion. Both parties stood at the altar together, Rev. C. N. Wharton saying the marriage ceremonies. Mrs. J. T. Dyer presided at the organ. Just preceding the entrance of the bridal party Miss Grace Dyer sang a solo. Preceding the ceremony a quartette composed of Misses Grace Dyer and Emma Robertson Young and R. S. Penn sang "O, Perfect Love." J. Tom and B. W. Dyer served as ushers.

Following the ceremony both couples left for bridal tours, Mr. and Mrs. Dyer going to Virginia Beach, and Mr. and Mrs. Ford going to Michigan.

Among the guests from a distance were Miss Lena Leiter, of Evansville and Mr. Floyd Biggs, of Princeton, with a number of others.

All Smiled But the Editor.

A fine plump fowl arrived at the office of a Fleet street weekly a few days ago by parcel post. Each of the sub-editors had made up his mind to annex the bird, but these hopes were cruelly disappointed by the editor himself, who, having espied the winged one and regarded it as one of his lawful perquisites, promptly took it home and dined off it.

The following morning a letter came to the office from "A Constant Reader." It run:

"Dear Mr. Editor.—By an early post I sent you a chicken. It has been the source of much discussion among a few of us and we have agreed to let you settle the dispute. What we want to know is, What did it die of?"

The editor has gone on a sea voyage to try and get over it.—Poultry Advocate.

In Honor of Miss Rudy

Mrs. S. M. Jenkins entertained in honor of her guest, Miss Julia Rudy of Henderson, Monday afternoon. The colors were pink and white and of course all the society buds were there. Among the number were Miss Chambers, of Morganfield, Miss Moore, of Hopkinsville, Misses Bessie Trisler, Kittie and Fannie Gray, Nell Love, Ina Price, Leaffa Wilborn, Sallie Woods, Bessie Woods, Fanny Woods, Ann Eliza Johnson, Elizabeth Johnson, Ida Hill, Susie Gilbert.

Fresh pineapple frappe, almond ice cream, cherry sherbet and cake were served.

Several contests were engaged in and a pleasant evening was spent by every one present.

Entertained at Her Country Home.

Miss Inez Price and Fred Owen, Miss Mildred Haynes and Trice Bennett and Mr. and Mrs. Lester Terry were guests at a six o'clock dinner given by Miss Lena Terry at her country place last Wednesday evening, June 27th. The party drove over in the afternoon and remained over until Thursday morning and were royally entertained.

He Was Diplomatic Always.

A story is told of the late John Hay illustrative of that fine diplomatic temperament that made his name known all over the world, says the American Spectator.

Some years ago Mr. Hay sent Mr. Alexander Gunn, of Cleveland, for his perusal the manuscript of an interesting piece of work by Mark Twain, entitled, "A Conversation as it was at the Social Fireside in the Time of the Tudors." Mr. Hay knew that his friend Gunn, a connoisseur of literature and art, would be much interested in what the former termed a "serious effort to bring back our literature and philosophy to the chaste Elizabethan standard."

Now it appears that Mr. Gunn was so delighted with Twain's sketch that he wrote to Mr. Hay, proposing to print a limited number of copies thereof for private distribution. It is said that Mr. Hay replied as follows:

"The proposition you make to pull a few proofs of Twain's masterpiece is highly attractive, and of course, highly immoral. I cannot properly consent to the suggestion, as I am afraid the great man would think I was taking an unlawful advantage of his confidence. Accordingly, I will thank you to send back the manuscript as early as possible; but if, in spite of my prohibition, you take those proofs, be sure that you save me one."

It was superfluous to add that, with this hint, the proofs were "pulled," the one for Mr. Gunn and the other for Mr. Hay.

CAVE-IN-ROCK, ILL.

The Evansville Lead and Spar Co. have started their big mill at Lead Hill. Robinson will start his plant in a few days, then there will be three large mills in operation at this place.

Three strangers were here a short time ago photographing the river and bluff at the point where the bridge survey was made a few years ago.

I have always contended that Hardin county was the richest portion of this mineral field, and the developments of the last few years go to prove my contention correct.

Wheat threshing has begun and the yield is fair and the quality is extra.

Allen Paris gave up the idea of becoming a veterinarian and will enter Lockyear's Business College at Evansville July 1st.

The citizens are giving the blind tiger another tussle.

William Frailie and George Carr had an altercation last week. As usual George came out second best.

It is perhaps right for the world to know that Bro. R. H. Hill was completely and unanimously exonerated in a trial in the I. O. O. F. Lodge June 23d.

CARRSVILLE.

Born to the wife of Dole Thompson, June 12, a fine girl.

J. H. Rutter and wife went to Evansville Monday and returned home Friday.

R. F. Babb and W. F. Brewer went to Fredonia last week.

Hon Tom Evans of Smithland was in town last week, greeting his many friends with the usual smile and hearty handshake.

Miss Ruth Mantz, of Tolu, was visiting relatives and friends a few days last week.

County attorney Joiner was here Saturday.

Mrs. Edwards of Missouri is visiting her sister, Mrs. Ellis, of this place.

Bro. Henry, who was to preach at the Cumberland Presbyterian church at this place last Sunday night failed to come.



Rev. Benjamin Andres will be ordained next Sunday morning.

Elder J. S. Rowe filled his pulpit last Lord's day morning at eleven o'clock, his theme being "For though He is not far from each one of us."

Rev. J. R. McAfee preached Sunday morning at the Methodist church from Romans 8:16, "The witness of the Spirit." Next Sunday morning his subject will be "Parental devotion and its effects in the family."

Rev. J. F. Price preached at the C. P. church Sunday morning. His text was Mt. 25:23. His subject was "The Faithful Servant and His Reward." He had a fair congregation and a pleasant service.

Rev. J. F. Price will preach at Lisman next Saturday and Sunday.

Rev. J. H. Butler preached at the Baptist church Sunday morning and administered the Lord's supper. His text was taken from I Cor. 11 chap.

Rev. Benjamin Andres preached Sunday morning at the Presbyterian church. His text was "What shall I render unto the Lord for all his benefits toward me?" Sunday afternoon he preached at Deans school house.

The union services were held at the C. P. church Sunday night. The light showers cut down the crowd. Bro. Price said that his congregation was so afraid of water that there was no danger of their venturing out if there were any indications of a shower. The Rev. Mr. Butler, pastor of the Baptist church preached an excellent sermon from the text: "When I see the blood, I will pass over you."

Next Saturday night the Paducah Presbytery will meet at the Presbyterian church in this city at eight o'clock and the sermon will be delivered by Rev. Benjamin Andres, who will be ordained Sunday morning. Sunday morning at 11 o'clock the ordination sermon will be delivered by Rev. Thos. Cummins, of Henderson. The charge to the pastor will then be delivered by Rev. C. N. Wharton, of Morganfield, and to the members by Rev. R. E. C. Lawson, of Henderson.

Sunday night at 8 o'clock Rev. R. E. C. Lawson will deliver the sermon at the union service.

Deaths Recorded.

James M. Green and wife to J. B. Croft, lot in Tolu, \$350.

H. J. Myess and wife to Life Highfel. lots in Tolu, \$600.

L. A. Weldon and wife to W. L. Hoover, lot in Tolu \$100.

Felix Hoover to W. L. Hoover, 2 lots in Tolu \$550.

J. W. Sherer and wife to District No. 56, 1 1-8a land, \$20.

Reached Home Safely.

Walter Walker, city editor of the Sentinel, returned last night from a five weeks' vacation trip, which took him to his old home in Kentucky and to other points in the south and southwest. He reports a very pleasant time among old friends and relatives of himself and wife. Mrs. Walker accompanied him home.—Grand Junction, Col., Sentinel.

A Good Attraction.

"The Haymakers," under the direction of Miss Mae Garner, was presented at the Marion Opera House Tuesday night to a full house. The cast was composed of Sturgis talent and each player deserves much credit for making it the success it was.

The Salem Bank.

The statement of the Salem Bank is one its officers and directors may well feel proud of. It is young, but a strong healthy institution.

A Happy Reunion.

At the pleasant home of Clinton W. Bryant on the Salem road last Thursday there was a family reunion at which most of the members were present, among them were Marion Bryant and family, Charles Jennings and family, James Bryant, C. L. Bryant, Miss Luna and Ella Bryant, of Hopkinsville, Lilly Bryant, of Evansville, and Miss Mamie Bryant who lives at home. The day was a happy one and one to be long remembered.

Thoughts for a Quiet Hour.

Don't call the world dirty because you have forgotten to clean your glasses.

If your religion is of the kind that can be easily hidden it can as easily be lost.

The only reason some men won't go to church is because they are not invited into the pulpit.

If you want to make a rich man understand you must touch his pocket book.

The people who are too lazy to prepare always have a lot to say about the way the prizes are distributed.



Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Wilson gave one of the most charming social events of the summer Friday evening, from 8 till 12, on the lawn at their residence on South Main street in honor of Miss Julia Rudy, of Henderson, Mrs. Jenkins' charming guest. The house, verandas and the lawn were all brilliantly lighted with dozens of electric lights while in the spacious yard, hung in festoons between the trees, and with the aid of the mellow light of the myriads of Japanese lanterns made a bewitching scene—one long to be remembered.

Seats, swings, and hammocks were placed at the disposal of the many couples, many of whom took advantage of the shaded, secluded spots for their tete-a-tetes. Miss Madeline Jenkins served the guests with cherry frappe on the lawn as each couple arrived and throughout the evening.

A splendid string band was in attendance, and those who chose to do so were ushered into the dancing room where preparations had been made for their pleasure and where the sweetest music was dispensed.

The weather was ideal—refreshing breezes toying with the draperies and the moon vied with the artificial lights and annoying the young folks who hunted the shady nooks.

The wee small hours came too soon and caused the merry crowd to leave reluctantly.

Among those present besides the guest of honor, Miss Rudy, were the following: Mr. and Mrs. Grayot, of Smithland, Mr. and Mrs. W. O. Tucker, Mr. and Mrs. S. M. Jenkins, Mr. and Mrs. Sam Gugenheim, Misses Lillian Graves of Dycusburg; Ida Hill, Leaffa Wilborn, Ruby James, Kitty and Fanny Gray, Dell Barnes, Mrs. Emma Haywood, and Messrs. Reeves of Louisville, Will McElroy, Rob Cook, W. D. Baird, Ira Pierce.

In honor of Miss Rudy, of Henderson, Mr. and Mrs. W. O. Tucker very charmingly entertained a few friends at a "Milo Party" Monday night; frappe was served in the hall as the guests arrived, and among them were noted Mrs. R. F. Haynes, Misses Ruby James, Kitty and Fannie Gray, Leaffa Wilborn, Carrie Moore, of Hopkinsville, Blanch Haase of Wheeling, W. Va. Messrs. Ira Pierce, Bruce Babb, W. D. Baird, Will McElroy and Rob Cook. Favors, sweet peas, were presented to the guests, who later were served with delicious ices and cake.

COUNTY SUNDAY SCHOOL CONVENTION

Will Be Held With the Sugar Grove Congregation, Wednesday, August 1st, 1906.

The Crittenden County Annual Sunday School Convention which meets with the Sugar Grove congregation, Aug. 1, will undoubtedly be the best convention held in the county for some time. The program is strong and every effort will be made to carry it out. Mr. T. C. Gebaur, State visitor, will be present. He is thoroughly conversant with every detail of Sunday school work and his talk will be practical and helpful. Some of the best local talent will also be utilized. The following is the program:

- 9:30 Devotional exercises by W. J. Hill.
9:45 The Meaning and Purpose of this Convention by R. M. Franks, County President.
Singing by Sugar Grove class.
10:00 The Parents and the Sunday School by Rev. R. C. Love.
Music by Chapel Hill Class.
10:25 Primary Work by Miss Stella Hill.
10:45 Reports of County Officers.
Music by Crayneville Class.
11:15 The Sunday School's Place and Power by J. B. McNeeley.
Music by Marion Class.
11:40 The Pastor and the Sunday School by Rev. J. R. McAfee.
Music by Sunday School Class.
Announcement of Committees.

NOON INTERMISSION.

- 1:15 Music by the classes.
1:30 The Teacher and his Work by A. A. Deboe.
Music by Sugar Grove Class.
1:50 The Statutes and Needs of the Work, Rev. T. C. Gebaur, State Visitor.
Offering.
2:20 The Sunday School as an Educational Institution by Rev. Andres.
Music by Crayneville Class.
2:45 The Sunday School saving the Children by Rev. W. T. Oakley.
Music by Marion Class.
3:05 Character Building by W. H. Walker.
Music by Crooked Creek Class.
3:30 A Model Sunday School by Rev. J. F. Price.
Music by all the classes.
Any class not mentioned on the program will be given a place if present.
It is expected that all who can conveniently will bring their baskets well filled.
We want all to pray and work that this may be the greatest convention that we have ever had.
R. M. FRANKS, Co. Pres., JAS. A. HILL, Co. Secy.

QUARTERLY REPORT OF THE MARION BANK

MARION, KENTUCKY.

At the Close of Business on the 30 Day of June 1906

RESOURCES

Loans and discounts	\$118,713.09
Due from National Banks	26,429.15
Due from State Banks and Bankers	10,260.51
Banking House and Lot	8,000.00
Furniture and Fixtures	2,000.00
Cash in Vault	9,369.42
	\$174,772.17

LIABILITIES

Capital Stock paid in, in cash	\$ 20,000.00
Surplus Fund	17,000.00
Undivided Profits	1,520.89
Due Depositors	136,251.28
Deposits subject to check (on which interest is not paid)	\$119,251.28
Time certificates of deposits (on which interest is paid)	17,000.00
	\$174,772.17

SUPPLEMENTARY.

Highest amount of indebtedness of any stockholder, person, company or firm (including liability of the company or firm the liability of the individual members thereof) directly or indirectly, if such indebtedness exceeds 20 per cent. of capital stock actually paid in, and actual amount of surplus of the bank

How is indebtedness stated in above item 1 secured? (See Section 583 Kentucky Statutes)

Highest amount of indebtedness of any director or officer, if amount of such indebtedness exceeds 10 per cent. of paid-up capital stock of bank

How is same secured?

Does amount of indebtedness of any person, company or firm including in the liability of the company or firm the liability of the individual members thereof, exceed 30 per cent. of paid-up capital and actual surplus

If so, state amount of such indebtedness.

Amount of last dividend

Were all expenses, losses, interest and taxes deducted therefrom before declaring dividend, and was not less than 10 per cent. of net profits of the bank for the period covered by the dividend carried to the surplus fund before said dividend was declared

STATE OF KENTUCKY,
County of Crittenden,

T. J. Yandell, Cashier of Marion Bank, a bank located and doing business at No. 288 Main street in the city of Marion, in said county, being duly sworn, says the foregoing report is a true statement of the condition of the said Bank at the close of business on the 30th day of June, 1906, to the best of his knowledge and belief; and further says that the business of said bank has been transacted at the location named, and not elsewhere; and that the above report is made in compliance with an official notice received from the Secretary of State, designating the 30th day of June, 1906, as the day on which such report shall be made.

Subscribed and sworn to before me by T. J. Yandell, Cashier, the 2nd day of July 1906.

T. J. Yandell, Cashier; Sam Gugenheim, H. A. Haynes, C. S. Nunn, Directors.

—By—
REV. J. F. PRICE

SUNDAY SCHOOL TEACHERS' TRAINING CLASS

LESSON XXXVII.

There is no Sunday School lesson in this week's readings.

DAILY MANNA.

Sunday, July 8, Returning to the Mt. of Olives, Mk. 11:19; Lk. 21:37b Monday, July 9, The fig tree withered, Mt. 21:19-22; Mk. 11:20-26. Tuesday, July 10, Return to the temple, Lk. 21:38. Wednesday, July 11, Christ's authority questioned, Mt. 21:23-27, [Mk. 11:27-33; Lk. 20:1-8. Thursday, July 12, Parable of the two sons, Mt. 21:28-32. Friday, July 13, Parable of the wicked husbandman, Mt. 21:33-44, [Mk. 12:1-11; Lk. 20:9-18. Saturday, July 14, They seek to lay hands on him, Mt. 21:45, 46; Mk. 12:12; Lk. 20:19.

HELPS TO STUDY.

The link of connection in the incident of the cursing of the fig tree is probably in the nation of Israel, of which the fig tree, with its leaves but no fruit, was a most fitting symbol, and which, on the other hand, stood by reason of its unfruitfulness, as a mountain in the path of the kingdom of God. The withering of the tree symbolizes the overthrow of the nation and suggests the great lesson that all things that stand in the way of God's kingdom, though they be mountain-high, shall be removed. Jesus can pray that God will remove the Jewish people out of the way of the progress of the kingdom, but will also pray, "Father, forgive them, for they know not what they do."

When they questioned Christ's authority he said unto them, Mk. 11:29, "I will ask of you one question." Had their question not been sincere, as their answer to his shows it was, Jesus would doubtless have answered them very differently. The answer he gave silenced them and left him with the prestige of victory. Yet it contained also a real reply to their question. John had neither the authorization of other rabbis or the Sanhedrin, nor the authentication of signs from heaven. The character of his message was the evidence of his mission, and the people generally recognized him as a prophet. (Mk. 11:32.) Had the leaders of the people been willing to accept such evidence as this, they would have recognized both the prophetic authority of John and the Messianic authority of Jesus. It was their blindness to evidence of this kind that prevented their believing John and accepting Jesus. If they had believed John, they must also have accepted Jesus, because the mission of both was attested by the same kind of moral evidence, as well as because John testified to Jesus. Notice the hold John still had upon the people (v. 32). It continued for years (Acts 19:1-7).

Matthew has grouped three parables of warning addressed to the religious leaders of his people. The first is peculiar to Matthew, the second is parallel to Mk. 12:1-12, the third is similar to Lk. 14:15-24. All three are concerned with the relations of people to the kingdom of God.

The lesson of the parable of the two brothers (v. 28-32) is explicitly stated by Jesus in vs. 31, 32: the religious leaders, because of their refusal to accept the Baptist's call to repentance, were showing themselves ready to receive the kingdom of God than members of the most abandoned classes who had obeyed his call (Lk. 7:29, 30). Promises are less true indications of character than actions. Notice again the high estimate Jesus puts upon John the Baptist.

The parable of the vineyard has to do, not with a simple truth or duty, but with the kingdom of God as such. Its details are therefore of significance. The vineyard is the kingdom of God; its owner is God; the servants are the prophets; the son is Jesus; the wicked husbandmen are the Jews. The chief teaching is plain and is stated in vs. 9, 10; the Jews in refusing to listen to the prophets and Jesus had brought upon themselves divine punishment, and, as is distinctly stated in Matthew's account (21:43), the kingdom of God was to be taken from them and given to the gentiles. The displacement of the Jews by the gentiles was a divine act. That the announcement of it by Jesus should rouse the hostility of the Jews (v. 12) is easy to understand. They saw that he was attacking their faithfulness to their divinely appointed duty, just as before he had rebuked their profanation of the temple. Again their only reply was to plot violence.

THE TEACHER.

Rules for teaching.

7 Keep every member of the class busy reciting, or listening, or questioning or doing something. Idleness is the mother of mischief and destroys attention and interest. If any one is inclined to be inattentive, apply questions to such an one frequently enough to hold him.

8 In teaching, begin with what they know and proceed to the unknown.

9 True teaching is arousing the pupil's mind to think for itself.

10 Learning is thinking over in one's mind a thing until we know it and can tell it.

Think over and memorize these ten rules until you can repeat them.

TOPICS FOR STUDY.

- 1 The route of the triumphal entry.
- 2 The use of the ass and the horse among the orientals.
- 3 The extent to which Jesus intentionally fulfilled prophecy.
- 4 The element of symbolism in the miracles of Jesus.
- 5 The basis of Jesus' authority to cleanse the temple.
- 6 The relation of the Jewish state to Rome as the background of the question about tribute.
- 7 Jesus' attitude toward the temple and its services.
- 8 Different ideas among the Jews concerning life after death.
- 9 The teachings of Jesus concerning immortality and the resurrection.
- 10 Jerusalem.

SEARCH QUESTIONS.

1 How did Jesus meet the question of the Sanhedrin as to his authority? 2 Would he have answered honest inquiries in the same way? 3 How did his question convey an answer to theirs? 4 What is the basis of the authority of Jesus? 5 Were there two cleansings of the temple or only one?

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NUNN & TUCKER, House Furnishers,
MARION, KENTUCKY.

QUARTERLY REPORT OF THE FARMERS BANK OF MARION, KENTUCKY.

At the Close of Business on the 30th day of June, 1906.

RESOURCES

Loans and Discounts	\$75,295.39
Overdrafts, secured	351.44
Due from National Banks	24,811.37
Due from State Banks and Bankers	1,413.33
Specie	592.17
Currency	9,000.00
Furniture and Fixtures	650.00
	\$112,113.70

LIABILITIES

Capital Stock paid in, in cash	\$15,000.00
Surplus Fund	1,650.00
Undivided Profits, net	1,363.36
Deposits subject to check (on which interest is not paid)	69,508.68
Time certificates of deposits (on which interest is paid)	24,591.66
	\$112,113.70

SUPPLEMENTARY

Highest amount of indebtedness of any stockholder, person, company or firm (including in the liability of the company or firm the liability of the individual members thereof) directly or indirectly, if such indebtedness exceeds 20 per cent. of capital stock actually paid in, and actual amount of surplus of the bank

How is indebtedness stated in above item 1 secured? Collateral. (See Section 583, Kentucky Statutes.)

Highest amount of indebtedness of any director or officer, if amount of such indebtedness exceeds 10 per cent. of paid up capital stock of bank

How is same secured?

Does amount of indebtedness of any person, company or firm including in the liability of the company or firm the liability of the individual members thereof, exceed 30 per cent. of paid up capital and actual surplus?

If so, state amount of such indebtedness.

Amount of last dividend

Were all expenses, losses, interest and taxes deducted therefrom before declaring dividend, and was not less than 10 per cent. of net profits of the bank for the period covered by the dividend carried to the surplus fund before said dividend was declared?

STATE OF KENTUCKY,
County of Crittenden,

E. J. Hayward, Cashier of Farmers Bank of Marion, a bank located and doing business at corner Main and Carlisle streets in the city of Marion in said county, being duly sworn, says the foregoing report is in all respects a true statement of the condition of the said Bank, at the close of business on the 30th day of June, 1906, to the best of his knowledge and belief; and further says that the business of said Bank has been transacted at the location named, and not elsewhere; and that the above report is made in compliance with an official notice received from the Secretary of State designating the 30th day of June, 1906, as the day on which such report shall be made.

Subscribed and sworn to before me by E. J. Hayward the 3rd day of July, 1906. J. B. Hubbard, N. P. C. Co. Ky. My commission expires February 10, 1910.

E. J. Hayward, Cashier, E. W. Jones, P. B. Croft, S. S. Sullenger, Directors.

A Peculiar Incident.

Central City, June 28.—Allen Wickliffe, a colored man aged sixty years, a well known and respected employe of the Holt Coal company, at Clarksville, Ky., was struck and perhaps fatally injured from the flying fragments of a gate across the Illinois Central track at this place. At the crossing of the Illinois Central and Louisville & Nashville tracks in this city there is an iron gate that is generally moved out of the way by the flagman of the incoming engine, who then signals his engine to cross. Today as the pile-driver engine was ready to cross the Louisville & Nashville tracks, on the Illinois Central, it struck this gate, that was partially open, and reduced it to scrap iron, throwing the pieces in every direction. A portion struck

Wickliffe, who was thirty feet distant at the depot, breaking two ribs, crushing his head, bruising his face and mashing his thumb. He was taken to the office of Dr. M. P. Creel, surgeon for the Illinois Central, who examined him and thought that he might live.

Chamberlain's COLIC, CHOLERA AND Diarrhoea Remedy

Is a reliable, pleasant and safe remedy for bowel complaints both in children and adults. Buy it now; it may save life.

VOL. 28.

MARION, CRITTENDEN COUNTY, KENTUCKY, JULY 5, 1906.

NUMBER 6.

BERNHARDT'S ART IN DRESS

GREAT SPLENDOR OF WARDROBE
OF THE WORLD'S GREATEST
ACTRESS.

Much Study Given to Make Each
Gown Adaptable to the Part Pre-
sented.—Artist's Taste and Genius
Very Evident.

What does Madame Bernhardt wear? During her engagement in this country, this question about the famous actress was asked by every woman unable to judge by seeing for herself, and the reply is the delighted exclamation:

"Her gowns are simply gorgeous—they are a part of her."

In the many plays presented, Bernhardt has an opportunity of displaying a great variety of dresses, and thousands of women who have packed the large theatres at every performance wherever she appeared, have stared at them in wonder, recognizing not only their perfect adaptation to the part presented, but also how much of Bernhardt's own taste and genius there was in them.

HER GENIUS FOR "SIGN."

What is it? The gift displayed in this particular, is as characteristic of the woman as any other of the countless details which go to make her the public idol of all lands. Even those who did not understand the spoken language of the play, were full well able to comprehend that of the silk, satin and lace facing them over the flaming footlights. This artist has demonstrated to thousands, that a gown may be superior in lines and construction to the flimsy models sent over each year from Paris for our slavish following. Street clothes, of course, demand a certain amount of conventionality, in order not to make the wearer conspicuous, but since the Bernhardt engagement in their respective fashion centers, not a few devisers of costumes have declared their intention of taking indoor styles more seriously.

HER EXAMPLE FOLLOWED.

For those women whose incomes admit of certain and extravagant expenditure for clothes, it is just now considered wonderfully "smart" to furnish their own dressmakers and tailors with water-color sketches of models, specially drawn for them by famous artists, these sketches being used solely for their own particular gowns. With the stage for a precedent, these fashionable dames have found it convenient to adopt its methods. For those who cannot indulge in this, theater-going

nature knows to be its proper setting for prolonged activity.

To demonstrate how Mme. Bernhardt manages to make this audacious deviation from fashion's dictates attractive, it is well to say that she had specially designed a cuirass over which she has her maid wind yards of soft ribbon which is finally tied in front with an ornamental bow and long streamer ends. This style is especially adapted to her, as it makes her appear taller, a point well worthy of imitation! On this particular gown the hip swathing ends in pailletted stole ends, dripping with gold fringe. Her tiny feet are encased in marvelously fitting slippers of cloth of gold.

WONDERFUL BREAKFAST ROBE.

The robe worn in the breakfast scene in "Magda" is worthy of study. It is a silver-encrusted lace creation over pastel blue, set up with wide shoulders and a swathing of pale blue ribbon, ending in large rosettes with stole ends in front. A unique, but character-lending touch is a miniature Empire stole—merely a patted line of priceless sable, which gives the frock, in its Empire draping, the much needed long straight lines from neck to hem. The sleeves, too, which are lace puffs, with forearms of transparent lace, show pale blue bracelets at their division, made visible only by the artist's gestures, a subtle touch, but very pleasing.

COSTUMES WORN IN "CAMILLE."

Havishing, indeed, are her "Camille" dresses! The first mystery is in silhouette, wrought with a lattice work of pink ribbon embroidery near the flare at the foot, this outer work of art being fashioned over lettuce green satin soupé. The hip swathing and stole ends are in the same tone, and she wears with extraordinary grace a frosty pelerine of pale green chiffon, decorated with fetching clusters of blush roses.

Another of the "Camille" frocks reveals the French dressmaker's power of detail. The material is lustrous white satin, with raised embroidery in variegated pink flowers with green foliage—the corsage resplendent with well set gems.

Another change to which she treats her audience in "Camille" is a gorgeous half-fitting robe of white lace—semi-fitting princess in this model, the lace flecked with reddish gold figures, seemingly woven into the texture. Pale pink is the foundation, as is also the hip lining.

HER "ANGELO" COSTUME.

In "Angelo," Mme. Bernhardt's dress, an Italian princess costume, is fashioned from gorgeous gold brocade. It is set up on short-waisted, half-fitted

JULY SECOND THE DAY

GOVERNMENT HISTORIAN SAYS
REAL INDEPENDENCE IS NOT
THE FOURTH.

Colonies Made Declaration Against
England Previous to Drawing His-
torical Paper.—Final Signing of
Document on August Second.

According to the opinions of the latest historical authorities both the school children of by-gone days and those of the present time have been taught incorrectly as to the proper Independence day of the nation. No one date seems to develop such excitable emotions as does the mention of the Fourth of July, but how unattractive would it seem if we were to state that the second of July is the day of fire-crackers, bombs and Roman candles. And yet, according to Mr. William H. Michael, Chief Clerk and Historian of the Department of State, "The real Independence Day is the second of July."

Since we bent over our childhood histories we have always had an idea that our fathers severed the ties with Great Britain on the Fourth of July, 1776, and we have had word of no less an authority than Thomas Jefferson, author of that hallowed instrument, that the Declaration was signed on that date, on whose anniversary the great father of democracy died. But Mr. Michael says no, and for years he has toiled for his country beneath the same roof which shelters the sacred document; has had the nation's archives at his fingers' ends.

INDEPENDENCE ON JULY 2.

"The Independence of the United States was declared by resolution on the 2d of July, and the adoption of the form of Declaration on the 4th of July was a secondary matter," says Mr. Michael. "It is a little strange that more importance was not attached to the 2d of July in connection with the Declaration of Independence. The resolution introduced by Richard Henry Lee, was passed on that day (July 2, 1776). This was really the vital point—the crucial juncture."

The real act of independence, which Mr. Michael has had reproduced in facsimile, was then the Lee resolution declaring:

"That these United Colonies are, and of right ought to be, free and independent states; that they are absolved from all allegiance to the British Crown, and that all political connection between them and the State of Great Britain is, and ought to be, totally dissolved."

SIGNED AUGUST 2.

Concerning the actual date of the Declaration's signing, Mr. Michael says: "Mr. Jefferson in his account states that all the members present except Mr. Dickinson, signed the Declaration in the evening of the Fourth of July. The journal shows that no one signed it that evening except Mr. Hancock and Mr. Thomson. The journal entry is: 'Signed, John Hancock, President, Attest, Charles Thomson, Secretary.' . . . On August 2, the Declaration, as engrossed under the order of Congress, was signed by all of the members of Congress present."

What really did happen on July 4, of that year of years was the final adoption of a draft of the "form of announcing the fact to the world" that independence had been decreed two days before. Jefferson had written this draft in his Philadelphia apartments, consisting of a ready-furnished parlor and bedroom in the new brick house of Hyman Gratz, at the southwest corner of 7th and Market streets, "on the outskirts of the city." The Penn National Bank now occupying the site of this dwelling, is in the very business heart of Philadelphia.

WRITTEN LATE IN JULY.

But the "original Declaration," which all pilgrims to Washington formerly gazed upon in awe and reverence, was not ordered written for more than two weeks after that long but unjustly hallowed July 4. On July 19, Congress ordered that the Declaration be "fairly engrossed on parchment," and that "the same, when engrossed, be signed by every member of Congress." Some time within the next two weeks the beautiful pen work which thousands of Americans have since marveled at and admired was executed upon the great strip of sheepskin now locked away in the Department of State at Washington.

On August 2, 1776, just a month after the real stroke of independence this great sheepskin was unrolled in the presence of the Continental Congress, in Independence Hall, with the wording of the corrected draft it was carefully "compared at the table." This formality gone through with, it was spread out upon a desk and signed by all of the members of Congress present. Fifty of these fathers of the republic signed on that day. Six of the revered "signers," did not affix their signatures until later dates. George Wythe of Virginia signed about August 27. Richard Henry Lee, Virginia; Eldridge Gerry, Massachusetts; and Oliver Wolcott, Connecticut, did not sign until some time in September. Matthy Thornton, of New Hampshire, did not add his name until November, and Thomas McKean of Delaware, probably did not affix his the final signature, until five years later, or 1781. Matthew Thornton, by the way, was not appointed to Congress until September, and did not take his seat until November—four months after the adoption of the Declaration. Other signers who were not members of Congress on July 2 or 4, were allowed to sign on August

2, the general signing day. These were Benjamin Rush, James Wilson, George Ross, George Clymer and George Taylor.

JULY FOURTH.

The Day of Days Among Uncle Sam's
Sailor Boys.

Uncle Sam makes the Fourth of July a greater day among his sailors than even Christmas. Indeed, it is the greatest day for relaxation and pleasure for Jackie in the whole year. The early Secretaries of the navy established the custom and it has been almost religiously maintained inviolate through the long line of officials who have succeeded them.

Independence day belongs to the Jackie. His superiors recognize that his life is in some respects a hard one. To him is denied the ties of family, the friendships and all the other interests and diversions of life that make up the landsman's existence, so for this reason Uncle Sam believes that his sailors should have as many holidays as possible.

To make Independence Day the biggest day of all is to give the day a special significance which cannot fail in some degree at least to carry its lesson of patriotic duty to those who serve the republic on the seas.

Hence commodores and captains always plan to remain in port on July 4. Then, after dressing ship, firing the national salute, and brief patriotic services, the day is given to the men to enjoy as they see fit, discipline being almost entirely relaxed. The sports that attend the sailors on the Fourth of July are of a varied character.



INDEPENDENCE HALL AT PHILADELPHIA.

acter. Our naval service has, of course, become affected to a considerable extent by the great outdoor movement that has converted Independence Day into the greatest sporting carnival of the year.

The Navy Department has wisely encouraged this tendency, and wherever an open field is available, the piece de resistance is a baseball game, sometimes between rival nines picked from members of the same ship, oftener between teams representing different ships and in some extreme cases between nines from separate squadrons who happen to be in rendezvous near each other.

Then there are track and field events. The fleet-footed wearers of the blue show how fast they can sprint. Now just what good this does them in their developments as fighters is not clear, for even had they the instinct to flee and get over ground faster than a Duffy it would do them no good at the moment when the growl of the ship was heading for a moist trip to Davy Jones' Locker. However, they run and throw weights, jump and pole vault.

If no athletic field is available, then the rivalry must be confined to aquatic events, swimming and rowing races. In extreme cases where it is not possible to get ashore or the water conditions preclude rowing or swimming, the Jackies test their prowess at boxing, wrestling, fencing, dancing and singing.

Then the ship's larder is drawn on for such extra delicacies as transforms the regular meal into a banquet, and Mr. Jackie crawls into his hammock with the comfortable feeling that July Fourth is a pretty big day after all, and that he is glad to be able to pass it in Uncle Sam's service.

Black Hair the Strongest.

Black hair is stronger than golden tresses, and will sustain almost double the weight. Recently a scientist found, by experiment, that it is possible to suspend a weight of four ounces by a single hair, provided the hair be black. Blond hair will give way at weights varying according to the tint. A yellow hair will scarce support two ounces, a brown will hold up three without breaking, while one of a very dark brown will sustain an additional half ounce.



Synopsis of preceding chapters at end of this installment.

At early dawn the country inn was all alive. The archer was as merry as a grig, and having kissed the matron and chased the maid up the ladder once more, he went out to the brook and came back with the water dripping from his face and hair.

"Holla! my man of peace," he cried to Alleyne, "whither are you bent this morning?"

"To Minstead. My brother Simon Edricson is socman there, and I go to bid with him for a while."

The archer and Hordle John placed a hand upon either shoulder and led the boy off to the board, where some smoking fish, a dish of spinach, and a jug of milk were laid out for their breakfast.

"I should not be surprised to learn, mon camarade," said the soldier, as he heaped a slice of the fish upon Alleyne's trencher of bread, "that you could read written things."

"You pncos I jil neijwag, go szajouq uag saw I wqj szupse, gozawun sq."

"It would be shame to the good their clerk this ten years."

The bowman looked at him with great respect. "Think of that!" said he. "And you with not a hair to your face, and a skin like a girl. I can shoot three hundred and fifty paces

"Prettily said, mon garcon! Touching that same slaying of the Redeemer, it was a bad business. A good padre in France read to us from a scroll the whole truth of the matter. The soldiers came upon Him in the Garden. In truth, these Apostles of His may have been holy men, but they were of no great account as men-at-arms. There was one, indeed, Sir Peter, who fought out like a true man; but, unless he is belied, he did but clip a varlet's ear, which was no very knightly deed. By these ten finger-bones! had I been there, with Black Simon of Norwich, and but one score of picked men of the Company, we had held them in play. Could we do no more, we had at least filled the false knight, Sir Judas, with fruit of English arrows that he would curse the day that ever he came on such an errand."

The young clerk smiled at his companion's earnestness. "Had He wished help," he said, "He could have summoned legions of archangels from heaven, so what need had He of your poor bow and arrow? Besides, bethink you of His own words—that those who live by the sword shall perish by the sword."

"Now, youngster, let things be plat and plain between us. I am a man who shoots straight at his mark. You say the things I had with me at yonder hostel; name which you will, save the box of rose-colored sugar which I take to the Lady Loring, and you shall have them if you will but come with me to France."

"Nay," said Alleyne, "I would gladly come with ye to France or where else ye will, just to list to your talk, and because ye are the only two friends that I have in the whole wide world outside of the cloisters; but indeed it may not be, for my duty is toward my brother, seeing that father and mother are dead, and he my elder. Besides, when ye talk of taking me to France, ye do not conceive how useless I should be to you, seeing that neither by training nor by nature am I fitted for the wars, and there seems to be naught but strife in those parts."

"Bethink you again, mon ami!" quoth Ayliward, "that you might do much good yonder, since there are three hundred men in the Company, and none who has ever a word of grace for them, and yet the Virgin knows that there was never a set of men who were in more need of it. Sickerly the one duty may balance the other. Your brother hath done well; out you this many a year, and as I gather, he hath never walked as far as Beaulieu to see you during all that time, so he cannot be in any great need of you."

"Besides," said John, "the Socman of Minstead is a byword through the forest, from Bramshaw Hill to Holmesley Walk. He is a drunken, bawling, perilous churl, as you may find to your cost."

"The more reason that I should strive to mend him," quoth Alleyne. "There is no need to urge me, friends, for my own wishes would draw me to France, and it would be a joy to me could I go with you. But indeed and indeed it cannot be, so here I take my leave of you, for yonder square tower amongst the trees upon the right must surely be the church of Minstead, and I may reach it by this path through the woods."

"Well, God be with thee, lad!" cried the archer, pressing Alleyne to his heart. "I am quick to love, and quick to hate, and 'fore God I am loath to part. Yet it may be as well that you should know whither we go. We shall now journey south through the woods until we come out upon the Christ church road, and so onward, hoping to-night to reach the castle of Sir William Montacute, Earl of Salisbury, live which Sir Nigel Loring is constable. There we shall bid adieu, and it is like enough that for a month or more you may find us there, ere we are ready for our voyage back to France."

It was hard indeed for Alleyne to break away from these two new but hearty friends, and so strong was his inclination that he dared not look round, lest his resolution should slip away from him.

The path which the young clerk had now to follow lay through a magnificent forest of the very heaviest timber, where the giant boles of oak and of beech formed long aisles in every direction, shooting up their huge branches to build the majestic arches of Nature's own cathedral. It was very still there in the heart of the woodland. The gentle rustle of the branches and the distant cooing of pigeons were the only sounds which broke in upon the silence, save that once Alleyne heard afar off a merry call upon a hunting bugle and the shrill yapping of the hounds. He pushed on the quicker, twirling his staff merrily, and looking out at every turn of the path for some sign of the old Saxon residence. He was suddenly arrested, however, by the appearance of a wild-looking fellow armed with a club, who sprang out from behind a tree and barred his passage. He was a rough, powerful peasant, with cap tunic of untanned sheepskin, leather breeches, and gaiters round his legs and feet.

"Stand!" he shouted, raising his heavy cudgel to enforce the order. "Who are you who walk so freely through the wood?" Whither would you go, and what is your errand?"

"Why should I answer your questions, my friend?" said Alleyne, standing on his guard.

"Because your tongue may save your path. What hast in the scrip?" "Naught of any price."

"How can I tell that, clerk? Let me see."

"Not I." "Fool! I could pull you limb from limb like a pullet. Wouldst lose scrip and life too?" "I will part with neither without a fight."

"A fight, quotha? A fight betwixt

MADAME SARAH BERNHARDT.
In Costume Worn in Her Famous "Camille" Ball-room Scene.

assumes an added phase of enjoyment to womanhood. Sara Bernhardt's creations are curiously interesting from the point of view that they serve as an advance courier of what may be accomplished by women who effect the hourglass figure as that demanded by fashion purveyors. Her carriage is lofty, her chest is high, her waist line ample, and her head well poised—quite the reverse, you will observe from the figure usually attributed to French women. But how unflattering is Bernhardt's every action, and how splendid her movements! In other words, she has mastered so absolutely the art of dressing well, that once clothed, she is utterly oblivious of her adornments.

A UNIQUE INNOVATION.

Novel indeed is the hip swathing of Mme. Bernhardt's gowns and all her frocks are set up on classical lines. The lines show waist lines either below her natural bust or well down her abdomen, preferably the latter style as it gives her body that hygienic poise which every woman's better

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HERA AND
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pleasant and safe
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and adults. Buy
save life.

spurred cock and new-hatched chicken! Thy fighting days may soon be over."

"Hades asked me in the name of charity I would have given freely!" cried Alleyne. "As it stands, not one farthing shall you have with my five will, and when I see my brother, the Socman of Minstead, he will raise his hand and cry from hill to hill, from hundred to hundred, until you are taken as a common robber and a scourge to the country."

The outlaw sank his club. "The Socman's brother!" he gasped. "Now, by the keys of Peter! I had rather that hand withered and tongue was palsied ere I had struck or miscalled you. If you are the Socman's brother, you are one of the right side, I warrant, for all your clerical dress."

"His brother I am," replied Alleyne. "But even if I were not, is that reason why you should molest me on the king's ground?"

"I give not the pip of an apple for kine or for noble," cried the serf passionately. "I'll have I had from them, and I'll have I shall repay them. I am a good friend to my friends, and, by the Virgin, an evil foe to my foes."

"And therefore the worst of foe to myself," said Alleyne. "But I pray you, since you seem to know him, to point out to me the shortest path to my brother's house."

He was following the track, his misgivings increasing with every step which took him nearer to that home which he had never seen, when of a sudden the trees began to thin and the sward to spread out into a broad green lea, where five cows lay in the sunshine and droves of black swine wandered unchoked. A broad forest stream swirled down the centre of this clearing, with a rude bridge flung across it, and on the other side was a second field sloping up to a long, low, wooden house with thatched roof and open squares for windows. Alleyne gazed across it with flushed cheeks and sparkling eyes—for this, he knew, must be the home of his father.

Alleyne was roused, however, from his pleasant reverie by the sound of voices, and two people emerged from the forest some little way to his right and moved across the field in the direction of the house. The one was a man with yellow flowing beard and very long hair of the same tint drooping over his shoulders. By his side walked a woman, tall and slight and dark, with little graceful figure and clear-cut, composed features. Her jet-

golden hair, his fierce blue eyes, and his large, well-marked features, he was the most comely man whom Alleyne had ever seen; and yet there was something so sinister and so fell in his expression that child or beast might well have shrunk from him. His brow was drawn, his cheeks flushed, and there was a mad sparkle in his eyes which spoke of a wild, untamable nature.

"Young fool!" he cried, holding the woman still to his side, though every line of her shrinking figure spoke her abhorrence. "I rede you to go on your way, lest worse befall you. This little wench has come with me, and with me she shall bide."

"Liar!" cried the woman; and, stooping her head, she suddenly bit fiercely into the broad brown hand which held her. He whipped it free and slipped behind Alleyne, covering up against him.

"Stand off my land!" the man said fiercely, head-axe of the blood which trickled from his fingers. "What have you to do here? By your dress you should be one of those cursed clerks who overrun the land like vile rats, poking and prying into other men's concerns for catfitt to fight and too lazy to work."

"Is this your land, then?" gasped Alleyne.

"Did you dispute it, dog? Would you seek to trick or quibble to fuddle me of these last acres? Know, base-born knave, that you have dared this day to stand in the path of one whose race have been the advisers of kings and the leaders of hosts; ever the vile crew of Norman robbers came into the land, or such half-blood bounds as you were let loose to preach that the thief should have his booty and the honest man should sin if he strove to win back his own."

"You are the Socman of Minstead!" "That I am; and the son of Edric the Socman, of the pure blood of Godfrey thethane, by the only daughter of the house of Alurde, whose forefathers held the white-horse banner at the fatal fight where our shield was broken and our sword shivered. My folk held this land from Bramshaw Wood to the Ringwood road. Begone, I say, and meddle not with my affairs!"

"If you leave me now," whispered the woman, "shame forever upon your manhood!"

"Surely, sir," said Alleyne, speaking in as persuasive and soothing a way as he could, "if your birth is gentle,

house, blowing the while upon a shrill whistle.

"Come!" gasped the woman. "Fly, friend, ere he come back."

They ran together to the cover of the woods. As they gained the edge of the brushwood, Alleyne looking back, saw his brother come running out of the house again, with the sun gleaming upon his hair and his beard. He held something which flashed in his right hand, and he stopped to unlodge the black hood.

"This way!" the woman whispered, in a low eager voice. "Through the bushes to that forked ash. Do not heed me; I can run as fast as you, I trow. Now into the stream—right in, over ankles, to throw the dog off. As she spoke, she sprang herself into the shallow stream and ran swiftly up the centre of it, with the brown water bubbling over her feet, and her hand outstretched to ward off the clinging branches of bramble or sapling. Alleyne followed close at her heels, with his mind in a whirl at this black welcome and sudden shifting of all his plans and hopes. Yet, grave as were his thoughts, they would still turn to wonder what he looked at the twinkling feet of his guide and saw her lithe figure bend this way and that, dipping under boughs, springing over stones, with a lightness and ease which made it no small task for him to keep up with her. At last, when he was almost out of breath, she suddenly threw herself down upon a mossy bank, with two holly-bushes, and looked ruefully at her own dripping feet and bedraggled skirt.

Alleyne, still standing in the stream, glanced down at the graceful pink-and-white figure, the curve of raven-black hair, and the proud, sensitive face, which looked upfrankly and confidently at his own.

"Why did you not kill him?" "Kill him? My brother?" "And why not?"—with a quick gleam of her white teeth. "He would have killed you. I know him, and I read it in his eyes. Had I had your staff I would have tried—aye, and done it, too." She shook her clenched white hand as she spoke, and her lips tightened ominously.

"I am already sad in heart for what I have done, and I am sitting down on the bank, and sinking his face into his hands. 'God help me! all that is worst in me seemed to come uppermost. Another instant, and I had smitten him! The son of my own mother, the man whom I have longed

shelter, there to wait until the page's return. By the grace of the Virgin and the help of my patron St. Magdalen, I stopped short ere I reached his door, as you saw, he strove to hale me up to it."

"But your father?" "Not one word shall I tell him. You do not know him; but I can tell you he is not a man to disobey as I have disobeyed him. He would avenge me, it is true, but it is not to him that I shall look for vengeance. Some day, perchance, in joust or in tourney, some knight may wish to wear my colors, and then I shall tell him that if he does indeed crave my favor there is wrong unredressed, and the wronger the Socman of Minstead. So my knight shall find a venture such as bold knights love, and my debt shall be paid, and my father none the wiser, and I shall be the less in the world."

"Then down the glade there came a little green-clad page with laughing eyes, and long curls floating behind him. He sat perched on a high bay horse, and held on to the bridle of a spirited black palfrey, the hides of both splashing from a long run. "I have sought you everywhere, dear Lady Maude," said he, in a piping voice, springing down from his horse and holding the stirrup. "Troubadour galloped as far as Hemhill ere I could catch him. I trust that you have had no hurt or scath?" He shot a questioning glance at Alleyne as he spoke.

"No, Bertrand," said she, "thanks to this courteous stranger, who, now, sir, she continued, springing into her saddle, "it is not fit that I should leave you without a word more. You have acted this day as becomes a true knight. King Arthur and all his knights could not have done more. It may be that, as some small return, my father or his kin may have power to advance your interest. He is not rich, but he is honored and hath great friends, and what he can do for your purpose, and see if he may not aid it."

"Alas, lady! I have now no purpose. I have but two friends in the world, and where it is likely I shall join them."

"And where in Christchurch?" "At the castle which is held by the brave knight, Sir Nigel Loring, constable to the Earl of Salisbury."

To his surprise she burst out laughing, and spurring her palfrey, dashed off down the glade, with her page riding behind her. Not one word did she say, but as she vanished amid the trees she half turned in her saddle and waved a last greeting. Long time he stood, half hoping that she might again come back to him; but the thud of the hoofs had died away, and there was no sound in all the woods but the gentle rustle and dropping of the leaves. At last he turned away and made his way back to the highroad, another person from the light-hearted boy who had left it a short three hours before.

(To be Continued Next Week.)

Don't take scoop coffee when you want Arbuckles' ARIOSA Coffee, which is sold only in sealed packages and never loose out of a "scoop."

A grocer may recommend a loose coffee at so much a pound. He is all right. He means well. If he handled the coffee himself, from the tree to you, you might well trust him implicitly.

But he does not!

He may know something about coffee. He may think he does, but let that pass. He buys it loose! From whom? You don't know—if you did it would not mean anything. He trusts the man he buys it from—maybe a salesman, maybe a wholesaler, maybe a little local roaster. It does not matter. What do they know about coffee? More than the grocer? Perhaps.

Where do they get their coffee? Where does it come from? Whose hands touched it last? Where had it been? They can't tell. Java from Brazilian by the looks after it is roasted, and it takes a man, expert by years of practical experience, to select sound, sweet green coffee of high cup merit; and another man with the knowledge and experience

to proportion and blend for uniform results in the cup. First they must have the supply to preserve uniform quality.

Arbuckles buy more coffee than any four other concerns in the world combined, and their coffee is the most uniform. Then the roasting.

"The Brazilian Ambassador tells me that coffee-roasting is an art," was the court testimony of a world famous chemist. Where are artists more likely to find employment—manipulating a little roast-er or in the Arbuckle mills, where the yearly roast amounts to the hundred million pounds?

Don't take scoop coffee, but buy a package of Arbuckles' ARIOSA. Take it home and keep the bean intact until ready to use. We hermetically seal each bean after roasting with a coating of fresh eggs and granulated sugar to close the pores and preserve the flavor. A little warming makes it easy to grind and develops the flavor. Coffee deteriorates if exposed to the air—it also collects dust and absorbs impurities. That is why you should "BEWARE OF THE SCOOP."

If your grocer will not sell you the genuine Arbuckles' ARIOSA Coffee it will be greatly to your advantage to buy

from us direct. Send us \$1.80, postal or express money order, and we will send 10 pounds of Arbuckles' ARIOSA in a strong wooden box, transportation paid to your freight station. Price fluctuates and cannot be guaranteed for any period. You cannot buy as good coffee for the money under any other name or loose by the pound. More the coffee will come in the original packages bearing the signature of Arbuckle Bros., which entitles you to free presents—10 pounds—10 signatures. New book with colored pictures of 97 beautiful useful presents will be sent free if you write. You can write first, and see the book before you order the coffee.

The present department is an old institution with us to add a little sentiment to the business.

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ARIOSA is just as likely to suit your taste as coffee that costs 35 or 35 cents a pound. It adds digestion and increases the power and ambition to work.

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42 South Seventh Street, St. Louis, Mo. Dept. 9.



"IF YOU LEAVE ME NOW, SHAME FOREVER UPON YOUR MANHOOD."

black hair was gathered back under a light pink cap, her head poised proudly upon her neck, and her step long and springy, like that of some wild tireless woodland creature. Alleyne stood in the shadow of an oak staring at her with parted lips, for this woman seemed to him to be the most beautiful and graceful creature that mind could conceive of. Such had he imagined the angels, but here there was something human, which sent a thrill and thrill through his nerves such as no dream of radiant and stainless spirit had ever yet been able to conjure up.

The two walked swiftly across the meadow to the narrow bridge, he in front and she a pace or two behind. They paused, and stood for a few minutes face to face, talking earnestly. Alleyne had read and heard of love and of lovers. Such were these, doubtless—this golden-bearded man and the fair damsel with the cold proud face. Why else should they wander together in the woods, or be so lost in talk by rustic streams? And yet as he watched, uncertain whether to advance from the cover of the trees, or some other path to the house, he soon came to doubt the truth of his conjecture. The man stood, tall and square, blocking the entrance to the bridge, and throwing out his hands as he spoke in a wild, eager fashion, while the deep tones of his stormy voice rose at times into accents of menace and of anger. She stood fearlessly in front of him, but twice she threw a swift questioning glance over her shoulder as if of one who is in search of aid. So moved was the young clerk by these mute appeals, that he came forth from the trees and crossed the meadow, uncertain what to do, and yet loath to hold back from one who might need his aid. So intent were they upon each other that neither took note of his approach; until, when he was close upon them, the man threw his arm roughly round the damsel's waist and drew her toward him, she straining her lithe supple figure away and striking fiercely at him. The maid, however, had but little chance against her assailant, who, laughing loudly, caught her wrist in one hand while he drew her toward him with the other.

"The best rose has ever the longest thorns," said he. "Quiet, little one, or you may do yourself a hurt! Must pay Saxton toll on Saxton land, my proud Maude, for all her airs and graces."

"You boor!" she hissed. "You base, underbred clod! Is this your care and your hospitality? I would rather wed a branded serf from my father's fields. Leave go, I say—Ah, good youth, Heaven has sent you. Make him loose me! By the honor of your mother, I pray you to stand by me and to make this knave loose me."

"Stand by you I will, and that blithely," said Alleyne. "Surely, sir, you should take shame to hold the damsel against her will."

The man turned a face upon him which was lion-like in its strength and in its wrath. With his tangle of

there is the more reason that your manners should be gentle too. I am well persuaded that you did but jest with this lady, and that you will now permit her to leave your land either alone or with me as a guide, if she should need one, through the wood. As to birth, it does not become me to boast, and there is sooth in what you say as to the unworthiness of clerks, but it is none the less true that I am as well born as you."

"Liar!" cried the furious Socman, "there is no man in the south who can say as much."

"Yet can I," said Alleyne, smiling. "For indeed I also am the son of Edric the Socman, of the pure blood of Godfrey thethane, by the only daughter of Alurde of Brock-nhurst. Surely, dear brother," he continued, holding out his hand, "you have a warmer greeting than this for me. There are but two boughs left upon this bad Saxon trunk."

His elder brother dashed his hand aside with an oath, while an expression of malignant hatred passed over his passion-drawn features. "You are the young cub of Beaulieu, then," said he. "I might have known it by the sleek face and slavish manner, too monk-ridden and craven in spirit to answer back a rough word. Thy father, shavelling, with all his faults, had a heart of heart; and there were few who could look him in the eyes on the day of his anger. But you! Look there, rat, on yonder field where the cows graze, and on that other beyond, and in the orchard hard by the church. Do you know that all these were squeezed out of your dying father by greedy priests, to pay for your upbringing in the cloisters? I, the Socman, am shorn of my lands that you may snivel Latin and eat bread for which you never yet did a hand's turn. Knave, my dogs shall be set upon you; but meanwhile, stand out of my path, and stop me at your peril!" As he spoke he rushed forward, and throwing the lad to one side, caught the woman's wrist. Alleyne, however, as active as a young deer-hound, sprang to her aid and seized her by the other arm, raising his iron-shod staff as he did.

"You may say what you will to me," he said between his clenched teeth; "it may be no better than I deserve; but, brother or no, I swear by my bones of contention that I will break your arm if you do not leave hold of the maid."

There was a ring in his voice and a flash in his eyes which promised that the blow would follow quick at the heels of the word. For a moment the blood of the long line of hot-headed thanes was too strong for the soft whisperings of the doctrine of meekness and mercy. He was conscious of a throb of mad gladness at his heart, as his real human self burst for an instant the bonds of custom and of teaching which had held it so long. The Socman sprang back, looking to the heels of the word. For a moment or stone which might serve him for weapon; but finding none, he turned and ran at the top of his speed for the

to take to his heart. Alas! that I should still be so weak."

"Black yew!" she exclaimed, raising her father himself, who is a hard judge of manhood, would call you that. But it is, as you may think, sir, a very pleasant thing for me to hear that you are so well born, and that you have done, and I can but rede that we should go back together, and you should make your peace with the Socman by handing back your prisoner. It is a sad thing that so small a thing as a woman should come between two who are of one blood."

Simple Alleyne opened his eyes at this little spurt of feminine bitterness. "Nay, lady," said he, "that were worst of all. What man would be so callous and thrall as to fall you at your need? I have turned my brother against me, and now, alas! I appear to have given you offence also with my clumsy tongue. But, indeed, lady, I am torn both ways, and can scarce grasp in my mind what it is that has befallen."

"Nor can I marvel at that," said she, with a little tinkling laugh. "You came in, the knight does in the jongleur's romances, between dragon and damsel, with small time for the asking of questions. Come," she went on, springing to her feet, and smoothing down her rumpled frock, "let us walk through the shaw together, and we may come upon Bertrand with the horses. If poor Troubadour had not cast a shoe, we should not have had this trouble. Nay, I must have your arm."

"You have no wish, then, to hear my story?" said she at last.

"Nay," said he eagerly. "I would fain hear it."

"You have a right to know it, if you have lost a brother's favor through it. This man has been a sutor for my hand, less as I think for my own sweet sake than because he hath ambition, and had it on his mind that he might improve his fortune by marrying into my father's strong-box—though the Virgin knows that he would have found little enough therein."

"But, to be brief over the matter, my father would have none of his wife, nor in sooth would I. On that, he swore a vow against us, and as he is known to be a perilous man, with many outlaws and others at his back, my father forbade that I should hawk my hunt in any part of the wood to the north of Christchurch road. As it chanced, however, this morning my little falcon was loosed at a strong-winged heron, and page Bertrand and I rode through the shaw together, for sport, until we found ourselves in Minstead woods. Small harm then, but that my horse Troubadour trod with a tender foot upon a sharp stick, rearing and throwing me to the ground. Then away ran Troubadour, for he knew I spurred him in falling, and Bertrand rode after him as hard as hoofs could bear him. When I rose there was the Socman himself by my side, with the news that I was on his land, but with so many courteous words besides, and such gallant bearing, that he prevailed upon me to come to his house for

Synopsis of Preceding Chapters.

The scenes of the story are laid in the 14th century. Herbie John, a lay brother of the Cistercian Monastery of Beaulieu, from the monastery after being found guilty of certain serious charges, was banished from the monastery. The same day, another of the lay-brothers of the monastery, the Friar, who was a friend of Herbie John, was also banished from the monastery in accordance with a provision of his father's will, designating that he should, when he became twenty years old, forthwith go to the monastery of Beaulieu, and there, in the presence of the monks, receive his father's blessing. Herbie John, who was a friend of the Friar, was also banished from the monastery. Herbie John, who was a friend of the Friar, was also banished from the monastery. Herbie John, who was a friend of the Friar, was also banished from the monastery.

The Story of Mary.

Charles R. Barnes, in the New York World.

Mary had a little lamb;
One day it got the croup;
She sold it to a packing house—
It's now canned ox-tail soup.

Mary had to have a pet;
She bought a cat and a dog;
Which died of splitting headaches soon;
It's country sausage now.

Mary wept and wept, and wept,
And then a piglet got;
The piglet died of tummy ache—
It's boned ham, like as not.

Mary saw the packers make
A fortune from her pets,
But she could not get clear enough
On them to pay her debts.

Mary bought an ailing sheep—
She knew it was a sin—
And when it died she promptly called
An undertaker in.

This precious pair embalmed the sheep
And sold it all for cash.
The folks who bought it of them said:
"What lovely corned-beef hash!"

The undertaker and the girl
Decided then to cut with
They organized a packing house,
And, gee, but they are rich!

Will Manufacture Own Pennies.

Uncle Sam will make his own pennies in future. The treasury has taken over the business from private concerns, which for many years manufactured these small coins for the government, and intends for all time to come to turn them out with its own machinery.

The treasury has always stamped its own pennies with the design of the Indian's head and the wreath on the reverse enclosing the words "One cent"; but the coins, lacking only this finishing touch, have been made for many years in Waterbury, Conn., whence they were shipped in the shape of "blanks" (otherwise known as "planchets") in strong wooden boxes. They used to cost the government, in this form, only twenty-four cents a pound, whereas to-day, owing to the rise in the price of copper, they cannot be manufactured, even when homemade, for less than twenty-nine cents a pound.

If a cent a pound be added for the expense of stamping them with dies, it will be obvious that Uncle Sam is able to manufacture 486 pennies for a dollar—a very profitable enterprise, inasmuch as he disposes of that number for \$4.86.

During the last year the treasury minted 80,719,103 pennies, of which New York State absorbed about 15,000,000; the demand from Illinois being next in point of size, while Massachusetts was third and Pennsylvania fourth. To make this number of cents required 525,228 pounds of copper, 16,586 pounds of tin and 11,257 pounds of zinc, the two latter metals entering into the composition of these coins to the extent of three per cent. and two.

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We have been established seven years—have hundreds of pupils from eight years of age to seventy. Don't say you cannot learn music till you send for our free booklet and tuition book. It will be sent by post and mail free of charge. U. S. SCHOOL OF MUSIC, 14 Union Square, New York City.

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We are guaranteed to remove freckles from the face and neck. Write for our booklet. "Freckles Removed." Freckle Cream Co., Dept. 10, 10, 10, 10.

What Does This Mean?

Rache

If these puzzling things, roughly displayed in

Fresh Blood

upon the wall of a house where a great crime had been committed, stared you in the face, could you explain their meaning?

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NATIONAL FOUNDATIONS.

PATRIOTISM IN TIME OF PEACE NEEDED TO SOLVE OUR NATIONAL PROBLEMS.

We Must Plant Forests, Organize Better Schools, Make Homes For Workers and Rear the Children Close to Nature.—Menace of Great Cities.

At the commencement exercises of the Michigan Agricultural College on June 20th, 1906, an address was delivered by George H. Maxwell, Dean of the Homecrofters Guild of the National Irrigation Association.

The key-note of the address of Mr. Maxwell was the idea that we should bring to the constructive work of our social and commercial life in time of peace, the same fervent patriotism and devotion to the public service that would inspire the whole nation if we were in the throes of a bloody conflict with the people of some other country.

In illustration of this he referred to our forest resources. The wasteful improvidence with which we have swept the forests out of existence was contrasted with the elaborate care with which we have built fortifications and navies and equipped our armies. And yet, said Mr. Maxwell, we have little to fear from any foreign foe. But we have much to fear from the wreck and ruin that will inevitably follow the destruction of our forests.

Destroy the forests and over immense areas flood and drought will destroy the farms.

Destroy the forests and you will at the same time destroy many of our most important industries by the exhaustion of our supply of wood or lumber.

Destroy a city by bombardment or fire and it can be rebuilt in a few years more beautiful than ever. Destroy a forest on the plains and it may take more than a generation to restore it.

Destroy a forest on the mountains, where the soil is thin and poor, and it may take centuries to restore the forest if it can ever be done at all. The destruction of the forest cover leaves the mountain sides so exposed to erosion that the rocks are washed



DESTROY THE FORESTS AND FLOOD AND DROUGHT
WILL DESTROY THE FARMS.

care of soil, and reforestation becomes impossible.

We are told by experts, and no one contradicts the statement, that at the present rate of consumption, our entire forest resources will be exhausted in less than forty years. I have recently seen it stated at thirty-five years. If we are to guard against this national danger the Timber and Stone Law must be repealed, and all public timber lands included in permanent Forest Reserves, the title to the land forever retained by the National Government, stamptage only of matured timber sold, and young timber preserved for future cutting, so that the forests will be perpetuated by right use; and the National Government must, by the reservation or purchase of existing forest lands, and the setting of new forests, create in every state National Forest Plantations from which, through all the years to come, a sufficient supply of wood and timber can be annually harvested to supply the needs of each state from the Forest Plantations in that state.

Unless we take time by the forelock the next generation will see the United States practically a treeless land, without wood or timber for the uses of our people, and devastated after year by ruinous floods. Already the scarcity of timber is being felt, and every man who builds a house must pay the increased cost. In Michigan I understand that some of the most important industries are being threatened by the shortage of timber. And yet, in the face of this catastrophe, which is nothing more than a rehearsal of the complete destruction of one of our greatest resources as a nation, Congress busies itself with a multitude of matters of wholly less importance and refuses to repeal the Timber and Stone Act, which the last remnants of our sacred national forest lands are being sold into the insatiable law of the land speculators for less than one-tenth of their actual value.

We are told by the men in Congress that the money cannot be had to acquire and save from destruction the Calaveras Big Trees in California, or to create the White Sulphur Springs National Forest in New Mexico, and preserve their forest resources, and save the water power in the manufacturing industries of the South; and in the same moment they stop the most shameless waste of the nation's resources that ever disgraced a national lawmaking body by repealing the Timber and Stone Act.

Only this, but in Arizona and Mexico where the forests are the life of the country, the joint stock bill proposed to give a floating fund of several million acres of the land speculators who would

control the legislature would use to get control of and destroy every acre of unreserved timber land in those territories. The country owes a debt of gratitude to Senator Burroughs of your State for his aid in preventing that bill from passing the Senate. It seems incredible that these things should be done by Congress, but there are reasons for it.

In the first place the people at large take no interest in the preservation of their own property. "What is everybody's business is nobody's business."

In the second place we have not yet, as a people, risen far enough above the mere worship of Mammon to realize that we are deliberately sacrificing to the Golden Calf the resources without which we cannot exist as a nation.

And worse than this, we are crowding our working people, both native and foreign born, into an environment where congestion of population is degenerating our workers and rotting their physical and moral fibre. Where will you find any citizenship in the slum and tenement districts of our cities to whom you can effectively appeal for help to stop the waste of our forests? They know nothing about it and care less. The first need of any nation is an intelligent citizenship, and the slums and tenements of our great cities are maelstroms into which the citizenship of the country is being drawn to its destruction in a steadily increasing volume.

We are suffering just now from a spasm of national hysteria because what everybody who ever took the trouble to go and look knew long ago—the revolting conditions under which the great packers of Chicago have been operating their plants, and because diseased meat has been sold for food.

But you may draw the worst picture that your imagination can paint of the horrors of the slaughtering and packing of meat in those establishments, and nothing you can imagine equals the horror of blighting the lives of thousands of children who are condemned to live and grow up in the foul physical, social and moral miasma that permeates the whole slum district of Packingtown. It is a national disgrace and is bound to prove a national curse.

There is only one remedy for those

the great tide of population that has been drifting from the country to the cities. We must decentralize industry and trade as well as population. The patriotism that is latent in every heart must find an outlet in every country town and village in the work of village improvement, of creating an environment for human life where the highest utility and beauty will surround the entire community, and where a local civic loyalty will prevail that will anchor the people to their own hearthstone and where they will live content under their own vine and fig tree.

This local pride and love of home and the home town is one of the strongest of human feelings when once it is deeply planted. It should be cultivated in every possible way. Nothing should be left undone to stimulate or cement it. Every member of such a community should cultivate a spirit of comradeship and co-operation to advance the general welfare of all. The merchant, the small tradesman, the country editor, the Church, should all work together to that end. Home industry should be encouraged in every possible way. The whole community should co-operate to protect and stimulate the trade of the town.

The home paper should be liberally patronized. There is no one thing capable of more far reaching and enduring influence for good than the country press. One of the most unfortunate of modern influences has been the trend of commercial evolution that has borne so heavily on the country editor by the development of the metropolitan family monthly and mail order papers, filled with temptation for the rural people to stimulate the centralization of wealth and trade in the cities by supplying their ordinary needs from far distant and practically unknown sources. This trend toward the centralization of trade and industry in the great cities walks side by side with the centralization of wealth and population as a menace to our national future. The danger it threatens can only be obviated by awakening the people at large to a realization of it.

The great central and controlling thought that must rise above all others as a national ideal is the conviction that the real bulwarks of the nation are the Homes of its Citizens and that the first thought and highest ambition of every young man should be to establish a HOME, a self-sustaining Home on the Land, where he can be independent and enjoy the real happiness of a well spent life and not make the mistake that brings disappointment and misery to so many of setting up the accumulation of a fortune as the goal of his life's ambition! It is a lure which of necessity must wreck thousands in order that a few may succeed. The man who earns enough to live comfortably without luxury, as every intelligent and industrious man can who has sufficient practical education, and who does his duty to himself, his family, his friends, his country and to humanity, is the man who really succeeds in life and who gets the greatest happiness and satisfaction out of it.

To create a human character of the highest type with everything that implies, is the most admirable of all human achievements and that every man and woman must and can do for themselves. "A time like this demands strong men, Great hearts, true faith and ready hands; Men whom the lust of office does not kill, Men whom the spoils of office cannot buy, Men who possess opinion and a will, Men who have honor, men who will not lie, Men who can stand before a demagogue, And damn his treacherous flatteries with the outwinking eye, Tall men, sun-crowned, who live above the fog, In public duty and in private thinking."

FOR THE TOWN BEAUTIFUL.
Missouri Women Begin Campaign for Cleaner Cities and Villages
(Columbia Herald.)

The club women of Missouri have taken up in earnest the campaign for cleaner cities and towns. In St. Joseph and other large towns organizations of women have done much to promote a general sentiment for cleanliness and are planning more. In Macomb a women's organization virtually manages the street cleaning department, collects the money from merchants, superintends the work and disburses the funds. The members of the club at Trenton, a women's club, have started a campaign that is being watched with interest and imitated in other towns. At the annual meeting at the home of their president, Mrs. T. N. Witten, the club discussed plans for the promotion of a sentiment for better care of lawns and gardens, cleaner streets and alleys and general improvements. The subject of the opening paper of the meeting, read by Mrs. J. A. Asher, was this appropriate one: "The Town's Opportunity—How Can It Do More Than the City for a Beautiful 'American Life'?" One of the plans decided upon was to offer cash prizes to children in the various wards of Trenton for the best showings under prescribed conditions. In the growing of flowers and care of premises. Seeds for the competitors are to be furnished practically free by the club. The mayor was asked to issue a proclamation for a "moral cleaning-up day, asking citizens to devote a few hours systematically to disposing of the accumulated rubbish."

What the women are doing in some Missouri towns the school children have been urged to undertake in others. At various ward schools of Joplin the pupils assisted in the cleaning up of the grounds in readiness for the planting of shrubs and flowers. At Perry, in Ellis County, where Professor J. F. Osborne has the prettiest public school campus in the state, the school children helped in the road work. At Joplin Principal S. A. Baker has been a leader in the observance of Arbor day and the inculcation of the sentiment for the civic beauty.

A town must first be built in the wilderness and then made beautiful. The Missouri wilderness has gone, the towns are here and are now being made beautiful.

We believe that the Patriotic Slogan of the Whole People of this Nation should be "Every Child in a Garden—Every Mother in a Homecroft—And Individual Industrial Independence for Every Worker in a Home of his Own on the Land," and that until he owns such a Home, the concentrated purpose and chief inspiration to labor in the life of every wage worker should be his determination to "Get an Acre and Live on It."

We believe that the Slums and Tenements and Congested Centers of population in the Cities are a savagely deteriorating social, moral and political influence, and that a great public movement should be organized, and the whole power of the nation and the states exerted for the betterment of all the conditions of Rural Life, and to create and upbuild Centers of Social and Civic Life in Country and Suburban Towns and Villages, where Trade and Industry can be so firmly anchored that they cannot be drawn into the Commercial Maelstrom that is now steadily sucking Industry and Humanity into the Vortex of the Great Cities.

We believe that every Citizen in this Country has an inherent and Fundamental Right to an Education which will train him to Earn a Living, and, if need be, to get his living straight from Mother Earth; and that he has the same right to the Opportunity to have the Work to Do which will afford him that living, and to earn not only a comfortable livelihood, but enough more to enable him to be a Homecroft and to have a Home of his Own, with ground around it sufficient to yield him and his family a Living from the Land as the reward for his own labor.

We believe that the Public Domain is the most precious heritage of the people, and the surest safeguard the nation has against Social Unrest, Disturbance or Upheaval, and that the Cause of Humanity and the Preservation of Social Stability and of our Free Institutions demand that the absorption of the public lands into speculative private ownership, without settlement, be forthwith stopped; and that the nation should create opportunities for Homecrofters by building irrigation and drainage works to reclaim land as fast as it is needed to give every man who wants a Home on the Land a chance to get it.

We believe that, as a Nation, we should be less absorbed with Making

BE A HOMECROFTER

Learn by Doing. Work Together.
Give every Man a Chance.

THE SLOGAN OF THE HOMECROFTERS IS

"Every Child in a Garden—Every Mother in a Homecroft, and 'Individual, Industrial Independence for Every Worker in a Home of his Own on the Land.'"

"A little croft we owned—a plot of corn,
A garden stored with peas and mint and thyme,
And flowers for posies, oft on Sunday morn,
Plucked while the church bells rang their earliest chimes."
—Wordsworth.

"The Citizen standing in the doorway of his home—contented on his threshold, his family gathered about his hearthstone, while the evening of a well spent day closes in scenes and sounds that are dearest—he shall save the Republic when the drum-taps is futile and the barracks are exhausted."
—Henry W. Grady.

"The slums and tenements of the great cities are social dynamite, certain to explode sooner or later. The only safeguard against such dangers is to plant the multiplying millions of our fast increasing population in individual homes on the land—homecrofts, however small, owned by the occupant, where every worker and his family can enjoy individual industrial independence."
—George H. Maxwell.



THE FIRST BOOK OF THE HOMECROFTERS

HAS JUST BEEN PUBLISHED AND AMONG ITS CONTENTS ARE THE FOLLOWING ARTICLES OF ABSORBING INTEREST BY

The Brotherhood of Man
Charity that is Everlasting
The Secret of Nippon's Power
Lesson of a Great Calamity
The Sign of a Thought

This book is the first of a Series that will Chronicle the Progress of the HOMECROFT MOVEMENT and inform all who wish to co-operate with it how they may do so through the formation of local Homecrofters' Circles, Clubs or Guilds to promote Town and Village Betterment, stimulate home civic pride and loyalty to home institutions, industries and trade, improve methods and facilities of education in the local public schools, and create new opportunities "At Home" that will go far to check the drift of trade and population to the cities.

The first Guild of the Homecrofters has been established at Watertown, Massachusetts. The Guildhall, Shops and Gardens are located at 143 Main Street where the Garden School is now fully organized and over one hundred children are at work in the Gardens. The departments for training in Homecraft and Village Industries are being installed. The Weavers are already at work at the looms. It is not designed to build here an isolated institution, but to make a model which can be duplicated in any town or village in the country.

Copies of "THE FIRST BOOK OF THE HOMECROFTERS" can be obtained by sending twelve two-cent stamps with your name and address (carefully and plainly written) to The Homecrofters' Guild of the Talisman 143, Main St., Watertown, Massachusetts.

There is New Hope and Inspiration for every Worker who wants a Home of his own on the Land in the CRED and PLATFORM OF THE HOMECROFTERS' which is as follows:

"Peace has her victories no less renowned than war."
EDUCATION
CO-OPERATION
OPPORTUNITY
HOMECROFTS

We believe that the Patriotic Slogan of the Whole People of this Nation should be "Every Child in a Garden—Every Mother in a Homecroft—And Individual Industrial Independence for Every Worker in a Home of his Own on the Land," and that until he owns such a Home, the concentrated purpose and chief inspiration to labor in the life of every wage worker should be his determination to "Get an Acre and Live on It."

We believe that the Slums and Tenements and Congested Centers of population in the Cities are a savagely deteriorating social, moral and political influence, and that a great public movement should be organized, and the whole power of the nation and the states exerted for the betterment of all the conditions of Rural Life, and to create and upbuild Centers of Social and Civic Life in Country and Suburban Towns and Villages, where Trade and Industry can be so firmly anchored that they cannot be drawn into the Commercial Maelstrom that is now steadily sucking Industry and Humanity into the Vortex of the Great Cities.

We believe that every Citizen in this Country has an inherent and Fundamental Right to an Education which will train him to Earn a Living, and, if need be, to get his living straight from Mother Earth; and that he has the same right to the Opportunity to have the Work to Do which will afford him that living, and to earn not only a comfortable livelihood, but enough more to enable him to be a Homecroft and to have a Home of his Own, with ground around it sufficient to yield him and his family a Living from the Land as the reward for his own labor.

We believe that the Public Domain is the most precious heritage of the people, and the surest safeguard the nation has against Social Unrest, Disturbance or Upheaval, and that the Cause of Humanity and the Preservation of Social Stability and of our Free Institutions demand that the absorption of the public lands into speculative private ownership, without settlement, be forthwith stopped; and that the nation should create opportunities for Homecrofters by building irrigation and drainage works to reclaim land as fast as it is needed to give every man who wants a Home on the Land a chance to get it.

We believe that, as a Nation, we should be less absorbed with Making

Money, and should pay more heed to raising up and training Men who will be Law-Abiding Citizens; that the welfare of our Workers is of more consequence than the mere accumulation of Wealth; and that Stability of National Character and of Social and Business Conditions is of greater importance to the people of this country as a whole than any other one question that is now before them; and we believe that the only way to Preserve such Stability, and to Permanently Maintain our National Prosperity, is to carry into immediate effect and operation the Platform of the Talisman, which is as follows:

EDUCATION, EMPLOYMENT AND HOMES ON THE LAND.

1. That children shall be taught gardening and homecraft in the public schools, and that Homecraft and Garden Training Schools shall be established by county, municipal, state, and national governments, where every boy and every man out of work who wants employment where he can gain that knowledge, can learn how to make a home and till the soil and get his living straight from the ground, and where every boy would be taught that his first aim in life should be to get a home of his own on the land.

BUILD HOMECROFTS AS NATIONAL SAFEGUARDS.

2. That the New Zealand system of Land Taxation and Land Purchase and Subdivision, and Advances to Settlers Act, shall be adopted in this country, to the end that land shall be subdivided into small holdings in the hands of those who will till it for a livelihood, and labor find occupation in the creation of homecrofts, which will be perpetual safeguards against the political evils and social discontent resulting from the overgrowth of cities and the sufferings of unemployed wage-earners.

PROTECTION FOR THE AMERICAN HOMECROFT.

3. That Rural Settlement shall be encouraged and the principle of Protection for the American Wage-worker and his Home applied directly to the Home by the Exemption from Taxation of all improvements upon, and also of all personal property, not exceeding \$2,500 in value, used in connection with, every Homecroft or Rural Homestead of not more than ten acres in extent, which the owner occupies as a permanent home and cultivates with his own labor and so provides therefrom all or part of the support for a family.

ENLARGEMENT OF AREA AVAILABLE FOR HOMEMAKING.

4. That the National Government, as part of a comprehensive national policy of internal improvements for river control and regulation, and for the enlargement to the utmost possible extent of the area of the country available for agriculture and Homes on the Land, and the protection of those Homes from either flood or drought, shall build not only levees and revetments where needed, and drainage works for the reclamation of swamp and overflowed lands, but shall also preserve existing forests, reforest denuded areas, plant new forests, and build the great reservoirs and other engineering works necessary to safeguard against overflow and save for beneficial use the flood waters that now run to waste.

RECLAMATION AND SETTLEMENT OF THE ARID LANDS.

5. That the National Government shall build the irrigation works necessary to bring water within reach of settlers on the arid lands, the cost of such works to be repaid to the government by such settlers in annual installments without interest, and that the construction of the great irrigation works necessary for the utilization of the waters of such large rivers as the Columbia, the Sacramento, the Colorado, the Rio Grande, and the Missouri, and their tributaries, shall proceed as rapidly as the lands reclaimed will be utilized in small farms by actual settlers and homesteaders, who will repay the government the cost of construction of the irrigation works, and that the amount needed each year for construction, as recommended by the Secretary of the Interior, shall be made available by Congress as a loan from the general treasury to the Reclamation Fund, and repaid from

lands reclaimed, as required by the National Irrigation Act.
SAVE THE PUBLIC LANDS FOR HOMEMAKERS.

6. That not another acre of the public lands shall ever hereafter be granted to any state or territory for any purpose whatsoever, or to any one other than an actual settler who has built his home on the land and lived on it for five years, and that no more land scrip of any kind shall ever be issued, and that the Desert Land Law and the Commutation Clause of the Homestead Law shall be made to conform to the recommendations of the Public Lands Commission appointed by President Roosevelt and of the Message of the President to Congress.

PLANT FORESTS AND CREATE FOREST PLANTATIONS.

7. That the Timber and Stone Law shall be repealed, and that all public timber lands shall be included in permanent Forest Reserves, the title to the land to be forever retained by the National Government, stamptage only of matured timber to be sold, and young timber to be preserved for future cutting, so that the forests will be perpetuated by right use; and that the National Government shall, by the reservation or purchase of existing forest lands, and the planting of new forests, create in every state National Forest Plantations from which, through all the years to come, a sufficient supply of wood and timber can be annually harvested to supply the needs of the people of each state from the Forest Plantations in that state.

CONTROL AND USE OF THE GRAZING LANDS.

8. That all unlocated public lands not otherwise reserved shall be reserved from location or entry under any law except the Homestead Law, and shall be embraced in Grazing Reserves under the control of the Secretary of Agriculture, who shall be empowered to issue annual Licenses to graze stock in said Grazing Reserves, but such licenses shall never be issued for a longer period than one year on agricultural lands or five years on grazing lands, and all lands classified as grazing lands shall be subject to reclassification at the end of every five years; that no leases of the public grazing lands shall ever be made by the National Government, and that the area of the homestead entry shall never under any circumstances be enlarged to exceed 100 acres.

RESERVE STATE LANDS FOR HOMESTEAD SETTLERS.

9. That the public land states shall administer the state lands under a system similar to and in harmony with the national public land system above outlined, and that each state shall enact a State Homestead Law for the settlement of lands owned by the state, and that state lands shall be disposed of only to actual settlers under such law, and that all state lands shall at all times remain open to Homestead Entry.

UNITED OWNERSHIP OF LAND AND WATER.

10. That it shall be the law of every state and of the United States, that beneficial use is the basis, the measure, and the limit of all rights to water, including riparian rights, and that the right to the use of water for irrigation shall inhere in and be appurtenant to the land irrigated, so that the ownership of the land and the water shall be united, and no right to water as a speculative commodity ever be acquired, held or owned.

RIGHT OF APPROPRIATION FOR BENEFICIAL USE.

11. That it shall be the law of every state and of the United States, that all unused and unappropriated waters are public property, subject to appropriation for a beneficial use, first in time being first in right, and that on all interstate streams, priority of use shall give priority of right, throughout the entire course of the stream, without regard to state lines, and that in each drainage basin the irrigators therein shall control the distribution of the water.

A Homecroft Garden.

The Homecroft Movement is growing in strength and many leading newspapers are editorially advocating the idea that every family, though living in the city, ought to have a garden. A reader of MAXWELL'S HOMECROFTERS MAGAZINE, in Westbranch, Iowa, sends us the following editorial clipped from the Des Moines Daily News, which is so fully in harmony with what this magazine stands for that we take pleasure in reproducing the same. The editor of the News says:

A little garden, if properly cared for, will save the city dweller many a dollar.

But that is by no means the chiefest good. Even if he has no money, he knows what to do with it. He will still find rich profit in wielding the spade and hoe for exercise. And the rarest pleasure comes from following the primal instincts of nature.

It is not alone the plants and flowers we long for.

An inner something impels us to put our hands at work in the earth, to bathe our bodies in the sunshine and to open our souls in devotion to things that are not gross, but sweet and pure.

To be pitted is a man who does not drink in with delight the fragrance of the dowers after having breathed all day the stench of a city, and who does not learn a lesson from the noiseless, orderly, beneficent processes of nature that are constantly going on around him.

Every city dweller who has a bit of ground ought to have a garden.

It may be only five feet square, but he can plant it in green peas, succulent onions, radishes or lettuce, and find room for a flower or two to throw a little color and a little fragrance into his life.

There are, any reasons, economical, physical, esthetic and moral, why every man should be his own gardener, if he can.

Thousands of dwellers in hotels, flats and tenements can't be. Their existence is as dull and cheerless in the season when all nature is gay as that of a bird that is caged.

They may laugh—and so does the caged bird sing. But it is not true living, for all that.

BEEF TRUST METHODS.

THOUSANDS OF HUMAN BEINGS
GROUND DOWN BY PITILESS
CORPORATIONS.

Inhuman Treatment of Men and
Women Who Are Forced to Work
in Great Establishments—in Low-
est Depths of Misery.

By Upton Sinclair.
(New York World.)

It is literally the truth that the packers treat their men like dogs. There is no place in all Packingtown where the slightest consideration is shown for a human being. They are compelled to be on hand at a certain hour in the morning, even though there is no killing to be done; they are laid out without the slightest ceremony, and they have no idea when the work will start up again. They are cheated out of their pay most shamelessly; if enough men happen to be on hand the bosses will start them up before the whistles blow, and cheat them that way. If they are working overtime and do not make a full hour, even though they fall by only five minutes, they get nothing for it. If any error is made in the computation of their work they have no redress; there is always one answer to every complaint: "If you do not like it you can go elsewhere."

ONE VAST TRUST.

The conditions in Packingtown have reached their present state of degradation by the natural process of competition, or rather, there is no competition of labor while there is no competition of capital. There is but one vast employing trust and a body of absolutely unorganized and helpless types of human beings are coming there. There has been a regular procession of the races through Packingtown; the industry was founded by skilled cattle butchers from Germany; then they began the importing of Irishmen. After the strike of 1894 they set to work deliberately to crowd the labor market so as to prevent further troubles; first they brought Poles, then Bohemians, then Lithuanians, and now finally Slovaks. These are nearly all underpaid, wretched people who cannot speak English, and who impress one as having no more intelligence than a dumb animal. The bosses beat them and kick them and spit in their faces. I saw sights of this sort which fairly made my blood boil. I saw a poor, wretched Lithuanian pushing a truck in one of Swift & Co's cellars; it was loaded with hams, and the poor fellow was scarcely able to stir it on the level floor. He came to a slight incline and could not get it up, and the boss fell upon him and pounded him out of the place. I presume that he was "driving" him. Another, and stronger man took his place.

COMPELLED TO VISIT SALOONS.

One of the things pointed out in the President's report is that the men are provided with no places to eat. It is difficult to imagine what this means in the winter time. I saw them crouching in the stairways of the packing houses and outside under the sheds to get away from the falling snow. In conversation with one of the packers I spoke of the horribly low wages that were paid to the men, and he answered that there was no use in paying any more, because the balance went to the

wooden floor and slide part way into a filthy men's toilet. It was picked up by two employees, placed upon a truck, carried into the cooling room and hung up with other carcasses, no effort being made to clean it.

"In another establishment, equally well known, a long table was noted covered with several hundred pounds of cooked scraps of beef and other meats. Some of these meat scraps were dry, leathery, and unfit to be eaten; and in the heap were found pieces of pig-skin, and even some bits of rope strands and other rubbish. Inquiry evoked the frank admission from the man in charge that this was to be ground up and used in making 'potted ham.'"

Home-made Bone Fertilizer.

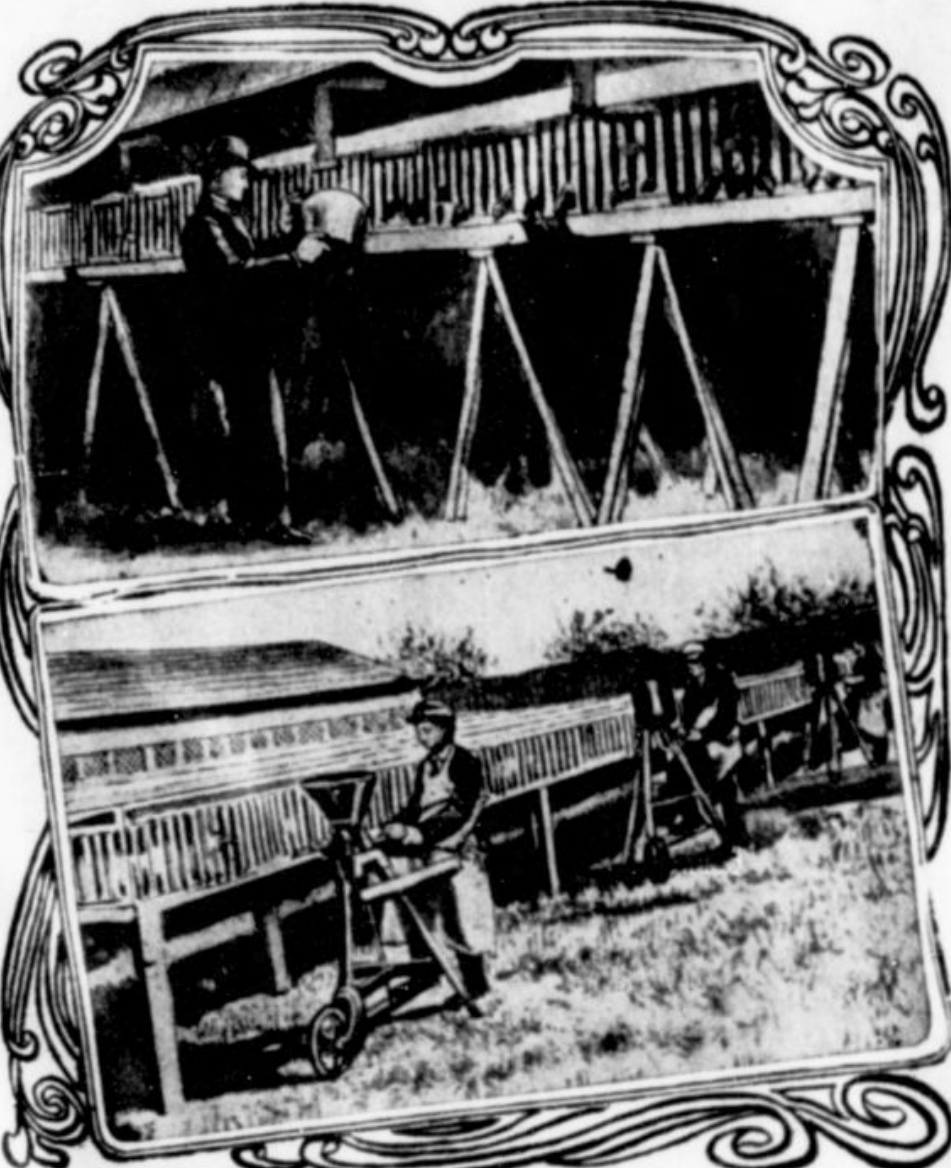
Everyone with a large garden has an out-of-the-way place for fertilizers where a "bone barrel" could be placed. To reduce bones to fertilizer without the use of acids takes time, but for the home garden it is well worth waiting for. Put in a barrel three or four inches of soil, then a closely packed layer of bones, broken up somewhat, and cover these with wood ashes and wet with liquid manure from the

PROFITS IN CHICKENS.

Crate and Machine Fattening Bring
the Highest Prices.
T. F. McGraw.

Some time since we published an article on poultry growing North and West, and referred to the large number of fowls that are grown upon the wheat fields of the Northwest and which are purchased and shipped in to the big packing establishments of Kansas City and other western centers. The packers of the west have established enormous finishing plants, as they are called, for the feeding, fattening and preparing of poultry of all kinds for market. The fowls here are received in large numbers, placed in coops that hold from three to five birds, according to their size, and are "trough-fed"—that is, they are fed a mixture of ground meals properly prepared in troughs, and permitted to eat as much as they will consume, from three to five times per day.

Poultry crate-fattening in this way will continue to eat well and thrive from nine to twelve days. So soon as they cease to feed themselves ravenously from these troughs, what is known as the crammering machine is brought into service. The manipulator of the crammering machine must have experience in the handling and feeding of the fowls in this way. The



SHELTERED CRATES USED FOR CRATE-FATTENING.
POULTRY STUFFERS AT WORK.

stables, if possible, or with plain water strengthened with 10 cents worth of washing ammonia. Repeat the layers as there are bones enough until the barrel is full. Cover with soil, rounding the surface, and sow with clover or grass seed, or plant the top with some plant that will knit the soil together as a cover, that will not let through much moisture. In a year's

crammering machine is composed of a feed trough or chamber placed upon the top of a three-legged, movable table, as it might be called, with a plunger in the top, placed there after the cylinder is filled with the properly prepared food, and with the pressure of the foot upon the lever, the food is forced through the tube into the crop of the fowl.

THE CRAMMER IS AN EXPERT.

The operator in charge of the crammering machine has several assistants who bring the fowls from the coop to him; he places the tube down the throat beyond the windpipe towards the crop, fills the same by a pressure of the foot, always gauging the amount forced into the crop by the hand pressure upon it.

The manner of feeding is carried on for a sufficient number of days to make the entire period of feeding from 10 to 21 days. An experienced handler knows just the time when the fowls are finished ready for killing. When this time arrives, they are speedily killed, dip-picked, and placed in proper condition for market.

The food made use of for this purpose is a mixture of meals of several kinds, to conform to the requirements of the market. Ground oats, corn and middlings, mixed with boiled milk or water into a very dry mash or mixed food is made use of for the first 12 to 14 days for trough feeding. During this period, the fowls have grit and plenty of water to drink where they can help themselves. So soon as they show a disposition to stop feeding themselves, all the food, water and grit is removed from the trough, and the stuffing machine is brought into service. The same meals mixed into a gruel are used for this purpose, the food forced into the crop

BIG BASEBALL

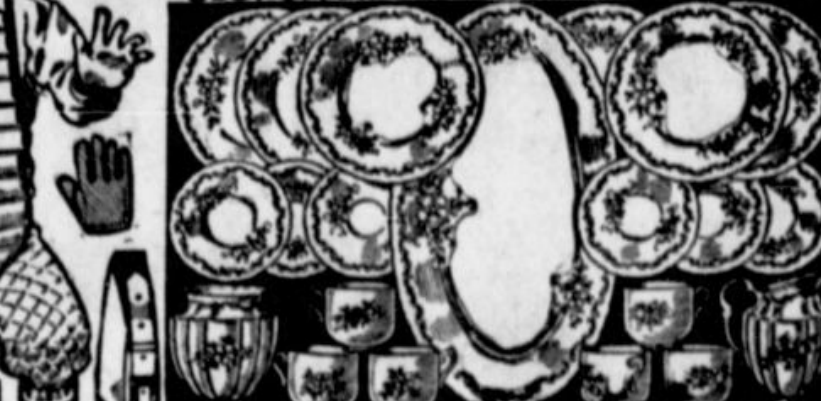
OUTFITS

FREE TO BOYS



FREE TO GIRLS

SEND NO MONEY



BEST OFFER BEST PREMIUMS, BEST VALUE

THIS CHINA SET FREE TO ANYONE

Send no money—We trust you—Just write us for 32 Extra Large, high grade, special make, Hemstitched Handkerchiefs which we deliver free, without advance payment or deposit. Sell them for us at only one each and we will ship you free of all expense costly and desirable premiums or your choice from our list of Diamond Rings, Rifles, Watches, Cameras, Silk Shawls, Lace Curtains, etc. We take back what is unsold and reward you just the same. Handkerchiefs are a necessity and easily sold. Premiums delivered promptly.

WOOD WOOD CO. DEPT. NO. 179. NEW YORK.

PARASOL, SEVEN RUFFLES

FREE

SEND NO MONEY



BOTH FREE TO GIRLS

Give this to the prettiest, daintiest and most amiable person that has ever been given away. It is a new design, made especially for you. You will appreciate this lovely gift. It is a parasol made all over with a large black body with ruffles made of pink and white. Each is fitted with long natural hair ribbons, and every one wears a black ribbon. Any color you want. Black, White, Blue, White or Pink, and will be sent free of all charge. Write for one, only 20¢ of cost. Large size, high grade, hemstitched Handkerchiefs, as a special premium with

WE ALSO GIVE YOU AN EXTRA PRESENT. Turquoise or Any other Graduated Silk Parasol, as a special premium with

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS.

MALE HELP WANTED.

ADVERTISING men, adept in writing copy are sought for constantly. We need such men on occasion for 100-200. Write to-day. H. W. HARRIS, 140 N. La Salle St., Chicago, Ill.

AN EXPERIENCED NURSERY Salesman, also a man to learn the business, nursery or commission. Paid American Nurseries, Rochester, N. Y.

WANTED: A Hundred Freeman and Drunken on different railroad. Age 20 to 30, good sight and hearing. Experience unnecessary. Freeman \$1000, Drunken \$500. Both cash. No other conditions. Name and address, preferred. Railway Association, Room 40, 222 Madison St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

WANTED: Amateur photographs suitable for art and advertising subjects. All print and price with postage for return if not accepted. The Great N. Lawrence Company, 754 Wabash Ave., Chicago, Ill.

SALESMEN TO SELL the largest line of accessories in the country. Also large line of advertising. Excellent side line. Good commission. Paid. No experience necessary. Write to-day. H. W. HARRIS, 140 N. La Salle St., Chicago, Ill.

MEN & BOYS WANTED to learn the Plumbing Trade. Complete course in 2 or 3 months. Just \$100.00. No other conditions. Write to-day. H. W. HARRIS, 140 N. La Salle St., Chicago, Ill.

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"SHIRT WAIST HOLDER EXTRAORDINARY" keeps waist down all around—no pins or hooks to hold it up. Write to-day. H. W. HARRIS, 140 N. La Salle St., Chicago, Ill.

FREE. ABSOLUTELY FREE this fine new book. It is a book of 100 pages, containing all the latest news of the world. Write to-day. H. W. HARRIS, 140 N. La Salle St., Chicago, Ill.

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VALUABLE. Write to-day. H. W. HARRIS, 140 N. La Salle St., Chicago, Ill.

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S. OGDEN ARMOUR.

Two prominent men in the beef trust investigation. saloon keeper. My reply was that for one thing I had observed that the companies pay their men in checks, and that saloons are the most convenient places in which these can be cashed; and that also as a consequence of the lack of dining-rooms the men are literally compelled to resort to the saloons in winter. The packer then dropped the subject.

Prior to the last strike in Chicago the union officers made a computation, based upon ten thousand time checks, and found that the average weekly wage in Packingtown was between \$5 and \$6; since the strike, conditions have of course grown worse. A friend of mine who has recently been making investigations for me stated that he stood in a saloon on a Saturday night and gathered up the pay envelopes of the men as they came in and got their checks cashed. He collected over a score, and the average was less than \$4; there were some as low as \$1.70. This represented a week's wages for an able-bodied man in Packingtown at a dull season.

FROM THE BEEF TRUST REPORT.

Extract From Neil-Reynolds Document Which the President Sent to Congress.

"An absence of cleanliness was found everywhere in the handling of meat being prepared for the various meat-food products."

"As an extreme example of the entire disregard on the part of employees of any notion of cleanliness in handling dressed meat, we saw a hog that had just been killed, cleaned, washed, and started on its way to the cooling room fall from the sliding rail to a dirty

Country Autoing on the Glorious Fourth.



Cultivation of Garden Crops.

Frequent shallow cultivation should be employed for most garden crops, and during dry weather the depth should not exceed 2 inches. By keeping the surface soil well stirred what is termed a "dust mulch" is formed, and while this layer of finely pulverized soil will become quite dry, it prevents the escape of moisture through the pores of the soil. A mulch consisting of fine manure, clippings from the lawn, or any similar material, spread to a distance of 10 or 12 inches around the plants will preserve the moisture; but the mulch should not be so heavy or matted as to exclude the air.

A crust forming over the soil after a rain or watering is detrimental to plant growth and should be broken up as soon as the land can be worked. To determine when the soil is sufficiently dry for cultivation, apply the same test of squeezing together in the hand as is utilized in determining when to plow. Sandy soils can be worked much sooner than clay soils after a rain. Too much importance cannot be placed upon the matter of thorough cultivation of the garden, and if the work is promptly and properly done there will be little difficulty in controlling weeds.

FITS Permanently Cured. No fee or remuneration after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE trial bottle and treatise to Dr. R. M. Kline, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

BUNKER HILL

A Fourth of July Poem by J.A. Edgerton

Copyright, 1906, by J.A. Edgerton

I
The hallowed battlefields of Liberty!
Now at their names our hearts responsive thrill!
Orleans and Nanby! Grech Thermopylae!
We love them, but thee most, O Bunker Hill.

II
Above thy shoulders rose a morning new
To light the world. Emerging from thy smoke,
The figure of a nation came to view.
And freedom from thy guns her mandate spoke.

III
The red waves of Oppression up thy side
Twice surged, to reel and brookingly retire.
When Europe's proudest soldiers were defied
And made to flee from thy unerring fire.

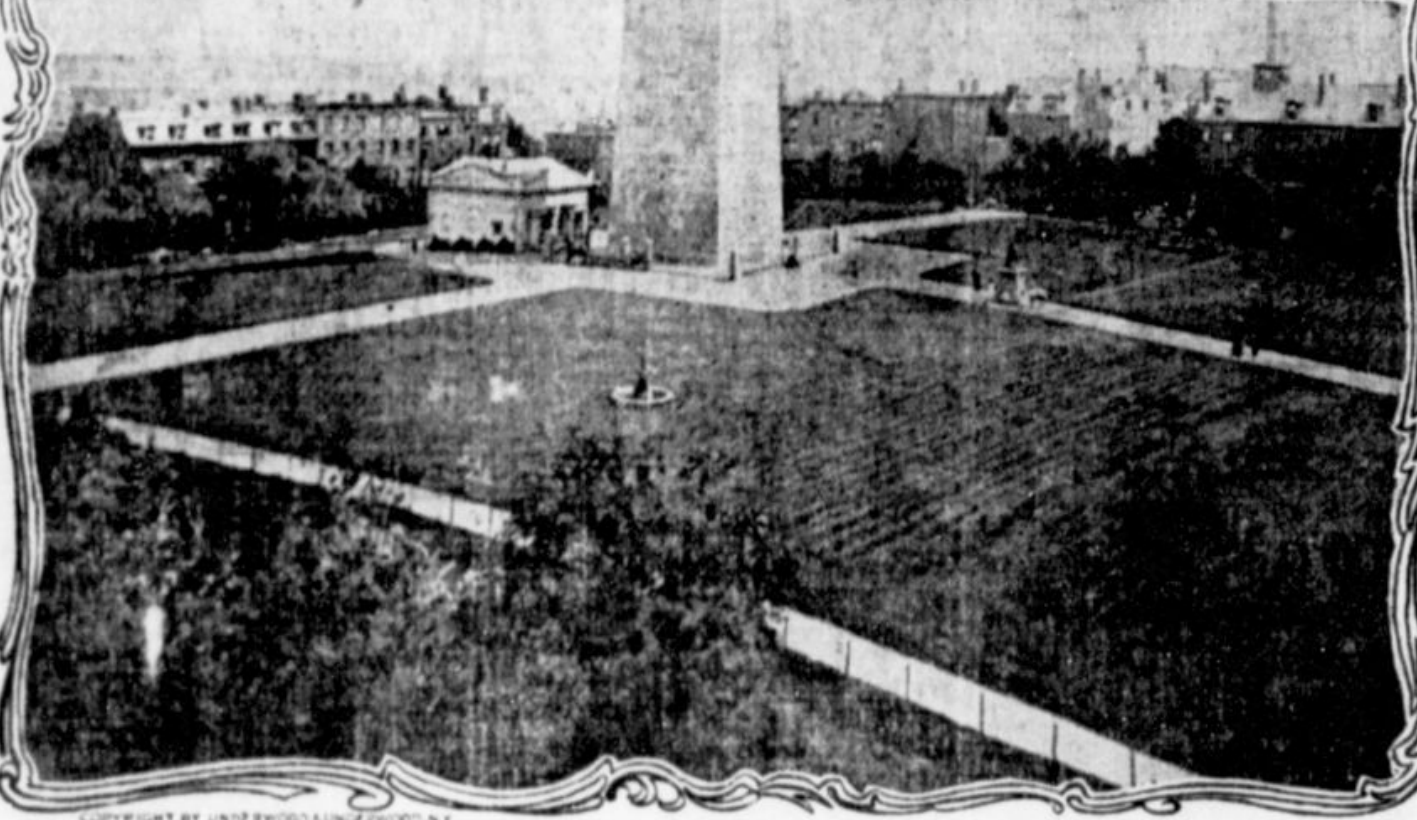
IV
And, though at last thy warriors met defeat,
So stoutly battled that heroic band
The glory of their failure seemed an sweet
As victory to all the waiting land.

V
It stirred all hearts and nerve all arms for war,
It courage gave for that divine decree
Which told the world that we were slaves no more,
But dared precision that henceforth we were free.

VI
Where Prescott stood on thy embattled brow,
Where Warren died and Putnam led the line,
That sacred soil is freedom's Mecca now,
For children come to worship at thy shrine.

VII
The sun of peace shines over thee. Its rays
Fall softly on thy shaft that cuts the sky
Aspreared by loving hands in later days,
When Webster spoke in words that will not die.

VIII
Impart to us thy spirit, Bunker Hill,
And, on thy story all the nations scan.
Be thou their guide and inspiration still,
To help them battle for the rights of man.



Bunker Hill and the Fourth of July

By William R. Walters

[Copyright, 1906, by C. N. Lurie.]

It is particularly appropriate to link the name of Bunker Hill with the Fourth of July, for it was that battle which served the colonies to resistance and made the Declaration of Independence possible. It is true that the famous fight occurred over a year before the issuance of our charter of liberty and that many important events intervened, but the spirit engendered by that glorious defeat, if defeat it may be called, was the same spirit embodied in the Declaration, Lexington and Bunker Hill, together with Thomas Paine's bugle call in "Common Sense," had turned men's minds toward separation. Bunker Hill had shown the world that the Yankees would fight. It had strengthened the timid and faltering, had brought the colonies closer together and had made a peaceful reconciliation impossible. The fighting blood was up on both sides and the only possible outcome was subjugation or liberty.

The battle of Bunker Hill was fought on June 17, 1775. Each anniversary of the day is still celebrated in and around Boston and in other parts of the country. In Charlestown, which was burned at the time of the fight, June 17 is especially an occasion of patriotic ardor. The great monument on the hill that then was just above, but now is within, the town is there to remind the citizens of the significance of the ann-

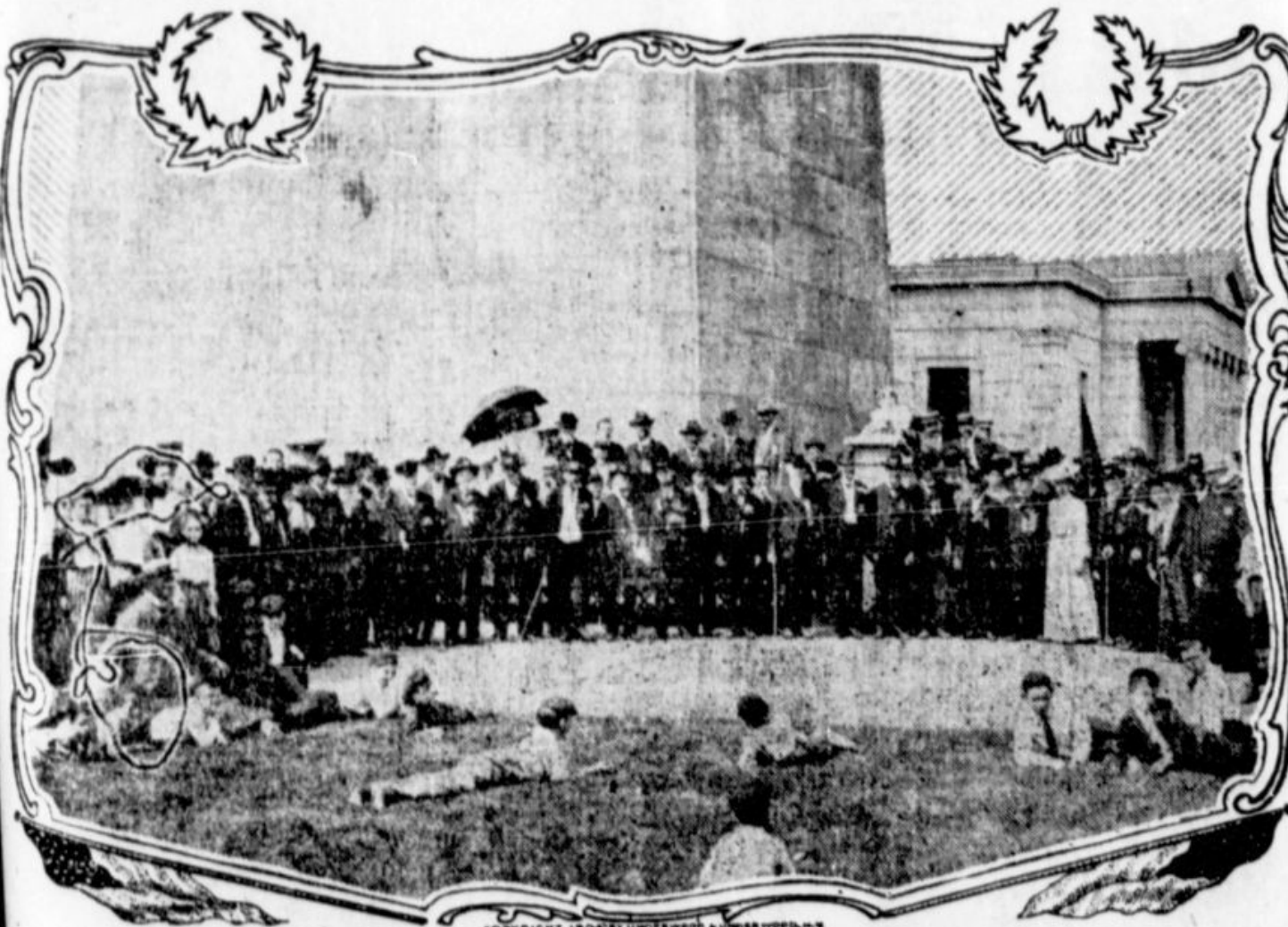
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Many of the Bunker Hill celebrations are historic. One of these was at the laying of the cornerstone of the monument, when Daniel Webster delivered his celebrated oration. Another was at the time the monument was completed, when Webster was again the orator. A third was at the centennial celebration of the battle, which occurred on June 17, 1875. On more than one occasion Edward Everett delivered notable addresses in commemoration of the day, as did also many other famous speakers. Most of the presidents have visited the monument, as also have the great of foreign lands, among the number being Lafayette and King Edward VII, when he was Prince of Wales. On the occasion of the prince's advent the novel spectacle was presented of a British flag hung out of one window of the shaft, while the stars and stripes waved from the opposite window. During the civil war a tall flagstaff was erected on top of the great shaft, from which an immense American flag was unfurled. In the interior of the monument are two old cannons, named the Hancock and the Adams, that belched forth their defiance of George III. In "the times that tried men's souls."

The Bunker Hill of today is not much as it was 131 years ago. The name is the same and the natural features, but all else is changed. Now the park in which the monument stands is closely

skirted about by the city. The bay is yet below, from which the British ships shelled the redoubts and burned Charlestown, but it is a very peaceful looking bay. Warfare craft are still in evidence now and then, but they are Uncle Sam's vessels for the most part and harbor no design more hostile than those of jacksies ambitious to celebrate or to paint the town the color of a British soldier's coat. The only guns heard now are those of salutes; the only soldiers seen are those who come in regiments; the only marching done is that in the memorial parades. The nation for which Bunker Hill stands is somewhat more pulsant and formidable than were the feeble colonies of 1775, and if they were able to defend themselves Charlestown and her historic height can rest in a hundredfold greater security now that they have back of them the protection of the great republic.

Celebrations of Bunker Hill day are often quite elaborate. Sometimes they are made festival occasions and elaborate floats are driven through the streets. At other times militia and cadet companies are called out, the school children march and give shrill cheers for freedom, or the United States government sends battleships and great armored cruisers in order that the marines may help make the occasion memorable. Grand Army lodges are nearly always in evidence, Daughters of the Revolution lend a feminine charm to the scene and everybody grows joyful and misty eyed by turns as some orator tells the old story of how Warren fell or the Yankee farmers waited until they saw the whites of the approaching redcoats' eyes. June 17 is a great day, my countrymen, and it is fitting that we give a thought to Bunker Hill as we shoot our crackers and rockets on each Fourth of July.



GRAND ARMY VETERANS AT BUNKER HILL MONUMENT.

We like best to call
SCOTT'S EMULSION
a food because it stands so emphatically for perfect nutrition. And yet in the matter of restoring appetite, of giving new strength to the tissues, especially to the nerves, its action is that of a medicine.

Send for free sample.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists,
409-415 Pearl Street, New York.
50c and \$1.00; all druggists.

Market Report.

Reported by the Louisville Live Stock Exchange, Bourbon Stock Yards.

CATTLE.

Extra good export steers	\$4 75-5 00
Light shipping steers	4 50-4 75
Choice butcher steers	4 25-4 65
Common to medium	3 25-3 75
Choice butcher heifers	4 00-4 25
Fair to good	3 25-3 75
Common to medium	2 50-3 00
Choice butcher cows	3 50-4 00
Common to medium	2 00-2 50
Good to extra stock	3 50-4 00
Good to extra but	2 75-3 25
Choice veal calves	5 50-6 00
Common to medium	4 00-5 00
Coarse heavy	3 00-4 00
Choice milk cows	35 00-40 00
Medium to good	20 00-30 00
Plain common	10 00-17 50

HOGS.

Choice pack. & butchers	6 00-6 40
Medium packers	6 00-6 40
Light shippers	5 75-6 45
Choice pigs	5 80-6 10
Light pigs	5 00-5 40
Roughs	4 50-5 75

SHEEP AND LAMBS.

Good to choice fat sheep	5 00-5 50
Fair to good	4 50-4 00
Common sheep	2 50-3 00
Bucks	2 50-4 00
Choice shipping lambs	6 50-7 75
Seconds	5 75-6 50
Good butcher	6 00-6 50
Cull and tail-ends	5 00-6 00
Choice native stock ewes	4 40-4 75
Good plain ewes	3 75-4 25

GRAIN.

WHEAT—	
No. 2 red and longberry	\$0 89
No. 3 red and longberry	87

CORN—	
No. 2 white	55½
No. 2 mixed	54½

OATS—	
No. 3 white(new)	38
No. 2 mixed(new)	37½

MARKET BASKET.

BUTTER—Packing 12c per lb., good country 12½-13c; Elgin 21c in 60-lb. tuns, 22½c in 30 lb. tubs; Elgin lb. prints 22½c.
POULTRY—Hens 10c per lb.; roosters 5c per lb.; spring chickens 20c, ducks old 9c, young 11c; turkeys 8c.
EGGS—12-13c, case count; handled 14c.

COBALT TO WORK TRAFFIC WONDERS

Thomas A. Edison Says His Discovery will Reduce Automobile Battery Weight One Half.

Asheville, N. C., June 26.—Thos. A. Edison, who has been here on a prospecting tour, says he has made some wonderful discoveries of cobalt and further says: "I will reduce the weight of storage batteries in automobiles fifty per cent. and the cost of traffic to cities thirty-five per cent."

Mr. Edison, Frederick Ott, John Miller, two experts in minerals from the Orange, New Jersey, laboratory, and John Moore, a battery expert, left New York May 18 in two large White Seamer automobiles and came direct to Western North Carolina. They were equipped with a complete outfit, and assayer's apparatus, and have been in the rural districts since their arrival here. Mr. Edison has given out the following interview today.

"There is a streak of cobalt running for a point just east of Nashville, Tenn., into this state, and I must add that some of the richest beds I have found have been in North Carolina; my discovery means a revolution in the electrical world. It can be seen very readily that more automobiles and electrical vehicles will be built because the cost will

Nunn & Tucker

HOUSE FURNISHERS

See Our New

Bed Room Suits
Sectional Book Cases
Dinning Room Suits
Chiffoniers
Reed Rockers
Paints, Oils, Varnishes.

Parlor Suits
Rockers
Iron Beds
Sideboards
Writing Desks

Coffins, Caskets and Burial Robes
Fine Hearse and Funeral Car.

Always Remember the Full Name
Laxative Bromo Quinine
Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in Two.

E. H. Lowe on Box. 25c.

Situations Guaranteed.



We do not guarantee situations to prospective students in order to get their patronage. Schools of merit do not resort to such dishonest practices.
Fake schools "guarantee" situations in order to secure students, because they have no other means to offer.
Our work is so thorough that a guarantee is superfluous. Business men are so eager to get competent help here that a large percentage of our students leave positions before they graduate.
See us before making arrangements for your business and shorthand education at some inferior, fake school. We will take pleasure in telling you all about the loopholes in the "position guaranteed" of dishonest schools. Catalogue free.

BRYANT & STRATTON BUSINESS COLLEGE, Louisville, Ky.

be placed within the reach of many people who can not afford to own them now.

The electric vehicles have been under a great handicap because of the very heavy storage batteries we were forced to put in them, and also on account of their high values. When I can equip an automobile propelled by the cobalt system, the weight will be one half, thereby giving the new machine an enviable advantage over the ones now in use, and when the price is reduced so as to place them within the reach of everybody, it means [that the horse is a thing of the past.

I have left a force of men in four counties, in this state where I found the mineral, and they will make thorough investigations as to the quantity to be found. They will report to me and I may possibly return here later in the summer and further investigate my discoveries. I am fully confident that what I have found here will enable me to start out on the work of new vehicles, propelled by cobalt batteries. Most of the cobalt now known to the scientists of the world, is found in France and Australia, and American industries are hampered because of the distance it is from the manufacturing centers.

If Mr. Edison is not oversanguine in his estimates of the amount of cobalt it will completely revolutionize locomotion.

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THE CHILDREN'S FAVORITE TONIC.

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Leave Marion 3:40 pm	Arrive Evansville 6:50 pm	
Leave Marion 11:50 pm	Arrive Mattoon 3:50 pm	
Leave Marion 11:50 pm	Arrive Evansville 1:50 am	
	Arrive Chicago 9:30 am	
SOUTH BOUND		
Leave Marion 1:25 am	Arrive Princeton 2:0 am	
Leave Marion 8:05 am	Arrive Nashville 8:30 am	
Leave Marion 11:17 am	Arrive Princeton 12:15 pm	
Leave Marion 1:10 pm	Arrive Princeton 4:50 pm	
Leave Marion 7:25 pm	Arrive Nashville 9:55 pm	
	Arrive Princeton 8:55 pm	
	Arr Hopkinsville 9:45 pm	

How's Your Liver?

It will pay you to take good care of your liver, because, if you do, your liver will take good care of you.
Sick liver puts you all out of sorts, makes you pale, dizzy, sick at the stomach, gives you stomach ache, headache, malaria, etc. Well liver keeps you well, by purifying your blood and digesting your food.
There is only one safe, certain and reliable liver medicine, and that is

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For over 60 years this wonderful vegetable remedy has been the standby in thousands of homes, and is today the favorite liver medicine in the world.
It acts gently on the liver and kidneys, and does not irritate the bowels.
It cures constipation, relieves congestion, and purifies the system from an overflow of bile, thereby keeping the body in perfect health.
Price 25c at all druggists and dealers.
Test it.

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BUNKER HILL

A Fourth of July Poem by J.A. Edgerton

COPYRIGHT, 1906, BY J.A. EDGERTON

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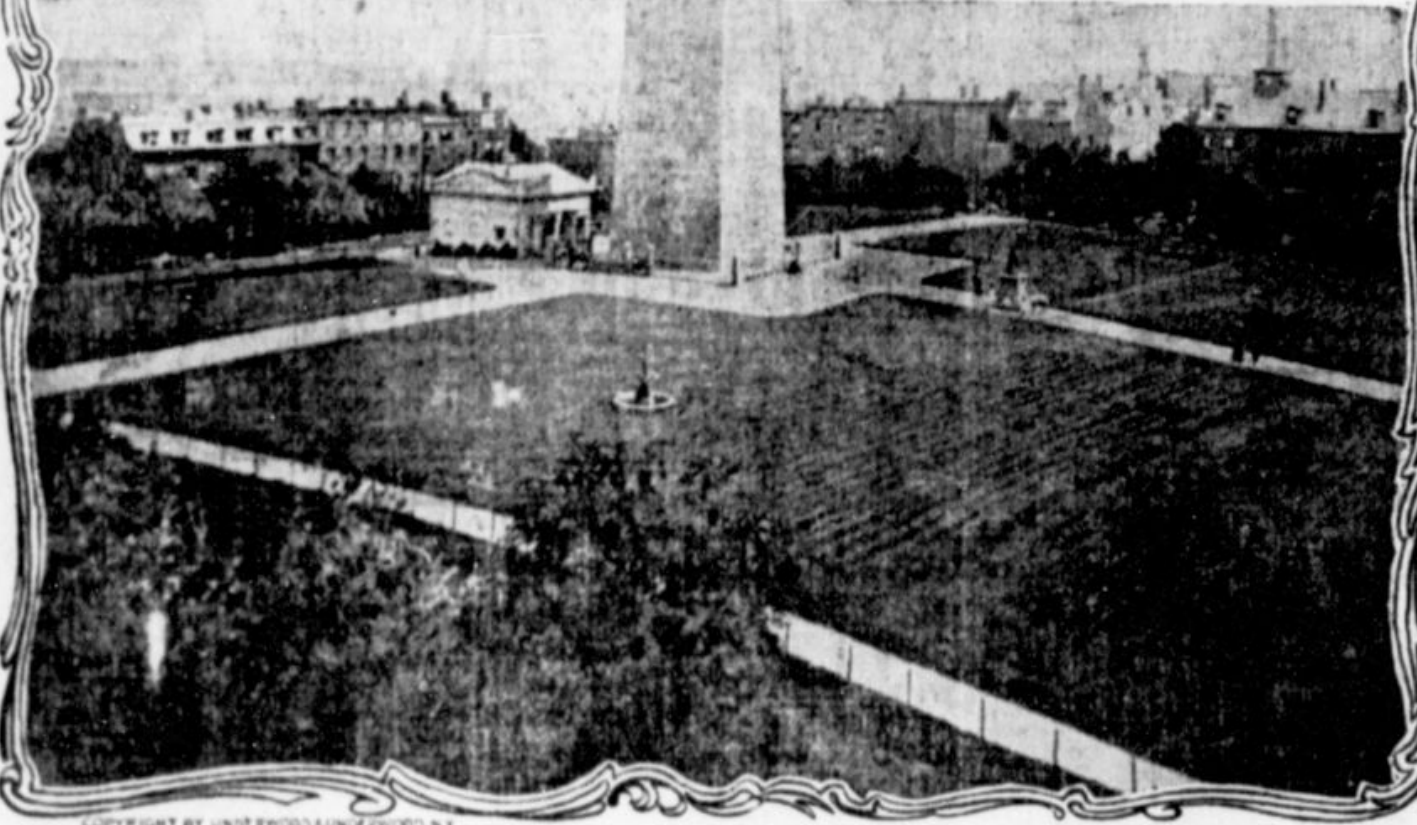
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Sectional Book Cases
Dinning Room Suits
Chiffoniers
Reed Rockers
Paints, Oils, Varnishes,

Parlor Suits
Rockers
Iron Beds
Sideboards
Writing Desks

Coffins, Caskets and Burial Robes
Fine Hearse and Funeral Car.

Always Remember the Full Name
Laxative Bromo Quinine
Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in Two.

E. H. Brown on Box. 25c.

Situations Guaranteed.



We do not guarantee situations to prospective students in order to get their patronage. Schools of merit do not resort to such dishonest practices.
Fake schools "guarantee" situations in order to secure students, because they have no other means to get them.
Our work is so thorough that a guarantee is superfluous. Business men are so eager to get competent help here that a large per cent. of our students leave positions before they graduate.
See us before making arrangements for your business and shorthand education at some inferior, fake school. We will take pleasure in telling you all about the loopholes in the "position guarantee" of dishonest schools. Catalogue free.

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Leave Marion 8:10 pm	Arrive Evansville 10:10 pm

SOUTH BOUND

Leave Marion 7:26 am	Arrive Princeton 9:00 am
Leave Marion 7:40 am	Arrive Nashville 9:10 am
Leave Marion 7:50 am	Arrive Princeton 9:20 am
Leave Marion 8:10 am	Arrive Princeton 9:30 am
Leave Marion 8:20 pm	Arrive Princeton 9:40 pm
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Summer Suits & Pants

AT
ZERO PRICES

Big Values are here, come and get them
Lots of Good Clothes to fit.

Mens, Young Mens, Boys and Children's
CLEAN UP PRICES



The right kind of Cloth-
ing.
Biggest Values for the
Smallest Money.

SEE US

For Style
Quality and
Low Prices

**Carpets
Rugs
Druggets**

Good News for Bargain Hunters!

MONEY SPENT HERE IS AN INVESTMENT

Summer Dress Goods Must Go!

A GOOD BIG STOCK OF SUMMER

Dress Goods, Waist Goods, Silks

All new, up to the minute in style to be
closed out

AT PRICES TO SELL THEM--DON'T WANT TO
CARRY THEM OVER!

Lots of New Novelties

In Belts, Collars, Ribbons, Laces

CHOICE LINE OF

Mens and Ladies Furnishings, Shirts,
Hosiery and Neckwear.

YANDELL - GUGENHEIM CO.



You need not hesitate
The risk is here

**Shoes and
Oxfords**

NONE BUT THE BEST

For Men, Women, Misses and
Children

Big line of Low Cuts and
Slippers—all the good
styles

CUT PRICES ON ALL

White Oxfords and White Slippers

To fit the feet of all sizes
All at a winsome price.

**Matting
Shades
Lace
Curtains**

**Walk-Over
Shoes
:: FOR MEN ::**



The Crittenden Press

S. M. JENKINS Editor and Publisher.

Entered as second-class matter June 26th, 1894,
at the postoffice at Marion, Ky., under the Act of
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2 years \$15.00

THURSDAY, JULY 5, 1906

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" State "	2,303.76
House and Lot, Furniture and Fixtures	4,250.00
Cash and other items carried as Cash	3,355.59
	\$61,505.96

LIABILITIES.

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Net Profit and Loss	2,010.45
Deposits subject to check	39,495.51
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Crittenden Springs Hotel

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Now Open to Guests

Fare as good as the market affords. Cool rooms. Clean beds. Rates reasonable.

Car load of Lime just received at Cochran & Piekens.

Summer Suits & Pants

AT ZERO PRICES

Big Values are here, come and get them Lots of Good Clothes to fit.

Mens, Young Mens, Boys and Children's CLEAN UP PRICES



The right kind of Clothing.
Biggest Values for the Smallest Money.

SEE US

For Style
Quality and
Low Prices

Carpets
Rugs
Druggets

Good News for Bargain Hunters!

MONEY SPENT HERE IS AN INVESTMENT

Summer Dress Goods Must Go!

A GOOD BIG STOCK OF SUMMER

Dress Goods, Waist Goods, Silks

All new, up to the minute in style to be closed out

AT PRICES TO SELL THEM--DON'T WANT TO CARRY THEM OVER!

Lots of New Novelties

In Belts, Collars, Ribbons, Laces

CHOICE LINE OF

Mens and Ladies Furnishings, Shirts, Hosiery and Neckwear.

YANDELL - GUGENHEIM CO.

You need not hesitate
The risk is here

Shoes and Oxfords

NONE BUT THE BEST

For Men, Women, Misses and Children

Big line of Low Cuts and Slippers—all the good styles

CUT PRICES ON ALL

White Oxfords and White Slippers

To fit the feet of all sizes
All at a winsome price.

Matting
Shades
Lace
Curtains

Walk-Over
Shoes

:: FOR MEN ::



The Crittenden Press

S. M. JENKINS Editor and Publisher.

Entered as second-class matter June 26th, 1895, at the postoffice at Marion, Ky., under the Act of Congress of March 3rd, 1879.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION

CASH IN ADVANCE.
Single copies mailed 10c
1 month mailed to any address \$1.00
3 months \$2.50
6 months \$4.50
1 year \$8.00
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Special Values at Special Prices!

Not for a certain Number of Days but while these Articles Last.
If interested Read On :: :: :: :: :: :: ::

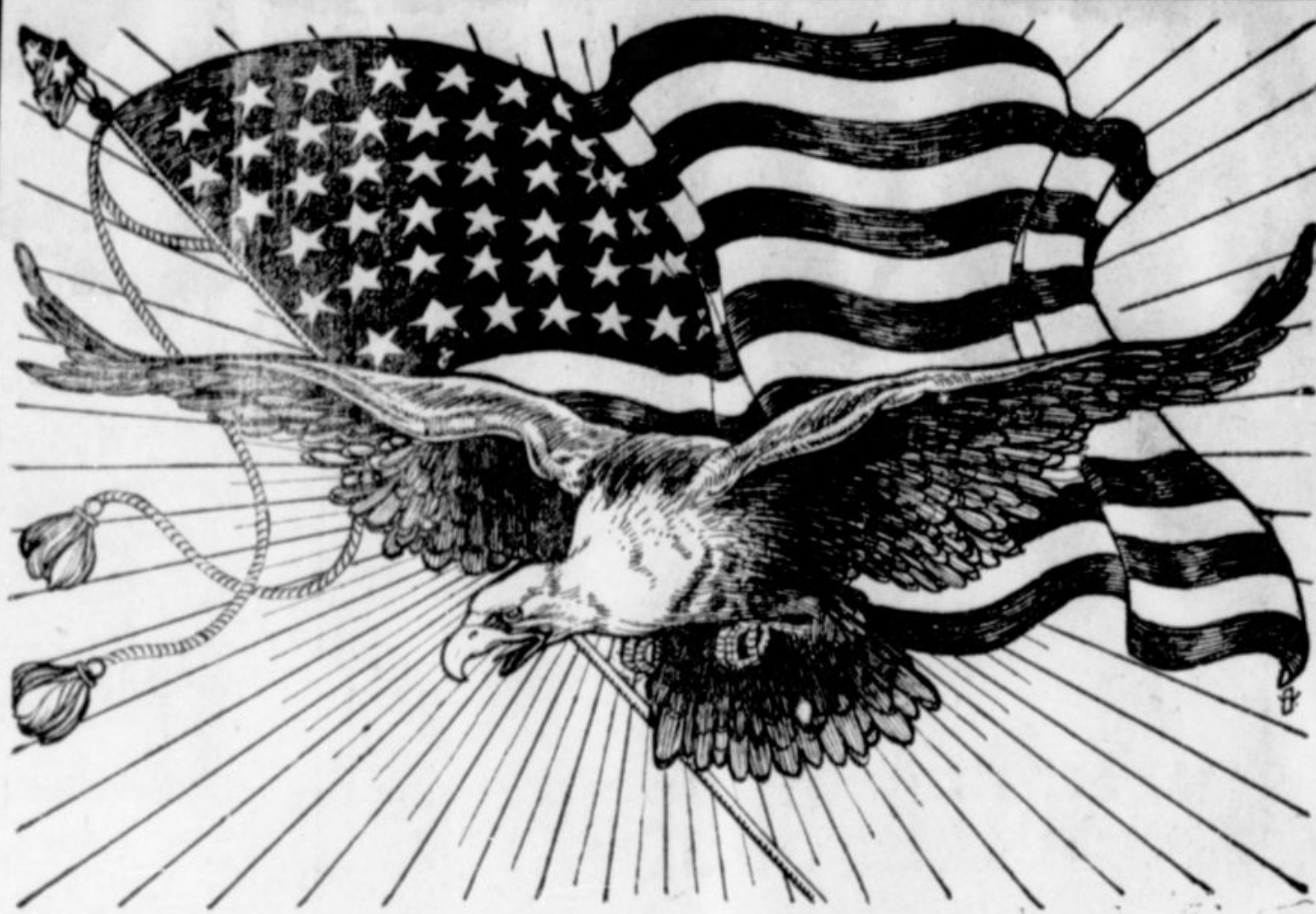
Read this and Come and See the Goods!

7½c Lawn and Batiste	5c
15c Batiste	10c
15c White Goods	10c
15 and 20c Dimities	12½c
20c Batiste	12½c
25c Dotted Swiss	16½c
35c Silk Organdies	25c
35c Waistings	25c

Read On!

Best Simpson and Indigo Calico	5c
Yard wide Bleach Domestic	5c
6c Gingham	5c
Hoosier Brown Sheeting	5c
B. F. Conestogo Tick	16c

Come at once before the Choicest Patterns are Gone.



Extra Values at Reduced Prices in the Following

INDIA LINONS FROM 5 TO 35C

Nicest Embroideries for the least money.

Fancy Silk Parasols, Lace Curtains and Ladies Neckwear.

Now is the time to Buy Clothing Cheap

Whether in Suits, Extra Pants, Luster and Serge Coats, Shirts, Underwear, Straw Hats and Light Weight Caps.

Carpets, Mattings, Druggets and Rugs.

Look at our 50c Shirts

Our Best Advertisements on Shoes and Oxfords are By Those Who Have Worn Them.

We have them for Men, Women and Children. All are new and a Bargain in each pair.

NO TROUBLE TO SHOW GOODS
AND A PLEASURE TO PLEASE

TAYLOR & CANNAN

Masonic Temple



F. W. Nunn, dentist, suite 3 and 4, Press Building.

Ed Dean of Iron Hill, was here at court last week.

Arbuckle's coffee 15c per package at Hicklin Bros.

S. R. Lucas, of Tolu, attended court last week.

Car load of Lime just received at Cochran & Pickens.

Simp Weldon, of Tolu, was in Marion last week.

Geo. Hill, of Iron Hill, was here last week attending court.

English tableware at one-half regular price.—Gilbert & Son.

Mrs. W. I. Staten left Thursday for Dawson to spend a few weeks.

Miss Willie Carlross visited Miss Amy Wathen near Fords Ferry last week.

Maurie Boston was in Princeton last week attending the league convention.

John Asbridge and wife of Caldwell Springs section were in the city Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. T. F. Harris, of Tolu, visited A. J. Bennett and family last Thursday.

Franklin Woolf and family of Olive Branch, were the guest of Albert Davis Monday.

Miss Mollie Chambers, of Morganfield, is the guest of Mrs. J. G. Royster this week.

Miss Mildred Haynes attended the service of the Methodist church in Princeton last week.

Granite and tinware sale at the 5 and 10c store Saturday, the bargains in show window.

A marriage license was issued to F. Chancellor and Miss Georgia Dalton last week.

Miss Freda Pickens was a delegate to the League Convention which was in Princeton last week.

Miss Bugg and family, of Fords Ferry, were the guests of Rev. J. S. and family last week.

Mr. and Marion McConnell, of Morris and Fred Campbell, Sunday in Evansville.

All Steel hay rakes at \$13.50.

F. W. Nunn, dentist, suite 3 and 4, Press Building.

Miss Ida Duvall left Tuesday for Webb City, Mo.

Car load of Lime just received at Cochran & Pickens.

L. K. McClure, of Pinekeyville, was here Tuesday.

Dr. W. C. Travis, of Tribune, was in the city Tuesday.

See Hicklin Bros., 5 and 10c counter. It will surprise you.

A. M. Learin has been confined at home several days seriously ill.

Mrs. Nina Howerton has two or three unfurnished rooms for rent.

Go to Gilbert & Son and get your flour at 50c per sack or \$4 barrel.

Prof. Chas. Evans is expected in the city next Sunday from Ardmore.

Miss Olivi Orr, of Henderson, is the guest of the family of Rev. Elgin.

Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Farris and little daughter of Salem, were in the city Monday.

Miss Ruth Dodds and Ida Turley, of Crider, attended the "Cantata" in Marion Tuesday evening.

Miss Carrie Gill and her guest, Miss Rosa Frazer of Cave-in-Rock, Ill., were in the city Saturday.

Forest Harris and son of Tolu, attended "The Dream of Fairyland" at the opera house Thursday night.

Judge J. F. Gordon spent Sunday in Madisonville with his wife, returning to Marion Monday morning.

Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Martin, of Sullivan, were the guests of Rev. J. F. Price and family last Thursday.

Miss Isabelle Carlross who has been visiting relatives in Cadiz for the past two weeks returned home Saturday.

Miss Carrie Moore has returned from Hopkinsville, where she has been teaching in Lockyear's Business College.

J. W. Jeffreys, of Iron Hill, who has been quite sick all spring and summer, is able to be up, and was in town Saturday.

Miss America Woodbridge returned to her home near Starr Sunday after spending a week with Miss Maude Hurley.

Misses Amanda and Mary Lou Aikin, of Princeton, are the guests of their sister, Mrs. Hugh Hurley on South Main street.

Several young people of the Hebron vicinity attended the opera at Cave-in-Rock last Friday evening and returned to Princeton.

F. W. Nunn, dentist, suite 3 and 4, Press Building.

Telephone T. C. Grissom for corn, hay, and bran. Phone 261.

20 All Steel hay rakes at \$13.50. Cochran & Pickens.

Crown flour at 55c per sack or \$4.25 per barrel at Hicklin Bros.

The Ladies Musical Club met Tuesday afternoon with Mrs. W. O. Tucker.

J. N. Dean and Lee Morse, of Iron Hill, spent the Fourth in Sturgis.

Miss Rowena Clark, of Princeton, Ind., is the guest of relatives in Marion.

Eugene Flanary, of Memphis, Tenn., is the guest of the family of R. E. Flanary.

Mrs. Ira Bennett and little son, of Kelsey, are visiting her parents Rev. and Mrs. J. S. Henry.

Smooth shave and clean towel on each man at Metz & Sedberry's. Electric massage, hot and cold baths.

The I. T. Club, of Iron Hill, adjourned Saturday night until first Wednesday night in November.

Albert Lamb, of Clay, attended the funeral of A. W. Phillips, his uncle, who was buried at Mt. Zion Sunday.

Col. D. C. Roberts and wife left last week for Carthage, Tenn., where he is operating some spar properties.

Mrs. L. B. Nichols and daughter, Miss Jettie, returned to Lisman Monday after visiting the family of Rev. Price for several days.

Robt. Edward Towery who was the guest of Jailer Travis Sunday night and Monday left for home at Shady Grove Tuesday.

Jailer Albert Travis left Monday at noon for Eddyville, accompanied by Press Stone, colored, who will sojourn there for twelve months.

George F. Williams carried Shady Grove mail for Silas Guess Monday. Mr. Guess was a witness in court in the case of Nannie Mitchell vs H. H. King.

Caleb Stone visited his brother, Capt. W. J. Stone at Kuttawa last week, also other friends and relatives near New Bethel. He returned home Friday.

The grand jury adjourned Saturday afternoon returning 20 indictments which shows that they did not lose any time, but attended strictly to business.

Gray Rochester attended the Epworth League Convention at Princeton last week. From there he went to Russellville to spend several days.

Good meat 9c at Gilbert & Son.

18 pounds of sugar at Hicklin Bros. for \$1.00.

20 All Steel hay rakes at \$13.50. Cochran & Pickens.

Frank Taylor, of Salem, was in the city Wednesday enroute home from Dawson Springs.

Eld. J. S. Rowe will preach at Salem next Sunday morning 11 o'clock and evening at 8 o'clock.

The annual Fourth of July ball was given Wednesday night at the New Marion Hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Bland, of Uniontown, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Orme the Fourth.

Mrs. J. P. Pierce and little daughter, Mariam, are visiting her daughter, Mrs. F. W. Flynn at Greenvew, Ill.

J. B. Grissom, the produce man, has moved back to his old stand in the Pierce building on Fords Ferry street.

Reginald, the year old infant of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Wilson, has been quite ill for a week past, but is reported better.

Lenneth Lemon, of Iron Hill, was here to attend the "Cantata" Tuesday night and spent the Fourth at the Crittenden Springs.

Miss Lillian Graves who has been the guest of Mrs. Emma Hayward for several days returned to her home in Dycusburg Monday.

Dr. J. O. Dixon, who was called to Tolu this week on professional business and was detained there several days, has returned home.

Misses Nelle Love and Neil Cossitt accompanied by E. V. Carlton and Clarence Franks, spent Sunday in Tolu the guests of Miss Francis Shepherd.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Persons, of Knoxville, Tenn., were in the city this week. They are visiting Mrs. Person's mother, Mrs. Long, in the Chapel Hill vicinity.

Tucker and Mack Horning, Willie Joyce, J. L. Cardwell, Chas. Ramsey, Joe Brown, Iley Stallions and Robt. E. Towery, all of Shady Grove attended court here Monday.

E. L. Nunn, of Rodney, was in town Tuesday. He has just finished threshing his wheat. He made 810 bushels, which is one of the best crops that will be threshed in the county.

Layne & Leavel, the Christian county mule buyers will be in Marion county court day, July 9, to buy good mules from 5 to 8 years old at Guess' stable. Will be in Hampton Tuesday, July 10th.

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Sallie McConnell and her mother returned from Gilbert's Sanitarium at Evansville Tuesday and her friends will be glad to know she is much improved.

Joseph W. Adams, the venerable blacksmith and machinist, who has been confined at his home for several weeks is now convalescent, and is expected to be up soon and able to attend to his business.

John Parrish has returned from Salem where he has been assisting in putting the Cumberland telephone into that town. He goes to work with the Marion Milling Co., in Guy Lamb's place today.

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We call attention to the bank statements published this week. The three banks in the county whose statements we publish show resources of over a third of million dollars which is a splendid showing. The same banks show loans of \$230,000 and deposits of a quarter of a million.

The friends and admirers of Rev. J. R. Lamb had the pleasure of hearing several good sermons from him while he was in Kentucky. One at the C. P. church, one at the Presbyterian church and one at the Methodist church. Reed is one of Crittenden county's boys, and his old acquaintances are glad of his success in his chosen field of labor.

20 All Steel hay rakes at \$13.50. Cochran & Pickens.

Fire
Lightning
Wind Storm
Tornado

Plate Glass
Steam Boiler
Fly Wheel
Employers Liability

INSURANCE

It is better to insure TO-DAY
than wish you had
TO-MORROW

Write, telephone or call on

Bourland & Haynes

Phone 32. :: Opposite P. O.

MARION, - - - KENTUCKY

Special Values at Special Prices!

Not for a certain Number of Days but while these Articles Last.
If interested Read On :: :: :: :: :: :: ::

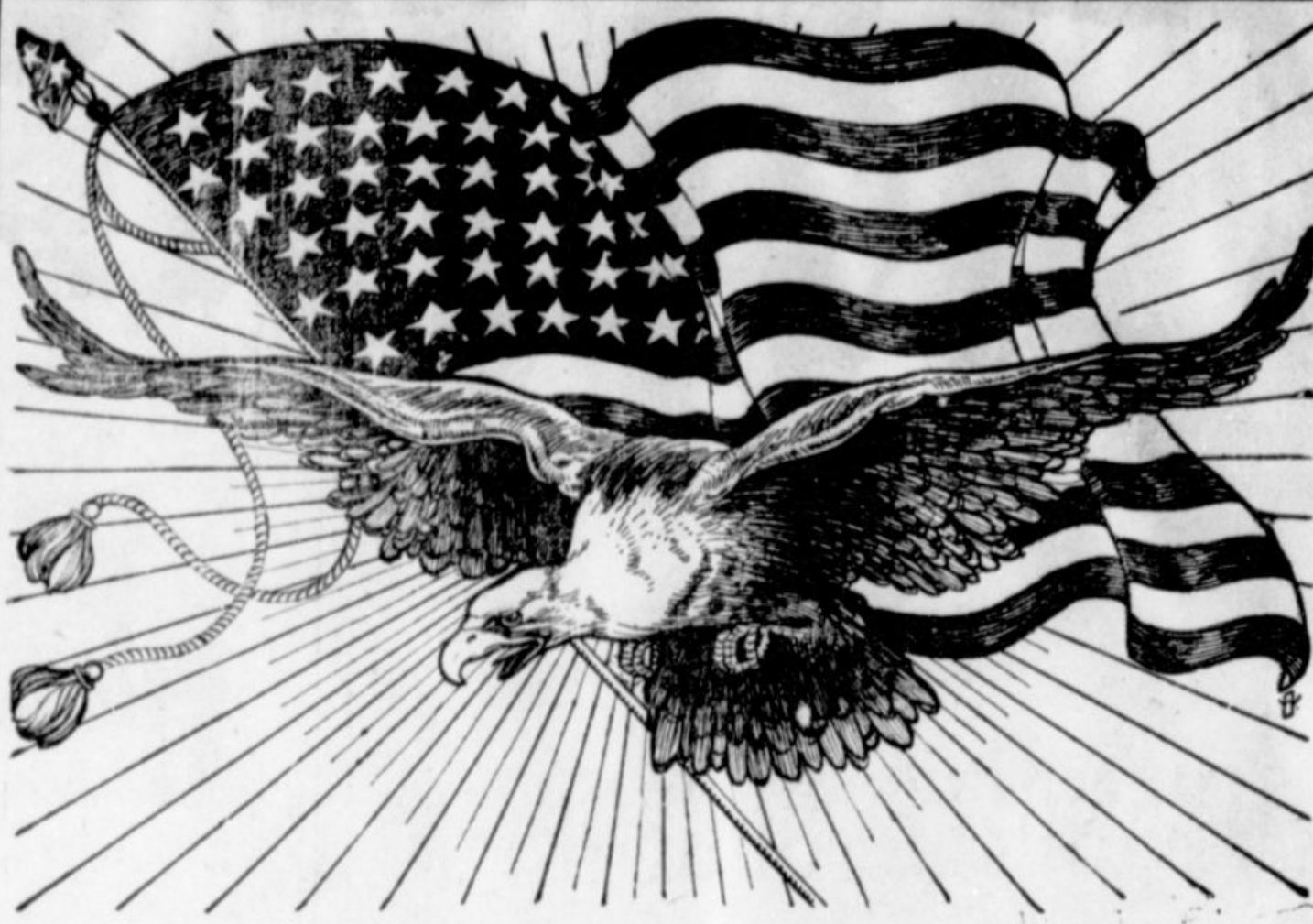
Read this and Come and
See the Goods!

7½c Lawn and Batiste	5c
15c Batiste	10c
15c White Goods	10c
15 and 20c Dimities	12½c
20c Batiste	12½c
25c Dotted Swiss	16½c
35c Silk Organdies	25c
35c Waistings	25c

Read On!

Best Simpson and Indigo Calico	5c
Yard wide Bleach Domestic	5c
6c Gingham	5c
Hoosier Brown Sheeting	5c
B. F. Conestogo Tick	16½

Come at once before
the Choicest Patterns
are Gone.



Extra Values at Reduced
Prices in the Following

INDIA LINONS FROM 5 TO 35C

Nicest Embroideries for the least
money.

Fancy Silk Parasols, Lace Curtains
and Ladies Neckwear.

Now is the time to Buy
Clothing Cheap

Whether in Suits, Extra Pants, Luster
and Serge Coats, Shirts, Under-
wear, Straw Hats and Light Weight
Caps.

Carpets, Mattings, Druggets
and Rugs.

Look at our 50c Shirts
Line of

Our Best Advertisements on Shoes and Oxfords are By Those Who Have Worn Them.

We have them for Men, Women and Children. All
are new and a Bargain in each pair.

NO TROUBLE TO SHOW GOODS
AND A PLEASURE TO PLEASE

TAYLOR & CANNAN

Masonic
Temple



F. W. Nunn, dentist, suite 3 and 4,
Press Building.

Ed Dean of Iron Hill, was here at
court last week.

Arbuckle's coffee 15c per package
at Hicklin Bros.

S. R. Lucas, of Tolu, attended
court last week.

Car load of Lime just received at
Cochran & Pickens.

Simp Weldon, of Tolu, was in
Marion last week.

Geo. Hill, of Iron Hill, was here
last week attending court.

English tableware at one-half regu-
lar price.—Gilbert & Son.

Mrs. W. I. Staten left Thursday
for Dawson to spend a few weeks.

Miss Willie Carlross visited Miss
Amy Wathen near Fords Ferry last
week.

Maurie Boston was in Princeton
last week attending the league con-
vention.

John Asbridge and wife of Cald-
well Springs section were in the city
Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. T. F. Harris, of
Tolu, visited A. J. Bennett and fam-
ily last Thursday.

Franklin Woolf and family of Olive
Branch, were the guest of Albert
Davis Monday.

Miss Mollie Chambers, of Morgan-
field, is the guest of Mrs. J. G. Ro-
berts this week.

Miss Mildred Haynes attended the
service of the Methodist church in
Marion last week.

Granite and tinware sale at the 5
and 10c store Saturday, the bargains
in show window.

Marriage license was issued to
F. Chancellor and Miss Georgia
Bilton last week.

Fredda Pickens was a dele-
gate to the League Convention which
closed in Princeton last week.

Ant Bugg and family, of Fre-
derick, were the guests of Rev. J. S.
Aikin, of Princeton, last week.

After and Marion McConnell,
of Morris and Fred Campbell
Sunday in Evansville.

All Steel hay rakes at \$13.50.

F. W. Nunn, dentist, suite 3 and 4,
Press Building.

Miss Ida Duvall left Tuesday for
Webb City, Mo.

Car load of Lime just received at
Cochran & Pickens.

L. K. McClure, of Pineknayville,
was here Tuesday.

Dr. W. C. Travis, of Tribune, was
in the city Tuesday.

See Hicklin Bros., 5 and 10c coun-
ter. It will surprise you.

A. M. Learin has been confined at
home several days seriously ill.

Mrs. Nina Howerton has two or
three unfurnished rooms for rent.

Go to Gilbert & Son and get your
flour at 50c per sack or \$4 barrel.

Prof. Chas. Evans is expected in
the city next Sunday from Ardmore.

Miss Olivi Orr, of Henderson, is
the guest of the family of Rev.
Elgin.

Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Farris and lit-
tle daughter of Salem, were in the
city Monday.

Miss Ruth Dodds and Ida Turley,
of Crider, attended the "Cantata" in
Marion Tuesday evening.

Miss Carrie Gill and her guest,
Miss Rosa Frazer of Cave-in-Rock,
Ill., were in the city Saturday.

Forest Harris and son of Tolu, at-
tended "The Dream of Fairyland" at
the opera house Thursday night.

Judge J. F. Gordon spent Sunday
in Madisonville with his wife, return-
ing to Marion Monday morning.

Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Martin, of
Sullivan, were the guests of Rev. J.
F. Price and family last Thursday.

Miss Isabelle Carlross who has been
visiting relatives in Cadiz for the
past two weeks returned home Satur-
day.

Miss Carrie Moore has returned
from Hopkinsville, where she has
been teaching in Lockyear's Business
College.

J. W. Jeffreys, of Iron Hill, who
has been quite sick all spring and
summer, is able to be up, and was in
town Saturday.

Miss America Woodbridge return-
ed to her home near Starr Sunday
after spending a week with Miss
Maude Hurley.

Misses Amanda and Mary Lou
Aikin, of Princeton, are the guests
of their sister, Mrs. Hugh Hurley on
South Main street.

Several young people of the Hebron
vicinity attended the opera at Cave-
in-Rock last Friday evening and re-
turned to Marion Sunday.

F. W. Nunn, dentist, suite 3 and 4,
Press Building.

Telephone T. C. Grissom for corn,
hay, and bran. Phone 261.

20 All Steel hay rakes at \$13.50.
Cochran & Pickens.

Crown flour at 55c per sack or
\$4.25 per barrel at Hicklin Bros.

The Ladies Musical Club met Tues-
day afternoon with Mrs. W. O. Tuck-
er.

J. N. Dean and Lee Morse, of
Iron Hill, spent the Fourth in Stur-
gis.

Miss Rowena Clark, of Princeton,
Ind., is the guest of relatives in Ma-
rion.

Eugene Flanary, of Memphis,
Tenn., is the guest of the family of
R. E. Flanary.

Mrs. Ira Bennett and little son, of
Kelsey, are visiting her parents Rev.
and Mrs. J. S. Henry.

Smooth shave and clean towel on
each man at Metz & Sedberry's. Elec-
tric massage, hot and cold baths.

The L. T. Club, of Iron Hill, ad-
journing Saturday night until first
Wednesday night in November.

Albert Lamb, of Clay, attended the
funeral of A. W. Phillips, his uncle,
who was buried at Mt. Zion Sunday.

Col. D. C. Roberts and wife left
last week for Carthage, Tenn., where
he is operating some spar properties.

Mrs. L. B. Nichols and daughter,
Miss Jettie, returned to Lisman Mon-
day after visiting the family of Rev.
Price for several days.

Robt. Edward Towery who was the
guest of Jailer Travis Sunday night
and Monday left for home at Shady
Grove Tuesday.

Jailer Albert Travis left Monday
at noon for Eddyville, accompanied
by Press Stone, colored, who will so-
jour there for twelve months.

George F. Williams carried Shady
Grove mail for Silas Guess Monday.
Mr. Guess was a witness in court in
the case of Nannie Mitchell vs H. H.
King.

Caleb Stone visited his brother,
Capt. W. J. Stone at Kuttawa last
week, also other friends and relatives
near New Bethel. He returned home
Friday.

The grand jury adjourned Saturday
afternoon returning 20 indictments
which shows that they did
not lose any time, but attended strict-
ly to business.

Gray Rochester attended the Ep-
worth League Convention at Prince-
ton last week. From there he went
to Russellville to spend several days
with his family.

Good meat 9c at Gilbert & Son.

18 pounds of sugar at Hicklin
Bros. for \$1.00.

20 All Steel hay rakes at \$13.50.
Cochran & Pickens.

Frank Taylor, of Salem, was in the
city Wednesday enroute home from
Dawson Springs.

Eld. J. S. Rowe will preach at
Salem next Sunday morning 11 o'clock
and evening at 8 o'clock.

The annual Fourth of July ball
was given Wednesday night at the
New Marion Hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Bland, of
Uniontown, were guests of Mr. and
Mrs. J. H. Orme the Fourth.

Mrs. J. P. Pierce and little daugh-
ter, Marian, are visiting her daugh-
ter, Mrs. F. W. Flynn at Greenview,
Ill.

J. B. Grissom, the produce man,
has moved back to his old stand in
the Pierce building on Fords Ferry
street.

Reginald, the year old infant of
Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Wilson, has
been quite ill for a week past, but is
reported better.

Lenneth Lemon, of Iron Hill, was
here to attend the "Cantata" Tues-
day night and spent the Fourth at
the Crittenden Springs.

Miss Lillian Graves who has been
the guest of Mrs. Emma Hayward
for several days returned to her home
in Dyessburg Monday.

Dr. J. O. Dixon, who was called
to Tolu this week on professional
business and was detained there sev-
eral days, has returned home.

Misses Nelle Love and Neil Cossitt
accompanied by E. V. Carlton and
Clarence Franks, spent Sunday in
Tolu the guests of Miss Francis Shep-
herd.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Persons, of
Knoxville, Tenn., were in the city
this week. They are visiting Mrs.
Person's mother, Mrs. Long, in the
Chapel Hill vicinity.

Tucker and Mack Horning, Willie
Joyce, J. L. Cardwell, Chas. Ram-
sey, Joe Brown, H. Stallions and
Robt. E. Towery, all of Shady Grove
attended court here Monday.

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Cochran & Pickens.

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Lightning
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Plate Glass
Steam Boiler
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Employers Liability

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Phone 32. :: Opposite P. O.

MARION, - - - KENTUCKY

Nelle Walker,

Stenographer and
Notary Public . . .

Office with Blue & Nunn in Postoffice
Building, Marion, Ky.

ZED A. BENNETT, Marion, Ky.
B. D. BENNETT, Smithland, Ky.

Bennett & Bennett,
(Successors to Hughes & Hughes)

Agents for the Farm
Department of the

Continental Fire Insurance Co.

For Crittenden, Livingston
and Lyon counties.

All persons having insurable prop-
erty should protect it from the rav-
ages of fire, lightning and tornadoes
when they can do so at such a low
price. Write or phone these gentle-
men and your business will be prompt-
ly attended to. Phone 225, Marion,
Ky., or No. 92, Smithland, Ky.

Dr. M. Ravdin,

Practice Limited to Diseases
and Defects of the

Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat,

Suits 16 and 17, Arcade
Building. Glasses Fitted.

EVANSVILLE, INDIANA.

JOE B. CHAMPION T. W. CHAMPION

Champion & Champion,
Lawyers,

MARION, KENTUCKY.

Will practice in all the courts of
the Commonwealth. Special atten-
tion given to collections. Office in
Press Building, second floor, Room 6

Lumber AND TIMBER
FOR SALE.

Also a Few Mineral
Properties.

A Good Saw Mill For Sale

W. A. DAVIDSON,

Phone 1. Levis, Ky.

F. W. NUNN
DENTIST

Office Suite 3 and 4 Press Building
MARION, KENTUCKY.

W. H. CLARK,

Attorney-at-Law.

Special attention given to collections.

Will practice in all the courts of the
State and in the United States court.
Office in Press Building, Room 7.

Phone 106. MARION, KY.

J. B. KEVIL,
Lawyer

Abstracting a Specialty

Office in Press Building, Room 5
MARION KENTUCKY.

Kevil & Co.

HAVE ESTABLISHED A

Fire Insurance Agency in
MARION, KENTUCKY

If you have property in the town of
Marion, let them insure it. You
shall have no reasons to regret it.

Office in Press Building, Room 5
Telephone 225.



TELEPHONES
AND
Switchboards

Large Stock of Electric
Light, Street Railway
and Telephone Supplies
Constantly on Hand.

Send For Catalogue.

Jas. Clark Jr. & Co.
313 W. Main St. Louisville, Ky.



Flag of the free heart's hope and home,
By angel hands to valor given;
Thy stars have lit the welkin dome
And all thy hues are born in heaven!



Wouldn't Survive It.

La Crosse, Wis., June 27.—Gene
Hickey, who bore the record of being
the fastest hand binder in Wisconsin,
yesterday knotted his last bundle
when he deliberately tied a heavy
twine about his neck, looped the other
end to the bedpost and lay down
to strangle to death. Hickey was 60
years old, and had traveled behind a
scythe in every part of the north-
west. The death of his wife and dis-
agreements with his two stepsons,
over whom he was guardian, is be-
lieved to have led to the prolonged
debauch which finally ended in the
suicide.

Saved His Comrade's Life.

While returning from the Grand
Army Encampment at Washington
City, a comrade from Elgin, Ill.,
was taken with cholera morbus and
was in a critical condition," says
Mr. J. E. Houghland, of Eldon,
Iowa. "I gave him Chamberlain's
Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy
and believe saved his life. I have
been engaged for ten years in im-
migration work and conducted many
parties to the south and west. I al-
ways carry this remedy and have used
it successfully on many occasions."
Sold by Woods & Orme.

Operators Wanted

Write now for our Telegraphy Ca-
talog. All the graduates secure po-
sitions. Address Bowling Green
Business University, Bowling Green,
Ky.

Marion Marble Works.

Why will people go elsewhere to
buy tombstones and monuments when
they can save money by buying at
home, and at the same time you will
be encouraging home industry and
thus be patronizing those who pat-
ronize you. We handle nothing but
first class material and a high grade
of workmanship is our specialty.
HENRY & HENRY.

Wilson Steam Laundry.

The country customers of the Wil-
son Steam Laundry can leave their
bundles at the Press Office if more
convenient than to deliver to us. All
bundles of finished laundry not called
for before our closing time Friday
afternoon can be obtained by calling
at the Press Office up to 5 p. m.
Saturday afternoon.

WILSON STEAM LAUNDRY.

HERBINE

For Sick Livers

A PURELY VEGETABLE
COMPOUND

QUICKLY CURES CONSTIPATION, DYSPEP-
SIA, MALARIA, CHILLS and
ALL LIVER COMPLAINTS.
A GUARANTEED CURE for all diseases produced by
TORPID LIVER and IMPURE BLOOD. One bottle pur-
chased today may save you a sick spell tomorrow.

**CURED OF CHILLS AND FEVER AFTER
ALL OTHER MEDICINES FAILED**

Mrs. W. A. Whitewell, Emory, Tex.,
writes: "My child had chills and fever
for four years. We tried all kinds of
medicines, and finally an acquaintance of
mine recommended Herbine. We used
three bottles, and the child is now com-
pletely cured. You have my permission
to publish this testimonial, as I cheer-
fully recommend Herbine to all mothers
having children afflicted as mine."

LARGE BOTTLE, 50c GET THE GENUINE
BALLARD SNOW LINIMENT CO.
ST. LOUIS, U. S. A.

SOLD AND RECOMMENDED BY

Woods & Orme, Druggists, Marion, Ky.

Sex in Eggs Foretold.

A genius has arisen in Honolulu
who claims that after twelve years
study he is able to foretell the sex of
eggs. So many wise men have puz-
zled their brains over this same prob-
lem to no avail; and as many care-
fully worked out theories on the
subject have been exposed, that the
reader is warned against accepting the
claims of the Hawaiian wizard
without proof.

The man, C. W. Weatherwax, ap-
pears to be very much in earnest,
judging from the following statement
made by him:

"I am willing to make a test of a
hundred eggs in order to prove that
I know what I am talking about. I
prefer to use my own incubator,
but will conduct the test with other
machines if insisted upon.

"The eggs may be marked accord-
ing to my prediction, with an indel-
ible pencil, in order that everything
may be all right before being put in
the machine. Of course I am liable
to miss an egg or two, but in nine
cases out of ten it will be found that
I am right. I have worked long and
hard in this connection, but the re-
sults are worth more than the labor
entailed in securing them. I intend
to keep on working until I can prog-
nosticate the destiny of an egg be-
yond the shadow of doubt."

Weatherwax has been experiment-
ing with eggs since 1894, to June,
1905, had two fifty egg incubators
constantly going. The soil around
his residence is mostly egg-shells.

The experimenter claims he can
tell if eggs are fertile or otherwise,
if the product of the egg will be a
cock or a hen fowl, and if the chick
will have a fair chance for a lusty
life, or is likely to die soon after
hatching. The inventor of this test
method intends to incorporate his
knowledge, so that the poultry-
men of the main land and the do-
minions over the sea, may share with
the marvelous secret and be able to
tell exactly what their hatches of
eggs will produce. The advantage
of this knowledge is certainly quite
obvious.

Honolulu newspapers seem to have
received the announcement of Mr.
Weatherwax with considerable hilar-
ity, judging from one of them, at
least, the Pacific Commercial Adver-
tiser, which refers to him as the
"Stellar king-pin genius of the Ter-
ritory," but the genius in question
does not seem to see anything hum-
orous in the matter.

He will say nothing father regard-
ing the details of the test than that
it is done entirely with the fingers,
and that the art may be acquired in
five minutes.

Poultry authorities, when asked
about the claims of Mr. Weatherwax
declared that so far no method had
been discovered in the United States
at least, to foretell the sex of eggs.
Even when broken the germ can not
be seen with the naked eye.—S. L.
S. in Farm Progress.

Cold Drinks at Woods & Orme's

Woods & Orme have their famous
sanitary soda fountain in operation
now and will serve cool and delicious
drinks during the entire season.

Marriage Mart.

Two thousand bachelors from all
parts of Belgium, many from France
and some from Germany, swept down
on the village of Ecaussines-Daillat
to find brides, says a Brussels letter
to the London Express.

It was the fourth yearly marriage
mart, as established by the maids of
Ecaussines, and as there are only
98 marriageable young ladies in that
quaint little place, the supply of ma-
trimonial partners fell deplorably
short of the demand. All the same
and notwithstanding the proceedings
were a great success, and all the
maids were suited.

Has Stood the Test 25 Years.

The old, original Grove's Tastes
Chill Tonic. You know what you
are taking. It is iron and quinine
in a tasteful form. No cure, No pay
50c.

DRAUGHON'S

Practical Business Colleges.

Elsewhere in this issue will be
found a special offer made by Draughon's
Practical Business Colleges, chain of 27 colleges, an offer that
will doubtless interest YOU. Read
it.

NEW GRAHAM FLOUR.

Pure whole wheat Graham
flour, 12 lb. sacks 35c; 25 lb.
sacks 65c.

MARION MILLING CO.

Nervous Worn-Out

If you are in this condition,
your nerve force is weak—the
power is giving out, the or-
gans of your body have
"slowed up," and do their work
imperfectly. This failure to
do the work required, clogs
the system and brings distress
and disease. When the nerves
are weak the heart is unable
to force the life-giving blood
through your veins; the stom-
ach fails to digest food; the
kidneys lack power to filter
impurities from the blood, and
the poisonous waste remains in
the system to breed disease.
Nerve energy must be restored.
Dr. Miles' Nervine will do it,
because it strengthens the
nerves; it is a nerve medicine
and tonic, that rebuilds the
entire nervous system.

"Several years ago I was all broken
down. I was nervous, worn-out, could
not sleep, and was in constant pain.
I doctored for months, and finally the
doctor said he could do nothing for
me. I began taking Dr. Miles' Nervine,
and used altogether eight
bottles, and I became strong and
healthy, and now weigh 170 pounds."
H. C. CUNNINGHAM,
108 Ellsworth Ave., Allegheny, Pa.

Dr. Miles' Nervine is sold by your
druggist, who will guarantee that the
first bottle will benefit. If it fails, he
will refund your money.

Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

THE HINDU GIRL IS A MYSTERY

Lands at Ellis Island and is Released
To Go To Chicago.

New York, June 29.—There were released from Ellis island this afternoon on a voucher a woman who called herself the countess de Lesdain, and a pretty, dark, barefooted Hindu girl, who wore a gold bangle in her nose, gold bracelets above her elbows, and silver snake circles on her ankles. Who she is and why she came to this country is a mystery which puzzles the Ellis island officials.

The girl, who was manifested under the name of Tullman, which is believed to be fictitious, was a steerage passenger on the White Star liner Celtic, from Naples, which docked last night. The countess de Lesdain was a first cabin passenger.

The girl was taken to Ellis island with the other immigrants. While being examined this morning on the island, the countess appeared and told the inspectors the Hindu girl was her friend and she would take charge of her. But when the inspectors inquired who the girl was and why she was brought to this country, the countess virtually told them it was none of their business.

The countess was accompanied by Dr. Greene, surgeon of the Celtic, but he would volunteer no information.

As the girl is in good physical condition, and surety was given that she would not become a public charge, there was nothing to do but release her.

No information could be gained from the girl herself as she spoke a language none of the interpreters on the island could understand. Her age is given on the manifest as 23, occupation none, and "yes" appears under the "married" column. The countess said she intended to take the girl to number 659 Park avenue, Chicago.

In addition to her metal adornments the girl was dressed in a long white veil, which covered her from head to foot. The bangle which depends from her left nostril is in the shape of a star.

A story gained credence that the girl belonged to one of the castes of India in which it is the custom when a husband dies that the wife shall bury herself alive in his grave; and that the countess rescued the girl to save her from this fate. The countess refused to verify this story.

The countess, after landing at the battery took her barefooted charge into the subway. A curious crowd followed for a short distance when it caught sight of the Indian girl's strange costume.

Aboard the ship it was said that the girl was the nurse of the countess, that she came from Nepal and is an ayah or nurse.

Miss Ella Harris, of Kelsey placed a silver quarter in a telephone transmitter during a storm and was knocked unconscious by an electrical shock.

Monuments!

Marble and Granite

Always remember that we sell Marble and Granite Monuments cheaper than anybody. We guarantee our work and stand behind the guarantee. See us before buying.

HENRY & HENRY,
Marion, Ky.

When the Hair Falls

Then it's time to act! No time to study, to read, to experiment! You want to save your hair, and save it quickly, too! So make up your mind this very minute that if your hair ever comes out you will use Ayer's Hair Vigor. It makes the scalp healthy. The hair stays in. It cannot do anything else. It's nature's way.

The best kind of a testimonial—
"Sold for over sixty years."
Made by J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Also manufacturers of
SARSAPARILLA,
PILLS,
CHERRY PECTORAL.

A NOTED DESPERADO FREED BY HIS WIFE

Who Assisted in Holding the Turnkey
Until Her Husband Escaped.

Richmond, Ky., June 28.—Through the assistance of his wife J. F. Ball of Middlesboro, Ky., one of the most noted desperados of Eastern Kentucky, escaped from jail here tonight. James Saylor and Steve Turner, an alleged cattle thief also escaped.

Mrs. Ball came to Richmond this afternoon to see her husband, who was to have been taken to Frankfort in a few days to serve a life imprisonment.

When turnkey J. W. Leads entered the prison cage to let out Mrs. Ball she signaled to one of the prisoners to grab him, and throw him, and threw herself between the turnkey and her husband.

A revolver was forced into the face of the turnkey and he was forced in a cell and locked up.

Mrs. Leads grabbed Ball and Mrs. Ball threw her arms around Mrs. Leads neck, holding her until the men had made their escape. Mrs. Ball was arrested a posse is pursuing the fugitives, and it is thought that one of the gang, if not all, will be recaptured.

May Live 100 Years.

The chances for living a full century are excellent in the case of Mrs. Jennie Duncan, of Haynesville, Me., now 70 years old. She writes: "Electric Bitters cured me of Chronic Dyspepsia of 20 years standing, and made me feel as well and strong as a young girl." Electric Bitters cure Stomach and liver diseases, Blood disorders, General Debility and bodily weakness. Sold on a guarantee at Woods & Orme's drug store. Price only 50c.

Will Interest Many.

Every person should know that good health is impossible if the kidneys are deranged. Foley's Kidney Cure will cure kidney and bladder disease in every form, and will build up and strengthen these organs so they will perform their functions properly. No danger of Bright's disease or diabetes if Foley's Kidney Cure is taken in time. Woods & Orme.

Fourth of July Excursions

One and one-third fare for the round trip. Tickets on sale July 2, 3 and 4, good returning July 8th.

W. L. Venner, Agt.

Hot Springs Ark.

Special Summer Tourist Rate to Hot Springs, Ark., and return \$15.60. Tickets on sale June 22 to Sept. 30, good return Oct. 31.

W. L. Venner, Agt.

May Go Back to Navy.

Washington, June 28.—The House Committee on Naval Affairs made a favorable report on Representative Sherley's bill to reinstate Kenneth G. Castleman as a Lieutenant in the navy. Sherley hopes to get the bill up for passage tomorrow.

Lieut. Castleman, who is a son of Gen. J. B. Castleman, of Louisville, and who resigned from the navy about a year ago to engage in business. But now he wishes to return, and the navy department has endorsed the Sherley bill.

It will be remembered that but a short time before his resignation, Lieut. Castleman was court-martialed and reduced in grade because of the collision of a naval vessel over which he had command.

Modest Claims Often Carry the Most Conviction.

When Maxim, the famous gun inventor, placed his gun before a committee of judges, he stated its carrying power to be much below what he felt sure the gun would accomplish. The result of the trial was therefore a great surprise, instead of disappointment. It is the same with the manufacturers of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. They do not publicly boast of all this remedy will accomplish, but prefer to let the users make the statements. What they do claim, is that it will positively cure diarrhoea, dysentery, pains in the stomach and bowels and has never been known to fail. For sale by Woods & Orme.

Fatally Hurt.

Central City, June 26.—Little Frank Clark, the five year old son of W. H. Clark, the well known merchant of this place, it is feared received fatal wounds from the kick of a horse. This afternoon while playing in the yard the family horse that was up to this time considered perfectly gentle, left its water bucket where it had been drinking, and attacked the little boy, kicking him directly in the head, and then endeavoring to paw him, and would have killed the child instantly, but for the interference of other children who were on the ground.

A Modern Miracle.

"Truly miraculous seemed the recovery of Mrs. Holt of this place," writes J. O. R. Hooper, Woodford, Penn., "she was so wasted by coughing up pus from her lungs. Doctors declared her end so near that her family had watched by her bed-side forty-eight hours; when, at my urgent request Dr. King's New Discovery was given her, with the astonishing result that improvement began and continued until she finally completely recovered, and is a healthy woman to day." Guaranteed cure for coughs and colds. 50c and \$1.00 at Woods & Orme's Druggist. trial bottle free.

Lightning's Work.

Last Sunday while about fifty people were in the Methodist church at Olive, lightning struck a tree near by and also the church, tearing off some of the wainscoting outside and setting on fire the paper on the wall. This occurred before preaching commenced but created considerable excitement.



**HARPER
WHISKY**

The Aristocrat among the whiskies of the Old School.
Without a peer.
For sale by
Eberle, Hardin & Co.
Marion, Ky.



June Bride Sale of Wedding Gifts NUNN & TUCKER, House Furnishers, MARION, KENTUCKY.

Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic
has stood the test 25 years. Average Annual Sales over One and a Half Million bottles. Does this record of merit appeal to you? No Cure, No Pay. 50c. Enclosed with every bottle is a Ten Cent package of Grove's Black Root Liver Pills.

Young Man Bound and Varnished.

Marion, Ind., June 28.—Everett Stortts, eighteen years old, escorted Miss Blair to her country home after an entertainment in Van Buren. When Stortts was returning to his home in Van Buren at 12 o'clock at night, he was overpowered by about a dozen young men, was gagged, bound and tied to a tree. Varnish and turpentine were used to anoint him and then one of the young men declared he intended to stab him. A wet thumb was thrust against Stortts' neck and the varnish that ran down his collar was thought by Stortts to be blood. He is said to have fainted. The young men cut the ropes that bound him and after testing his pulse and listening for heart beats, they decided he was dead and ran away.

Stortts said that he was conscious, and that when the young men left he walked to Van Buren, notified the officers and had warrants issued for the arrest of the young men. He recognized five of them and all were arrested on the charge of assault and battery.

They pleaded guilty when arrested and were fined one dollar and costs in each case. The other members of the party will be arrested.

The young men said it was the interest of the party will be arrested.

The young men said it was their intention to frighten Stortts, haze him and then let him go. They declared there was no intention of injuring him, but Stortts does not see the funny side of the affair, and is very much in earnest in prosecution of the cases.

Makes The Liver Lively.

Orino Laxative Fruit Syrup gives permanent relief in cases of habitual constipation as it stimulates the liver and restores the natural action of the bowels without irritating these organs like pills or ordinary cathartics. Does not nauseate or gripe and is mild and pleasant to take. Remember the name ORINO and refuse substitutes. Woods & Orme.

Chicago's Hottest Day.

Chicago, June 28.—This was the hottest day of the year, the mercury reaching a maximum of 91 degrees. Two deaths have been attributed to the heat. There were several prostrations.

Commissioner's Sale

Crittenden Circuit Court, Ky.
The Massillon Engine & Thresher Co., Plaintiff vs. James Writtenberry, etc., Defendant.

By virtue of a Judgment and Order of Sale of the Crittenden Circuit Court, rendered at the March term thereof, 1906, in the above cause for the sum of \$209.85 with interest at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum from the 2nd day of March, 1906, until paid, and \$40 costs herein, I shall proceed to offer for sale at the residence of said Writtenberry to the highest bidder, at Public Auction, on Friday the 29th day of June, 1906, at o'clock p. m., or thereabout, upon a credit of three months, the following described property, to-wit: One 24x34 B. L. D. Separator No. 15464, truck and stacker and all the appurtenances belonging to same and one 6x8 Portable Engine, complete, No. 8785 with 120 feet of 6 inch canvass belting; all manufactured by Russell & Co., of Massillon, Ohio.

For the purchase price the purchaser, with approved security or securities, must execute bond, bearing legal interest from the day of sale until paid, and having the force and effect of a judgment. Bidders will be prepared to comply promptly with these terms.

J. G. ROCHSTER, Com.

Loss and Gain.

Two Americans were being shown through the citadel of Quebec by a British soldier. Halting at a certain spot in the parade grounds, their guide pointed to a small canon.

"That," said he, "is a gun we captured from the Americans at the battle of Bunker Hill."

Quick as a flash one of the gentlemen replied:

"Well, as we kept the country we can afford to let you keep the gun."
--Lippincott's.

Half The World Wonders

How the other half lives. Those who use Bucklen's Arnica Salve never wonder if it will cure Cuts, Wounds, Burns, Sores and all Skin eruptions; they know it will. Mrs. Grant Shy, 1130 E. Reynolds St., Springfield, Ill., says: "I regard it one of the absolute necessities of housekeeping." Guaranteed by Woods & Orme druggist 25c.

Fatal Fall.

Newport, Ky., June 29.—Mrs. J. A. Williamson, one of the wealthiest women in Campbell county, died this morning, the result of a fall, a week ago today. When stepping into the rear yard a large New Foundland dog ran before her, throwing her heavily and breaking her hip bone. The injury was followed by a complication of troubles. She was 70 years old.

Asthma Sufferers Should Know This.

Foley's Honey and Tar has cured many cases of asthma that were considered hopeless. Mrs. Adolph Buehling, 701 West Third St., Davenport, Iowa, writes: "A severe cold contracted twelve years ago was neglected until it finally grew into asthma. The best medical skill available could not give me more than temporary relief. Foley's Honey and Tar was recommended and one fifty cent bottle entirely cured me of asthma which had been growing on me for twelve years. If I had taken it at the start I would have been saved years of suffering." Woods & Orme.

San Francisco's Pests.

San Francisco is afflicted with a pest hitherto unknown in this city. It has a plague of flies. As their presence is distinctly traceable to the large number of open air kitchens and restaurants which line the streets we may look upon them as a temporary infestation, which will disappear when our thoroughfares are once again freed from nuisances of all kinds.--San Francisco Chronicle.

A Sad Outing.

Flint, Mich., June 27.—Jno. Collins, aged 24, and his sister, Clara Collins, aged 11 years, were drowned Monday evening in the Terbush lake, by the capsizing of one of two rowboats in which Mrs. Selma Collins, her nine children, and hired man were gathering water lilies. Three other members of the Collins family were thrown into the water, but were rescued.

Bowel Complaint in Children.

During the summer months children are subject to disorders of the bowels which should receive careful attention as soon as the first unnatural looseness of the bowels appears. The best medicine in use for bowel complaint is Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy as it promptly controls any unnatural looseness of the bowels. For sale by Woods & Orme.

In Darkness.

Mayfield was in almost total darkness Tuesday and Wednesday nights on account of a serious breakdown at the power plant. The moon has assisted some, but the absence of the artificial sparkle gives the town a gloomy appearance. Last night the light company switched some of their patrons to the day current and the town in spots was light.--Mayfield Messenger.

Beats The Music Cure.

"To keep the body in tune," writes Mrs. Mary Brown, 20 Lafayette Place, Poughkeepsie, N. Y. "I take Dr. King's New Life Pills. They are the most reliable and pleasant laxative I have found." Best for the Stomach; Liver and Bowels. Guaranteed by Woods & Orme druggist 25c.

Feel Impending Doom.

The feeling of impending doom in the minds of many victims of Bright's disease and diabetes has been changed to thankfulness by the benefit derived from taking Foley's Kidney Cure. It will cure incipient Bright's disease and diabetes and even in the worst cases gives comfort and relief. Slight disorders are cured in a few days. "I had diabetes in its worst form," writes Marion Lee of Dunreath, Ind. "I tried eight physicians without relief. Only three bottles of Foley's Kidney Cure made me a well man. Woods & Orme.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

Draughon's Chain of 26 Colleges.

Elsewhere will be found an advertisement of Draughon's Practical Business Colleges located at: Paducah, Ky., Evansville, Ind., St. Louis, Mo., El Paso, Texas, Jackson, Miss., Memphis, Tenn., Fort Worth, Galveston, San Antonio, Waco, Denison, Texas, Oklahoma City, O. T., Shreveport, La., Little Rock, Fort Smith, Ark., Muskogee, I. T. Kansas City, Mo., Ft. Scott, Kans., Nashville, Tenn., Atlanta, Ga., Raleigh, teen years: Incorporated \$300,000.00 capital. Seventeen bankers on Board of Directors. Draughon's chain of Colleges secure positions for those who take the guarantee course or refund every cent of money paid for tuition. For catalogue address J. E. Draughon, Pres't., at any of the above places. tf

HAS IT OCCURRED TO YOU WHY . . .

So many wheat flaked foods have come and gone? Lack of quality of course. The richness that is distinctively noticeable in Cream Crisp gives it a taste quality unequalled. This accounts for growing business.



Start now and get full value for your time. Ask your Grocer and accept no substitutes.

OKLAHOMA.

Mose L. Patton, wife and little son Collin attended church at Emmaus Sunday.

Crops are looking fine in this section after the rains.

Mat Patton purchased a new machine last week from the hustling T. J. Wring.

Geo. Davis was smnstruck a few days ago while painting the roof of the Hodge mines.

Little Collin Patton, son of Mose L. Patton, was sick at his grandmother Travis' Sunday.

The Riley mines has resumed work again with a full force.

Mr. Lewis Patton has a curiosity in the shape of a one-winged chicken

The deacons of Emmaus were ordained Saturday; Messrs. Albert Butler, Thomas Davenport and Chas. Fox.

Rev. J. C. Kinsolving and wife visited Lewis Patton last week.

Mrs. Fannie Travis, daughter and Mrs. Althea Beck visited in the Fairview neighborhood last week.

Mose L. Patton had a fine colt cut up on a wire fence recently.

Mr. Andrew McKinney purchased a fine milch cow last week.

About one fourth of a crop of tobacco set.

Mr. Bill McKinney is improving. We hope he may be out soon.

Misses Julia and Emma Patton attended church at Emmaus last Saturday.

Uncle James Green has a fine apiary and has taken several hundred pounds of honey.

Mr. Charlie Holloman of Mo., visited his father last week.

The new Marshal of Dycusburg has not yet arrived.

The farmers have about half a crop of tomatoes.

Mrs. Mary Davis will give an ice cream supper next Saturday night.

Mr. F. C. Long has moved to Wm. Sisco's farm.

The Bennett saw mill is running every day. Those who want lumber will do well to see Mr. Bennett.

DYCUSBURG.

Miss Myrtle Clifton of Ft Worth, Ark., is the guest of Misses Gusta and Bobby Clifton.

Miss Laura Jones, of Smithland, visited the family of G. A. Decker last week.

Misses Estella and Marion Richards, after spending some time in Paducah, and Brookport returned home Wednesday.

Little Miss Margaret Grove, of Livingston, after visiting friends here last week, returned home Saturday accompanied by Miss Marion Richards.

Mrs. E. B. Groves was the guest of Mesdames Brown and Wadlington last week.

Mrs. Margaret Clifton of Marion, is visiting her many friends and relatives here.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Strong, and Mr. Louis Nelson of Paradise, passed through town Monday en route to Dawson springs.

Remember preaching "on the hill" second Sunday.

Rev. Johnson contemplates having the new Methodist church near enough completed to hold services the third Sunday.

SHERIDAN.

A good rain in this section Sunday afternoon.

Rev. Gibbs filled his regular appointment at Deer Creek Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. Highers our affable postmaster has been sick for the last few days.

Mrs. Clarence Wilson, of Marion, formerly of this place, visited Misses Minnie and Frances Hoover a few days last week.

Messrs. Guy Givens and Curtis Pickens of Marion, were pleasant callers in this vicinity Sunday afternoon, the guests of Miss Minnie Hoover and Mrs. Wilson. Call again, boys, you are "welcome as flies" in May.

Quite a crowd from this place attended church at Union Sunday afternoon.

An ice cream supper here next Saturday night, the proceeds for the benefit of worn out Masons.

Nothing doing in these parts the 4th, unless it is "foot washing."

Lafe Hill has moved to C. E. Donaky's farm.

Hay crop short and thin.

A few farmers are through plowing corn.

Singing at G. D. Humphrey's Sunday morning.

Young man get married and let B. B. Terry furnish you with flour and coal oil.

The best articles in the office and will deliver them to you if you live within five miles of Sheridan.

BELLVILLE BEND.

Grops are needing rain in this locality; owing to the dry weather farmers have almost quit farming.

Mrs. S. O. Asher returned from Louisville Sunday, where she has been enjoying the "Home Coming" week.

Bro. T. W. Tolley delivered an interesting sermon at Hoods last Sunday.

Bro. Hazard will preach at Hoods school house the first Sunday in July.

Misses Dessie and Mattie Brown spent Sunday with Misses May and Margaret Wood.

Miss Effie Brown visited her sister, Mrs. Rebecca Travis, Saturday and Sunday.

The Sunday school at this place is progressing nicely. Next Sunday will end the first quarter. We should endeavor to renew and make it more interesting each Sunday.

The base ball league still continues to be quite interesting.

Mules Wanted

Layne & Leavel, the Christian county mule buyers, will be in Marion, County Court day, July 9th, to buy good mules from 16 to 18 hands high, 5 to 8 years old. Will also be at Hampton, Tuesday, July 10th.

BLOOMING ROSE.

Health is good.

Charlie and Amlias Watson delivered stock last week to Foley & Wright, of Carrsville.

Rev. Johnson, of Clay, preached an excellent sermon at the school house Monday night.

Mr. J. E. Malcome and wife, who are visiting in the west are expected home at an early date.

Charles Watson was in our midst Wednesday.

Miss Jessie Malcom visited her sister at Tolu Saturday.

Our prayer meeting is largely attended every Saturday night.

J. H. Foley and Geo. Foster were through here last Monday on business.

Quite a number of people from this section attended the Hopewell rally Sunday.

W. Hugh Watson, Vernon Malcome and T. L. Wright made a brief visit to Tolu Wednesday.

Eury Robson and Roy Malcome went to the show last Saturday night.

Mr. Russell Hardesty and Miss Irene Hardesty, attended prayer-meeting here Saturday night.

Miss Grace Malcome visited Miss Leslie Wright Thursday.

LEVIAS.

Edgar family and family of Good Hope, visited relatives here Saturday and Sunday.

Mrs. M. E. Barnes and Miss Fleeta, visited here last week, guests of R. A. LaRue and family.

Chas. E. Davidson has purchased the blacksmith shop and lot and expects to build soon and move here.

L. L. Price was sick a few days last week but is out again now.

S. A. Davidson has bought house and lot here and expects to move to it this fall.

Elder W. R. Gibbs filled the pulpit at Union Saturday and Sunday.

Eulie Threlkeld and family, of Crayneville, attended church here Sunday.

Miss Beulah Nelson, of Smithland is visiting relatives here this week. She is music teacher and will give lessons here beginning July 16th.

L. A. LaRue and daughter, Miss Fleeta, and Miss Katie Bebout of Sheridan, attended church here Sunday.

Chas. LaRue has just received a nice lot of queensware and glassware call and see them before they are sold.

NEW SALEM.

The corn crop looks fine since the rain.

Miss Lora Slayton, of Hampton, was the guest of J. H. Brouster's family last week.

The people of Tyner's chapel gave an ice cream supper for the benefit of their church Saturday evening.

John L. Harpending is in Dawson this week.

No wheat threshed yet.

Lan Harpending, of Salem, spent part of last week at home on sick list.

Tyner's Chapel is without a pastor until Sept; the Rev. Thomas leaves this week for his home in the upper part of this state.

A fine rain Sunday evening.

Mrs. Harris Austin visited relatives in Livingston county last week.

Old uncle Geo. Kirk has returned home after a two weeks' visit to his daughter, Mrs. Sam Grimes, of Dycusburg.

Some of our people are making their arrangements to go west in the next two weeks looking for that Promised land.

News scarce these hot days.

VIEW.

We are glad to report that the health of this vicinity is good.

Crops are looking fine since the rains of last week.

Raymond Fox, of this place, left for the far west last Monday. Ray says he is liable to go to Alaska before he gets back. Success be yours Raymond.

Miss Elizabeth White, who has been confined to her room some time past is able to be out on her crutches.

Esq. Binkley makes regular trips to Crayneville every Sunday evening. What's the attraction, Bill?

The wheat growers of this neighborhood would be glad to see a threshing machine come in and attend to their little crops.

Ernest Binkley, of this place and Ralph Hodge, of Mecksville, make regular trips to Frances every Sunday.

Ice cream suppers have gotten to be a thing of the present instead of the past in this section.

W. B. Binkley, son and daughter, and Miss Toto Cardin, all of this place, attended the ice cream supper at Frank Matthews' Saturday night. A nice time reported.

Rev. J. W. Oliver filled his regular appointment at Emmaus Sunday.

Operators Wanted

Write now for our Telegraphy Catalog. All the graduates secure positions. Address Bowling Green Business University, Bowling Green, Ky.

STEVEN'S

WHEN YOU SHOOT

You want to HIT what you are aiming at - be it bird, beast or target. Make your shots count by shooting the STEVEN'S. For 41 years STEVEN'S ARMS have carried off PREMIER HONORS for ACCURACY. Our list:

Rifles, Shotguns, Pistols

Ask your Dealer - in store or by mail - for a copy of the STEVEN'S Catalog. It is a complete catalog of all the latest and best arms and accessories. It is a valuable book of reference for every gun owner and prospective shooter.

Beautiful three-color Aluminum Hanger will be forwarded for 10 cents in stamps.

J. Stevens Arms & Tool Co.,
P. O. Box 4096
CHICOPPE FALLS, MASS., U.S.A.

New Firm! New Goods!

HINA & COX

We handle everything that can be found in a first-class Hardware Store and our prices are right, our goods right, and if honest goods and fair treatment merits your patronage come and see us.

Delker Bros. Famous Two-in-One Buggies.

Come in and let us show you this buggy. It has pleased hundreds of others and we know it will please you.

We also handle the Genuine F. A. Ames Buggies and Wagons.

Coquillard Tubular Axle Wagons

A Full Line of Heavy and Shelf Hardware

Green Seal and Hammar Bros. Paints.

The American Field Fence

Buy your new fence for years to come. Get the big heavy wires, the hinge joint, the good galvanizing, the exactly proportioned quality of steel that is not too hard nor too soft. We can show you this fence in our stock and explain its merits and superiority, not only in the roll but in the field. Come and see us and get our prices.

HINA & COX.

[Successors to the Hina-Hardware Co.]

QUARTERLY REPORT OF THE

Farmers & Merchants Bank

TOLU, KENTUCKY.

At the Close of Business on the 30 Day of June 1906

RESOURCES

Loans and Discounts	\$87,240.22
Overdrafts, secured	1,629.05
Due from National Banks	628.10
Due from State Banks and Bankers	1,013.93
Banking House and Lot	2,490.52
Specie	1,174.84
Currency	2,565.00
Other Items carried as Cash	625.82
Furniture and Fixtures	1,995.57
	\$49,362.22

Current Expenses Last Quarter \$368.15

LIABILITIES

Capital Stock paid in, in cash	\$15,000.00
Surplus Fund	1,100.00
Undivided Profits, net	453.41
Deposits subject to check (on which interest is not paid)	18,529.18
Time certificates of deposits (on which interest is paid)	10,900.00
Due National Banks	379.63
Bills re-Discounted	3,000.00
	\$49,362.22

SUPPLEMENTARY.

Highest amount of indebtedness of any stockholder, person, company or firm (including liability of the company or firm the liability of the individual members thereof) directly or indirectly, if such indebtedness exceeds 20 per cent. of capital stock actually paid in, and actual amount of surplus of the bank..... Nothing

How is indebtedness stated in above item 1 secured? (See Section 583 Kentucky Statutes)

Highest amount of indebtedness of any director or officer, if amount of such indebtedness exceeds 10 per cent. of paid-up capital stock of bank..... No (See Section 583 Kentucky Statutes)

How is same secured?

Does amount of indebtedness of any person, company or firm including in the liability of the company or firm the liability of the individual members thereof, exceed 30 per cent. of paid-up capital and actual surplus..... No.

If so, state amount of such indebtedness.

Amount of last dividend..... \$1,200.00

Were all expenses, losses, interest and taxes deducted therefrom before declaring dividend, and was not less than 10 per cent. of net profits of the bank for the period covered by the dividend carried to the surplus fund before said dividend was declared..... Yes.

STATE OF KENTUCKY, } ss
County of Crittenden, }

E. F. Smith, Cashier of Farmers & Merchants Bank, a bank located and doing business in the town of Tolu, in said county, being duly sworn, says the foregoing report is in all respects a true statement of the condition of the said Bank at the close of business on the 30th day of June, 1906, to the best of his knowledge and belief; and further says that the business of said bank has been transacted at the location named, and not elsewhere; and that the above report is made in compliance with an official notice received from the Secretary of State, designating the 30 day of June, 1906, as the day on which such report shall be made.

Subscribed and sworn to before me by E. F. Smith, Cashier, the 2nd day of July 1906.

E. F. Smith, Cashier, Wm. Barnett, P. B. Croft, W. E. Dowell
Directors.