

Crittenden Record-Press

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MARION F. POGUE SCHOOL INSPECTOR

As Solon, Helped Create State
Berth Now Occupied By
Him, Claim.

Frankfort, Ky., Mar. 4.—Forfeiture of office now being held by two State officials who were members of the Legislatures which created the offices and the return of all money received by them in salaries during the time they have been in office, will be recommended by the committee recently empowered to ascertain how many offices are being filled by former solons who helped create them. The matter was referred to the Committee on Courts and Legal Procedure, of which Senator Basil Richardson is chairman, and it was said tonight that the committee is unanimous in the belief that the two office holders have violated the letter and the spirit of the Constitution.

The report will recommend, it is said, that the Legislature instruct the Attorney General to file suit to recover the full amount paid to each official in salary. One of the officials is Marion F. Pogue, of Princeton, one of two inspectors and examiners of schools, and the other is J. W. Jones, an assistant in the office of the State Tax Commission.

Inspector Pogue has been in office six years and was a member of the 1912 Legislature which created the office. At the time he entered upon his duties Barkdale Hamlett was State Superintendent of Public Instruction and it is said the latter went on the bonds of the two inspectors named by him, thereby making the bondsmen of Hamlett liable for the salary paid to Inspector Pogue during the first four years of his term, in the event the courts should hold that the State has the right to recover.

To Electric Light Patrons.

All private arrangements and special rates are withdrawn after March 15th., 1918. The price of coal will govern the reinstatement of any special rates in the future.

The coal we bought on old contracts that were filled has all been received and most of it used. We are up against the high priced fuel now good and hard, and are in no position to extend credits or accommodations. Every patron must attend to their light bills.

No lights can be supplied to parties who are in arrears on their bills for 1917, or 1918, until settlements are made at our office and new arrangements made, for the future.

Marion Electric Light & Ice Co.
S. M. Jenkins, Sec'y and Treas.

A Card Of Thanks

To each member of the Baptist Ladies Aid, and any others who may have assisted them in making Thursday, March 7th one of the happiest days of my life. I wish to express my heart felt thanks. You can never know how much I appreciated the feast of good things spread for my birthday dinner and the expressions of love and good wishes coming from so many true and kind friends.

Mrs. J. B. Trotter.

LETTER U. DIXON

Cousin Of Galen Dixon, and of Mrs
W. M. Nunn, Writes of the
"Pinch of War"

Miss Katherine Dixon has received a letter from Lieut. George Givens Dixon which should help us to understand why it is necessary to conserve food in the states.

Givens says:

Dear Sir:
Here I am a stranger in a distance land and though I've been in England for nearly a week I haven't seen the sun yet. This is a quaint old town—one of the very oldest in the king's realm. This hotel, the best in the city, is over seven hundred years old and the inkeeper is the Lord High Mayor of the town and in the parlor is a picture showing the tailor shop where King George II had his trousers mended. There is also an old abbeey here which is over a thousand years old. King Alfred the great, and Ethel his granddaughter lie buried within the latter being its first abbess. I am enclosing you a check for one pound for a birthday present. No matter where I am my address will always be:
Lieutenant George Givens Dixon
American Expeditionary Forces,
Care Cox & Co., 16 Charing Cross

London, England
S. W. I.

Clothes are cheap and plentiful but food is scarce, sugar being almost a relic of bygone days. Tell Mamma she should see me eating greens and war bread without butter and coffee without sugar, and there is no sending back to the kitchen for more either. The people here have sure buckled down to war, the food being rationed. I went in the postoffice here and said to one of the girls, "where can I get some ice cream around here?" She nearly fainted. She said, "there isn't any. I haven't had any butter for over six months."

Tell mamma to make arrangements to get the Journal to me. With love to all.
GIVENS.

Corn Movement Heavy

Hickman, Ky., March 1.—There is much corn being delivered here now by barge, the gasoline towboat J. H. being used exclusively, now in this business, most of this corn coming from the Missouri shore to this side of the river and being loaded directly into the cars. The excellent price of \$10 per barrel or \$2 per bushel still prevails and much corn from back of Hickman is also coming in at this price.

New Bridge On Crooked Creek. State Aid Asked On Salem Road.

The board of Magistrates and the full fiscal court in session last Saturday voted to ask for \$4,000 of state aid to be used on the Salem road from the city limits to the foot of the Moore Hill. The board advises the rebuilding of the bridge, raising of the piers, where the road crosses Crooked creek near town, and put in new culverts.

To Cure A Cold In One Day.

Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine. It stops the Cough and Headache and works off the Cold. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature on each box.

PRESIDENT WILSON

Shows Appreciation, Of Senator
Ollie James, "The Man
From Marion."

Washington, Feb. 22.—The White House this afternoon gave out the following letter which President Wilson has written to Senator Ollie M. James, of Kentucky.

"My dear Senator: That was a corking good speech you made the other day, and I would be sensible if I did not send you a line of very warm and grateful thanks for your generous attitude toward myself. It is delightful to have such whole hearted champions, friends that really stand up and are counted in every time of crisis, and my heart goes out to you in the very warmest and deepest appreciation.

Farmers Meeting

For the purpose of testing seed corn. Come to the nearest meeting to you.
Chapel Hill Monday night March 18, Owen Tuesday night March 19, Frances school, Wed. Afternoon, 20th, 230 o'clock, Caldwell Springs, Wed. night 20, Crayne Thursday, night 21.

D. H. Postlethweight,
Emergency Agent.



On Friday evening March 8, at the home of Mrs George Orme. Miss Ruth Flanery, and Mesdames Hert Yates., George Orme, and Galen Dixon, were hosts at a six o'clock dinner in honor of Miss Sarah Blue of Morganfield Ky.. Mesdames Robert Haynes, of Paducah Ky., and Louis Pike of New York.

Miss Ruth Flanery was host Saturday afternoon, March 9, at delightful Bridge party in honor of the visiting guests, Miss Sarah Blue, of Morganfield Ky., Mesdames Robert Haynes, of Paducah Ky., Louis Pike of New York. Those present were Miss Sarah Blue, Frances Blue, Virginia Blue, Mesdames, Robert Haynes, Louis Pike, Hert Yates, C. W. Haynes, Paul Adams.

The Wm. Barnett Mounment.

Erected last week in the new Marion Cemetery by Davis and Son of Princeton is one of the handsomest and neatest pieces of granite ever erected in this County. It is massive and clean cut and an extremely beautiful memorial to one of the County's wealthiest land owners, a greatly beloved citizen.

ROAD SUPERVISOR IS NAMED

E. Jeffery Travis Lands The Job,
And Will Look After
The Roads.

The excellent board of Magistrates elected by the people last November made a good selection Saturday when they named E. Jeffery Travis as county road supervisor at a salary of \$750. Mr. Travis puts enthusiasm and work into anything he does. It is doubtful if any man in the county is as familiar with all the roads in the county and their needs, as E. J. Travis.

In his position as Superintendent of schools he visited much among the schools, and knew every road in the county, and had opportunities to see what was needed.

We believe he will improve the roads. We think the board made a good selection, and that the people not only should stand by him, but support him in every move to better the roads of our county.

The Quinine That Does Not Affect the Head
Because of its tonic and laxative effect, LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE is better than ordinary Quinine and does not cause nervousness or ringing in head. Remember the full name and look for the signature of E. W. GROVE, Inc.

GREATEST SPEECH DELIVERED

In The United States Senate Since
The Days Of Daniel
Webster.

Washington, March 12.—Scathing rebuke to Senator Chamberlain for his recent New York speech charging that the War Department had fallen down and high praise for the Administration's conduct of the war, were sounded in the eloquent speech which Senator Ollie M. James, delivered in the Senate to-day. The Senate galleries were crowded, nearly all the Senators were in their seats and many Representatives were in the Senate Chamber when Kentucky's senior Senator, at the conclusion of the Senate's routine business, rose.

"My President, in a time of war, those who hold positions of high station should be exceedingly careful as to their utterances, began the Senator in a clear, measured tone. "No matter how good the intention, some utterances made not properly weighed, not properly measured, may be of far-reaching and disastrous effect. I am going to call to the attention of the Senate and the country to a speech made in New York by the Chairman of the Military Affairs Committee of the United States Senate. It was a great gathering of citizens addressed by him. He was speaking not alone to those gathered there, but he was speaking to the people of America and to the world. In the course of a speech of some length he used these words:

Now in conclusion and I have only touched a few of the high spots, let me say that the military establishment of America has fallen down. There is no use to be optimistic about a thing that does not exist. It has almost stopped functioning, my friends. Why? Because of inefficiency in every bureau and in every department of the Government of the United States. We are trying to work it out. I speak not as a Democrat, but as an American citizen.

The Senator seems to make some strange and weird distinction between a Democrat and an American citizen. For myself, I have always believed that to be a good democrat it is to be a good American, and if I did not believe that, I would sever at once my association and allegiance from that body.

In the course of this remarkable speech, concluded with this more remarkable utterance, the Senator diverted long enough to pay high tribute to the former President of the United States—Col. Roosevelt. He paid high tribute to former Senator Root. But throughout that speech not one word of tribute did he pay, indeed he did not mention the name of that man whose name is upon the lips of all the people of the world, the Commander-in-Chief of the Army and Navy of the United States, Woodrow Wilson.

Mr. President, we must look abroad, as I said in the beginning, to measure the effect of that speech. At the time it was uttered the fires of revolution had just begun to blaze in Austria. Five hundred thousand hungry, war-torn workingmen were marching the streets of Germany crying for peace with-

Continued on page 4

SPECIAL SALE ON SHOES

At Carnahan's Emporium

March 11th., to 16th.

Men's, Ladies, Misses, And Childrens

I am making special prices on all my shoes. Beginning March the 11th., and running till the 16th. Just one week. Everything in dress shoes. We have a very complete line of all kinds.

Come and see my Men's heavy work shoes at these special prices.		HERE ARE THE SPECIAL PRICES.		See my Ladies dress shoes, nice kids, patents and chocolates, gunmetal every kind you want.	
heavy work shoes at	\$7.50	Shoes	at \$6.48	shoes, nice kids, patents	at 5.98
these special prices.	7.00	Shoes	at 5.98	and chocolates, gunmetal	at 5.48
	6.00	Shoes	at 5.48	every kind you want.	at 4.98
My line of childrens shoes is very complete.	5.50	Shoes	at 4.48		
Don't forget the shoes for the children.	5.00	Shoes	at 3.98	We have a nice new assortment of curtain	at 2.98
	4.50	Shoes	at 3.48	scrim. Let us show you.	at 2.48
	4.00	Shoes	at 2.98		
No advance on these, all bargains and going to sell.	3.50	Shoes	at 2.48	Some of these are less	at 2.25
	3.00	Shoes	at 2.25	than todays wholesale	at 2.10
	2.75	Shoes	at 1.75	prices.	at 1.50
	2.50	Sh	at 1.35		
	2.00	Shoes	at .98	Boys heavy shoes, come	at .84
Look at our \$2.00 counter of shoes. You will find some nice bargains.	1.75	Shoes	at .84		
	1.50	Shoes			
	1.25	Shoes			
	1.00	Shoes			

I have just gotten in a new supply of beautiful dress goods, silks, poplins' organ-dies voils, nainsook, gingham, calico and percales. Give us a trial, everything new. We Try To Please.

Don't forget shoes for the whole family at special prices.

D. O. CARNAHAN'S STORE

On Main Street

Opposite Court House

CASUALTY LISTS PLACED UNDER BAN

IN ANNOUNCING FUTURE LISTS
KILLED AND INJURED NAMES
ONLY WILL BE GIVEN.

NO ADDRESSES GIVEN OUT

French Objected to Former Methods
of Giving Names, Home Address
and Relative—Might Give In-
formation to Enemy.

Washington.—Objection by the French government was at the basis of the War Department order against publication of home addresses in casualty lists, Chief of Staff March announced.

This fact was passed on by Pershing and action by the department was taken at once.

France objected to the form of the casualty announcements heretofore made, March explained, on the ground that it furnished information to the enemy. The French said the system of mentioning the date of action and the cause of death—such as "gassed"—gives the Germans just what they wanted to know—the result of an attack and a basis for knowing what to do next time. The American plan of mentioning the date of action connected the whole thing up for the Germans. Some doubt was left as to whether the French actually requested elimination of home addresses.

March appealed to the press to back up Pershing in the matter on the ground of patriotism. And he pointed out that France does not publish any lists, merely having the mayor of a city or town inform the relatives of the deceased.

Committee on public information members still insisted that the lists now given out would be identified to a greater or lesser extent in the men's home towns, and that local papers would print facts which would give the enemy as much or more information than the old system of publishing the address from Washington.

Senator New introduced a resolution asking the department to state the authority upon which it acted, but he could not get consideration of the resolution.

The War Department announced that next of kin would be promptly notified of casualties and said that persons with kin whose names were familiar to those printed in the deleted lists could rest assured of the safety of their soldier men if they had no department announcement quickly.

HUNS MAKE RAID ON PARIS

French Birdmen Drive German Raiders Away After Some Damage Inflicted by Them.

Paris.—Nine persons were killed and 39 injured in late air raid over Paris, it is officially announced. Between 10 and 12 enemy squadrons participated successfully in the raid. They approached the city by way of the Oise and Marne valleys.

Sixty-one French airplanes ascended to meet the German fleet and stopped the greater number of them before they reached the city. Many of the bombs dropped by those planes that did not reach Paris did no material damage.

French airplanes bombarded enemy camps at the same time the raid on Paris was under way.

SEVEN STATES UNDER QUOTA

More Than Double of Quota Have Enlisted, Although Few States Are Still Shy.

Washington.—Recruiting statistics of the regular army covering the 11 months since the United States entered the war, show that more than double the quota assigned to the states has been obtained through voluntary enlistments. Up to March 7 a total of 386,094 men had been enlisted. The total quota for all states was 183,898, the number required to bring the regular army to the strength authorized by the national defense act.

Seven states—Mississippi, Arkansas, Louisiana, North Carolina, South Carolina, Vermont and Wisconsin—still are below their quota, but Louisiana and Wisconsin are expected to complete their requirements before the anniversary of the war arrives. Mississippi is lowest in the rank of states, with only 1,650 enlistments of the 3,534 allotted her.

FARMERS' WHEAT PRICE.

Is 131 Per Cent More Than Figure Received Before War.

Washington.—The American farmer is getting 131 per cent per bushel more for wheat than he did before the war. This statement is made in answer to the many queries from all over the Union and the apprehension felt by many that the farmer was not getting his just dues, and the food administration made this statement based on figures released by the Department of Agriculture.

ABANDONS IDEA OF SEPARATE PEACE

CZERNIN'S HEAD IS TURNED BY
RECENT SUCCESSES IN OCCU-
PATION OF RUSSIA.

INDIGNANT OVER ROUMANIA

American Officials Conclude That
Central Powers Will Be Influenced
Only By Display of Superior
Arms—Peace Talk Ends.

Washington.—American government officials have abandoned, temporarily at least, the thought that Austria can be weaned from Germany and a separate peace made with her.

Count Czernin, relied upon as a hopeful prospective source for a separate peace, is now the object of condemnation in high quarters. One of the foremost officials expressed his surprise and indignation at Czernin's recent high-handedness toward Roumania. His threat to parcel out part of Roumania to Hungary, and to break up the dynasty, if peace were not concluded, was characterized as one of the most astounding demands one civilized nation ever made upon another.

News that Roumania had abandoned the peace negotiations came as no surprise. The German terms were regarded as the haughty demands of a strong nation with a hopelessly helpless nation in its grasp. That Germany will wreak vengeance on Roumania for breaking the negotiations is deemed certain unless Roumania yields, as she probably will later.

The government viewpoint for the moment is that Austria's head has been turned by the Teuton "successes" in the Near East recently. She has been apparently promised by Germany that she shall have part of the spoils which come out of Russia and Roumania, and having fed for three years on promises—and disappointments—she is manifestly becoming more brusque and uncompromising to her weaker neighbors.

TEDDY AT OYSTER BAY HOME

Former President Returns to Home
on Sagamore Hill from Hospital
in New York.

Oyster Bay, N. Y.—Col. Roosevelt has returned to his home on Sagamore Hill, after having been for several weeks in New York City, where he underwent operations for ear trouble. Mrs. Roosevelt accompanied him home. The trip to Oyster Bay Roosevelt declared that he felt fine. On the porch of the Roosevelt home Mrs. Richard Derby and her two children were awaiting the former President. The servants warmly welcomed the colonel.

Col. Roosevelt said he expected to regain his strength in a short time. He intends to rest during the next three weeks and then to be in condition to make some of the speeches cancelled on account of his illness.

CAN FURNISH LUMBER.

Western States Say If They Get Men
They Can Build Ships.

Washington.—Oregon and Washington can furnish between 400 and 500 wooden ships a year, witnesses from the Pacific Coast told the Senate commerce committee, if the Emergency Fleet Corporation would furnish them lumbermen with a standardized program. Fears of the shipping board that the lumber supply in the Northwest is inadequate were declared unfounded.

LABOR SHORTAGE CAUSES DELAY.

Washington.—Wooden ships on the ways in the Puget sound district almost ready to launch in the race for tonnage to defeat the submarines are being held up by a shortage of caulers.

12 BILLION IN INSURANCE

One Million and Half Fighters Avail
Themselves of Chance To Get
Insurance.

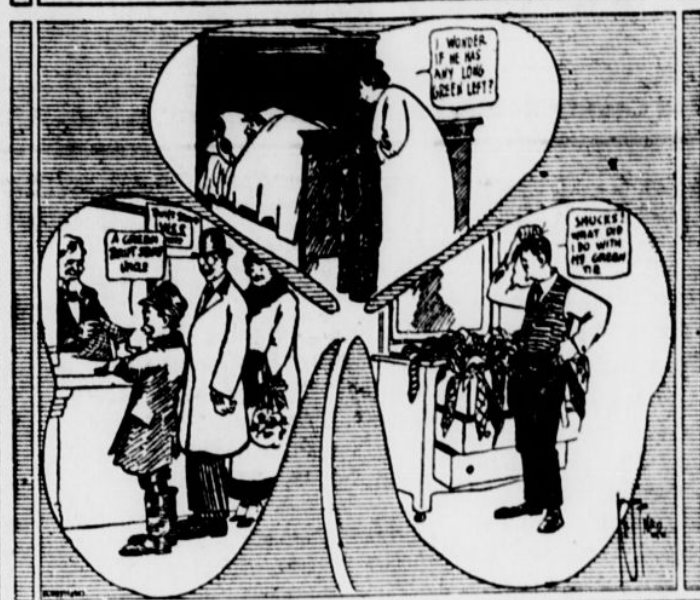
Washington.—More than \$12,000,000 worth of insurance has been written on the lives of American soldiers, sailors and nurses by the war risk insurance bureau. Secretary McAdoo announces 1,392,324 applications, representing insurance of \$11,256,448,500 have been received at the bureau, and late reports from the American forces in France, together with insurance now in transit from distant points, indicate that the total written to date is well above \$12,000,000,000, covering more than 1,500,000 persons in the military or naval service.

PUT SLACKERS IN ARMY.

Draft Act Amendment Being Pre-
pared by Provost Marshal.

Washington.—Draft slackers would be inducted immediately into military service when arrested and proven to have evaded their obligations, instead of being taken back to their home districts for trial, under an amendment to the draft act now being drafted by the provost marshal-general's office, at the suggestion of the department of justice.

A Bit of Green for Tomorrow



AMERICANS ON HUN SOIL PLAN FIRST FIELD ARMY

SECTOR ON SWISS BORDER CAP-
TURED BY AMERICANS MAY
BE ON GERMAN SOIL.

Heavy Bombardment by Germans
Greet American Soldiers As They
Occupy New Front—Shortage of
American Airplanes Reported.

With the American Army in France.—American troops, training on a new sector near the Swiss border, are under heavy and constant bombardment by the Germans.

(This announcement is accepted as meaning Americans, probably for the first time, may be fighting on German soil. The western front, for about 50 miles north from the Swiss border, is in German territory.)

The enemy artillery has reached a crescendo. Despite the terrific shell fire, the morale of the Sammies is excellent.

The American troops in this new sector, the same as the forces on the Americans' own front in the St. Mihiel sector, have no airplanes of their own.

Two signal corps men distinguished themselves by maintaining communication with the rear defenses, despite the fact telephone wires were repeatedly broken. A wire was torn from one of the men's hands by a piece of shell, but the interruption never deterred them. When the shelling finally ceased they had their repairs completed.

The bombardment on this sector during the past few days has been three or four times as heavy as it was on the St. Mihiel sector.

SEC'Y BAKER VISITS FRANCE

Head of War Department Goes to
France to Inspect Ameri-
can Forces Abroad.

Washington.—Newton D. Baker, secretary of war, accompanied by a staff of seven persons, has arrived in France. Mr. Baker is accompanied by Maj.-Gen. William M. Black, chief of engineers; Lieut.-Col. M. L. Brett and Ralph Hayes, his private secretary.

The secretary and his party left Washington without any other attempt at concealment of their movements than a request that the press refrain from reporting his departure. The newspapers again worked in hearty co-operation to make the journey as safe as possible from German submarines for the party.

The department issued the following statement:

"For some time Secretary Baker has desired to visit the headquarters of the American expeditionary forces. He sailed from an American port about February 25. Secretary Baker has not determined the length of time he will remain in France, but his stay will be long enough to make a thorough inspection of the American forces abroad and to hold important conferences with American military officials.

Visits Pershing's Headquarters.
"It is expected that not only will Secretary Baker visit the American headquarters, but his inspection tour will cover construction projects, including docks, railroads and ordnance bases, now under way back of the American lines.

"The secretary's visit is military and not diplomatic. It is essentially for the purpose of inspection and personal conference with military officials. The secretary of war is accompanied by Maj.-Gen. W. M. Black, Lieut.-Col. M. L. Brett and Ralph Hayes, private secretary to Mr. Baker."

INDICT FORMER LEGISLATOR.

Wisconsin Socialist Arrested For Ob-
structing Draft.

Chicago.—Victor L. Berger, former congressman from Wisconsin; Adolph Jermer, national secretary of the Socialist party; Irwin St. John Tucker, a Chicago Socialist; J. Louis Engdahl and William F. Kruse were indicted by the federal grand jury charged with obstructing recruiting, encouraging disloyalty and interfering with the prosecution of the war.

MORE THAN 100 MILES TRENCH
FRONT IN FRANCE WILL
BE TAKEN OVER.

Five or Six Army Corps Will Be Or-
ganized As Fast As Men and Materi-
al Can Be Mobilized—Largest
Units in Modern Warfare.

Washington.—With men, material, and supplies moving forward to Gen. Pershing in full accordance with the prearranged schedule, the War Department has taken up the organization of the first field army, the largest tactical unit used in modern warfare. Until Gen. Pershing has under his command a complete field army, no further organization of fighting units will be started.

It was originally the intention of the department to form the "typical" field army by combining three army corps, but it is understood this plan has been abandoned for one which calls for five or six. The purpose of this is to reduce the number of men required for organizing the army troops—the special units attached specifically to the field army for use in controlling the lines of communication from the ports of debarkation to the army corps' rail heads.

The army troops include also the great artillery reserve of 8, 10 and 12-inch guns, both of fixed emplacement and mobile type, the anti-aircraft guns and the other units which the commander-in-chief is given to throw against any enemy offensive.

Under the six corps field army plan auxiliary troops numbering more than 300,000 would be required, each army corps having about 30,000 and the field army 130,000. The same number of fighting men under the three corps plan would have required between 450,000 and 500,000 corps and army troops.

Rangers Kill Eight Bandits.

Corpus Christi, Texas.—Two small companies of Texas Rangers, headed by Capt. Will Wright and J. Saunders, with the assistance of peace officers and volunteers from Jim Hogg county, after being in the saddle 40 hours, have killed eight Mexican bandits, who were members of a party of 20 that raided the Tom East ranch, 35 miles south of Hebbronville. Twelve of the bandits, whose original number has erroneously been given as 30, are believed to have succeeded in making their way into Mexico, according to the report.

NEW RULES FOR DRAFT MEN

Local Medical Advisory Boards Must
Place All Men in One of
Four Classes.

Washington.—Reclassification according to physical condition of the men called in the next army draft is provided in revised instructions for medical advisory boards which are being sent to the local boards throughout the country. The new regulations require that every man summoned before the board shall be placed in one of the following four classes:
"(A) Acceptable for general military service; (B) acceptable for general military service after being cured of remedial defect; (C) acceptable for special or limited military service in a specified capacity or occupation; (D) rejected and exempted from any military service."

It is the intention of the provost marshal-general to provide later for further investigation and classification of the men acceptable for limited or special service so that record may be made of the work each may be assigned to without endangering health.

Poor Writing Delays Checks.

Washington.—Poor handwriting of men in military or naval service is largely responsible for a two weeks delay in the distribution of government checks for February pay allotment and family allowances to dependents.

Bar Meetings in Ireland.

Dublin.—The military authorities have posted throughout the city a proclamation prohibiting the holding of meetings and processions between March 16 and March 27.

SINGLE AMERICAN BESTS HUN ATTACK

THIRTY GERMANS PUT TO ROUT
BY LONE PRIVATE WITH A
NORWEGIAN NAME.

TEUTONS USE LIQUID FIRE

Attack on Our Trenches With Weapon
of Frightfulness Is Met by Volley
From American Guns—Cap-
ture Flame-Thrower.

With the American Army in France.—An American private with a Norwegian name, acting as a sentry in a first line trench, routed single-handed a German patrol of 30 men, killing the leader, a Prussian sergeant.

The enemy group evidently had been instructed to cut the American barbed wire belt, but their curiosity was probably aroused by the silence in the American trenches. It seems they thought these trenches deserted and consequently leaped over the wire. The American stood by calmly and made sure that his observations were correct. Then, without challenging, he opened fire. The sergeant dropped at the first shot. The others scattered back through the wire.

"Flammenwerfer" (flame throwers), the last remaining exhibit of the enemy's chamber of horrors to be tried on the Americans, was introduced to them when an unknown number of raiders attempted a liquid fire attack. It was broken up, the raiders fleeing when the Americans refused to be horrified or even scared, merely blazing away at them with their rifles and machine guns.

The enemy raiders made excellent targets behind the molten stream of light thrown out by their weapons. The segment of the trench that was reached by the flames did not contain any Americans and no damage was done beyond the burning of some woodwork.

The Americans have since tried several times to bring in an apparatus lying in No Man's Land, but the enemy guarded it jealously with a certain amount of machine gun fire. Finally a lieutenant and three men worked their way to the flame throwers and seized them.

The Germans first used these weapons at Verdun two years ago, pivoting largely for the psychological effect of the blazing streams spraying the defending troops. One of the flammenwerfers is riddled with bullet holes and spattered with blood, indicating the carrier was wounded.

The flammenwerfers resemble circular steel fire preservers. They are filled with petroleum and tar, and equipped with a compressed air tank. They throw streams of liquid fire 50 feet through a six-foot long wire wound hose, which connects with the projector like a nose nozzle. The apparatus is strapped to the back like a knapsack.

Will Hold War Conferences.

Washington.—It was announced by the speaking division of the committee on public information that Secretary of Agriculture Houston, Lieut. Paul Perigord of the French army, Dr. Thomas F. Moran of the speaking division and Dr. J. A. B. Scherer of the Council of National Defense are conducting a series of war conferences in the Southern states. These conferences, under the auspices of the state councils of defense, will be held in Oklahoma, Texas, Louisiana, Mississippi, Alabama, Georgia and Florida.

SAYS OPPOSITION FOOLISH

Washington.—Lord Cecil, British undersecretary of state, says it would be criminal and foolish not to let the Japanese intervene in Siberia. His statement to the press, however, is not regarded as the final judgment of the British government, though it is likely in the end to prove part of the usual method of preparing British opinion for announcement of policy.

This brings out clearly that both the United States and British governments are still thinking hypothetically about the situation, and without a definite knowledge of what the German plans are. Policy depends more than ever on a question of fact. Can the Germans be of serious trouble in Siberia with Japanese troops in Northern Manchuria and Mongolia ready to invade Siberia if the Germans do get a foothold? And would the Germans risk such an expedition, with the Japanese able to cut off their lines of communication and possibly capture the entire German force?

French Ship Loses Slight.

Paris.—During the last week no French ships of more than 1,500 tons were sunk by enemy submarines or mines. Two vessels under that tonnage were lost. Four merchantmen were attacked unsuccessfully.

To Stabilize Steel.

Washington.—Steel manufacturers have asked the government to fix prices on all products entering into the manufacture of steel in order that the fixed price for steel may be stabilized.

HOW MRS. BOYD AVOIDED AN OPERATION

Canton, Ohio.—"I suffered from a female trouble which caused me much suffering, and two doctors decided that I would have to go through an operation before I could get well."



"My mother, who had been helped by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, advised me to try it before submitting to an operation. It relieved me from my troubles so I can do my house work without any difficulty. I advise any woman who is afflicted with female troubles to give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial and it will do as much for them."—Mrs. MARY BOYD, 1421 5th St., N. E., Canton, Ohio.

Sometimes there are serious conditions where a hospital operation is the only alternative, but on the other hand so many women have been cured by this famous root and herb remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, after doctors have said that an operation was necessary—every woman who wants to avoid an operation should give it a fair trial before submitting to such a trying ordeal.

If complications exist, write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass., for advice. The result of many years' experience is at your service.

The Truth at Last.
Professor—What caused Caesar's death?
Student—Too many Roman punches.
—Boston Transcript.

IMMEDIATE ATTENTION
Should be given to sprains, swellings, bruises, rheumatism and neuralgia. Keep Mansfield's Magic Arnica Liniment handy on the shelf. Three sizes—25c, 50c and \$1.00.—Adv.

It's good to think before you act. If you don't think about it too long.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills contain nothing but vegetable ingredients, which act gently as a tonic and purgative. Adv.

Beware of the friendly advice of your enemies.

WAS DISCOURAGED Lost 65 Pounds in Weight and Had to Give Up Work. Has Been Well Since Using Doan's.

"Being exposed to extreme heat when working as an engineer, and then going outdoors to cool off, caused my kidney trouble," says Karl Goering, 8513 N. Oakway St., Philadelphia, Pa. "In cold weather and when it was damp, my joints and muscles would swell and ache and often my limbs were so badly affected it was only with great misery I was able to get around. For a week I was laid up in bed, hardly able to move hand or foot."

"Another trouble was from irregular and scanty passages of the kidney secretions, which made me feel dull and weak and had to give up my work. Headaches and dizzy spells nearly blinded me and I went from 265 to 200 in weight. Nothing helped me and I felt I was doomed to suffer."

"At last I had the good fortune to hear of Doan's Kidney Pills and began taking them. I soon got back my strength and weight and all the rheumatic pains and other kidney troubles left. I have remained cured." Before and After, see Mr. WM. H. MUNN, Stationer, Public.

Get Doan's at Any Store, or a Box
DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS
POSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.



LEHMAN'S HAIR DRESSING

Melan Marsh, Stokers, Kinky, Curly Hair
SOFT, STRAIGHT AND GLOSSY.
A delightfully perfumed pomade and powerful hair straightener. I became dull and thin, stimulated the roots of the hair, making it grow rich, long and luxuriant. Struck the hair from splitting, breaking and falling out.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS
GET THE GENUINE
This marvelous preparation is the discovery of Edward Lehman, chemist. It is an unexcelled hair straightener and offers workable imitations. Ask your druggist for Lehman's Hair Dressing. Leave no stone unturned. If he cannot supply you send direct to the maker—30c by mail postpaid.

EDWARD LEHMAN, Chemist
Memphis, Tenn.

Also manufacturer of Lehman's "Fair Play," a wonderful ointment which cures and beautifies the complexion, making the skin soft and fair. Price 25c at your druggist, 50c by mail postpaid. Agents wanted.

ECZEMA!

Itch's Salve, formerly called Itch's Cure, is guaranteed to stop and permanently cure that terrible itching. It is compounded for that purpose and your money will be promptly refunded without question if Itch's Salve fails to cure your itching. Itch's Salve is a wonderful cure for all kinds of itching, whether it be from eczema, or any other skin disease. No other salve will do it. Your druggist, or direct by mail from the maker—30c by mail postpaid.

A. B. RICHARDS MEDICINE CO., SHERMAN, TEXAS

W. A. U., MEMPHIS, NO. 11-1916.

WRIGLEY'S

—is the great war-time sweetmeat.

—the benefit, the pleasure, the economy of a 5c package of WRIGLEY'S

—has made it the favorite "sweet ration" of the Allied armies.

—send it to your friend at the front:

—it's the handiest, longest-lasting refreshment he can carry.

CHEW IT AFTER EVERY MEAL

The Flavor Lasts

THREE KINDS

DOUBLE MINT

ORANGE

PEPPERMINT

The KITCHEN CABINET

Give us to go blithely on our business all this day, bring us to our resting beds weary and content and undisturbed; and grant us in the end the gift of sleep.—R. L. Stevenson.

MORE GOOD EATING.

Chicken is one of the foods we may eat without fear of breaking the food pledge.

Potted Chicken.—Cut up a well-dressed chicken and fry in hot pork fat made from frying three slices of salt pork. Roll the chicken in well-seasoned flour and fry until well browned, then add boiling water to cover, with one carrot, one onion, one head of celery, a small potato, all cut in small cubes. Cook until the meat is tender, then add a half can of peas just before serving.

Baked Fish With Sour Cream.—Cut raw fish into serving-sized pieces and place them side by side in a shallow baking dish. For each pound of fish allow a tablespoonful of butter, a slice of onion, a bay leaf and a third of a cupful of sour cream. Baste the fish with the sauce while cooking, adding hot water if the sauce becomes too thick. Remove the fish to a platter, add a dash of lemon juice or vinegar, with salt and pepper to taste, and strain it over the fish.

Canned Asparagus. heated and served on points of toast with melted butter and parmesan cheese grated over the top, makes a most tasty dish.

Punski, a Russian Dish.—Fry fresh mushrooms rolled in seasoned flour in butter. Pour sour cream over some finely chopped chicken or veal. Cut circles of pastry from pie crust, place a spoonful of the mixture on a piece of the pastry, cover with another piece and pinch the edges together. Brush with egg and milk and bake in a hot oven. Serve with mushroom or tomato sauce.

Eggless Cake.—Take three cupfuls of boiling water, one package of raisins, one and a half tablespoonfuls of butter and two cupfuls of brown sugar, put all into a dish and boil eight minutes. Cool and add three cupfuls of flour, one tablespoonful of baking powder and a little salt. Mix, beat well and bake in a slow oven one hour. This makes two loaves.

In making corn bread, substitute a tablespoonful of molasses for every egg required in the recipe; it will make a most palatable johnny cake.

It is the practice of the multitude to bark at eminent men, as little dogs bark at strangers.—Seneca.

SAVORY SAUCES.

A well seasoned sauce adds much to an otherwise very ordinary dish.

Oyster Cocktail Sauce.—Take three tablespoonfuls of tomato catsup, one tablespoonful of horseradish sauce, a teaspoonful of Worcestershire well mixed and served in lemon cups in a dish of crushed ice with oysters.

Snappy French Dressing.—Take two tablespoonfuls of olive oil, a tablespoonful of tarragon vinegar, a dash of paprika, a quarter of a teaspoonful each of mustard and salt; mix and serve in the heart leaves of lettuce; sprinkle over a teaspoonful of Worcestershire sauce and a tablespoonful of finely chopped onion and a generous sprinkling of red pepper.

Roquefort Cheese Dressing.—Take a quarter of a pound of roquefort, two cupfuls of French dressing, using one and a half cupfuls of oil and a half cupful of vinegar, seasoning well with salt and red pepper, with a teaspoonful of powdered sugar.

Russian Dressing.—Beat two eggs, add red pepper and half a teaspoonful of salt, a teaspoonful of finely minced parsley, two teaspoonfuls each of chopped green and red pepper, a half cupful of tarragon vinegar. Mix well and add two cupfuls each of chili sauce and mayonnaise.

Mignonette Sauce.—Chop three small onions, add seven tablespoonfuls of crushed whole peppers (not ground pepper), add three cupfuls of tarragon vinegar, put into a jar well covered and let stand for two days, when it will be ready to use. The sauce may be strained when ready to serve. Very tasty sauce for oysters.

Emergency Salad Dressing.—Use any left-over yolks or whites—both are better, and the more of the yolk the richer will be the dressing. Beat and measure and take an equal measure of mild vinegar—strong vinegar may be diluted with water; put over hot water to cook, stirring constantly with an eggbeater. When thick, set away in a covered jar. When wanted for use, take out a few tablespoonfuls, season with salt, pepper, onion juice, vinegar, cream, or olive oil, depending upon the kind of salad one is serving.

THE RED CROSS NURSES OF EUROPE ARE GIVING TOASTED CIGARETTES TO THE BOYS

To anyone who doesn't know of the wonderful advances that have been made in the preparation of smoking tobaccos in the last few years it may sound strange to speak of toasted cigarettes.

Strictly speaking, we should say cigarettes made of toasted tobacco; the smokers of this country will recognize it more readily by its trade name, "LUCKY STRIKE"—the toasted cigarette.

The American Tobacco Company are producing millions of these toasted cigarettes and these are being bought in enormous quantities through the various tobacco funds conducted by the newspapers of the country and forwarded through the Red Cross Society to the boys in France.

This new process of treating tobacco not only improves the flavor of the tobacco but it seals in this flavor and makes the cigarettes keep better.

The Red Cross nurse is always glad to have a cigarette for the wounded soldier, as, in most instances, that is the first thing asked for.—Adv.

How to Bring Them Up.

Mrs. Domestic Tabby—People don't know how to raise children nowadays. They let them have their own way far too much.

Mrs. Brood Hen—That's very true. Now, look at my chickens. They wouldn't have amounted to a thing if they hadn't been sat on.—People's Home Journal.

GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER

has been a household remedy all over the civilized world for more than half a century for constipation, intestinal troubles, torpid liver and the generally depressed feeling that accompanies such disorders. It is a most valuable remedy for indigestion or nervous dyspepsia and liver trouble, bringing on headache, coming up of food, palpitation of heart and many other symptoms. A few doses of August Flower will immediately relieve you. It is a gentle laxative. Ask your druggist. Sold in all civilized countries.—Adv.

Tartars.

Singular piece of news, that, of a Tartar army threatening Sebastopol. It's a long while since Tartars have cut much of a figure in war. Once they were the greatest fighting race in the world and overran a large share of Europe and Asia.—Buffalo Times.

RECIPE FOR GRAY HAIR.

To half pint of water add 1 oz. Bay Rum, a small box of Barbo Compound, and 1/4 oz. of glycerine. Any druggist can put this up or you can mix it at home at very little cost. Full directions for making and use come in each box of Barbo Compound. It will gradually darken streaked, faded gray hair, and make it soft and glossy. It will not color the scalp, is not sticky or greasy, and does not rub off. Adv.

She Meant All Right.

"I'm hurrying to tell you this," hastens N. W. C.: "A woman came into our Red Cross branch, looked at the surgical dressings and asked, 'Is all this gauze cauterized?'"

Heal Baby Rashes

That Itch, burn and torture. A hot Cuticura Soap bath gives instant relief when followed by a gentle application of Cuticura Ointment. For free samples address, "Cuticura, Dept. X, Boston." At druggists and by mail. Soap 25, Ointment 25 and 50.—Adv.

Not Just as Good.

"Have you a fireless cooker in your house?"

"No, but we have a coalless fire."

COVETED BY ALL

but possessed by few—a beautiful head of hair. If yours is streaked with gray or is harsh and stiff, you can restore it to its former beauty and luster by using "La Creole" Hair Dressing. Price \$1.00.—Adv.

"Nothing is new under the sun!" How about the 1918 weather records?

To keep clean and healthy take Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. They regulate liver, bowels and stomach.—Adv.

We always know just what not to say after we have said it.

Calomel Today! Sick Tomorrow!

I Guarantee Dodson's Liver Tone

Don't take nasty, dangerous calomel when bilious, constipated, headachy. Listen to me!

Calomel makes you sick; you lose a day's work. Calomel is quicksilver and it salivates; calomel injures your liver.

If you are bilious, feel lazy, sluggish and all knocked out, if your bowels are constipated and your head aches or stomach is sour, just take a spoonful of harmless Dodson's Liver Tone instead of using sickening, salivating calomel. Dodson's Liver Tone is real liver medicine. You'll know it next morning because you will wake up feeling fine, your liver will be working, your headache and dizziness gone, your stomach will be sweet and bowels regular. You will feel like working. You'll be cheerful; full of vigor and ambition.

Your druggist or dealer sells you a bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone for a few cents under my personal guarantee that it will clean your sluggish liver better than nasty calomel; it won't make you sick and you can eat anything you want without being salivated. Your druggist guarantees that each spoonful will start your liver, clean your bowels and straighten you up by morning or you get your money back. Children gladly take Dodson's Liver Tone because it is pleasant tasting and doesn't gripe or cramp or make them sick.

I am selling millions of bottles of Dodson's Liver Tone to people who have found that this pleasant, vegetable liver medicine takes the place of dangerous calomel. Buy one bottle on my sound, reliable guarantee. Ask your druggist about me.—Adv.

Their Medicine Chest For 20 Years

It is characteristic of folks after they pass the allotted "three score years and ten," to look back over the days that are gone and to regretfully live them over.

I find myself, at seventy-one, frequently drifting back a quarter of a century, when I see myself in the little drug store I owned at Bolivar, Mo., making and selling a vegetable compound to my friends and customers—what was then known only as Dr. Lewis' Medicine For Stomach, Liver and Bowel Complaints.

For many years while I was perfecting my formula I studied and investigated the laxatives and cathartics on the market and became convinced that their main fault was not that they did not act on the bowels, but that their action was too violent and drastic, and upset the system of the user; which was due to the fact that they were not thorough enough in their action, some simply acting on the upper or small intestine, while others would act only on the lower or large intestine, and that they almost invariably produced a habit requiring augmented doses.

I believed that a preparation to produce the best effects must first tone the liver, then act on the stomach and entire alimentary system. If this was accomplished, the medicine would produce a mild, but thorough elimination of the waste without the usual sickening sensations, and make the user feel better at once.

After experimenting with hundreds of different compounds, I at last perfected the formula that is now known as Lewis' Remedy, which I truly believe goes further and does more than any laxative on the market today. The thousands of letters from users have convinced me I was right, and that the user of Lewis' Remedy as a family medicine, even though he may have used it for twenty-five years, never has to increase the dose.

My knowledge of medicine and the results of its use in my own family and among my friends, before I ever offered it for sale, caused me to have great faith in Lewis' Remedy from the very first.

And now as I find myself nearing the age when I must bow to the inevitable and go to another life, my greatest pleasure is to sit each day and read the letters that each mail brings from people as old or older than I, who tell of having used Lewis' Remedy for ten, fifteen and twenty years, and how they and their children and grandchildren have been benefited by it.

It is a comforting thought, my friends, for a man of my age to feel that aside from his own success, one has done something for his fellow man. My greatest satisfaction, my greatest happiness today, is the knowledge that tonight more than one million people will take a Lewis' Remedy (No. 1) Tablet and will be better, healthier, happier people for it. I hope you will be one of them.

Appl. Lewis Pres.

A. H. LEWIS MEDICINE CO., ST. LOUIS, MO.

NR Tonight - Tomorrow Feel Right Get a 25 Box

He'd Paid the Bills.

"How did Weeds happen to marry a dressmaker?" "For her money. She made all of his first wife's clothes."

Catarrah Cannot Be Cured

by LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrah is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE will cure catarrah. It is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is composed of some of the best known, combined with some of the best blood purifiers. The perfect combination of the ingredients in HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is what produces such wonderful results in catarrah conditions. Druggists & Testimonials free. F. J. Cheney & Co., Props., Toledo, O.

He Couldn't Stand It.

She—"At least a mirror doesn't flatter one." He—"No; that is why I never look in one."

Many people imagine that Worms or Tape-worms cannot be gotten rid of entirely. Those who have used "Dead Shot"—Dr. Peery's Vermifuge, know that they can. Adv.

Some men work an empty honor for all there is in it.

A Mercenary Mind.

"What books have helped you most?" "To tell the truth," replied Mr. Pen-wiggle, "I never got a great deal of help out of books. There is more money in scenarios."

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Fletcher*. In Use for Over 30 Years. Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Exceptions.

"Do you believe beauty is in the eye of the beholder?"

"Not if the beholder squints."

THAT GRIM WHITE SPECTRE, Pneumonia, follows on the heels of a neglected cough or cold. Delay no longer. Take Maxfield's Cough Balsam. Price 50c and \$1.00.—Adv.

An old bachelor says that an optimist is a married man who says that he is glad of it.

OLD TIRES

Howing away your money!

Three for their money dollars and makes no difference whether they are new or old.

They are made of the best material and are guaranteed to last.

Call on us today and we will show you the difference.

For Ambitious Men

Men as ambitious in business as in life, who are looking for a way to get ahead, will find in the "Renovator" a most valuable and profitable position. It is a position that is open to all, and it is a position that is well paid. It is a position that is well respected, and it is a position that is well suited to the needs of the modern man.

Call on us today and we will show you the difference.

Girls! Use Lemons! Make a Bleaching, Beautifying Cream

The juice of two fresh lemons strained into a bottle containing three ounces of orchard white makes a whole quart pint of the most remarkable lemon skin beautifier at about the cost one must pay for a small jar of the ordinary cold creams. Care should be taken to strain the lemon juice through a fine cloth so no lemon pulp gets in, then this lotion will keep fresh for months. Every woman knows that lemon juice is used to bleach and remove such blemishes as freckles, sallowness and tan and is the ideal skin softener, smoothen and beautifier.

Just try it! Get three ounces of orchard white at any pharmacy and two lemons from the grocer and make up a quart pint of this sweetly fragrant lemon lotion and massage it daily into the face, neck, arms and hands. It naturally should help to soften, freshen, bleach and bring out the roses and beauty of any skin. It is simply marvelous to smoothen rough, red hands. Adv.

According to the latest census taken in New York there are more women than men in the Empire city.

Weak, Faint Heart, and Hysterics can be rectified by taking "Renovator" a heart and nerve tonic. Price 50c and \$1. At

Minnesota just year shipped out 15, 520,690 barrels of flour.

ASTHMA

There is no "cure" but relief is often brought by—

VICK'S VAPORUB

Clear Pimples With Cuticura And Be Happy

IRRITATING COUGHS

Promptly treat coughs, colds, hoarseness, bronchitis and similar inflamed and irritated conditions of the throat with a tested remedy—

PISO'S

Taking a Nap.

Nan was sitting on one of the smallest first-grade chairs with her legs crossed. After a while she extended them gingerly and exclaimed to the teacher: "Oh, my feet have gone to bed."

1,716,000,000 Pounds of Flour Saved

if each of our 22,000,000 families use this recipe instead of white bread.

One loaf saves 11,000,000 pounds; three loaves a week for a year means 1,716,000,000 pounds saved!

Enough to Feed the Entire Allied Army

Corn Bread with Rye Flour

1 cup corn meal	1 teaspoon salt
1 cup rye flour	1 cup milk
2 tablespoons sugar	1 egg
5 teaspoons Royal Baking Powder	2 tablespoons shortening

Barley flour or oat flour may be used instead of rye flour with equally good results. Sift dry ingredients into bowl; add milk, beaten egg and melted shortening. Stir well. Put into greased pan, allow to stand in warm place 20 to 25 minutes and bake in moderate oven 40 to 45 minutes.

Our new Red, White and Blue booklet, "Best War Time Recipes," containing many other recipes for making delicious and wholesome wheat saving foods, mailed free—address

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., Dept. W, 135 William St., New York

FOOD WILL WIN THE WAR

50 Acres

St. Valley Co-Over Land in St. County, Ark. In 70 Suit. Logged With Easy to Clear.

ASTHMA

There is no "cure" but relief is often brought by—

VICK'S VAPORUB

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ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., Dept. W, 135 William St., New York

FOOD WILL WIN THE WAR

1st Proclamation

According to instruction from the County Judge, County Attorney and the Fiscal Court I am asking that all the roads of the County be gone over immediately by the regular road hands and all ditches be opened, mud-holes filled up, and drag run over the road where needed and practicable.

This notice applies to all roads and overseers in the County.

E. Jeffrey Travis,
County Road Engineer.

Special Election Notice.

Pursuant to an order of the Fiscal Court of Crittenden County, I will cause a poll to be opened at each of the election precincts in and for Crittenden County, Kentucky, on the 10th., day of April, 1918, for the purpose of testing the sense of the voters of Crittenden County, Kentucky, upon the following question:

Are you for a property tax of fifteen cents (15 cts.) on each one hundred (\$100.00) dollars worth of taxable property in Crittenden County, Kentucky, to be levied each year for four years for the purpose of improving and constructing, either or both, the roads and bridges of Crittenden County, Kentucky?

The above question will be submitted to the legal voters of Crittenden County, Kentucky, on Wednesday, April 10, 1918, pursuant to the order copied below. "Yes" is a vote in favor of issuing said tax, and "No" is a vote against issuing the said tax.

Polls will be open at all voting precincts on Wednesday, April 10, 1918, from six o'clock a. m. to 4 o'clock p. m.

Remember the day, remember the question. Vote at your regular voting precinct.

V. O. CHANDLER,
Sheriff of Crittenden County.

Crittenden Fiscal Court, Special Term, March 9, 1918.

Present and Presiding R. L. Moore, Judge, with County Attorney, Jno. A. Moore, and magistrates, viz: F. M. Davidson, J. M. McCaslin, Finis A. Hillyard, L. E. Waddell, Chas. L. Bräzel, W. H. Graves, W. D. Drennan.

On motion of Esq. Davidson, second by Esq. McCaslin, it is ordered that an election be held on the 10th., day of April, for the purpose of submitting to the voters of Crittenden County, Kentucky, the following question: Are you for a property tax of fifteen cents (.15) on each one hundred (\$100.00) dollars worth of taxable property in Crittenden County, Kentucky, to be levied each year for four years for the purpose of improving and constructing, either or both, the roads and bridges of Crittenden County, Kentucky? It is further ordered and directed by the Court that said election be held at all voting precincts in Crittenden County, Kentucky, on the 10th., day of April, 1918, by the regular election officers in and for Crittenden County, Kentucky, for the purpose of testing the sense of the voters of Crittenden County, Kentucky, upon the above stated question.

A Copy Attest:

L. E. Guess, Clerk,
By Leaffa Wilborn, D. C.

City Marshal's Sale Taxes.

By virtue of taxes due the City of Marion, Ky., for the years 1916 and 1917, I, or one of my deputies, will on the 8th day of April, 1918, between the hours of 12 o'clock, noon, and 2 o'clock, p. m., at the Court-house door in Marion, Crittenden County, Ky., expose to Public Sale, to the highest bidder, for cash in hand, the following property (or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the amount of the taxes due aforesaid and costs) to-wit:

J. P. Terry, 1916	\$3.74
Charline Stephens, 1916	3.39
J. E. Threlkeld, 1916 and 1917	6.85
James H. Brice	4.25
Lucinda Hughes	3.05
M. Hughes	4.00
R. C. Haynes	3.68
W. C. Oliver, 1916 1917	5.74
Tell Pippin	2.72
T. A. Rankin, 1917	5.90
Charley Stephens, 1917	4.04
Mrs. M. W. Thurman, 1917	1.77
Sarah Travis, 1917	3.05
Jim Thurman, 1917	4.32
R. E. Wilson, 1917	5.59
John W. Wilson, 1917	2.41
Agnes Wortham, 1917	1.46
M. A. Wilson, 1917	2.82
L. F. White, 1917	3.68

T. J. WRING, Tax Collector.

CIRCUIT COURT WILL CONVEENE MONDAY COMMONWEALTH DOCKET.

First Day.

Commonwealth of Kentucky vs Kin Joice

7 cases
Same vs Tom Saucer
Same vs Lawrence Curnel
Same vs Bird Watson

4 cases
Same vs Berry Breashears

3 cases
Same vs Clarence Walker and Phineas Dial

Same vs Freddie Wright

Same vs Eugene Decker

Same vs Edgar Fraick

Same vs Al Daughtery

Same vs J. E. Turley

3 cases
Same vs Harry Binkley

Same vs Herbert Burklow

Same vs Molly Hill

Same vs Elmer McDaniel

Same vs Burnie Bradford

Same vs Ed Baird

Same vs Robt. Dial

Same vs Ellis Blackwell

Same vs Tom Myers

Same vs Earl Farmer

Same vs J. A. White

Same vs Beckham McNeely and Walter Fritts

Same vs Corbet Towery and Ben Yandell

Same vs Ed Baird and Burnie Bradford

Same vs Roy Jamison and Elmer Damron

Same vs Ike E. Belt

Same vs John Tinsley

Same vs Ira Hughes

Same vs Eddy Melton

Same vs Albert Bone

Same vs Jesse Curry

3 cases
Same vs Ben Yandell and etc.

Same vs G. Terry

Same vs Willie Leech

Same vs Corbet Tabor

Same vs Roy Barson

Same vs Geo. Watson

Same vs Halley Wilcox

Same vs Bob Adamson

Same vs Bill Boaz

2 cases
Same vs Hughey McCaslin

Same vs Bill Moss, Jr.

Same vs Tom Britton

Same vs Oakley Hughes

Same vs Noah Green and Oscar Green

Same vs Almon Teer

9 cases
Same vs Phin Miles

2 cases
Same vs Crowder Fox

Same vs Jas. G. Gilbert

Same vs Herman Thomas

REFERENCE EQUITY DOCKET.

W. B. Stenbridge, Admr. vs Mrs. Vina Stenbridge.

Julia Bapre vs Thomas Nevins.

Florence Harpending vs John L. Harpending.

Ada McNeely vs J. O. McNeely.

Dora F. Travis vs Ruth & Perry Travis

Mrs. Nona Lamb vs Christine Lamb.

Rosie Meeks vs John V. Meeks.

Flour Spar Company.
Mrs. Ella C. Pierce & etc vs Kentucky Flour Spar Company.
Brittie Powell vs J. V. Powell.
Mary Cameron & etc vs Lamb & etc.
COMMON LAW REF.

ERENCE DOCKET.

Eight Day.
Carrie Frances Bennett & etc vs Henry Owen & etc.

Ed Large vs Ben Belt.

George H. Foster vs A. W. Lane.

Ernest Hearrell, Admr. etc vs I. C. R. R. Company & etc.

Jewell Powell vs Roy Lamb.

H. H. Floyd vs M. T. Koker.

Mary J. Turley vs W. T. Corley.

L. E. Huffman vs Gabe W. Abell.

COMMON LAW REF.

ERENCE DOCKET.

Ninth Day.

C. J. Pierce vs W. A. Blackburn & etc.

T. H. Cochran & Co vs Lewis Horning.

Murray G. McDowell vs Mollie J. Cardwell & etc.

A. Koltinsky vs D. A. Wicker.

May Brantley & etc vs D. Crowell

COMMON LAW AP.

PEARANCE DOCKET.

Ira Guess vs Silas Guess & etc.

I. H. Clement vs Jas. S. Henry.

J. N. Boston vs W. T. Corley.

Taylor & Cannan vs W. T. Corley

Eskew & Eskew vs H. D. Daniel

E. M. McFee vs C. R. Hughes & etc.

J. E. Binkley & etc. vs U. G. Hughes, Com. & etc.

DEATHS

Marshall Hughes, a son of the late Jesse Hughes, died at the home of his uncle, Allie Hughes, on the Cave-in-Rock road, Saturday afternoon, March 9th at 4 o'clock, of tuberculosis, of which he had been a sufferer for the past year. He was in his 37th year. With him when the end came was his devoted wife, uncle, cousins, and other relatives. He is survived by his mother, Mrs. Nancy J. Clark, three half brothers, Stewart, Joseph and Jesse Clark, and one sister, Mrs. J. W. Alexander of Lthebridge Canada.

His wife, to whom he was united Dec. 24 1910, was Miss Virginia Clyde McGinnis of Rosiclar Ill. a beautiful young woman, who is a daughter of the Sheriff of Hardin Co. Ill.

The deceased was born, Jan. 13th 1882, and was reared in this county. He had travelled extensively for the benefit of his health, and had spent much time in Colorado and other places in the west.

The funeral was preached by Rev. J. B. Trotter Sunday afternoon, and internment took place in the New Cemetery, with Masonic honors, he having been a member of the Masonic Lodge for many years.

Moses Mitchell was killed at the Ed Beard mine of the Ky Flour Spar Co. Monday morning March 11th 1918 at 730 o'clock by falling into a log washer into which he was dumping spar from a wheelbarrow. It is supposed he lost his balance or stumbled causing him to fall.

He lived only a few minutes after being disentangled from the cogs of the machine. He was a native of Johnson County Ky, and was 60 years of age, having been born Feb. 7, 1858.

He is survived by his wife, who was Miss Susan Sutley, and several children.

His remains were laid to rest at Dunn Springs Cemetery Monday.

MEDICINE VS FOOD

Do not buy something which you already have. You have food which you feed your horses, cattle and sheep, but when you want medicine, buy only medicine. That is what you get in B. A. Thomas' Stock Remedy. We sell it and guarantee it to be medicine. We tell you that it will tone up the entire system of your stock and aids digestion, thereby causing them to get all the food value out of the grain that you feed them.

For sale by J. H. ORME, Marion, Ky.

NOTICE

To Our Friends And Customers.

Owing to the fact that we are compelled to pay cash for gasoline, and the margin of profit is so small we find that in order to give our customers the best service possible and be always ready to supply you with gasoline we will have to sell gasoline for cash.

T. H. Cochran & Co.

FOR SALE

One Percheron Stallion and 2 Jacks. For further information, write or phone R. E. Brantley, Blackford, Ky., Cumb phone. 371mp

FOR SALE

Fifty dozen No. 3 cans of home grown tomatoes at 15 cents per can. Extra fine.

Will Conyer.

R. F. D. No. 3. Marion, Ky. Phone 80 two rings.

Eggs For Hatching.

Barred Rocks.
S. C. R. I. Reds.
S. C. White Leghorns, \$1.00, \$1.25 and \$1.50.

Maple Cottage Poultry Farm.
Mrs. J. B. CARTER,
2285tp Marion, Ky.

Seed Potatoes For Sale.

40 bushels of Early Irish Cobbler seed potatoes for sale at \$2.50 a bushel.

W. E. Minner.

FOR SALE

Rosecomb Barred Rock Eggs \$1.00 for 15.

Mrs. T. A. Enoch,
phone, 62-3,
Fords Ferry Star Route,
3147tp Marion Ky.

FOR SALE

Fine black Spanish jack, 9 years, white tips and points, good condition, and big boned animal, fine individual, at a bargain.

W. J. Franklin,
Levas Ky.,
R. R. 3 Marion Ky.

NOTICE

All persons holding county claims, please present them to me, at once for payment.
Leaffa Wilborn,
County Treasurer.

FOR SALE.

Fine Jersey cows with young calves at their side, for cash.
JOSEPH A. GUESS,
R. No. 1; Fredonia, Ky.
3143tp

Dr. Gilchrist



Instruments for examining conditions inside as well as outside of the eye. Glasses scientifically fitted. Prices reasonable.
Office: Paris Bldg. Marion, Ky. Below Farmers Bank.

The Income Tax Penalties

Should a taxpayer render a false or fraudulent return with intent to evade a proper payment of income tax—

He would become liable to an additional tax of 100 per cent and to a fine of not to exceed \$2,000, to one years imprisonment, or both in the discretion of the court, and to the costs of prosecution.

PUBLIC SALE.

Having sold my farm 1 mi Friday March 29th., 1918, my residence on the road from the Princeton road to Woodall settlement 3 miles of Marion and 2 1/2 miles Crayne, sell to the highest and best bidder all my teams and farming utensils as etc, named below.

1 Hereford Bull Registered 1 years old April 25th., 1918, cows, calves at their side, heifers due to freshen, 9 head steers good color 1 to 2 years old, 5 head of horses, mares and colts, 13 head of hogs (2 sows and 11 shoats), 2 wagons, harness for same, 1 surry, 1 dis harrow, 2 mowers, 1 A A harrow, interest in binder, 3 breaking plows, interest in a 2 row corn planter, 1 row planter, numberous other tools and utensils.

Terms 12 months on all sums over \$5.00, under \$5.00 cash in hand, notes with approved security must be executed before property is moved.

SCOTT PARIS.

CHILDREN'S KIDNEYS

No Marion Mother Should Neglect The Little One's Health

Oftentimes weak kidneys cause great annoyance and embarrassment to children. Inability to control the kidney secretions at night or while at play, is attributed to carelessness and too frequently the child is punished. Parents having children troubled with kidney weakness would do well to treat the kidneys with a tested and proven kidney remedy. If there is pain in the back, discolored urine, irregular urination, headaches, dizzy spells or a tired, worn-out feeling, try Doan's Kidney Pills at once. A remedy that has been used in kidney troubles for over 50 years and has been recommended by thousands. Proof of merit in a Marion citizen's statement. Mrs. G. W. Patterson, Elm & Com St., says: "A member of my family was troubled with weak kidneys; This caused considerable distress when suffering with colds, as the kidney secretions passed too frequently. I had often heard of Doan's Kidney Pills and got a box at Haynes & Taylor's drug store. One box cured the complaint in short order and I can certainly recommend Doan's Kidney Pills to any mother who has children suffering with weak kidneys."

Price 60 cents at all dealers. Do simply ask for a kidney remedy—Doan's Kidney Pills—the same as Mrs. Patterson had. Foster-McClellan Co., Mfgs., Buffalo, N. Y.

A Little Boy Accidentally Killed By

A little boy of widow Ne McDowell's of Cave-in-Rock accidentally killed Sunday afternoon at Cave-in-Rock by James Herrin started to back his car before turning around. The little fellow who had been sitting behind the car thought he was well out of its way and was warned by Mr. Herrin that he was going to start. Instead of the front wheels shearing him down and passing over his body near the middle. He lived until about eleven o'clock Sunday night.

Mr. Herrin is deeply grieved at the sad accident as the boy was a very dear little friend of his and had accompanied him on many trips. It is reported that he had spoken quite recently to adopting the little fellow as a member of his family.—Rosiclar Sentinel.

Farmers Meeting

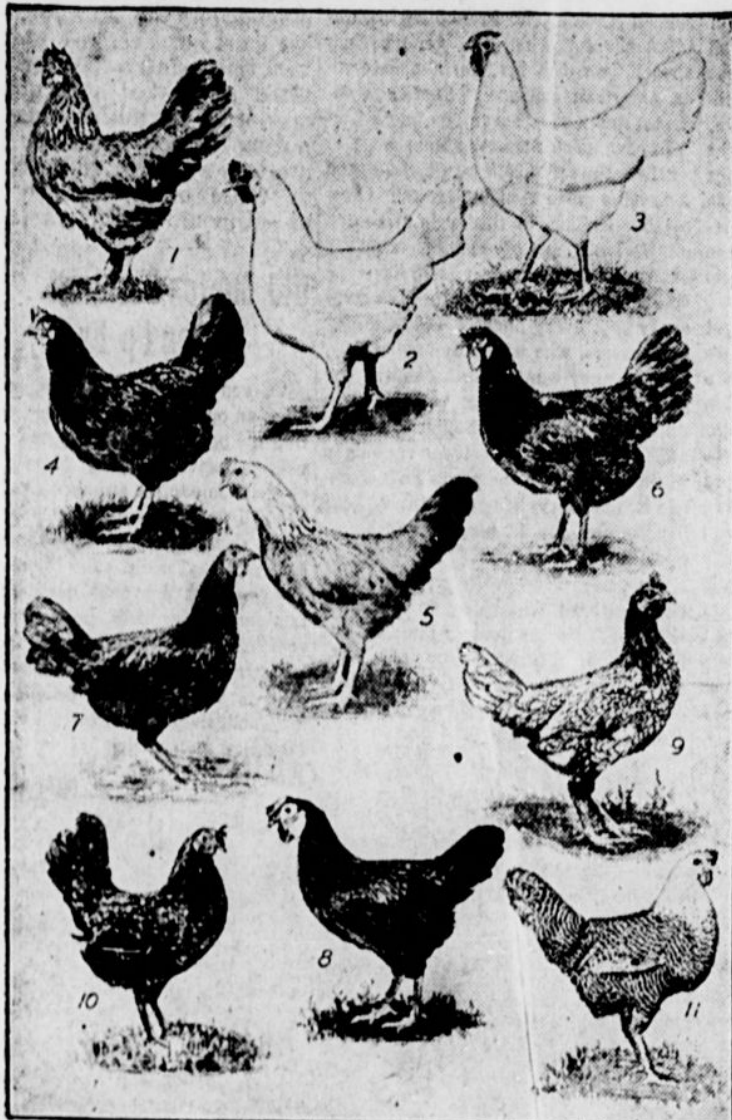
For testing seed corn, come and let's prepare for great corn crop. Come to the meeting nearest the farm.

Hebron, Colon, Tule, Tule, Barnett, LaRue, etc.

TEXAS 1918.

A Bird in the Hand

(Special Information Service, United States Department of Agriculture.)
DO YOU KNOW THE TWENTY EGG STRAINS?



Eleven of the More Important Members of the Egg Classes: (1) Single Comb Brown Leghorn; (2) Single Comb White Leghorn; (3) Rose Comb White Leghorn; (4) Black Leghorn; (5) Silver Leghorn; (6) Single Comb Black Minorca; (7) Rose Comb Black Minorca; (8) White-Faced Black Spanish; (9) Blue Andalusian; (10) Single Comb Ancona; (11) Silver Campine.

WIDELY POPULAR HEN FOR LAYING

Single Comb White Leghorn of
Mediterranean Class is
Most Favored.

NOT DESIRABLE MEAT FOWLS

Especially in Back Yards and on Farms
Where Waste Material is Avail-
able Purchase of Expensive
Grain Not Required.

If you want to raise chickens for
eggs only, if you want to make your
hennery strictly an egg factory with
meat production only an afterthought,
you must select an egg breed. You
have 20 chances, according to a new

table. They are the breeds best suited
for poultry farms where the produc-
tion of eggs is the main purpose. The
Leghorn breed, and in particular the
Single Comb White Leghorn variety,
is the most popular and widely kept.

The egg breeds are smaller than the
general-purpose types of chickens such
as the Plymouth Rock. For that reason
they do not make particularly desir-
able meat fowls and are not so well
favored by the poultry packers as are
the larger general-purpose breeds.
Surplus cockerels, however, sold as
broilers when they weigh from three-
quarters to a pound and a half, find a
ready market.

The bulletin mentioned describes the
different breeds and varieties of lay-
ers in the two classes and illustrates
them. However, the purpose of the
bulletin is to give only general de-
scriptions of appearance and charac-
ter. For a description sufficiently de-
tailed to enable one to breed exhibi-
tion specimens it will be necessary,
the specialists say, to refer to the
"American Standard of Perfection," a
book published by the American Poul-

NATION STILL NEEDS GREAT POULTRY INCREASES

Poultry production should be increased greatly, according to the
department of agriculture's 1918 agricultural production program, espe-
cially in back yards and on farms where waste material is available and the
purchase of expensive grains and other material is not required.

Increased poultry production may be obtained most economically,
according to the federal experts, by early hatching, by confining mother
hens at least ten days after the chicks are hatched, by reducing losses
on account of rats, weasels, and thieves, and cold, damp conditions, by
thorough sanitation, by discouraging the marketing of early hatched
pullets as broilers, by eliminating non-producing hens and keeping good
layers through at least two laying seasons, and by the poultryman rais-
ing his own feed as far as possible.

publication from the United States de-
partment of agriculture describing the
breeds of chickens belonging to the
egg class, Farmers' Bulletin 808,
"Standard Varieties of Chickens: II.
The Mediterranean and Continental
Classes."

That is, there are 20 members of
the two groups of chickens which poul-
try experts classify as the egg breeds.
The Mediterranean class includes the
Leghorns—nine varieties; the Minor-
cas—five varieties; the Spanish—one
variety; the Ancona—two varieties,
and the Blue Andalusian. In the Con-
tinental class is the one breed Cam-
pine with two varieties. All of these
breeds lay white-shelled eggs. They
are called egg breeds because fowls
of these types are especially good lay-
ers but are not so well suited to the

Where Egg Breeds Are Kept.

Eggs, of course, are produced where-
ever chickens are kept, and by far the
greater part of the egg crop comes
from the general farm, yet large so-
called egg farms have been developed
with the main purpose of producing
eggs for market. The largest of these
egg farms and the greater number of
them are located near markets which
pay a premium for white eggs; and
for this reason, together with the fact
that eggs are primarily desired, the
breeds kept are those known as the
egg breeds, such as Leghorn, Cam-
pine, Minorca and Ancona.

THE EGG CLASSES—6 BREEDS AND 20 VARIETIES

There are two classes of egg breeds—Mediterranean and Continental.
The Mediterranean class includes the following standard breeds and varie-
ties:

Breeds.	Varieties.	Breeds.	Varieties.
Leghorn	Single Comb Brown, Rose Comb Brown, Single Comb White, Rose Comb White, Single Comb Buff, Rose Comb Buff, Single Comb Black, Silver, Red Pyle.	Minorca	Single Comb Black, Rose Comb Black, Single Comb White, Rose Comb White, Single Comb Buff, White Faced Black, Ancona
			Spanish
			Blue Andalusian.
			Single Comb.
			Rose Comb.
			Silver.
			Golden.

The Continental class includes one standard breed and two varieties:
Breed. Varieties.

DOG TAX BILL IS PASSED BY HOUSE

BIRTH AND LEVITY BY SOLONS
FOLLOWS CONSIDERATION OF
WOOL GROWERS' MEASURE.

ASSESSOR OFFICE ABOLISHED

Measure Creates County Tax Commis-
sion to Be Elected by the People—
Members Must Show Qualifications
By Examination Before Serving.

—Frankfort.

Barking like dogs, bawling like
calves, crowing like roosters and im-
itating every other kind of tame and
wild animal and fowl, the Representa-
tives resolved themselves into a house
of mirth when it took up the wool
growers' dog-tax bill and passed it by
the vote of 64 to 15.

The measure was introduced by
Representative H. V. Bell, of Law-
renceburg, and proposed and indorsed
by the Wool Growers' Association of
Kentucky. It proposed a tax of \$1
on male and \$2 on female dogs. Rep-
resentative Phelps offered an amend-
ment to require all dogs to be muzzled
if running at large. The tax of \$1 per
dog under the present law was not
changed by the Phelps amendment.
The point was made by Representative
Klar that the substitute was not ger-
mane to the bill. Speaker Crowe ruled
that the purpose of the bill was to pro-
tect the sheep and keep them alive
and was germane.

Representative Meyers offered an
amendment requiring all dogs when
running at large at night to carry head
and tail lights, and Representative
Vance offered an amendment requiring
all dogs to bark three times at all
railroad crossings and carry red lights
at night.

Explaining his substitute Repre-
sentative Phelps said its passage was
to protect the sheep and keep them
alive and not pay for them after they
are killed.

Speaking against the substitute and
for the bill Representative Claude
Thomas contended that the passage of
the substitute would practically abol-
ish all the dog laws of the state. He
urged the passage of the bill as a war
measure.

Representative Howard offered a
resolution requiring the Committee on
Revenue and Taxation to report his
bill to place a tax of 1 per cent of the
market value of coal production for
state purposes and allowing the coun-
ties to tax it one-half per cent. The
resolution was lost by a vote of 45
to 39.

The bill of Senator Swinford to re-
quire owners of abutting property to
clear the public roadway of weeds and
brush passed, 49 to 13.

The bill was amended to permit the
counties of the state to accept or re-
ject the provisions of the bill.

The House passed the bill of Sena-
tor Lewis to prohibit more than one
Trustee of the Kentucky Normal and
Industrial Institute residing in any
one county. The vote was 69 to 0.

The bill of Senator McFarland, to
provide co-operative vocational educa-
tion under the Smith-Hughes act of
Congress, passed, 77 to 0.

Representative Swope's bill, to per-
mit fourth-class cities to operate mu-
nicipal water, light and power plants,
passed, 83 to 0.

The bill of Representative Musick to
create the Thirty-seventh Judicial
District, composed of Breathitt and
Lee counties, lost, 23 to 47.

House Action.

The House passed the resolution to
permit P. E. Edwards, who was sheriff
of Muhlenberg county during 1863 and
1864, to sue the state to recover \$385.

The bill of Representative Candel
to increase Confederate pensions to
\$12 a month was made a special order
at 2:30 o'clock.

Speaker Crowe has been detained
at LaGrange, he designated Repre-
sentative Rice to preside. As the
Rules Committee takes charge Satur-
day most of the afternoon was taken
up in efforts to make special orders.

A committee, composed of Repre-
sentatives Waggoner, Swope and Bal-
lard, was appointed to investigate the
charge that some of the pages are
"playing hooky" on their job. The
bill of Senator Frost to provide for a
lien on land in levee districts for con-
struction, repair, enlargement and
maintenance of levees and provide for
proceedings as in drainage cases
passed, 61 to 1.

The House passed a resolution by
Representative Lasley indorsing C. R.
Reed, a Kentuckian, for Governor of
Alaska.

A resolution to refund to certain ex-
lookeers of Ft. Thomas the money
on unused periods of their licenses
was introduced by Representative Dill.

Verdict Stands.

The verdict of \$10,000 for Noble
Steele, an eight-year-old lad of Knox
county, against the Louisville & Nash-
ville railroad was affirmed by the
Court of Appeals. Steele fell under a
coal car while riding near Grays and
lost both of his feet. The court says
the verdict is not excessive. The
Court of Appeals sustained the will
of the late Columbia Buckner, of War-
ren county, in which she left her prop-
erty to Miss Ella Myrtle Torrant, who
had waited on her 17 years. Undue in-
fluence in making of will was charged.

Passage of Nunn Bill.

The passage of the Nunn measure,
making farm-loan bonds legal invest-
ments for persons acting in a judi-
ciary capacity, was approved by the
Senate. As soon as the upper branch
was called to order Senator Nunn read
a telegram from Secretary of the
Treasury W. G. McAdoo, urging the
passage of the bill. Existing condi-
tions, he said, make it important that
money should be available for agri-
cultural development and extension.
Not a vote went on record as op-
posed to the bill.

The bill of Senator Huntsman, to
furnish the University of Kentucky,
the Normal Schools and the Kentucky
Normal and Industrial Institute with
copies of the statutes and acts of the
General Assembly passed, 29 to 1,
Senator Gardner opposing it.

The Senate, by the vote of 27 to 1,
passed the bill of Representative Spur-
rier to provide for one tax supervisor
for each magisterial district.

Senator Richardson entered a mo-
tion to call from the Committee on
Revenue and Taxation the bills to sub-
ject machinery, raw material and
products in course of manufacturing,
money in hand, notes, bonds, accounts
and other credits to local taxation;
and to increase special tax on double
stamp goods to 10 cents the gallon.

Senator Glenn, on behalf of the
committee, announced that both bills
would be reported unfavorably by the
committee and that Senator Richar-
dson had been so informed. Senator
Richardson said what he wanted was
a committee report in order to get
the bills before the Senate. Senator
Glenn said that the bills would be re-
ported, and Senator Richardson did
not push the matter further.

The bill of Senator Meriwether
Smith to provide for contest of con-
stitutional amendments, passed, 28 to
0. When the measure was up for con-
sideration last week several of the
senators objected to certain provi-
sions, and as a result the bill was re-
committed.

The bill was reported back with two
amendments, one giving the Franklin
Circuit Court exclusive jurisdiction,
and the other, in effect, making the
general election law applicable to the
bill. All contests on constitutional
amendments will be identical in pro-
cedure and law as those for contested
state offices.

First Move to Merge Officers.

Taking a step in the direction of re-
trenchment and reform, the Senate
by the vote of 34 to 0 passed the bill
of Senator Burton to merge the offices
of the Hotel Inspector, Food Inspector
and Tuberculosis Commission into the
State Board of Health. The bill in-
creases the membership of the Board
of Health from eight to ten members.
Of the members, nine are to be ap-
pointed by the Governor, the tenth
member, who is to be the secretary
and Executive Officer, to be selected
by the other members.

The members appointed by the Gov-
ernor shall be four from the State
Board of Health, graduates of the four
schools for physicians; two from the
Board of Tuberculosis Commission;
one from Kentucky Board of Phar-
macy; to be selected from a list of
five; two from the state at large, who
must be duly accredited physicians.

The bill carries an annual appropri-
ation of \$75,000 for the work of the
department. Senator Leach made an
effort to reduce the appropriation to
\$50,000, but his amendment was voted
down. The appropriation is \$10,000
less than is now being appropriated
to carry on the work of the various
departments merged in the State
Board of Health.

The appropriation will be used in
establishing and maintaining the bu-
reaus, salaries of the Secretary, heads
of the bureaus, clerical help and other
incidental expenses.

The State Board of Health will es-
tablish and maintain the following bu-
reaus: A Bureau of Tuberculosis; a
Bureau of Vital Statistics; Pure Food
and Drugs Bureau; a Bureau of San-
itation; a Bureau of Hotel Inspection,
and the Bureau of Epidemiology and
Bacteriology.

The bill incorporates all of the laws
relating to the creation of county and
district departments of health, hotel
inspection, pure food and drug laws
and the law for the prevention of tu-
berculosis.

Unfavorable Report.

The Senate Committee on Kentucky
Statutes has decided to report unfa-
vorably the bill of Senator Selden R.
Glenn to permit boys of 10 years of
age or over to carry newspaper routes
out of school hours.

The bill of Senator Richardson, to
limit State Text Book Commission to
charging 50 per cent of text books
once in five years, will be reported fa-
vorably, with an amendment exempt-
ing cities of the first, second, third
and fourth classes.

A favorable report will be made by
the same committee on the Senate bill
of Senator Richardson, to abolish and
recreate the State Tuberculosis Com-
mission, composed of seven members,
to be appointed by the Governor, pro-
viding for sanitaria and appropriating
\$30,000.

One Meatless Meal.

A new ruling of the Food Adminis-
tration to require restaurants, hotels
and boarding houses to observe the
morning meal as the "Meatless Meal"
has been received by Chas. F. Strass-
ner, Federal Food Administrator for
Franklin county. Being a ruling of the
Kentucky Division of the Food
Administration, this order applies only
to the State of Kentucky. To observe
the morning meal as the daily "Meat-
less Meal" was decided upon as the
wisest plan by the Food Adminis-
tration.

NEWS CULLINGS From Kentucky

Carlisle.—Tobacco receipts continue
extremely heavy here. Sales to date
this season are near 6,000,000 pounds.

Augusta.—Peter Laughlin was pain-
fully injured near here when he was
crushed under a tree he was felling.
His leg was broken and his body badly
bruised.

Livingston.—Mrs. L. H. Davis, wife
of a prominent merchant and banker
of Livingston, killed herself by shoot-
ing through the heart. She had been
in ill health some time.

Winchester.—Will Martin, of Louis-
ville, was arrested on a charge of
reckless driving after he had run into
a machine of William Brown, of Be-
rea. Brown and his family were
thrown out and badly bruised.

Richmond.—Mrs. Margaret Ringo
who sustained painful injuries several
weeks ago, when she slipped and fell
while crossing the L. & N. tracks at the
depot, has entered suit in circuit
court to recover \$1,000 damages from
the L. & N. Railroad Co.

Barbourville.—A \$25,000 gymnasium
is in prospect for Union College within
another year. Athletics at the local
institution are being given more at-
tention, and, while not a member of
the State Association, the various
teams have given the school a wide
reputation.

Ashland.—Joshua, four-year-old son
of Joshua B. Bailey, of Frost, Ky.,
died of lockjaw, the result of a splin-
ter of wood piercing the child's cheek
a week ago when he fell near his
home. The small wound was not given
much attention, the splinter being eas-
ily extricated.

Lexington.—Federal officers are
probing numerous cases of seditious
statements. Walter Ward, of Mellier,
was arrested, charged with threatening
the life of President Wilson and an un-
identified man was arrested at Har-
rodsburg, accused of violating the
espionage act.

Providence.—Three schoolboys, Lea-
man Cutsinger, Clifton Doris and Ha-
zel Clark, all about 9 years old—were
electrocuted here when they picked up
a "live wire" which had fallen from a
telephone pole. Cutsinger and Doris
were killed outright and Clark lived
only a short time.

Louisville.—The First German Bapt-
ist church here has decided to change
its name to the East Broadway Bapt-
ist church and to hold all services in
the English language. Rev. J. T. Neal,
pastor of the South Elkhorn Baptist
church, near Lexington, has accepted
a call and has taken charge.

Lancaster.—Mack Lamb, a well
known farmer of this county, who
lived three miles west of here, was
kicked by a mule. He was brought
here, where an operation was per-
formed to save his life, but he failed
to rally and died. He came to this
county ten years ago from Irvine.

Columbia.—A gruesome find was
made when neighbors of George A.
Cheatham, 69 years old, found his
body hanging from a joist in his work-
shed. From memoranda and a will
left by the man it is believed that
Cheatham took his own life. The body
had evidently been hanging for sev-
eral days.

Franklin.—An unidentified man at-
tempted a daring hold-up at the farm
of James Boren. The stranger knocked
for admittance and when ushered into
the house demanded that Boren give
him money. Boren refused when the
stranger struck him several blows on
the head and face, with a blunt wea-
pon. The man was masked.

New Haven.—While cruising for tie
timbers in the woods near New Hope,
George Brady came upon the dead
body of a white man, apparently about
35 years old, lying beneath a tree.
From papers found upon the body it is
believed the man was J. W. Ballard,
of Connersville, Ind. The man had
evidently been dead for two or three
months.

Paducah.—N. R. Elliott, strawberry
expert from the State University of
Kentucky, delivered a strong appeal to
farmers of McCracken county to go
into strawberry raising on a large
scale, saying it was the most profitable
crop they could cultivate. He said he
had been in eastern cities to look into
the possibilities of those markets for
Kentucky berries and what he learned
made him wonder why on earth farm-
ers down here didn't realize their ad-
vantage.

Maysville.—Farmers of Mason coun-
ty met recently for the purpose of dis-
cussing the war problems confronting
them in the raising of food this year.
The general opinion was that less to-
bacco and more corn and wheat should
be raised during the war.

Maysville.—After several confer-
ences with the local bakers, County
Food Administrator W. D. Cochran
has announced that the retail price of
bread will be reduced in Mason coun-
ty from 10 cents to 9 cents per six-
teen ounce loaf.

Lexington.—Using a sh-
Thomas of Clark county
self at the Eastern Kentuck

Stanford.—Robert Vance
the sight of his right eye
of a nail he was attempt-
striking the ball of the u

Owingsville.—A revisio-
sessor's books of Bath coun-
total amount of property
more than \$2,000,000 mo-
ever returned before.

Hopkinsville.—The Christ-
Telephone Company, at an
meeting held here, declared a
cent dividend. The dividend
dered paid out of the earnings
past year.

Hopkinsville.—Clyde McNea-
years old, was crushed to dea-
caught beneath shifting sla-
Mannington mine near here
ther was an eye-witness to the
death.

Barbourville.—Domestic and
training and farm demonstra-
will be added to the course of
the bourville high school. Kindergart-
music and art departments were
the past year.

Somerset.—George James
and Mac Woods were pai-
burned about the face and
while playing with a rail-
They had ignited it and in vital
ner sparks flew into an oil ind
and the can exploded.

Lexington.—Lillian Wilber, 17 y-
old, of Carlisle county, was enter-
the Greendale Reform School to
main until February, 1922, when
is to be transferred to the Frank
penitentiary to serve the remainde-
her seven-year sentence for sl-
her father.

Bardwell.—Miss Lillian Wilme-
was given seven years in state pri-
for the murder of her father, Ja-
Wilmoth, a farmer of this cou-
The jury deliberated but a short
before returning the verdict.
Wilmoth pleaded insanity as
cause of her act.

Louisville.—Albert F. St. Clair,
mail clerk of Lexington, was held
the Federal grand jury under \$1,000
bond. The evidence is said by official-
to show that while he did not tal-
money from a decoy letter he secre-
the letter in a car on which he would
have gone out the next afternoon.

Bowling Green.—The police depart-
ment has been requested to search for
Ephraim Campbell, 19 years old, from
Newbern, Livingston county, a student
at the Western Kentucky State Nor-
mal, who has been missing from his
rooms for some time. He left his
rooms telling his roommate he was go-
ing to a picture show with a young
woman.

Paris.—Somewhat of a sensa-
has developed here over the disposi-
tion of an alleged surplus of \$7,000 in
the Bourbon county school fund.
County Superintendent of Schools J.
B. Caywood, who assumed the office
last January, called upon the County
Board of Education at its meeting to
account for the surplus, saying he was
unable to find it.

Lexington.—A. S. Chapin, poultry
expert at the Experiment Station, has
according to announcement made re-
cently, devised a way to make hens
lay colored eggs for Easter. He feeds
them certain dyes which are harmless,
and when the eggs are boiled the col-
ors are brought out to the shell.
Chickens hatched from these eggs
have colored feathers.

Maysville.—Isaac Martin, 35 years
old, living at Cottageville, Ky., fifteen
miles above here, was drowned when
he attempted to ford Sycamore Creek,
near Concord. He was riding his
horse and when he got amid stream
the current was so swift that it car-
ried the horse down. He was heard
screaming for help. Farmers nearby
tried to help him, but not before he
was drowned.

Paducah.—May Draper, a young
woman living at Fancy Farm, was
brought to the city the second time for
an examination in an effort to locate
a perilsome seed that is lodged in
her throat. Two months ago surgeons
attempted to extract the seed, but were
unable to do so. Since then she has
been subject to violent exhaustive fits
of coughing as a result of the irrita-
tion caused by the foreign matter.

Winchester.—Mrs. J. W. Adams,
who lives on the Muddy Creek pike, is
alarmed over the disappearance of her
husband, J. W. Adams, who left home
several weeks ago and has not been
heard from since. Mr. Adams was to
go to Bourbon county in regard to a
land trade and left in the best of hu-
mor with the expectation of returning
in a few days at the latest. They fear
he may have met with some accident.

Whitesburg.—James G. Crockett, a
coal operator of Graham, Va., was ar-
rested in this county by Sheriff James
Tolliver, charged with shooting and
seriously wounding John Baker, an L.
& N. brakeman, at Ulvah. Crockett
was bound over to await action of the
grand jury.

Henderson.—Unknown persons fired
from ambush upon Frank Beadler, 23
years old, a butcher, at Mine No. 7, at
Clay, after midnight. Nine bullets
were fired into the unfortunate man
who was dead when aid reached him.

ATTENDEN RECORD-PRESS
Marion, Ky., Mar. 14, 1918

S. M. JENKINS.
Editor and Publisher

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as second-class matter Feb
9th 1878 at the postoffice at
Marion, Kentucky, under the Act of
Congress of March 3, 1879.

Subscription Rates

Advertising Rates.

100 per inch S. C. Foreign Advertising

100 per inch S. C. Home Advertising

Repeated ads one-half rate.

Metal bases for Plates and Electros

Locals or Readers

100 per line in this size type

15cts. a line this size type.

Obituaries 5c per line

Cards of Thanks 5c per line

Resolutions of respect 5c a line

Cash With Copy

This paper has enlisted

with the government in the

cause of America for the

period of the war

We have received innumera

ble requests for copies of Sen

ator James speech, and altho

rather lengthy, for a small paper

like ours, we have decided to

publish it word for word, as de

livered. No speech delivered in

the United States Senate since

the war has excited as universal

and as favorable comment.

Every American should read

it.

A FAMILY

MEDICINE

In Her Mother's Home, Says This

Georgia Lady, Regarding Black-

Draught. Relief From Head-

ache, Malaria, Chills, Etc.

Wingold, Ga.—Mrs. Chas. Gaston,

of this place, writes: "I am a user

of Theodor's Black-Draught; in fact,

it was one of our family medicines

Also in my mother's home, when I

was a child. When any of us child-

ren complained of headache, usually

caused by constipation, she gave us

a dose of Black-Draught, which would

rectify the trouble. Often in the

Spring, we would have malaria and

chills, or troubles of this kind, we

would take Black-Draught pretty regu-

lar until the liver acted well, and

we would soon be up and around

again. We would not be without it,

for it certainly has saved us lots of

doctor bills. Just a dose of Black-

Draught when not so well saves a

lot of days in bed."

Theodor's Black-Draught has been

in use for many years in the treat-

Speech Delivered
by Senator James.

continued from page 1

out annexations, peace without

indemnity. Who can measure

the mighty force of this utter-

ance in the hands of the Kaiser,

red lined upon every newspaper

of the empire, posted upon every

billboard?

"What is it?" said the Kaiser.

"America, giant of the West,

America, hope of the world, has

collapsed."

Who said it?

The chairman of the Military

Affairs Committee of the United

States. No utterance of some

irresponsible; no word that has

filtered through the lines by a

spy, but it was the deliberate

utterance made by this man in

this mighty nation that America

has failed in this great war.

Who can say and who can meas-

ure, and who can weigh the

mighty influence that these ut-

terances had in quieting that

revolution and in stopping the

strike and sending these men

back to work? I can hear the

Kaiser say: Trust me a little

longer, just a while longer, and

Germany will triumph over the

world.

Of course I know that my

good friend, the Senator from

Oregon (Mr. Chamberlain), did

not intend that his speech should

have that effect, but I am point-

ing out the danger of such ut-

terances as this.

Mr. President, the truth is

that it is not justified by the

facts. Let us see if I cannot

demonstrate that. In the first

place, my good friend, the Sen

ator from Oregon, assumes the

role of the efficient man; of the

man who makes no mistakes; of

the man who wants to correct

the mistakes of the War Depart-

ment, and yet in this short

speech of twenty minutes he was

forced to withdraw 90 per cent

of his charges, and subject the

remaining 10 per cent to the ter-

rific battle of dispute; 90 per

cent inefficient himself in a

speech of twenty minutes does

not proclaim him as the man

without the power to make mis-

ed matter; various ambitious cities

wanted to be selected. Then, after

the sites were selected, the canton-

ments had been built quickly, immedi-

ately, for the necessity was great, the

war was on, and soldiers were wanted

at the front, we let out the contracts

not according to the old system; it

could not be done, we did not have

time; to the various firms according to

a percentage basis and, under the

management of Col. Littell, the can-

tonments were erected, sixteen in

number. It took almost a billion feet

of lumber to build them. It took al-

most a hundred thousand carloads of

material to supply them; it took more

than hundred thousand men working

and toiling to erect these cantonments.

Roads had to be built, hundreds and

thousands of miles of roads had to be

built. These cantonments sprang up

as if over night.

"Then came this army to the camps.

One million five hundred thousand men

came to these cantonments, transport-

ed over the railroads of the country

and not a life was lost. That does not

look to me like the Government had

ceased to function and had broken

down.

"Then what happened? The men

had to be trained. We had to have

doctors; we could not get them within

the draft age. Thousands of fine

county and city doctors laid down their

lucrative practices and walked willing-

ly to the standard of their country and

tendered their efficiency and their tal-

ent in the services in these canton-

ments.

"The Senator from Oregon read us

a letter from a distracted and heart-

broken parent. God knows my heart

goes out to him, but, Mr. President,

I want to say in all kindness that I

do not believe that was the way to handle

a question like that at a time like this.

The soldier's name was not given to

the Secretary of War; the Secretary

of War, so far as I know, has never

been able to secure the name of the

soldier who was thus mistreated. It

distracted many a mother at home; it

dampened the enthusiastic ardor and

patriotic fervor of many a father back

home.

"I received a letter myself only a

short time ago in reply to the treat-

ment of a soldier in the cantonment

in my State, Camp Zachary Taylor; I

Ohio.

"There the minister of God, the

man who is working among these boys,

brings from France the news to a

Kentucky father that his boy is with

the soldiers of America there, and that

they are the best-cared-for soldiers in

the world. No—America's military

establishment has not fallen down nor

has the departments ceased function-

ing.

"But what else, Mr. President?

Why, when the Senator from Oregon

was speaking I got the impression that

the virgin wool that was in the uni-

form of the soldier has been cut down,

and it distressed me greatly. I thought

there must be some reason for it; but

what are the facts? When we come

to investigate it, we find that the uni-

form of the American soldier before

this war was 75 per cent virgin wool

and 25 per cent cotton.

"Then we had to proceed to get

these soldiers abroad. How must we

do that? It is a mighty task. We

did have the ships. My friend from

Nebraska Mr. (Hitchcock) was com-

plaining of that. He is right. We

have not as many ships as we ought to

have and as we would have if the Ship

Purchase Bill of 1915 had been written

into law. Our shipyards would have

been blossoming forth. They would

have been organized. The ships

would have been turned out daily. But

then there were men who said they

knew more than the President did, but

the President was right then, as he is

right to-day.

"We have started transporting these

soldiers. I was present at a dinner

given in this city to Marshal Joffre. I

betray no confidence, because it has

been frequently told I do not know

whether my friend from Oregon was

present or not, but at that dinner, in

conversation with Marshal Joffre up

almost to the hour of 1 o'clock, I heard

him say that the most soldiers they

needed in France at that time was

30,000.

"Back of the time when Joffre came

here the upmost thought in his

mind, as one of the high representa-

tives of France, was that all they

needed and wanted from America was

enough soldiers to inspire the French

army, and to show the Germans that

we were upon the side of democracy

and of liberty.

sioner in Washington, Mr. Tardieu,

regarding the placing of orders for

artillery and munitions in France.

"France came to us; we did not go

begging to France. We did not go

trafficking with France, we did not

make a condition with France upon

our entry into the war, but the High

Commissioner of France came over

here."

The Kentuckian here quoted from a

speech made by the French High Com-

missioner following the Chamberlain

speech, in which Mr. Tardieu describ-

ed American military effort as won-

derful and a surprise to the enemy.

In conclusion Senator James said:

"In a time like this we need a united

American people back of the Com-

mander-in-Chief of the army and navy

of this land, and of course, whoever

attacks that commander will have the

whole support of every pro-German,

every spy, every pacifist, every enemy

of America, who will rally behind him

because they want to break down the

great directing force of the sea with

PERSONALS

E. L. Harpending, Notary Public O. S. Denny was at the Susie Belle mines Sunday.

See the line of new poke bonnets at Lottie Tinsley Terry's.

H. F. Martin and family are comfortably settled in the Maurie Nunn bungalow.

Wanted white shucked corn at \$1.80 per bushel. Mayes, Dean & Co.

R. G. Terry left on the south bound train Sunday afternoon for Charline, Ky.

We sell gasoline for cash, only. T. H. Cochran & Co.

Mrs. W. G. Clifton, was the guest of Mrs. Thos. Waller of Morganfield, has returned home.

Grey, brown, white and black silk hose at Lottie Tinsley Terry's.

Mrs. George Orme left Friday to visit her husband at Camp Zachary Taylor for a few days.

Best tobacco canvas for 5 cts., per yard at D. O. Carnahan's store.

Ed VanPelt has returned from Tucson, Ariz., to appear before the exemption board.

Millinery opening March 14th and 15th. Moore & Pickens.

Miss Linda Jenkins, who has been ill and confined to her bed for several days, is convalescent.

Mayes, Dean and Company are in the market for white shucked corn at \$1.80 per bushel.

Mrs. Chastain W. Haynes and little daughter, Elizabeth Lee, returned from Deland, Fla., last week.

Tafeta silk in black at 99 cents at Lottie Tinsley Terry's.

Mrs. A. S. Cavender, who was the guest of relatives at Evansville and Rosiclare last week, has returned home.

We have to pay cash for gasoline, and will have to sell it for cash. So do not ask for credit. Eskew & Eskew.

Robt H. Haynes formerly of Deland, Fla., and his wife, arrived here last week and are guests of relatives here.

FOR SALE:—One dozen White Leghorn pullets, one year old, at \$1.00 each if taken at once. Also an incubator good as new.

Luther C. Gass, Phone 278 3 rings, Marion, Ky.

Mrs. S. H. Matthews and little son and daughter, of Frances, who were guests of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Ordway, have returned home.

Jersey cows and calves for sale. John Cochran. 372tp, R. R. 2, Marion, Ky.

W. D. Hunt and wife, who have lived here the past winter, moved to their farm recently purchased by them in Crittenden county, Ky.—Rosiclare Sentinel.

Best tobacco canvas for 5 cts., per yard at D. O. Carnahan's store.

Mrs. T. B. Wilborn and baby, of Kansas City, Mo., arrived last week to visit his relatives here. She was enroute to Clarksville, Tenn., where she has relatives and many friends.

Silk dresses, silk waists, spring coatsuits and spring coats on sale at Lottie Tinsley Terry's.

Milton McAdams, who went to Louisville last week for an operation, has returned and was much benefited by having it performed at this time.

March 14th and 15th, Thursday and Friday, are our opening days. Moore & Pickens.

Special value in children's, Misses and ladies' gingham dresses. New shirt waist line at Lottie Tinsley Terry's.

Repton has a new rural free delivery route which will start March 15th, and will be a great convenience to many farmers residing in that section.

We have received the first car of fertilizer, and it is going fast. Come and get yours.

Marion Milling Company, Incorporated.

Mrs. Harry Kuykendall and daughter, of Paducah, are guests of her aunts, Mrs. C. S. Nunn and Miss Dell Barnes, on Salem street.

Moore & Pickens' grand spring opening. Paris and London models, millinery and notions, Thursday and Friday, March 14th and 15th.

Marion Bryant and his family have moved to Oregon and will locate at Roseburg. Mrs. Bryant was Miss Trullie Arfack, a sister of our townsman, James F. Arfack.

Patamas 99 cents; children's trimmed hats 49 cents. Special value for the next ten days at Lottie Tinsley Terry's.

The following named gentlemen have been named by Judge Moore as supervisors of the taxes for the year 1918:—Niles A. O'Neil, Bells Mines; C. J. Pierce, Marion, No. 2; W. R. Cruce, Marion, No. 1; Charles LaRue, Union; Aaron Towery, Piney; R. H. Thomas, Sheridan; R. H. Hinch, Ford's Ferry; Owen Box, Dycusburg. They met and were sworn in Monday.

Nifty up-to-date line of hats on display at Lottie Tinsley Terry's.

Mrs. C. A. Taylor left last week for Mississippi to visit her brothers, Clyde and Clarence Gilliland, for several weeks. After which she will go to Louisville to visit Rev. and Mrs. J. A. Chandler.

It is logical that pouring drugs into the stomach will not cure catarrh in the head. Hyomei, medicated air, reaches the seat of the disease. Guaranteed by Haynes & Taylor.

Rev. James F. Price preached at Rockfield the first Sunday in March, at Bethlehem the second Sunday. He will preach at Fredonia next Sunday. He is in Louisville this week attending the meeting of Synod's Executive Committee.

Scott Parris sold his farm known as the Henry Young place to Alvah Carnahan of Shady Grove for \$5725.00 and he in turn purchased the McGregor cottage formerly owned by Virgil Moore of Madisonville, John W. Wilson of this city, A. M. Witherspoon of Cartsville successively for \$2200.00 cash in hand paid. Is on East Depot street and occupied now by J. N. Dean.

The Marion Press says: A certificate of convenience and necessity to construct and operate a railroad from Golconda, Pope County, through Rosiclare, to Elizabethtown, Hardin County, has been granted by the Illinois Public Utilities Commission to the Golconda Northern Railway Co.—Rosiclare Sentinel.

James E. Hard, son of Ayers Hard, is with Co. E. 7th Engineers, American Expeditionary Forces, and has gone via New York to France, according to latest advices received by his folks here.

Fred H. Moore, son of Joel Moore, who has been here on a visit, is now with the Q. Master Corps U. S. Army near Washington D. C.

Eggs For Hatching. From pure bred S. C. R. I. Red \$1.25 per 15; \$2.00 for 30. MRS. ALLIE POSTLEWEIGHT 228 10tp Marion, Ky.

FOR SALE. One Coal Burning Colony Brooder, will take care of a small lot of Chicks or a large crowd up to one thousand, good as new, price \$10.00. One two hundred and forty egg Cyphers Incubator, double wall, price \$18.00. One one hundred and forty egg incubator, price \$7.00 both of the incubators are hot air machines. W. S. Lowery, Marion, Ky.

GLENDAL. H. E. Turley, of Rosiclare, Ill., who has been at work there, has been at home on a visit. W. H. Stallions is on the sick list.

The school closed at Glendale with a large crowd, and a few good pieces and a good dinner was enjoyed by all. H. E. Cline and family visited at the home of J. H. Moore Sunday.

Will Hurley and wife were guests of their daughter, Mrs. Will Todd, Saturday night.

Mrs. Alvin Walker has been quite sick, but is some better now.

Rhode Island S. C. Reds, eggs for hatching, 75cts for a setting of fifteen or two settings for \$1.25; Mrs. J. T. Burklow, Marion Ky. R. R. 1, phone 166-3



A Field of Satisfactions Because He Sows Gold Medal Field

THE SURE GROWING KIT They produce better crops. Your will convince you. Ask your dealer. XXXX LOUISVILLE SEED CO., LOUISVILLE, KY.

Shady Grove School Closes

Our school closed Saturday Mar. 9. A large crowd being present in the afternoon. The exercises begun at 1 o'clock and the crowd was entertained for a short time with our pupils who recited some good recitations.

After the short program was over, some of the patrons made some splendid talks. It was a enjoyable day for all who were present, although the wind blew hard all day.

It made us sad as the time drew near for the final parting with our dear teacher, Miss Edna Roberts, she has taught us a fine school.

Four took the examination for certificates of promotion, and all made passing grades. Miss Edna has been with us for the past 4 1-2 months, and has made her way into our hearts, she has won many friends during her stay at Shady Grove.

We wish to express our many thanks to her for the good she has done in the way of an Education. She has helped more than tongue can express. She has been kind and patient with us.

We all wanted her to teach for us next term, but she wants to set her mark higher in the world and accomplish something greater than school teaching.

Written by a pupil.

Noted Divine Will Enter

A considerable number of people enjoyed the singing which was delivered on Sunday morning at the Henderson district Methodist church. The pastor, Rev. Goodson, emphasized the fact that the Lord is at present engaged in a successful war which is known in the history of the American people as a vital great cause with the Third influence and importance of the stamps and liberty bonds.

Rev. Goodson deplored the present law forbidding the gospel from engaging in my service, and he said that it had been impossible he would have joined the army himself. He is most High God is with us in the great struggle, and with the world the Savior, found in the front ranks of the army in France, and would bring the great cause with His example.

BLACKFORD

(delayed from last week) While the month of March consists of a number of windless days who read the of the Blackford items may a windy March.

Among the selectives who Webster county last week and Zachary Taylor, were: Benton, George Enoch Crowell, and Price, Jr. who left from Blackford.

Quite a lot of trading in real estate is going on at and around Blackford at the present time. James Evans Cadwell is one of the parties who has recently purchased some of the real estate. He is the Hanberry property on section and has moved to it.

J. T. Scott and Eula Brantley, Webster county, have bought for over in old Crittenden, in the Madison section, and will move to them in near future.

We have been informed that two prominent men from this part of Kentucky, who have recently sold their possessions are preparing to emigrate to other parts. R. F. Bishop to California, and B. H. Vangbu to Illinois. Success to the good men wherever they may go.

H. V. Stone, of Marion was last week attending to the closing out his mercantile business at this place. Mr. Stone had a business that will be greatly missed, and we regret very much that he has decided to move.

J. P. Allen, a former citizen of this place, but now of the Cave Spring section, in Crittenden Co. was here last Saturday. Friend Allen is now engaged in farming and looks hale and hearty, which indicates that he has been properly fed, and other wise well cared for.

Our old time friend, Rev. W. T. Oakley of Marion passed through here enroute to Ashland last Saturday.

John Riley Travis has gone to Providence to seek employment and will probably move his family before many weeks.

Capt. W. A. Crowell of Grangerstown was seen on the streets of Blackford last week. He came up tradewater river in his yacht.



JOHN WHITE & CO. LOUISVILLE, KY.

Liberal assortment and full value paid for your FURS. Hides and Goat Skins.

FULL BLOOD RHODE ISLAND RED

Eggs For Hatching \$1.00 PER SETTING.

Mrs. Howard Henry Phone 81 Marion, Ky.

A new Cockbird from Illinois placed with my breeders this year.

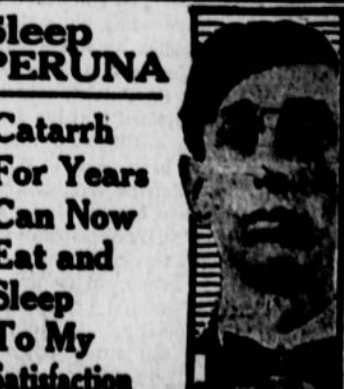
Thos. H. Moore of Marion, was a visitor on March 6th at the big exhibit of Southern California products maintained free to the public in the Los Angeles Chamber of Commerce. He also attended the lectures and moving pictures that are a part of the daily program. The exhibit is the largest of any in the country maintained by a commercial organization. Before returning home, Mr. Moore expects to visit several of the many other places of interest in Southern California.

Novel Water Heater. One of the numerous new electric heaters has the form of a nickel tube seven inches long, with the usual cord and plug connecting to a lamp socket. The resistance coil in the tube becomes intensely hot very quickly, and it is claimed that shaving water in which the tube is immersed will be heated in less than a minute. In a little longer time small quantities of water or other liquids can be raised to boiling.

Mr. William E. Denny, 1023 Park Ave., Springfield, Ohio, writes: "I find great pleasure in writing you and thanking you for what Peruna has already done for me. I have been troubled with catarrh for years, and it had affected my head, nose, throat and stomach, that I could not eat nor sleep with any satisfaction. I have just taken three bottles. I can eat most anything and am greatly relieved of nervousness, so that when I lie down I can sleep without the least trouble. I recommend it to all those who are sufferers of that dreadful disease, catarrh."

Could Not Eat or Sleep Made Well By PERUNA

Those who object to liquid medicines can procure Peruna Tablets.



Catarrh For Years Can Now Eat and Sleep To My Satisfaction

OUR MOTTO

Has Always Been Better Quality More For Your Money.

Largest And Fastest Growing Company Of The Kind In The World.

Farmers when in town and in need of any of Watkins Remedies call at R. F. Wheelers' Grocery, North side of the Public Square. FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK.

List Of Watkins Products.

HOUSEHOLD REMEDIES	EXTRACTS, FLAVORS	TOILET ARTICLES	TOILET SOAPS
Watkins Liniment	Pure Vanilla Extract	Lilac Toilet Water	Vegetable Oil Soap
Cream of Camphor	Vanilla, Vanillin & Coumarin	Rose Toilet Water	Crystal Rose Soap
Sarsaparilla	Vanilla, & Coumarin	Violet Toilet Water	Special Toilet Soap
Gen-De-Can-Dra	Lemon Extract	Lily of Valley Toilet Water	Cold Cream Soap
B. & Skin Al'tive Tonic	Orange Extract	Cold Cream	Witch Hazel Soap
Female Tonic	Aloin and Extract	Shaving Cream	Glycerine Soap
Lax-Tone	Jamaica Ginger	Vanishing Cream	Oatmeal Soap
Laxative Syrup	Maple Flavor	Face Cream	Tar Soap
Pain-Oleum	Banana Flavor	Fragrant Pomade	Shaving Soap
Watkins Pain Oil	Pineapple Flavor	Shampoo Jelly	STOCK AND POULTRY PRODUCTS
Cough Medicine	Strawberry Flavor	Liquid Shampoo	Stock Tonic
Cough Balsam	Cinnamon Flavor	Dandruff Remover & Scalp Tonic	Poultry Tonic
Catarrh Medicine	Peppermint Flavor	Tooth Paste	Watkins Liniment
Antiseptic Healing Powder	Wintergreen Flavor	Tooth Powder	Cream of Camphor
Petro-Carbo Salve	Anise Flavor	Tooth Brushes	Barb Wire Embrocation
Stick Salve	Mixed Fruit Flavor	Violet Talcum Powder	Veterinary Lotion
Corn Salve	FRUIT NECTARS	Egyptian Bouquet Talcum Powder	Veterinary Ointment
Menthol-Camphor Oint.	Cherry Cluster	Perfumed Talcum	Gall Ointment
Muscard Ointment	Orange Champagne	Face Powder	Petro-Carbo Salve
Backache & Bladder Pills	Grape Hi-Ball	Treble Perfume	Antiseptic Healing Powders
Little Liver Pills	Tutti Frutti	Rose Perfume	Germicide, Dip & Disinfectant
Cathartic Liver Pills	SPICES	Lily of the Valley Perfume	Louse Killer
Cold and Grip Tablets	Mixed Pickling Spices	Bouquet Perfume	Fly Oil
Digestive Tablets	Black Pepper	Jockey Club Perfume	MISCELLANEOUS
After Dinner Tablets	ed Pepper	Cosmetic Lotion	Furniture Polish
Diuretic Tablets	nammon	Deodorant Powder	Baking Powder
Rheum'ic & Gout Tablets	utmeg	Wistaria Cream	Dessert Powder
Worm Tablets	nger		Washing Compound
Headache Tablets	oves		Sewing Machine Oil
Toothache Wax	stard		Fly Powder
Herb Tablets	ce		Chewing Gum
Root & Herb Tea	spice		

If our friends in the city will phone 112-2, we will deliver our goods any where within the City limits.

J. H. NIMMO.

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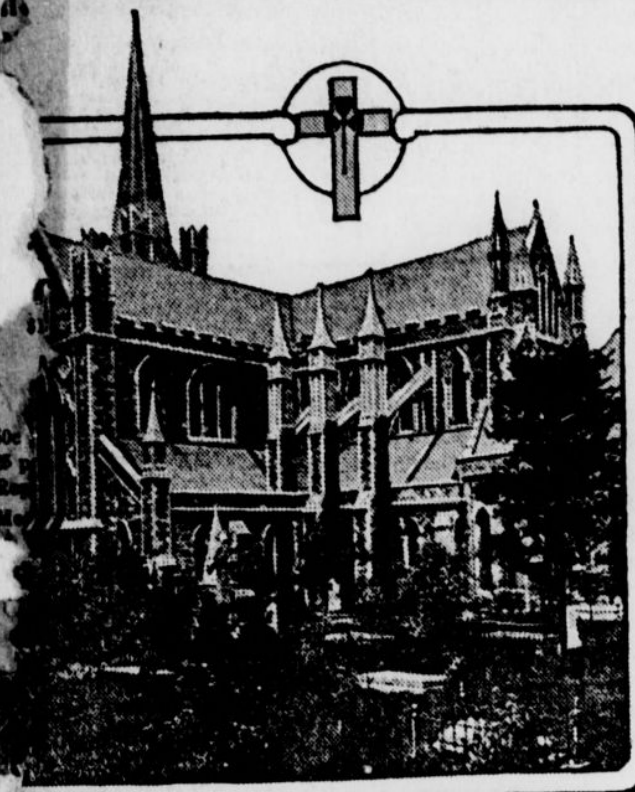
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ST. PATRICK'S CATHEDRAL AT DUBLIN.

LEGENDS OF ST. PATRICK

Curious Variety of Incidents
Crowded Into Life of the
Great Apostle.

POSITION OF THE TRINITY

Something That the Druids Could Un-
derstand—His Ridding Ireland of
Snakes Is of Course More
or Less Mythical.

POPULAR tradition has surround-
ed the life of St. Patrick, whose
festival all loyal Irish celebrate,
with a more picturesque variety
of incidents than has been the fate of
any other saint. Whether they are
true or not is a matter of little impor-
tance if the stories are good. They
have to be good, for the Irish are the
homothors.

One of the most famous of the myths
connected with St. Patrick, perhaps
the most famous after the traditional
expulsion of snakes from Ireland, is
the story of how the saint became con-
verted to the shamrock. When St.
Patrick first began to talk to the hea-
then Irish of the Trinity they did not
believe him till he picked a shamrock
and illustrated the doctrine by three
leaves growing on one stem. This con-
crete analogy appealed to the druids
and most of them became Christians.

These druids were St. Patrick's
worst enemies, and he was forced by
their hostility to act in a manner some-
what inappropriate for a saint. He
cursed their lands for them, so that
they became waste and drear bogs; he
cursed their rivers, so that no fish
could live in them; he cursed their
kettles, so that they would not boil,
and finally he cursed the earth, so
that it opened and swallowed them up.

His Most Famous Act.

The saint's most famous achieve-
ment was the ridding Ireland of
snakes. The method he employed was
novel at least. He simply called all the
serpents together to the top of a moun-
tain and compelled them to swallow
each other until there was none left,
but, as the Englishman said, that
seems improbable.

A more authentic account is that he
drove the snakes out by beating a
drum, and that, in his enthusiasm, he
knocked a hole in it, which an angel
at once came and mended. One huge
snake he is said to have chained in
Lough Dilveen, and even to this day,
every Monday morning, the snake calls
out in good Irish:

"It's a long Monday, Patrick!"

St. Patrick seems to have taken a
great delight in performing miracles.
Once when he was in England he saw
a leper who wanted to make a voyage
in a certain ship, but the captain would
not let him. St. Patrick took a stone
altar which had been consecrated by
the pope and threw it into the water.
He then made the leper sit on the
altar, which floated and kept up with
the ship for the whole voyage.

Put Cross Over Right Grave.

He had a habit of setting a cross
at the grave of a Christian whenever
he could. In his travels one day he
came upon two newly made graves at
the head of one of which was a cross.
St. Patrick stopped and asked the man
in this grave what his religion was.

The man replied he was a pagan.

"Why, then, is this cross placed at
your head?" St. Patrick asked.

The man replied that his companion
had become a Christian and that a
mistake had been made in placing the
cross. St. Patrick then corrected the
error and went his way.

But even St. Patrick made mistakes.

He was once tempted to eat meat when
it was not proper to do so. He got
some pork, but hid it for a time and
before he found an opportunity to eat
it he met a man with a pair of eyes in
the back of his head in addition to the
usual ones in front. St. Patrick asked
the meaning of this and the man re-
plied that with the eyes in his face he
saw such things as other men saw,

but with those in the back of his head
he saw secret things and he now saw
a monk hiding some fresh meat that
he might eat it secretly. St. Patrick
was at once stricken with remorse and
prayed for forgiveness. An angel then
appeared and commanded him to put
the pork into water. This he did, and
it was immediately changed into fishes.

His Memory Worshipped.

Such tales as these are told of by
the Irish themselves with no hint of
disrespect. They are merely the evi-
dences of the all-pervading humor of
this light-hearted people and should be
taken in the same spirit by others. In
spite of them the Irish worship the
memory of St. Patrick above all other
saints.

It should not be imagined, however,
that the traditions concerning the pa-
tron saint of Ireland are all humorous.
Some of them embody that sense of the
beautiful which is also an Irish charac-
teristic. One of the most attractive
of these tales is that of St. Patrick
and the king's daughters.

In the year 433 he celebrated Easter
by converting many thousands of the
inhabitants. After the termination of
the services he went to Tara to try to
convert the king. But the king would



Interior of St. Patrick's.

have none of the new religion, and St.
Patrick's life was in danger. In de-
spair he was departing from the town
when he passed a fountain near which
were two fair maidens. The maidens,
full of wonder at St. Patrick's white
garments, asked him who he was.

Brought King Into Fold.

St. Patrick told them he was a bish-
op of God and expounded the prin-
ciples of Christianity. They were de-
lighted with his discourse and became
converted at once. Then they asked
St. Patrick to return to Tara, where
their father was king.

St. Patrick, much surprised to hear
that the two maidens were daughters
of the king he had just visited, accom-
panied them back to the castle. Here
the king was persuaded by the prin-
cesses to accept the new religion. The
next day 12,000 of the people followed
the example of their king and prin-
cesses.

Ireland's Patroness.

The first day of February is the an-
niversary of St. Brigid, or Brigit, the
"patroness" of Ireland and of Fleet
street. She was the beautiful daugh-
ter of an Irish bard, and her story
seems to have fired the Celtic imagi-
nation. Wherever the early Irish mis-
sionaries wandered in western Europe,
from Cologne to Seville, churches or
abbeys will be found dedicated to her
honor, and wherever the "exiles of
Erin" may migrate the name of Brid-
get marks a woman of Irish race. The
spire of her church in Fleet street has
been repeatedly struck by lightning
and is now much reduced in height, but
remains one of the three tallest steep-
les in London.—London Chronicle.

St. Patrick's Day

I cannot write of Ireland's hills as I
would write today,
For I am here and Ireland's there,
full half the world away;
And Ireland's lakes are emerald
green and 'round her the
green seas,
And I can't hear the colleen's call
lilt on the Irish breeze
The way it lilted to me, and I cannot
see the dawns,
Nor see the peat smoke rising from
the chimneys of the towns.
The colleen's call and the high hills
are half the world away,
And my heart will break in my breast
when comes St. Patrick's Day.

She stood beside the low stone wall
and sent her laughing call—
The mocking bird I hold so dear
can't call like that, at all!
For there was a bit of honey and a
bit of laughter, too,
A-singin' in the call and, oh, her
eyes were Irish blue—
Her eyes are Irish blue, and, oh, I
know they watch for me
Until the golden sun has sunk into
the western sea!
And then I know she sends her call
—and then she turns away—
And my heart will break in my breast
when comes St. Patrick's Day.

A little lilt o' laughin' and a little
lilt o' song—
And she is half the world away and
all the days are long!
No love is like the love that swells
within the Irish heart!
Her heart's with me, my heart's with
her, however far apart!
And sometimes in the night I hear
her call and call and call,
And sleep has gone from me and
won't come back at all, at all!
And she is standin' on the hills and
lookin' far away—
And, oh, my heart is like to break
when comes St. Patrick's
Day!

JUDD MORTIMER LEWIS.

HAVE ALWAYS FREELY GIVEN

Openhandedness a Characteristic of
the Irish Race Wherever
They Have Settled.

The following sentences are quoted
from "The Old World in the New"
(1914), by Edward Alsworth Ross, pro-
fessor of sociology in the University
of Wisconsin:

"Along with their courage and their
loyalty, the Irish did not bring the
economic virtues. Charity visitors
know that the Irish are often as open-
handed and improvident as the Bedou-
ins. They are free givers, and no
people are more ready to take into the
family the orphans of their relatives.
The Irish are near the foot of the list
of crime. Among a score or more of



St. Patrick, From an Old Print.

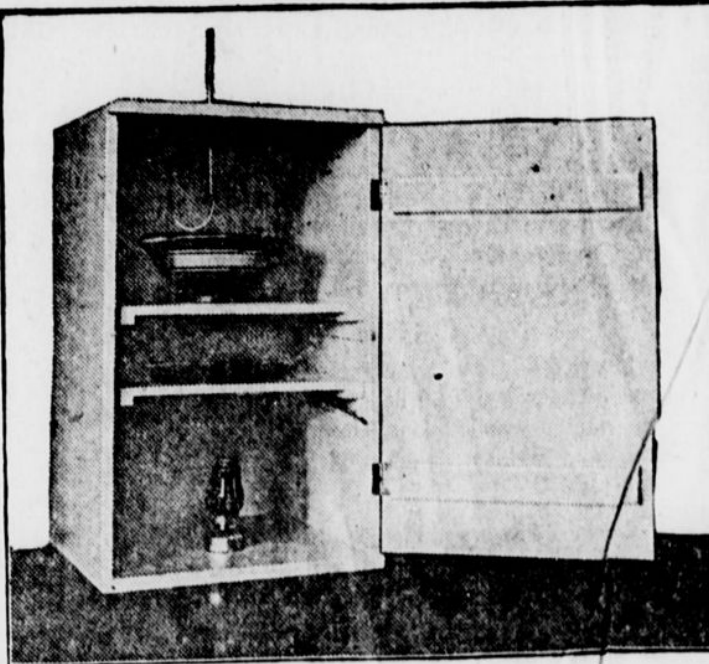
nationalities, the Irish stand nearly at
the foot of the list in the commission
of larceny, burglary, fraud or homi-
cide. Rape, pandering and the white-
slave traffic are almost unknown
among them. No immigrant is more
loyal to wife and child than the Irish-
man. As compared with their immi-
grant fathers, the proportion of labo-
rers among the sons of Irishmen is
halved, while that of professional men
and salesmen is doubled, and that of
clerks, copyists and bookkeepers is
trebled. There is no drift into agricul-
ture or into mercantile pursuits."

Came in Search of Peace.

With all deference to the comic
traditions about the blackthorn stick
and the shillelagh, it was the quest
of peace which brought the first group
of Irishmen to America, and their
first propaganda was for religious free-
dom, freedom of conscience, which en-
couraged the coming to the Maryland
colony of the Quakers, the Puritans
and the Nonconformists banished from
other sections.

The Housewife and the War

(Special Information Service, United States Department of Agriculture.)
HOMEMADE BREAD RAISER HELPS ON BAKING DAY.



Converted Dry Goods Box, Warmed by Oil Lamp or Electric Light, Provides
Proper Temperature for Bread Raising.

BREAD BOX HELP TO HOUSEKEEPER

Device Is Easily Constructed and
Removes Uncertainty of
Baking.

ASBESTOS BEST FOR LINING

Thermometer Enables Baker to Ob-
tain Desired Temperature—Special-
ists Advise Production of More
Sugar Crops.

War kitchens must be efficient. Con-
veniences will help make them so.

A home-made sponge box or bread
raiser will help make the bread bet-
ter. It enables the housekeeper to
keep her sponge or dough at the right
temperature so that it will rise in less
time. A sponge box or bread-raiser,
therefore, takes much of the uncer-
tainty out of bread-baking. It can be
made from an ordinary dry goods
packing box.

Placing the Shelves.

A box 26 by 20 by 20 inches is a
convenient size. About 10 inches from
the bottom of the box a shelf made of
slats or strips of wood rests on cleats
fastened to the sides of the box. A
second shelf is placed four inches
above the lower one. The shelves can
be removed when cleaning the box.
Below the lower shelf a sheet of gal-
vanized iron slightly wider than the
shelf is inserted. It is curved in place
to make it slip in and stay in place
securely. This prevents scorching of
the lower shelf when a lamp is placed
below, and also helps to distribute the
heat more evenly. The door is hinged
and fastened with a thumb-latch or
hook and staple.

Several small holes are bored in the
lower and upper parts of the sides and
in the top of the box to promote cir-
culation of air. A cork which has
been bored through the center to ad-
mit a straight thermometer is inserted
in one of the holes in the top of the
box. A Fahrenheit chemical thermom-
eter that registers as high as 100 de-
grees can be used. Such a thermom-
eter may be ordered through a hard-
ware dealer or directly from an instru-
ment dealer.

Make Safe From Fire.

To avoid all danger of fire, the box
should be lined with asbestos or tin
when a kerosene lamp is used for heat-
ing the box. If an electric light is
used, the lining is not necessary. A
16-candlepower light will heat the box
nicely. A small and inexpensive night
lamp is placed in the bottom of the
box and a shallow pan of water is
placed on the lower shelf so that the
air in the box will be kept moist.

The bowl of sponge or pans of dough
are placed on the upper shelf. The
temperature of the box should be

kept as near 86 degrees Fahrenheit as
possible (80 to 88 degrees Fahrenheit)
when bread is being made in the quick
way. If a sponge is set overnight 85
to 70 degrees Fahrenheit is the better
temperature until the dough is made
in the morning, after which the tem-
perature may be increased to 86 de-
grees Fahrenheit. The temperature in
the box may be used by raising or
lowering the flame of the lamp or by
using warm or cold water in the shel-
low pan.

Filter Peanut Oil at Home.

Unrefined peanut oil can be pre-
pared for household use by filtering
through ordinary filter paper obtain-
able at drug stores. A Georgia
woman, the wife of an oil miller, had
been paying her grocery nearly \$2 a
gallon for cooking oil while her hus-
band sold his refined oil to a re-
finery for about \$1.20 a gallon. She
sent a small sample of the oil from
her husband's mill to the bureau of
chemistry of the United States depart-
ment of agriculture with the request
that, if possible, she be told of a meth-
od by which could be made suitable
for household use. The filter paper
method was suggested. In a letter
which came the department later
the success of the method was de-
scribed as surpassing my best ex-
pectations.

Sour Cream Salad Dressing.

Potatoes can be used to advantage
in many ways in the school lunch. Po-
tato salad is one way. The attractive-
ness of salad depends largely on the
dressing used. A good dressing can
be made as follows:

1/4 teaspoonful mustard, 1/4 teaspoonful sugar,
1 egg, 1 egg.
1/4 teaspoonful salt, 1/4 cupful vinegar,
1/4 teaspoonful paprika, 1 cupful sour cream,
1/4 cupful oil.

Beat egg until very light, add the
other ingredients, and cook in a double
boiler, stirring constantly until thick-
ened, remove from the fire and beat
well. This dressing is cooked properly,
will have, when cool, a thick,
smooth consistency. If it is over-
cooked so that there is a tendency to
separate, it should be strained before
used.

Meal Cookies for Lunches.

Meal cookies, a toothsome and
wholesome sweet for the school lunch,
may be made of one egg, one-third cupful
sugar, one cupful rolled
oats or two cupfuls melted fat, one
teaspoonful salt. Beat the egg,
add sugar gradually, and stir in the
oats. Drop a spoonful at a
time in a well-greased tin and bake
in moderate oven.

Milk Is Good as Meat.

Milk is 10 cents a quart it is as
good a protein food as sirloin steak
29 cents a pound or eggs at 27.9
cents a dozen. At 12 cents a quart it
is as cheap as sirloin steak selling at
cents a pound or eggs at 33.5
cents a dozen. To supply energy at
low cost when milk is 10 cents a
quart, sirloin steak must not be more
than 14.2 cents a pound, and eggs not
more than 13.3 cents a dozen.

SUGAR: PRODUCE MORE A SUBSTITUTE, ADVISE SPE- CIALISTS.

Satisfactory substitutes for sugar may be used to a much larger ex-
tent, says a paragraph in the department of agriculture's agricultural
production program for 1918, which will be of interest to the housewife.
While urging maintenance of acreage of sugar cane and sugar
beets and increases where these are well established or are nec-
essary to sound agricultural production, the program states that an ex-
tensive increase in 1918 is not likely because of the time required
to grow seed cane stock and use of the limited amount of beet
seed available.

The larger use of sorghum and cane sirup, maple sirup and sugar
and should be increased in the areas in which maple trees are grow-
ing in sufficient numbers to offset the expenditure of the necessary
time and labor. Maple sirup sugar are produced in 19 states, the
annual output exceeding 14,000 pounds of sugar and 4,000,000 gal-
lons of sirup. Those figures are increased. The production of sorghum
sirup in 1917 exceeded in 1916 by nearly 4,000,000 gallons. Sorghum
sirup may be produced in nearly every state in the Union, and an increased production of sirup will enable the public
still further to conserve their supply in the most available form
for transportation to our shores.

Kill That
Cold and
Save Health

CASCARA
QUININE

The old family remedy—in tablet
form—safe, sure, easy to take. No
opiates—no unpleasant after effects.
Cures colds in 24 hours—Grip in 3
days. Money back if not satisfied. Get the
genuine box with
Red Top and Mr.
Hill's picture on it.
24 Tablets for 25c.
At Any Drug Store

Described.
"Pa, what is red tape?"
"Red tape, my boy, is the govern-
ment string to efficiency's pocket
book."

Dr. B. F. Jackson, Celebrated Physician,
handed down to posterity his famous
prescription for female troubles. Now
sold under the name of "Femenina."
Price 50c and \$1.00.—Adv.

The widow's might may be the result
of practical experience.



ON GUARD

At this time of the year people feel
weak, tired, listless, their blood is thin,
they have lived indoors and perhaps
expended all their mental and bodily
energy and they want to know how to
renew their energy and stamina, over-
come headaches and backaches, have
clear eyes, a smooth, ruddy skin, and
feel the exhilaration of real good health
tingling thru their body. Good, pure,
rich, red blood is the best insurance
against ill of all kinds. Almost all
diseases come from impure and impover-
ished blood. It is to be noticed in the
pale or pimply face, the tired, haggard
appearance or the listless manner.

Drink hot water a half hour before
meals, and for a vegetable tonic there's
nothing better than Dr. Pierce's Golden
Medical Discovery, the old-fashioned
herbal remedy, which has had such a
fine reputation for fifty years. It con-
tains no alcohol or narcotics. It is
made from Golden Seal root, Blood-
root, Oregon grape root, Queen's root,
Black Cherry bark, extracted with gly-
cerine and made into tablets and liquid.
Tablets sixty cents, at most drug stores.
In order to insure pure blood and to
build up the system try this tonic
known as Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical
Discovery. Get it now!

VESTAL'S
SURE BLOOM
ROSES
FOR YOUR GARDEN

Vestal's roses make cultured gardens
possible for even amateurs. Their fra-
grance, beauty and sturdiness are the
result of our years of cultivation and
experience with roses and other flowers.
The joy of roses brightens many a
nook and corner that otherwise goes
to waste.

HANDSOME CATALOG FREE

Our 1918 catalog is really a practical
(yet simple) book on roses and flowers.
It is magnificently illustrated and de-
scribes over 6,000 varieties of roses and
other flowers. It tells you exactly how
to grow them successfully.

VESTAL & SON
Post Office Box 856, Dept. E.
LITTLE ROCK, ARK.

Small Pill
Small Dose
Small Price



CARTER'S
LITTLE
LIVER
PILL

FOR CONSTIPATION

have stood the test of time.
Purely vegetable. Wonderfully
quick to banish biliousness,
headache, indigestion and to
clear up a bad complexion.

Genuine bears signature

Wm. Wood

PALE FACES

Generally indicate a lack
of iron in the blood

Carter's Iron Pills

Will help this condition

HEAVENS IN HORNS CAN BE
RELIEVED
Don't work your horses while they
are suffering with Heaves. Relieve
them with CARTER'S HORSE
Tonic, Physic Ball and
HEAVE POWDER—Price 50c each.
A treatment that will enable your
horses to do more work with less dis-
comfort. Read the PRACTICAL HUSBANDRY
VETERINARIAN. Best free book-
let on a horse in 100 years. If no book-
let in your town, write
Dr. D. C. Roberts, Vet. Co., 150 Grand Avenue, Wash. D. C.