

Crittenden Record-Press

No 31

Marion, Crittenden County Kentucky, Thursday Morning, Feb. 28 1918

Vol. XXXX

ANOTHER DEATH AT CLAY, KY.

Paducah Boy Murdered In Cold Blood And No Positive Clue Has Been Found.

Frank C. Beadles, a Paducah boy, was shot and killed at Clay, Ky., Sunday night, according to a message received by his mother, Mrs. M. C. Beadles of 1029 Madison street. The details were not given, but according to report received here this morning by the West Kentucky Coal company, several men have been arrested. The body will be brought to Paducah at 6:10 o'clock this evening and will be taken to the residence of his mother.

Beadles was employed as a butcher in the commissary of the coal company there, entering the company's employ about two months ago.

Mr. Beadles was 25 years old. He was for several years a grocery clerk and left Paducah about a year ago.

He is survived by his mother, and two sisters, Mrs. K. H. Beyer, of Henderson, and Mrs. E. N. Anderson of Clay; and three brothers, Conductor Pete Beadles and James Beadles of Paducah; and Berney C. Beadles of Shreveport, La.

The remains will probably be taken to Wingo, Ky.

Eggs For Hatching.

Barred Rocks.
S. C. R. I. Reds.
S. C. White Leghorns, \$1.00,
\$1.25 and \$1.50.
Maple Cottage Poultry Farm.
Mrs. J. B. CARTER.
2285tp Marion, Ky.

R. T. Mayes Here On A Visit.

R. T. Mayes, of Hiawatha, Kan., was here last week to visit his sisters, Lena, wife of G. U. Dollar, and Alma, widow of Geo. W. Perry, also his brother, Will Mayes, all of whom live here and in the immediate vicinity of Marion. Mr. Mayes formerly lived here also and has many friends here. He has prospered in the west where he is extensively engaged in farming, stock raising and in government contracts, (purchasing mules for use in the great war.)

Mr. Mayes' wife was Miss Annie Miles, of Fredonia. They have never recovered from the shock and great sorrow caused them by the tragic death of their fine son, Fowler, who was accidentally drowned last year.

For Sale

I have a few full blooded cockerels of S. C. Rhode Island Reds from \$1.00 to \$2.00 each, also S. C. White Leghorns from 75 cts. to \$1.00, if taken at once.

Mrs. Effie Guess,
route No. 1, Marion, Ky.
Phone 52-4 rings.

PRIVATE PARKER IS OVERJOYED

Sends Message Of Cheer To His Friends At Home Through Courier-Journal.

When Private Tom Parker left the old home down in Crittenden county to join Uncle Sams khaki with the Lincoln Division at Camp Zachary Taylor, he left behind many friends in line for the selective draft who were curious to know what army life was like, anyway.

In fact, he has been besieged with a continual stream of letters, until at last the Courier-Journal is called upon to help him "out of a hole" by carrying his message of optimism to all the boys back home. Parker likes army life, and wants all to know it, and hopes soon to welcome some of his friends from Crittenden as comrades at the big training camp here.

The letter follows:
Company C, 336th., Infantry—
To My Friends in Old Crittenden: I sure am enjoying the training we are getting in the camp here. We have officers who know all about the game, and who are always busy getting us in fighting trim for the Kaiser and his bunch. A number of the Crittenden county boys here were transferred to another camp last week, and now there are only seven of us left behind.

Boys, do not feel discouraged over coming here, for you will find things a plenty that you will enjoy. There are Y. M. C. A. buildings right here in camp, with good books to read, all kinds of good music and games to make the rest periods enjoyable. We also enjoy the religious services, have plenty of visitors and receive a warm welcome from the people of Louisville, always being invited to lunch when we go to church in the city.

Most all the boys I am with are from Jefferson and Russell counties, and they are a bunch of jolly good fellows, too.

We also have a few Calloway county boys—but we all are one. Our Captain's name is Fred Adams of Louisville. All our officers are good ones that we are proud to salute.

Private Tom Parker

NOTICE.

There is practically nothing that has not advanced in price except newspapers. They have advanced in price also in many places. We are not going to advance the price at present. All we ask is that you pay your bill promptly. The profit is small and it is kept tied up in bills if they are not paid promptly. Beginning with March we will be compelled to stop paper if bill is not paid by the tenth of each month. Of course if the bill is not presented, we will consider it our fault and not stop the paper.

Marion News Agency,
Tower E. Belt, Mgr.

ELECTION ON GOOD ROADS

On March 27, 1918, A Election Will Be Held For Construction Bridges And Roads.

Crittenden County Fiscal Court Special Term, February 15, 1918. Present and Presiding R. L. Moore, Judge, with County Attorney, Jno. A. Moore, and magistrates, viz: J. M. McCaslin, Finis A. Hillyard, L. E. Waddell, Chas. L. Brazel, W. H. Graves, Chester E. Truitt and W. D. Drennan.

On motion of Esq. Brazel, second by Esq. Hillyard, it is ordered that an election be held on the 27th., day of March, 1918 for the purpose of submitting to the voters of Crittenden County, Kentucky, the following question: Are you for a property tax of fifteen cents on each one hundred (\$100.00) dollars worth of property in Crittenden County Kentucky, to be levied each year, for four years, for the purpose of improving or constructing, either or both, the road and bridges of Crittenden County, Kentucky. And it is further ordered and directed by the Court that said election be held at all of the voting precincts in Crittenden County, Kentucky, on Wednesday, March 27, 1918, by the regular election officers in and for Crittenden County, Kentucky, for the purpose of testing the sense of the voters of Crittenden County upon the above question.

A Copy Attest:
L. E. Guess, Clerk.
2-28-4t.

Trains Change Time On Illinois Central Rail Road.

No. 332 north bound comes now at 7:57, instead of 8:07, as heretofore.

No. 321, south bound, comes now at 10 a. m., instead of 9:20 as heretofore.

No. 302 north bound, comes now at 3:20 p. m., instead of 3:03 p. m., as heretofore.

No. 301 south bound same as before 3:50 p. m., no change.

Mrs. Bertha Payne, and little daughter, and Miss Florra Moore of Repton, were here shopping Friday.

World War In Prophecy When And How Will It End?

Subject of a Lecture by Rev. C. F. Wimberly D. D., of Louisville, Kentucky, on Last Thursday Night.

MADE TO KISS THE FLAG

Irate Miners Drive Manager And Two Sons To Public Square In Springfield

Springfield, Ill., Feb. 18—Two hundred miners quit work at the mine of the Citizens Coal Company here Monday and drove the mine manager, Henry Martini, and his two sons before them to the public square and compelled them to kiss the flag and swear allegiance to the United States.

The mine was shut down today, the miners declaring they will not return to work until Martini is discharged.

Pearl Sigler's Mother Passes Away At Shady Grove.

Mrs. Margaret Sigler, a highly esteemed old lady of Caldwell county, died suddenly near Shady Grove, Tuesday evening Feb. 19th. The deceased was the widow of E. U. Sigler, who has been dead thirty years. She was about eighty-five years old and is survived by four sons and two daughters. They are Dave, James, Pearl and Utley Sigler, Mrs. James Hopkins, of Shady Grove, and Mrs. Margaret Hughes of Providence. The remains were buried at Shady Grove Thursday. Pearl Sigler a son lives here. He and his family attended the funeral and burial. An obituary is published elsewhere in this issue.

Rev. O. D. Spence, will preach at the Cumberland Presbyterian church here Wednesday night.—Providence Enterprise.

MACK LOGAN AND FRANK TRIBBLE

Are Convicted of Manslaughter for Killing Police Chief, Keach, of Dawson Springs, Ky.

Madisonville Ky., Feb. 23—Mack Logan and Frank Tribble were found guilty of manslaughter to day and were sentenced to two and one half years in the penitentiary.

They were indicted for wilful murder, following the killing of Chief of Police Keach at Dawson Springs. The jury took the case last night but could not reach a verdict and did not agree until shortly before noon today. An appeal will be taken.

At the first trial held in November, 1916 Logan was sentenced to the penitentiary for fifteen years and Tribble for three years. The court of appeals reversed the lower court and granted a new trial.

Keach formerly was Marshal at Fredonia, and has visited Marion often, and was known to many of our people.

Special Notice.

As the Heatless Mondays order has been rescinded and we do not believe its resumption is contemplated by the Government we will now return to Monday for Court days, County Court 2nd., Monday, Quarterly Court 4th., Monday.

R. L. Moore, Judge,
Crittenden County.

Mrs. J. E. Dean of Crider arrived Monday for a few days visit to Mrs. Lizzie James.

Dr. C. F. Wimberly who had just closed a most successful revival at Tolu, was here Thursday enroute to Hardinsburg where he is now engaged in another revival. While here some of his Marion and Tolu admirers urged him to deliver his famous lecture on the "World War In Prophecy" which he consented to do. The plan had been to have it in the Main Auditorium of the New Methodist Church but on account of the heating plant being out of order the audience was transferred to the banquet hall in the basement. It was soon apparent that the crowd assembling would over flow the place and the managers quickly decided to move to the High School Auditorium near by.

Dr. Wimberly's lecture was a wonderful portrayal of the World War, its cruelties and its atrocities, and he brought to our people a message full of pathos and showed to us in unmistakable terms the stupendous task now on our shoulders to see that liberty does not perish from the face of the earth and thus cause civilization, to be rolled back ward, twenty centuries to where it stood before the dawn of the Christian Era.

The speaker took his text from the prophecy of Daniel, 2nd., Chapter 31st., to 45th., verses, and compared the head of gold the breast and arms of silver, the hips and thighs of brass and the legs of iron to the 4 great governments of the world ending with the Roman Empire. The feet of clay was likened unto the present day governments in Europe, all of which he predicts will pass from the earth. He made no reference as to what he thought would become of the United States, "the land of the free and the home of the brave" but many of his audience could see in her, the stone cleft out of the mountain without the hand of man, which is to crush the foundations of the kingdoms of tyranny and roll the wave of liberty around the world, and give to the benighted and ignorant serfs of the old world the freedom of America.

Dr. Wimberly has been chosen as a speaker at the annual prophetic Conference which assembles in Toronto, Canada in March and he will attend.

Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Bigham, accompanied by Dr. O. C. Cook, went to Evansville Sunday where Mrs. Bigham underwent an operation at the Walker Sanitarium. Dr. Cook returned Monday, and Mr. Bigham Wednesday, and each reported the patients condition as improving, and her chances to be up soon good. Her friends hope she will be able to return home next week sound and well.

At the home of Mr. and Mrs. M. O. Eskew on Feb. 15th. An eight pound boy was born to Mrs. Crawford Patmor christened, James Morrill, Mother and baby are doing fine. Mrs. Patmor as Miss Myrtle Morrill, of this city, daughter of Mrs. Oscar Eskew.

COME!!

Epworth League Invites You
Basement M. E. Church
Sunday Evening, Mar. 3rd, '18, 6 o'clock.
Subject:—"Christian Duty and Privilege"
SPECIAL MUSIC
Mrs. F. F. Charles will lead the service.

FARM FOR SALE!

I WILL, ON
MONDAY, MARCH 11th, 1918

Sell to the highest and best bidders, the farm known as the J. L. Wyatt farm at Fredonia, Ky. 320 acres, more or less, and located within the city limits, 1-4 mile from graded school, 3 churches, I. C. station and all modern town conveniences. The above farm has 4 of the best tenant houses in the county, weatherboarded and ceiled inside, a weatherboarded tobacco barn, capacity 28 acres of tobacco, a fine and well arranged cow barn and silo, mule barn and granary, several ponds and an ever-flowing spring. I say without fear of contradiction this is the best stock farm for sale in the county. The above described land will be sold in pieces and parcels and then as a whole, on liberal terms, terms made known on day of sale. If you are hunting for a well located and improved stock farm you can't afford to overlook this place. Parties wishing to see this farm before date of sale will apply to J. A. Wilson, Fredonia, Ky. A two-story, 7-room residence in the town of Fredonia and one of the best houses and locations in town.

EDWARD GARRETT

AMERICAN SUGAR SENT TO FRANCE

American Price Rigidly Regulated by United States Food Administration.

CONSUMERS HERE PAY 9c.

Sugar Cost 35 Cents a Pound During Civil War—Refiners' Profits Now Curtailed.

Sugar is selling today throughout America at from 8 1/2 to 9 cents a pound to the consumer, even though there is a world shortage which has reduced this nation's sugar allotment to 70 per cent. of normal.

Through the efforts of the United States food administration the sugar market has been regulated as far as the producer, refiner and wholesaler is concerned. The food administration has no power to regulate retail prices except by public opinion. Even though more than \$5,000 tons of sugar have been shipped to France in the last four months the retail grocer's sugar price is around 8 to 8 1/2 cents. He should sell this sugar at 8 1/2 to 9 cents, the food administration believes, and asks the American housewife to pay no more than this amount.

Last August when the food administration was organized the price of sugar rose suddenly to 11 cents a pound. During the Civil War sugar cost the consumer 35 cents a pound. By regulation of the sugar market and reducing the price to 8 1/2 and 9 cents and keeping it from advancing to 20 cents the food administration has saved the American public at least \$180,000,000 in four months, according to a statement made by Herbert Hoover the other day.

"It is our stern duty to feed the allies, to maintain their health and strength at any cost to ourselves," Mr. Hoover declared. "There has not been, nor will be as we see it, enough sugar for even their present meagre and depressing ration unless they send ships to remote markets for it. If we in our greed and gluttony force them either to further reduce their ration or to send these ships we will have done damage to our abilities to win this war."

"If we send the ships to Java for 250,000 tons of sugar next year we will have necessitated the employment of eleven extra ships for one year. These ships—if used in transporting troops—would take 150,000 to 200,000 men to France."

Reason for World Shortage.
As Mr. Hoover pointed out, the United States, Canada and England were sugar importing countries before the war, while France and Italy were very nearly self supporting. The main sources of the world's sugar supply was Germany and neighboring powers, the West Indies and the East Indies. German sugar is no longer available, as it is used entirely in Germany, which also absorbs sugar of surrounding countries.

England can no longer buy 1,400,000 long tons of sugar each year from Germany. The French sugar production has dropped from 750,000 to 210,000 tons. The Italian production has fallen from 210,000 tons to 75,000 tons. Thus three countries were thrown upon East and West Indian sources for 1,925,000 tons annually to maintain their normal consumption.

Because of the world's shipping shortage the allied nations started drawing on the West Indies for sugar; East Indian sugar took three times the number of ships, since the distance was three times as great. Suddenly the west was called on to furnish and did furnish 1,420,000 tons of sugar to Europe when 800,000 tons a year was the pre-war demand. The allies had drawn from Java 400,000 tons before the shipping situation became acute.

"In spite of these shipments," Mr. Hoover stated the other day, "the British government in August reduced the household sugar ration to a basis of 24 pounds per annum per capita. And in September the French government reduced their household ration to 15 2-10 pounds a year, or a bit over 1 pound of sugar a month. Even this meagre ration could not be filled by the French government. It was found early in the fall. America was then asked for 100,000 tons of sugar and succeeded in sending 80,000 tons by December 1. The French request was granted because the American household consumption was then at least 50 pounds per person, and it was considered the duty of maintaining the French morale made our course clear."

Today the sugar situation may be summarized by stating that if America will reduce its sugar consumption 10 to 15 per cent. this nation will be able to send 200,000 more soldiers to France.

Sugar today sells at seaboard refineries at \$7.25 a hundred pounds. The wholesale grocer has agreed to limit his profit to 25 cents a hundred plus freight, and the retail grocer is supposed to take no more than 50 cents a hundred pounds profit. This regulation was made by the food administration, which now asks the housewife to reduce sugar consumption as much as possible, using other sweeteners, and also reminds her that she should pay no more than 9 cents a pound for sugar.

Control of Cane Refiners' Profits.
"Immediately upon the establishment of the food administration," Mr.

Hoover said, "an examination was made of the costs and profits of refining and it was finally determined that the spread between the cost of raw and the sale of refined cane sugar should be limited to \$1.70 per hundred pounds. The pre-war differential had averaged about 85 cents and increased costs were found to have been imposed by the war in increased cost of refining, losses, cost of bags, labor, insurance, interest and other things, rather more than cover the difference. After prolonged negotiations the refiners were placed under agreement establishing these limits on October 1, and anything over this amount to be agreed extortionate under the law."

"In the course of these investigations it was found by canvass of the Cuban producers that their sugar had, during the first nine months of the past year, sold for an average of about \$4.24 per hundred f. o. b. Cuba, to which duty and freight added to the refiners' cost amount to about \$5.66 per hundred. The average sale price of granulated by various refineries, according to our investigation, was about \$7.50 per hundred, or a differential of \$1.84.

"In reducing the differential to \$1.30 there was a saving to the public of 54 cents per hundred. Had such a differential been in use from the 1st of January, 1917, the public would have saved in the first nine months of the year about \$24,800,000."

Next Year.
With a view to more efficient organization of the trade in imported sugars next year two committees have been formed by the food administration:

1. A committee comprising representatives of all of the elements of American cane refining groups. The principal duty of this committee is to divide the sugar imports pro rata to their various capacities and see that absolute justice is done to every refiner.

2. A committee comprising three representatives of the English, French and Italian governments; two representatives of the American refiners, with a member of the food administration. Only two of the committee have arrived from Europe, but they represent the allied governments. The duties of this committee are to determine the most economical sources from a transport point of view of all the allies to arrange transport at uniform rates, to distribute the foreign sugar between the United States and allies, subject to the approval of the American, English, French and Italian governments.

This committee, while holding strong views as to the price to be paid for Cuban sugar, has not had the final voice. This voice has rested in the governments concerned, together with the Cuban government, and I wish to state emphatically that all of the gentlemen concerned as good commercial men have endeavored with the utmost patience and skill to secure a lower price, and their persistence has reduced Cuban demands by 15 cents per hundred. The price agreed upon is about \$4.60 per hundred pounds, f. o. b. Cuba, or equal to about \$6 duty paid New York.

"This price should eventuate," Mr. Hoover said, "to about \$7.30 per hundred for refined sugar from the refiners at seaboard points or should place sugar in the hands of the consumer at from 8 1/2 to 9 cents per pound, depending upon locality and conditions of trade, or at from 1 to 2 cents below the prices of August last and from one-half to a cent per pound cheaper than today."

"There is now an elimination of speculation, extortionate profits, and in the refining alone the American people will save over \$25,000,000 of the refining charges last year. A part of these savings goes to the Cuban, Hawaiian, Porto Rican and Louisiana producer and part to the consumer."

"Appeals to prejudice against the food administration have been made because the Cuban price is 34 cents above that of 1917. It is said in effect that the Cubans are at our mercy; that we could get sugar a cent lower. We made exhaustive study of the cost of producing sugar in Cuba last year through our own agents in Cuba, and we find it averages \$3.39, while many producers are at a higher level. We found that an average profit of at least a cent per pound was necessary in order to maintain and stimulate production of the minimum price of \$4.37 was necessary, and even this would stifle some producers."

"The price ultimately agreed was 25 cents above these figures, or about one-fifth of a cent per pound to the American consumer, and more than this amount has been saved by our reduction in refiners' profits. If we wish to stifle production in Cuba we could take that course just at the time of all times in our history when we want production for ourselves and the allies. Further than that, the state department will assure you that such a course would produce disturbances in Cuba and destroy even our present supplies, but beyond all these material reasons is one of human justice. This great country has no right by the might of its position to strangle Cuba."

"Therefore there is no imposition upon the American public. Charges have been made before this committee that Mr. Rolph endeavored to benefit the California refinery of which he was manager by this 34 cent increase in Cuban price. Mr. Rolph did not fix the price. It does raise the price to the Hawaiian farmer about that amount. It does not raise the profit of the California refinery, because their charge for refining is, like all other refiners, limited to \$1.50 per hundred pounds, plus the freight differential on the established custom of the trade."

"Mr. Rolph has not one penny of interest in that refinery."

The Great Ice Gorge.

(By LONNIE CLIFT)

Everybody in Kentucky has heard something about the great ice gorges which have filled the Ohio river during the past few weeks but there is not one person in ten who has actually seen these gorges with their own eyes. There are quite a number of people who would like to know the full particulars concerning these immense gorges and it is for the purpose of enlightening them just a little bit that I am writing this article.

There was a tremendous gorge which recently lodged at Ford's Ferry and Weston and for many hours this great ice flow remained at a complete standstill. People came to the river bank from many different parts of the neighborhood, in order to witness the unparalleled spectacle which lay before their eyes. So many interesting reports were issued concerning the size and appearance of the mighty gorge that I finally decided to go down and see it myself.

When I reached the river bank, it was a wonderful sight which greeted my gaze. Large blocks of ice of almost every conceivable size and shape were piled together and they filled the river from one bank to the other. A considerable part of the ice had been ground up into small pieces, but there were quite a number of gigantic cakes which possessed a thickness of 12 to 18 inches and a length and breadth of 10 to 20 feet. The great heaps of ice were not arranged in any systematic manner but piled together in a most varied and irregular fashion. Some of the cakes were piled in layers one upon another; some of them were standing end on end and were pointing straight up toward the sky; and yet again there were many other pieces which were tilted in a leaning attitude and were pointing in as many different directions. It was all, a most interesting and picturesque sight, and there were quite a number of elderly citizens who vowed that they had never seen the like before during all the many years in which they have lived close to the Ohio river.

In some places the ice was heaped up in gigantic piles which looked like steep hills on dry land. A group of young ladies boldly walked out on the ice and climbed upon the top of the biggest ice hill which they could find. There they stood, and calmly gazed up and down the river, while the spectators on the shore marveled at their coolness and daring courage.

During the latter part of the afternoon there was a group of men who walked out into the river, and they went a very considerable distance from the shore. Some of them were laughing and joking while walking around on the ice, but there was one of the men who suddenly became filled with apprehension, and he turned to his companions and said:

"Suppose this gorge was to suddenly break loose and go crashing down the river before we could get out of it? I have a wife and children on the shore and they are depending upon me for support."

He hurried back to the bank as quick as possible and the other members of the party followed him in a more leisurely manner. There was a large number of people who did not dare to get out upon the great ice gorge. I am not ashamed to confess that I was one among this number.

In the meantime the pressure of the water against the ice from above had become increasingly severe and a short while after the party had returned to the shore, the big gorge suddenly broke loose and went sweeping down the river in a most spectacular manner. The water rose about 15 feet in less than two hours which was without a doubt the most amazingly rapid rise the people of this neighborhood have ever seen.

A few days afterward the great ice gorge which had been lodged at Evansville, came floating down the river but it did not stop anywhere that we know of. More than a dozen barges in addition to a number of shanties and a derrick boat, accompanied the last great flow of ice. At the time of the present writing the river has risen to a very considerable height and it is not thought that the people of Ford's Ferry and Weston will ever see such a tremendous gorge of ice as they witnessed several days ago.

Dr. Gilchrist



Instruments for examining conditions inside as well as outside of the eye. Glasses scientifically fitted. Prices reasonable. Office: Paris Bldg. Marion, Ky. Below Farmers Bank.

TRAINS 30,000 HOME SERVICE COMMITTEEMEN

Red Cross With Institutes, Handbook and Bulletins, Teaches Civilian Relief Forces How to Aid Folks "Back Home."

EDITOR'S NOTE.—This is the fifth and last of a series of five articles written by Mr. Fleser on American Red Cross Home Service work in Ohio, Indiana and Kentucky.]

By James L. Fleser, Director, Civilian Relief, Lake Division, American Red Cross.

Organizing and training 30,000 Home Service committeemen to aid families of enlisted men is the most stupendous and pretentious task being undertaken by the American Red Cross within our own borders.

This statement is made without fear of contradiction.

Even were there established social agencies in every community from which men have been drawn for active service, this Red Cross duty would be hardly less difficult, because with the war have come new problems which must be solved, and efficiently too, if the good name of the Red Cross is to be held aloft and the minds of our fighting folk set at ease about the welfare of their loved ones "back home."

To school willing Home Service workers with no previous social training as well as keep professional community workers abreast with new developments, the Red Cross war council established in the Lake division Home Service institutes at Indianapolis, Cincinnati, Columbus and Cleveland, each identified with a strong university and each affiliated with healthy social agencies.

Thirty-five counties were represented by fifty-six students at the first series of institutes, each institute lasting six weeks. A second series has just opened. In addition, chapter courses of instruction are to be established in cities of 25,000 population and over.

There is no guess work about Red Cross Home Service.

Workers are being trained to help citizens gain all sorts of information. If a family has not heard from a son in the service, if the allotment and allowance check is delayed or wrong in amount, if a boy is reported missing, if any one of hundreds of possibilities occur, the Home Service worker must be alert to his or her responsibilities.

To show that there are "hundreds of possibilities" for this service, the American Red Cross has prepared for its committeemen a handbook containing correct answers to 260 questions which these committeemen have already been asked.

Forty-nine answers to questions on army and navy service, running from the composition of the fighting forces to explaining what must be done to assist the family of a man who has entered the service under an assumed name, are given in this handbook.

Eighty-six points on the soldier's and sailor's allowance compensation and war risk insurance are explained. The latter in itself is so large a task that a Home Service worker anticipating a "soft snap" might be driven to cover if there were no handbook or institute course to lessen his perplexity. It is down in black and white how the insurance is written and for whom, how premiums are paid and by whom. Six points of information are provided to cover insurance for crews of merchant vessels and transports.

American Red Cross Home Service for families of enlisted men fighting for our allies causes twenty-nine questions to be answered in the handbook.

All this is supplemented by eighty-five statements giving information on the status of families of discharged men, deserters, and alien enemy families and explaining relationship of the Red Cross to other relief societies and the operation of the Red Cross bureau of camp service and commutation.

Despite the fact that this handbook has just been issued, now and pending questions are arising with such rapidity that the bureau of civilian relief of the Lake division, is planning an informational service to keep its Home Service workers in 154 chapters in step with the fast-moving procession.

War (regardless of the Tuscani calamity and a few scattering casualties)—war and Red Cross Home Service are still in their infancy, but already some 3,000 families of Ohio, Indiana and Kentucky enlisted and selective service men are under the care of Red Cross Home Service workers.

Picture the immensity of the task when the "American offensive" begins.

Red Cross Home Service will be ready. It is democracy's brotherhood in action.

EXEMPTION

(By C. A. Wade.)

What? Seek exemption, when a horde of savage fiends with flame and sword. Their faces toward the setting sun.

Are conquering nations one by one.

With modest Serbia foully crushed,

Rumania's cry for mercy hushed.

And Montenegro's humble folk.

All serving neath the Kaisers yoke.

With martyred Belgium in her tomb

And valiant Italy facing doom;

With bleeding Russia in death throes,

Where brothers rise to meet as foes;

With proud old England on her knees,

While comes the news on every breeze

That gallant France is growing weak—

Yet, your exemption you will seek?

What! ask exemption, when there stands,

A tyrant vile with bloody hands

Upon the threshold of your land

With hoodwinked millions in command,

Whose every wish they gladly do—

His hell born purpose to carry through,

To bring your honored freedom down;

Your country place, beneath his crown,

And now with vengeance they make haste;

To lay your land and country waste,

While spies and traitors at their work

Around your home and fireside lurk;

To do you harm at dead of night—

And blindly feel they're doing right

These traitors, too, in friend ship's mask,

Yet, for exemption, you will ask?

What! take exemption, when the cries

Of human suffering rent the skies

When captured prisoners all because,

Their captors know no human laws

Are slain alike—the young and old,

In blood that runs both slow and cold,

The dying tortured in their pain,

The hapless dead all used for gain;

When doctors, nurses, priests and nuns,

Are butchered by the heartless Huns;

When cruel Germans in their flight,

Kill women on their beds at night,

And helpless infants at their rest,

Are murdered on their mother's breast—

With civil freedom at the stake

Yet, your exemption you will take.

O freedom from your slumber wake,

And never your exemption take!

You'd better die for freedom's sod.

Than to live ashamed to meet your God;

For freedom's truth is being tried—

That truth for which your grand sires died,

And counted life not worth the grave,

If they that truth could not help save.

O Wives and Mothers, save the

day
Ask not your love ones now to stay;
You'd better give them for the fray
Than in the grave their honor lay;
For Freedom's cause they'd better die
Than live their manhood to belie;
For life is death, "to still live on,"
When honor is forever gone.

RED CROSS IS READY TO AID SOLDIERS' KIN

Provides Loans, Grants and Allowances, Where Necessary, to the Fighting Men's Relatives and Charges No Interest.

EDITOR'S NOTE.—This is the third of a series of five articles prepared by Mr. Fleser, who is in charge of civilian relief work in Ohio, Indiana and Kentucky. The subjects of the other two articles in the series still to appear are "What Has Been Done for Home Service Workers" and "The Training of 30,000 Home Service Committeemen."

By James L. Fleser, Director, Bureau Civilian Relief, Lake Division, American Red Cross.

Mrs. Brown is in pressing need of funds to meet her grocery bill and the government check for her separation allowance is slow to arrive.

Or there may be sickness, followed by death and funeral expenses, in the Charnock family circle, for which the government allowance, made because of Private Charnock's enlistment, is insufficient.

Or aged Mr. O'Reilly, overcome by rheumatism, can no longer support himself and Mrs. O'Reilly. Their only son, Barney, is a gunner's mate on a gun of war. Yet there is no government allowance check for the O'Reillys because Barney, for a year or more previous to his enlistment in the navy, did not have to help the "folks" because Father O'Reilly then was able to keep his gang of street rascals and keep up the little home on a side street.

It is for the Browns and Charnocks and O'Reillys that the American Red Cross, through its chapter Home Service Sections, provides monetary relief in the form of loans (without interest), grants and allowances.

And practically every chapter in Ohio, Indiana and Kentucky is preparing to assist, or has prepared and is assisting the Browns, the Charnocks and the O'Reillys. They are also preparing to assist relatives of men serving in the armies and navies of our allies.

Fully Explains Loans.

When it becomes necessary for a Red Cross chapter to loan money to an enlisted man's family, the conditions of repayment are thoroughly explained, the obligations put in writing and signed and the collection of the loan carefully followed up when it becomes due. As has already been stated, the Red Cross does not charge interest for a loan.

Grants may be made necessary by demands which the family income and government allowance cannot be expected to provide for, such as sickness, funerals and need of special training to create or increase earning power. Grants in small amounts may be required to tide over a period of acute distress until proper inquiry can be made and a plan of service decided upon.

Allowances are payments at regular intervals of a stated sum by the Red Cross Home Service Sections to the relatives of a soldier or sailor. They are usually limited, though not always, to those not entitled to government allowances, such as, for example, the families of men serving for one of our allies.

One may wonder how a Red Cross chapter, having almost thousands of dollars worth of supplies available to be made into clothing, food, shoes, socks and other necessities, can spend money for civilian relief work.

Have Civilian Relief Funds.

LAST summer American Red Cross chapters raised more than a million dollars for the Red Cross War Fund. Each chapter was permitted to claim a refund of up to 10 per cent of the amount collected for the purposes of supplies and for the civilian relief work. In making claim for refund, each chapter was required to state how much of the refund was to be expended for civilian relief. And now the chapters are obligated to keep the civilian relief portion for civilian relief work. To date it has not been necessary to draw heavily from this reserve.

IRRESPONSIBLE OF THE DIFFERENCE IN STANDARDS AND CODES OF LIVING BY THE MANY COMMUNITIES LOOKED AFTER BY RED CROSS CHAPTERS, THE AMERICAN RED CROSS WILL NOT BE SATISFIED WITH CIVILIAN RELIEF WORK THAT WILL PERMIT THE LOWERING OF THE STANDARDS OF LIVING OF THE RELATIVES OF AN ENLISTED MAN. RATHER, ITS AIMS TEND TOWARD A BETTERMENT OF THESE STANDARDS.

Protecting Your Children

The long, hard school term drains the vitality of growing children and you wonder why they are listless, puny and pale. Every school child will show marked improvement in health and growth if given

SCOTT'S EMULSION

Its rich, uniform cod liver oil gets into their blood and gives them vim, snap and zest. It creates strength to resist school sicknesses, overcome pinched faces, sallow complexions and dull eyes. High authorities have established again and again that cod liver oil promotes growth and energizes the body and brain.

The imported Norwegian cod liver oil always used in Scott's Emulsion is now refined in our own American laboratories which guarantees it free from impurities. Scott & Bowne, Bloomfield, N. J.

17-15

MY VALENTINE.

Who fills my thoughts from morn till night,
Imbuing them with love and light,
Till even cheerless ways seem bright?
My Valentine!

Who turns life's Winter into May,
Makes labor wear the guise of play
And charms parterres from sterile clay?
My Valentine!

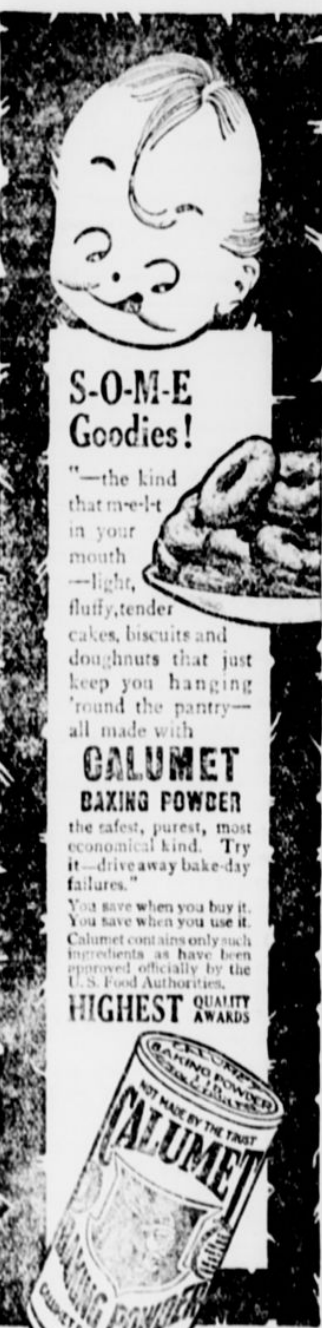
Who loves me for myself alone,
Scorns gold and never yet has known
To want a dollar for his own?
My Valentine!

Who patiently hears me rehearse
My little ventures into verse,
And never says: "It might be worse!"?
My Valentine!

Who makes me play the scaramouch?
Who pulls me off my Sunday couch,
And screams with joy when I cry, "Ouch!"?
My Valentine!

Who twists my hair and rubs my head,
Until I look both fierce and weird,
Then chuckles when I'm rudely jeered?
My Valentine!

Who robs me of all dignity,
And, though he's only just turned three,
Like a Kaiser ruleth me?
My Valentine!



S-O-M-E Goodies!

"—the kind that melt in your mouth—light, fluffy, tender cakes, biscuits and doughnuts that just keep you hanging 'round the pantry—all made with

CALUMET BAKING POWDER

the safest, purest, most economical kind. Try it—drive away baked failures."

You save when you buy it. You save when you use it. Calumet contains only such ingredients as have been approved officially by the U. S. Food Authorities.

HIGHEST QUALITY AWARDS

MADE BY THE CALUMET BAKING POWDER CO. CHICAGO

Prayer By Billy Sunday In House Of Representatives.

We thank Thee that we are Americans and live beneath the protecting fold of Stars and Stripes. We thank Thee that Thou canst look over the battle-mens of glory on our land and see that there is not one stain on any star or stripe. We thank Thee for our happy homes. We thank Thee for our wives and little ones. We thank Thee for the comfort and peace of our

And in Thy own time, and in Thy own way, we pray Thee, that Thou wilt release the white-winged dove of peace until it shall dispet the storm and clouds that hang lowering over this sin-cursed, blood-stained and sorrow-ing world, and when it is all over we will uncover our heads and lift up our faces to the heavens and sing with new meaning, "My Country 'Tis of Thee. Sweet Land of Liberty of Thee I Sing." And the praises shall come to Thee forever more through Jesus Christ. Amen.

Shipyard And Woolen Mill At Baltimore Fired By Incendiary

Baltimore, Feb. 9.—The ship-building plant of Henry Smith & Company, and the Curtis Bay Oeilas woolen mills were fired about the same time tonight. The shipping plant loss was about half a million and the woolen mill loss about \$200,000. A watchman fired at the incendiary at the shipping plant, who jumped into the water.

For Indigestion, Constipation or Biliousness

Just try one 50-cent bottle of **LAX-FOS WITH PEPSIN**. A Liquid Digestive Laxative pleasant to take. Made and recommended to the public by Paris Medicine Co., manufacturers of Laxative Bromo Quinine and Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic.

American Ship Is Sunk Six Lives Were Lost.

New York, Feb. 12.—Word of the loss of the American steamship *Alamance*, owned by the Garland Steamship Corporation and the resultant loss of six lives, was received in shipping circles here.

The *Alamance*, which left New York on January 17, was torpedoed off the English coast, it was reported. She was a vessel of 3,000 tons. There were no Americans lost.

The *Rockingham*, a sister ship of the *Alamance*, was torpedoed off the Irish coast May 1, 1917. Two lives were lost.

The ship had a crew of fifty-five and a naval gun complement of twenty-three. Her commander was Capt. E. E. Johnson.

Whenever You Need a General Tonic Take Grove's.

The Old Standard Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic is equally valuable as a General Tonic because it contains the well known tonic properties of QUININE and IRON. It acts on the Liver, Drives out Malaria, Enriches the Blood and Builds up the Whole System. 60 cents

Bomb Thrown At Kaiser's Palace.

London, Feb. 12.—A bomb was thrown at the imperial palace in Berlin by strikers Saturday evening, according to Berlin advices received by the way of Berne.

Youth Breaks His Neck While Skating On Pond.

Lexington, Ky., Feb. 14.—Preston Green, 12 years old, of Ford, is dead from a broken neck but he lived two days that way. He fell while skating, striking his head on a railroad tie. He played three hours, complained of pains in his head and back, became unconscious and remained so until his death. Harvey Collins, a student at Berea, fell while skating and was found with his head frozen to the ice. He is still unconscious.

Iowa Boys Husk 40 Acres Of Corn In Forty Minutes.

Des Moines, Iowa.—All records for corn husking in Iowa have been broken by the soldier boys at Camp Dodge.

Major Arthur Black, co-operating with Secretary Ralph Bolton of the Greater Des Moines committee, assigned 200 soldiers to the job of husking a forty acre corn field near Camp Dodge.

They husked the forty acres in forty minutes, an acre a minute.

WAR DEMANDS TRAINING OF MORE NURSES

Thousands of Young Women Are Needed to Fill Ranks of Nurses in Red Cross Service

Thousands of patriotic young women throughout the country are looking for ways in which they can serve the government at the present time.

The Bureau of Nursing of the Lake Division, American Red Cross, Cleveland, points out that there is no form of service open to women more greatly needed than that rendered by the nurses of the country.

The Red Cross Nursing Service—for which most registered nurses are eligible—constitutes the reserve for the army and the navy nurse corps. It is calling for many hundreds of highly qualified nurses for service abroad in our own hospitals and those of our allies. It is also calling many hundreds for service in the base hospitals in our cantonments.

"We have," says Miss Roberts, "nurses enough to meet our present need, but in order to maintain our health standards at home during and after the war and to continue to care for our armies many more must be trained."

The need for skilled nurses during the next few years will be the greatest the world has ever known and the number of students in the spring classes now being enrolled in the schools for nurses throughout the country should be limited only by the teaching facilities of the schools and by the clinical facilities of the hospitals with which they are connected.

The committee on nursing of the general medical board of the Council of National Defense has encouraged those hospitals possessing sufficient clinical material to increase their facilities for the thorough training of nurses and in many instances this has been done.

Following are some of the advantages in nursing education and some points a young woman should consider in selecting a training school:

1 Nursing education not only prepares for a large variety of professional fields, but is an excellent preparation for home and family life and for public service in many ways.

2 Almost upon enrollment the student begins her service to the community in helping to care for the sick, as a part of her instruction and training.

3 Life in most schools is healthy, wholesome, simple and regular. It is full of vivid human interest, the student sharing in deepest realities of life.

4 The graduate of a good school steps at once into regular professional life and work with an assured livelihood. No weary struggle to get a foothold—to show what she can do. The hospital has carried her over that stage. Her work is ready and waiting for her if she successfully completes her training.

5 The student is at no expense for tuition, board, lodging, laundry, uniform, etc., in the great majority of schools. Only a few schools charge a tuition fee, for preparatory course. The student is also cared for in illness.

6 Salaries compare favorably with salaries of other trained women. In some fields they are higher than the average. Especially is this true of teaching and administrative work either in institutions or in Public Health Nursing. Opportunities for advancement are many and steadily increasing.

Choice of Training School.

(a) Be careful in choosing a training school. Be sure that its diploma will enable you to register in your state.

(b) That its educational standards are good.

(c) That it offers thorough training in medical, surgical, children's and maternity nursing.

(d) That the housing and living conditions are such as to ensure the health and well-being of students.

(e) That the working conditions are modern and the hours reasonable.

(f) That the general standing of the school and its graduates is good. Where any doubt exists on this point further advice should be sought, through officials of the State Nurses' Association or the State Board of Examiners.

Addresses and further information can be obtained by writing to the Bureau of Nursing, Lake Division, American Red Cross, Garfield building, Cleveland.

The American Red Cross has provided \$122,000 worth of supplies for the relief of sufferers in Guatemala. A party of experienced Red Cross relief workers has also been sent to Guatemala.

The American Red Cross in France does not admit to its staff any American of draft age unless they present the proper credentials from the United States military or naval authorities, giving the reasons why they are not qualified for military or naval service.

At present there are 2,352,079 Red Cross members in Ohio, Indiana and Kentucky.

PROGRESS IN HOME BUILDING

Human Dwellings Show Marked Advancement in the Great Art of Architecture.

The history of human dwellings is largely the history of the human race. No other feature of social life is equally expansive in the vistas it opens upon all sides of human interest. No other chain stretches so far back or carries the student over so wide an area of the life of the globe.

Mankind has progressed in the art of house building as he has in the other arts, and there is a vast degree of difference between the lacustral huts of the lake dwellers (presumed to be the first house men built with their hands) and the highly decorated architecture of the Renaissance. For long ages man was content to house himself in the humblest fashion, says an exchange.

The first houses were caves. Early man was a fighting animal, and had to contend against the huge and ferocious beasts that infested the plains and rivers. His dwelling naturally had to be a place of security as well as a habitation. Caves were natural and artificial, the latter being hollowed out of the solid rock by rude flint instruments. Most of them were formed in the sides of cliffs and among high, rugged hills.

To those early ancestors of ours, the primeval men and women who sheltered, as one would think, but scanty and protection from these stone caves and holes in the rocks, we apply the generic term of cliff dwellers.

Belgian Literature.

One of the outstanding literary results of the war has been the discovery by English-speaking people of Belgian literature. Except for Maeterlinck and Verhaeren the considerable body of important Flemish writers has been unknown to the majority of Americans, largely because of the lack of translations and adequate criticism. Those who desire a greater familiarity with the literature of Belgium will be interested in the announcement that G. Turquet-Milne's critical study, "Some Modern Belgian Writers," is about to be published. A book by Turquet-Milne discusses the life and work of a dozen or so of the more important writers of the last thirty years; among others, Georges Eekhoud, Max Elskamp, Camille Lemonnier, as well as Maeterlinck and Verhaeren. The volume has a preface by Edmund Gosse.

Alleged French Magic.

Not only is witchcraft a cause of internal troubles in Morocco, but it is said that the German government in its efforts to limit French influence in that land made use of the credulous believers to hamper the French. Part and parcel of the difficulties of the time when the "Morocco question" agitated Europe and seemed about to precipitate war long before the great war began, was the efforts of what were supposed to be German agents to keep the wireless from being erected in Morocco by the French on the statement that it was French magic and had the power of instantly transporting an army through the air with all its ammunition and its guns. For a time the eager belief of the Moroccans made it difficult for the French to have the aid of the wireless to protect their vast investment. In developing that rich country.

Japan Not Likely to Help.

Dr. Toyokichi Iwanga, director of East and West News Bureau, says Japanese trade has reached the billion mark. Her investments in bonds and notes of the entente powers total \$300,000,000. Gold reserve in the Bank of Japan and the government vaults amounts to \$100,000,000. Japan has cleared the oriental trade routes, but there is no chance of her sending troops to the battlefields. To transport 1,000,000 Japanese soldiers, 1,000 ocean-going ships of 4,000 tons each would be required. Japan has only seventy ships of 5,000 tons or more.

Restores Brightness.

For gilt frames use the water in which onions have been boiled, as it will restore their brightness.

FLASHLIGHTS

The fellow who can do better work than his neighbor and doesn't is a failure.

Golf is a good deal like life; too many of us are satisfied to be just ordinary players.

A lost reputation may sometimes be recovered, but it never looks just the same.

A woman's idea of luck is to find a dollar she didn't know she had among the receipts and unused transfers in her shopping bag.

This Is Our Winter of Test

SERVING food is a local problem for each community. Prices and definite rules for every one cannot be formulated. It is a duty for each one to eat only so much as is necessary to maintain the human body healthy and strong. This winter of 1918 is the period when it is to be tested here in America whether our people are capable of voluntary individual sacrifice to save the world. That is the purpose of the organization of the United States Food Administration—by voluntary effort to provide the food that the world needs.

NEED BIG HERDS

Europe's Meat Supply Must Come From America.

Warring Nations Have Depleted Live Stock at Enormous Rate, Even Killing Dairy Cattle For Food.

American stock breeders are being asked to conserve their flocks and herds in order to meet Europe's tremendous demands for meats during the war and probably for many years afterward.

The United States food administration reports that American stock raisers have shown a disposition to co-operate with the government in increasing the nation's supply of live stock.

Germany today is probably better supplied with live stock than any other European nation. When the German armies made their big advance into France and then retreated virtually all the cattle in the invaded territory—approximately 1,800,000 head—were driven behind the German lines.

But in England—where 2,400,000 acres of pasture lands have been turned into grain fields—the cattle herds are decreasing rapidly. One of the reasons apparently is the declining maximum price scale adopted by the English as follows: For September, \$17.76 per 100 pounds; October, \$17.28; November and December, \$16.08; January, \$14.40. The effect of these prices was to drive beef animals on the market as soon as possible.

In France the number of cattle as well as the quality have shown an enormous decline during the war. Where France had 14,807,000 head of cattle in 1913, she now has only 12,341,000, a decrease of 16.6 per cent. And France is today producing only one gallon of milk compared to two and one-half gallons before the war.

Denmark and Holland have been forced to sacrifice dairy herds for beef because of the lack of necessary feed. Close study of the European meat situation has convinced the Food Administration that the future problem of America lies largely in the production of meat producing animals and dairy products rather than in the production of cereals for export when the war will have ceased.

BRITISH GOVERNMENT HELPS PAY FOR BREAD

There has been much misunderstanding about the bread program in England. It is true that the Englishman buys a loaf of bread for less than an American can, but it is poorer bread, and the British government is paying \$200,000,000 a year toward the cost of it.

All the grain grown in Great Britain is taken over by the government at an arbitrary price and the imported wheat purchased on the markets at the prevailing market price. This is turned over to the mills by the government at a price that allows the adulterated war bread loaf of four pounds to sell at 18 cents, the two pound loaf at 9 cents and the one pound loaf at 5 cents.

In France, under conditions somewhat similar, but with a larger extraction, the four pound loaf sells for 16 cents.

MAKING MEATLESS DAYS PERMANENT.

In the meatless menu there is a fertile field for developing new and nourishing dishes, according to E. H. Niles, writing in the *Hotel Gazette*, who believes that the present shortage of meat and fats will not end with the coming of peace, but may grow more acute and continue for five or six years, thus making it worth while to develop menus of grain, vegetables and fish on a more or less permanent basis. Meat can be replaced by cereals and other protein foods, or may be served in very small portions as a flavoring for other food. In making up meatless menus this author finds our American Creole and southern cuisines a broad field for investigation.

CRITTENDEN RECORD-PRESS

Marion, Ky., Feb. 28, 1918.

S. M. JENKINS.
Editor and Publisher

Entered as second-class matter Feb. 9th 1878 at the postoffice at Marion, Kentucky, under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1877.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES
\$1.50 per year cash in advance.

Advertising Rates.

50c per inch S. C. Foreign Advertising
25c per inch S. C. Home Advertising
Repeated ads one-half rate.
Metal bases for Plates and Electro
Locals or Readers
5c per line in this size type.
10c per line in this size type
15c per line in this size type.
Obituaries 5c per line
Cards of Thanks 5c per line
Resolutions of respect 5c a line

Cash
With
Copy



... This paper has enlisted with the government in the cause of America for the period of the war ...

Have You Thought

On These Things.

Have you looked at that clear-eyed, splendid boy of yours or your neighbor's, who has everything in life to live for, but who is offering it all on the altar of civilization because of Germany's scheme to crush and dominate the world?

Have you thought of this awful cost we must pay because Germany is running amuck down the streets of civilization, murdering men and women everywhere.

And when the depths of your soul have been reached as you think of these things, can you for a moment hesitate at any sacrifice of food or comfort or life itself, if need be, to stand behind the millions of our boys and men who go forth to fight the red-handed murderer who has deluged the world with blood?

For nearly half a century Germany's leaders have ceaselessly taught that by the sword Germany must extend its power, its accursed "Kultur" and its domination over other countries. In family life, in schools, in universities, all under the devil-inspired teaching of Germany's leaders in government and in military life, this awful doctrine has been made to mold the character of the German people.

Her army was definitely organized for the work and was trained to feel that it had been created to carry terror and destruction by frightfulness so that no nation would dare risk its envenomed barbarism, and that the time would come when Germany, feeling that "The Day" had arrived, would turn loose its mighty war machine of rape and murder and destruction that the captured countries despoiled of their inhabitants would become the home of Germans.

He who has studied Germany as voiced from the throne, in the teaching in its universities, and by its philosophers and military leaders, was indeed a dullard if he failed to see the trend of Germany's definitely planned war preparations. And now the world must suffer the awful agonies of the battlefield and hear the unending cry of the widows and orphans and other whose loved ones have gone down to death in the struggle to save civilization from the dagger of the murderer, from the tomb of the Zeppelin, from the torpedo which smells of the fumes of the sulphur of the lower world, from the outrager of women and the killer of helpless children.

This premeditated, foreordained war, enthusiastically predicted

ed for years by German leaders, has cast its awful shadow over the world, and we must face the mighty issue, for there is no escape for us except through Germany's defeat. — Manufacturers Record, Feb. 14th., 1918.

Train That Will Carry

Soldiers Boys To Camp.

The following increments were furnished from Kentucky cities enroute, with hours of departure of men.

Wickliffe—15 men; leave at 2:30 a. m. and board special train at Fulton at 3:30 a. m.

Bardwell—25 men; leave 2:44 a. m.

Clinton—16 men; leave 3:07 a. m.

Mayfield—57 men; leave 8:15 a. m.

Paducah—20 men; leave 9 a. m.

Murray—38 men; leave 7:21 a. m.

Benton—35 men; leave 7:55 a. m.

Eddyville—10 men; leave 10:06 a. m.

Princeton—13 men; leave 10:34 a. m.

Marion—14 men; leave 10:00 a. m. and join train at Princeton at 10:55 a. m.

Dixon—17 men; leave 6:30 a. m. and join train at Princeton at 10:55 a. m.

Greenville—42 men; leave 12:05 p. m. (noon.)

Hodgenville—1 man; leave 6:26 a. m.

Leitchfield—5 men; leave 6:26 a. m.

The Smithland delegation will leave on the preceding day, going to Paducah on the steamer Dorothy.

A TEXAS WONDER.

The Texas Wonder cures kidney and bladder troubles, dissolves gravel, cures diabetes, weak and lame back, rheumatism and irregularities of the kidneys and bladder in both men and women. Regulates bladder troubles in children. If not sold by your druggist, will sent by mail on receipt of \$1.00. One small bottle is two months' treatment, and seldom fails to perfect a cure. Send for sworn testimonials, Dr. E. W. Hall, 2925 Olive St., St. Louis, Mo. Sold by druggists.—Advertisement.

SALEM

Mrs. J. D. Farris delightfully entertained a few of her friends at dinner Feb. 14th. Those present were Miss May Fleming, of Birdsville; Mrs. J. O. Gray, Mrs. Cecil Ellis and son, Rob LaRue, R. A. LaRue and wife.

Mrs. J. O. Gray delightfully entertained Feb. 16th, in honor of Mr. Gray's 62nd birthday. The guests were J. A. Fleming and wife and daughter, Miss May, of Birdsville; Homer Maddox and family, J. R. Gray and family, R. A. LaRue and family.

Dave Cochran has moved to the property which he bought from John Pace some time ago.

Thomas Carter has moved to the farm he bought near Mullikin some time ago.

Riley Lockhart and family, of Missouri, are visiting relatives and friends here. Rye has been away nine years.

Bishop Rapolee reported Monday at Smithland for the service of his country.

C. B. Ellis moved his tractor to Jake Farris' farm Saturday and will demonstrate plowing as soon as the ground is dry enough.

Miss Nola Butler is visiting relatives near Hampton this week.

BELL'S MINES

Orville Yates was in Marion Thursday on business.

Mrs. Bud Newcom and Miss Maggie Stewart, of Grangertown, attended the dance at G. D. Rutherford's Wednesday night.

Mrs. J. W. Nunn is seriously ill.

Miss Bessie Davidson spent Sunday night the guest of Miss Effie Hazel.

E. Vernon Fox was in Marion Thursday on business.

Mrs. Georgia Yates is on the sick list.

W. K. Powell, the county assessor, was in our midst last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Bud Shields and son, Wilbur, Miss Louise Utley and a Mr. Stals of Union county, attended church here Sunday.

Jim Newcom has changed winter resorts. You will find him at Fred Barnaby's.—Patriot.

THE KAISER MET THE DEVIL

The Kaiser met the devil in an agitated way, and the devil stopped his prodding, just to hear what Bill would say.

Bill approached him quit coitritely, for he wanted something done; he would make his last endeavor to enlist him with the Hun.

So he said, "My dear good Satan, I'm in trouble. I'm afraid if we do not work together, sure as hell my grave is made. I have worried and I've wondered, and the Huns stand in dismay, when they hear the preparation over in the U. S. A.

"I had thought that GOTT was with me, but of late He's hard as bone, so I've come for your assistance and w'll oust Him from his throne. Now dear Satan, won't you help me? We're a team that would work well, and when the awful war is over w'll own Heaven, Earth and Hell.

"I surely am disgusted with the Gott up in the skies, instead of helping me. He's helping the Allies. Just say the word and I'll abide; you come along, but I'll decide; and tonight at just eleven, I'll call out a string of Zepellins and w'll make araid on heaven.

All this while old Satan wondered, scratched his head and then he pondered. When he found his equilibrium, after Bill had gotten through, he addressed Bill Hohenzollern in these words, severe but true.

"You're a dirty lowbrow ingrate, you're the worst I ever knew you are dippy, talking flighty, and to win your greatest blunder you would wreck your GOD ALMIGHTY.

"You for years have had a notion that you had a regular call, and some day you'd rule in Heaven, but, oh Bill, you'll get a fall. And this fall is not far distant, it is coming sure as hell, for the Allies have your measure and they'll fix you good and well.

"You have stooped to the lowest level, you have broken every rule, all the world is now against you, you're a great big jackass fool.

"I don't like your talk or methods, I'm the devil, that is true but you've wrecked and butchered millions, and I have no use for you.

"Look at Belgium, poor, bleeding Belgium; look at France, and England too; all because you had a notion that you could the world subdue.

"For punishing, I've a reputation, but I've watched you all the while, and for downright, ornery meanness you have the Devil skinned a mile.

"All the fire and the brimstone, all the groans and shrieks of hell, you have equaled and surpassed them, and you know it mighty well.

"Now Kaiser Wilhelm, listen, you'll not finish what you've started, the Hohenzollern family and throne will soon have parted.

"You heard from President Wilson, he told you what he'd do, but you thought he was only bluffing, now you know he's coming through. Over there they're training soldiers, and my God, how they can fight! They'll get your dirty carcass because they're fighting for the right.

"When the bugle call is sounded, you will have no time to pray for they're coming on in millions and they hail from U. S. A.

SEVEN SPRINGS

Rev. Cunningham, pastor at Seven Springs, will preach two important sermons here at our next regular meeting day in March. His text on Saturday will be "Beware of Dogs," and on Sunday his text will be "Sowing and Reaping." Everybody invited.

John Patton, of Mexico, visited his mother Sunday.

Mrs. Nellie Perkins, Misses Ina and Adgie Stubblefield, of Emmaus, visited Mr. and Mrs. M. L. Patton last week.

Floyd Brown visited Newt McKinney Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Willie Sunderland received a message last week from Camp Zachary Taylor that their son, Ray, was seriously ill.

Elmer McKinney, of near Hebron, Lyon Co., visited relatives and friends here Friday and Saturday.

Martin Asbridge and family, of near Elm Grove, visited Billie Campbell last week.

Winton Brasher visited his mother near Caldwell Springs last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Charley Duncan have been quite sick the past week.

Earl Bell and wife, of near Marion, visited relatives here Sunday.

The so-called windy month is almost at hand, but we will gladly welcome gentle spring.

FOR SALE.

My residence of 6 rooms and 2 halls on corner of Walker and Bellville streets. Big shady yard, two wells, garden, stable and lot. Mrs. O. H. Paris.

SHERIDAN

Hello! here we come again, after a long delay.

Mr. Taylor Dawson of this place will leave for North Dakota the first of March.

Mr. Baetty Terry is moving in the house with Mr. B. B. Terry of Sheridan.

Mr. A. H. Reed is having some nice new buildings put up for his miners near here.

The singing at Mrs. Dean Bebout's Saturday night was very much enjoyed by those who were present.

Mrs. Ida A. Lister

ROLL OF HONOR

A List of Those Who Have Renewed or Paid Their Subscription.

Asher, Mrs John G; city,	July 1918
Alves, Miss Electa; Salem,	Aug 1918
Allen, B I; Salem star route,	Nov 1918
Belt, Rupert; Lexington,	May 1918
Belt, B W; Salem,	Sept 1918
Brannam, Maude; Fredonia,	May 1918
Blackburn, Mrs E B; city,	Sept 1918
Browning, E E; Hopkinsville,	Dec 1918
Brasher, Percy; Fredonia,	Dec 1918
Butler, G B; Forsythe, Ill.,	Jan 1919
Black, W T; city,	Nov 1918
Bland, Mrs W C; Uniontown,	Dec 1918
Boston, J N; city,	Dec 1918
Boston, Ted; Green Pond, S C,	Feb 1918
Butler, R K; city,	Feb 1919
Bigham, W F; Crayne,	Jan 1919
Baker, J G; county,	Dec 1918
Brantley, J M; Gladstone,	Dec 1918
Belt, T D; Sheridan,	Dec 1918
Baker, Willie; Tribune,	Mch 1919
Boisture, D E; Crayne,	Feb 1919
Blackburn, W A; Paducah,	Jan 1919
Blackburn, G E; city,	Aug 1918
Belt, W E; city,	Jan 1919
Chandler, V O; city,	Jan 1919
Cook, R B; city,	June 1918
Christian, V L; city,	Dec 1918
Cruce, W R; Crayne,	Jan 1919
Clark, Mrs Nancy; city,	Dec 1918
Croft, Earl; Salem,	Oct 1918
Clement, J I; city,	Dec 1918
Crier, Jack; Oklahoma,	Jan 1919
Corley, Mrs W T; county,	Feb 1919
Cook, James R; county,	Jan 1919
Carter, Mrs Hugh; county,	June 1918
Clark, H H; Salem star route,	Dec 1918
Drennon, V L; Tribune,	Jan 1919
Deboe, J P; Arkansas,	Nov 1918
Duvall, A J; city,	Jan 1919
Davison, A U; Keota, Okla.,	Dec 1918
Dean, J N; city,	Dec 1918
Doughtrey, Mrs Clyde; Mo.,	Feb 1919
Dunn, Miss Lillie Belle; city,	June 1918
Dubbins, W H; Fredonia,	Apr 1918
Decker, G E; Illinois,	Feb 1919
Drennon, A C; Missouri,	Oct 1918
Dollar, G U; city,	Dec 1918
Elder, Rufus; city,	Oct 1918
Enoch, Walter; city,	Jan 1919
Eaton, Rev E M; county,	June 1918
Ford, Jas M; F F route,	Jan 1918
Ford, Rule H; Madisonville,	Jan 1918
Flanary, W H; city,	Jan 1919
Franklin, Hershel; F F route,	Jan 1919
Fritts, Mrs Lou; city,	Mch 1918
Grassham, Nettie; Oklahoma Jan 1919	
Gill, Jas B; county,	Oct 1918
Gass, Fred E; county,	Mch 1918
Hickin, J T; city,	Jan 1919
Howell, G W; Sikeston, Mo.,	Nov 1918
Heath, F B; Corbin, Ky.,	Jan 1919
Harper, Girtie; Fredonia,	Oct 1918
Howard, John; Indiana,	Oct 1918
Hopper, R C; Memphis, Tenn.,	Nov 1918
Haynes, R E; city,	Dec 1918
Hughes, L L; county,	Feb 1919
Haynes, J G; Buncheon, Mo.,	Jan 1919
Hughes, C H; Jackson, Mich,	Feb 1919
Hard, L S; Monument, N M.,	Dec 1918
Hodges, A V; county,	Feb 1919
Humphreys, C E; Tolu,	Feb 1919
Johnson, R L; F F star route,	Dec 1918
James, I H; city,	Jan 1919
Jacobs, B F; Millersburg, O.,	Dec 1918
King, J H; Repton,	Feb 1918
Lear, Robert; city,	Jan 1919
Lamb, Claude; city,	Dec 1918
Lucas, Taylor; Repton,	Oct 1918
Lowery, Sig; Bowling Green,	Sept 1918
Lowery, W S; Salem star r.,	Jan 1919
Murphy, Anthony; city,	June 1918
Moreland, Dr C G; city,	Jan 1919
Morgan, J P; St Louis, Mo.,	Oct 1918
Moore, R L; city,	Jan 1919
Martin, H E; California,	Oct 1918
McCaslin, Jesse; Crayne,	May 1918
McConnell, Mrs Pink; Illinois,	Jan 1919
McDowell, M G; Shy Grove,	Jan 1919
Nunn, C S; Frankfort,	Jan 1919
Nunn, R I; city,	Dec 1918
Nunn, Roy; Sullivan,	Feb 1919
Newcom, W H; Sullivan,	Jan 1919
Orr, Albert; Repton,	Aug 1918
Parrish, Mrs Clyde; Illinois,	Feb 1919
Perkins, Hern; city,	Feb 1919
Paris Bunyan C; city,	Feb 1918
Paris Mrs Lucy; Mena, Ark.,	Nov 1918
Perry, Mrs Alma; city,	Jan 1919
Pickens, Otho; Mesa, Ariz.,	Dec 1918
Roberts, Mrs Ida; Oklahoma,	Oct 1918
Shuttlesworth, G N; Murray,	Sept 1918
Short, H R; city,	Oct 1918
Stout, Bert; county,	Jan 1919
Sunderland, Cora; Fredonia,	May 1918
Simpson, Walter; county,	Dec 1918
Stephens, Ann; county,	Nov 1918
Stephenson, T H; Fredonia,	Feb 1919
Scott, Mrs Mary; Gladstone,	Apr 1918
Travis, E J; city,	Jan 1919
Thomas, R H; Sheridan,	Jan 1919
Torrell, W O; Providence,	Sept 1918
Travis, John H; city,	Nov 1918
Tucker, W O; city,	Dec 1918
Taylor, Creed A; city,	Jan 1918
Terry, John M; Blackford,	Mch 1919
Towery, Eddie; Tribune,	Feb 1919
Tucker, J T; Tribune,	Jan 1919
Taylor, G B; Salem,	Mch 1919
Towery, J C; Bowling Green,	Sept 1918
Vaughn, J R; F F star route,	Jan 1919
Weldon, John; Tiline,	Sept 1918
Wheeler, R F; city,	Jan 1919
Walker hospital; Evansville,	Jan 1919
Walker, Mrs Fannie; Illinois,	May 1919
Woodridge Mrs H D; N M.,	Feb 1919
Wofford, W H; Washington,	Aug 1918
Wigginton, H; Kansas,	Feb 1919
Walker, Chas H; Anniston	Oct 1918
Walker, Joseph B; Gladstone	Jan 1918
Yanell, T J; city,	Jan 1919

GLADSTONE

Mr. John Philips and family, and Mrs John Robertson and family visited their mother near Baker last Saturday night and Sunday.

Mr. Bonnie Crowell spent the day last Sunday with Mr. Ralph Philips at Gladstone.

Miss Lulah Parish and her Brother Clifton spent the day with their sister last Sunday.

Misses Nancy and Zola Mayes were in Gladstone shopping.

Mr. E. E. Philips and family spent last Saturday night and Sunday with Mr. Rossie Brantley in the village of Gladstone.

Mr. Joe Brantley has been on the sick list the last week.

Mr. Joel Walker near Gladstone, started to Missouri last week.

Mr. Jim Robertson and John has been hauling off tobacco two days last week.

Mr. Ralph Philips, near Gladstone, visited his cousin, E. E. McKinley last Sunday in Blackford.

MIDWAY

Miss Cordie Sigler, of Marion, spent the latter part of last week with her mother.

Mrs. Ida Hill and M. A. Sigler spent Thursday with Mrs. Robt Kemper of this place.

Prayer meeting every Thursday night everyone is invited to come.

Tiller Sigler and wife visited her father Saturday night and Sunday.

Miss Etta Hunt, of Pleasant Hill section, spent Saturday night with Vitula Jennings.

Mrs. Charley Hunt and son, Victor, and Ethel Rice attended church at Ennon Saturday and Sunday.

Miss Lilly Moore is visiting her sister, Mrs. T. F. Sigler, this week.

Mrs. Jane Hamby has returned home after three weeks' absence from her daughter.

Kirby Paris and family visited Shelby Matthews, of Frances, Saturday night.

Hugh Agee and wife were the guests of Will Paris Sunday.

BELLMONT

Mrs. Ara Hillyard, has the measles at her sister's, Mrs. Lola Alexander's.

Herman Brown and family, have moved home, his wife has been staying with her father, V. C. Crayne of Marion, to be close to the doctor, on the account of her health.

Era, the little daughter of F. D. Crayne has been quite sick, the past week.

Mrs. Maud Guess, has been the guest of her Aunt, Mrs. Nellie Bagg, the past few days of last week.

Ben Crier and wife, of Providence, are visiting relatives and friends in this community, they also are going to move back to Bob Brown's place to make a crop.

"Aunt" Catherine James has been confined for some time, and is reported no better.

Mr. Ernest Davis and wife, of Farmersville were the guests of her father, Jim Gilliland, Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. Fred Crayne, Frank Hunt, Will Crayne, and Guy Crier went to Illinois last week to look for locations.

Mrs. Lillie Crayne and little daughter, Era, have been the guests of Mrs. Hattie Crier while her husband is in Illinois.

Mrs. Emma Coleman and children, Lewis and Elsie spent last Sunday the guests of John McConnell and family.

Elsie Andrews has the measles. Our school closed Friday, the 22, with several pupils, and a few patrons.

Mr. Small taught a good school, and we wish him good luck and success in all his undertakings.

Mrs. Melville Crayne, spent one day last week the guests of Mrs. Carrie Hill.

Mrs. Ella Thimason, and daughter Cleo, who has been in this community this winter, has returned to her brother's, Bob Thimason's of Dycusburg.

Miss Susie Ethridge, who was very sick with tonsillitis the past week is able to be up again.

Miss Alta Gilliland who is staying with Mrs. Jim Lowery of Fredonia spent the week end at her Father's.

Mrs. Annie Bell McConnell, sold her chickens before the market closed, they bringing her the nice sum of \$66.42, for 76 chickens. — Snow Drop.

Novel Water Heater.

One of the numerous new electric heaters has the form of a nickel tube seven inches long, with the usual cord and plug connecting to a lamp socket. The resistance coil in the tube becomes intensely hot very quickly, and it is claimed that shaving water in which the tube is immersed will be heated in less than a minute. In a little longer time small quantities of water or other liquids can be raised to boiling.

PERSONALS

E. L. Harpending, Notary Public
Gasoline is cash. This means you and everybody else.
Foster & Tucker garage.

Judge H. Koltinsky spent last week in Evansville visiting his folks.

Weems Croft, of Mexico, spent the week-end in the city the guest of friends.

Children's gingham dresses on sale, newest styles at Lottie Tinsley Terry's.

Miss Juliet Pope has returned home from Weston, where she has been teaching.

Haynes & Taylor pays the cost of a trial by refunding your money if Hyomei fails to relieve that cough or cold you have.

Mrs. E. M. Croft and daughter Ruth have gone to Jacksonville, Fla., where they will spend the remainder of the winter.

WANTED—To rent rooms to gentleman.

Mrs. J. W. Goodloe.

Miss Elizabeth Rochester will leave Thursday for Evansville to be the guest of her aunt, Mrs. H. M. Hackett, on Adams ave.

Spring and summer hats on display at Lottie Tinsley Terry's.

Miss Mary Ray, of Fredonia, returned to her home Sunday afternoon after being the house guest of Miss Elizabeth Rochester.

FOR SALE—A piano at a bargain.

Mrs. Bessie Ice.

John V. Hughes, who belongs to the U. S. naval training station at Charleston, S. C., arrived here last week to visit his parents, Mr. and Mrs. L. L. Hughes of the Chapel Hill section.

FOR SALE—White Leghorn roosters \$1.00 each.
S. M. Jenkins.

George Dollar left Sunday morning for Hiawatha, Kan., to reside with his uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. R. T. Mayes. Mr. Mayes, who had been here for a visit, accompanied him.

See the line of new spring coats and coat suits at Lottie Tinsley Terry's.

Mrs. Geo. Orme and Mrs. Hort Yates returned home from Louisville Monday after having visited their husbands and also attended the big parade on Feb. 22.

Mayes, Dean and Company are in the market for white shucked corn at \$1.65 per bushel.

H. F. Martin and his family who have leased the handsome home of Mr. and Mrs. Maurie Nunn, on Bellville street, will move in next week.

Any party who wishes to sell mules while they are high, can secure a good work animal young or old from me. I have work horse and mare, one brood mare, two coming 3 year old fillies and horse, for sale on easy terms.
S. M. Jenkins.

The party who took the double trees, single trees and stey chains off of the broken down wagon on the Salem road near Oak Grove, will please return them at once and save trouble.

Just received a car of, Horse Mule, and Dairy feed, which we will sell close for cash.
R. F. Wheeler.

Malcolm Dollar, who is engaged in tent work for the Redpath activities and stationed for the present at Macon, Ga., was called here to appear before the exemption board last week.

Furnish d rooms, Gentleman only.

Mrs. J. W. Goodloe.

We sell gasoline for cash only, to all alike, no exceptions.
Foster & Tucker garage.

Mr. F. M. Durham has purchased the Bishop property on Adam street, which is now occupied by Mrs. Emma Eble.—Sun's Sturgis Items.

Gentlemen roomers wanted.
Mrs. J. W. Goodloe.

George Dowell and Forest Harris of Tolu were here to attend the "War in Prophecy" lecture delivered by Dr. C. F. Wimberly at the M. E. Church Thursday night.

See the line of boys' wash suits, rompers, on sale at Lottie Tinsley Terry's.

Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Nunn and son, Robt. Dixon, will move to Tolu this week to be near their farm during the busy season. They will return here in time for the coal-season as Mr. Nunn will continue in the coal business.

Silk roses 10 cents each on sale at Lottie Tinsley Terry's.

Albert Crayne, of Ridgeway, Ill., was the guest of his father-in-law, Isaac Gass, and family, near the city, Monday. He also visited his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Champ Crayne, near Piney while here.

Wanted white shucked corn at \$1.65 per bushel.
Mayes, Dean & Co.

Miss Era Deboe has returned from Madisonville where she went for an operation for tonsillitis. She was accompanied home by Jim Al Moore, who is now the guest of his grandmother, Mrs. J. E. Price, on north Walker street.

Best tobacco canvas for 5 cts., per yard at D. O. Carnahan's store.

Native Hawaiian Sextette at the School Auditorium, Tuesday evening, also afternoon March 12th, 1918. Benefit the Red Cross. Further notice will be published next week.

Gasoline is cash. This means you and everybody else.
Foster & Tucker garage.

The following soldiers left for Camp Zachary Taylor Wednesday: Andrew D. Simms, Ellis Baker, Archie Gold, Walter Winters, Glenn Eskew, Homer Hughes, Martin L. Clift, Roy Cook, Harvey Conger, Tom Campbell, Roy Thurman, Cecil Turner, Earl Garnett and Geo. Patmore.

Shock fodder for sale.
Dr. F. W. Nunn.

County Court and Quarterly Court will be resumed on the regular dates, 2nd and 4th, Mondays, in March.
R. L. Moore, County Judge.

We have received the first car of fertilizer, and it is going fast. Come and get yours.
Marion Milling Company, Incorporated.

Miss Sadie Minor, of Paducah, a former teacher in the Marion Graded and High school, spent the week-end here the guest of many friends.

Gasoline is cash. This means you and everybody else.
Foster & Tucker garage.

Mrs. Eugene Love and her two daughters, of Clay, Ky., arrived last week and are the guests of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Eaton, at their suburban home, and of other relatives and friends here in the city.

We have to pay cash for gasoline, and will have to sell it for cash. So do not ask for credit.
Eskew & Eskew.

Mrs. George H. Thomas of Providence was here last to attend to the details of selling their property here. Mr. Thomas has a good place and we regret that they are selling and thus cutting loose from the old home town.

We sell gasoline for cash only, to all alike, no exceptions.
Foster & Tucker garage.

C. J. Pierce has a coin which was minted in 1797, when Charles the 4th., the Great was the King of Spain. He also has one made in 1809 and one made in 1812 during the Napoleonic Wars.

Best tobacco canvas for 5 cts., per yard at D. O. Carnahan's store.

Judge J. M. Reynolds has sold his residence near the brick plant to Ed Perry of Repton, who will move to Providence. The consideration was \$1,300. Judge Reynolds is in the market for another home. Mr. Perry recently sold his farm in Crittenden county.—Providence Enterprise.

Howard Olive, the little son of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Ward, has been very ill of pneumonia, but is now some better. His grandmother, Mrs. Jesse Olive, came from Marion last Monday to attend his bedside.—Sun's Sturgis Items.

We sell gasoline for cash only, to all alike, no exceptions.
Foster & Tucker garage.

Mrs. Cora Letzinger was called to Nashville, Tenn., from Marion to the bedside of her sister, Mrs. Karl Ferguson, who is reported seriously ill. Miss Nell Williams, another sister, who has been sick at Marion, and who Mrs. Letzinger has been with, is convalescent.—Providence Enterprise.

County Attorney Jno. A. Moore and Rev. S. E. Harlin were the speakers who delivered the farewell addresses to our boys who left Wednesday morning for Camp Zachary Taylor. The Marion High school orchestra led the 500 children of the graded and high schools in the march from the school to the station where a goodly number of friends and relatives assembled to say the last word of encouragement to these defenders of the flag.

Wonderful Revival at Tolu

One of the most remarkable revivals ever conducted in this county, and especially in the neighborhood of Tolu, a little village sixteen miles from here, has just closed. The preaching was conducted by Rev. C. F. Wimberly, D. D., of Louisville Conference Evangelist of the M. E. Church, South. Rev. F. W. Denton, pastor of the M. E. Church, South, and his talented wife were strong workers. The entire community was stirred, as it has not been in years. The services were continued some times far into the night, while old men and young men sought the altar of prayer and were converted.

Eggs For Hatching.

From pure bred S. C. R. I. Red \$1.25 per 15; \$2.00 for 30.
Mrs. ALLIE POSTLEWEIGHT
228 10tp Marion, Ky.

Hopkinsville, Ky.

Tobacco Market.

Week ending Feb. 21, 1918.
LOOSE FLOORS.
Sales for week.....1,419,525 pounds
Sales for season...5,529,170 "
Sales this date, '17...7,494,710 "
Average for this week.....\$14.04
Average for this season.....13.79
QUOTATIONS.
Trash.....\$11.50 to \$12.50
Common Lugs.....12.50 to 13.00
Medium Lugs.....13.00 to 13.50
Good Lugs.....13.50 to 14.00
Fine Lugs.....14.50 to 15.00
Low Leaf.....13.50 to 14.00
Common Leaf.....14.00 to 15.00
Medium Leaf.....15.00 to 16.00
Good Leaf.....16.00 to 17.00
Fine Leaf.....17.00 to 21.00
L. B. CORNETTE,
President Tobacco Board of Trade.

The Quinine That Does Not Affect the Head because of its tonic and laxative effect. LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE is better than ordinary Quinine and does not cause nervousness nor ringing in head. Remember the full name and look for the signature of Dr. W. GROVE, Sr.

Want More Hands On Roads

Mr. S. M. Jenkins,
Dear Sir,

I want a space in the Crittenden Record Press, asking for more hands on the Roads, the draft has taken our boys off till we haven't got hands enough to work the roads. I think every man and boy from 15 to 60 year should work on the roads until the war is over, we haven't got hands enough to keep the roads in this county, some of our county roads haven't got two hands on it, so we want everybody to see what we need in time of war. I think every man and boy will be willing to help keep up the roads while our boys are fighting for our country, and we are to do the rest, if they can stand behind the guns, we should be willing to keep up the roads until the war is over.

Yours very truly,
J. W. Wilson,
Piney Ky.

JOHN WHITE & CO.
LOUISVILLE, KY.

Liberal assortment
and full value paid
for
FURS
Hides and
Goat Skins



One Of The Wettest

Spots In The World

San Francisco, Cal.—One of the wettest spots in the world is in the central part of the little island of Kanna, most northerly of the Hawaiian group, Douglas H. Campbell of Stanford University writes that the average rainfall at the town of Wailaleale for five years has been slightly more than 500 inches. Thirteen and a half miles away, at Wailaleale, the average annual precipitation is only 10.9 inches. Wailaleale is only ten feet above sea level, while Wailaleale is 5,075 feet above the sea.

THE HEN THAT LAYS

is the hen that pays. If she does not lay, kill her, but before you kill her give her B. A. Thomas' Poultry Remedy twice a day for a week, and then you will not kill her for she will be paying you a profit. It not only makes hens lay but it is a remedy for Cholera, Roup, and Gapes. We guarantee it to cure or we refund your money.
For sale by J. H. ORME, Marion, Ky.

IN MEMORIAM

Mrs. Margaret Ann Sigler passed away at the home of her son, Utley Sigler, near Shady Grove, Tuesday evening, Feb. 19th, at 2:30 o'clock, after a few hours illness of a paralytic stroke.

She was married to the Rev. Frances Sigler in 1857, and he preceeded her to the grave thirty-eight years ago. To this union was born eleven children, one dying in infancy. The surviving children are David, Jim, Mrs. Steve Morse, of Shady Grove; Pearl Sigler, of Marion; Utley, of Shady Grove; Mrs. Margaret Hughes, of Providence; Mrs. Jim Hopkins, of Shady Grove. She leaves fifty-one grandchildren, thirty great grandchildren, one brother, Wm. Sigler of Providence, and one sister, Mrs. Green McKeeney, of Ina, Ill., besides a host of friends and relatives who mourn her loss.

She professed faith in Christ in early life and later united with the Methodist church at Shady Grove, where she remained a faithful member and a loyal Christian until her death. Grandmother had read the old bible through 27 times and the New Testament 47 times. Grandmother was 86 years, 6 months and 22 days old.

The funeral was held in the Methodist church at Shady Grove, conducted by Rev. Sipes, of that place, Thursday morning at 11 o'clock, and the remains were laid to rest in the Shady Grove graveyard.
A loving mother and grandmother so kind and true, has gone to rest. Her chair is vacant which never can be filled. Her home will never be the same as it did in the days that have passed and gone by. We cannot wait for her for she was ready and waiting for the time to come to go to that home above, which was prepared for her. Our loss is Heaven's gain.

Written by her granddaughters,
CORDIE and OLLIE SIGLER.

IN SOCIETY

On Friday evening in the celebration of Washington's birthday, Messrs. Ray Flanary and Paul Adams were hosts at a lovely dinner party given at their home.

The dinner consisted of halibut, lemon jelly, corn sticks, Saratogo chips, French peas, beaten biscuits, cherry pie with whipped cream, and coffee.

The table was artistically decorated in cherries, the playcards being little hatchets, which included the following:—Mr. and Mrs. Creed Taylor, Mr. and Mrs. Paul Adams, Misses Ruth Flanary, Gussie Burgett, Linda Jenkins, Messrs. John and Ray Flanary and Mrs. R. E. Flanary.

Miss Wilma Wright entertained the Senior class Friday night the 15th at her home on west Elm street, with a valentine party. The house was artistically decorated in festoons of hearts and cupids. Special contests were arranged for the occasion, the prizes being awarded to Miss Marjorie Paris, and Mr. Harry Johnson and Katie May.

At 10:30 o'clock very delightful refreshments were served. Those who enjoyed Miss Wright's hospitality were—Misses Gladys Hardy, Lillie Belle Dunn, Nellie Stone, Imogene Minner, Lucile Moore, Maurice Mitchell, Marjorie Paris, Katie May, Kate Wright, Messrs. Newton Moore, Hobart Travis, Neil Guess and Harry Johnson.

An agreeable surprise party

was planned for Miss Sadie Minor, who visited in our little city Saturday and Sunday. She spending the night with Mrs. Hardy, was kept quietly at home unawares of the coming crowd of friends. At 8 o'clock fourteen jolly girls came trooping in, all former students of Miss Minor, each one bringing a lunch.

Everyone had a delightful time, and the party was greatly appreciated by Miss Minor. At 11 o'clock the lunch was spread, those present were:

Misses; Fannie Moore, Gladys Hardy, Mildred Bourland, Lucile Moore, Vivian Stone, Nellie Stone, Dorothy Dean, Roberta Moore, Virginia Guess, Wilma Wright, Kate Wright, Louise Doss, Doris Boyd, Myra Lee Boyd.

CHAPEL HILL

Miss Grace Hill has returned home from Amarillo, Texas, where she has been visiting her sisters, Mesdames Sue Moore and Stella Enoch. Miss Grace will enter school at Marion.

Ben Allen and wife, of Oak Grove, attended church here Sunday.

Mrs. Raman and son are here visiting her parents of Ark., and will go to Joplin, Mo.

Uley Threlkeld and Fanny, of Crayne, will leave next month for Arkansas, where his son, Elmer, and brother, Ves are located.

Reed Arlof Walker and Miss Fay Guess, of Marion, were married last week, and will live on Will Ward's farm.

Miss Jennie Clement's school closed Feb. 22nd. Miss Jennie has the name of giving satisfaction to patrons and pupils.

Mrs. Ura Bigham will leave for Evansville, where she will undergo an operation.

Wheat looks well since it has been covered with the snow.

L. F. WATERS

Veterinarian

Office at Sisco's Livery table

Phone 289

Prepare now and imm nize your herd against black-leg and hemorrhagic septicemia in Cattle; White Scours in calves; Navel ill in colts; Cholera in hogs; Also see me about White diarrhea in young chicks; Bowel ailments and blackhead turkeys
How to Know, Prevent and Cure Quickly

City Marshal's Sale For Taxes.

By virtue of taxes due the City of Marion, Ky., for the years 1916 and 1917, I, or one of my deputies, will on the 11th day of March, 1918, between the hours of 12 o'clock, noon, and 2 o'clock, p. m., at the Court-house door in Marion, Crittenden county, Kentucky, expose to Public Sale, to the highest bidder, for cash in hand, the following property (or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the amount of the taxes due aforesaid and costs) to-wit:

J. G. Gilbert, one house and lot.....\$18.44
Cynthia Harmon, one house and lot.....3.80
G. E. BOSTON.

THE CHEAPEST PLOW IN THE LONG RUN

Is the one that does the best work and does it for the longest time. It is on that basis that you are asked to buy the.



AVERY CHILLED PLOWS

"The lock that locks" holds wearing parts absolutely rigid, so plow can never lose correct pitch.

Moldboard is made of 30 per cent steel, 70 per cent best charcoal iron. There is not an ounce of scrap iron in it.

Duplicate parts slip on with ease and "fit like a glove" because every Avery moldboard is tested by gauge and every share fitted over a form.

All shares are cutter shares, held by extra large bolts.

Both handles are straight and attached to bottom by strong steel lugs.

Ask us for free circular that tells the complete story of the Chilled Plow that is making history.

B. F. Avery & Sons, Inc., Louisville, Ky.

COST OF DRAFTING FIRST NATIONAL ARMY

State.	Total Cost.	Number of Registrants	No. of Men Called	Cost Per Man Accepted
Alabama	\$133,860.88	182,490	52,385	\$7.12
Arizona	26,060.44	37,355	22,113	4.22
Arkansas	77,927.81	149,097	45,221	6.72
California	194,799.94	298,989	135,387	4.41
Colorado	45,211.67	84,125	24,547	5.74
Connecticut	48,470.64	160,037	70,176	2.39
Delaware	19,062.28	22,122	7,466	19.00
District of Columbia	8,888.46	32,372	4,163	9.02
Florida	42,694.00	83,226	25,317	7.83
Georgia	147,064.78	232,537	71,071	7.83
Idaho	9,290.50	41,606	9,307	2.85
Illinois	354,439.85	645,037	229,345	4.13
Indiana	93,265.00	255,754	76,424	3.57
Iowa	55,556.49	215,939	43,249	4.58
Kansas	31,963.00	150,347	24,742	3.36
Kentucky	100,000.00	190,629	60,294	4.56
Louisiana	53,574.18	159,475	39,744	2.71
Maine	32,427.04	60,593	9,604	11.18
Maryland	81,800.74	121,598	33,659	7.02
Massachusetts	205,284.08	362,825	120,207	6.08
Michigan	287,863.45	374,311	135,341	6.36
Minnesota	96,800.00	222,698	63,187	4.90
Mississippi	55,660.63	139,321	31,205	3.66
Missouri	161,792.51	297,456	81,183	8.30
Montana	49,914.87	88,299	28,441	3.77
Nebraska	42,335.65	118,278	28,573	4.83
Nevada	12,503.91	12,090	5,474	5.94
New Hampshire	14,581.70	37,519	6,749	7.24
New Jersey	95,000.00	304,208	113,057	2.70
New Mexico	26,428.79	33,497	10,491	6.24
New York	803,234.29	1,069,345	369,076	8.04
North Carolina	134,542.88	197,481	63,599	8.49
North Dakota	15,094.45	65,963	19,591	1.83
Ohio	280,148.90	554,700	201,090	4.51
Oklahoma	39,475.90	170,956	63,810	1.57
Oregon	6,809.66	63,319	2,890	4.86
Pennsylvania	440,239.57	815,973	302,541	5.33
Rhode Island	39,860.69	53,589	12,191	13.09
South Carolina	61,968.76	128,019	39,049	4.18
South Dakota	17,023.45	57,899	8,602	4.56
Tennessee	142,312.52	188,946	54,827	8.94
Texas	194,320.49	409,743	139,929	3.88
Utah	16,321.57	44,158	12,416	3.88
Vermont	18,657.74	27,224	5,616	13.15
Virginia	116,530.57	181,526	47,032	6.33
Washington	76,268.28	110,167	36,897	6.87
West Virginia	61,740.33	125,846	32,748	3.87
Wisconsin	134,948.50	244,884	60,149	6.80
Wyoming	8,154.74	22,896	2,733	5.96
Total	\$5,211,965.88	9,586,508	3,082,849	\$4.93
Ave. age.				

HELP TO SAVE FOOD

President Calls Upon All Loyal Americans to Unite in Campaign

Suggestions of Food Administration Will Enable the United States to Meet Great Responsibility if Prompt Action is Taken, Declares President.

Washington, Jan. 26.—Following is text of President Wilson's food-saving proclamation:

Many causes have contributed to create the necessity for a more intensive effort on the part of our people to save food in order that we may supply our associates in the war with the sustenance vitally necessary to them in these days of privation and stress. The reduced productivity of Europe because of the large diversion of manpower to the war, the partial failure of harvests and the elimination of the most distant markets for foodstuffs through the destruction of shipping, places the burden of our subsistence very largely on our shoulders.

The food administration has formulated suggestions which, if followed, will enable us to meet this great responsibility.

In order that we may reduce our consumption of wheat and wheat products by thirty per cent—a reduction imperatively necessary to provide the supply for overseas—wholesalers, jobbers and retailers should purchase and resell to their customers only seventy per cent of the amounts used in 1917. All manufacturers of alimentary pastes, biscuits, crackers, pastry and breakfast cereals should reduce their purchases and consumption of wheat and wheat flour to seventy per cent of their 1917 requirements, and all bakers of bread and rolls to eighty per cent of their current requirements. Consumers should reduce their purchases of wheat products for home preparation to at least seventy per cent of those of last year, or, when buying bread, should purchase mixed cereal breads from the bakers.

Substitute Potatoes.

To provide sufficient cereal food, homes, public eating places, dealers and manufacturers should substitute potatoes, vegetables, corn, barley, oats and rice products, and the mixed cereal bread and other products of the bakers which contains an admixture of other cereals.

In order that consumption may be restricted to this extent, Mondays and Wednesdays should be observed as wheatless days each week, and one meal each day should be observed as a wheatless meal.

In both homes and public eating places, in order to reduce the consumption of beef, pork and sweet products, Tuesday should be observed as meatless day in each week, one meatless meal should be observed in each day; while, in addition, Saturday in each week should further be observed as a day upon which to eliminate pork.

A continued economy in the use of sugar will be necessary until later in the year.

It is imperative that all waste and unnecessary consumption of all sorts of foodstuffs should be rigidly eliminated.

The maintenance of the health and strength of our own people is vitally necessary at this time, and there should be no dangerous restriction of the food supply; but the elimination of every sort of waste and the substitution of other commodities of which we have more abundant supplies for those which we need to save, will in no way impair the strength of our people.

Urges Co-operation.

I, therefore, in the national interest, take the liberty of calling upon every loyal American to take fully to heart the suggestions which are being circulated by the food administration and of begging that they be followed. I am confident that the great body of our women, who have labored so loyally in co-operation with the food administration will strengthen their efforts and will take it as a part of their burden in this period of national service to see that the above suggestions are observed throughout the land.

WOODROW WILSON.
The White House,
15 January, 1918.

SUMMARY OF RULES.

Rules have been formulated by the department to effect the necessary saving of foods. Some of these rules apply to manufacturers, wholesalers and retailers under license regulations. Others apply to the housewife and stated briefly cover the following points: The consumer is requested to purchase an equal amount of some other cereal for all wheat flour purchased. They may be used separately or mixed as the housewife chooses. Purchase of Victory bread is strongly urged. This will consist of a minimum of five per cent of cereal other than wheat for the present, the percentage to be increased until on February 24th it will contain a minimum percentage of twenty per cent. On wheatless days and wheatless meals use of bread made entirely of other cereals is urged. For local situations where exceptions are necessary, applications should be made to state and local administrations.

WHAT IS LAX-FOS

LAX-FOS IS AN IMPROVED CASCARA A DIGESTIVE LAXATIVE CATHARTIC AND LIVER TONIC

LAX-FOS is not a Secret or Patent Medicine but is composed of the following old-fashioned roots and herbs:

CASCARA BARK
BLUE FLAG ROOT
RHUBARB ROOT
BLACK ROOT
MAY APPLE ROOT
SENNA LEAVES
AND PEPIN

In LAX-FOS the CASCARA is improved by the addition of these digestive ingredients making it better than ordinary CASCARA, and thus the combination acts not only as a stimulating laxative and cathartic but also as a digestive and liver tonic. Syrup laxatives are weak, but LAX-FOS combines strength with palatable, aromatic taste and does not gripe or disturb the stomach. One bottle will prove LAX-FOS is invaluable for Constipation, Indigestion or Torpid Liver. Price 50c.

Wreck Of Paducah Fleet

Jams At Osceola, Ark.

Louisville, Ky., Feb. 10.—Advices from Osceola, Ark., today stated that the wreckage of over a million dollars worth of boats swept out of the Ohio river into the Mississippi Wednesday was jammed in there today behind an ice gorge 20 miles in length. The wreckage was described almost beyond salvage. The gorge is about 20 miles above the Richardson, Tenn. gorge, which broke early last night but was reforming today.

At War With Yourself!

HELP NATURE TO DEFEAT THE DISEASE IN YOUR BODY.

Keep up the fight; do not give up. Nature is trying to serve you in conquering the wrongs that may exist.

Red blood, vim, courage, vitality, all seem lacking. No wonder you are nervous and discouraged.

Why not call to your aid a strong, dependable ally? Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery has for nearly fifty years proven its merits as a most powerful tonic and blood builder to the many thousands who have been returned to good health by its use.

Clear the coated tongue, get rid of unsightly skin trouble. Let this remarkable remedy rid your body of the impurities of the blood, let it tone and strengthen you. It often cures the lingering rheumatic cough.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is absolutely a herbal tonic, free from alcohol or dangerous habit-forming drugs. All druggists. Liquid or tablets.

LOUISVILLE, KY. — "This is to certify that I have been in bad health for a long time, suffering from stomach trouble. Had terrible spells of indigestion and sour stomach. A friend told me about Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. I had little faith at first but she persuaded me to try it. I have taken a little over four bottles of it and my stomach trouble has vanished. I can now eat everything and sleep like a lamb. I want to give all of the credit to this great medicine, which I consider the best on earth for stomach trouble." — T. T. LAYTON, Route 2, Box 28, Berryville.



over four bottles of it and my stomach trouble has vanished. I can now eat everything and sleep like a lamb. I want to give all of the credit to this great medicine, which I consider the best on earth for stomach trouble." — T. T. LAYTON, Route 2, Box 28, Berryville.

Over \$105 00 Per Acre

A deed was filed in the county clerk's office Thursday in which C. L. Harding conveys to George W. Cheatham 284 acres of land. The property is known as the "Western View" farm and the price paid was \$30,000.

A Soldier's Strength

Every enlisted man would stand up stronger during the first year's service if he could have the benefits of

SCOTT'S EMULSION

because it fortifies the lungs and throat, creates strength to avoid gripe and pneumonia and makes rich blood to avert rheumatic tendencies.

Send a bottle of SCOTT'S to a relative or friend in the service.

The Norwegian cod liver oil in Scott's Emulsion is now refined in our own American laboratories which makes it pure and palatable. Scott & Borne, Bloomfield, N.J. 17-14

MARSHALS AID FOR ENLISTED MAN'S FAMILY

Red Cross Home Service Stands by Relatives of Uncle Sam's Soldiers and Sailors.

[EDITOR'S NOTE—This is the second of a series of five articles prepared by Mr. Fieser on the subject of Red Cross Home Service. The three remaining articles are: "Financial Aid in Home Service," "What Has Been Taught Home Service Workers" and "Organizing and Training 10,000 Home Service Committees."]

BY JAMES L. FIESER.
Director, Civilian Relief, Lake Division, American Red Cross.

Five million American women today are engaged in production of Red Cross hospital supplies, knitted articles and surgical dressings. And these women toil without slightest inkling of the identities of the men who will be comforted by their patriotic endeavors.

So it remains for the army of 30,000 Red Cross civilian relief, or Home Service, workers to bring the personal contact into the Red Cross work by holding out, in a quiet and unpatronizing manner, a helping hand to relatives of men in the service and, later, to the men themselves on their return from the battlefronts.

It remains for this army of 30,000 (which is backed by more than 3,000 chapters with a membership above 22,000,000) to marshal a reserve of medical, legal, educational, social and financial forces to assist in this "helping hand business," in a manner honorable to the American Red Cross and worthy of those helped.

First of all, Red Cross Home Service centers about home solidarity: getting lonely women back to live with their own people, watching over the interests of an expectant mother, reuniting scattered families and writing to men in the service about the situation in their homes.

Recently a young Italian in one of the cantonments within the Lake division was worried to a point where he was of little use to his government because he got no letters from his wife. He appealed to the Red Cross. A Home Service committee member investigated (they never embarrass the family by sending the whole committee) and found that he got no letters because his wife could not write. Arrangements were made for a letter to be written for the wife once a week. Simple service, but with wonderful results upon the soldier's state of mind. And, perhaps best of all, the young wife now is learning to read and write.

The Child Angle.

Then there is the children's side of it—there are men in the service who are fathers despite the fact that the public generally does not think that there are many fathers in the ranks.

Home Service workers are explaining lessons to children who fall behind in their classes. They see that children in need of medical care get that care. They are seeking to give kindly advice to the child just beginning to be wayward or disobedient.

Coming to the economic side of the service, Red Cross service workers are:

Fitting people to the right job and helping them stay fitted by trying to find out where the job pinches; seeing that insurance policies do not lapse; encouraging people, who have more ready money than usual (some do have), to spend it with good sense; protecting the recipient of pay allowances checks from the wiles of unscrupulous installment men and sales agents; getting the best legal and business advice in the perplexing problems sure to rise in war times.

And finally helping the crippled soldier or sailor. This work is still in the future, and, while not the most pleasant thing in the world to anticipate, provisions for it must be and is being made. This the Red Cross Home Service workers are planning to do by:

Encouraging employers to give suitable work to cripples that they may find permanent opportunity for entire or partial self support and chance for advancement; maintaining an information service regarding opportunities for such employment, or working with state and municipal employment instruments provided for this purpose; giving personal attention to the troubles and hopes of those who do not find satisfactory work and to others whose courage must not be allowed to fall; securing vocational training for those unfitted for the kind of work there is available; creating a public opinion which will encourage self support from all crippled soldiers and sailors to the degree that it is possible for them to work.

All this is, in brief, American Red Cross Home Service as it now operates and is planned. The program has been built up from the experiences of our allies. Without doubt, like all Red Cross work, the program will grow as the war grows older. One thing, however, is certain—

NOTHING LESS THAN THE PROGRAM AS OUTLINED ABOVE WILL MEASURE UP TO THE IDEALS OF AMERICA AND OF THE AMERICAN RED CROSS.

COULD HARDLY STAND ALONE

Terrible Suffering From Headache, Sideache, Backache, and Weakness, Relieved by Cardui, Says This Texas Lady.

Gonmies, Tex.—Mrs. Minnie Philpot, of this place, writes: "Five years ago I was taken with a pain in my left side. It was right under my left rib. It would commence with an aching and extend up into my left shoulder and on down into my back. By that time the pain would be so severe I would have to take to bed, and suffered usually about three days. I suffered this way for three years, and got to be a mere skeleton and was so weak I could hardly stand alone. Was not able to go anywhere and had to let my house work go. I suffered awful with a pain in my back and I had the headache all the time. I just was unable to do a thing. My life was a misery, my stomach got in an awful condition, caused from taking so much medicine. I suffered so much pain. I had just about given up all hopes of our getting anything to help me.

One day a Birthday Almanac was thrown in my yard. After reading its testimonials I decided to try Cardui, and am so thankful that I did, for I began to improve when on the second bottle. I am now a well woman and feeling fine and the cure has been permanent for it has been two years since my awful and health. I will always praise and recommend Cardui." Try Cardui today. E 75

Louisville Menaced

By Ice and Water

Louisville, Ky., Feb. 11.—A tremendous ice gorge is forming ahead of 20 feet of water in the Ohio was reported today at Sugar Tree Bend above here. The gorge, if it lets go at that stage will create a flood stage of the river at Louisville. Nine motor boats and a wharfbat were carried out by shore ice here today entailing a loss \$20,000.

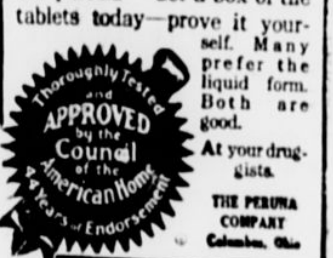
Keeping Yourself Well.

That Lingering Cold

is a steady drain on your physical stamina. It impoverishes the blood, distresses the digestion, and exhausts your vigor. It affords a fertile field for serious infection and is likely to become chronic.

You Needn't Suffer

from it if you will take Peruna and use prudence in avoiding exposure. Peruna clears up catarrhal conditions. Thousands have proved this to any fair person. Get a box of the tablets today—prove it yourself. Many prefer the liquid form. Both are good. At your druggist.



SAN FRANCISCO Jan 25—

When the Union Line steamer Rotorua stopped at Newpor for coal enroute from Wellington, N Z, to an English port in February, 1917, some one chalked on the sides of the steamer in large letters:

"This is the last voyage of the Rotorua."

Three weeks later the vessel was sunk in the English channel

This was the story told here to day by Harry T. Gray who was storekeeper on the Rotorua on his arrival from New Zealand. He said it never had been determined whether the ship had been sunk by a torpedo or a mine

\$100 Reward, \$100

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages and that is catarrh. Catarrh being greatly influenced by constitutional conditions requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Medicine is taken internally, acts thru the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in the curative powers of Hall's Catarrh Medicine that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of free offer. Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by all Druggists. 75c.

PERUNA in Your Home

A housewife must give the first aid in colds, coughs and other ailments. Her promptness in applying the remedy often saves a serious illness. Her experience with remedies has led her to know that PERUNA is always reliable, that she should have it on hand for the immediate treatment of coughs and colds, and that it is always to her.



but had not been very serious until recently. Since I have taken Peruna the drooping in my throat has discontinued, and my head and nose are not so clogged up in the morning. I am pleased with the results, and shall continue to use it until I am entirely rid of catarrh. I heartily recommend it as an honest medicine. What it does for her it is ready to do for you.

Colds and Catarrh

The great weight of testimony that has accumulated in the 44 years that PERUNA has been on the market proves it, beyond question, to be the reliable family remedy, ever ready to take, preventing the serious effects of colds, coughs, grip and derangements of the digestive organs. This proof is published from time to time and many families have profited by it.

Remember you can obtain PERUNA in tablet form for your convenience. Carry it with you and be fortified against colds and attacks.

The Peruna Company, Columbus, Ohio

The Family Safeguard

The experience of one woman, given herewith, is typical of thousands of letters that reach the Peruna Company from grateful friends who have found their homes incomplete, and their family safety in danger without PERUNA.



St. Louis Newsboy's Poem.

The following sign composed by a newsboy, could be seen right after the St. Louis Street Car strike on the corner of Meramec and Virginia streets. The newsboys' congratulation to the new born division "788," of the Carmen's union:

Hurrah for the boys of "788,"
Whom we saw marching though victory state,
You fought a clean battle for the working man's rights;
You are the boys with whom we will ride.

In Brotherhood united you went out and struck;
The people went with you, and my! How they stuck,
There was nothing else left, you sure had to win.
Now you see St. Louis with a broad happy grin.

Let this happy feeling in the future prevail,
Between you and the public riding o'er the rail,
And to the newsboys be ever so kind,
When selling their papers and hanging on behind.

MY HOSIERY

The hours I spent on thee, dear sock;
Are as a string of purls to me;
First two I knit, then to I purl,
and round the leg I slowly reel;
Now joyful paeans to the heavens hurl,
I've turned the heel,
O, knotty ends that scratch and turn,
O, stich that dropped uneven row;
I kiss each blight and at last

learn
To reach the toe, O Lord, to reach
the toe,—Exchange.

For Sale Or Trade.

Edison Cabinet Amberola and 100 records practically new, outfit cost \$90. Will sell or trade for any salable article. Call at my studio and see this machine
Geo. T. Travis,
Marion, Ky.

BURDENS LIFTED

From Marlon Backs--Relief Proved
by Lapse of Time.

Backache is a heavy burden;
Nervousness, dizziness, headache,
Rheumatic pain, urinary ills,
All wear one out.

Often effects of kidney weakness.
No use to cure the symptoms,
Relief is but temporary if the cause
remains.

If it's the kidneys, cure the cause.
Doan's Kidney Pills are for kidney
ills.

Read about your neighbor's case.
Here's Marion testimony.

The kind that can be investigated.

Mrs. Sue Glenn, W. Belleville St.,
says: "Some time ago I was suffering
with kidney complaint. My kidneys
acted irregularly. My back was weak
and lame and ached dreadfully. I used
Doan's Kidney Pills which I got at
Haynes & Taylor's drug store and
they cured the complaint. I certainly
think they are a good medicine and I
am only too glad to recommend and ad-
vise their use to others."

Price 60 cents at all dealers. Don't
simply ask for a kidney remedy--ge
Doan's Kidney Pills--the same that
Mrs. Glenn had. Foster-Milburn Co.,
N.Y., Buffalo, N. Y.

RURAL LIFE CONFERENCE

Bowling Green, Ky.

Mr. S. M. Jenkins

Dear Sir,

As Chairman of the Crittenden
County Delegation, I'm sending
an account of the Rural Life Con-
ference which I trust you'll find
space to publish in your paper.
Would be glad to have you with
us for the conference Mr. Jenk-
ins, we are expecting quite a few
from Crittenden.

Thanking you in advance for
your kindness.

I am, yours truly,

W. G. Sullenger

The second Rural Life Con-
ference will be held the Western
Kentucky State Normal School
Bowling Green, Kentucky, on
February 19 to 23. The program
which many people last year de-
clared to be the greatest ever
offered in Kentucky, will be even
more attractive and extensive
this year.

Among the many prominet
speakers who will appear on the
program are Ex-President Wil-
liam Howard Taft, Charles Ed-
ward Russell, the noted Socialist
who was a member of the recent
American Commission sent to
Russia, and Lieutenant Paul
Perigord of the French army,
who tells a thrilling story of his
life in the trenches. A repre-
sentative of the National Bureau
of Agricultural Department at
our State University, and many
of the prominent agriculturists
and all members of the various
War Boards of the state will al-
so be present and take part in
the program. County superintend-
ents, rural ministers, and
other groups interested in coun-
try life activities will hold
special sessions during the Con-
ference.

No greater program has ever
been held in Kentucky. No far-
mer, county superintendent or
any one interested in rural life
can afford to miss this great
meeting. The students from
this county in the State Normal
School hope to see a large dele-
gation of their friends and neigh-
bors present. Ample boarding
facilities at reasonable rates will
be available for all.

W. G. Sullenger,

Chairman County De-
legation.

Well Known Here.

Rev. P. H. Pleune, pastor of
the First Presbyterian church,
has volunteered his services as a
teacher in Paducah High school
and is conducting the classes of
Miss Florence Gumbiner, who
was struck by an automobile
truck a few days ago and injured.
Mr. Pleune is teaching all
Miss Gumbiner's classes in his-
tory and civics. He volunteered
and the school officials gladly
accepted his services.--Sun.

TELLS MEANING OF RED CROSS HOME SERVICE

Civilian Relief Director Begins
Series of Articles Explaining
Importance of Assistance to
Enlisted Men's Relatives

EDITOR'S NOTE: This is the first of a
series of five articles prepared by James
L. Fieser, director of civilian relief for
the American Red Cross in Ohio, Indiana
and Kentucky. The subjects of the other
four articles in the series are: "What
Red Cross Home Service is," "Financial
Aid in Home Service," "What Has Been
Taught Home Service Workers," and
"Organizing and Training 25,000 Home
Service Committees."

By James L. Fieser,
Director, Civilian Relief, Lake Divi-
sion, American Red Cross.

Two new words--Home Service--
are taking important places in the
vocabulary and activity of the 356
American Red Cross chapters in Ohio,
Indiana and Kentucky.

At war's outbreak ten months ago
to the few chapters then organized
Red Cross work and popular knowl-
edge of it centered only around prepa-
ration of hospital supplies, equip-
ment of base hospitals and supplying
their personnel, and provisions of re-
lief in times of disaster.

Then came the unfolding of a mul-
titude of other chapter obligations--
solicitation of war funds, driving for
increased membership, organization of
school auxiliaries, turning out huge
quotas of knitted articles, surgical
dressings and Christmas packages.

Among these obligations--model of
1917--was the organization of Home
Service committees, better known in
some communities as civilian relief
committees. Frequently the activi-
ties of the Home Service committees
were belittled by other chapter com-
mittees. This because importance of
Home Service had not been clearly
defined. Now, through the efforts of
the Bureau of Civilian Relief of the
Lake Division, headquarters at Cleve-
land, chapters have come to a clear
understanding of the vitalness of Red
Cross Home Service in relation to war
and complete victory.

But to the general public, notably
in the so-called rural communities,
Home Service is little better under-
stood than it was by the chapters a
matter of five months back.

So, what is Red Cross Home Service
and why?

Home Service must be the nation's
assurance that the enlisted and con-
scripted man's family shall not suffer
for want of any essential thing within
the power of the nation to give.

The Public's Conception.

"Yes," says Mr. Average Citizen,
"but isn't the government providing
war risk insurance, and will it not pro-
vide separation allowance where
necessary? Isn't it a fact that but
few men with dependents have been
called to arms?"

Mr. Average Citizen is correct, but
he is thinking only in terms of money
relief. And it is to convince him that
administration of money relief is only
one of many features of Home Ser-
vice that this series of articles on the
rudiments of Home Service have been
prepared.

Scan this brief summary of the op-
portunities confronting Home Service
committees in your county and you
will agree that the opportunities have
become the duty and privilege of an
upstanding, patriotic, American citi-
zenship.

1. Conservation by service of hu-
man resources wherever deterioration
is threatened in a soldier's or a sail-
or's home.

2. Temporary relief of families in
which there has been a delay in pay-
ments, or in which there is an emer-
gency.

3. Responsibility for regular and
continued assistance in cases not
covered by government allowance--
this includes families in need and re-
sident in the United States of men who
are in the service of our allies.

4. Personal service to the returned
soldier or sailor, especially when he
is disabled.

5. An information service which
will save time, trouble and anxiety for
lonely relatives of enlisted men.

6. Advancement of home standards
wherever possible, but especially
when the lack of help is likely to
cause family disintegration.

Supplies Soldiers' Needs.

"Men may be the best soldiers in
the world (I quote you from the
Manual of Home Service issued by
American Red Cross headquarters,
Washington), but if things are not
well with their families at home, they
lose efficiency through worry, and the
morale of the army--that all im-
portant factor--begins to fail."

"So it is the patriotic duty as well
as the humanitarian opportunity of
Home Service workers of the Ameri-
can Red Cross to care for lonely fam-
ilies of our fighting men. It is to be
remembered that they soon will be
fighting men in real earnest. Not
only our enemies, but our allies, and
the American people as well, will be
watching them."

"Every report from the training
camps and from the French front
mentions the excellent spirit of our
troops. Will they maintain this
morale while thousands of miles from
home, through trench life and battle,
to the victorious end?"

"THE ANSWER WILL BE DE-
TERMINED LARGELY BY THE
HOME SERVICE OF THE AMERI-
CAN RED CROSS."

Letter From Soldier Boy

Mr. S. M. Jenkins.

Marion, Ky.

Dear Mr. Jenkins.

I will write you a few lines to
let you know how I am getting
along, I am well and enjoy my
life fine.

I hope these few lines will find
every body in Crittenden Co.
well.

I am sending in a piece of
paper, and I wish you would
have it put in the paper.

Yours, truly,

Houston Armstrong,

Co. A 149, Inf.,
Hattisburg, Miss.

"THE DAY OF A SOLDIER BOY

When it is morning in
Mississippi,
And the sun is breaking
through,

And the sand begins to
glisten,

Like our good old home town
view.

I look across the swamps

And it makes me kind of blue,

When it's morning in Mississippi

Dear, my thoughts go back to
you.

When the sun is in the heavens,

And the air is mighty hot,

And its hard to breath and

stifle.

And my throat is as dry as

powder,

I've got to see it through,

For in liberty for my Country,

Dear, my thoughts go back to
you.

When the sun has passed the

pine tops

And the after glow is red,

And the silver moon is shining

On our own silent desert land.

I am feeling kind of lonely like,

I know you are lonely too,

When the sun has passed the

pine tops

Dear, my thoughts go back to
you.

When the soldier can quit his

drilling,

And a sulking in the sand,

And the German hides him-self

away.

Beyond no-man's land,

And the Kaiser tips his hat,

To the old, Red, White, and

Blue.

And it's calm along the firing

line,

Dear, I'll come back to
you.

Houston Armstrong

Co. A. 149th Inf,

Hattisburg Miss.

One of Billy Sunday's Gems

Twenty-two years ago, with the
Holy Spirit as my guide, I entered the
wonderful temple called Christianity.
I entered at the portico called Genesis,
walked down through the Old Testa-
ment art gallery where the pictures of
Noah, Abraham, Moses, Joseph, Isaac,
Jacob, and Daniel, hung on the wall.
I passed into the music room of Psalms
where the Spirit swept the key board
of nature and brought forth the dirge-
like wail of the weeping prophet Jerem-
iah to grand impassioned strains of
Isaiah until it seemed that every reed
and pipe in God's great organ of na-
ture responded to the tuneful harp of
David the sweet singer of Israel. I
entered the chapel of Ecclesiastes,
where the voice of the preacher was
heard, and into the conservatory of
Sharon, and the lily of the valley's
sweet scented spices filled and per-
fumed my life. I entered the business
office of the Proverbs, then into the
observation room of the prophets
where I saw telescopes of various
sizes, some pointing to some far off
events, but all concentrated upon the
bright moving star, which was to rise
above the moon like hills of Judah for
our salvation. I entered the office of
the King of Kings, and caught a vision
of His Glory from the standpoint
of Matthew, Mark, Luke and John;
passed into the Acts of the Apostles,
where the Holy Spirit was doing his
work in the formation of the infant
church. Then into the correspondence
room where sat Matthew, Mark, Luke,
John, Peter, Paul, James and Jude,
penning their epistles. I stepped into
the throne room of Revelations, where
all towered into glittering peaks, I got
a vision of the King sitting upon his
throne in all his glory, and I cried:

"Let angels prostrate fall;
Bring forth the royal diadem
And crown Him Lord of all."

CORN WILL WIN DEMOCRACY'S WAR

America's Greatest Cereal Crop
Is Now Moving to
Market.

MAINSTAY IN NATION'S CRISIS.

Surplus Wheat of the United States
Has Been Sent to Famine Threat-
ened Europe.

America's great corn crop, exceed-
ing 3,000,000,000 bushels, will save the
world's food situation, officials of the
United States food administration be-
lieve.

Corn is the nation's best food cereal,
housewives are beginning to realize.
It contains all the elements needed to
keep the body in a state of health and
when used according to the scores of
tried recipes, especially when com-
bined with an added portion of oil or
fat, will sustain life indefinitely. In-
dian warriors in colonial days lived on
 parched corn alone for many days at a
time, and at Valley Forge parched
corn was at times the sole ration of
the Continental soldiers.

Owing to transportation difficulties
caused by the war the corn crop moved
more slowly to market this year than
ever before. Now, however, the cereal
is reaching the millers and consumers.
In the meantime the nation's surplus
wheat has been sent to Europe.

Today there are approximately 30
bushels of corn for every American.
This quantity is greater by five bush-
els than in former years.

Corn has become the nation's main-
stay in the crisis of war.

Just as this cereal saved the first
American colonists from famine on
many occasions, just as it served as a
staple food during the War of the Re-
volution and during the Civil War, King
Corn has again come to the front in
the nation's battle with autocracy.

Corn meal is finding greatly increas-
ed use in the making of ordinary white
bread. Hundreds of housewives and
many of the larger bakers are mixing
20 per cent. corn meal with wheat
flour to make leavened bread. This
kind of a mixture is worked and baked
in the same recipes and with the same
methods that apply to straight wheat
bread.

Corn bread--using corn meal entire-
ly--is gaining a greater popularity
than ever before. Housewives are
coming to realize that every pound of
wheat saved in America means a pound
of wheat released for shipment to the
nations with which America is associ-
ated in the war.

There are a score of corn products
that today possess unusual importance
for Americans. Corn syrup for sweet-
ening corn cakes and buckwheat cakes
and for use in the kitchen instead of
granulated sugar is one of the leading
products made from corn.

Corn oil, excellent for frying and for
every other purpose filled by salad oils,
is appearing on the market in large
quantities. It comes from the germ of
the corn.

MADE-IN-GERMANY LIES CIRCULATED IN CANADA

Canada is also having trouble with
Made-in-Germany lies calculated to
hinder Canadian food conservation ac-
cording to an official statement re-
ceived from the Canadian food con-
troller by the United States food ad-
ministration.

The stories bothering Canada are
of the same general character as those
of the United States food administra-
tor recently denounced in this coun-
try, such as the ridiculous salt and
blueing famine fakes and the report
that the government would seize
housewives' stocks of home canned
goods.

The Canadian food controller esti-
mates that when the people listen to
and pass on such stories, each one
has the power of destruction that lies
in a battalion of soldiers.

"Stories without even a vestige of
foundation have been scattered broad-
cast," said the Canadian statement.
"Nor have they come to life casually.
They have started simultaneously in
different parts of the country and in
each instance have been calculated to
arouse public indignation."

"They are insidious, subtle, perni-
cious. Bit by bit they dissipate public
trust, the great essential in the work
of food control."

"It lies with every individual to for-
bear from criticism; to refrain from
passing on the vagrant and harmful
story, and thus the more effectively
to co-operate in work which is going
to mean more than the majority of
people yet realize."

THE UNITED STATES FOOD

ADMINISTRATION SAYS:

There is no royal road to food
conservation. We can only ac-
complish this by the voluntary
action of our whole people, each
element in proportion to its means.
It is a matter of equality of bur-
den; a matter of minute saving
and substitution at every point in
the 20,000,000 kitchens, in the 20,
000,000 dinner tables, and in the
2,000,000 manufacturing, whole-
sale and retail establishments of the
country.

NEW KITCHEN CARD

Food Administrator Sackett
Makes Provisions
Known

Kentuckians Are Advised of Additional
Requests of Government in Re-
gard to Conservation of Food Sup-
ply of the Nation.

Louisville, Ky., Jan. 26.--Following
the issuance of a proclamation by
President Wilson calling for additional
food economies, Federal Food Admin-
istrator Fred M. Sackett today made
known to the people of Kentucky the
contents of the Kitchen Card. This
card, which supersedes the Kitchen
Card distributed during Pledge Card
Campaign Week, October 28th to
November 4th, calls upon all the peo-
ple of America to observe two wheat-
less days weekly, one meatless day
and one porkless day, as well as a
wheatless and meatless meal every
day. Heretofore, only one wheatless
and one meatless day have been con-
sidered necessary.

The new regulations are addressed
particularly to the women who signed
the pledge cards, since they promised
to "follow the directions and advice
of the Food Administration" in so far
as their circumstances permit. The
women are expected, however, to in-
duce the members of their families to
follow these directions also, and the
proclamation of the President makes
it plain that the population of America
must respond unanimously and with
a joyful heart if the war is to be won.

No Hardships Imposed.

Although the new restrictions call
for the abridgment of long-established
habits, the new Kitchen Card does not
impose any hardships. As yet, the
American people still are not required
to make any sacrifices in the matter
of food to win the war. The most any
person is asked to do is to suffer some
slight inconvenience.

The new Kitchen Card, which the
President approves and hands to the
nation as a book of rules for winning
the war, is as follows:

"The Food Administration asks
every loyal American to help with
the war by maintaining rigidly as a
minimum of saving the following pro-
gram:

"Have two wheatless days (Monday
and Wednesday) in every week and
one wheatless meal in every day.

"Explanation: On wheatless days
and in wheatless meals of other days
use no crackers, pastry, macaroni,
breakfast food or other cereal food
containing wheat and use no wheat
flour in any form except the small
amount that may be needed for thick-
ening soups or gravies or for a binder
in corn bread and other cereal breads.

As to bread, if you bake it at home, use
other cereals than wheat, and if you
buy it, buy only war bread. Our ob-
ject is that we should buy and con-
sume one-third less wheat products
than we did last year.

Meatless Meal Every Day.

"Have one meatless day (Tuesday)
in every week and one meatless meal
in every day. Have two porkless days
(Tuesday and Saturday) in every
week."

"Explanation: Meatless means with-
out any cattle, hog or sheep products.
On the other days use mutton and
lamb in preference to beef or pork.
Porkless means without pork, bacon,
ham, lard or pork products fresh or
preserved. Use fish, poultry and eggs.
As a nation we eat and waste nearly
twice as much meat as we need."

"Make every day a fat saving day
(butter, lard, substitutes, etc.)"

"Explanation: Fry less less; bake,
broil, boil or stew food instead. Save
meat drippings; use them and vegeta-
ble oils for cooking instead of but-
ter. Butter has food values vital to
children, therefore, give it to them.

Use it only on the table. Waste no
soap. It is made from fat. Be careful
of all fats. We use and waste two and
a half times as much fat as we need."

"Make every day a sugar saving
day."

"Explanation: Use less sugar; less
sweet drinks and candy containing
sugar should be used in war time. As
a nation we have used twice as much
sugar as we need."

"Use fruits, vegetables and potatoes
abundantly."

"Explanation: These foods are
healthful and plentiful and at the same
time partly take the place of other
foods which we must save. Raise all
you can for home use."

"Use milk wisely."

"Explanation: Use all of the milk;
waste no part of it. The children must
use whole milk. Use sour and skim
milk in cooking and for cottage
cheese."

"Hoarding food. Any one buying
and holding a larger supply of food
now than in peace time, except food
canned, dried or preserved in the
home, is helping to defeat the Food
Administration in its attempt to se-
cure a just division of food and the es-
tablishment of fair prices. The food
hoarder is working against the com-
mon good and even against the very
safety of the country. Hoarding foods
in households is both selfish and un-
necessary. The Government is pro-
tecting the food supply of its people."

Interesting War Figures.

The following interesting
points are brought out in the
January number of the Western
Review:

The soldier has 20 chances of
coming home to one of being
killed.

He has 98 chances of recover-
ing from a wound to two chances
of dying.

He has only one chance in 500
of losing a limb.

He will live five years longer
because of physical training.

He is freer from disease in the
army than in civil life.

He has better medical care at
the front than at home. In oth-
er wars from ten to fifteen men
died from disease to one from
bullets.

In this war one dies from dis-
ease to every ten from bullets.
This war is less wasteful of life
than any other in history.

In another portion of the Jour-
nal this quotation is found: "The
present fighting is not claiming
anywhere near the number of
dead recorded for the first two
years. Most of the wounds sus-
tained in the trenches are clean
cut and of a nature that a few
weeks in the hospital makes the
subject as fit as ever. But
360,000 French soldiers have been
discharged on account of wounds dur-
ing the three years of the war. Most
of the wounds received in the trenches
are on the top of the head, simply
scalp wounds. Practically speaking,
a wound is either fatal or slight, with
but few in between these two ex-
tremes."

In still another place the following
quotations from an article by Woods
Hutchinson appears: "Our armies in
Flanders and Northern France, last
winter in open trenches, in some of
the vilest and worst weather troops
ever had to face, had less sickness and
fewer deaths from pneumonia and other
diseases than it used to have in bar-
racks in times of peace, and less than
the general civil population at home.
As to venereal disease, the figures for
the British Army in France in 1916
were 2.4 per 1000. In other words,
the average was no higher than that
believed to exist among men of milita-
ry are in time of peace."

No government has published com-
plete vital statistics since it entered
this war, nor will any government un-
til several years after its conclusion.
In the absence of complete and exact
information the best that we can say
is that these statements are founded
upon such figures as are available, and
upon the observations and opinions of
men in good position to observe. They
are probably reasonably good guesses.
They reassure relatives and friends.

The soldier stands a good chance
of coming out of the war, not only alive,
but free from deforming wounds. If
he does come out he will be strong and
more robust than he would otherwise
have been. If the civil population
will keep up the birth rates and keep
down the death and sickness rates, the
war will not cause a serious loss in
man power. This has not been true
of the Thirty Years war or any other
great war of the past. How different
from the great European war of 100
years ago.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.

Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine. It stops the
Cough and Headache and works off the Cold.
Druggists refund money if it fails to cure.
E. W. GROVE'S signature on each box. 30c.

Resigned

Abe Carter was a pious, hard
working old darkey, much res-
pected by the white people of the
community. But evil days fell
upon Abe. The boll weevil de-
stroyed his cotton, his adopted
baby died of the whooping cough,
his wife died of the fever, his
mule was killed by lightning,
and a cyclone demolished his
cabin.

The Episcopal minister, hear-
ing of Abe's extraordinary
extraordinary misfortunes called
to see him.

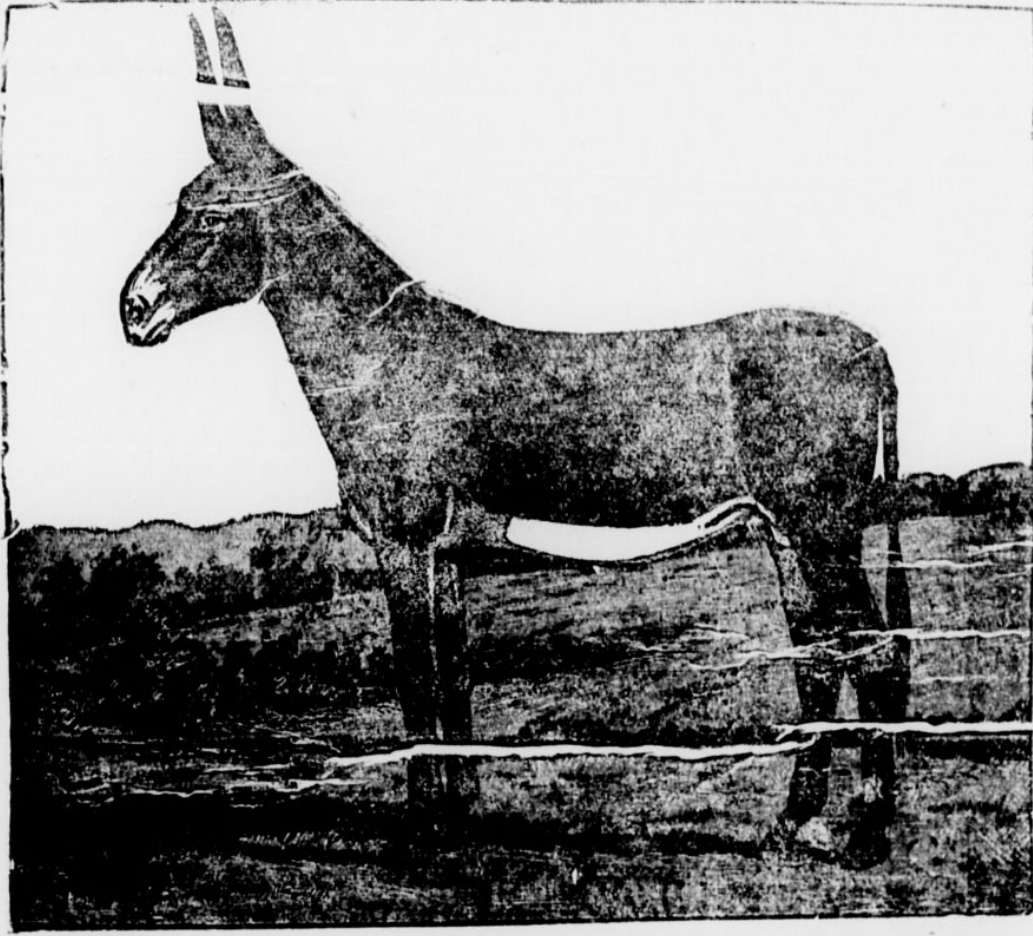
"Abe" said the minister, "you
have been sorely afflicted, but
you must trust in the Lord, you
must believe that it is all for the
best."

"Yass suh, Boss," said Abe
"Yass suh, I feels I is in de hands
ob a all wise an' unscrupulous
Providence."

Piles Cured in 6

CLOSING OUT SALE

Being unable to give my stock business proper attention without neglecting other interests, I will on Monday March 11th., 1918, being County Court day at my barn in Marion, Ky., Sell at public auction, my entire herd of 7 Jacks, 12 Jennetts and 2 saddle Stallions.



The Jacks and Jennetts are of the Mammoth, Jumbo and Starlight families, all black with white marks, and include the best 2, 3 and 4 year old Jacks in Western Kentucky, these Jacks being 14 3-4 to 16 1-4 hands high, and are great individuals in every particular, from 1 to 12 years old. The Jennetts are 1 to 12 years old, 14 to 14 3-4 hands high. Both are from the J. O. Dixon and C. J. Pierce stock and are entitled to register.



"Ned Pickens" one of the stallions is Denmark, Iron Grey, 16 1-2 hands high, 6 years old. "Flick Oxford" the other is a French Coach Stallion, dark bay, 17 hands high, 7 years old.

This is an absolute dispersal sale of a class of stock that is seldom offered at public auction and every animal that I own will positively go to the highest bidder. Approved notes will be accepted for all amounts, and parties desiring to make time settlements must make arrangements before stock is moved. Sale begins promptly at 12:30 o'clock.

ALBERT McCONNELL,
Marion, Ky.

CASAD

Ray Daughtrey was in Paducah last week.
Mr. and Mrs. Hubert Phillips spent Sunday with her father, J. S. Ainsworth.
Oral Planary and Watts Franklin, who are attending Marion High school, spent Saturday and Sunday at home.
Ed Cook, Jr., spent a few days last week in Elkton visiting his brother, Walker, who is in the V. T. S., there

Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Mackey have moved to Marion, where Mr. Mackey has a position in the city barber shop.
Miss Atriel Vaughn has a new piano.
Mr. and H. O. Franklin entertained a few of their friends Saturday night in honor of Prof. Homer Davidson, who closed his school at Hebron Friday and will leave in a few days to enter the Business University at Paducah.
Mrs. Tom Carter and daughter, of Salem, are visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ed Cook.

Quarterly meeting at Hebron first Saturday and Sunday in March. Everybody invited.

Whenever You Need a General Tonic Take Grove's.
The Old Standard Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic is equally valuable as a General Tonic because it contains the well known tonic properties of QUININE and IRON. It acts on the Liver, Drives out Malaria, Enriches the Blood and Builds up the Whole System. 60 cents.

Final Notice.

All taxes due me as sheriff of Crittenden County must be settled now. I will protect my bondsmen and will begin to levy on property March 1st. You know the law.

Why add costs to your taxes. This is a 10 day notice, and is fair warning to friend and foe. I can't make any exceptions. The money must come.

D. E. Gilliland,
Ex-Sheriff Crittenden Co.

EAST MARION

Miss Ethel Clark was the guests of her cousin, Miss Daisy Clark Wednesday night.

Mr. L. M. Hughes and family was the guests of Mr. Lem Clark and wife Friday night.
Mr. R. P. Hallam and family of Ford's Ferry is visiting her father, Mr. Lem Clark.

Miss Daisy Clark who has been confined to her room, is out again.

Mr. Henry Clark and family was the guests of his father, Mr. Lem Clark, Sunday.

Mr. L. M. Hughes and family was the guests of Mr. Bunyan C. Paris and family Sunday.

Miss Pearl Hughes was the guests of Mrs. George Clark Sunday.

Miss Lillie Gass was the guest of Mrs. George Clark Sunday.

Miss Pearl Weadell was the guests of Mrs. George Clark, Sunday.

Mr. Charles Hughes, and wife were guests of Mr. Joe Crayne and wife Saturday night.

Mr. Glenn Orr and wife, of Deanwood, attended church at the Second Baptist Sunday.

Mrs. Permelia Clark, was the guests of Mrs. Bunyan C. Paris, Saturday night.

Mr. Charles Clark and family were the guests of his father, Lem Clark, Sunday afternoon.

FINAL NOTICE.

Many of our readers have not had the opportunity to pay their subscription, as the weather has been bad much of the time since before Christmas. We consider it the duty of each one to notify us if they wish the paper continued at the advanced price, and will discontinue all papers, not paid or arranged for, as rapidly as we can get the list culled, so don't blame us if your paper don't come. There is no free list this year each paper mailed must be paid for, at the subscription price of \$1.50. It is for you to decide.

Crittenden Record-Press.

Says Camp Shelby Is One Of Country's Best.

HOPKINSVILLE, Feb. 20.—Capt. Henry J. Stites, who was commander of old Company D. of the third Kentucky Regiment and is now Assistant Division at Camp Shelby, while here on a brief furlough, denied emphatically reports that the Mississippi camp was in an insanitary location and denounced as unqualifiedly false that there had been any shortage of provisions or clothes and that the tents were inadequate. "There is no better camp in the country," declared Capt. Stites.

Named District Chairman For Liberty Loan Drive.

T. S. Waller, Jr., of this city, has been named as district chairman for the third Liberty Loan campaign, the counties in the district being Henderson, Union, Webster, Crittenden and Hopkins.—Morganfield Sun.

Mr. Waller has been signally honored in the above appointment. He married Miss Lucile Nunn daughter of Dr. Will H. Nunn.

Warning To Fertilizer Users.

On account of the shortage of Fertilizer, and shortage of cars, the farmer must bear in mind if he would be sure of getting fertilizer for the spring crops to buy early. We honestly believe if you wait, until you get ready to use the fertilizer, you will be disappointed.

Please let us have your orders and we will fill them as fast as we can get the goods. We have fertilizer ordered and will give notice in this paper when it arrives. This is not a scare, but to help the farmer to be on the safe side.

Big crops will win the war, Fertilizer will make big crops don't fail to use it liberally.

Marion Milling Company,
Incorporated.

Notice Of Appointment Of Road Engineer.

Notice is hereby given that a Road Engineer for Crittenden County, will be appointed at the meeting of the Fiscal Court in the Court house, March 9, 1918. No applicant for said office will be considered who has not successfully passed the examination required by law.

R. L. Moore,
Feb. 16, 1918, County Judge.

WESTON

The Ohio river is on a standstill.

Most of the people have gathered their corn in the bottoms, except the late corn.

Miss Ethel Brantley left Monday for her home in Ridgeway, Ill., after a few months' visit with her aunt, Mrs. R. E. Lamb.

Misses Frances and Mabel Gahagen spent Tuesday night the guests of Misses Winnie and Beulah Walker.

Mrs. Mary Hughes and Mr. John Heath, of Rosiclare, Ill., are visiting relatives here.

Mrs. Maude Thorne, who has been quite sick for some time, is some better at this writing.

Mrs. Mollie King and children spent Tuesday night with her mother, Mrs. R. E. Lamb.

Mrs. Katherine Wynn and children spent Tuesday and Wednesday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Curg Hughes.
W. H. Gahagen and family have moved from Sikeston, Mo., back to Weston.

Misses Nannie and Prudy Williams and brother, Lonnie, spent Saturday with their aunt, Mrs. Maude Thorne.
Calvin Craig and family have moved from near Shawneetown, Ill., to J. W. Bennett's place at Weston.

WESTON SCHOOL CLOSED.

Our school closed here Tuesday, Feb. 19th. A large crowd being present. The morning was spent in talking, and at noon a nice dinner was spread. The exercises began at one o'clock, p. m., and the crowd was entertained for a short while by our little people, who recited several nice pieces. Then the play entitled "The Dust Of The Earth" was exhibited, and created much amusement and sadness to the audience. The following is the cast of characters:—George Thorne, as David Moore of Maple Farm cottage; Lillian Bennett, as Susan Moore, his wife; Ruby Sturgeon, as Elizabeth Moore, their daughter; Dick Rankin, as Jerry Moore, their son; Henry Mayes, as Rev. Dr. Templeton, a young divine; Charley Hughes, as John Ryder, the young master of the Maples; Winnie Walker, as Miss Arabella, the village newspaper; Charley Collins, as wondering Tom who can't remember anything; Edwin Hughes, as old Mose, his negro companion; Mabel Gahagen, as Nell, the dust of the earth.

It was an enjoyable day for all, although it rained most of the day, but it made us sad as the time drew near for the final parting with our dear teacher, Miss Juliet Pope. She has been with us for the past two years and has made her way into our hearts. She has won many friends during her stay in Weston. We wish to express our thanks to her for the good she has done us in the way of an

education. She has helped us more than tongue can tell. She has been kind and patient with us, and has been a good teacher.

Several nice presents were given by our teacher, for good attendance and headmarks.

We miss you dear teacher, Tho you are far away,
But God is good and we hope to meet With you again some day.
—written by one of her pupils.

For Sale

Full blooded cockerels, S. C. R. I. Reds and White Leghorns, Barred Plymouth Rocks. \$1.00 to \$2.00 if taken at once. Good lot to select from. Eggs from the above breeds \$1.25 and \$1.50 per fifteen. Phone or write Mrs. J. B. Carter, 12 61mp Marion, Ky.

SEVEN SPRINGS

(Delayed)

Mrs. Flossie Tabor of Mexico, and Mrs. Edge Brasher of Caldwell Springs were in this vicinity last week to see their grandmother, Mrs. Liga Perrian.

Herbert Travis has a very sore foot caused from getting cut. It has been giving him much trouble.

Frances Dooms, visited his parents near Elm Grove Thursday.

Arland Guess was quite sick last week.

Miss Ruby Dean, who is teaching school at Bonz, visited her parents at Marion Saturday and Sunday.

Bradley Ashbridge and wife, of near Frances, visited uncle John Crouch and wife Sunday.

Mudison Armstrong is sick with malarial trouble.

Several from here attended the burial of Mrs. Perrian at Dycusburg Sunday.

Herbert McClure, Will Hall and Roy Campbell went to Marion last week to be examined for military service.

Elihu Dalton was in Paducah last week.

Rufus Blaker and wife, of Frances, were here last week to see Mayme Blaker, who was seriously ill.

Marion Man Doing His Duty

"For two years I suffered agonizing pains in my stomach, belching up sour and bitter fluids and gas. Tongue always coated. Doctors were unable to help me. The first dose of May's Wonderful Remedy made me feel 100 per cent better, and I am now feeling better than at any time in my life. I deem it my duty to advise other sufferers." It is a simple, harmless preparation that removes the catarrhal mucus from the intestinal tract and allays the inflammation which causes practically all stomach, liver and intestinal ailments, including appendicitis. One dose will convince or money refunded.
HAYNES & TAYLOR.

FOR SALE.

I have a few Rhode Island Red Cockerels for sale. Single or double comb.
Mrs. George Foster.
2-14-2t

No Advance In Price! Wirthmore \$1 Waists

The same high character, the same splendid fabrics, the same excellent workmanship, the same perfect fit, and NO ADVANCE IN PRICE. Always remarkable in value, and now more so. Consequently destined to be more popular this year than ever before. Advance Spring Styles on sale tomorrow. Come in and get acquainted if Real Savings are of interest.

SOLD HERE ONLY

Mrs. Lottie Tinsley-Terry.
MARION, KY.