# Orittenden Record-Press

Marion, Crittenden County Kentucky, Thursday Morning, May 16, 1918

Vol. XXXX

#### REV. BOYCE TAYLOR R. LEE ORME DIES SUDDENLY LOSES PASTORATE

Resignation of Murray Baptist Throat Trouble Causes Death of Preacher is Accepted by His Congregation.

Paducah, Ky., May 9.-The Rev. Boyce Taylor, pastor of the Baptist church at Murray and early hour Thursday morning Moderator of the Kentucky Bap- announcing the death of Lee tist Assembly, who has from Orme which occurred at Walktime to time been charged with er's hospital shortly after midtorate.

action was reconsidered, and by ment. a vote of 49 to 29 it was decided Mr. Orme was born and rearthat his services were no longer ed in Uniontown, being the son needed.

adopted declaring the Baptist of this city, who died more than church at Murray in full sympa- a year ago. For a number of thy with the government war years he was in the drug busiaims.

much criticism in this section house for a few years before lowithin the past year, owing to cating in Evansville. He was his attitude toward the war. He 44 years old Feb. 14th last. published articles in his paper He is survived by one brother. here urging against the purchase J. Houston Orme, of this city, of Liberty bonds, and is alleged and one sister, Mrs. W. C. Bland, of in one sermon to have advised Uniontown. if they were drafted to submit Mrs. Orme going on first train and peaceably to the draft, but to re- Mr. and Mrs. Bland going from Unfuse to fire a gun if forced into iontown in the night in their touring Over The Top--Crittenden the army.

government in the prosecution H. Orme where the funeral was of the war have frequently been preached by Rev. H. R. Short at one made against him, and recently o'clock and the interment took place a business house in which he was immediately afterward at the New during the night.

It is claimed by friends of Taylor that he is a conscientious objector.

Kentucky Assembly, when he was elected moderator, resolutions of loyalty of loyalty were adopted, but Taylor failed to occupy the chair while the resolutions were being adopted.

#### Damage is Done by Wind in The Purchase.

Paducah, Ky., May 9.-High wind Tuesday night did considerable damage in the vicinity of Barlow. It blew off the roofs of the Holland Tobacco Company, the Page Grain Company and the Short Grain Company.

Mr. Fred Gay was slightly injured by debris. His house and several others were badly damaged, cattle were killed and next Sunday evening at the May 23rd. barns were blown down. The damaged will run over \$20,000.

#### Meeting of Cemetery Committee.

Thursday, May 30, is Decoration Day. Marion Cemetery Association will hold its annual election of Directors on this day.

Lot owners will see the Secretary of the Association and pay for the care of their lots, as far as possible, before Decoration Day.

A special programme will be prepared for the Decoration exercises at the Marion cemetery.

NELLE WALKER, 9.16-23Secretary.

#### Stock Peas

bargain. Call them.

Marion Milling Co., Incorporated.

Prominent Evansville Bus-

iness Man. New reached Marion at an

being against the government night Thursday morning. Mr. in the prosecution of the war, Orme died as the result of acute has been deposed from his pas- inflamation of the throat and his death was sudden and unexpect-Taylor recently resigned as ed, though he had been sufferpastor, but the congregation re- ing slightly during the afternoon fused to accept his resignation. and after consulting a specialist Last night at prayermeeting the had gone to a hospital for treat-

of the late George W. Orme. In addition a resolution was He married Miss Anna Wilson, ness in Uniontown. After sell-Taylor has been the center of ing out he traveled for a drug

Charges of disloyalty to the morning and taken to the home of J. the Wilson circle and where Mrs. Orme was buried a short time ago.

#### Church Social.

On last Thurday evening at make subscriptions.

Christian church at 7:15.

The public is invited to attend these services.

#### Conservation of Fuel.

Washington, May 8. - Preliminary steps towards putting into operation a general plan for fuel conservation in power plants were taken today, when the Fuel administrative engineer for the Pittsburg district and C. P. Billing as special staff assistant.

The plan contemplates the saving of from 25,000,000 to 50,000-000 tons of coal used annually in industrial plants by means of correct operating methods. It in-The Marion Milling Co. have a cludes personal inspection of few Stock Peas for sale at a every power plant, classification entertained the audience between and rating of every plant and an numbers and her music on the administrative engineer in each piano was splendid and much tires and tubes. State or district.



aged 22 years, one of our soldiers who is now in France with matters to try to ship wood by rail. It help in entertainments to raise American expeditionary forces.

He is a son of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas M. Coryer and is a fine for carrying it. You who live in the people of the town have apman physically and will make Uncle Sam a good soldier, and he rural communities should cut wood for preciated this spirit of the school the members of his congregation Evansville as soon as notified. Mr. and to do at the scopest moment to do at the soonest moment.

# Co., is Awarded Hopor Flag

We are proud to announce that flags during the recent Liberty the account of room. interested was painted yellow cemetery, where they owned a lot in Loan campaign. In order to win one of these flags, it was necessary that the county subscribe more than its allotment in money, and also that as much as 7 per cent, of the population

#### A Splendid Entertainment.

The entertainment given at evening by little Miss Alice Lou- and his daughter, Miss Mattie ise Shrode, of Evansville, was a Witherspoon. The funeral will most delightful one. A good be conducted Friday afternoon. house greeted the little entertainer and she was enthusiastic Administration appointed Thom- on the stage to the closing numas R. Brown, of Pittsburg, as ber. Though only twelve years old, she seemed at home on the stage and the eight numbers were each delightfully rendered. "The Goblins Will Get You if You Don't Watch Out" was especially appreciated by the young people.

Mrs. Lillie Shrode, of this city, enjoyed.

## Notice.

this county was one of the few received at the McMullin factoin the State which won honor ry until Monday, May 27th, on

> Ross-Vaughn Tobacco Co., (Incorporated.) By E. J. Ramsey.

#### Henry Witherspoon Dead.

U. S. A. church the members of Crittenden county's allotment federate veteran, and formerly a pile and make themselves sure of plenty" and situations too laughboth the U. S. A., and Christian in money was \$70,400.00, and clothing merchant of Louisville, warmth next winter. Sunday schools met in a most her required number of subenjoyable social.

They had a very delightful protion at the last census, which They had a very delightful pro- tion at the last census, which erspoon was a native of Clarks- neglect to result in next year's suffer- given in next weeks issue of the gram, recitations, music and was 13,296, and 997 subscrip- ville, Tenn. He enlisted in the ing, when a little forethought and a Record-Press. Just remember songs, closing with Bible con- tions. The total subscribed was Confederate army at the age of little added energy will mean comfort what May 24 means. test, enjoyed by all. After \$169,250.00, more than doubled seventeen and served through in your own home and in that of your which there was organized a the amount, and the number of the war. Afterward he was a neighbor. most promising Union Christian subscribers 1096, one out of each traveling salesman in the South people about it. The progressive, pa-Endeavor. We were delighted twelve persons in the county. for clothing houses. In 1871 he triotic men in each community must Appreciates Package of Tobacca. to enroll 50 members and more The flag has been sent by the came to Louisville and took stir things up. Go to work now and delighted to learn Sunday night Honor Flag Committee of the charge of the clothing store of see that enough wood is ready and that we had grown to 60. At Eighth Federal Reserve Dis- Sprowl & Mandeville, at Fourth seasoning for next year's use to take ful refreshments were served. | mittee, and will be presented to conducted this store himself un- yet wood can be handled at a very at-The Endeavor met with good the county as a part of the ex- der the name of "Oak Hall." This tractive margin. You know your own program Sunday night at the ercises at the County War Con- business eventually became that local conditions better than anyone U. S. A. church and will meet ference to be held at Marion, on of Crutcher and Starks. After else. But whether you make a woodspecial agent for the New York FAIL TO CUT WOOD! Life Insurance Company. He was a member of the Second Presbyterian church.

Mr Witherspoon is survived by the School Auditorium Friday his wife, Mrs. Sallie Witherspoon

#### Plane Dropsy.

"Young Blithers took up law and dropped it."

"Yes." "He then took up medicine and ropped that "

"What's he doing now?" "He's in the with a broken leg and several fractured ribs. He took up aviation and that drop-

For sale, some good, used auto Marion Steam Vulcanizing Co.

ped him,"-

# **BURN WOOD** AND SAVE COAL

An Appeal to The Patriotism And Given by The Senior Class of Ma Thrift of Farmers And Villagers.

made up by the use of wood in- Let those words fall from your stead of coal. There is plenty lips and you will be sorry for it. of wood in the eastern and When the Junior Red Cross northern states, millions of cords was organized every boy and girl of it uncut, ready to be chopped. in school became a member. They But it is practicable only for the have done "their bit" in every use of farmers and villagers.

in cities. It would not help has been glad to give way and to your next year's fuel. This is your preciated this spirit of the school munity is awake and doing its bit. The farmer who drives an empty wa-There will be no more tobacco gon to town and drives back with a fund. load of coal is driving in the wrong

need that kind. The man who would like to burn

SAVE COAL TO FIGHT THE WAR SAVE COAL TO BACK OUR BOYS CUT WOOD SAW WOOD BURN WOOD

LAY UP WOOD FOR NEXT WIN-

#### Notice To All Road Overseers.

out of the hands of the County I get out of service. Judge. Therefore, all Overseers "Well, I'll ring off, with more are advised to consult the Road thanks to you and many good Engineer, E. Jeffrie Travis, on wishes. all road matters.

Your Obedient Servant, R. L. MOORE, Judge, Crittenden County Court.

# PATRIOTIC PLAY AT THE AUDITORIUM

rion High School, May 24th, 1918.

Look the situation squarely in The people of Marion, who enthe face; these are war times joy good plays will be glad to and our country is short of coal hear the announcement of the -50,000,000 tons short. We min- Senior Class Play, to be given on ed 50,000,000 extra tons last May 24th. The school as well year-but it was all used in as the editor always manufacturing ammunition and stands ready to help in any way war supplies and firing battle- it can, any enterprise that is ships and transports. We are worth while. It has always been still short of coal. The railroads a "booster" for better things. Its can't possibly haul as much as influence may ever be found on we need. And we are facing the side of right. No man can another shortage next winter. truthfully call the Marion Graded Part of the shortage must be and High School a "Slacker."

war activity during the school Munition plants cannot burn year. They are going to do more wood, warships cannot burn it, the coming year. The school has nor, because of the transporta- not given its usual school entertion problem, can people living tainments during the year, but s too bulky and cars cannot be spared funds for war work. We feel that job. You can save huge quantities of and that they will show their coal if you will cut wood, arrange your appreciation by attending the heating systems to burn it, and make play entitled, "Claim Allowed" it your business to see that your com-24th, for the benefit of the school

"Claim Allowed" was written direction. He is a slacker. We don't by one of America's forement dramatic producers, and is the coal because it's easier and handier, very latest word in a patriotic but who thinks enough of his country play. If your heart beats warm and the "boys over there," so that he with love for America, you will shoulders his axe, spurns the winter enjoy this new creation. It is fillwind and goes out to cut wood in order to save coal, is helping to fight the problems and should appeal to Rural schools and churches, as well everybody. It is sad in its serious-Henry A. Withersoon, a Con- as homes, should restore the old wood ness, but there will be fun "a

Some time ago C. R. Newcorn. of 517, West Fourth street, a govthe close of the contest delight- trict to the local Executive Com- and Jefferson streets. Later he This isn't a time to think of profits, of fine Kentucky tobacco to the American expeditionary force in France. He inclosed his card, and that Mr Witherspoon became cutting bee-or go at it as a business the Sammie who received it. This enterprise. CUT WOOD! DON'T particular Sammie was Corporal W. E. Thomas, of the 163rd infantry band, now stationed on the firing line. Corporal Thomas said it filled a long felt want, as his trusty pipe was just hungry for some real Kentucky tobacco. Following is the soldiers letter, sent from "Somewhere in France:"

The laws of this state required "Dear Friend:-Here's a hello the magistrates of this county to and many thanks for the smokes. elect a County Road Engineer, My old pipe was pretty lonesome or designate some one to perform for a smoke, but she is going full the duties thereof, and they blast now. So you live in Kenelected E. Jeffrie Travis, Road tucky. I have got an uncle that Engineer, thereby taking all lives somewhere in Covington. matters pertaining to working and I am figuring on going to a the roads, and repairing bridges music school in Cincinnati when

"Yours truly,

"Corp. W.E. Thomas, "163rd Inf. Band, A. E. F. -Owensboro Messenger.

# **W**AGE BOARD GIVES **RAIL MEN INCREASE**

Allowances, Based on Living Cost, Benefit 1,939,399.

UP TO M'ADOO FOR APPROVAL

Commission Submits Report to the Director General, Dealing With Various Phases of the Railroad Situation.

Washington, D. C., May 9.-An adwance in wages to 1,939,399 railroad employees, and eranging from 1 per cent to the highest to 43 per cent to the lowest paid, aggregating \$300,000,-000 is provided for in the report to Director General McAdoo by the railroad wage commission.

Mr. McAdoo is expected to adopt only part of the recommendations and probably will make a number of different alignments in deciding what wage increases shall be granted.

In general, the director general advocates higher pay for most classes of workmen to enable them to meet increased living costs, but he has been represented as favoring proportionately larger increases for some classes than for others now making the same pay. He also is strongly opposed to granting wage increases which might disarrange the general scheme of pay existing throughout other industries.

Leaders to Protest. The leaders of the four principal callway brotherhoods found on examining the report that they had on recommended for less than half the increases they had asked of the callroad managements before govern-

average workday, presumably eight hours, but decided that in the war emergency the nation could not afford to put into effect a reform that would slow down the war machinery and discriminate against other classes of workers being called upon for great sacrifices.

Rates of overtime pay are not disturbed and the increases are adjusted to the mileage basis of compensation of some employees, a road engineer, for example, receiving an increase of 11% per cent in his mileage rate. A scheme of applying the increases to piece work and overtime therefor is also provided.

An important feature of the report was the recommendation that where the same service is rendered the pay shall be the same, without discrimination as to sex or race.

Report of Commission. The report of the commission, consisting of Franklin K. Lane, secretary of the interior; Charles C. McChord, J. Harry Covington, and William R. Willcox, is an exhaustive one. In part

the report says: "The requests which have come to us for wage increases, would, if fully granted, involve an additional outlay in wages of somewhat over \$1,000,000,-000 per year in excess of the wage fund of last year, which exceeded \$2,000, 000,000. Some asked for an increase of 100 per cent in their pay, and from this they graduated downward to 10 per cent. None were satisfied with their present wages.

"To classify the many hundreds of employments in which the 2,000,000 railroad workers engage would be a task calling for more time, skill, insight, and knowledge than we possess At the outset, it was seen that there were grave inequalities in the rates of wages paid. But who could say what relationship each class of employees should bear to the other? Abstractly, why should an engineer receive \$170 per month and a telegraph operator \$90 per month?

"In the world of economics this sit-

Scale of Rates of Increases in Pay Awarded to Railroad Workers by the Wage Commission.

Present		New			New	Present		New
monthly	rate.	rate.	monthly		rate.	monthly		rate.
946.01 to	\$47.00	867.21	114.01 to	115.00		182.01 to		. \$202.30 . 203.15
47.01 to	48.00	68.64 70.07	115.01 to	116.00	145.35	183.01 to	184.00. 185.00.	
48.01 to	49.00 50.00	71.50	116.01 to	117.00	147.05	185.01 to	186.00	204.85
50.01 to	51.00	72.60	118.01 to	119.00	147.90	186.01 to	187.00	205.70
51.01 to	62.00	73.70	119.01 to	120.00	148.75	187.01 to	188.00	206.55
53.01 to	53.00	74.73	120.01 to	121.00	149.60	188.01 to	189.00	207.40
58.01 to	54.00	76.14	121.01 to	122.00	150.45	189.01 to	190.00.	208.25
54.01 to	55.00	77.55	122.01 to	123.00	151.30	190.01 to	191.00.	
65.01 to	56.00	78.96	123.01 to	124.00	152.15	191.01 to	192.00	
56.01 to	57.00	80.37	134.01 to	125.00	158.00	192.01 to	193.00.	. 210.50
67.01 to	58.00	81.78	125.01 to	126.00	153.85 154.70	193.01 to 194.01 to	194.00. 195.00.	211.65
68.01 to	60.00	83.10 84.60	126.01 to 127.01 to	128.00		195.01 to	196.00	
60.01 to	61.60		128.01 to	120.00	156.40	196.01 to	197.00.	
<b>41.01</b> to	62.00	87.42	129.01 to	130.00	157.25	197.01 to	196.00.	
68.01 to	63.00	88.88	130.01 to	131.00	158.10	196.01 to	199.00.	. 215.90
<b>68.01</b> to	64.00	90.34	181.01 to	182.00	158.95	199.01 to	200.00	
64.01 to	65.00	91.65	132.01 to	138.00	150.80	200.01 to	201.00.	. 217.60
65.01 to	66.00	98.06	133.01 to	134.00	100.65	301.01 to	202.00.	. 218.45
66.61 to	67.60	94.47	184.01 to	135.00	161.50	202.01 to	208.00.	219.80
67.01 to	65.00	95.88	185.01 to	186.00	163.30	308.01 to 304.01 to	204.00.	. 220.15 . 221.00
-	70.00	98.70	186.01 to	138.00	104.05	205.01 to	206.00	221.85
70.01 to	T1.00	100.11	188.01 to	130.00	164.00	206.01 to	201.00.	222.70
FLOI to	72.00		139.01 to	140.00	165.75	207.41 to	206.00	233.55
F2.61 to	T&00		140.01 to	141.00	106.00	206.01 to	200.00.	. 234.40
T\$.01 to	74.00	104.34	141.01 to	143.00	107.48	200,01 to	310.00.	. 235.25
T4.01 to	78.00	105.75	143.01 to	148.00	166.30	310.01 to	311.00.	. 234.10
75.01 to	76.00	107.10	143.01 to	144.00	169.15	311.01 to	212.00	. 236.86
17.01 to	17.00	106.87	144.01 to	145.00	170.00	313.01 to	318.00. 214.00	228.65
78.61 to	78.00	100.05	145.01 to	146.00	170.85	318.01 to 314.01 to	215.00	229.50
FB.01 to	80.00	111.20	147.01 to	145.00.		215.01 to	216.00	230.85
80.01 to		113.75	148.01 to	140.00.		\$16.01 to	317.00	. 331.30
81.01 to	83.00	114.80	149.01 to	150.00		217.01 to	\$18.00	. 232.05
60.01 to	88.00	116.30	150.01 to	151.00	175.10	\$18.01 to	319.00	. 232.90
88.01 to	84.00	117.60	151.01 to	152.00	175.95	\$19.01 to	220.00	. 338.75
BLO1 to	85.00	119.00	152.01 to	158.00	176.80	230.01 to	321.00	. 234.60
- WAT 40	86.00	110.85	158.01 to	154.00		231.01 te	222.00	. 235.45
GAI to	88.00	121.55	154.01 to 155.01 to	158.00		223.01 to 223.01 to	223.00.	. 236.30 . 237.15
20.01 to	80.00.	122.40	156.01 to	154.00	180.20	234.01 to	225.00	238.00
	90.00	123.25	157.01 to	158.00		225.01 to	226.00	. 338.85
	91.00	134.10	158.01 to	159.00		226.01 to	227.00	. 239.70
91.01 to	92.00	194.95	159.01 to	160.00	182.75	227.01 to	228.00	. 240.58
08.01 to	B3.00	125.80	160.01 to		188.60	228.01 to	229.00.	. 341.40
98.01 to	94.00	126.65	161.01 to	162.00		229.01 to	230.00	. 242.25
BLOI to	95.00	127.50	163.01 to	163.00		230.01 to	231.00.	. 243.10
96.01 to	97.00	126.35	163.01 to	165.00		231.01 to	222.00	344.80
97.01 to	98.00.	130.06	165.01 to	166.00	187.00	233.01 to	284.00	245.65
98.01 to	99.00.	130.00	106.01 to	107.00.	186.70	234.01 to	285.00	246.50
<b>68.01</b> 10	100.00	181.75	167.01 to		189.55	235.01 to	234.00	247.26
200.01 to	101.00	133.00	168.01 to	169.00	100.40	336.01 to	237.00	. 348.30
201.41 10	102.00	188.45	169.01 to	170.00.		337.01 to	235.00	. 348.05
302.01 to	108.00	184.30	170.01 to	171.00		238.01 to	230.00	. 340.90
202.01 to	104.00	185.15	171.01 to	173.00		239.01 to	340.00.	. 250.00
306.01 to	105.00	136.00	173.01 to	174.00		340.01 to	341.00	250.00
106.01 to	106.00	136.65	174.01 to	178.00.	195.50	342.01 to	343.00	250.00
107.01 to	106.00	188.53	175.01 to	176.00.		248.01 to	344.00	
308.01 to	100.00	139.40	176.01 to	177.00		344.01 to	245.00	
200.01 to	110.00	140.25	177.01 to	178.00	198.05	345.01 to	246.00	
110.01 to	111.00	141.10	178.01 to	179.00	198.90	246.01 to	347.00	250.00
211.01 to	112.00	141.05	179.01 to	180.00		347.01 to	345.00	. 250.00
112.01 to	113.00	142.80	180.01 to	181.00	200.60	248.01 to	340.00	. 250.00

ment control started and which they repeated before the commission. Their demands had been for an average of comewhat less than 40 per cent, and Increases for them average less than 20 per cent.

Some union leaders who anticipated that the commission's recommendations would not be for as great amounts as they had asked already have appealed to Director General Mc-Adoo to amend the proposed scale to eive them higher pay. Others, however, virtually have agreed to accept the report.

The wage advances, which range all the way from \$1 to \$34 a month, are increases above the amount of pay each employee was receiving on December 31, 1915. Employees who have received advances since that date will benefit now to the extent of the difference between their present wage and that fixed by the wage commission.

The net cost of the additional pay to the railronds is estimated at \$260,-000,000. This is exclusive of the estimated deficit of \$800,000,000 in government operation of the railroads this year, as a result of which Director General McAdoo contemplates advancing passenger rates at least 21/2 per cent and freight rates possibly as much as 15 per cent.

Based on Living Cost. The scheme of wage advances adopt-

ed is based on an inquiry into the cost of living, which the commission found has increased approximately 40 per cent to the average rabroad emloyee receiving \$85 a month.

The commission favors a shorter

uation has been made by the simple application of supply and demand, which is in turn now varied, affected, and modified by those limitations arising out of the artificial but necessary and historic methods of collective bargaining.

"Nevertheless, there stands out one dominating fact, recognized by railroad workers as well as by railroad officials-that the lower grades of railroad employment, those in which the supply of labor has been less restricted, and where organization has been difficult, if not impossible, deserve wage increases out of proportion to the increases for those in superior grades.

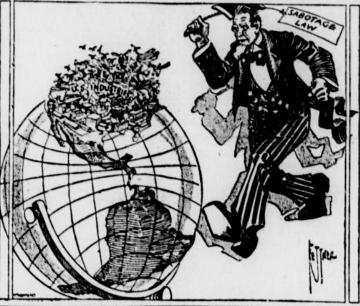
"An unprecedented call had come for men of certain trades in connection with the new industries that had been created by the war in Europe, and this long before our entry into the conflict. Machinists and iron workers of all kinds found themselves to be essential to the great munition plants and day labor of the most unskilled character rose into high demand.

Cut Off Those Not Needed.

"The commission recommends that during the period of government conduct of the railroads no salaries paid to officials who are not essential to the operation of the roads shall be charged as part of the operating ex-

"There should be constituted a tribunal or tribunals to continue the study of railroad labor problems, composed in part at least of men experienced in this kind of work, for conditions are ever changing."

Swat the Spy



# SEDITION BILL IS SIGNED BY WILSON TO SOLONS' PLANS

APPROVE THE CONFERENCE REPORT BY BIG VOTE.

#### HEAVY PENALTIES FIXED REGISTER MEN REACHING 21

Washington.-Final legislative ac ing the government broad new powa menace to free speech and chamduring the war.

Penalties of 20 years' imprisonment cal students. or a fine of \$10,000, or both, are pro-States, or the government, or the form of government, or the flag, or for those who are convicted of favoring Ger-

many or her allies in the present war. gible lists. The mail censorship section reals as follows:

"The postmaster-general may, upon person or concern is using the mails in violation of the provisions of this postoffice at which mail is received addressed to such person or concern to return to the postmaster at the of fice at which they were originally mailed all letters or other matter so addressed, with the words 'mail to this Admiralty Statement Gives Details of address undeliverable under espionage act,' plainly written or stamped upon the outside thereof, and all such letters or other matters so returned to such postmasters shall be by them regeneral may prescribe."

with the operation or success of the States or promote the success of its pairing of merchantmen. securities during the war. They forces, or retard recruiting, or to who speak, write or publish abusive language against the uniform of the soldier or sailor or the flag or the constitution.

#### NICARAGUA JOINS ALLIES

Congress Gives President Full Powe to Use the Nation's Forces Against Boches,

San Juan Del Sur, Nicaragua.-The Nicaraguan congress declared war on Germany and her allies.

The declaration of war was adopted by congress at the suggestion of President Chamorro, with only four dissenting votes.

Congress also adopted a declaration of solidarity with the United States and the other American republics at war with Germany and Austria, and authorized the president to take steps for utilization to a full measure of the nation's forces in the war.

#### Arrest Bible Student Leader.

New York .- Joseph F. Rutherford, successor to Pastor Russell as head of the International Bible Students' association, and five other leaders of that organization founded by Russell, were arrested in a raid by federal au thorities in the headquarters at the Bible Students' association in Brook-

#### 12 SOCIALISTS GUILTY.

Convicted of Treason For Fomenting Strikes In Germany.

Amsterdam.-Twelve Dresden members of the independent socialist party of Germany have been convicted of German railroad stations as well as high treason by the imperial court it on Zeebrugge. Leipsic. They distributed pamphlets advocating the overthrow of the German empire and helped to bring about strikes, advocating them as a means an autograph letter of welcome to the of obtaining peace. They were sen- American troops passing through Engtenced to jail for from 18 months to eight years.

CROWDER OBJECTS

BOTH BRANCHES OF CONGRESS YOUTHS REGISTERING ON JUNE 5, 1918, PLACED AT FOOT OF LISTS BY AMENDMENT.

Washington.-An agreement on the tion was taken on the sedition bill, giv- bill extending the selective draft law to youths attaining 21 years of age ers to punish disloyal acts and utter since June 5, 1917, was reached by ances. Adopting a conference report senate and house conferees. They re already approved by the senate, the tained the amendment of Representahouse sent to the president for his tive Hull of Iowa, providing that the signature the measure which has been additional registrants shall be placed before congress for weeks, assailed at the bottom of present eligible lists.

The house conferees accepted the pioned as essential to order at home senate provision for exemption from the draft law of theological and medi-

Immediate ratification by the senate vided in the bill for those convicted and house of the conferees' agreement of uttering or printing disloyal, abus on the measure will be sought, that ive, profane, scurrilous, contemptuous there may be no further delay in its or abusive language about the United use in connection with the new draft. Provost Marshal General Crowder opposed the amendment placing the new registrants at the bottom of elf-

The conferees also adopted an amendment, which Gen. Crowder also opposed, requiring registration of men evidence satisfactory to him, that any already in the military service who have attained their majority since last June 5. Gen. Crowder thinks this act, instruct the postmaster at any would be resented by some of the men in the service.

#### REPORT ON SHIP BUILDING

Shipe Built During Year By Great Britain.

London.-In April merchant ships with an aggregate gross tonnage of turned to the senders thereof under 111,533 were completed in yards of the such regulations as the postmaster. United Kingdom and entered for service as compared with 161,674 in Penalties under the bill would apply March, according to an admiralty state, to those who make false reports or ment. The total for the year ended statements with intent to interfere April 30 was 1,279,337 tons. Lact month's output was achieved notwithmilitary or naval forces of the United standing a large increase in the re-

The amount of shipping completed would apply to those who attempt to in allied and neutral countries in the incite insubordination or mutiny or first quarter of 1918 was 544,327 tons. refusal of duty in the military or naval Yards of the United Kingdom turned out 320,280 tons in this period. The admiralty statement also shows that the total construction in 1917 in the United Kingdom and allied and neutral countries was 2,907,786 tons, of which the United Kingdom produced 1,163,-474 tons.

#### AUSTRIA GETS BIG SLICE.

Roumania Peace Treaty Is Merely "Division of Spoils."

Amsterdam.-According to a communication printed in the Vienna press, it is pointed out under the terms of the Roumanian treaty, Austria wireceive to the south of Czernowitz, a piece of Roumanian territory about 600 square kilometers in extent. Hungary's accession of territory will be 50,000 square kilometers of sparsely populated mountain country.

#### Substitutes to Be Cheaper. Washington.-Wheat flour substi

tutes should sell for from 10 to 20 per cent less than wheat flour, Food Administrator Hoover notified state food administrators.

#### French Take Huns Captive.

Paris. - French troops captured Grivesnes Park, five miles northwest of Montdidier, taking 258 prisoners They organized their new positions notwithstanding German resistance.

#### Eliminating German Birdmen.

London.-Thirty-nine German ma chines and one balloon were brought down by the British air forces one day last week. Twenty-four tons of explosives were dropped on various

#### King Welcomes Americans. Lordon.-King George has written land. A copy of it is handed to each officer and man upon disembarkation

# SEALED BY BRITISH TO PROBE CHARGES

OBSOLUTE CRUISER, FILLED WITH CONCRETE, SUNK AT HAR-BOR ENTRANCE.

#### CRIPPLES GERMAN U-BOATS AVERTED CABINET CRISIS

brugge Harbor-Latest Feat of British Navy Practically Ends U-Boat Menace.

of Ostend harbor.

London.-The British navy has com-

the Vindicitive with the object of clos- cently relieved of his post of chief diing the submarine bases, and it ap rector of military operations at the pears to have been highly successful. war office. Stirred by the imminence The Vindictive went in under a heavy of a cabinet crisis, the people of Loafire from the German batteries and her | don crowded the public galleries long crew escaped, leaving only a few dead before the debate opened. The diplomen.

The Vindictive's dash was covered thronged. by a bombardment from several cruisers. The German official account of of Mr. Asquith's motion the premier the affair seems to have been written took the floor and spoke in defense of to save the face of the Germans. It the government. He refuted the says that several cruisers attempted charges of Gen. Maurice and declare 1 to enter the harbor and were driven that statements made in his recent off, but that an old one stranded.

plans were wholly successful. The British lost one motor boat.

Their casualties were light. Regarding reports that German submarines have been unable to enter Flemish ports and have had to return France, and that the decision was to Germany, Reuter's Limited says it taken on the advice of the military is unable to obtain confirmation in na-

val quarters. Photographic and other evidence from Zeebrugge shows that the Bruges although it approved of the disposi-Canal is still entirely blocked as a re- tions. sult of the recent British raid, and that it cannot be used. The obstructions, it has been found, were better fair was designated to obtain a vote of placed than was at first supposed. Ger- censure of the government, saying the man attempts to clear the waterway was absurd to describe it as such. are meeting with no success as a re- Should he find it his duty to censu e sult of British air activity and other

As in the joint raid on Zeebrugge and Ostend, this latest British naval exploit was kept a well guarded secret. As an evidence of this, it is re be accepted by the government. He called that after the battle-scarred had never yet given an adverse vote cruiser returned from Zeebrugge an on any proposal made by the governurgent request was made that she be ment. He had endeavored to help the sent up the Thames to London for pub- government in the prosecution of the lice view. The authorities did not en was and in defining the great purposes courage the proposal, however, and of the war and the peace for which the the agitation subsided. All the time allies were struggling. the old vessel was being overhauled for her last voyage. As on the former occasion the operation to block Ostend harbor was under the direction of Admiral Keyes.

Department of Justice and Sena'e AUSTRIAN STATUS GRAVE Committee Dig Into Affairs of Air-Craft Board.

Washington.-With the department of justice investigation of air-craft production under way and another inquiry by the senate military committee starting. Sécretary Baker announces that he is withholding action upon applications by three signal corps officers for examination by a military court of their connection with the aviation pro-

The secretary's statement disclosed that in addition to Maj. Gen. Squier, chief signal officer, Col. Montgomery, in charge of contracts, and Col. Deeds, executive officer for production, have asked that the mention of their names in connection with sweeping charges of graft and disloyalty be made the subject of inquiry by military tribu .als. As head of the signal corps, Gen. Squier until recently had direct control of army aviation and he and the two colonels represent the war department on the air-craft beard.

#### UKRAINE ANARCHY SPREADS

German Offensive Causes Uprising o. People and Rioting Becomes Serious.

London. - Anarchy is spreading throughout the Ukraine as a result of the German action in overthrowing the government and replacing it with another one, according to an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Copenhagen. There have been riots at several places, and during a serious outbreak at Kiev a large number of persons were killed. An attempt was made to kill the Ukrainian premisr, who escaped with slight wounds.

#### BRAVE QUEEN MARIE

Says She Will Never Recognize the Treaty With Germany,

Amsterdam .- Queen Marie of Roumania has publicly announced that she will never recognize the peace treaty between Roumania and Germany. Her majesty says she would rather abdicate than reign over a country under German rule. The queen's children are of the same opinion, and they never lose an opportunity, the newspapers add, of insulting the German: in Roumania.

# PORT OF OSTEND IS COMMONS REFUSES

LLOYD GEORGE MINISTRY ASSAIL ED BEFORE HOUSE BY FOR-MER PREMIER.

Huns Have Been Unable to Open Zee- Charges Made By Maj.-Gen. Frederick P. Maurice Basis of Asquith's Motion-Vote of 293 to 106 Puts End To Question.

London-The Lloyd George ministry pleted its operations for the bottling won a notable victory in the house of up of the German submarine mouths commons when by a vote of 293 to 106 on the Belgian coast by the sinking of the house knied a motion introduced the scarred old cruiser Vindictive, by former Premier Asquith providing stuffed with concrete, at the entrance for the appointment of a special committee to investigate charges made by The feat was the second exploit of Maj.Gon. Frederick B. Maurice, rematic and peers galleries also we o

Immediately after the introduction speech to which Maurice's charges re-Naval men here believe that their ferred were made on information received from Gen. Maurice's department of the war office. He showy1 also by documentary evidence that the extension of the British line was made because of pressure exerted by authorities, in agreement with Field Marshal Haig, the war cabinet having interferred in no way with matters.

> Former Premier Asquith denied that his motion respecting the Maurice afthe government, he said, he hoped that he would have the courage to do so in direct and unequivocal form.

> Mr. Asquith said that when he put down his motion he thought it would

Mr. Asquith said neither he nor his colleagues had been concerned in the composition or publication of Gen. Maurice's letter. If, as he saw, the government intended to state the facts it would be anticipating the conclusions of any tribunal and would be PROBING AVIATION MUDDLE only an ex-parte statement.

Closing of Parliament on Kalser's On der Causing Great Adverse Comment.

London.-The latest separatist program in Austria, according to the Daily Mail, from The Hague, quoting advices from Vienna, is to create a state to be named Greater Moravia. which would include Silesia and the Slovene districts of Hungary, with the capital at Olmutz.

Vienna newspapers received at The Hague, it is added, show that the internal situation in Austria-Hungary is greatly strained. The Socialist Arbeiter Zeitung, whose circulation Germany has stopped, declares that the government cannot be aware of actual conditions in Austria, or otherwise it would not play with fire. It says that the adjournment of parliament screwed down the last safety valve at a moment when an explosion of popular feeling was likely to be provoked by extreme economic pressure.

#### MILLION MEN BY JULY.

Big Troop Movement to France Amswers Kaiser's Peace Move.

Washington.-A million American soldiers in France by July 4 is the pragram the war department has unde. taken to carry out. It is the answer of the United States to any suggestions of peace Germany may make.

The house military affairs comm .. tee sent word to the White House thet President Wilson could have all the authority he desired for calling men to the colors. A bill granting the blanket powers will be rushed through the committee for early action by the house. There is said to be no doubt now about the passage of the measure in either branch of congress.

Use Germans as Buffers.

London.-Joynson Hicks, laborite member of parliament, presented in the commons a petition bearing 16,000 signatures asking that interned Germans be carried by British merchantmen as a safeguard against U-boat at-

Better Wages for Railroad Men. Washington.-All railroad employes whose monthly pay in December, 1915, was less than \$250 a month have been recommended for wage increase by the

railroad wage commission

# Helping the Meat and Milk Supply

(Special Information Service, United States Department of Agriculture.)

WOLVES AND COYOTES OR LIVE STOCK—WHICH?



Coyotes Destroy Thousands of Dollars Worth of Live Stock Every Year-Ten Thousand Were Exterminated by Hunters of the Department of Agriculture During Part of Last Summer and Fall.

# WAGING WAR ON **FOOD DESTROYERS**

Predatory Animals in Western States Cause Immense Damage Each Year.

#### HUNTERS ARE NOW AT WORK

In Two and Half Years 50,000 Wolves, Coyotes, Bobcats, Lions, Bears and Other Beasts Killed by Paid Hunters.

The city purchaser of meat does not always realize the really serious difficulties to be overcome before a choice cut of steak or a cheaper stewing piece can be brought to market. He buys what he wants or can afford, always marveling at the increasing cost. If the supply of food were increased by \$300,000,000 worth, the cost would be correspondingly less, and when the purchaser is informed that this value of meat and other foodstuffs is wantonly destroyed every year in the United States he is likely to sit up and take notice. More, he is likely to investigate the cause of the waste and to help stop it, if possible. Foodstuffs worth these millions of dollars are destroyed every year through the ravages of wild predatory animals and of small grain-eating and crop-destroying

Unlike the hordes of injurious insects which prey on the crops almost unseen, these animals are large enough to be coped with singly

#### paratively small cost. Yearly Damage by Wolf.

Wolves, for instance, are caught one at a time, either in the trap or by poison or with powder and shot. These animals do not prowl the country over night after night with only an occasional meal once or twice a week, but like other beasts must obtain their food more or less regularly. As live stock are especially choice morsels for them, the destruction each animal inflicts on a herd is enormous. It does not require any stretch of the imagination, therefore, to grasp the fact that each wolf destroys annually an average of \$1,000 worth of live stock. The growing boy could not be so voracious. Therefore, every wolf destroyed means a year's supply of food for several boys or grown men. Multiply this \$1,000 destruction of good food by the total number of wolves in the country and we have a large part of the \$300,000,-000 worth of food taken from domesticated flocks and herds.

In the summer and early fall of last year hunters of the bureau of biological survey of the department of agriculture killed nearly 200 wolves, more than half of them in Texas, one of the greatest meat-producing states of the Union. Wyoming, Arizona and New Mexico are the better off for having lost in this campaign about 60 of these marauders.

#### Damage by Other Culprita.

But wolves are not the only culprits that need to be dispatched if we are to market all the meat actually produced on our extensive ranges. It has been estimated by officials of the department of agriculture that mountain lions and stock-killing grizzly bears each destroy annually \$500 worth of live stock, and that each coyote and bobcet consumes a tenth of this amount. Coyotes and bobcats, however, are many times more numerous than the mountain tions and bears, judging from the numbers destroyed by hunters of the biological survey. During part of the last summer and fall eight mountain tions and 27 bears paid the death penalty for their marauding, while in th same time more than 1,000 bobcats and more than 10,000 coyotes were exter-

Had these animals been allowed to go about their nefarious work unmoested through the year, and through the rest of their natural lives, they would have taken the usual toll of our herd were killed, but only one of the

each animal secured means not only one less enemy of live-stock operations, but the gain is continuing, since not only is the career of one predatory animal thus ended but also that of all his possible progeny. Each one killed means one predatory animal less to perpetuate his race.

In two and a half years the bless cal survey hunters have killed than 50,000 predatory animals. uring the losses these would have inflicted, as mentioned above, the work of the hunters has effected an annual saving in live stock of more than \$3,840,000. In addition to this the federal treasury has benefited to the extent of nearly \$50,000 from the sale of skins of the animals secured. The hunters are not allowed to accept bounties, and all skins taken become the property of the government. Some of these are deposited in the National museum for exhibition and study purposes, and the rest are sold and the proceeds turned into the treasury de-

#### SHEEP, NOT DOGS, WILL SHEEP, NOT DOGS, WILL WIN.

The fleeces of 20 sheep are needed to equip one American soldier. How many sheep have you on

your farm? How many did your father or

grandfather keep? If the dogs stopped you from sheep raising, there is an answer-

#### T------Stories From Hunters.

Dogs win no wars.

Wild animals which prey upon live stock are only "good when dead." purpose, if their skins are properly cured, tanned and made into fur gar-

Predatory animals cause losses to sheep herds in Utah and neighboring states of 500,00 head annually. Besides the foodstuffs thus destroyed. this means a loss of about 4,000,000 pounds of wool.

Two wolves at Ozona, Tex., killed

76 head of sheep in two weeks. In New Mexico 3 per cent of the cattle are destroyed by predatory ani-In addition to about 34,350 head of cattle thus killed, the animals destroy about 165,000 sheep, a loss of 16,000,000 pounds of meat and 1,320,. 000 pounds of wool. The total loss to the state each year from this source amounts to about \$2,715,250.

States and live-stock associations are co-operating with the department of agriculture in its campaign in the Western states suffering the greatest damage from predatory wild animals, by liberal contributions of funds, as

well as services of additional hunters. A biological survey hunter in Arizona recently killed a mountain lion, on the trail of which were found nine head of cattle it had killed.

One stock-killing grizzly bear along the Pecos river, in New Mexico, ac counted for \$1,000 worth of cattle in five months before being dispatched by a hunter of the biological survey. It had killed 32 head of cattle in this time, and in the previous year is reported to have killed 50 head in the same district.

#### Watch Pigs for Allments.

Don't let ailments get a start in the war litters. For the first week at least after farrowing look the pigs over carefully before each feeding. If any indications of scours appear the sow's feed should be reduced immediately or possibly cut off entirely. A heavy feed of rich slep given when scours begin to show possibly may kill the entire litter. A little extra care for the first few days is very necessary to prevent losses.

#### Coyotee' Toll In Meat

Three coyotes in Morgan county, Utah, attacked a herd of sheep and in one hour destroyed \$500 worth. Ewes, worth about \$1,000, were killed by one or two coyotes in Colorado; 67 which had been separated from the main meat supply accordingly. The pelt of | carcasses had been partly eaten.

#### Little-Hat Lady 2

By JANE OSBORN

(Copyright, 1918, by the McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

Designing hats for a popular-price wholesale millinery establishment was not Upton Pread's ideal of a stalwart, life-sized man's occupation. Still even young men with that innate feeling for line and color that marks them-or brands them-as artists before they have had a fair chance to determine for themselves whether they wish to follow an artist's career or not, have to eat and have to be clothed, and designing women's hats seemed at the time to be the only opportunity that afforded what Prend considered a living wage. Getting an occasional order for a portrait perhaps was more the sort of thing he had dreamed of, and more the sort of thing his friends expected, but it would not have provided for him a comfortable existence at the Stanley Arms, and Upton Pread found that living at that well-appointed little hotel had advantages that offset the designing of hats.

Still Upton did not like to have peo-

ple know the nature of his "artistic"

work. In the morning after breakfast he got out his drawing board and, shut up in his snug little chintz room, he would call into being first the image of heads of fair women, and then, as if by magic, he would summon hats to crown them. Hastily and with quick stroke of his pencil he would sketch the pretty heads and then, with minuteness that made reproduction by a milliner possible, he would portray the hat. Having made some four or five sketches he would roll them up securely in his portfolio and, after having had luncheon in the hotel dining room, he would sally forth to the millinery establishment, there to deliver his wares. They were not always accepted. In fact, he was expected only to deliver two designs a day and he made sometimes as many as six. After his visit to the milliner's he had a good part of the afternoon free-not entirely free, either, for if he elected to go to one of the fashionable indoor ice rinks he always had before him the task of studying the women's hats, not so much to "get ideas" for designs but to learn-what to him was the hardest lesson-what women thought was becoming. Upton had ideas of his own about beauty in women's apparel, and often when he made a design that he thought was his masterpiece it was only to have the manager of the millinery establishment push the design aside, declaring that if he put out hats like that his business would be ruined.

morning with an effort to surpass his own notions about hats. Upton always worked in secrecy. You see he was not proud of his calling. If the substantial, slow-moving chambermald happened still to be setting his room to rights when he returned from breakfast, he was loath to get out his drawing things, but lingered over his morning paper or walked idly about his room. One day after she had left the room and he had begun in earnest, there was a knock at his door and, without waiting for Upton to call out "come," the chambermaid stuck her head in the door. held a waste basket in her hand. "You don't make a mistake, sir, do you, and throw away picters you want?" she asked. "Some of these here pretty girl's heads. I mean, seems 'most too

So Upton would carry back the reject-

ed drawings and crush them into his

waste basket and start afresh the next

good to throw away." "Oh, those," Upton said as the woman held up a crushed and crumpled girl's head wearing what the day before he had judged one of his best designs only to have it condemned as impossible by the practical millinery manager, "those are rubbish. I just de them-to amuse myself, as it were." And the chambermald withdrew, dragging her mop and carpet sweeper after

The hat in question was inspired by a mussel shell. Upton had seen hats that were inspired by roses and sweet peas and even by canary birds. That sort of thing was trite. He happened to have a few shells that he had gathered on the sea shore the summer before and treasured for no very good reason, and it occurred to him one day that in the graceful curves of the mussel shell and in its deep, penetrating black with brown, green and blue shadings, he might devise a hat that would be worth designing. The head he drew for this design was the head of a see nymph. He always made the faces first to suit the hats-if the hat showed Japanese influence the girl was slightly slant-eyed, if she wore a sombrero she was of Spanish features The hat was of black silk above with shadings of brown and blue and the lining beneath the brim was of the shimmering gray of the inside of a mussel shell. Upton really reveled in this hat-only to have it rejected the next day at headquarters, while an insipid little hat of dark blue straw with a cherry dangling at one side was pronounced a "winner."

Upton had not learned his lesson. In another daring mood he designed a hat that he said was inspired by a German air raid at night, though the millinery manager did not even attempt to see the similarity. He did admit, however, that the design was original and might do for a theatrical costume, but for his purposes-never. And that was consigned to the waste basket, where a few days before had

other day a hat that had been suggested by the colors and shape of a spring onion. Upton had had them for dinner the night before and had actually carsied one to his room, put it in water and taken his design from life. That also was among the failures.

Upton knew that onion hat of his was original. Still some one else must have designed it simultaneously. For a week later as Upton sat at dinner he looked up and there two tables off the very pretty golden-brown blonde who dined alone and seemed to have few friends-Upton had seen her often and not infrequently recalled her face and coloring when summoning up imaginary models in his room-there, sat the little blonde wearing the onion hat. Yes, it was eactly like the hat he had designed, with the colors as given in his sketch reproduced exactly. An expert milliner could not have reproduced the sketch more faithfully, and the little blonde was just the model for that hat. Upton was in a fever of excitement. He wanted to tell his friends of the coincidence, but to do so would have necessitated telling of his own role as a hat designer.

Then-and this was really too much for Upton's peace of mind-the little blonde appeared one tempestuous spring night when the rain was pouring outside and the wind could be heard rushing around the window panes-she appeared in the hat that he had designed when thinking of an airplane raid at night, and in the eyes that seemed all tenderness and mildness under the spring onion hat there was now a haunting look of distress and sorrow. But it was unmistakably Upton's hat. Then appeared the real masterpiece—the musselshell hat, and this seemed to suit the little blonde's face better even than the others. It was a marvelous hat and it was worn by a wonderful model Upton noticed the eyes of other diners focussed on it and he realized then his success in designing it, though he could not guess how the hat had been made. There was nothing at all striking in the cut or coloring of the hatin the usual acceptance of the word. That it attracted attention was, Upton knew, simply because it was distinc-

After that Upton's models were all alike. The little blonde face haunted him and the millinery manager asked him to try and vary the type of hats he designed. They were all made for the same type of face. Upton began to lose sleep. It was not so much the mystery of the matter, though it was odd enough to have another person extract ideas from your mind in this way and bring into realization so success fully your thwarted dreams. The thing was that Upton was very much in love with the little blonde and that the little blonde was not absolutely indifferent as to his existence he might have learned to his own satisfaction from the way her eyes dropped to her plate whenever he looked toward her at dinner.

Finally after she had been wearing the three hats for three weeks he could stand the suspense no longer, and he bravely followed her out of the dining room one night, and with the manner of an old friend bade her a good evening. Not being repulsed, he sat talking with her in the hotel reception room.

son and even before he sought to solve the mystery he told her that he was more interested in her than he had ever been in any girl before, and she, sweet, frank child that she was, told him that she was very glad of that, for she was lonely in the big city and didn't know any nice young men. That was encouragement enough even for a faint heart, and Upton's was not faint. Then Upton spoke of the hats. When he told her that he had designed them, she turned very scarlet and said she didn't know that it was from his room the chambermaid had got them. She said she had come to the city to study millinery, as the only talent she had ever displayed was that of making her own hats. So she had come and had expected to succeed in the school until about four square feet per hen. she discovered that to begin with the pupils had to draw their own designs of hats and she simply could not draw. She told the chambermald her troubles because she had no one else to talk to, and was all but decided to return home discouraged when the chambermaid brought her the crumpled drawings from one of the waste baskets. She had taken them to school and passed them off as her own work. It was dishonest but she was eager to succeed. Then she had worked out the designs and she had taken every prize the school offered. One of her hats was going to be sent to the international millinery exhibit—the mussel-shell one. The instructors were wild over it and a very well-known artist who gave them lectures on colors had declared that another was a masterplece in tones. It suggested an air raid at feet of yard room per bird. The ophow he thought that.

"So they are masterpleces, after all," Upton sighed, and before the evening for them more interesting. was far spent they had not only settled all the plans for the wedding but were dreaming dreams of starting an exclusive shop in which they would com- the best way to give them some bene bine their talents.

#### Plain Talk.

He-I don't have much trouble about ecommendations. I suppose my face speaks for itself?

She-Yes, and it's pretty plain talk. Boston Evening Transcript.

#### Handicapped.

Sergeant-What are you doing with your kun over your shoulder, Casey? said right shoulder shift.

Casey-Sure, aur .that comes of m bein' left handed, sur.

# A Bird in the Hand

(Special Information Service, United States Department of Agriculture.)

NATION NEEDS MORE BACK-YARD FLOCKS



Cheap Eggs for the City Family Lies in Keeping Hens, Fed Largely on Kitches

# TOWN HENS MAKE FOOD FROM WASTE

Need for Increasing City Flocks **Explained by Department** of Agriculture.

## SMALL YARDS AFFORD ROOM

Cheap Egge for City Family May Be Obtained by Feeding Hens Waste From Kitchen-Male Bird Is Not Necessary.

Poultry and eggs have never been cheap food for the city dweller. There is no hope that they can be, during the continuance of the war and its necessarily attendant high prices, even as relatively cheap as they ordinarily have been. The only possibility of cheap eggs for the city family lies in keeping enough hens in the back yard, where they can be supported principally on kitchen waste, to supply the family table. Keeping hens in the back yard is at once an economic opportunity for city families and an essential part of the campaign for increasing poultry production.

What may be done with fowls in a back yard depends upon the size of the yard, the character of the soil, the conditions of sunlight, shade and ventilation, and the interest and skill of the poultry keeper. The smallest and least favorably situated back yard afenough hens to supply eggs for the household. The number of hens needed for that purpose is twice the number of persons to be supplied. Hence the smallest flock to be considered consists of four hens. Where hens are kept only to furnish eggs for the table no male bird is needed.

Suitable Coop for Small Flock.

A coop for a flock of four hens should have a floor area of about 20 square feet, or about 5 feet per hen. For larger flocks the space allowance per bird may be a little less, because the space is used in common and each bird has the use of all the coop except what her companions actually occupy. For the ordinary flock of 10 to 15 hens the space allowance should be

With proper care the back-yard poultry keeper can keep hens, for laying only, confining them continuously to their coops, and have them lay well nearly as long as they would be profitable layers under natural conditions. While hens like freedom, good feed and care reconcile them to confine ment, and mature, rugged birds often lay more eggs in close confinement than when at liberty.

If the space admits of giving the little back-yard flock more room than a coop of the minimum size required, the condition of the land will determine the form in which the additional space should be given. If the soil is well drained and free from such filth as often contaminates the soil of small back yards, a yard for the fowls may be fenced in, allowing 20 to 30 square night, he said, though she couldn't see portunity for exercise on the land and in the open air which this gives the hens will benefit them, and make life

> If the soil is poorly drained and foul the hens will thrive and lay better if not allowed on it at all. In that case, fit of the extra space available is to build adjoining the coop a shed covering about the same amount of ground, and having the front inclosed only with wire netting. The foul earth under this shed should be removed and the floor filled in a few inches higher than the old surface with fresh earth

Attention to Cleanliness. By proper attention to cleanliness

this may be lept in sanitary condition for a year or more. Whatever advantage can be given the heas in this way will tend to increase production, and erally market them in the fall

to prolong the period of profitable laying. The eggs or hens kept in small back yards are perfectly good for eating, but of little value for hatching even when fertile. Good chickens cannot be grown under such conditions. The hens will usually lay well for about a year. Then they should be replaced with farm-grown pullets.

It is known as a matter of experience and observation that town and city people who have to figure costs of food closely have not been accustomed to use eggs freely except in the season of flush production and low prices. A great many such families can keep a few hens in the back yard, and even with low production get many more eggs than they have been accustomed to use.

#### 

BOYS AND GIRLS CAN HELP. Those boys or girls want to help win the war-

Give them a flock of hens in your back yard. To enjoy, to feed and care

A source of eggs and meat-A good way to earn those

Thrift Stamps! And at the same time to help to produce food to win the war. Farmers' Bulletin 889, "Back-Yard Poultry Keeping," tells just how. Free on request.—United States Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C.

#### T+++++++++++++++++++++++++ NEED FOR MORE POULTRY.

Meat can be produced from poultry more quickly than from any other fords an opportunity to keep at least source. One of the necessities imposed upon the United States by the entrance into the world war is to produce more meat than it has ever produced before. This is essential not only to meet its own greater needs because of being on a war basis but also to save the countries with which it cooperates in the war from defeat through lack of food. In order to leave available for the forces overseas as large a proportion as possible of the output of cured and compact meats it is desirable that there be a decided increase in both the home production and the home consumption of white meats such as poultry. To that end it is imperative that the productive stock on general farms and in the back yards of the nation be rather largely increased during the current year. That is the national situation with regard to poultry needs as described in a recent publication from the office of the secretary of agriculture, "The Arricultural Situation for 1918, Part XL Poultry."

> Ducks for Meat and Eggs. On general farms ducks can be

raised with success and at a profit. As a source of income, however, they do not appear to be as well adapted for the average farm as chickens, but under certain conditions they are good money-makers. The demand for ducks' eggs is more limited than for heps' eggs, and though ducks for table use usually bring a good price, their market is also more limited and is mostly confined to large cities. For this reason it is advisable to study the market conditions before making any large inrestment in ducks.

Intensive duck farming on a large scale has been more successful than intensive chicken raising. ducks, which are kept extensively by commercial growers, are less subject to disease than chickens, and artificial methods of hatching and rearing have been used very successfully with them. Farmers as a rule have rarely given the necessary care to the feeding and marketing of their ducklings to secure any large share of the trade in fancy green ducks. It is this trade which attracts the commercial duck raiser. A green duck is a duckling which is grown rapidly and marketed when from eight to twelve weeks old. weighing at that time from 4% to 6 pounds. They are usually sold in the spring and summer and bring high prices. Farmers who grow ducks gen-

#### CRITTENDEN RECORD-PRESS

Marion, Ky., Ma; 16, 1918

S. M. JENKINS. Editor and Publisher

Marion, Kentucky, under the Act Congress of March 3, 187

SUBSCRIPTION BATES

## Advertising Rates.

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- This paper has enlisted with the government in the cause of America for the period of the war · · · · ·

omy that saves scrubbing brush- twice married and both of his es and dust cloths.

morning" or "good night."

Borrowing from Peter to pay Paul may merely demonstrate that Peter is an easy mark.

out why a black hen lays a white egg. Get the egg!

The desire to get something for nothing is behind the fate of every fish landed.

Those who desire to live should settle this well in their minds, life and that the will has a wondrously strong and direct influence over the body through the brain and nervous system.

-Lecky.

It is easy in the world to live sweetness and lives in the indi- ings. pendence of solitude. - Emerson.

Those who criticize our greatest of all Presidents, Woodrow Wilson, for the conduct of the war or for the slowness with which results are obtained, should remember the universa military training which has been in vogue in Germany for the past half-century and, instead should advocate its adoption it America at once. What the great Abraham Lincoln said, after three years of war, is perhaps applicable now: "I claim not to have controlled events, but confess plainly that events have controlied me. Now at the end of three years' struggle, the nation's condition is not what either party or any men desired or expect-



The sad news of the death of Mrs. Charlie Burnette, reached his mother here, Mrs. John G. As : r. May 8' She died sud-

denly of acute pneumonia at her April 27, 1865. She died at Frehome in Pacific Junction, Iowa., donia May 13, 1908, and was So the least you can do is to give where she was born and edu-buried at Glenn's Chapel. cated in the High school. She He was ordained in 1859 and church in her home town, and half a century. He is survived was a noble christian girl. She by five daughters: Ida, wife of and her husband, spent last win- George W. Stone, of this city; ter here with his mother, and Ada, wife of John H Cumming. her christian walk and winning of tiller, Ark.; Anna, wife of ways won the love of every one Prof. D. F. Brightman, of Lyon he ret. Sie was a happy bride county; Li lian, of Sikeston, Mo., her home, where there is no sick- ber, of Union City, Mich. ness, no deaths, or sorrows. The bereaved husband and his mother who is prostrated with grief, have the sympathy of all th ir f ends here in their sad hour of Penmanship, Arithmetic, Letter Writto utile, but we say, weep not, ing, etc., as successfully BY MAIL as

spected citizen of this county Stenographers who owe their success died Sunday May 12th at the to my Home-Study Courses. Write home of his daughter, Mrs. Essie JNO. F. DRAUGHON, President, Draughon's Practical Business College, Walters in Pueblo, Colo., where Nashville, Tenn. he went some months ago for the benefit of his health. His remains arrived here Tuesday Don't be a slacker this year, morning at 10 o'clock, and were but place your lot in the hands You will read of many so-called cures. taken to Mt. Zion for interment, of the Cemetery Committee. Endorsed by strangers from faraway Wednesday at noon, after a short You have never done this, possi- places. service at the house, conducted bly, so DO IT NOW. by Rev. J. B. Trotter.

He was in his 89th year, and has It's poor store or office econ-church many years. He was facturers in the State of Kentucky. Kidney Pills at different times for s Oakley, Kans.

ful who minds his own business day morning, May 11, at two increases are put into effect. is that he has so little compet - o'clock at the home of his daugh Only such increases as are

Christmas day, when he fell in the situation may require. the floor and had to be helped to The Food Administration has Marion. The people of Critten his bed. Since that time no sought the co-operation of the den and surrounding countie hope was entertained of his ulti- Mayors of Kentucky cities to in. are very fortunate in having a mate recovery, although he was vestigate any proposed increases opportunity to attend this great cheerful at times and gave his in price, and determine the just- conference, and it is the duty of family and friends some hope ification in each instance, and each and every patriotic citizen

His remains were taken Glenn's Chapel, in Lyon county, obtained from the dealers, the YOUR WHOLE FAMILY AND Mason Patton near where he lived for many Food Administrator will apply STAY ALL DAY. years, his daughters accompany- the necessary corrective measing them, going by the way of ures. Princeton and Kuttawa.

The funeral and interment took place at noon Monday and was conducted by Rev. H. R. after the world's opinion; it is Short, of this city, who also ac- She'll never forsake you. easy in solitude to live after our companied the remains. There own; but the great man is he was an immense outpouring of Were you down in the gutter who in the midst of the crowd friends and old acquaintances keeps his temper with perfect and many beautiful floral offer. Were you covered with shame

married to Miss Mary A. Martin She will stick to you, lad, though

#### YOUNG MEN YOUNG WOMEN.

I can teach you, at your home, Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Banking, for your loss is her eternal gain. you can be taught in college. You A FRIEND. get your money back on completing the course if you are not satisfied. Let me send you prices and statements Wm, H. Crow an old and re- from Bank Cashiers, Bookkeepers and 5 16 41

# been a member of the Baptist Notice to Ice Dealers and Manu-

wives are dead. Five children The manufacture and distribu- weak and lame back. They have alsurvive him, one son Albert, of tion of ice comes under the Un- ways helped me and I know they are a Money talks, but bear in mind, Ft. Worth, Tex., the four daugh. ited States Food Administration, one to get a box of Doan's Kidney young man, it makes a heap of ters being Mrs. Essie Walters of and the Control Act of August Pills at Orme's Drug Store when sufdifference whether it says "good Pueblo, Colo., Alice Eskew of 10th, 1917. The Food Adminis- fering from kidney trouble." this city, Belle Williams of Mt. tration is concerned with the Price 60 cents at all dealers. Don't Zion section and Lida Carter of price for ice in the various communities, and requires each com- Mr. Melton had. Foster-Milburn Co., pany dealing in or manufacturing Mfgrs., Buffalo, N. Y. ice to file with the Administration William T. Reid, nonogenari- any proposed schedule of inan, retired minister and a most creased prices over the prices in The reason the man is success- godly man, passed away Satur- effect last Summer, before such town in Kentucky that will have

ter, Mrs. Geo. W. Stone, south justified by increased costs will that will come to Marion Thurs of the city on the old Princeton be permitted and in addition only day, May 23, will visit only th Do. 't was e your time figuring road, near the railroad crossing. such adjustment as between the largest cities of the state. Thro His last illness dated from different classes of consumers as the urgent efforts of our citizen

#### A Thought For Mother's Day.

ever you do.

she'd kneel beside you, she would stand at your side, Mr. Reid was born in Ohio And the hurt in her heart, for

county November 3, 1824; was your sake, she would hide.

#### you lose every test, her your best.

was a member of the Christian preached the gospel more than So long as she lives you are sure of a friend

safely depend. You may wound her by sinning and hurt her with shame, Should you fail to be true, she'll love you the same. o' only two years, till God called and Lucy, wife of Frank Web- So remember, my lad, as you stand in life's test. That you owe to your mother

#### JUDGE FOR YOURSELF

your finest and best.

GUEST.

Which is Better--iry an Experiment or Profit by a Marion Citizen's E perience.

Something new is an experiment. Must be proved to be as represented The statement of a manufacturer is not convincing proof of merit. But the endorsement of friends is.

Now supposing you had a bad back A lame, weak or aching one. Would you experiment on it?

It's different when the endorsemnen comes from home. Easy to prove local testimony.

Read this Marion case. A. C. Melton, bricklayer, 633 E. De-

MARION is the only sma the GREAT WAR CONFER ENCE. The Big War Conference this great event was secured fo that he might recuperate. has notified them that if satis- in this county and surrounding lillard Rogers. to factory scales of prices cannot be counties to be present. BRING Thomas Dobbs



O YOUR BIT. Help the Gov-

#### And Make Money, Too

\$150 to \$1,000 per month can be made with this permanent, substantial and This wonderful self-contained This wonderful self-contained roller mill is revolutionizing milling. Makes splendid flour at a better yield than the Government requires. One man without previous milling experience can run it successfully. Smail cost, small power, casy operation cnables it to make a "Hetter Barrel of Flour Cheaper." You



Do not forget your duty to the 'city of the dead' this year. A new year begins May 30, 1918, and all lots placed in the hands of the committee should be paid Alex Clark for by that time. Rates, \$3 for A. J. Tigner..... occupied lot, \$1 for vacant lots. Ira Duncan Send your checks to Miss Nelle Horace Harp Walker, Secretary.

#### BOND SUBSCRIPTIONS THIRD LIBERTY LOAN.

In addition to those reported R. E Blake ... previously, the following names W. F. Stinnett have been added to "Crittenden W. I. Adams..... On whom, at all times, you may County's over the top' loyal le- Starling Adams.....

#### Kentucky Fluor Spar Co.

Rentucky Fluor Spar Co	
Wheateroft Mine:	
Lessie Teer\$	50.00
Balis Teer	50.00
W. W. Millikan	50,00
Homer Millikan	50.00
Allie Tosh	50.00
Thomas E. Teer	50.00
John Simpkins	50.00
R. E Martin	50.00
E. S. Fuller	50.00
A L. Sexton	50.00
Yandell Mine:	
Roy Henry	50.00

	A L. Sexton	50.
	Yandell Mine:	
	Roy Henry	50
	E. R. King	50.
	Oscar Patton	50.
	Auvie Burklow	50.
	H. R. Peek	50.
,	G. L. Campbell	50.
	J. B. P 14	50.
	Clyde Vaughn	50
	Goebel Vaughn	50.
	R H Stinnett	50.
	Jim Dobbs	50.
,	C. F. Bozeman	100
	Everett Read	50.
t	Albert Pulley	100.
	Lessie S innett	50.
	Guy Pulley	50.
	W. D. Goldsby	
	Jess L. Williams	50
١	Tom Fuller	50.
ĺ	a difference of the second	00.

Jess L. Williams	50.0
Tom Fuller	50.0
Holly Mine:	
J. B. Wilson	50.0
Newt Stallions	50.0
C. R. Hughes	50.0
Tom Miller	50.0
Wm. Lynch	50.0
Beard Mine: additional	
L. E Claghorn	50.0
Haulers:	
Fred Brown	50.0
W. Simpson	50.0
R. Robinson	50.0
I II G Clamborn	50.0

	Haulers:	
11	Fred Brown	5
e	W. Simpson	5
2.	R. Robinson	5
9	J. U. G. Claghorn	5
8-	W. A. Worley	54
e	M. T. Worley	5
,	W. T Terry	5
18	Z. T. Terry	5
r	Callie Strong	5
1-	A. J. Ames	5
98	W. L Terry	5
n	J. H. Champion	5
at of	Wast Kantucky Oro C	0.
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#### A C. Dobbs ... J. L. Rollins Tom Carlton 50.00 Willie Meridith 50 00 B. A Patton 50.00 E. E. Humphreys L. C. Brasher Homer Holland Clayton Tabor. 50.00 W. E. Potter 100.00 Lura Simpson 50.00 James Henry, Jr. 50.00J. A. Ford 50.00

Grover C. Oliver. Jim Riley .... J. O. Tabor 50 CO J. F. Brasher 50.00 Mabry Mines of O. S. Denny. Lincoln Rushing 50.00 B. O. Williams 50.00 Henry Tabor .....

50.00

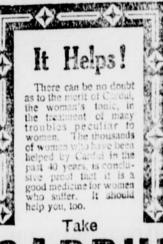
Arthur Tabor

Southern Mineral Co. Mines Walter Brown 100.00

1	Clyde Teer	50.00	
	Willie Campbeil	50.00	
1	B. Brown	50.00	
١	D. C. Hornback	50.00	
	John Wilborn	50 00	
1	M. D. Driver	50.00	
	A. Henry	50.00	
	Roy Williamson	50.00	
	R. Adams	50.00	
	J. J. Phillips	50.00	
	E. E. Driver	50,00	
	W. V. Hornback	50.00	
	W. H. Lott	50.00	
	W. Davenport	50.00	
	F. B. Rice	50.00	
1	H. B. Clark	100.00	
	Herman Conger	100.00	
	J. F. Binkley	100.00	
1	Alay Clark	100 00	

Hobert Greenlea .....

#### R E. Ramage C. H. Armstrong .: V. K. Cooksey.... 50.00 H. M. Rustin Dewey Hillyard £0.00 H. J. Childers ... 50.00 50.00 W. W. Pogue. J. M. Mullinax. J. M. Childers ..... 50.00 R. L. Holloman ..... 50.00 Marion Simmons.



Mrs. N. E. Varner, of the . . . My back and sides were terrible, and my suffering indescriba-ble. I can't tell just how

#### Go In Debt For It.

There are always exceptions to 0.00 the rule. Right now there is no 0.00 exception to this excellent rule: 0.00 Go in debt for this Liberty Loan. 50.00 Calculate how much money. 50.00 with reasonably good luck, you 50.00 can expect to have in hand during the next six months. Sibscribe at least that much. Then hustle all you can to pay it up. 50 00 really, there is no question 50 00 here of keeping out of debt, for 50.00 you are already in debt to the full amount of the loan. Your concern - the United States - has 50.00 obligated itself to spend the mon-

100.00 ey. The debt is incurred now? The more completely it is taken upon the individual shoulders of the rank and file of the people. the better the country's financial 50.00 condition will be. The more wide-50 00 ly the loan is distributed, the 50.00 less inflation there will be; and every individual with a debt to pay will have a spur to increase production and greater economy. Go in debt for this loan!

-Saturday Evening Post.

## WHAT NEIGHBORS IN KENTUCKY Say About a New Discovery.

Many local people are glad to testify to the good results obtained from Anurica the discovery of Doctor Pierce of the Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y., for kidney and bladder disorders, backache, rheumatism and all uric acid troubles. This is what MRS. M. J. BRIDWELL of Cor's Creek, Ky., says:



"I want to tell all suffering humanity what a help Andric has been to me, and did not feel life performing my household duties. I have taken two packages of the tablets and feel like a diderent person. I am so well pleased with the results that I want all my backache or trouble

friends who have backache or trouble with their kidneys to know about this wonderful medicine." When the kidneys are weak or diseased,

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Saturday Night "THE RED CROSS NURSE." Big Tent Theatre behind the opera

house.

0-NiGH I

And all this week

ROST. L. RUSSELL'S

**Big Dramatic Show** 

Presenting

THE HARRISON-WHITE PLAYERS

In High Class Plays and Vaudevilles

Wednesday Night

"THE MAN ON THE CASE."

Thursday Night "EAST LYNN," Friday Night "THE WOLF."



E. L. Harpending, Notary Public George Hill, of the Fredonia Valley, was here Monday.

day, May 23rd.

Miss Lena Woods left Tuesday | Dr. Henry C. Culbertson, one for New Orleans, to visit her of the most prominent members aunt Mrs. Sailie James.

week end in Evansville, returned afford to miss this great event. home Monday afternoon.

Choice city property for sale. W. E. Belt.

# iness

Mrs. H. F. Morris and Mrs. tend the Missionary Convention, -J. N. Boston. at Leitchfield.

Corley, phone 194-2 rings.

Mr and Mrs. J. M. McChesney went to Fredonia, to spend the E. Cox and Mr. Cox.

Old news papers at the Press day, May 23rd. office, 10 for a nickel.

H. D. McChesney of Paducah, was here this week the guest of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. M. McChesney.

Have your tires repaired now The roads will be good in a few days.

Marion Steam Vulcanizing Co. Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Bland of Uniontown, attended the funeral son, Marion, Ky. and burial of her brother, Lee Orme, Friday.

# 23rd.

Mrs Lucy Davidson arrived Tuesday from Henderson, where she had been as the guest of her tires and tubes have them repairdaughter, Mrs. Sallie Davidson, ed

FOR SALE-Pure Wild Mallard Duck eggs. \$2.50 per 13 Richard Bebout, of Sheridan, Mrs. Mont Morrell, Marion, 4 25 2 m p

Miss Virginia Blue visited her mother, at the Walker Sanitarium Saturday afternoon, returning Sunday afternoon.

FOR SALE-Good home made brooms, at 75 cents each. Guaranteed not to get loose on handle.

of grain men with the U.S. Food friends. administration, with reference to the handling of this years wheat crop.

FOR SALE-Three mares, 3 4, and 5 years old, well bred. George W. Hill, Fredonia, Ky., Route 3.

guests of her parents, Mr. and the care of her aged father, who Mrs. B. L. Wilborn.

I have seed Irish Potatoes to her home in the west. sell at the market price.

S. M. JENKINS.

Mrs. Ercil E. James left Sunday for Indianapolis to join her husband, who left on Monday before for the same city to en- Shelby. Miss., stopped off at ter Uncle Sam's army or navy home for a few days enroute to in some capacity.

Bargains in Hats, Trimmings, Boys suits, Shoes, Hose, Under skirts, Aprons, House dresses, Gowns, Corsets, and Silk at Lottie Tinsley Terry's.

left Thursday for Levias and the part. New drives to be kept, Union neighborhood, to visit her and more rock needed. If you aunt Mrs. J. E. Holloman, and have no lot there, make some other relatives and friends has contribution to the care of the returned home.

R. E. Towery and Rev. Hosea Parisleft Tuesday for Hot Spring 8 Ark., to attend the Southern Baptist Convention.

FOR SALE. - A new Incubator, 60 egg capacity, also a brooder. Party has no room to use same, and has decided to dispose of it at once.

> 4 t Call Press office.

Douglas and Earl Clement ar-Meet the "Boys from the rived home Monday to remain Trenches" at Marion, Thurs- until the second draft is called, which will be May 25.

of the United States Food Acministration, will be among the See the new line of pattern speakers who will address the hats on display at Lottie Tinsley people at the great COUNTY WAR CONFERENCE at Marion John William Blue, spent the Thursday, May 23, You can not Come and bring your family and friends.

Mrs. Lottie Tinsley Terry is in 4 181mp Real estate dealer. the market this week picking up C. G. Thompson will ap- bargains for her 'Ready to preciate your insurance Bus- wear" emporium, in millinery and mid summer wear.

FOR SALE. - One white-faced F. W. Nunn, left Tuesday to at- Hereford male, two years old. 5 16 4t

Mrs. L M. Daniel of Waverly CORN FOR SALE, -Calvin attended the funeral and burial of R. L. Orme Friday, She is an o'd friend of the family

It is your patriotic duty to day with their daughter Mrs. W. attend the Great County War Conference at Marion, Thurs-

> The will of the late T. J. Nunn. was probated in the county court Monday. He left his entire estate to his wife, Sallie A. Nunn. No inventory was filed.

> You should insure your valuable horses, mules and cattle against death from any cause, with C. G. Thomp-

Mrs. Arthur Straehley and daughter, little Miss Carolyn, of Remember the date; May Ardmore, Okla., are expected here this week to visit their uncle, P. S. Maxwell.

Don't throw away your old auto

Marion Steam Vulcanizing Co.

Write or phone 124-24 came to town Monday with 63 Grove, 3 p. m. chickens, which were sold at \$1 each, and \$38 in cash, making a total contribution to the Red Cross Society of \$101.00. Good man! Who can beat it?

> Fifty Spring Coats to close out at cost from \$2 99 up. Some real bargains at Lottie Tinsley Terry's

Joe Carter, of Oakley, Kan., Effie Wilson Jenkins phone 144 came in Tuesday with the re-The Sikeston, Mo. Herald says: mains of his grandfather, W. H. D. B. Kevil, left Sunday for Crow, and will remain a few New York, to attend a conference days visiting relatives and

> WANTED: Man to operate saw mill, on contract or daily wage basis. Pay every week. Can give good man work all summer long. Arnold & Bellamy.

Marion, Ky. Mrs. Lillian Reid of Sikeston, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Alloway, Mo., who assisted her sister Mrs. died Saturday, will leave soon for

#### Meet your old friends at the War Conference at Marion, Thursday, May 23rd.

Wm. Owen Moore of Camp camp from Owensboro, where he was a witness in the U. S. court.

The cemetery has been wel kept the past year. No com plaints have been made to the committee. We want to make-Miss Marjorie Burklow who it beautiful this year. Do your walks and drive-ways.

# This Puts The Pep In Your Step

You are just like most everybody else right now. You are all run down in your system, as a result of the hard winter you had to go through.

What you want to do is to get some "pep" in your system. And get it quick. You owe it to yourself to get keyed up and feel all right again. You are all clogged up. You go to bed at night tired and worn out. You get up the same way in the morning with a bad, nasty taste in your mouth; didn't sleep well either. You have indigestion; dull headache. You are nervous, weak and hurt in the back; sick at your stomach; just feet bum all over, don't you?

Come in and ask for this great Vin Hepatica prescription. It puts the "pep" into your step. It gives your system the necessary charsing and tones up your nerves, brain and muscle, making you feel like an entirely different person. This famous Vin Hepatica prescription is a combination of eight of the finest stomach, liver, kidney, and bowel cleansers and body and nerve-building tonics known to medical science. It goes at once to the seat of the trouble, and does the work as nature intended, gently, soothingly, naturally. We strongly recommend it. Come in or send for a bot tle and start to taking it at once. You will like the way it works.

J. H. ORME MARION, KY.



#### Come to Marion, Thursday May 23rd.

Appointments for Sunday, May 19. Judge J. W. Blue-Chapel Hill, 10 o'clock a. m., Oak W. B. Yandell-Piney Fork, 10 a. m., Piney Creek, they will go to Texas and Louisi-

o'clock p. m. Judge C. S. Nunn-Tolu, 10 a. m, Liberty Grove, 3 p m John A. Moore--Hebron, 10 a m, Crooked Creek, 3 p m.

Rev. H. R. Short--Union, 3 p m. Crittenden stood at the top in number and amount of her marriage, was here Monday, Liberty bonds subscribed for.

We must not take a lower rank on the great Red Cross cord Press, sent to her addres benevolence.

COME TO MARION Thursday May 23, and see and hear the goods store. SOLDIERS RIGHT FROM THE TRENCHES tell you of the great baptised with the fire of German business? guns, and who are just from the battle line, will speak to you, day. Don't fail to come. Special music and other features.

Suffered Several

Years. PERUNA

MADE ME WELL

Mrs. Elizabeth Reuther, 1002 11th

St., N. W., washington, D. C., writes:
"I endorse Peruna as a splendid
medicine for catarrh and stomach
trouble, from which I suffered several years. I took it for several
months, found my health was restored and have felt splendidly ever
since. I now take it when I contract a cold and it soon ride the ave-

Mrs. Frank Webber of Union | If you want to buy INSUR-City, Mich., who has been at the ANCE, call on C, G. Thompbedside of her father, Rev. W. son, agent for the HART- bottle will convince you. Get it at the T. Reid, for several weeks will FORD and the CITIZENS' Inleave this week for her home surance Companies. Office

Taylor, is here for a 30 day fur- ed by those who KNOW. Exerwar. American, French and lough, and is looking after his cises will be held in the open air,

Do you get up at night? Sanol surely the best for all kidney or bladalso some leading orators of the der troubles. Sanol gives relief in 24 hours from all backache and biadder troubles. Sanol is a guaranted remedy. 50 cent bottle at the drug store.

Standby

for a

Mrs. Elizabeth Pope and dau-

ghter Miss Juliette, left Tuesday for Oklahoma, to visit reia-tives. After a short stay there put together, and for years it was st tives. After a short stay there ana, before returning home.

Mrs. Evans, of Vincennes, Ind., who was Miss Lucy Brown of the Crayne section, before and ordered the Cri tenden Refor the next twelve months.

When you have Backache the liver or kidneys are sure to be out of gear. Try Sanol, it does wonders for the liver. kidneys and bladder A trial 50c

Crittenden county must be at faction positively guaranteed. over W. T. McConnell's dry the great County War Conference at Marion Thursday, May 23. The greatest chance of a Roy G. Cook of Camp Zachary lifetime to hear the war discusswere visitors here Sunday, the Ida Stone, for several months in British soldiers who have been farming and other important and no admission will be charged. Come and bring your dinner and stay all day. DON'T FAIL TO COME

> Milton Walker of Camp Zachary Taylor, the crack shot of his company, is home for a few days visit to his parents Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Walker, and other relatives and friends.

Are you a patriotic American? Then it is your DUTY to come to Marion on Thursday, May 23, to the County War Conference. Come and bring your family. Open air exercises FREE to all Meet American, British and French soldiers right from the trenches-bear them tell of their experiences in fighting the Germans-hear some of the leading orators of the day tell you how YOU can help win the war.

Mrs. Clem Su livan, arrived home Tuesday afternoon from Arizona, where she went to visit her husband. She reports him much improved in health and weight.

John B. Ford of Piney, one of the county's best men was here, Monday, attending county court and meeting old friends. Mr. Ford has been a reader of this paper ever since the first issue

Rev. J. B. Trotter and W. D. Cannan, who will attend the Southern Baptist Convention which meets at Hot Springs, Ark., this week, left Tuesday for their destination. Mr. Cannan will go from there to visit his grand son, in Dallas, Texas.

All day meeting the 4th Sunday in May, at Crooked Creek. Children's services in the morning. Preaching at 2 o'clock in the afternoon by the pastor, Rev. J. B. Trotter. Every body come and welcome.

Mr. and Mrs. Coleman Foster. who went to a hospital in Paducah, to have their tonsils removed have returned to their home at Mullikin. Their little baby girl stayed here with her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. H. Foster during their ab-

FOR SALE - Duroc Jersey Male and female pigs, eligible to registry. Have 15 of each. Price \$12 50 during May. After June 1, \$15.00. -J. N. Boston. 5 16 4t

Mrs. Catherine Perry spent a few days last week in El Paso visiting her brother, Thomas H. Moore, who is a member of the first contingent of the second draft. - Tucson (Ariz.) Citizen.

Thomas H. Moore, telegraph operator for the El Paso and Southwestern, has been called in the draft by a Kentucky Board. He formerly lived in Tucson. He has been ordered to San Antonio.-Tucson (Ariz ) Citizen.

Mrs. Mollie Ledbetter, returned latter part of last week from an all winter's visit with relatives in Marion, Ky. Do not know whether she will return to Marion soon, or remain here with her children.

Hardin Independent.

to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Catarrh is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Medicine, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is a constitutional remedy, is taken internally and acts thru the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. One Hundred Dollars reward is offered for any case that Hall's Catarrh Medicine fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by Druggists, 75c.

#### Kodak Lovers.

For first class developing and printing, send your Kodak films to The Picture Man, Lola, Ky. EVERY LOYAL CITIZEN of Frice same as elsewhere. Satis-

#### Big Time Coming.

There will be a Southern Harmony singing at Siloam church the first Sunday in June. Dinner on the ground. Everybody invited. Come and bring a full basket and spend a pleasant day. S. J. HUMPHREY.

A. J. BEBOUT. Chmmittee.

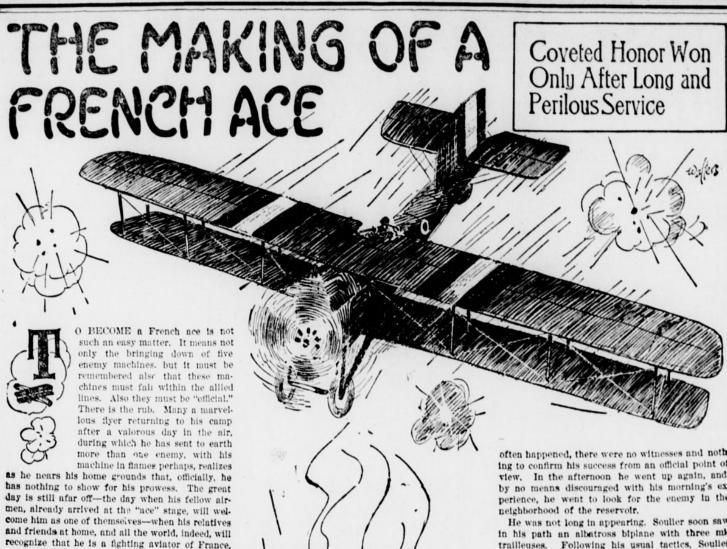
Notice.

To the patrons of White Swan and Kraus Laundries, we wish to state that we must have cash for laundry on delivery.

Ramage & Fowler, agt. White Swan Laundry. Blue & Eskew, agt. Kraus Laundry.

# CASTORIA

For Infants and Children In Use For Over 30 Years Always bears Signature of



out of the amateur class forever. Lieut, Constant Soulier, known as the "Benjamin" of the French aces, who has come to this country to show the people of the United States just what the fighting airmen of France are able to do in the way of flying, like most of the other great French airmen, found that winning the "ace" was not the task of a day, but he won it, although it took the bringing down of 12 machines actually before the coveted "official" five were marked to his credit, says a writer in the New York Herald.

He does not look like a veteran of the western front, this hero of many air battles. He seems much more like a pleasant little military schoolboy. He is small, with an amazingly youthful face, and although he is serious and dignified, it is with the dignity and seriousness of a boy, such as is quite in keeping with his simple and straightforward manner.

But on the breast of this modest, boyish young officer gleam medals which speak eloquently of extraordinary valor—the Medaille Militaire, the Croix de la Virtu Militaire of Roumania and the Croix de Guerre of France with seven palms and a golden star.

These honors the little ace earned before he was twenty years old, for before that time he had accomplished 430 hours of flight, had fought 66 battles in the air, had killed or wounded a score of enemy aviators and had brought down 15 enemy machines. His citations in orders and in special government communications cover two closely typewritten pages.

A student at the Ecole Polytechnic in Paris when the war began, Constant Soulier found it impossible at first to enter the service of his country as a volunteer, as he was not considered in sufficiently good health by the military authorities. Also he was but seventeen years old. Presently, however, he succeeded in overcoming these objections and became a volunteer in the artillery. He was placed in the Twenty-first regiment at An-

But while in the artillery training camp, like so many very young patriots, he became intensely interested in the new arm of the service. He felt keenly that his vocation was not for the artillery but that he must become an airman. He succeeded in persuading the authorities to transfer him to the aviation corps and became a student at the school at Longvic. He was transferred to Pau in March, 1916, and two months afterward obtained the coveted brevet of pilot. He had studied devotedly at the school and was a notably promising aviator cadet.

While at the school he was much liked by the older men, and one day an episode occurred which pleased them greatly. Young Soulier found his machine taken in the eddy of another airplane which was flying over him. He was blown to the earth with violence. His machine was broken to pieces, and the witnesses of the accident, without waiting to investigate, immediately sent in a call for a medical officer.

Imagine their amazement when they saw the student aviator issue from the debris of his machine without a scratch.

There are no more superstitious people anywhere than the men of the aviation corps of all

the armies. And it was after this episode that the older

aviators declared to one another that he was born to triumph.

The flying school training was followed by a course at the school of mitrailleurs at Cazeau. In June, 1916, Soulier was appointed to the Escadrille N-26, under Commandant Brocard.

The aviator remembers always his first engagement, for no matter how extensive his practice has been at the school it takes different personal qualities to enable a man to hold his own against the enemy. No matter how well he may have done in practice, it is felt that the actual test of the aviator's ability must come in battle.

Soulier had no easy task in his first engage

With a comrade, like himself, a novice, he was ordered on patrol. Soon they were enveloped in clouds, but as they came out of this snowy bank they were for the first time in the presence of the enemy. They were confronted by two Fokkers, which were at that time considered very much to be feared.

Soulier opened fire, but his mitrailleuse was not firmly fastened in place, and with the first fire it shifted, striking him in the head and almost knocking him out by the shock. But he held his own, piloting with one hand and with the other trying to hold his mitrailleuse in place. Although the gun struck him with each discharge, he was able to keep in the fight until the adversary, his cartridges exhausted, abandoned the fight. The French airmen then regained their lines.

Some time after this Soulier, who had then become a sergeant, brought down in two successive days two German Drachens, one at the wood Vony and the other east of Mesnil Saint-Nibalse.

On both occasions the caucisses were well defended by their mitrailleuses, and antiaircraft guns also were active against the French scout. To get the second Drachen Soulier had to descend to an altitude of 400 meters, and attack very close to the enemy. His machine was shelled, but he succeeded in forcing the enemy to earth. The enemy observer sought to escape, but was killed because his parachute falled to work properly.

of Sergeant Soulier's career. Since entering the service he had been engaged in working in the region of the Somme. The wood of Saint Pierre Vast was then a favorite meeting ground for aerial combats. Since starting out in the morning on this particular occasion Soulier had engaged in six combats with enemy machines, and had forced one of them to make a landing near Bourchavesnes. At the conclusion of this series of combats he suddenly encountered three aviatiks. By the adroit manipulation of his machine, for which he is famous, and which has led his government to send him to this country as an exemplar of "stunt" flying, Soulier succeeded in keeping out of the way of the other two of these machines while attacking and forcing to earth the third.

On this occasion luck was with him in every way, for the aviatik was brought down within the French lines and the infantry recognized the French scout, so that there was no difficulty in obtaining an official confirmation.

In the course of reconnaissance with a comrade to the east of Peronne over enemy territory Soulier suffered a reverse of fortune a few days later. Three airplanes launched themselves in the direction of the two French machines, and Soulier's comrade, badly wounded, was soon obliged to abandon the combat. As Soulier prepared to attack, his nuchine shivered violently. A blade of his propeller had been broken by a charge from the enemy mitrailleuse. The encounter took place at a height of 3,000 meters, Soulier's damaged machine spiralled and fell more than a thousand meters.

Feeling himself lost if the motor detached itelf the pilot cut off the power, corrected the machine, and let himself fall vertically so as not to involve the motor. By good luck a wind from the east carried him within the French lines and he was succored by the infantry and brought back to camp under enemy fire.. His injuries were merely bruises from which he soon recovered.

The good luck of the Benjamin of the aces did not desert him, for some time later in returning to camp in the darkness at four o'clock in the morning it was necessary for him to make a landing without a light. His machine crashed to the ground, but he again extricated himself from the debris practically unhurt.

In December, 1916, Soulier was again cited in orders for operations against the enemy in Champagne, including the bringing down of an enemy machine and firing on an enemy column.

In the spring of 1917 Brocard's scouts were sent to the environs of Fisme, and Coulier, with the other members of the N-26, went into quarters near Bonne Maison. A large number of enemy aviators, well equipped with new machines, were operating in the vicinity.

May 26, 1917, was another busy day for Soulier. His work began in the morning by starlight while he was patrolling the region of d'Anifontaine and Pronvais. Seeing an enemy airplane, he brought it down with a few charges, but, as so

often happened, there were no witnesses and noth ing to confirm his success from an official point of view. In the afternoon he went up again, and, by no means discouraged with his morning's experience, he went to look for the enemy in the

in his path an albatross biplane with three mitrailleuses. Following his usual tactics, Soulier dropped from the altitude in which he was flying, always very high, and swiftly pursued the enemy. The albatross sought to escape from attack, but was overtaken by a light charge, and fell, spreading itself out on the earth and taking fire. The deed was done, but again the pilot looked about him for spectators who might supply the confirmation necessary to his official recognition. Unfortunately again there was no one who had seen his triumph.

Soulier, however, hardly had time to indulge in bitter reflections before a new danger and a new opportunity presented itself.

Some kilometers further on he perceived a magnificent observation balloon, lighted by the rays of the setting sun.

Where the Drachens are there are also the bursts of shrapnel, and toward the middle of these clouds of black smoke Soulier guided his machine, carrying it through the marvelous evolutions of which he is master. Again fate was against him, for as he fired his twentieth cartridge his mitrailleuse stopped, and there was nothing for the pilot to do but to return to his own camp.

Turning with the object of making for home quarters, Soulier saw himself beset by new ene

Two thousand meters above his head four enemy airplanes circled.

One of them came on at full speed and at 200 meters opened fire on him. It is at such moments as these that the acro

batic flyer finds himself at the height of his giory. With every nerve taut, with every bit of skill in play, he turns, twists and circles his way out of such difficulties, and when he comes through them successfully tastes for a moment a glory almost unknown to other men.

A slide down the wing, a loop, then all the gamut of beautifully executed maneuvers-whose most valuable quality is their faculty of keeping the next second-and Soulier had succeeded in showing his heels to the enemy. Then, guiding himself with one hand and repairing his mitrailleuse with the other, while at the same time he continued his series of acrobatics, Soullier winged his way to the French lines, succeeding in throw ing off the first one and then another of his ad-

To complete his mischance his motor weakened. He had only one resource—to do the death drop. He let himself fall in spirals, and the Bosches believing that he had been sent down, beat their wings as if in a dance of joy.

Then suddenly the "dead" French aviator righted himself, began to arm anew his mitrailleuse, and with a last shot at his enemy, regained his lines, able at last to say "alone."

The tolls and dangers of this terrible day had counted for nothing, however, on the official record of the young aviator, but the following day, although his activities were by no means so con tinuous, was to bring him the substantial recognition that every war aviator longs for.

By the same bright star as that of the day before he started on a morning flight, passing rapidly over the enemy trenches. Presently perceiving a D. F. W. scout machine, he attacked it vigorously.

In these single combats in which only two machines take part the fight is usually very soon over. In three minutes the enemy had been beaten, the machine fell in flames and the two aviators were crushed on the ground. On this occasion observers in a balloon and some infantry troops had been able to follow the duel and reported official confirmation so eagerly desired. That very night at the Bonne-Maison farm in a friendly ceremony the new ace was baptized in

#### How the Indian Kept Warm

When the Indian was on the warpath for any length of time in cold weather he had a very ingenious and simple process for keeping warm. He could not build a fire without giving his location away, so at night the party would dig a number of holes about three feet deep. and in the bottom kindle a fire of burnt wood (charcoal). Then in spoke fashion they would lie on the ground around the hole with their legs hanging down over the fire and go to sleep. This kept their toes comfortably toasted without warning the enemy as to their whereabouts.

#### KINDHEARTED.

He (brutally)-Women have no sense of hu mor, anyhow.

She (pointedly)-Oh, yes, we have. The reason they don't laugh at the funny things they see is because they don't want to hurt the poor things' feelings.

# STORIES OF AMERICAN CITIES

### Siberian Timber Wolf Imagines He's Chow Dog

PORT WASHINGTON, L. I. N. Y.—"Skoy" is a full-blooded timber wolf belonging to Addison Mizner, but he doesn't know it, and believes himself to be a pet dog and is fully as tame and playful as the chow dogs which are the pet of the Mizner establishment.



Skoy was born in the Bronx zoo two years ago. His mother was a fullblooded Siberian wolf that had been given to the zoo by Prince Paul Troubetskoy. Out of compliment to the prince the officials presented him one of her whelps and the generous Russian in turn presented him to Raymend Hitchcock, the comedian. This is how "Skoy" got his name, an abbreviation of the Russian name of Troubetskoy.

The baby wolf was three weeks old when he came to live at the Hitchcock home at Great Neck. However, a trip abroad necessitated making other arrangements, and Hitchcock prevailed upon Addison Mizner to bring him up at his kennels at Port Washington. So Skoy was turned loose among a lot of chows and has grown up exactly like a dog. Not only has he become a great pet, but he has copied all the familiar dog tricks. He demands as much petting and affection as any of the dogs on the place, and up to date there is not a single black mark against his character or conduct.

To be sure, some of the mothers in Port Washington have complained to Mizner that it does not make the village more attractive to have a full-blooded wolf run at large in the streets, but Mizner asserts that Skoy should be called innocent until he is proven guilty.

Curator Ditmars of the Bronx zoo says Skoy is the only genuinely tame wolf he has ever known. There have been many so-called tame wolves, but they have never become so thoroughly domesticated as Skoy. He has been associated with dogs so long that he probably imagines he is a dog.

#### Like Scene from Certain Famous "Movie" Picture

N EW YORK.—The Manhattan end of the Brooklyn Bridge one day last week looked very much like a New England breakfast table where the oldfashioned custom of serving ple with the toast and coffee still lingers. Incidentally many small boys had various

kinds of ple for their lunch, while a score or two went to work next day with a piece of pie in each hand.

All this happened when a ple wagon belonging to the Consumers' Pie Baking company got tangled up with the emergency runway gate at the Manhattan end of the bridge.

When traffic had been restored to normal 15 minutes later, and the street cars were again running-for pie on street car tracks makes the

going anything but good-Leonard Kohlasch, the driver of the wagon, told Policeman James, who is stationed at the Manhattan end of the bridge, all about the pie-their origin, destination, and how they were rerouted by a run-

away horse, which insisted upon spreading them all over the bridge. Kohlasch left the pie factory with a load of freshly baked pies for Park row eating places. The horse stepped out of the stable with its head in the air and started for Manhattan at a pace that would have done credit to

The driver said he did the best he could, but when the horse got about half way across the bridge he changed his trot to a run and never stopped until he ran into the emergency gates at the Manhattan end.

The rest can better be told by any small boy, and some large ones, who

were near the accident. There was ple of every kind everywhere. It took 15 minutes to clean up the street car track and during that time every one who felt like having a piece of pie helped himself.

#### Like the Humble Snail, Man Carries His House

OS ANGELES,-Introducing Charles Kellogg, Kellogg Springs, Cal., the human woodpecker. Mr. Kellogg was born in California, was raised by Indians and has a ranch at Kellogg Springs, but just now and probably for

years to come his address will be: In Roaming Redwood Tree, Somewhere,



Mr. Kellogg recently fell victim to the wanderlust, but having lived in the woods the greater part of his life, he was reluctant to leave such surroundings. He finally solved the problem, however, by deciding to take the woods-or part of them-with him.

He hollowed out a 22-foot section of a huge redwood tree, mounted it on a motortruck chassis and began his

tour of the country, living inside the tree-trunk as comfortably as any commuter in his bungalow.

The exterior of this tree-trunk home is finished in mission style. Its doors and windows are works of art. The interior is divided into several cozy rooms and the walls are coated with wax, the effect of which is strikingly beautiful. This home on wheels is equipped with electric lights and an open fireplace for cool nights. A thickness of 4 inches of the tree-trunk forms the wall of the house.

The biggest problem Mr. Kellogg has to overcome in converting this treetrunk into a home was how to hollow it. Some idea of his difficulty may be had when it is known that even an acetylene torch, such as is used to cut through steel, failed to make satisfactory headway. Mr. Kellogg finally devised a motor driven chisel. He finished the job himself with an ax.

#### "Get de Dough!" Is Strict Rule-and Boy Got It

CHICAGO.—In the language of the messenger boy "Get de dough!" is rule
1-A. Max Rashky, 2040 Potomac avenue, knows the rule. He is employed at the Western Union branch office, just north of the river on Clark street Returning after delivering two

messages yesterday, the boy met Mrs. Mabel Frielander, 1242 North Leavitt street.

"Go over to 1822 Lincoln avenue, where I used to live, and see if there's any mail for me," she told him. Doffing his cap with a flourish.

Max trotted away and soon returned. but empty-handed. "Fifteen cents, please," he said in

particularly crisp and exceedingly businesslike manner.

"But I can't pay you 15 cents," she replied.

"That's the office charge," he answered firmly. "Well, I only have a dollar and a nickel," she responded.

Before the argument went further Mrs. Frielander tripped into the street and stepped aboard a southbound car. But Max had no intention of being eluded. He bounded after her. He had

to pay a 5-cent fare, but he wanted his money. 'Pay me! Pay me!" the boy shouted as he squirmed through a crowd of

passengers in pursuit of his quarry. You've gotta pay me," Max declared.

The altercation entertained the passengers until the car reached Monroe street. Mrs. Frielander got off and strode across to State street. Max was tagging after, and finally she slapped him and he called a policeman. "Well, what'll I do with her?" Lieutenant McMahon at the South Clark

street station asked the boy. "Lock her up if she don't pay," Max answered. "There's 15 cents for the original run, I've lost two hours chasing her at 30 cents an hour, that's 60 cents more, and 10 cents for carfare; the whole thing is 85 cents."

Max "got de dough" all right



# WHAT CAN

The Central Division Bulletin of the | nurse to secure protection for herself American Red Cross issues the fol- at nominal cost, as well as for desiglowing appeal to young women, stating the greatest need now is for more

Urgent need of 5,000 more trained nurses for the army by June 1, of A special appeal is made therefore to which number the Central division is the nurses of America to volunteer at asked to enroll 635, is announced by once through their nearest local com-Surgeon General William C. Gorgas mittee on Red Cross nursing service." of the United States army. For the whole year of 1918 there must be enrolled 35,000 for the government.

Military hospitals in this country and in France must have the 5,000 tinue until next winter. The Red Lavy, but with nearly 2,000,000 men

sion is urged to take immediate steps be of canton flannel or twilled jeans. to get the critical situation before registered nurses to the end that they will enroll for service. Miss Jane A. Delano, director of the bureau of nursing of the American Red Cross, makes bring to the attention of nurses the un- in this country. usual opportunities offered by the insurance law, enacted for the protecfuty and makes it possible for the which they are to be made.

nated members of her family.

"A great responsibility rests upon the nurses of the country. They are the only group of women recognized as a part of the military establishment. The appeal of the surgeon general and of Miss Delano is approved emphatically by the American Red Cross

war council at Washington.

There seems to be a general misunnurses to take care of the wounded in derstanding throughout the field rethe great fighting that any day may garding materials to be used at the start on the western front and con- present time. Do not change to summer materials for hospital garments. Cross already has supplied 10,000 Continue to use the materials for nurses as a reserve for the army and | winter garments. Make pajamas from outing flannel, not gingham. Use the under arms the supply is insufficient, heavy bathrobing for bed tackets and Every chapter of the Central divi- convalescent gowns. Bed shirts should

We are informed by national headquarters that only the heavier weight garments will be shipped abroad, and we have stored in our warehouses a sufficient supply of summer weight the following appeal: "We wish to garments for use in the camp hospitals

Chapters will be informed through the weekly Bulletin of any future tion of our army and navy. The law | change in the materials to be used for applies equally to nurses assigned to hospital garments or the manner in

#### Made to Serve Many Purposes



"It is the war" perhaps that is re- ornament it relies wholly on buttons sponsible for this dress that looks like and they prove this confidence very a suit but isn't. Since designers have well placed. Serviceable materials, been giving so much attention to those two-in-one frocks that must serve for and twill are to be chosen for it. afternoon and evening-or afternoon and street wear-they seem to have acquired the habit of making things of doubtful identity. Here is a onepiece garment that evidently is intended to serve almost any purpose. It looks like a very good substitute for a street suit, it might pass for a coat dress or be worn as a coat, for it opens at the front in the fashion

This new evolution in apparel ought to interest the summer girl who contemplates saving money on clothes-to spend it on war work or in needed recreation. The receipt for making it is simple. The body of the garment is semi-fitting and cut on the usual suit coat lines, extended at the front into a full-length panel. The peplum and skirt are to be joined to this panel -and the thing is accomplished. For

Veil Dots Are Huge.

gray, burgundy and browns. Cluster

patterns in chenille are likewise noted,

Civil War Fabric Back.

but to a lesser degree.

Blouses Remodeled.

like serge, gaberdine, velours, tersey

There is no telling what new direc-

tion the thoughts of designers will

take now that this business of econ-

omizing in cloth has become fashion-

able. If many of their efforts turn out as well as the sleeveless jackets and

sleeveless waistcoats that have added

so much attraction to the senson's

modes, we will all advocate economy.

Already we are proud of new accom-

plishments in gingham and other cot-

tons-and oft reminded of the fact

that a saving in material does not al-

ways mean a saving of money. But

one should be willing to pay for clev-

erness-the intangible value of clothes

that lies in their good style,

When lingerie blouses have become Among the most interesting features worn and faded, use val lace inseris the widespread acceptance of chenille dotted veilings. For some time tions and edgings which are low allover pin-dotted chenilles have been priced and dainty. Cut away all a steady favorite for sale to the more worn places and seams beneath the conservative type of consumer, but the trimming. They can be made larger use of the large ball chenille in allover by adding lace to the front line and uneffect is a recent development which der arms, or lengthened at the waistpromises to assume big proportions as line by sewing lace across the bottom, the winter season progresses. Some then gather on string. A peplum of of the smartest women wear vellings lace can be added. of this type in such shades as taupe,

> For Children's Coats. Taffeta is given first place among

materials used for spring coats for children. A spring coat for a child is Watered silk, a fabric that was pop- usually only for dressy wear, the alar in Civil war days, is returning to sweater being the preferred wrap for tavor. It is particularly effective used general wear, so that silk coats are as a trimming for taffeta or serge. | quite the thing.

## BRAVERY OF FOREFATHERS LIVES AGAIN IN DEEDS OF AMERICANS

Yankee Troops in France Laugh at Shell Fire, Jest at Shrapnel Spraying and Take Whatever Comes With Bold, Courageous Spirit That Makes Them Invincible—Sergeant Braves Death to Save His Horses.

and flying bits of masonry and steel.

Just then the great French guns be-gan to add their boom to the din of

the enemy artillery. One, two, three,

four, five and on up to twenty came

the ripping, tearing detonations. First

a flash, then a whine, then a spongy

roar from somewhere "over there." In

the midst of the fanfare and scurry a

sergeant-and it is permissible to state

that he came from Missouri-stepped

up to the captain, who was directing

his men to places of safety or to

"There are 50 horses in a very dan-

"It is too dangerous to risk a trip-

Refuses to Desert Horses.

The sergeant paysed a moment. A

look of disappointment came into his

eyes. I learned later that he has al-

"I can get them out," he said, look-

There was no further conversation.

The sergeant trotted off up the street

into what might well have been the

pit of death. He disappeared around

a slight curve. A few minutes later

he came into view again behind a gal-

loping string of horses which shot off

into a field to join a pack of mules

which slowly and with traditional per-

versity had been moving nearer the

spot where shells were falling with

And over in the batteries, around

which shells had been falling for sev-

dropping all about them, but fortunate-

With others I moved down the road

a few hundred feet and entered a graz-

ing field, where I stood with about

30 boys from various parts of the

United States. We could see the Ger-

man shells falling not far away and

could see the flash and hear the boom

Gazing at the people moving across

the fields, a soldler from Chicago-in

every regiment there are men from

practically every state and every big

"If the people at home could see this

and then realize that their own fa-

thers, mothers and children'll get the

same thing if the Germans ain't licked

I guess we'd have an army of twenty

Shortly there was a lull in the fight-

"What's the news from back home?"

"What do you want to hear about?"

"Has Grover Alexander gone in the

"Where'd they bury Bob Fitzsim-

"Did Teddy Roosevelt get over that

"Is it true they've cut down the sal-

Just News From Home Wanted.

from four different soldiers and when

they were answered the boys seemed

satisfied that everything at home is

Unimportant subjects were dropped

the earth a few hundred feet away,

causing everyone to move to a new

region. In a minute the bombardment

was flercer than before. Down in the

These four questions came quickly

one of the privates asked me.

aries of baseball players?"

city back home—said sententiously:

ing the captain straight in the eye.

gerous position. What shall be done

neighboring sections, and said:

with them?"

leave them.'

ways loved horses.

greatest frequency.

away from them.

of the allied guns.

million, huh?"

I asked.

army?"

mons?"

operation?

all right.

With the American Army in France. | quently filled with clouds of brick dust Plunged from their world of sham battles, training camps and dreams to maelstrom of fierce realities, the American soldiers are proving they are made of the same stuff which carried their forefathers through the tests of the trying periods of American history, writes Don Martin in the New York Herald.

I have seen them in action. I have seen them under shell fire which literally sprayed them with flying earth and shrapnel, and their relatives and friends back in New York, California, Maine, Florida, Montana or wherever you please, may take the word of an eyewitness that they have already taken their places among the most valorous and sturdy fighters of this gigantic world war.

Very recently I visited them in a little village as close to the enemy lines as units can be quartered. I had gone to see the artillerymen at their task and instead of anticipated tranquillity ran into the flercest kind of excitement -the first these particular Yankees had known. It all burst suddenly and unexpectedly, just as most war developments break.

Shella Break 1,200 Yards Away.

From the rear window of headquarters in charge of an American captain and a French officer shells could be seen breaking on a stoping hillside. The nearest one while I was observing fell perhaps 1,200 feet away. They were aimed at an American battery.

"It's nothing," said the captain, a stalwart, handsome man, who only a few years ago was a renowned football player in a Michigan university. "They throw over a few shells every day, but they never hit the town."

With the musical hissing of the shells for an accompaniment we conversed about news in America and had luncheon-a good luncheon, too. There was no talk of war. Beside the table at which we ate was a sagging cot with wrinkled blankets. The captain sleeps there.

"Sometimes at night," he said, "the shelling is pretty heavy and it's hard to sleep, but I'm getting used to it."

Clerk Indifferent to Shelling.

Just beside the open window in the rear—the window was more like a barn door than a window and had no glass-a clerk was pegging away at a typewriter. The dropping of the shells made no impression upon him. At home, I learned, he is a clerk in an express office—a lithe, well groomed youth who has dreams of future commercial greatness.

"These shells come a little too close ing. In the period of quiet which came for comfort, don't they?" I observed. there was a release of the tension "They won't get any nearer." which had been quite successfully

To a war amateur the spectacle of camouflaged. Everyone broke out in shells striking so near yet coming no comment, much as does a person who nearer, when it would have been so has just come through a painful dental freezing in the shack called "home" on operation. matter of wonder.

"Yes, they could hit the town, of course," was the captain's comment, "but they never have shelled it. Sort of an unwritten understanding, I imagine. They have towns similarly situated which we could shell, but they don't want them shelled."

Other understandings were that the Germans spare some towns because their own people have property in them. Whatever may be the reason for sparing certain towns all reasoning was wrong with respect to this particular village where I was having luncheon. We had just finished when a noncommissioned officer entered the upstairs room, considerably out of breath, but in no way excited, and after saluting said:

Battery Connections Broken. "Our battery is being shelled with

ras and telephone connections have been broken.

Hurried orders were issued. It was all done quickly and quietly. The football player, now a captain, acted as if were coaching an old team at school. Presently men were seen scurrying off through the fields toward the shell-swept zone wherein the batteries lay. They dropped flat two or three times, but all crossed the danger belt safely and disappeared in the more thickly spattered region. This action had just been put into effect when another soldier appeared before the captain and, saluting and standing erect, said:

"I have to report, sir, that the shell fire is becoming more severe. Shells

are now falling in the village." The nearby whizz of the flying things and the boom and crash at the end of the street gave terrifying emphasis to the sharp cut words of the soldier. No one was so vexing as to ask about the "unwritten understanding" not to bomb the town. Where shells had been falling at the rate of two every three minutes, they were now dropping at the rate of four or five a minute. They were striking in many parts of the village.

There being nothing to do in the town word was given to evacuate. In moment French and Americans were streaming slowly off into the fields and along the roadways and in five minutes only a few American and French officers and ambulances were to be seen in the streets, which were fre- carvers.

were planting vegetables. The bombardment made no alteration in their movements.

At the end of three hours, when dusk was gathering, the firing was being maintained from both sides, but the explosives were no longer dropping in the village, and the soldiers moved back into their billets and their places of occupation.

One who was privil ged to go to the next village and thence to return to a region of complete security could not help realizing how different was his lot from that of the hundreds of young Americans - courageous all, too-who has no alternative but to return to the village which, as I have said, could be completely blown off the face of France if such were the determination of the Huns who were bellowing with their guns only two miles away.

#### MINERS STRIKE BECAUSE OF SLACKER EXEMPTION

Gebo, Wyo .- This little minresult.

The strike lasted 36 hours until the assistant postmaster agreed to enlist. Whereupon the miners called a mass meeting and voted money from the union treasury to care for the man's family during his absence. Only four of the 200 strikers were born in America.

#### AVERAGE AN ACRE AN HOUR

.........

New Records Set for British Plowing With Tractors in Spring Tests.

London.-New English records for tractor plowing were set in the annual spring tests at the new government tractor school of instruction at Mosseral hours, the artillerymen had taken ley Hill. Two types of light tractor to their dugouts, where they were sitplow of the model adopted by the govting about like gnomes with their gas ernment as most suitable for British masks in position. Gas shells had been requirements worked for 12 consecutive hours. ly the wind was such as to whiff it

The ground was a light soil and the furrow plows, the depth of the furrow evel, but slightly rocky.

THROUGH STORM WITH BABY

Miles to Get Relief for Family.

Wilkes-Barre, Pa.-Mrs. Margaret Kemp, a widow of fifty-two years and the mother of six children, walked 12 miles over the snow-crusted mountain roads with her youngest child in her arms just to get warm.

rest of her family, which she said was Bald mountain.

The mother and her baby were sent to the United Charities and relief was dispatched to the children. They had neither shoes nor stockings, little underwear and ragged outer garments, and were huddled under a few old horse blankets and quilts. All were

HAS SMALLEST FEET IN ARMY

Room in Smallest Shoe "Q. M." Issues.

Camp Meade, Md.-Fighting men at Camp Meade take due pride in their celebrities, but there is one distinctive man here who hates to be told about his distinction. It is Arthur L. Bunn

Bunn is distinguished as the man with the smallest foot in the whole United States army. Socks size three and a half just fit Bunn, and his feet narrow valley immediately in the path have plenty of room to spare in the of the shells' flight five Frenchmen smallest shoes the "Q. M." issues.

# 

ing town is 100 per cent patriotic. An assistant postmaster was given a deferred draft classification because of his job. All the miners in the village-200 strong-went out on strike as a

tractors were required to pull fourbeing six inches and the land fairly

The work accomplished averaged 11.75 acres each, and the fuel consumption was 2.46 gallons per acre. The engines were run continuously

Aged Pennsylvania Woman Walks 12

When she got here she pleaded for some means of getting warmth for the

brought here.

Man at Camp Meade Has Plenty of

instantly when a shell spattered up of the Twenty-eighth engineers.



A hospital where disabled soldiers learn various trades has been established in Dublin, Ireland. Here are some of the men who have become skilled

THE SCOUT WHO STICKS

fou may talk of your scouts who are strong on the hike.

Who are there on the trail, in the woods and the like;

You may have all the signalers, eagles and stars,

First-aiders, athletes and sea-scouting tare; But if from all scouts you will give me I'll fasten my choice on the scout who will stick.

There's a job to be done, it's a tough one, I fear; It may take a week, it may take a year. Who's going to do it? Here comes the

He takes off his coat, he throws down Looks at the job, shuts his jaws with a click-Pellows, that's him, the scout who will

Problems arise as the job goes along. Nothing works right and everything's

When things look the blackest some scouts will say:
"Oh, gee. what's the use?" and then beat it away. But some one fights on through the thin

and the thick, stick. -The Cave Scout.

GROWTH OF COAST SCOUTS.

Beginning on January 15, 1917, with nucleus of ten organized troops and an enrollment of 193 boys, the San Francisco council now directs the activities of 60 different troops with a total enrollment of 1,704 scouts, an in-

crease in one year of 50 new troops and 1:500 boys. The scout program has reached every element of boy life in the city, regardless of race, creed, class or condition. Of the 60 troops now in existence, 28 are located in protestant churches, 14 in Catholic churches, three in Jewish synagogues, eight are known as community troops without any particular affiliation, five are in

anese and a Chinese troop. Archbishop Hanna, in writing to Father Hunt, chaplain of the Catholic roops says:

institutions and there are also a Jap-

"I fully approve of the plan you have placed before me for the organzation of the boy scouts. At any time he movement as outlined would merit every commendation, but in the present national and world crisis, the movenent ought to be not only commendible, but even necessary. I am deeply trateful to you for your wise interes n the work and I pledge to you every issistance in my power."

SCOUTS SHOULD BE PREPARED.

A. E. de Ricqles, of Denver, presilent of the local scout council, has adiressed the following message to the couts under his jurisdiction: "At this time it is especially desired

hat the boy scouts realize the position they occupy in the country, and what s expected from them.

"Soiled uniforms, stouchy carriage colerated in a scout, and scoutmasters and others in authority will please see to it that the scouts so understand. It s desired to teach the scouts how to narch and the proper way to stand ind walk, and more attention will be given to these features.

"There are many duties for scouts to remember—such as their duty to their parents, to their city, to their thurch and to their country. Never miss a chance to perform any of the futies that are always waiting for you. Never forget to be patriotic in all things and never forget to show your respect to the flag of your country.

"We are about to enter a period in our fistory the like of which has never before been experienced. Before we are through with it some of you may be far away fighting for your country. There are a thousand things that scouts can do here at home that will help win the war. Remember the scout motte, Be Prepared."

#### EXAMPLE OF A TRUE SCOUT.

A scout in Asheville, N. C., bas made an unusual performance as a "government dispatch bearer." Frederick James Meech, thirteen years of age, turned in the names of 380 citizens to whom he had given copies of the president's Flag day address.

He gets up early and works late to help his mother and sister. He goes to school and is a good scholar. He is always either present at the weekly meetings of the troop or presents a good excuse. In addition to the special government work, he placed personally more than 150 food conservation pledge cards in as many windows of private residences. All this was modestly done, for his manner is quiet and very simple.

#### SCOUT FIRE-MAKING RECORD.

The scouts of Paterson, N. J., ask if any other city the size of theirs can mport a larger total of scouts who are able to light a fire by friction. They have 82 scouts in their organzation who have been successful in

getting a blaze with the fire sticks. More than 200 students in the short course in agriculture at the University of Wisconsin are voluntarily taking

military drill for the first time this

#### President Wilson Endorses Child Welfare Drive

In a letter to the Secretary of dential endorsement is as fol- ing wheat flour. lows:

The White House, Washington.

To the Secretary of Labor, My dear Mr. Secretary:

thing possible for the soldiers at 25% substitutes. the front, there could be, it seems 2 If the Housekeeper Must our population.

children is evidenced by the fact buckwheat flour, potato flour. that the infant death rate in Eng- 3. Use Substitutes Only for tory. Attention is now being Sweeney. given to education and labor conr Have this published in your ditions for children by the legis- local papers for the benefit of latures of both France and Eng- your housekeepers. land, showing that the conviction among the Allies is that the protection of childhood is essential to winning the war.

I am very glad that the same processes are being set afoot in this country, and I heartily ap- was the guest of Mrs. Robt. Cooksey prove the plan of the Children's last week. Bureau and the Woman's Committee of the Council of National year of the war one of united activity on behalf of children and in that sense a children's year.

I trust that the year will not only see the goal reached of sav- here Sunday. ing one hundred thousand lives of infants and young children, but that the work may so successfully develop as to set up certain irreducible minimum standards for the health, educa- Taylor Monday. tion and work of the American child.

Cordially and sincerely yours, WOODROW WILSON.

#### Eggs For Hatching.

From pure bred S. C. R. I. Red \$1.25 per 15; \$2.00 for 30. MRS. ALLIE POSTLEWEIGHT Marion, Ky. 2 28 10tp

#### Contributors of

V. L. Stone	101
G. B. Taylor	10
A. R. Bebout	
H. Powell	. 10
J. C. Stromatt	10
H. C. Johnson	
Murry Hodge	
H. W. Hicks	
E. Ordway	
L. V. Howard	
Hardin and Rochester	
A. Woodward	
C. W. McCormack	
W. H. Reynolds	
T. A. Enoch	
J. W. Atweil	
Burl Walker	
Leslie Walker	. 10
L. W. Kirk	10
A. P. Love	
W. E. Smith	
H. N. Cannon	
J. N. Sullivan	
Will Mackey	
J. B. Loftis	
P. N. Buckalew	
R. L. Drury	
John Farley	
Total 050 the subjet see	

Total 270 lbs which was sold at 14 cents bringing the nice sum of Michigan, having been called there to \$37. 80 which was turned over to work for Uncle Sam. Miss Leafa Wilborn, Treasurer of the Red Cross.

#### A TEXAS WONDER.

The Texas Wonder cures kidney and bladder troubles, dissolves gravel, cures John Alvis of Casad. diabetes, weak and lame back, rheumatism and irregularities of the kidneys and bladder in both men and women. Regulates bladder troubles in children. If not sold by your druggist, will sent by mail on receipt of \$1.00. One small bottle is two months' treatment, and seldom fails to perfect a cure. Send for sworn testimonials, Dr. E. W. Hall, 2926 Olive St., St. Louis, Mo. Sold by druggists. - Advertisement.

1. All Housekeepers can Help Labor, President Wilson has sig- product, from today until the new ployed as principal of Hebron School, be carried out by the Children's wheat flour, wheat breakfast ce- congratulate the people of Hebron for Bureau, and the Woman's Com- reals, macaroni, noodles, spag- being so lucky as to get Mr. and Mrs. mittee of the Council of Nation- hetti, vermicelli, crackers, bread Franklin. Mr. Franklin has taught our al Defense. The text of the presi- cake, doughnuts, pastry contain- school the past two years, and every TESTED SEED CORN FOR SALE.

If you are accustomed to bakdoing it. Leave the baker's bread for those who cannot bake at Saturday buying Liberty Bonds. home. Victory Bread made by Mrs. W. E Curry who has been suf-Next to the duty of doing every bakeries contains 75% wheat and fering several weeks with a broken

to me, no more patriotic duty Buy Wheat She is Urged to Buy than that of protecting the chil- only 12 pounds. Substitutes for dren, who constitute one-third of wheat are oatmeal, corn flour, corn grits, corn starch, hominy, The success of the efforts cornmeal, rolled oats, oat flour, made in England in behalf of the barley flour, steamed oats, rice,

land for the second year of the Human Consumption. This table war was the lowest in the his- was compiled by Miss Mary E.

Mrs. Morris, Gifford,

#### Chairman Conservation Div. U. S. Food Administration.

DYCUSBURG Miss Celestial Cotharn of Paducah,

Miss Minnie Cassiday of Eddyville, spent several days last week here, the Defense for making the second guest of her sisters, Mesdames Graves

V. O. Chandler of Marior, was in town Sunday.

Rev. G. H. Gass of Marion, filled his appointment at the Baptist church,

Clem Nunn and a party of ladies of Marion, was in town Sunday. Mrs. Newman Peek visited relatives

in Livingston county last week. Sam Ball received his call to the army Thursday, and left for Camp

Miss Myrtle Davis of Paducah, was the guest of her sister Mrs. Homer Grimes, the past week.

Lisle Cooksey left for Camp Taylor, Mrs. Alice Henry and Mary Etta

Martin, were in Tiline trading Tues-

Martin, Tuesday night.

Mrs. Marvin Aiken of Paducah, is visiting her parents Dr. and Mrs. J. hymn of their dear United

Tobacco to The Red Cross M. Graves. J. A. Graves was in Kuttawa, Wed-

nesday. F. O. Devers, were in Paducah, trad- the bill, says:

ing Tuesday. The Red Cross Society will give an " entertainment at the city Hall Sat-.. urday night May 11th, proceeds go to

.. the Red Cross. last week.

Mrs. John Griffin of Paducah, was .. the guest of her son Willie Griffin,

Sunday.

FOR SALE Rosecomb Barred Eggs \$1.00 for 15. Mrs T. A. Enoch.

phone, [62-3, Fords Ferry Star Route. 3147tp Marion Ky.

#### FORDS FERRY.

J. L. Rankin visited his brother Tom of Marion, last Friday night. Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Dowdy attended

church at Hebron, Sunday. George Pickerin left Monday for

Ed Cook Jr. was in Marion Sunday. Miss Ruth James of Beard Mines. spent Saturday night and Sunday with 'The Rankin Sisters' of this place.

Mrs, W. B. Nation spent a few days last week with her daughter, Mrs.

Tom Bracey and sister, Miss Irene. were in Fords Ferry Sunday afternoon. Fords Ferry District, tho' one of the smallest in the county, showed her patriotism by buying \$850 of Liberty

Mrs. Eli Graham spent last week in Marion, the guest of her sister, Mrs. Dexter Daniel.

Frank Williams and family spent

Help Win the War. Use no Wheat | Sunday with Mrs. Williams parents,

We learn that our former teacher. Use no wheat flour or wheat Mr. Herschel Franklin has been em

Mrs. Charlie James and daughters, Charline and Pauline, are visiting her ing your own bread, keep on parents, Mr. and Mrs. N. J. Brewer. David Postleweight, Emergency Mr. Hugh McConnell was in Marion,

ankle is improving nicely.

# Dr. Gilchrist

er George, to Marion Sunday returning

home monday.



Instruments for examining con- me, won't you?" ditions inside as well as outside ly fitted. Prices reasonable.

Office in PRESS Bldg., adjoin- into a big laugh, and said: ing Marion Bank, next to Mc-Connell & Wiggins' barber shop. you a present for your honesty. Carlisle St., Marion, Ky.

#### Wants National Anthem Star-spangled Banner.

C. H. Fountleroy, student of civics and economics, and a leading lawyer of St. Louis, has been active in giving enthusiastic support to the bill introduced in the House of Representatives by L. C. Dyer, of Missouri, to make 'The Star-Spangled Banner' the national anthem of America.

A petition from the Children of America Loyalty League, and a copy of a letter written by Mr. Fauntleroy to Representative Dyer, have been included in the Congressional Record. The petition from the children says:

"Our soldier and sailor boys Mrs. Geo. Southern of Vicksburg are going over with the Starwas the gest of her sister Mrs. Ike Spangled Banner unfurled for the world. Won't you let them F. D. Ramage was in Eddyville Wed-carry with them the Star-Spangled Banner as the authorized States'

Mr. Fauntleroy, in writing a letter of congratulation to Mr. Mesdames J. B. Wadlington and Dyer upon the introduction of

seillaise, was ever written under be tooted." the guest of her father Will Griffin, led Banner.' The Congress of monuments and tombstones. its author, Francis Scott Key. Stoke Thomas of Tiline, was in town He was a brilliant lawyer, and We noticed the pleasant countenance United States of America. He see you. the Episcopal Church. It is a with the flowery clime of Florida. poem of wonderful beauty and H. T. Reynolds has moved to the

In 1823, he, with the Rt. Rev.

ginia, and several other persons, founded three miles west of Alexandria and about five miles eouthwest of Washington City, nified his cordial approval of the harvest in the fall. Wheat innified his cordial approval of the harvest in the fall. Wheat inplans for the Children's Year to cludes Graham flour, Whole
taught there the past two years. We is still there, and is a beautiful

> Reed's Yellow Dent. Germination 981 per cent. Tested by Agent. For sale by G. C. Johnson, Route 4, Marion, Ky. Phone 173-3 rings.

#### Van Pickerin accompanied his broth- Here's The pirit That Will Whip The Hun.

today offered the treasury his said:

"Uncle Abe jokingly put his hand on my shoulder and said: "George, you will vote for

"'I can't, Uncle Abe,' I said, of the eye. Glasses scientifical- because you are a Republican and I am a Democrat.' He burst

and gave it to me. for that dollar,' he said, 'and I send it to you and will let it go at any price to buy a Liberty

#### BLACKFORD

May is here. Corn planting time.

The fruit crop is frozen. Tobacco plants are coming.

Corn is \$1.50 per bushel. Earl Dilbeck is farming. Malan Crowell has moved to Provi

Blackford is almost inanimate at

"No national anthem, not even the least talk the most. "He that tootthe brilliant and majestic Mar- eth not his own horn the same may not

such dramatic and inspiring cir- A. M. Henry and G. B. Johnson, of Mrs Geo. Lear of Pinkneyville, was cumstances as the 'Star-Spang- Marion, were here last week selling

> the United States should erect in D J. Travis has the "western fever" Washington City a monument to and contemplates making a trip to Okla. homa, in the near future, but is yet undecided when it will be.

the United States attorney for of our esteemed friend, J. M. Yandell, the District of Columbia. He of Frances, among his old neighbors was also a lay reader of the Prot- and friends here recently. Come again not be applicable to our condition: estant Episcopal Church of the friend Milton, we are always pleased to

was a man of exquisite poetic a prospecting tour, through a portion ability. He is the author of of the Sunny South, returned to Black Hymn No. 433 in the Hymnal of ford last week, very much delighted

enterprising town of Sturgis, and is selling gloves at the West Kentucky company store. We are glad to know William Meade, Episcopal bish- that friend Hugh, has secured a posiop of the Commonwealth of Vir- tion of that nature, for he has an accom

Keeping Our Soldiers Strong

Early in the world war experience proved the extraordinary value of cod liver oil for strengthening soldiers against colds, pneumonia and lung troubles.

Thousands of Our Soldiers are Taking

high in food value and rich in blood-making properties. Soott's will strengthen you against winter sickness.

Beware of Alcoholic Substitutes.

ried Norwegian cod liver oil used in Scott's Emulsion is now refined in rican laboratories which guarantees it free from impurities. Scott & Bowne, Bloomfield, N. J.

Washington, May 5.- "A man too poor to buy a Liberty bond most prized possession, a gold dollar given him by Abraham Lincoln in 1860 at Mattoon, Ill., to be auctioned off and the receipts turned into bonds. Writing to Secretary McAdoo he

"George, I am going to give "He put his hand in his pocket and pulled out a gold dollar

"I have been offered \$2,500 proud. prize it very highly, but I will Naval Dept., on the ship Utch, was bond to help the boys in France.'

The treasury now is trying to find a way of disposing of the day to Camp Zachary Taylor, were: Lincoln dollar.

Health is reasonably good.

Wheat and grass are looking fine.

The public graded school closed here Friday April 19th.

versation, as a rule those who know school every Sunday 10 a. m.

Burtis Brown who belongs to the here last week on a furlough visiting his father, A. T Brown Heleft Tues- and a few Negroes, (in warm

900 DROPS

ALGOHOL-3 PER GEN

AVegetable Preparation for As similar ting the Food by Regula

ting the Stomachs and Bowels of

INEANTS: CHILDREN

Thereby Promoting Digestion

Cheerfulness and Rest Contain neither Opium, Morphine at Mineral. NOT NARGOTH

rips of Old Dr. SANCEL PITCHER

A helpful Remedy for

Constipation and Diarrhoea

and Feverishness and

esulting therefrom in Infancy

Pac Simile Signature of

THE GENTAUR COMPANY.

At 6 months old

5 Doses - 35 Cen

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

NEW YORK.

Chat H. Hatetire

Loss of Sleep

day April 23rd. to report for duty. Among a number of others who ment. went from Webster county last Mon-Jonas Boucher, and Roy Lawson, who are Blackforders. Marion Crowell and Carmie Price also went to Dixon, but were deferred until another registration

for men is made Relative to the different phases of he moon, when is the time that is con- ment was given at the residence sidered to be the light moon, and the of Mrs. Sallie Holman, Sunday time considered the dark moon? There night April 28, and the occasion seems to be a difference in the opinion attracted a large crowd of young of our people, concerning this time, some contending that the light moon ladies and gentlemen, from is during time between the new moon many parts of the county. and full moon and the dark moon, is It was the most important sothe time between the full and new, cial event which has occurred in while others contend differently. the Possum Ridge' neighborhood No births nor weddings to report at Let us hear from some correspondents, to the Record-Press, concerning this

> we have preaching and Sunday at Blackford.

school every Sunday at 2:30 p. m.

4th Sunday morning and night; Sunday school every Sunday at 10 a. m.

this part of Kentucky are not faultless joyed by those who were present. nor do we know of any who contemplate being translated, yet at the same was greatly appreciated by those time we trust that our people are striv- who heard it. A considerable ing to so live that the following may number of good songs were sing

"We have read and read What the world has said Of the dark and Bloody Ground, And people may think

That we are steeped in drink And each man a wild Blood-hound." Observer.

#### Letter From Buftalo, N. Y.

37 Copeland Place, Buffalo, N. Y. Mr. S. M. Jenkins,

Dear Sir and Friend:subscription to Record-Press for enjoyable evening. one year.

Marion, Ky.

My first enquiry on coming home from piant each Saturday is. "Did the Press come today"? if it did Edna, knows there is no use serving supper until I have read same. It certainly is like A. Thomas' Stock Remedy. We sell it

oil, and many other by-products you feed them. of coal. It certainly is an inter- For sale by J. H. ORME, Marion, Ky.

Use Over For Thirty Years plishment offwhich he may well be esting work, 95 per cent of the laborers here are foreigners, I

For Infants and Children.

**Mothers Know That** 

Genuine Castoria

Always

Bears the

Signature

have Italians, Austrians, Turks, Mexicans, Cubans, Bulgarians, weather,) working in my depart-

Give regards to friends. Yours very truly ROY GILBERT.

#### A Singing Entertainment.

A delightful singing entertain-

for a number of months. The young folks who were pres-Lest you forget, we wish to say that ent were very friendly and sociable, and they talked anb conversed with each other on many Preaching at the Baptist church by different topics. A large part of Talking about farming, high prices Eld. J. W. Vaughn pastor, every 2nd evening was spent in looking at and the war is the usual topic for con- Sunday, morning and night; Sunday a splendid assortment of pictures Preaching at the Methodist church and postcards which were will-Rev. E A. Larkin pastor, every 3rd ingly furnished by the hostess. Sunday morning and night; Sunday for the entertainment of the crowd. A number of funny Preaching at the Presbyterian church remarks and witty sallies were by Rev. C. T. Boucher pastor, every made by several of the young people during the progress of the We confess that the inhabitants of party which was thoroughly en-

> The singing was nice, and it and not the least important among them was the "Star Spangled Banner." The crowd showed their patriotism, and their respect for the National Anthem by rising to their feet and remaining in this position, until the song was finished.

When the entertainment was finally brought to a close, and the young folks dispersed to their homes, the moon had risen in all of it's glory and splendor, and the beautiful light which it afforded to the homeward bound peo-Please find enclosed check for ple was a fitting climax to a most

#### **MEDICINE VS FOOD**

Do not buy something which you already have. You have food which you feed your horses, cattle and sheep, but when you want medicine, buy only medicine. That is what you get in B. getting a long letter from home. and guarantee it to be medicine. We I now have charge of about 300 | tell you that it will tone up the entire men. We produce Coke, Coal-tar, system of your stock and aids diges-Ammonia, Oil, Sulphate, Light the food value out of the grain that