NATIVE OF GADIZ KENTUCKY

Of Late A. H. Postun Passes Away In Marion

Mrs. B. L. Wilborn, of Marion, at her home on July 23rd.

lived her early life in Cadiz as couver Barracks, Washington, lor: Miss Kate Poston, daughter of for service in the spruce prc-Mr. A. H. Poston, then one of duction division, "for the durathe leading merchants of the tion of the war," Mrs. Freetown, and sister of Hamil and man will remain here for a time Alex, who were among the first and will later join her husband. Cadiz boys to enlist in the Con- The departure of Mr. Free-

to their chapter.

tian church, of Marion.

Mary Lou and Martha, and Allie his going from among them. Alloway, of Clay, Ky.

was beautifully modest and re- have no more faithful and effitiring. She was a model wife cient servant in all his domain and mother, a friend to all who than John Freeman. knew her. - Cadiz Record.

Cut The Weeds.

lessens the crop of them next friends are sure. - Bartlettsville year. This is the way to start Enterprise. to get rid of them.

Again the polen of the weeds, James' Majority 46,256 especially rag weeds, causes hay fever, and by cutting weeds you can now aid a great deal in reducing the ravages of this disthings. - Ex.

Hardin County Locals.

clare, was the guest of relatives were 39,311. Kimball received here Sunday.

D monstrates How Boy Fell Into Vat; Dies

Madisonville, Ky., Aug. 26 .-Eugene Rubins, 8-year-old son of Prof. and Mrs. R. B. Rubins Vow to Stand By Bristol, Tenn., died here this morning, following burns received at the local ice plant Friday. The lad, in company with a companion, was in the ice plant, playing around the vats. Young Rubins was demonstrating to his companion how a boy fell into one of the vats, when he slipped and fell into one, which was full of boiling water.

JOHN FREEMAN **CALLED TO COLORS**

rion Jeweler, Goes to Vancouver.

This morning John Freemar,

man will leave a vacant chair in It may be remembered that the Enterprise household that Alex, then a boy of seventeen will be hard to fill. For nearly years, was the first of these boys four years John has been at his to fall in battle, and that the U. post in the office, often for long D. C's. of Cadiz have honored hours, uncomplaining, faithful, his memory by giving his name true to his trust and to the interest of his employers. He has Mrs. Wilborn was an honorary made fast friends, both for himmember of this chapter and also self and the paper and every one an earnest member of the Chris- in the office, from managing editor to the porter, while rejoic-She is survived by her husband ing in his selection to such an and three daughters, Misses important position, deeply regret

Poston, who is now Mrs. Frank But John will make good in this as he has in his every un-As a character, Mrs. Wilborn dertaking and Uncle Sam will

Mr. Freeman made application some time ago for service in this department and has been expecting the call for some days. This is the season of the year Just what his duties will be he when all the weeds about the has not as yet been fully inpremises should be cut and formed, but whatever they be burned. In the first face it he will be found "Johnny on destroys and and thereby the spot," of that his many

In The Recent Primary

Frankfort, Ky., Aug. 26,-United States Senator Ollie M. ease. Health in general is pro- James received over 10,000 more moted by keeping the premises votes in the August primary clean. It's the modern way of than both the Republican candiguarding the health of yourself dates, notwithstanding the fact and family. A few hours a day that W. Preston Kimball, the devoted to this work will great- other candidate for the Demoly aid in matters of health, com- cratic nomination, made no camfort and convenience and add paign and openly declared for much to the appearance of Senator James, and the Republican candidates contested bitterly for the nomination.

In 115 of the 120 counties, Calloway, Carter, Casey, Floyd and U. G. Gullett and family left Fulton still being out, Senator Wednesday for an overland trip James received 49,925 votes. The to Springfield, where they will combined votes of former Secreattend the State Fair and visit tary of State Ben L. Bruner and Judge B. J. Bethurum of Somer-Mrs. John Yandell, of Rosi- set, in the Republican primary 3,669 votes, giving Senator James a majority of 46,256. Ben L. Bruner was nominated by the Republicans, receiving 21,266 votes to 18,045 for Bethurum, a majority of 3,221.

American Soldiers.

end and never to stop working are now working on his books. until the fighting is over, has been taken by 3,300 employes of the Western Cartridge Company at East Alton, Ill.

which was full of boiling water.

W. E. Dowell, the capitalist nurt the rain any and it would with the present supply, and the combine mercial demand has increased the present supply, and the combine mercial demand has increased the present supply, and the combine mercial demand has increased the price from \$8 and \$10 per ton to the animals body.

The was horribly scalded, the skin farmer stockraiser of Tolu and have done the farmers heap vented the full voltage going in the price from \$8 and \$10 per ton to the animals body. peeling from his body. He died his family have been touring the more of good. Still we shouldn't to the animals body, thus saving in 1914, to \$20 to \$90 per ton west in their Cadillac. They look a gift horse in the mouth. It from any damoge. Weames Croft is now on his today, depending on the purity way across. A telegram to his Prof. Rubins was formerly superintendent of the schools here. The boy was a nephew of Harry Anderson, owner of the lake region, crop.—Courier. other points in the Lake region. crop. - Courier.

DEPARTURE OF Mrs. B. L. Wilborn Was Daughter Son of Will Freeman Former Ma. Fifty-six Crittenden County Boys After Long Suffering The Great Unfortunate Ending of Well Known Dressed in Men's Uniforms And Who Left Monday For Camp Zachary Taylor.

MANY WITNESS

Following is the list of Crit-Ky., passed away from this life bookkeeper and business man-tenden county boys who left ager of the Daily Enterprise, Monday morning for military Mrs. Wilborn was born and received orders to report at Van- training at Camp Zachary Tay-

Harry Myers Johnson Allan Norton Riley Oliver Maynard Peter Barnett Humphreys Robert Clyde Brown Andrew Durrett Boone Robert G Hughes Joseph Riley Coker Eli Graham Walter Carl Clement Alie Newton Hodge Burnie Stone Vivian Travis Doy Bryan Stallions Riley Bryan Jones Lawrence Huston Fuller Virgil Ordway Clarence Lanham Harry Ray Baird James Francis Rustin Kelsey Hobart Travis Joseph Elbert Dunn Richie Thurmond Erastus Lanham Charlie Bryan Collins Tracy LeRoy Harris Lester Woodside Brvan Roberson Harry Allen York Robert Lee Raymer William Geo Seymour Carl Weldon Kinnin Jesse Melvin Henry William Anderson Henry William McKinley Hearell Roy Amiel Brown Walter Franklin Roberts Willis Glore. Dean Fowler Adams. Henry Riley Hobart Carmen Belt Joseph Bryan Brown Bryan Bennett Clarence Alvin Little James Russell Mahan Lexie Hobart Cannan Paul Thomas LaRue Forest Rice Kimsey George Emmett Bennett James Herbert . oore Denver Arthur Kelley Eugene Dorroh

Governor Of Vermont Asked To Resign Office

Taylor Davidson

Dewey Hodges

Henry Creed Davis

William Clyde Dempsey

Burlington, Vt., Aug. 26.-Gov. Horace Graham to-day was asked to resign his office in resolutions adopted by the Republican State Committee at a special executive session. This week discrepancies amounting to \$20,-000 were said to have been found in the accounts of the Governor when he was State Auditor.

Gov. Graham was invited to the meeting, but did not attend. Leading Republicans of the State

were present. In public statement following the disclosure of the discrepancies in the accounts Gov. Graham admitted that he was at fault in handling of his salary and official expenses, but said that he was Main street, causing a short, most active flux or metal refinnot aware that any vouchers which burned one of the wires ing agent that nature produces. were missing. He asked the in two, and caused it to drop in It also carries with it frequent-

Those Fine Rains

went to Kansas by way of St. The rain was a golden shower it from any damoge.

SENATOR JAMES PASSES AWAY

Statesman and Distinguished Politician Gives up Fight

Johns Hopkins Hospital in Bal- as well as those in Marion and timore in regard to the condition other parts of the county where who was wounded in France on in a measure, prepare the friends death by drowning of Virgil ling fact: of the stricken man for the news Binkley, 25 years old, son of Mr. sick room knew that hope had just about sunset. been abandoned some weeks by Virgil had gone to the creek they had been compelled to help his physicians, but his family to water the stock and, being with the field pieces against the and loved ones hoped against subject to epilepsy, the supposi- allies." the huge odds which he was tion is that he fell from the This is the first story of the

combatting. ill sometime with a kidney head and shoulders were under according to the writer. trouble entered the hospital several months ago and has gradually grown worse until the end water's edge, but life was exwhich came at 6:40 Wednesday tinct. morning. In his death this city loses its most distinguished citizen, the state its most brilliant sister, Annie Ree, and one bropolitical orator, and the nation ther, Harry, of California. His one of its ablest statesmen.

birthday in July. He was a the late W. H. Cardin. member of the Methodist church | The funeral and interment rangements will be made by the cemetery Tuesday at noon, Rev. Senate committee appointed by President Wilson.

The remains will be taken first to the capitol at Washington, and afterward to the James will be conducted.

"Puck" Suspends Publication

New York, Aug. 26 - Puck, one of the pioneer comic weeklies nouncement here tonight. Found- town and the country. ed in 1876 by Joseph Keppler and Adolph Schwartzmann, it. took as its motto "What Fools These Mortals Be." It numbered among its contributors many of active part in national politics a form of vapor. and in recent months was owned by William Randolph Hearst.

Mule Knocked Down by Live Wire.

o'clock crossed the street light strength. Washington, Aug, 24.—A vow people of the State to suspend to stand by the American soldiers in France until the very tion of his accounts. Examiners to all out of his accounts. Examiners are now working on his books. with the result the mule was for lamps.

Cade Gray of Salem this week. several years to come.

VIRGIL BINKLEY DROWNED

And Highly Connected Young

The distressing news which The people of the View vicinhas continued to come from the ity, where the accident occurred, of United States Senator Ollie he was known, were greatly dis- July 25, has written to his wife, M. James, has been such as to, tressed to hear of the tragic Mrs. Helen Buckner, the startof his death, which came early and Mrs. Jess Binkley of the prisoners captured were found Wednesday morning. Those who View vicinity, which occurred to be women dressed in men's were in close touch with the Saturday evening, August 24, uniforms and were chained to

mule he was riding at the edge women being used by the Ger-Senator James who has been of the water. When found his mans, but it is an absolute fact, water and the remainder of his body on the bank above the

The unfortunate young man is survived by his parents and one mother, before marriage, was Senator James passed his 47th Miss Willie Cardin, daughter of

of this city. The funeral ar- took place at the new Marion Carl Boucher officiating.

Large Monument at Pilot Knob

homestead in this city. The been erected at the burying their cause is hopeless, but they funeral will be preached by Rev. ground of Wm. Hughes and are wonderfully determined and H. R. Short at the Methodist family. The monument is made may hold out to the last gasp. church but the date cannot yet from the famous Bleaching be definitely named. Sunday Stone, nicely carved and is beauprobably is as soon as the funeral tiful. The individual graves on mans and the Entente soldiers the lot are marked with a nice are also commanded by one of grave marker. W. U. Hughes, the ablest and most efficient of this county, and his brothers leaders in the whole world, a purchased this work from Hen. man whose marvelous strategy ry & Henry.

of the country and the first to be former citizen of this county and that of Robert E. Lee. printed in colors, has suspended one of our best teachers, is vispublication, according to an an- iting friends and relatives in had 12,000,000 able-bodied men,

Fluor Spar is King.

(By W. A. Calhoun, C. E)

Fluor spar-known chemically arms. the most brilliant, writers and as Calcium Floride (Co F 2) is artists, and for a time H. C. a mineral used for refining iron, Bunner was its editor. At the copper, brass, bronze, silver and losses will not be near so great beginning it was published in gold, by attacking any ilica or as some people might imagine. German but it was later printed sand present, making a volitile in English. Puck once took an compound, which is driven off in lost one of her gallant sons on

(the cause of blowholes) setting of the heroic traditions of the free the inert oxygen where great nation to which he belongs. it can do no harm. It makes He was a very bright and intelclean, sharp, strong casting, re- ligent young man and his name fines metal recovered from will be enshrined among the list The heavy rain and windstorm ground slag, scraps and sweep- of the immortal heroes of the Monday morning about 6:30 ings and increases the tensile great war who have perished in

It is the mineral from which shut off the current a man riding ter of glass and clay wares, also a mule undertook to cross it, lenses, and carbon electrodes been ill some time with some

Hardin and Pope counties, Ill. If the rain had come a few knocked down as soon as he inois, with Livingston, Crittenweeks sooner, it wouldn't have stepped on the concrete crossing den and Caldwell counties, Ken- where in France' when the last W. E. Dowell, the capitalist hurt the rain any and it would which was charged. The wire tucky, produce 90 per cent of letter was mailed Aug. 1st, to

HUN WOMEN USE MACHINE GUNS

Chained to Pieces Says The American Officer.

Shelbyville, Ky., August 26.-Second Lieut. John Dawson Buckner, Co. A. 4th Infantry.

"That one half the German the field machine guns which

THE WAR SITUATION

There is no longer any danger of the allies being defeated in the great war. The terrible crisis of last spring has been safely passed. Let every American rest assured, victory is absolutely certain. From now on the foe will suffer a series of crushing and decisive defeats.

No one knows just when the great struggle will close. Possibly it may be this year; possibly next year; certainly it can not last forever. Before New Year A large monument has just the Germans will realize that

and splendid military judment R. B. Gass, of Henderson, a can be compared favorably with

> When the war began Germany but the losses have been frightful and she now has less than 6,000,000 who are fit for service. The United States has 18,000,-000 citizens capable of bearing

> A considerable number of Americans will be killed but our

Crittenden county has already the field of battle. We feel sure It dissolves the metallic oxides that he died in a manner worthy order to save the people of our land from the horrors of barbar-

Written by a Patriotic Amer-

Gene Morrill at last accounts was holding his own. He had kind of blood poisoning, and was in a Catholic hospital "Some-

probably sail soon for France.



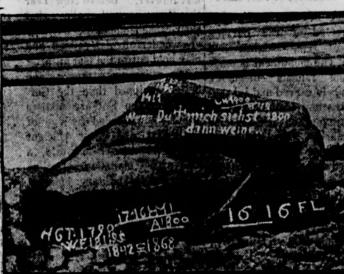
The arrival in Vladivostok of the Frontaviks (Russian soldiers who have served at the front and have been distharged by the bolsheviki) to assist the Czecho-Slovak army to down the bolshevists. The crowds give them an

AMERICANS PROUDLY BRING IN FIRST PRISONERS



American military police of the First division escorting the first batch of Hun prisoners taken by the Yantees in the Picardy offensive

HUNGER STONE PREDICTS WOE FOR HUNS



This is the famous Hunger Stone of the Elbe, near the chain bridge at Tetschen, Germany, which bears on its face the inscription: "When you gaze upon me, then cry." The legend attached to it is that when the waters of the Elbe fall away so the stone is visible hardships are sure to follow, and in every instance since the date of the first inscription, 1417, the prediction has been found to be true. This year the waters have fallen to the lowest level reached in over five hundred years.

NOVEL TRENCH MORTAR SUCCESSFUL



This novel gun is the French 155-millimeter trench mortar, sometimes paniment gun. It follows the infantry everywhere. It has cosses along the French front.

CONDENSATIONS

Bavaria has a suspension brige with but one tower, the cables at the other end being anchored in a high rock bluff. Doug Johnson of Providence, Kypigs, and not a pig in the litter has an

It is said that a pair of night bawks, which have made the roof of a Bath (Me.) bank building their summer

CAPTURED "MINNIE" IN U. S



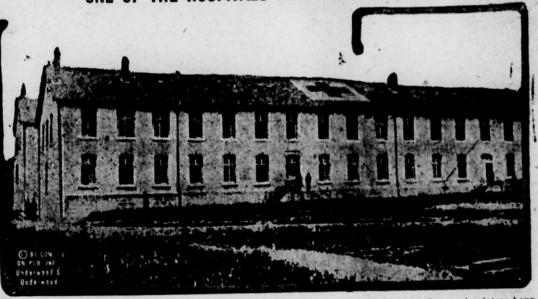
verfer, as the Germans call it, was captured from the Huns and is a par of the great war exposition which the United States has been giving in va rious parts of the country and which will open in Chicago on September 2 "Minnie," as the British have ramed the weapon, is shown in posi tion with a big shell set in the muz zle ready to be thrown into the enem

Hysterical Mutism in Ancient Times A case of imagined inability of speech, one of the puzzles of today is narrated by Herodutus, who tell that 'Croesus had a son who was in other respects proper enough but dumb. When the city was taken one of the Persians, not knowing Croe sus, was about to kill him. Croe sus, though he saw him approach from his present misfortune took me heed of him, nor did he care abou dying of the blow; but this speech ess son of his, when he saw the Per sian advancing toward him, through dread and anguish burst into speech and said: 'Man, kill not Croesus These were the first words he ever uttered, but from that time he con tinued to speak the remainder of h life."

Fire Barrage Barrage or dam, is a new word it

the military vernacular-specifically the act of barring by artillery fire By exact measuremen ats a line of gun is brought to bear upon a certain ter rain. The fire creates a complete screen of projectiles. Behind it a body of troops is safe; through it no enem can advance. By moving barrage in forward ("creeping" barrage) a detach ment can advance with a minimum of casualties. It is controlled by observ ers at the front, who find ranges and

ONE OF THE HOSPITALS HUN AIRMEN ATTACK



This is one of the Red Cross evacuation hospitals behind the lines in France which the Germans' aviators have been deliberately bombing. Only a few days ago German aviators dropped bombs on one of these hospitals at Jouy,

ITALIAN NAVAL HERO TELLS OF HIS EXPLOIT

Boats Sank Two Austrian Battleships.

MOST DARING FEAT OF WAR

Whole Thing Didn't Take More Than Quarter of an Hour-Motor Boat's Crew Go Mad With Joy Over Their Success.

BY BEATRICE BASKERVILLE.

(In the New York World.)

Ancona.—Commandant Rizzo, who feat of the war, began his sea career as officer in the Italian merchant serv-Not till Italy entered the war was he acquainted with the royal navy. He is under thirty, dark-eyed, quiet, has largish features which look as though they were cut out of steel, a square jaw and a slower manner of speaking than most Italians.

When I first asked him, during his short stay in Ancona port, for particulars of his sinking of the St. Stephen and the Prince Eugene, Austria's two largest ships, he modestly replied that he was no talker, and that for the rest he had to start off for Genos in a very short while. But when he learned that The World correspondent had traveled from Rome to hear him talk and that it would not take long, he yielded

"In the Creeping Dawn." "It was on the 10th of this month," "I was returning to port said. after one of the missions which we sailors have had to perform all the while these three years. I had made up my mind to leave the enemy's coast, when, in the creeping dawn, I saw the smoke coming out of funnels, about 3,000 yards off. I thought we were found out and being chased by the enemy. It was hopeless to try to run away, so I turned my two motor boats, the second being commanded by Head Steers man (now Lieutenant) Aonzo, and made for the enemy.

"As the dawn grew I saw we were in for a large convoy of destroyers escorting two floating cyclops, of the Viribus Unitis type, which is the largest dreadnaught type in the Austrian navy. They had four at the beginning of the war; on the 6th of June they had three. Now they have only

one left.
"'Here we are at last,' I said to my

This is a holiday!" men. "We had not much in the way of arms two torpedoes on each boat, eight, small enough to be thrown by hand, between us, and two machine guns. But this was a chance we would never get again if we waited a thousand years, so I took it.

Three Clean Hits. "Aonzo was to slip around to the left and attack the Viribus Unitis dreadnaught that made up the rear, and which we now know was the Prince Eugene. I was to make for the sister ship, which we now know was the St. Stephen. I slowed down to silence my motors, but as soon as I was well within the line of convoys I went forward at full speed. Our men held their breath. My motorist a quiet fit every time the engine made a little noise. Another moment and the enemy saw us. Then began a furious cannons

'Aonzo sent his first torpedo, but it did not work. His second hit the lowed with my two biscuits, precise obedient and sure. The first landed between the St. Stephen's funnels, in the boller compartment; the second under her tower."

"After That It Was Hell." The commandant paused, evidently reviewing events, then went on:

"After that it was hell. There was torm from their guns and a muddied crowd of pestroyers encircled the two glants, which were beginning to sink. Some chased my boat. I saw 1 American Hospital No. 24, given by must either get out into the open like Mr. and Mrs. A. Chester Beatty of dart or perish. With a violent jerk turned our boat on herself and made for it. But a destroyer balked our path. Bo I jerked round to the left and rushed right under the prow of the St. Stephen, new almost swal-lowed by the sea. Aconso took the

Rizzo Describes How Two Motor and made off too. The same destroyer that barred his way went for me. "Our motor boats were only a hundred yards apart. It was just as if we were trying to escape from a locomotive by running along the railroad. The cannons buzzed and roared round our heads. I thought a dose of the machine gun would do them good, but it didn't. They were very close and our moment seemed to have come. us, their prows looming over us from above. Then I tried them with two as performed the most daring naval terrific explosion and the destroyer to carry their dreadnaughts' carcasses wobbled and began to turn over. I made for safety as hard as I knew

> "The whole thing, from the time we attacked till I fired that second torpedo against the chasing destroyer, didn't take more than a quarter of an hour.

Crews Mad With Joy.

"When we got into the open, safe and sound, I was able to smile again. My five lads were still astounded with the rapidity of events. Then one of them cried. We've been in hell!' And they went mad with joy, hugging, from the king of Italy, prize money cheering, kissing, crying in a fine from the admiralty, and a large sum

"They hofsted our biggest flag and decked the boat in bunting, like a bride. To our delight we saw that from some way off Aonzo hoisted his, too, in answer to us. They were safe as well.

"I don't think we were within four miles of our port when my lads, un-der the delusion that they could be heard, kept shouting out landward: Two Virthus Unitis! We've sunk two Viribus Unitis!'

"You won't succeed in persuading the enemy that they weren't the victims of spies. But I assure you that there was neither spying nor treachery in the whole thing. The Prince Eugene, which Aonzo torpedoed, sunk on her way home and lies near Like angry mastiffs they rushed after the Austrian coast, as our hydroplanes soon afterward found out. The St. Stephen sunk where she was torpe torpedoes. The first fell foul, but the doed. Those dogs won't venture out second hit its mark. There was a again now. All they've left to do is off and send them to Lubiana.

"The greatest enemy our torp bonts have is the moon," the commandant. "Had it been a moonlight night, we should all have gone to the bottom without doing them

any harm." Ancona is doubly grateful to Rizzo for there is no doubt in the minds of its inhabitants that the enemy fleet he dispersed was making for them to bombard them off the face of the map. All the heroes of this enterprise

have received honors and decorations

ABODE OF KINGS IS FOR SICK YANKEE FIGHTERS

Sarisbury Court, Favorite Hunting Box of Charles I, Now a Hospital.

RED CROSS DOES THE WORK

American Women in England Carry on Vast Aid for Wounded - Convalescents to Recuperate Amid Pleasant Surroundings.

London.-Sarisbury Court, an old Jacobean mansion that stands back almost hidden by the tall elms off the Southampton road and is said to have been one of the favorite hunting boxes of the first King Charles, has been converted into a hospital for 3,000 Americans by the American Red Cross.

The work of the latter organization now comprises more than twenty departments, and is carried out by American women who were residents of Great Britain before the war, many of them the wives of Englishmen and the others wives of relatives of Americans in business in this country.

Mrs. Whitelaw Reid, widow of the former American ambassador to Great Britain, was a pioneer in the work of the American Red Cross in this coun-

The American Red Cross has provided a number of hospitals in Great Britain, some of them established before America entered the war, for the use of the British wounded; others established since that time for the accommodation of both British and Americans.

One of the Best.

One of the finest is the Mossley Hill hospital at Liverpool, which is staffed by American army doctors and nurses under Maj. Udo J. Wilo, formerly professor of surgery in the University of Michigan. Another American hospital de luxe in London is the new naval spital on Park lane, which occupies Aldford house, the home of Capt. Frederick Guest, M. P., who placed it at the disposal of the Red Cross.

There are several other American hospitals in London, notably the Lancaster Gate hospital for officers and American Hospital No. 24, given by New York. But the largest of all the American hospitals in Great Britain is that at Sarisbury court.

could be imagined. Standing in a great park of 186 acres of thickly at the other than the standard at the other than the standard at the stand

down to a half-mile frontage along

Southampton waters. Already the woodland acres of the estate are resounding with ax and saw and several hundred trees have been selected to furnish the heavier timber and joists for the hospital buildtogs. With the Manor house as apex, these cover over ten acres of frame

hutments. Tents to House Sick.

During the pleasant English sum mer these tent wards will be very comfortable and agreeable, and long before the first chilly weather of autumn comes the frame but wards, steam heated, will be ready. It is possible that some of the tents will be retained for the use of convalescents or for overflow purposes in the event of big offensive on the northern part of the western front.

The hospital will have its own electrie lighting plant and water supply. There will be probably a double system of water supply, water from the river being used for ordinary purposes, while special distilled or spring water will be used for drinking purposes and in the kitchens and operating rooms.

The Manor house, which vill be the central building of the Sar sbury hospital, is a large and hands me building of what Englishmen cal modera construction, inasmuch as it dates back only 35 years.

The house contains about fifty rooms, and more than ball of these are large enough to be available for use as wards containing from six to 16 beds each. The great entrance hall is easily the feature of the interior. It is as large as many an American church, open to the roof, and with a balcony or gallery running all the way around it.

The ambulance which will bring the American wounded from the piers at Southampton will approach the hospital by a long carriage drive through picturesque woodland and well-kept lawns.

several miles of sunny or shaded walks without going outside the hos-pital grounds. Strolling northward he will cross a broad meadow and a little patch of woods to the hospital piggery and chicken farm, and just behouse and the jetty, where he medangle his legs just above the wa and alt fla at the other side of the forest



General Wood's Daughter an Accomplished Rider

WASHINGTON.—She hoped to go to France with her father, Maj. Gen. Leonard Wood, former chief of the army staff. Now that he is not, his charming daughter, Louisita Wood, is a very much disappointed young woman.

Athletic, fond of all sorts of outdoor acture, Miss Wood, when she was twelve years old, set a record for long-distance riding for girls. In October in 1913 she galloped into Fort Myer, Va., with her father and Col. H. C. Hieston at the end of the last 45-mile dash of a 90-mile ride. Ever since she has set the pace in hard and longdistance riding for girls. Miss Wood is about eighteen years old.

From the time she could walk Louisita has been a rider. She learned horsemanship from the troopers at Fort Myer and soon became as proficient

a rider as any of them. Always a favorite with the men, she grew up spending half her time

around the stables, never so happy as when with the horses From her father she inherits a naturally robust physique, for General Wood even today is a powerful man, and in his youth was one of the finest

all-round athletes in the army. That first long ride she undertook when a twelve-year-old girl was when her father and Colonel Hieston were obliged to ride that distance in compliance with army regulation to the effect that such a trip be made by officers once a year in the army test.

It has been indicated that Maj. Gen. Leonard Wood, who has been left without a permanent command since he was denied overseas service, might command the American forces. Although only a major general and manked by March and Pershing, who have the rank of general by brevet, General Wood is by seniority the ranking general officer of the United States army. If chosen to lead the American force he might, as a matter of courtesy, be given supreme command of the expedition.

One Man Who Might Have Evaded His Military Duty I am trying to correct you from a fing anything so incorrect again."

OST chords a-plenty, but how about lost questionnaires? Ever since the war department made the questionnaire well known to 10,000,000 young men and all their parents and friends there has been wonder on the part of ning around in circles, or along drivelions of documents might get lost some



Each of the approximately 5,000 local boards of the nation guards its questionnaires with its life, of course, but since local boards are composed of human beings, and since even the greatest of human beings is not perfect, well-why say more?

I have at last heard of a lost que tionnaire.

Right here in Washington, too. It seems that a certain registrant left the city and was working on neces pary government work in a nearby community. The work he was engaged in e him good ground for deferred classification.

But he got tired of the work and came back to the national capital. He secured himself a position in the fire department, I am told, and the very first day meandered down to his local board to ask about his standing in the

It may as well be stated right here that this man was willing to go to

camp any time called upon. His local board members and the clerical force began to hunt up his questionnaire. But they couldn't find it high or low.

The maire was lost, that was all.

We wouldn't have known we had you on the rolls," said a member. "But, now that you're here, we'll send you to camp tomorrow."

Ever Hear of a Sparrow That Had Sense of Gratitude? ran and walked?"

THE sparrow that adopted a man also may be added to your list of worthles. This natural biplane, being but a few weeks old, had his motor go back on him one day in a downtown street and fell into the gutter. A kind man saw the fall and hurried to the scene

of the disaster. The little sparrow winked his bright eyes, and growled in pain. Didn't you ever hear a sparrow growi? No? Well, what has that got to do with the story, anyway? While you are thinking up the answers to these three questions let us follow the man and the sparrow.

The man picked up the half-starved little fellow and carried him to his ome. He took him to his room and fed him bread crumbs soaked in milk.

Soon the sparrow revived. He grew fat. In four days he could fly around the room at a lively rate.

"You are old enough now to take to your elemental heath," said the man. But the sparrow would not leave him.

The bird insisted on perching on his shoulder and even wanted to travel down to the office that way.

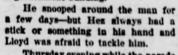
In order to escape from him the man had to suddenly dart from the room and close the door with speed.

The last I heard of the sparrow he was sitting out in a tree waiting for his master to come home.

Hezekiah Got Some Satisfaction for His Beating

LONG time ago in a turpentine camp in the South, Lloyd Jackson and A Hezekiah Brown had a falling out. The scrap was never settled because Hez got cold feet and ran away. Several weeks ago Lloyd got wind of the fact that Hez was in town working on

a government building.



Thursday evening while the parade was going on, Lloyd detailed his girl, ann Crump, to lure Hez within striking distance.

Hez was bound to fall for this and he did. Anne was only a few minto the was with and follow her. She lured him into a house in southwest

Washington and whispered some poisonous language in his ears. And when she was sure that he had no gun or razor on him, she gave Lloyd the signal. He came in from a back room and jumped on Hez and almost beat him

The woman disappeared, otherwise Hez would have had her arrested also. Because he was mad about the way in which he had been trapped.

However, the court avenged him. Lloyd got 60 days—and if Anne ever we up she will get hers, too.

"MOLLY WELLINGTON."

"Cluck, cluck, cluck, I am Molly Wellington." "And why are you so proud of be-

ing Molly Wellington?" asked Miss Gray Hen.

"My dear Miss Hen, you are not nearly as clever as you should be." "Perhaps not," said Miss Gray Hen. I don't suppose anyone or any creature is as clever as possible. And I am quite sure I'm not, but then I don't mind. I'm happy, cluck, cluck, and it's far better to be happy than it is to be clever. A creatuse may be clever and very unhappy. I've often known that to be the case."

"Perhaps," said Molly Wellington, but then a creature may be clever and happy, too. Isn't that perfect?"

"That would be nice, I admit," said Miss Gray Hen.

Wellington, "and my name is fine, too, Isn't it?" "I suppose it's all right, as names

go," said Miss Gray Hen. "What do you mean by saying that

my name is all right as names go? That shows you are even more stupid than I thought."

"Why?" asked Miss Gray Hen. "Because names don't go," said Molly Wellington. "Names haven't legs and feet with which to walk and run and play. Names are quiet thingsthey are simply names.

"That's bright, indeed," said Miss Gray Hen, smiling in her funny hen way, "but I never for a moment said that names were not names. Of course they are. I'm bright enough to know

"But you said that you supposed my name was all right as names went, and I am trying to correct you from say-

"My dear Molly Wellington, you of the fine name," said Miss Gray Hen, "I didn't mean that names went runome as to whether one of those mil- ways, or through fields. I meant that as a saying. I meant that your name



"Now Smile."

was all right, but that I didn't think any name was so very important, nor so very wonderful."

"Oh, that is what you meant then," said Molly Wellington. "And you east the newly opened streets are given didn't mean that you thought names

"Of course not," said Miss Gray Hen.

"Well, even if you don't think much of names, won't you admit that mine is very nice and fancy?"

"Oh, I suppose so," said Miss Gray Hen. "But Molly Wellington, even if names don't go running or walking around-and I have never thought that they did-still names do belong to people and the people run and walk around. You have a name and you don't stay so still, and so I was really being far brighter than I thought."

"Cluck, cluck, you're such a stupid hen after all," said Molly Wellington. "I thank you, cluck cluck, I thank you," said Miss Gray Hen.

"I can't help being proud," said Molly Wellington, "as I have just had a very great compliment paid to me. I am not just one hen in the world, or the barnyard. I'm a very fine, exceptionally fine hen. I'm the greatest hen in the world."

"Dear me, dear me, cluck, cluck, cluck," said Miss Gray Hen. "Never have I heard of such conceit." "It's not conceit," said Molly Wel-

lington, "it's pride." "Oh, all right," said Miss Gray Hen. "You see," said Molly Wellington,

"I've always thought I had a pretty nice name for a hen. It always made me feel like doing my duty and working. But I never knew before that I had really done so much and had be-

"This morning the master brought out a big silver cup and put it beside me. It was a cup I had won for my master because of my splendid work. It was marked with my name and his name, and it was a magnificent cup. Then a man with a big camera came and took our pictures-mine and the cup. It was a fine picture. I stood so straight, and looked the man right in the eye when he said,

"'Look just here, now smile!" "And then I heard the master say that I was the champion egg layer of the whole wide world. My record has been to have laid three hundred and twenty-five eggs in the last year, and that's the world's record. So I'm Molly Wellington, a world champlon,

DRAINAGE AND PURE WATER

Two Essentials for the Wellbeing o Every Town, and All Too Often Neglected.

In the majority of towns there are now efficient drainage and sewerage systems, and proper means of disposal. There are yet many towns without an efficient system. Many large country villages also have no system, and the conditions are most unsatisfactory. These places do not bother about it; they seem content to go on in their own "sweet way." They will not hear of any scheme. Those responsible look upon themselves as economists; yet their economy is but false, and their interest a "pocket one," the welfare and wellbeing of the people being the last considera-"That is what I am," said Molly tion. A pure and efficient water sup-veilington, "and my name is fine, too, ply is another essential for all places, yet we have many small towns and villages without it. Water is taken from defective and impure sources, while wells are close to cesspools and drainage from cattle yards, and other fouled surfaces have access to them. This is often due to the faulty construction of the well or cesspool. What appears to have happened is this-two holes were dug, and lined with drylaid bricks, one being called the well and the other the cesspool. Can we wonder at disease being rampant? We also find the water supply taken from an open pond, full of mud and growth. and often a drain pipe discharging its contents into it. Many small towns and villages view with disfavor and are up in arms if an efficient system of sewers, sewage disposal, or water supply is suggested. They will tell you that their arrangements have sufficed for the past and no ill results have occurred; the inhabitants, they say, live as long as they like; and yet facts prove otherwise. In places where proper systems have been installed the death rate is lowered, infantile mortality reduced, infectious disease eradicated, or nearly so, and the general health bettered.—From the Architect and Contract Reporter.

TREES GIVEN PROPER CARE

husetts Municipalities Praised by Writer in National Municipal Review for Good Work

Springfield, Mass., is a striking exmple of the fine results of a municipality making it its business to care for its trees. Walk up State street from Main. Note the majestic elms on this broad highway. As you pass the intersecting streets, look north and south on each and see, as far as eye can reach to left and right, the towering rows of lofty trees waving their green tops in the breeze, the sun glinting through the verdant roof that forms an arch high up above the road.

The like amplitude of stately old trees, some of them of century age, adorns all the older residence districts of Springfield; while "on the hill" rious with young trees. Both old trees and young are thriving. No tree that is dead, or unsightly past remedy, is allowed to stand. The city takes it down forthwith. The most sedulous care is bestowed on all trees, whether old or young. All this, remember, by the municipality itself, through its city forester. Appropriations for tree work are generous. The like policy prevails, and the like results are manifest, in nearly all the municipalities of Massachusetts. - National Municipal Review.

Keep Money in Town. Plant your town so as to discourage

the movement of the people into outside uncontrolled areas for purposes of buying supplies, so that the man who wants your people's trade must establish his store on your land and come with his family and clerks to live in your town. Make it, in other words, a self-contained and self-sufficient town by every legitimate device. If possible, make shopping attractive by the provision of a good store center, lights, arcades, etc., so as to draw trade from the neighboring villages and farms. Your commercial values will be your "velvet" and you can make your Main street frontages worth \$500 a front foot.

Sensitive Instrumenta. There are instruments made by the hands of men which surpass the eye in keenness and rival the nose. The spectroscope is generally considered one of the most perfect instruments. It will detect the presence of onehundred-millionth of an ounce of sodium. The electroscope, however, is more than a million times more sensi- mers, and certainly ought to be given tive than the spectroscope, and will a chance to learn at the earliest time detect one thirty-five-thousar Camp Zacnary 123llouth of an ounce of radium, as been in the employ art are taus

curved or winding streets or road As the latter are necessarily int they are always best planted roadside groupings.



ross Bulletin, issued at Washington, has the following account of the hero

ism of Red Cross nurses under fire: "Private A. C. McLeod, the first American soldier to be wounded in France, was hurt when the Germans bombed a Red Cross hospital. He owes his life, he believes, to the Red Cross nurse who stuck by him in the shattered ward, and saw that he had prompt surgical attention. Two of the nurses were wounded by the same bomb that hurt Mr. McLeod, but the rest of the women, it was stated were as cool as the men. Here is his own story in which it will be noticed the Red Cross nurse is given the principal place:

"'Our hospital, a British-American one in Flanders, was bombed the night of September 4, last. I was working in this hospital, at which I had been as signed to the transportation section The patients who could do so went to the bomb-proof cellar when the air raid opened, but there were a number of soldiers so badly wounded that they quite open over the face and hat could not be moved. A number of nurses stayed with the soldiers, and I and a sprawling flower design is wov-

remained to help. smashed to a pulp and I was raving with pain. I won't describe the scene about me, for that would be too berrible. A nurse stayed by my side. She stuck to me and saw that I had prompt attention, and I probably owe my life to the immediate amputation which was ordered. The bombing of this hospital cost one nurse an eye, and another a foot. The rest of the nurses were as cool as the men. I can't say too much for the work of the American Red Cross in France."

Here is something from the Central Division Bulletin, published at Chicago. which needs to be considered just now:

Willing Workers Only. "The growing seriousness of condi-

In its issue of July 8, 1918, the Red | that the war countries of Europe are no place at present for persons without definite business of actual value to war or war relief work

"The war council of the An Red Cross announces that 'the Red Cross commissions abroad do not desire any person to enter into foreign service except upon the explicit understanding that they shall be ready at any and all times to undertake any service and in any place, subject to the control and direction of the Red Cross officials under whom they are serving; and that, until further order by the war council, no person shall be sent to service with the Red Cross abroad for the purpose merely of in-specting the work, with the intention of using the results of such inspection for lecture or literary material."

White Silk Vella.

Pure silk veils in white, rather coarse mesh, come in large rectangular shape, to be thrown gracefully over the brim of summer sailors; the mesh grows finer at the bottom of the vell. en into this finer mesh. These white "'Suddenly, a bomb made a direct hit silk veils give a dressy effect to the and exploded nearby. It pretty nearly sport or semisport costume, and they cleaned out the hospital. My legs were summer breeze. Best of all, they may, be washed in soap and water and dried in one's room overnight. If pinned out while damp over a pillow they require no ironing.

White Stock Favored.

For, although the colored organdle collar-and-cuff set prevails, it is not the only type of neckwear in vogue at present. Very different from it. but equally popular, perhaps, is the severe, high, white stock now in fashion. This stock is made from heavy material-usually linen or duck; it is uncomfortably high, and is fitted with two strips at the back which are to be brought around to the front, looped tions respecting transportation, hous-ing, et cetera, prompt the suggestion stick pin or snapper.

Equipped for Beach and Swimming



Little children take to the water like ducklings and ought to be given a chance to learn to swim, wherever their lot may be cast. This is an es-sential part of their education and might well be a part of public school instruction, as gymnastics are, since safety and assurance and pleasure in the water in after life depend upon it. Some youngsters learn so early that they hardly remember the time. Boys, who like to travel in gangs, shift for themselves if there is any water in walking distance that will give them a chance for water sports, and teach one another how to swim, often by herole methods. Girls make fine swim-

millionth of a millionth of a tern Union Telegraph chial school knit-gramme! The bolometer will retern Union Telegraph chial school knit-the heat of a candle a mile and ahoma and Texas, and many sect we but Where Palms Should Be Placen a visit he got the Palms are stately plants and it to obtain a transfer be used where stateliness any.

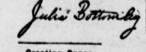
The palms are stately plants and it to obtain a transfer be used where stateliness any.

This is recovered or windless street.

distin

many others when the beaches are rowded, as well as keep the hair dry. Many of the suits are blue, with bands in white and in strong colors. Bright green, banded with white, and bright orange banded with black are favorites this season. With these usually there are rubber caps to match made in many ways, so that watching mothers may easily keep an eye on the particular head that is her care. Most youngsters are barefooted un-

less the beach is rocky, in which case soft cloth shoes protect them. Some suits are provided with a knitted sash, matching its border in color, and finished with yarn tassels, but it is merely for ornament and not needed. It is a pretty embellishment, however, that gives tone to the plain little suit, as may be gathered from the picture.



Creating Space. By creating legitimate places for possessions that otherwise would be out of place one can gain an effect of spaciousness and order, and give even small city quarters the capacity to hold a great deal without seeming Marion, Ky., Aug 29, 1918.

S. M. JENKINS. Editor and Publisher

Entered as second-class matter Feb ruary 9th 1878 at the postoffice at Congress of March 3, 1877.

BUBSCRIPTION RATES \$1.50 per year cash in advance.

Advertising Rates.

50c per inch S. C. Foreign Advertising 25 per inch S. C. Home Advertising Plate, or Repeated ads, one-half rate. Metal bases for Plates and Electros

Locals or Readers bets per line in this size type.

10cts per line in this size type 15cts. a line this size type. Cash With Opituaries 5c per line Cards of Thanks 5c per line
Resolutions of respect 5c a line
Cards



- This paper has enlisted with the government in the cause of America for the period of the war

HOW AN EDITOR GOT WEALTH

A man tells of a country editor who started out poor 20 years ago and has retired with the comfortable fortune of \$50, 000. This money was acquired through industry, econony, conscientious efforts to give full value, indomitable perseverance and the death of an uncle who left the editor \$43,999.50.

-Kansas City Times.

AMEN AND AMEN!

Most newspapers have paid their respects of late to that nefarious animal, the female slacker. The Decatur Democrat hand- Mrs. L. Lewis les the matter thus:

"One can't help wondering what will be done with the 'woman slacker'-the girls and women who pace the street aimlessly, day after day, without producing anything for the good of the world. The men loafers have been called slackers and the law has even taken them in hand, if no fight-work! Somecould be produced while they of confidence in your ability to "delivtread. The mother of one girl- er the goods." gad-about appeared recently in a The Draughon Training, AT COLstore and sat down nearly 'tuck- LEGE or BY MAIL, will give you ered' out from scrubbing and working about the house. At the same time her daughter was heard planning an eighteen mile in mind, other than pleasure."

The woman slacker is to be seen on all sides. Every town If you want to go up in the business and city and many rural com- world, start right, begin now, by sendmunities have'em At a time in ing for Catalogue of Draughon's Practhe nation's history when all tical Business College, Nashville, able bodied persons who are not Tenn. POSITIONS SECURED. at work should be ashamed to show their faces, a walk down any street will show up the female slacker who has naught to do, it seems, but sit on a shaded porch, dangle her pedal extremities and show her silk stockings, (and, incidentally, her legs) to her way.

Ever notice 'em? So have we. OHIO COUNTY NEWS INDIANA.

Quebec. - The famous railroad bridge over the St. Lawrence river, which collapsed twice during the course of construction, past its final test yesterday when erywhere. It has two trains, weighing approximately 14,000,000 pounds, were run out on the central span simultaneously.

"The American's Creed."

"I believe in the United States Of America as a government of the people, by the people, for their summer

CRITTENGEN RELUMB-FRESS the people; whose just powers are derived from the consent of the governed; a democracy in a republic; a sovereign nation of many sovereign states; a perfect union, one and inseparable; estab ished upon those principles of freedom, equality, justice and Marion, Kentucky, under the Act of humanity for which the American patriots sacrificed their lives and fortunes.

"I therefore, believe it is my support its constitution: to obey its laws; to respect its flag, and to defend it against all enemies. -Page.

Rockefeller Heads List of Income Tax Payers.

Of the \$3,000,000,000 which the federal government derived this year from internal revenue sources, John

D. Rockefeller contributed about \$38,400,000. Henry C. Frick paid the next largest incomes tax, \$7,160,000 The twenty-nine wealthtest persons, after Mr. Rockefeller paid a total income tax of \$86,100,000. Incomes and taxes payable of the thirty richest persons are estimated as follows: Income Estimated Tax Based

	gstimated 1	ax Dased
	Yearly	on this
Branch Co.	Income	Estimate
J.D.Rockefeller	\$60,000.000 \$	38,400,000
H. C. Frick	11,250,000	7,160,000
Andre w Carnegi	e 10,000,000	6,400,000
Geo, F. Baker	7 500,000	4,800,000
Wm. Rockefelle	r. 7,500,600	4.800,000
Edw. S. Harknes	ss 6,250,000	4 000,000
J. O. Armour	6,250,000	4,000,000
Henry Ford	5,000,000	3 200,000
W. K. Vanuerbi		3,200,000
E. H. R. Green	5,000,000	3,200,000
Mrs. E. H. Harrin		2 560,000
Vincent Astor	3,750,000	2,400,000
Jas. Stillman	3,500,000	2,240,000
Thos. F. Ryan	3,500,000	2,240,000
D. Guggenheim	3,500,000	2,240,000
Chas. M. Schwa	b 3,500,000	2,240,000
J. P. Morgan	3,500,000	2,240,000
Mrs. R. Sage	3,600,000	1,920,000
C. H. McCormic	k 3,000,009	1,920,000
Joseph Widener	3,000,000	1,920,000
Arthur C. Jame	s - 3,000,000	1,920,000
N. F. Brady	3,000,000	1,920,000
Jacob H. Schiff	2,500,000	1,600,000
James B. Duke	2,500,000	1,600,000
George Eastman	2,500,000	1,600,000
Pierre S. du Por		1,600,000
Louis S. Swift	2,500,000	1,600,000
Julius Rosenwa	ld 2,500,000	1,600,000
Mrs. L. Lewis	2,500,000	1,600,000

ING" A JOB

Henry Phipps

2 500,000 1,600,000

Start Right, Young Man

You ask yourself why you failed in certain instances to job. Something went wrong; your one suggests that the girls who handwriting was not estisfactory, or and Helen Pryor of New Castle, gad about might be put into a your ability to write business letters Ky. sort of tread-mill arrangement was questioned, or perhaps you lacked whereby Red Cross supplies the little extra power to close the transaction-caused, perhaps, by lack

both confidence and ability.

W. F. JONES, JR., Assistant Cash ier Exchange Bank, Trenton, Tenn. writes: "I OWE my SUCCESS to the training I received at DRAUGH- Lillie Belle Dunn, Mary Lou 'hike' with apparently no purpose ON'S. I think Draughon's Colleges Morgan of Gracey, Frances Blue are the only ones that are able to fit students for important positions with banks.'

Tax Notice.

Tax payers of Marion Graded School District will take notice hospitality were: Misses, Mary that the 5 per cent. penalty will Lou Morgan. Lillie Belle Dunn, be added to all unpaid taxes on Iva Asher, Ruby Asher, Nannie sisting in a revival meeting at those who might happen to pass and after Sept. 1st., and that Rochester, Ina Elizabeth Mc-Sullivan, Ky. T. J. Wring, collector of taxes Chesney of Louisville, Roberta for said district, is directed to Moore, Margaret Orme, Vivian cah, has returned home after a collect by legal means provided Stone, Fannie Moore, Virginia visit with Mrs. Gus Taylor and any tax unpaid after Sept. 1st. Guess, Lucile Moore, Maurice other friends. Board of Trustees, Marion Grad- Mitchel, Katherine Reed, Elizaed School District. 8222t

> tinued to speak the ortar, sometimes

Fire Be Barrage or dam, the military verna sion brige with at the other a high rock bluff. ovidence, Ky. birth to eight he litter has an

back again. me of sound risian has in-

the act of barring rain. The fire cree camp screen of projectiles. Were: of troops is safe; thri forward ("creeping" | ment can advance wit casualties. It is contr ers at the front, who direct artillery fire i wireless, and it dem

OVER 300 CHOICE FABRICS

From which to select your Fall and Winter Suits

The Majestic Fits-U-Best; man will be here Monday and Tuesday, Sept. 2nd, and 3rd, with their big line, which is calculated to suit every taste and purse.

The fitting qualities of Fit-U-Best tailoring is well established, embodying style and effect excelling the very best made to measure clothes that money can buy. Our prices, however, are still duty to my country to love it; to nominal when you take into consideration present day costs.

Boys' School Suits

with caps to match

made to-measure, seams will not rip, buttons will stay on, in fact they are made right, and are just the kind to withstand rough usage of the play ground.

You are invited to drop in and see this display and get prices. Fohs stand, Main street, next to Marion Bank. R. E. WILBORN, Local Agent.

Names of Those Who Reg-

Adamson, Marion Anson; Sullivan,

McDowell, Leslie Herbert; Tribune,

Eddy Farm For Sale

Six Hundred acres, five hun-

dred of which is cleared and un-

der cultivation. 5 houses, 4 barns,

cut 225 tons hay this year, and

for sale in the United States and

is located in Livingstone county

11-2 miles from Cumberland

Additional Locals

Miss Susie Boston has return-

Miss Juliet Pope left Wednes-

day for Tishomingo, Okla.,

where she will teach in public

Mrs. Harriett Donakey has re-

turned from Sturgis, where she

was the guest of her daughter,

Harry Joiner, who has been ill

J. W. Haywood has opened a

Mrs. F. W. Nunn and sons,

Mrs. R. A. LaRue and her

daughter, Miss Joyce, of Salem,

were here Wednesday. They in-

for Colorado to reside. Their

son, Robert, has already gone.

Miss Joyce will teach in Pennsyl-

vania this next term.

M. Y., and Bruce, and daughter,

in the hospital at Chicago for

Mrs. William Baird.

Belleville street.

Evansville.

ed home from a visit in Alabama

Real Estate Agent,

Marion Ky.

Bradford, Allie Moore; Crayne,

Carsin, Wm. Henry; Fredonia,

Alams, Louis Hubert;

Curnol, Freeman Earl;

Cooksey, Albert,

Martin, Otho;

Smith, Marcus H (col)

istered on August 24th.

Dycusburg, Ky

Repton.

Marion.

Casad,

Sheridan,

Fredonia,

Dyeusburg.

Marion.

Sallivan

Fredonia,

Fredonia,

Marion.

Marion,

Dyeusburg.



Katherine Reed entertained on Wednesday afternoon with a Dowell, George Edward; rook party in honor of her visitor Damron, Roy Hayden; Rosiclate, 11 Miss Janice Scott, of Kansas Englor, Lee; City, Mo. Those present were: Ford, Bryan; Misses Forest Hammack, Eliza- Graves, John Ed; beth Cook, Roberta Moore, Mar- Hopson, Sigler; garet Orme, Louise Doss, Vivian Hughes, Luther: Rochester, Gladys Baker, Rob. Meridith, Jas Braxton; bie Fowler, Virginia Guess and Moore, Alfred Horton, Sarah Lee Floyd of Corydon, Ky. Morgan, Corbett;

Katherine Reed gave a party Oliver, Wm. Otto; on her beautiful lawn Friday Polk, Herbert; evening in honor of Miss Janice Whitt, Forest Wilson; Scott, of Kansas City, Mo., and Weldon, Walter Alberta; Sheridan, " Mr. Thomas Griffith of Paducah. Ky. The evening was spent in progressive conversation.

Those who enjoyed the eve- Rich And Fertile ning were: Misses, Virginia Guess, Lucile Moore, Margaret Orme, Forest Hammack, Roberta Moore, Myrtle Glass, Elizabeth Cook and Annie Mae Lindle of Messrs: Gleaford Rankin, John well watered with springs that Danville, Ill.

Flanary, Ted Frazer, Neil Guess, never fail, much of it in grass, Ky., Harry Moore, Jack Wall over 100 acres in corn. This is Hunter Moore of Owensboro, and Clarence Newcom of Owens- one of the finest bodies of land boro, Ky.

on Saturday afternoon at her summer home Crittenden Springs in honor of her manufactured farms also for sale. in honor of her guests Miss Aph

The afternoon was spent in dancing and playing cards, at the close of which a delectable salad course was served.

Those present were: Misses, Aph Pryor, Helen Pryor, Evelyn and other points in the south. Roberts, Virginia Guess, Linda Jenkins, Bernice Wimberly of Louisville, Nannie Rochester, and Virginia Blue.

Mrs. Newton Moore was hostess at a party last Wednesday afternoon, in honor of Miss Mary Lou Morgan of Cadiz, who is visiting Miss Lillie Belle Dunn, several weeks, is now recovering and Miss Iva Asher of Atlanta rapidly and will soon be well.

Delightful cream and waffers were served.

Those who enjoyed Mrs. Moore's beth Cook, Louise Doss and Mrs. Waymes Croft,

Three Colored Boys Entrained For Camp Zachary Taylor.

Three Crittenden county colored boys left here Friday, Aug-By exact measuremet ust 23, for military training at formed the editor that Rev. Lais brought to bear us Camp Zachary Taylor.

> Marshall Bradex, Herbert Coleman, Chester Waymon Stephens.

OUR SAVED FOOD FED THE ALLIES

Food Administrator Writes President America Conserved 141,-000,000 Bushels Wheat.

CREDIT DUE TO

Meat and Fat Shipments Increased by 844,600,000 Pounds.

Conservation measures applied by -the American people enabled the United States to ship to the Allied peoples and to our own forces overseas 141,-000,000 bushels of wheat and 844,600, 000 pounds of meat during the past year, valued in all at \$1,400,000,000. This was accomplished in the face of a serious food shortage in this country, bespeaking the wholeheartedness and patriotism with which the American people have met the food crists abroad,

Food Administrator Hoover, in a letter to President Wilson, explains how the situation was met. The voluntary conservation program fostered by the Food Administration enabled the piling up of the millions of bushels of wheat during 1917-18 and the shipment of afternoon trading. meat during 1917-18.

The total value of all food shipments to Allied destinations amounted to \$1,400,000,000, all this food being bought through or in collaboration with the Food Administration. These figures are all based on official reports and represent food exports for the harvest year that closed June 30, 1918. The shipments of meats and fats (including meat products, dairy products, vegetable oils, etc.,) to Allied destinations were as follows:

Fiscal year 1916-17....2,166,500,000 lbs. Fiscal year 1917-18. . . . 3,011,100,000 lbs.

Increase 844,600,000 lbs. Our slaughterable animals at the beginning of the last fiscal year were not appreciably larger than the year before and particularly in bogs; they

half of the fiscal year, when the ex. c invalescent. ports to the Allies were 2,133,100,000 Val Rappolee left Sunday for Camp pounds, as against 1,206,500,000 pounds Zachary Taylor in answer to the call in the same period of the year before, of his country. This compares with an average of 801,000,000 pounds of total exports for the same half years in the three-year ents and attended the Association at pre-war period.

In cereals and cereal products reduced to terms of cereal bushels our

Fiscal year 1916-17.. 259,900,000 busheld Fiscal year 1917-18. 340,800,000 bushels

Increase 80,900,000 bushels the prime breadstuffs in the fiscal year and Mrs. Phelps and Miss Esther Eider the prime breather the prime bre

Wheat 135,100,000 bushels and rye 2,300,000 bushels, a total of 137,400,000 bushels. In addition some 10,000,000 bushels of 1917 wheat are now in port for Allied destinations or en route thereto. The total shipments to Allied countries from our last harvest of wheat will be therefore, about 141,000,-000 bushels, or a total of 154,000,000 bushels of prime breadstuffs. In addition to this we have shipped som 10,000,000 bushels to neutrals depend ent upon us, and we have received

some imports from other quarters. "This accomplishment of our people in this matter stands out even more clearly if we bear in mind that we had available in the fiscal year 1916-17 from net carry-over and as surplus over our normal consumption about 200,000,000 bushels of wheat which we were able to export that year without trenching on our home lont," Mr. Hoover said. "This last year, however, owing to the large failure of the 1917 wheat crop, we had available from net carry-over and production and imports only just about our normal consump-Therefore our wheat shipments to Allied destinations represent approximately savings from our own wheat bread.

sale stable for all kinds of live "These figures, however, do not fully stock at the Foster stable on convey the volume of the effort and sacrifice made during the past year by the whole American people. De-Rev. J. B. Trotter is now as spite the magnificent effort of our agricultural population in planting a much increased acreage in 1917, not only was there a very large failure in wheat, Miss Maude Hurley, of Padu-

but also the corn falled to mature properly, and our corn is our dominant crop. "I am sure," Mr. Hoover wrote in concluding his report, "that all the millions of our people, agricultural as well as urban, who have contributed to these results should feel a very definite satisfaction that in a year of universal food shortages in the north-Miss Charlotte, returned Tuesern hemisphere all of those people joined together against Germany have day from a visit to friends in come through into sight of the coming harvest not only with wealth and strength fully maintained, but with

only temporary periods of hardship. "It is difficult to distinguish between various sections of our people-the homes, public eating places, food trades, urban or agricultural popula-They Rue and his wife will leave soon tions-in assessing credit for these results, but no one will deny the domipant part of the American women.'

> A hoarder is a man who is more inerested in getting his bite than in giv-

DYCUSBURG

Mrs. Marvin Aiken, of Louisians, is isiting her parents, Dr. and Mrs. J. M, Graves.

Mrs. Mary Armstrong, of Providence, is the guest of her daughter, Mrs. Ora Ramage.

Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Graves, of Brownwood, Tex., are visiting their parents, Dr. and Mrs. J. M. Graves. Miss Pearl Forte Is spending seves iays in Paducah.

Mrs. T. L. Pnillips and children and sister, Miss Rhea Cooksey are visiting heir parents, Mr. and Mrs. P. K. Cooksey.

Misses Helen and Ida Graves, of Paducah, are guests of their aunt, Miss Cora Graves.

Ray Baird, Emmett Bennett and Melvin Henry left for Camp Taylor Monday

Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Dyeus, of Kuttawa, spent Wednesday in town the guests of Mrs. F. B. Dyeus Sr.

J. A. Graves was in Paducah Tuesairs. Owen Boaz spent several days

last week to Marlon, the guest of Mrs. Ethel Guess Mr. and Mrs. F. O. Devers, spent

several days last week in Owensboro. Mrs. Herman Martin and sister, Mary Etta, were in Tiline Thursday

Mr. and Mrs. Oc Peek were in Eddyville Monday.

CASTORIA For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

SALEM

Mrs. Wirt Pierce and daughter, of Truman, Ark., are visiting her parents and friends in this section.

C. C. Grassham and family, of Chiwere probably less. The increase in cago, and Dr. Purcell and family, of shipments is due to conservation and Paducah, were summoned here last the extra weight of animals added by week on the account of the serious illness of their mother, Mrs. Grassham, to bear their best results in the last

T. P. Barnes and wife visited par-Friend-hip church last week.

Little Miss Ruth Dalton, of Paducah, is the guest of Phil Deboe and shipments to Allied destinations have family. While out riding Saturday afternoon, fell and broke her collarbone. Her parents were notified and came to her bedside Sunday.

Salem Graded School will open next Of these cereals our shipments of Monday with Prof. Phelps as Principal assistants. If patrons will do their part Rev. R. A Larue has rests

The exports to Allied destinations work here and at Pinckneyvine, and can be so arranged.

Protracted meeting is being held at the Baptist church this week. The pastor is being assisted by Eld. F. L. Hardy of Russellville, Ky.

Mrs. Willie T. George went to Chattanooga Saturday for a short visit to her husband who is in camp near there.

SEVEN SPRINGS

Rev. Sizemore, of near Kuttawa, will preach at Seven Springs the first Sunday in September.

The long drouth has been broket with copious showers daily. Willie Sunderland and son, Glen-

wood, have been confined to their room past week. M. I.. Patton and wife were in Ma-

rion Friday

School is progressing nicely at Boaz with Miss Mary Moore at the helm. Jim Patton and family, of Caldwell Springs, visited relatives here Sunday

and Sunday night. M. L. Patton, Brice McKinney, Henry Burklow and Ernest Campbell at tended the Ohio River Association at

Gum Spring church last week. Mrs. J. C. Kinsolving, of Emmaus, visited her mother, Mrs. Sarah Patton, at this place Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Bennett, of Dycusburg, attended services here Sun

Henry Burklow, of near Frances, was a pleasant visitor at the home of

M. L. Patton Thursday night. Cecil Brasher attended the Associa

tion at Gum Springs. Roy Campbell from the camps at

West Point, visited his parents here Saturday night Guy Patton and wife visited Rev.

J.C.Kinsolving and family the second Sunday.

Wanted Hides.

At the Marion Meat Market. Will pay highest cash prices. J. R. Sowders.

BEST LOT HORSES OF ANY SEASON.

Reduced Rates on Railroads

Shuttle Train Service to the Fair Grounds

THE PENNYROYAL

Hopkinsville, Ky., August 27-31, 1918 FIFTH YEAR FIVE BIG DAYS

MUSIC BY BRASS BAND

BEST HALF MILE TRACK IN KENTUCKY BIGGEST FAIR IN WESTERN KENTUCKY

Ten per cent of all net earnings will be given to Red Cross and Belgian Relief Fund.

Holland Garnett, Pres., Jno. W. Richards, Sec'y.

Great Exhibit

Beef Cattle Dairy Cattle Swine, Sheep and Poultry

AGRICULTURAL EXHIBIT FLORIAL HALL

Baby Show Aug. 27



Great Lakes, Ill., Naval Training last week.

Indianapolis, Ind.

Mrs. Lan Harpending left Sather sister, Mrs. Jesse Weldon.

T. J. Wring sold last week the Kevil cottage occupied by Dr. home Monday afternoon. Clement, to Sam Gugenheim.

Insure your houses, barns and live stock with the Hartford Agency. Marion Ky. C. G. Thompson.

Mrs. W. G. Carnahan and son Ernest, left Saturday for Washington D. C. to visit D. O. Carnahan and wife.

Willis Anthony Hughes, of Munford, Tenn., left Saturday for his home after a two weeks visit with relatives here.

Mrs. George Orme left Friday for Louisville to join her husband who is there in the officers training, at Camp Zachary Taylor.

When you have Backache the liver or kidneys are sure to be out of gear. Try Sanol, it does wonders for the liver. kidneys and bladder A trial 50c

ter, little Miss Ruth Graham left sons Jim Al and Fleming James, Saturday for Washington, D. C. also their better halves. to join Mr. Bennett.

Stomach troubles makes you blue and despondent. Contentment comes with good digestion. Mi-o-na tablets solve the problem or your money re-

Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Cook returned Friday from a weeks visit in Washington. to Chicago and are now at home

Charles McConnell left Tuesday for Eagle Pass, Tex., to rejoin his regiment after a ten day furlough spent here with his other relatives.

FOR SALE-One Large Frame tobacco barn, 40 x52 feet.

Geo. W. Stone.

The Lucile Mining Co. is preparing to build an office near their mine, and also some residences for their employees, probably ten or twenty.

building a considerable village ated on his adnoids and tonat their mines at Mexico, and is sils removed. His aunts Mrs. ey in this county.

7th. All interested are request- soon be well. ed and others are invited to bring

W. H. Reynolds, Rev. James F. Price. Committee.

Mrs. T. J. Sleamaker and

E. L. Harpending, Notary Public burg, was the guest of Mr. and Ray Flanary has gone to the Mrs. J. P. Guess several days

A. M. Wigginton and wife of Eaton last week. S. M. Jenkins returned Wed- Fredonia, were called here Mon-H. P. Long.

FOR SALE. - Duroc Jersey

Crider were in Evansville shop- week threatened with typhoid. ping several days last week.

LOST-Saturday on the streets set with 4 diamonds. Will pay reward for its return to Press quite ill.

Wakefield Camp near Boston, two weeks ago, has so far recov- Henry Paris. Mr. Johnson and Mass., after spending a short ered as to be able to be up town furlough with his frinds and rel- and at his office a few times. atives here.

FOR SALE-Fine farm 1 mile timber. Well watered. Good house, 2 barns. Good orchard.

Joe B. Walker, Gladstone, Ky.

V. Y. Moore and J. F. Gordon prominent attorneys of Madisonville, are seen here spending the Mrs. Trice Bennett and daugh- week end quite often with their

Forest Harris of Tolu has charge of the D. O. Carnahan store, and he and Mrs. Harris and the little Misses Bennett are funded. Sold by Haynes & Taylor. 3 here at the Trice Bennett home, during Mrs. Bennett's absence

Insure your tobacco crop to their friends on East Bellville now growing against hail. With the Hartford Agency time tried and hail tested. C. G. Thompson.

Lacy C. Nunn and wife, of parents, brothers, sisters and Columbia, La., arrived last week to visit his father E. L. Nunn and other relatives here and in the county. Mr. Nunn was formerly located at Olla, La., and has recently moved to Columbia and organized a new bank.

> Dixon Adams, son of Mr. and Mrs. Allie Adams who live three miles south of the city, was taken

also have town property and mineral rights.

W. E. Belt.

S. T. Dupuy has been absent James Avery of Rushville, Ills., on tobacco consultations this was the guest of S. J. Humphrey chosen as teacher in the fourth and wife this week.

Do you get up at night? Sanol is children are visiting relatives in surely the best for all kidney or blad- had last year. der troubles. Sanol gives relief in 24 hours from all backache and bladder Mrs. Owen Boaz, of Dycus- troubles. Sanol is a guaranted reme-50 cent bottle at the drug store

> Mrs. Alda Wolford of Salem. was the guest of Mrs. E. M.

Sam Gugenheim is in St. Louis Yandell-Gugenheim store.

Mrs. E. S. Love and daughter as they can get possession. urday for Madisonville, to visit Sows and Pigs. - S. M. Jenkins. Miss Hazel spent last week in Miss Catherine Hughes who Louisville and Cincinnati, rewas the guest of relatives at turning via Marion to visit her Central City last week returned parents E. M. Eaton and wife.

S. J. Humphrey of the eastern Miss Grace Hill, Mrs. Maude part of the city has been ill and Crider and little Mi s Virginia confined to his bed for the past

Rev. W. D. Humphrey of Waverly, Ills., Presiding Elder of a small round Gold Breast Pin, his district, was here this week to visit his father who has been

Homer Lowery left Friday for tice of whose illness appeared It has recently been occupied by

J. D. Summers went to Evansville Monday afternoon on a south Gladstone. 200 acres 50 in business trip to buy machinery for the Lucile mine.

and in the country.

Mrs. Henri Newcom and son Clarence, of Owensboro, left Saturday for their home after a guest of Misses Elizabeth Rochtwo weeks visit to relatives here ester and Irma Perry, returned grave of her mother and to other the office at all reasonable hours. and in the country. Mr. C. R. to her home in Fredonia last points of interest in the old home Newcom was called home a week. week earlier,

Thomas Harris, of the United States submarine service, was ference in being 90 feet under has returned home. the sea and being on top, and likes the submarine service fine. He returned to his u-boat Weddesday.

Henry Paris bought the Geo. M. Crider house from T. H. Cochran and will move to it as soon as soon as he can get possesion. Prof. E. C. Boyd, of ing the century mark, was tak- parture for Marion, and on the Hampton, who occupied it, will en seriously ill with flux Satur- return they were guests of D. H. move to the J. R. Summerville day afternoon and is still in a

Word was received here last to the Walker sanitarium in week by Mr. and Mrs. B. B. The Aluminum Ore Co. is Evansville last week and oper- Stout who are relatives, of the ily have returned from a months see the visitors during their death of Richard Rushing at vacation in Louisville with her short stay. The new Convent McKenzie, Tenn., of tuberculo- parents and other relatives and of the Sisters of Mercy on Broadspending a vast amount of mon- Maude Crider and Miss Grace sis. He visited here at the home friends. Hill who accompanied him re- of his uncle Bert B. Stout, sever-The Kilpatrick graveyard will turned Saturday with him. He al times while his sister Miss Ida M. Roberts of Mattoon, left nished throughout in hardwood The Kilpatrick graveyard will be cleaned off Saturday Septemis recuperating nicely and will Christine Rushing was attending Tuesday for Camp Zachary Tay- and is steam heated. Music and the Marion High School and was lor. He has been in the employ art are taught there and Paro-I have several good popular with all who knew him of the Western Union Telegraph chial schools are maintained in on account of his jolly disposition Co. in Oklahoma and Texas, and many sections of the city, the tools and dinner and spend the farms for sale close in, and inquiring mind. The editor was drafted from there, but bewas especially fond of him and ing here on a visit he got the is distressed to hear of his un- local board to obtain a transfer whose lives are devoted to worl s timely death.

Miss Martha Wilborn has been grade of the Sturgis school, the place her sister, Miss Alloway,

Hughes cottage on Walker street cilia her niece, and were guests next to C. J. Pierce and will of S. M. Jenkins and family move his little family to it as from Thursday afternoon unsoon as he can get possession.

daughter, Miss Bessie Nunn, Mother was in girlhood, ed, and is spending this week have bought the Kevil cottage Miss Maggie Jenkins, a sister of with his grandparents. nesday from a business trip to on account of the illness of Mrs. this week buving goods for the in front of R. E. Pickens for the editor of this paper and this Mrs. N. E. Calmes left Mon-\$450 and will move to it as soon is her first visit to Marion since day for Bowling Green, to be

> owned by Phelps and Hazelip, entered the Convent 10 years of Paducah, and Hon. W. L. ago and this is her first visit to Kennedy, of Lola, was sold last her uncle since then. The open-bladder troubles, dissolves gravel, cures

> ed to resume her studies in the Louisville Conservatory of Mu
> real occasion of the trip as the Regulates bladder troubles in children. Regulates bladder troubles in children. If not sold by your druggist, will sent by mail on receipt of \$1.25. One small

Judge James A. Moore, a no-ley house from Redford Yates. Mrs. Mary A. Jenkins, now 86 his family will move as soon as they can get possession.

> Born, Aug 27th, to the wife and babe are doing well.

James L. Love and wife, of charge of the Swine Extension modore Gracey Childers now in McMuller, Mo., arrived here last work in Mississippi, has returned U. S. Navy and her daughter, week to visit his sister, Mrs. to the Agricultural College Miss, Miss Dixie Childers a girlhood Anthony Murphy, on N. Walker where he is stationed, after friend. Mrs. Lyon, widow of street, and other relatives here spending his vacation in Lexing- General H. B. Lyon of Confeder- den county who owe their tax ton and here with his parents, ate fame and Mrs. Flack widow for the year 1918, I now have

Furnished rooms for rent .-Mrs. J. W. Goodloe.

Miss Iva Asher, of Atlanta, here the past week on a fur- Ga., who was the popular guest lough. He says he sees no dif- of her friends and relatives here, Mother's grandfather, the late

critical condition, considering

Lewin Roberts, son of Mrs. to this city.

Distinguished Guests In City

Superior, of the Convent of the spent the week-end with his Sisters of Mercy, located at 1176 parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. M. East Broadway Louisville, Ky., Stone, and family. Lee Easley has rented the accompanied by Sister Mary Cetil Saturday morning when they Mrs. Fannie Scott and her left for their home. Reverend she took the black veil, which the guest of her daughter, Miss was 35 years ago. Her niece Hortense Calmes, for a week. The White Eagle mine at Lola, was Miss Mildred Smith. She week to Nashville capitalists for ing of the parochial schools at diabetes, weak and lame back, rheuma-St. Johns near Paducah was the tism and irregularities of the kidneys Miss Miriam Pierce has decid- real occasion of the trip as the and bladder in both men and women. sic and will leave next week for cy. and the Reverend Mother bottle is two months' treatment, and concluded to come here to see seldom fails to perfect a cure. Send her brother and stop also at Ed-

Reverend Mother and her niece were the recipients on their trip of J. T. Hicklin a son. Mother friends of their girlhood. At mile northeast of Marion. Also and habe are doing well. in her palatial home by Mrs. William Rochester who has Lucy Childers, mother of Com-Mr. and Mrs. W. N. Rochester. of Lieutenant Flack of the U. S. my tax books and am ready to Miss Mary Ray, who was the army, placed their touring car receive your tax. I or one of at her disposal for visits to the my deputies will be found in visit was made to Miss Kitty Anderson daughter of the late Governor Charles Anderson an

years old.

old friend of the family. At Princeton the Reverend Frank Gardner is buried. He was one of the state's law mak-Mrs. Harry Kuykendall and ers a half century ago. A visit little daughter have returned was made to his grave in the to their home in Paducah after city cemetery. They were met a pleasant visit with her aunts. at the station by Mrs. Grace Lyon Mrs. C. S. Nunn and Miss Dell Kevil, a former student in the Convent, now wife of the mayor Mrs. Mary Long, Marion's of Princeton who entertained oldest citizen, who is approach- them until the time of their de-Gardner a cousin at noon day luncheon while awaiting the Pullman to take them to Louisville,

Many old friends at Eddyville, Rev. Harry R. Short and fam- Princeton and Marion called to way in Louisville is a substantial structure of brick and stone, furof mercy and charity.

! turgis Items In "Sun"

Sister Mary Genevieve Mother Mr. Kelly Stone, of Marion,

Mrs. W. H. Ward returned home Sunday afternoon from a visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jess Olive, at Marion. Master Howard Olive Ward remain-

A TEXAS WONDER.

Jack Johnson bought the Hurdyville to see her stepmother Sold by druggists. -Advertisement.

Nice Cows For Sale

Several good Jersey cows and of much distinguished attention heifers to be fresh soon. Can from the refined and elegant be seen at my father's farm one

Harry Johnson, Route 4.

TAX NOTICE

V. O. CHANDLER, Sheriff C. C.



Mere is a message to suffering women, from Mrs. W. T. Price, of Public, Ky.: "I suf-fered with painful...", she writes. "I got down with a weekness in my back and limbs...I felt helpless and dis-couraged...I had about given up hopes of ever

HUGE PROFITS IN U. S. INDUSTRIES

Startling Facts Revealed by Treasury Department.

WORST IS IN FOODSTUFFS

Profiteering by Producers of Common Necessities, Bad Enough in 1916, Was Enormously Increased in 1917 In Most Instances.

Washington, Aug. 17.—Amazing prof-Its in almost every branch of Ameriwhen the treasury department completed its long-awaited report on prof-

The report covers 31,500 corporations, the names of which are withheld. It was prepared in response to the Borah resolution, adopted by the senate after President Wilson, in his revenue address to congress on May 27, declared that there was "abundant fuel for the light" in the treasury desertment with regard to profiteering.

The treasury department takes the sition that it would be a violation of existing law to make public the mes of corporations and their earnings. The senate resolution is not sufacient to suspend the law; it would sequire a joint resolution, the treasury partment holds.

The most extraordinary profiteering sevealed by the report was in foodstuffs. Producers of nearly all the necessities of life were shown to have made enormously increased profits in 1917 over 1916, although their arnings in 1916 were in numerous Meat packers' profits were shown to have increased substantially. One targe packer made \$19,000,000 more in 1917 than in 1916.

In the iron and steel industry sensational profits were disclosed. In coal and oil profits mounted to unparalleled feures. Public utilities of virtually every character also came in for a libshare of the increased prosperity.

Large Profits of Dairies Among the dairy concerns large inmeases of profits were shown. One pany with \$600,000 capital made 1166,000 in 1917, against \$25,000 the year before. The small dairymen made the largest percentages of in-breased profits. One li'tle concern with a capital of \$2,400 made \$11,659, s compared with \$4,000 for 1016.

Fruit and vegetable growing indusprofits increased considerably over those for 1916, although they re fairly large for that year. One pacern's profits were 240 per cent agre for 1917 than for 1916. Concerns th small capital showed the largest

Wheat, corn and barley growing was t so profitable, according to the re-ma. One concern with \$425,000 cap-

Stock breeding showed substantially eased profit in nearly all the con-slisted. The industry also showed profits for the previous year. concern's profits were 255 per more in 1917 than in 1916.

large number of industries listed grice" showed some strikingly large profits, beginning in 1916 and increasrapidly in 1917.

Food Men Gain Riches.

Of 216 concerns listed under the cap-"Bread and other baking prodects," profiteering of an amazing charecter was shown. For example, one empany capitalized at \$40,000 in-wed increases of less than 20 per ent on their capital stock.

In the canning industry one commy which earned 377 per cent in 916 earned 1,047 per cent in 1917. other, capitalized at \$93,000, made 347,000 in 1917, against \$66,000 in A \$50,000 concern which made 5,000 in 1916 made \$142,000 in 1917.

The manufacture of syrups, molas ses and glucose netted much increased One company with \$350,000 apital earned \$363,000 in 1917 against 176,000 in 1916. Ice cream was an cially big money maker.

Of more than 500 flour, feed and wist mills listed only a few failed to ow largely increased profits. One 2,500,000 concern made \$752,000 in 1016 and \$1,200,000 in 1917.

There was a general upward rise in ost packing companies' profits. The argest concern listed had a capital of \$100,099,000, upon which it earned \$49,-800,000 in 1917, against \$30,000,000 in

Startling Profits in Leather.

next morning and remanded for as Leather manufacturers, including the inquiry as to his sanity. alers in hides, and makers of boots and shoes and trunks and e profits in 1916 and 1917 that are eartling. One shoe manufacturing cern, with \$1,000,000 capital, made \$13 per cent in 1916, but no excess in

Scores of boot and shoe manufac turing concerns, whose capital was from \$100,000 to \$1,000,000, made all the way from 20 to more than 1,000 cent in 1916

The profits of the brewers ranged om 25 to 175 per cent in 1916, and excess profits in 1917 were from 5 to 50 per cent, most of the large brewerles making an average profit of 2 to 50 per cent in 1916, and an ex-

The distillers of whiskies and spirde profits in 1916 that ranged on 9 to 828 per cent, while their ex- | waiters

cees profits last year were from 12 to 400 per cent. Coal Men Pile Up Wealth.

The Pennsylvania and West Virginia soft coal mining companies made enormous excess profits in 1917, acperding to the report. The large companies all made profits in 1916 ranging from 25 to 150 per cent.
In 1917 all of the large bituminous

operators, the report shows, made unusual profits. One mine made 1,626 per cent on its capital in 1916 and 4,337 per cent in 1917. Another made 1,872 per cent in 1916 and 5,983 per cent in 1917.

Profits of the midcontinent bituminous operators were smaller, averaging 50 per cent.

The big oil producing companies of Illinois, Indiana, New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Kentucky, Tennessee, and West Virginia made from 28 to 396 per cent in 1916 and enormous excess profits in 1917. The Texas, Oklahoma and Kansas oil companies showed similar profits for both years.

All of the garment manufacturers made gigantic profits in 1916, those for the larger companies ranging from 25 to 75 per cent that year. They showed excess profits in 1917 of from 5 to 55

Small dealers in flour and grain, with capital stock of from \$1,000 to \$8,000, made excess profits that ranged as high as 519 per cent.

The report also shows that the small dealers in furniture and other house hold goods made enormous profits last year, with excess profits as high as 350

Retail dealers in tobacco made enor mous profits off the smokers of the country, the highest being 3,176 per cent, and the average approximately 80 per cent in 1916. These profits were doubled during 1917.

Auto Builders Wax Fat

Most of the automobile companies hit high marks in earnings in 1916, but they went still higher in 1917. The largest listed, however, did not show any extraordinary increase in profits over those of 1916. One company with \$31,000,000 capital in 1916 earned \$17, 000,000, then boosted its capital stock to \$96,000,000 and then earned \$23,000,000. A \$19,000,000 concern which cerned \$4,608,000 in 1916 made \$5,258,-000 in 1917. A \$16,000,000 company made \$4,713,000 in 1917, against \$4,-109,000 in 1916.

A tin plate mill with \$40,000,000 capital made \$54,000,000 set profit in 1917, against \$19,000,000 in 1916, or as increase of 72 per cent on its capital stock.

Transportation, public utilities, and light and power companies, with very few exceptions, fared exceedingly well during 1916 and 1917. Their profits in 1916 generally ranged from 6 to 80 per cent on their capital stock, while they nearly all made excess profits in 1917 of from 8 to 35 per cent. Profits of the large public utilities companies in 1916 and 1917 ranged from 11 to 25 per cent.

Steam and electric railroads in 1916 made from 17 to 207 per cent profits, while in 1917 they made profits in excess of 1916 that ranged between 15 and 20 per cent, according to the re-

Marine, fire, and life insurance concerns enjoyed unusually large increases in profits. One company earned 493 per cent more on its capital stock in 1917 than in 1916. Another eapitalized at \$700,000 increased its income from \$324,000 in 1916 to \$3,778,000 in 1917.

A list of 2,092 clothing and dry goods merchants, including department stores, showed profits for 1917 in excess of those over 1916, as high as 191.43 per cent on the capital stock. The concerns making the enormous profits, however, were the smaller

Retail grocers and provision brokers made their enormous "war profits in 1916, the report shows. The gro-cers made only a small profit in 1917 in excess of their 1916 profits. Of the 1,633 concerns listed in the report, however, only a dosen show profits of less than 20 per cent on their capital stock in 1916, the year before the United States entered the war, and the profits of some concerns that year were as high as 1,818 per cent. Most of the grocers, both large and small concerns, the report shows, made average profits in 1916 of from 50 to 200

London Police Quick to Act. The smartness of the London police is commented upon in the description of an attempted suicide from Water oo bridge, "The Bridge of Sighs." man jumped on the parapet, leaped in to the air, made a couple of loops and splashed into the Thames. Inside of a linute the police had picked him up with a motorboat and dispatched at officer to recover his hat and stick

from the bridge. He was duly charged

Worth the Money. Corporal Frank Brunson of Omaha Neb., a member of the 24th balloon company stationed at Camp Morrison Va., 1,000 miles away, wanted to see his new daughter who had just arrived. Leave was granted but these were the instructions he had to follow on the way home: "Wire headquarters

John Made an Error, Looks Like. "They also serve who only stand and

at every stop," Brunson said it was

considerable trouble, but it was wor'

It to see "daddy's baby girl,"

Maybe you're right, John; maybe you're not; but they're not hanging up any service flags for the stunders and

Patriots Over Here



BIG GUNS COMMAND SHORTEN BATTLE VALLEY OF THE OISE

FRENCH LEADER'S BRILLIANT LO-CAL THRUSTS WREST GROUND FROM THE ENEMY.

Latest Success Gives Gen. Mangin's Forces Command of the Valley of Olse As Far As Mont Renaud. Many Prisoners Taken.

With the French Army in France.in brilliant local operatons carried Oise river near Ribecourt southeastward to Morsain, northwest of Soissons, important positions were wrested from the Germans, who left 2,200 prisoners in the hands of the French. miles at the greatest depth of the

front. The first German line of defense was prous at many places.

Carlepoint, and thence on to Pimrez, across the Oise. This success gives the French command of the valley of the Oise as far as Mont Renaud.

With these routes commanded by Gen. Mangin's artillery, the only free route for exit from the region of Noy-on and Lassigny is the narrow gauge Guiscard, and the high road running

in the same direction. Unless the German general, Von Hutler, is able to stop Mangin's advance he will have only this narrow outlet for his troops and material, as the triangle between the Noyonmovement of troops and transport.

off the grip of the allies, break contact of operations, while not spectacular, were entirely satisfactory, the French overcoming the resistance of the Germans in the region of Lassigny and pressing on toward Plessier.

GERMANS GIVING GROUND

The German Troops Seem to Have Lost Greatly In Fighting Efficiency.

With the British Army in France. In response to pressure applied first at one and then another part of the line, the Germans opposite the British on several portions of the front continue to give ground. The German troops which have been encountered in the past few days, especially during the operations in which Outtersteen ridge was captured and consolidated. seem to have lost greatly in fighting efficiency. Of nearly 700 Germans captured during the Outtersteen operation, many surrendered tamely, after securing their rations and personal belongings.

There are indications that the Germans also are giving way in parts of the Merville sector. On the new Somme front the Germans overlook no opportunity to fight rear actions. They appear ready to retire, but apparently want to be pushed a little because in the pushing operations they may be offorded an opportunity to get in their deadly work with machine guns.

Dry Dock At New Orleans.

New Orleans .- At the local office of the United States shippings board of the emergency fleet corporation, it s said that a 10,000-ton dry dock and a large ship repair plant will be constructed at New Orleans. Work on the dock and plant will begin immedi ately, and it is expected to have them in operation by the first of next year The plant and dock will cost about \$1,250,000 and will be sufficiently large to accommodate the largest steamships that enter this port, the announcement says.

FRONT FIFTY MILES

ALLIES MAINTAIN POSSESSION OF INITIATIVE BY MAKING LIMITED ATTACKS.

British Make Steady Progress Forward, Capturing Villages, Taking Prisoners and Guns From Surprised Army.

Washington.-Allied successes on he Marne, in Picardy and in Flanders out by Gen. Mangin's troops, from the in recent operations have resulted in a contraction of the western battle front by more than 50 miles, General March, chief of staff, announced. The allies in engagements conducted the past week, he added, have maintained Gen. Mangin's forces advanced three their possession of the initiative by making attacks on limited fronts and at widely separated points.

At the beginning of the German ofcrossed over nearly the whole front fensive in March the battle front in though the resistance was most vig- France measured 250 miles. Now it is less than 200 miles in length and Gen. Mangin holds the line running the latest British gains are reducing from Morsain along the southern edge it further. General March said he of the ravine of Audignicourt to Fo- was without official confirmation of sette heights, dominating the plain of the results of the British advance to the north of the Scarpe.

British Make Steady Progress. With the British Army in France. Having smashed into Gen. von Below's Seventeenth army during a heavy fog on a front of more than 10 miles, extending from the Ancre River to Moyline running north to Ham by way of enville, the British have made steady progress forward, capturing villages, taking prisoners and guns and inflicting heavy casualties on the surprised

army. Coming directly on the heels of the battle south of the Somme, the scene of which virtually adjoins the field of Chauny road and the road from Novon the new operations, this blow exploits to Guiscard, while a good position for to the limit the confusion created defense, is not favorable for an intense among the German forces by their recent defeats.

Heavy figh ing desperately to hold the present the embankment of the Albert-Arras lines, while seeking a chance to shake railroad, which seemed to have been easily reached by the storming British with them and slip away. The result infantrymen, who were assisted in this task by tanks.

SNIPED SIX GERMANS.

American Corporal in Front Trench Makes New Record.

With the American Army in France corporal in an American front line regiment, to which he was assigned as a sniper, has made a record by accounting for six men within three days Among them was a German sniper who had given the Americans much trouble. The corporal brought him down by daringly crawling out toward a tree in which he was located.

Three of the other Germans killed by the corporal were picked off as they incautiously showed themselves at a trench junction 500 yards from where he was stationed.

JUMPS FROM AN AIRPLANE.

Ship Caught Fire and Johnson Leaps

Out to His Death. Belleville, Ill.-Allan B. Johnson of Fort Alleghany, Pa., was killed at Scott Field, near here, when an airplane in which he was flying 3,000 eet from the ground, caught fire and fell to the earth.

Johnson, who was 25 years of age, had gone up in the machine alone. Of ficers at the field attributed the accident to a leak in the oil tank, oil having dripped on the exhaust pipe. When the machine caught fire Johnson unstrapped himself from the plane and jumped. His body was mangled beyond recognition.

Prisoners' Conference Put Off. Paris .- At the request of the Ger man government the German-American conference regarding war prisoners has been postponed, according to a Geneve dispatch published in the Eche de Paris.

Seven Burned In Home,

Binghamton, N. Y.—The charred bodies of Philip Roth, his wife and five children were found in the ruins of their home, 12 miles east of Willseyville, Tioga county. The bouse had been burned during the night

100,000 IN 6 WEEKS GERMAN PRISONERS

DAMAGE SIX GERMAN ARMIES SINCE JULY 15-BRITISH EATING INTO SEVENTH.

DESIGNS OF FOCH UNKNOWN

Believed Generally That Foch's Alm le to Strike Blows Causing Enemy Irreparable Losses in Men and Material.

Paris.-The allied armies have taken more than 100,000 prisoners since July 18, says Marcel Hutin in

The allies have damaged six German armies since July 15 and the Brit. ish are now eating into the seventh with the spread of the battle north-

ward and over a front of 70 miles. Whether the enemy is prepared or unprepared, allied efforts have had the same results and the Germans have been outgeneraled and outfought. The past six weeks have been those of Gens. von Even, von Hutler and von Boehn, von Even, von Hutier and von der Marwits.

The full designs of Marshal Foch are known only to himself and per-haps one or two others, but it is be-FRENCH TAKE 2,200 GERMANS THE TANKS DO GREAT WORK haps one or two others, but it is not, as the Germans claim, to pierce their line, but to strike a succession of blows to cause the enemy irreplaces. ble losses in men and material and to force him to make more or less disastrous retreats.

If that be the marshal's plan, he is pursuing it with skill and unvarying success. Gen. Ludendorff is being forced to expend his effectives out of all proportion to his resources on a given sector of the front, after which another blow is struck home on another sector. At no place have the Germans apparently been strong enough to check the attack entirely.

NEWSPAPER IS HALTED.

May Not Publish Daily Without War

Board's Authority. Helena, Mont-The Butte Weekly Bulletin has been advised by the pulp and paper division of the war indus tries board that it can not proceed with its plans for the publication of a daily newspaper in Butte without au thority of the war industries board. The Montana council of defense is ued an order Aug. 12 prohibiting the establishment in Montana of new papers or the conversion of weeklies or

nonthlies into datties during the war. The Butte Bulletin announced it would pay no attention to the order of the state council, which took the matter up with the pulp and paper division of the war industries board.

SEND DOWN 21 AIRPLANES.

Pifteen and a Half Tone of Explosives

Dropped by British Flyers. London.-Twenty-one German air planes were brought down by British flyers August 20 and four balloons were sent down in flames, the war office communique on aviation states. oner, American detachments were sent Fifteen and a half tons of bombs were dropped by British bombing planes on various German targets, including the docks at Brugges and an aerdome at Phalempim.

REAP CROPS UNDER FIRE.

Italians Harvest Grain While Austrian Guns Roar.

Washington.-Italian soldiers and civilians have succeeded in harvesting the grain on the right bank of the Plave River under fire of the enemy, according to official reports received from Rome. The entire district was swept, while the harvesters worked, by the enemy's artillery.

\$40,000 INDEMNITY BILL

Senate Passes Measure to Recoup

Greek Sufferers in Omaha Riots. Washington.-A senate bill provid ing \$40,000 to indemnify Greece, as requested by President Wilson in a re cent message to Congress, for damages suffered by Greeks in South Omaha, Neb., riots in 1909, was passed by the House and now goes to the pres-

Give Salvation Army \$100,000. New York .- In recognition of the as France by the workers of the Salvation Army on duty there, the United States Steel Corporation sent \$100,000 to the Army's war work committee. Accompanying the donation was a letter of congratulation to Commander Evangeline Booth from Elbert H. Gary, chairman of the steel corpora tion.

More Than 30 Are Killed,

Tyler, Minn.—Between 30 and 35 persons were killed and more than 100 were injured by the tornado which struck Tyler and tore the town to pieces in a twinkling.

The tornado tore through the heart of the town, sparing only one building, a motion picture theater, in which 200 persons were sheltered. greatest loss of life was in a restau rant. Eighteen persons were in the place when the brick walls collapsed Sixteen were killed and the other twe were seriousir injured.

CHINESE GOVERNMENT SENDS TROOPS TO SIBERIAN BORDER TO PROTECT PROPERTY.

1.450,000 MEN OVERSERS

Gen. Peyton C. March Announces the Number of Men Now Overseas and Under Arms in the United States.

Washington.-The Chinese government has sent a large force of troops to the Siberian border to prevent a threatened invasion of Chinese territory by German and Hungarian prisoners of war who joined with the red guard and other elements of the Bolsheviki against the Czecho-Slovaks in

the Trans-Baikal region. The sending of the Chinese forces was taken to mean that every means of extending relief to the Czecho-Slovaks. The active participation of the Chinese army on the Siberian border may have an important bearing on developments there within a few days, according to officials here.

Vladivostok.-A second transport carrying American troops arrived at Vladivostok. The transport bearing the first contingent of American soldiers entered the harbor after a voyage of seven days from Manila.

1,450,000 Men Are Oversess.

Washington.-Gen. Peyton C. March, chief of staff, at his conference with members of the Senate military affairs committee, announced that the United States had 1.450,000 men under arms overseas and 1,550,000 under arms in

camps in the United States. Eighty American divisions of 45,000 men each, Gen. March told the house military committee, "should be able to bring the war to a successful conclusion in 1919." That is the number the war department plans to have in France by next June 30.

Casualties in the United States overseas forces, announced by the war and navy departments during the week ending August 18, numbered 1,255, compared with 4,916 for the previous reck Total casualties announced to date number 21,467, including 376 to army list. The total army casualties number 18,707; marine corps, 2,760.

TAKE 60 WITHOUT A SHOT

Pruesian Machine Gunners Were Ans loue to Quit-They Were the Last of a Company.

With the American Army on the Vesle Front-Sixty Prussians were taken prisoner by the Americans near Fismette, north of Fismes, without either side firing a shot. The Prussians were machine gunners and all that remained of a company which had

been in line less that a manth The location of the machine gun po sitions having been reported by a prisout, and, according to the Americans, the Prussians were waiting to be taken prisoner. The intelligence officer who questioned the Prassians asserted that they nearly all had agreed to surrender if the slightest opportu-

nity arose. The Americans who took the prisoners do not claim any credit for the capture, declaring that the Prussians virtually deserted their posts.

A German prisoner told an intelligence officer he believed that if the battle line recedes to Germany proper, the fighting spirit of the German soldiers will be greatly stimulated.

BOMB ZEEBRUGGE AGAIN.

The British Also Drop Explosives On the Docks At Ostend.

London.-Concentrating their offorts on Zeebrugge, the German submarine base in Belgium, British avia tors, working with the navy, dropped 60 tons of bombs on enemy positions during the period from Aug. 8. In addition to operations against Zeebrugge bombs were also dropped on the Ostend docks and the airdome at Varses nae, where fires were observed.

WILL INCREASE WAGES.

sistance rendered the wounded in New Orleans Street Rallway to In-

crease Wages 711/2 Per Cent. New Orleans,-Directors of the New Orleans Railway & Light Company decided to pay employes of the company the increase of approximately 711/2 per cent awarded by the war labor board. The increase, effective as of July 1, means a total of \$275,000 to be distributed among the employes.

Convicted of Esplonage.

Madison, Wis .- Louis E. Nagler, former assistant secretary of state, was sentenced to 30 months in the penitentlary at Fort Leavenworth in federal court here. Nagler had been convicted for violating the espionage act.

Two Submarines Are Sunk.

Brest, France.-Two German submarines have just been sunk by American and French naval patrols. This news was communicated to President Poincare while he was visiting the docks here.

Our Part in Feeding the Nation

(Special Information Service, United States Department of Agriculture) STORE VEGETABLES FOR WINTER USE.



This Concrete Storage Cellar is Built Partly Underground to Make it Frost-

table.

pits, but it is difficult to get them out

in cold weather, so that when a pit is opened it is desirable to remove its

entire contents at once. For this reason it is advisable to construct several

small pits rather than one large one

and instead of storing each crop in a

pit by itself it is better to place a small

quantity of several kinds of vegetables

in the same pit, so that it will be nec-

essary to open only one bank to get a supply of all of them. In storing

several crops in the same bank it is

desirable to separate them with straw, leaves, or other material. The veg-

etables from the small pit may be

placed temporarily in the storage room

in the basement, where they will be

easily accessible as needed for the

BULLETIN ON STORAGE

This article gives briefly the

different storage places available

for keeping late vegetables. For

detailed information on arrang-

ing storage rooms, making out-

side pits and cellars and taking

care of specific products write to the division of publications, Unit-

ed States department of agricul-

ture, for a free copy of Farmers'

Bulletin 879 on the home storage

electric fan, the drying of small quan-

titles of material can be easily done,

provided that special care be given the

preliminary treatment of the products.

All that is necessary is to make trays

of wire screening, with one end of each

or preferably both ends open. The

materials to be dried are spread thin-

ly upon the trays, which are stacked

one upon another with the open ends

turned toward the fan and covered

with cheesecloth, and the fan is placed

close to the end of the stack and run

at moderate speed, thus driving a vig-

orous current of air over the material.

Drying occurs much more rapidly at

the end nearest the fan, hence the

stack must be reversed after four to

six hours and again after a longer

All materials requiring blanching

that are to be fan-dried should be

blanched in steam or boiling water or

serious deterioration is fikely to oc-

cur. Also, since the rapid movement

of air over the product has a tendency

to dry out the surfaces of the pieces

while the inner, central portions are

still too moist, fan-dried material

should be placed in baking tins and

placed in the oven of a warm stove to

should be left ajar and the fire so

regulated that the temperature is held

at 150 to 160 degrees F. for two to

three hours, after which it should be

raised to 180 degrees F. for a minute

or two in order to destroy any eggs of

fruit insects which may have been de-

posited in the material while exposed

in the drier. After this treatment the

product may be placed in permanent

containers, but should be examined

from time to time and returned to the

oven for a short redrying in case any

parts of it appear to be too moist to

Producer-Consumer Markets.

Curb markets are helping city wom-

en solve the problem of finding a short-

er and less expensive route between

producers and consumers. Such mak-

kets are the shortest routes between

farm and city kitchens and are in suc-

cessful operation in many American cities. They have proved to be of real

service to both city and farm women.

The city women have found them a re-

liable source of farm produce which

less cost and with a greater degree of freehness than by less direct methods

of distribution. The farm women have

found them a reliable source of income and a satisfactory outlet for their products.

interval.

Save Time and Labor by Keeping Root Crops in Storage Cellars and Pits.

OUTDOOR CAYES ARE USEFUL

Particularly Desirable on Farm as They Afford Convenient and Inexpensive Facilities for Surplus Vegetables.

Before canning or drying root vegetables the housewife should carefully consider the possibility of saving time, strength, and expense by the use of

storage pits or root cellars. A half-acre garden will produce far more vegetables than the average family can consume during the summer. Only a small portion of the garden products are used as they reach maturity. Beets, late cabbage, carrots, lery, enlops, parsnips, potatoes, reet, potatoes, salsify, and turnips

may all be etched for winter use. The successful storage of vegetables is not at all difficult; in fact, good storage facilities already exist in most homes, it being only necessary to make use of the cellar, the atticas large closet, or other parts of the dwelling, depending upon the character of the product to be stored. Many cellars are not well suited for this because of poor insulation or lack of ventilation. Cellars containing a furnace for heating the dwelling usually are too warm and too dry for the storage of root crops. It is often possible, however, to partition off a room either in one corner or at one end of the cellar where the temperature may be controlled by means of outside win-

Outdoor Storage Cellars.

Outdoor storage cellars or caves are xcellent for the storage of many vegetables. They are particularly desirable on the farm, as they afford convenlent and inexpensive storage facilities for surplus vegetable crops that otherwise might be lost. They possess all the advantages of the storage room In the basement and are superior in many respects. The outdoor storage cellar can be maintained at a uniform temperature over a long period. It is sible to keep the cellar cool and quickly to reduce the temperature of placed in the oven of a warm stove to the stored products to the desired be finished. The door of the stove point for safe storage by opening the door during the night and closing it in the morning before the air becomes warm. All ventilators should likewise be kept tightly closed until the out side air is again cooler than that within the cellar, when they should be opened, unless the outside temperature is so low as to be dangerous. safeguards the product and adds to the Mclency of the storage chamber. Vegetables can be more conveniently laed in such a cellar than in the storage room in the basement of a dwell-

When the calef use of the outdoor storage cellar is for storing turnips, beets, carrots, and other root crops commonly used as stock food, it should e located near the stable, where the material will be convehient for winter When it is to be used for for the table the cellar sible from the kitchen s. If apples or other fruits re to be stored in an outdoor storage pliar it is desirable to have a twoat cellar, one for vegetables ad one for apples, with a ventilating

f banks or pits are used very for keeping vegetables. The fit used commonly for such as petatoes, carrots, betts, alsify, parsolps, and heads of

Spray potatoes early to keep ahead

SOLDIERS' SWORD

If We Fail in Our Duty Boys in France Cannot Achieve Victory.

LOAN MONEY TO UNCLE SAM

Buying Liberty Bonds an Investment In Lives of Americans "Over There" and an Insurance for Safety of Our Country.

By CORRA HARRIS, (Author of "A Circuit Rider's Wife." "Eve's Second Husband," Etc.)

During the Thrift Stamp campaign in July, 1918, a prominent citizen was sent into a backwoods farming community to arouse the people, and if possible sell Thrift Stamps. He was not expected to have much success with the sale of stamps because the people were very poor and illiterate. The effort was to be chiefly educa-

The speaker found a dingy company of farmers and their wives waiting for him in an old field schoolhouse.

He began his address with arguments for the support of the government reduced to the simplest forms. No one seemed to listen. The men stared straight ahead as if they had something else on their minds. The women fanned themselves and looked out of the windows. He changed his manner of speech to an impassioned appeal; no one was moved. He paused perspiring before making a last despairing effort. But before he could go on a tall, gaunt farmer stood up in the back of the house and waved his hand beseechingly:

"Mister," he said, "if you are done talking, give us a chance at them Thrift Stamps so we kin sign up and get back to the field."

He gave them the "chance." They bought nineteen hundred and fifty dollars' worth of stamps, although there was not a man among them who owned property to the amount of two thousand dollars.

"We own this land," the farmer said, addressing the prominent citizen grimly as he passed up the last pledge card, "we own all this country. The govern-ment at Washington belongs to us; we made it and it is ours. The army in France is ours, too; they are our sons. We sent sixty-two boys there from this district, and I reckon we know it is our duty to work for them and take care of them while they are

busy whipping them Germans."

This is the best, most serviceable and intelligent definition of patriotism have heard since this war began.

Victory at Any Cost.

This is the most expensive war ever to conceive of. The enormous destruction wrought by the submarines, the terrific sums spent for war materials, the loans to our allies, none of these things account for the incredible expense. The real explanation is that civilization demands that it shall cost everything. Never before has any nation spent so much to insure the health of its soldiers, never before have such provisions been made to safeguard a great army morally. More is being spent to equip hospitals, provide ambulances, nurses and doctors to care for the wounded than whole campaigns cost in former wars. Never in the history of man has such provision been made to insure widows and orphans and soldiers from the after effects of wounds and poverty. Formerly when a man entered the army to fight for his country, his country took his life, and that was the end of it if he was killed. Now the government pays, and pays enormously, for every man who lives or dies in this struggle. All this is so because as a nation we have developed a sense of justice and honor that regards any and every expense as secondary to the one tremendous obligation to its citizens. Our allies were compelled to fight

Germany to preserve their very existence, but we chose to fight her when we might have made a shameful treaty with her that would have insured a shameful peace, because we are not a craven grasping nation, but a nation built upon ideals, and it costs more to preserve an ideal than it ever costs to preserve peace, because you cannot buy them-you must achieve them.

Nothing stands between the world and this catastrophe but the American people, their honor, their energy, their idelity and their wealth. Our troops in France are only the sword arm of the nation. We, the people at home, are the body and life of that army. If we fall at all, they must fall en-

We are about to make another loan of six billion dollars for war expenses. It is not a gift, but an investment we make in the lives of American soldiers and an insurance we take out for the safety of our country.

tirely.

To Put Out Fire. If a lamp is accidentally upset and the burning oil spreads, do not dash water on it, but throw upon it flour, meal, sand, salt or ashes.

The Real Trouble.

They talk about people's "biting off more than they can chew"—but the trouble often is, that they do not show

Words are daughters of earth, but deas are sees of beaven.—Samuel

He who sedulously attends, pointedly asks, calmly speaks, coolly answers and ceases when he has no more to say, is in possession of some of the best requisites of man.—Lavater.

SUGARLESS SWEETS.

It is our patriotic duty to save sugar. In many of the dishes needing sweetening some other

sweet may just as well be used. Those who have never taken the trouble to care for a hive of bees are finding that one hive, if well cared for, will produce 60 or more pounds of honey, with plenty left for the bees to winter

on. Honey takes the place of sugar fairly well, yet the liquid in the dish will need to be reduced one-quarter. Maple sirup is sweeter than sugar, so less is needed, while corn sirup is not as sweet and a larger amount will be necessary to properly sweeten.

Whey Honey.—Boll together one cupful of whey and one-third of a cupful of honey until of the consistency of strained honey. This strup will keep indefinitely and is fine for waffles or griddle cakes. Use a little thinner for pudding sauces.

Whey Lemonade.-To a quart of whey add six tablespoonfuls of honey, the juice of two lemons and the grated rind or a sliced lemon added for extra flavor. Mix, chill and serve as a beverage. If wanted for punch add any seasonable fruit with fruit juices. Double the amount of honey and fruit fuice is about the right proportion for

Bar le Duc Curranta.-Remove the seeds from the large cherry currants, using a darning needle. Take equal weights of currants and honey. Bring the honey to the boiling point, then add the currents and cook until the skins are tender, being careful not to lestroy the shape by rapid boiling. If the fruit is so juicy that the sirup is hinned remove the currants and refluce the strup by boiling until of the right consistency. Put into glasses and seal with paraffin.

Honey Charlotte Russe,-Chill one rupful of honey and stir it carefully into a quart of whipped cream. Line a dish with lady fingers and fill with the honey and cream. Set away to chill. Serve very cold.

Honey or maple sirup may be used n place of sugar for boiled frosting. Pour the boiling sirup over the beaten shite of the egg and proceed as usual.

Fasten your soul so high, that con-The smile of your heroic cheer may float

Above the floods of earthly agonies. -Mrs. Browning. HIGHLY SEASONED DISHES.

Foods highly ments are called deviled food. Such dishes are popular for an

appetizer, for late suppers, picnics and lunch-Deviled Chicken Legs. -Take the second joints and the legs of a roast-

ing or a spring chicken,

reserving the breast for salad. Divide the parts, remove the bones and tendons and flatten the pieces by striking them with a cleaver. Make incisions lengthwise in the pieces, and fill these with deviled paste, brush with melted fat and broll or fry in fat until cooked. Prepare the paste as follows: Put into a soup plate two tablespoonfuls of salad dressing, half a teaspoonful of mustard, a scant half teaspoonful of curry powder and a half teaspoonful of Worcestershire sauce. Mix and use as above. Steaks, chops or slices of cold roasts may be

Deviled Bones.-Rub the deviled paste into the meat left on ribs of beef, brush with butter and broil. Serve not too well done.

treated with this paste equally as well.

Deviled Ham .- Cut a moderately thick slice of cold boiled ham, make incisions on both sides of it, rub these with the deviled paste, then with butter, and broil long enough to heat through thoroughly. Serve on a hot platter with a tenspoonful of the paste spread over the ham just as it goes to

Deviled Tripe.-Take well-cooked tripe that is cold, rub into it a liberal quantity of the deviled paste, brush it with sweet fat and broil to a delicate brown. When done serve with a little paste on each piece of tripe while

Deviled Veal Chops.—Take thick chops and into the several gashes made with a sharp knife press as much of the paste as is needed to seaon each chop. Dredge with crumbs and broll as usual or fry in a little

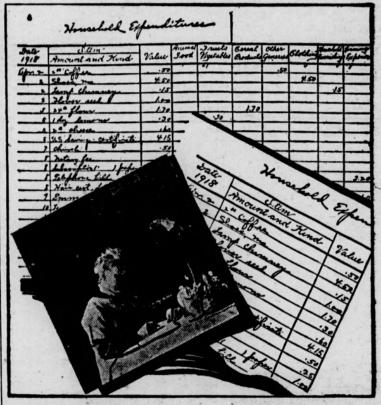
Deviled crabs, oysters or various fresh fish may be seasoned with the paste and cooked in hot fat, making ost tasty dishes.

Neceie Maxmell

Not Very Complimentary. Milton's mother was asking each nember of the family which view of he sailor boy they preferred her to keep for them. One said she would like a side view, another a front view, and, when Milton's turn came, he, thinking he ought to say cometh different, earnestly requested a back

The Housewife and the War

(Special Information Service, United States Department of Agriculture.) ACCOUNTS FOR THE FARM HOME.



Records May Be Classified When Made or at the End of Each Month.

FARM HOUSEHOLD ACCOUNTS URGED

Two Simple Methods of Making and Classifying Records of Expenditures.

USE ORDINARY BLANK BOOK

Details Encourage Economy and Show Relation of Home Expenses to Farm Business - Ten Divisions Satisfactory.

The modern farmer's wife is no longer satisfied with the old accepted idea that "the farm gives us a living," but she gets out her pencil and paper and asks "How much of a living does it give us?"

Generations ago neither the farm nor the farm household had any but Under such conditions the need for accounts was slight. But those conditions no longer exist. The farm household, though still in many cases receiving its major support in farm products consumed at home, purchases far more extensively than ever before from outside sources. Farm house hold accounts have become essential

to economy. Household expenses on the farm are very intimately associated with the business of the farm itself. The farm normally supplies much material which otherwise would become a household expense. The household, in turn, very often furnishes board for farm labor, which would otherwise be a farm expense. Merely from the standpoint of keeping track of household expenses as related to the farm business, household accounts are desirable and should serve to supplement and round out farm accounts.

Ways of Keeping Records. There are two methods of keeping record of household expenditures. One is to record the purchases or money paid out without classifying the expenditures. The other is to classify when the record is made.

The first method is very simple, re quires no special form, and gives all necessary information regarding expenditures. At the end of the month or at the end of the year the total expenditures readily may be determined. In order, however, to know the totals for each kind or class it will be necessary to make up a monthly summary, in which the items will be distributed in different columns, by ciasses. This extra work at the end of each month (or at the end of the year) may cause discouragement and neglect of classification, with the result that the greatest good that could be derived from the records is not realized.

Under the second method, in addition to being entered all together in one column, the items are classified in separate columns. This method has the same advantages as the first method and the additional advantage of allowing for the distribution of the items of expenditure to the proper classes without the inconvenience of turning to some other page. The distribution may be left to moments of leisure if the farmer is busy at the time the entry is made. When the page is filled the next page is begun, the top line next to the heading being reserved for the total carried forward from ding page. The items may be preceding page. The items may be totaled at the end of the month and these totals carried to the summary page at the end of the book.

be bought at a reasonable price. the vertical rulings in the book do not serve the purpose others may be inserted with a pen or pencil. Accounts are sometimes kept in a book having small pages. A small page, however, is soon filled, is often crowded, and the information is scattered over too many pages for convenience in recording and studying the expenditures.

In order to simplify accounts it is well to group expenditures. If all individual items were listed in separate columns, it would require a great amount of detail work. The distribution of the different household expenditures into groups is largely a matter of individual viewpoints. The following ten divisions should be satisfactory for the average farm family: Animal food, fruits and vegetables, cereal products, other groceries, clothing, household furnishings, running expenses, advancement, incidentals and savings.

***************** BE THRIFTY

Accounts will show you how. Know where every dollar mes from and where it goes. Study your record book and plan ahead.

Buy carefully today and give to Uncle Sam tomorrow. Save food, fuel and clothing.

Tooloosessessessesses Peppers and Celery in Brine.

Green peppers and celery can be reserved for future use by brining. If properly done peppers so prepared can be used as substitute for fresh peppers in pickles or salads, or after freshening in water can be used for stuffed pepper. Properly prepared they can hardly be told from fresh peppers. The method of brining is as follows:

Remove the stems and seed and nack nose down into a water-tight. on-metallic receptacle, such as a keg. parrel, crock or glass fruit jar. Cover with a brine made by adding two pounds of salt to each gallon of water. If a keg, barrel or crock is used, suspend a wooden cover in the brine so that it will keep the peppers well below the surface. If the cover is placed on the peppers and weighted without suspension, it will crush the peppers and make them lose their shape. Add more salt to the cover until no more will dissolve. If put in fruit jars or other containers that can be sealed, no more salt need be added. In this case, allow to stand for three or four days to allow gas to escape, then fill perfectly full with brine and seal tight. Kegs or barrels that have a good head can be filled full with peppers and brine and headed up. Fresh peppers can be added from time to time as they mature. Before use, freshen in water to remove salt and then use like fresh peppers.

Celery can be preserved in the same manner, and after freshening is excellent for soups, creamed celery and for flavoring purposes.

Save Sugar.

Use "one tenspoonful to the cupful." Serve more fruits for dessert. Make fruit juices and sirups. Use sirups in general cooking. Can without sugar. Dry your fruits and vegetables. Have less cake and frosting. Eat less candy.

Increase in Corn Flour.

It is estimated that during the last 18 months the output of corn flour has increased 500 per cent. There is now enough cornmeal being turned out to care for all demands in the United States. The remarkable increase in output, which is certain to bec The kind of book to use is not important. An ordinary blank day-book or ledger book with a stiff cover may corn-milling machinery. greater each succes

Better than Calomel and Quine. Contains no Arsenic. THE OLD RELIABLE.

EXCELLENT GENERAL TONIC As well as a remedy for Chil's and Fevers, Malarial Fevers, Swamp Fevers and Bilious Fevers. Just what you need at this season

Mild Laxative, Nervous Sedative, Splendid Tonic.

Try it. Don't take any substitute. At Druggists, 50c and \$1.00 Bottles. PREPARED BY

ROBINSON-PETTET COMPANY, INCORPORATED.

ville, Ind.

Beard's.

LOUISVILLE, KY.

Glen and Charles Sullenger were the

guests of their uncle, E. F. Sullenger,

Alvin Bagwell when heard from by

Hawke, N. J., and Clifton Enoch was

Dr. B. B. Terry is having his house

Mrs. Ethel Layton Bebout, of Ber-

The much needed recent rains were

Howard Hurley, of West Point, Ky.,

spent Sunday with his parents, Mr.

and Mrs. W. M. Hurley, of the Glen-

Mrs. W. L. Todd, Mrs. Elbert

Thomas and Mrs. Homer Settles, of

the county, have returned from a visit

to Camp Zachary Taylor, where their

husbands were, but now they are in

Sam Belt and Vadis Tabor, of the

Instruments for examining con-

ditions inside as well as outside

Office in PRESS Bldg., adjoin-

ing Marion Bank, next to Mc-

Connell & Wiggins' barber shop.

GLENDALE

with Mrs. Jim Bryant as teacher.

visiting friends and relatives.

transfered to other parts.

Andrew Hughes' Sunday.

relatives here and near Tolu.

Harley, of this place.

Mr. and Mrs. Kelroy LaRue, of near

Levias, spent Sunday with Mrs. La-

Rue's parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. M.

R. H. Thomas went to Marion Tues-

Marion Woman's Diet

HAYNES & TAYLOR.

-A Reader.

School began here last Monday;

George Moore and family, of near

Canalou, Mo., are here for a few days

F. M. Jacobs and family, and R. H.

Thomas and family are preparing to

camp at the Hurricane camp meeting.

Mesdames Elbert Thomas and Wm.

Marion. Ky.

of the eye. Glasses scientifical

ly fitted. Prices reasonable.

Carlisle St.,

papered. Blake believes in prepared-

and wife Saturday afternoon

at Camp Merit, N. J.

gladly received.

dale neighborhood.

they are at West Point.

Alabama.

TOLU

(delayed from last week.)

Mrs. P. B. Croft and Mrs, John Gladys Beard, this week. Grimes went to Evansville last week shopping. Mrs. C. E. Weldon and daughter,

Edwina, of Paducah, are guests of Taylor Guess and family. Mrs. Galen Dixon, after spending a

week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Hammack, returned home friends here last week, was at Wee-Thursday.

Miss Fossie Shemwell is visiting relatives in Lafayette, Tenn.

Rev. R. L. Sleamaker and wife, of Cecelia, Ky., were guests of his par- ness. ents, Mr. and Mrs. John Sleamaker, last week.

tram, Mo., who visited her many rela-tives and friends in the county, has Edmond C. Sleamaker, of the U. S. Navy, at New York, spent a few days returned home. with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Sleamaker, last week

Mrs. J. F. Jones and daughter, Miss Ollie, of Harrisburg, Ill., are visiting relatives and friends here.

Miss Bertie Brown, of Lola, who was the guest of Dr. Davis and family, for several days, has returned

Mr. and Mrs. Sink Hodge, of Princeton, are guests of his neice, Mrs. Kit Shephard.

Little Miss Alberta Flanary is spend ing the remainder of the summer with Barnett section, spent the week with her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Kit relatives and friends. At present

Mrs. Hugh Bennett and daughter Anna, are visiting relatives at Carrs-

Mrs. John Guess and children are visiting her father, Zack Terry.

George Moore and family, of Miss ouri, are visiting Mrs. Moore's sisters, Mesdames Frank Guess and Peyte Shephard.

Art Sherfield and family have returned to their home in Missouri after nding several days here with Mrs. awrence Tackwell.

Take Plenty Vin Hepatica This Summer

It will help you so much to withstand the heat, keep you toned up, and help ward off typhoid, chills, malaria, and other dangerous summer ailments. If you are suffering from heat now, and feel all weak and rundown, and your liver, kidneys, stomach and bladder are not working right, begin at once taking Vin Hepatica, the great combination of eight of the finest herbal remedies and tonics known to medical science for cleansing out, toning up the system, warding off disease, and keeping you in finest trim. Come in and get a bottle now.

J. H. ORME. Marion, ky.

SHERIDAN

(delayed from last week.)

Mrs. Otto Dreutzer and little daughter, who have been the guests of her father, A. J. Bebout, have returned to their home.

Our school is progressing nicely not withstanding our teacher, Geo. Conditt, inflicted a very painful wound on his left hand with an ax, on the day the school opened. Dennis Clark and wife, of the He-

bron neighborhood, spent Saturday night and Sunday the guests of her mother, Mrs. Dean Bebout. Record-Press.

Mrs. Robt Hughes was the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Newt Stallion, Sunday.

Clarence Thorspson, of Marion, at- Cabbage and Sausage tended church at Deer Creek Sunday. Mrs. R. G. Bebout has returned from a visit to her mother, Mrs. Ella Wolfe, of Smithland.

Mrs. Mary Moore began school at Boaz, near Dycusburg, Aug. 12th, and one thing and some another was ailing stoop means torture. They must walk Miss Sue Moore, at Barnett.

other relatives in the Caney Fork sec- anything I want to. Nothing hurts thousands of women much misery, moult or shed their feathers. This and bring tools and dinner,

ments, including appendicitis. One

ties Reba Guerding and brother, have returned from a most

Letter From Somewhere in France.

American Expeditionary Force we are sending it to you will you July 14, 1918. Mr. P. B. Croft,

Dear Sir: you a few lines as we are often ever so much obliged to you. talking about you.

here as we would be at home, so up. tell them all not to worry about us for we will make it just like

Phenes and I have writen a Miss Lizzie Turner, of near Oak Grove, is the guest of her cousin, Miss Miley Johnson and family, of the have forgotten who prints it so St. Franklin mines, spent Sunday at Ed

please have it published for us don't show it to the folks there in town until it is printed. If you Phenes and I decided to write will do this for us we will be

Well we sure would like to be We are now in the front lines back with you all, that is if the having a pretty good time. We war was over but we are here know the folks at home are un- for the good we can /do and to easy about us but there isn't any save our country, if it takes our use for we are very near as safe lives we are willing to give them

> So we will close with our prayers for our folks and country.

We remain your friends, small piece of poetry for the Corbet Sherer and Phenes B Dial. Crittenden Record Press and we Co. C. 6th I. N. F. A. E F. V.

A few lines to the readers of the Crittenden Record Press from a couple of boys at the front line trenches in France. Dear readers we started for France some time ago:

And we reached here safely we are glad to say And when we got here we found a pretty interesting game to play.

But you know the old Crittenden county boys, always had the will And that is the reason Uncle Sam sent them after Kaiser Bill.

And so to France we gladly come and wont go back until the work is done And what it takes to get him, we sure have got the gun,

And when we get into a battle we can't afford to run, For Kaiser Bill is the one we're after, and the way we are going

to take him it sure will be fun. So we crept into the trenches one night about twelve o'clock And the machine guns were humming so our knees began to knock, And then the captain shouted, boys that will never do For if you get excited they will get the best of you.

So we braced up quickly and jumped right over the top And when the squareheads seen us coming their knees began to

And we took about 8 miles of trenches the very first thing we

And then the captain shouted boys don't you see what fun.

And when we took the trenches we wasn't satisfied you know We wanted to go on further but the captain would not let us go, And we said captain, we think it is a sin for the way is easy to Dr. Gilchrist old Berlin

For Kaiser Bill is sitting there in his cell and when we reach him we sure will give him hell.

And his soldiers wont go mourning I am pretty well satisfied For peace is what they have been wanting we have often heard

they cried For they are getting tired of snailsoup and now they are going

to have them fried But winter time is coming and then they'll be bound to die. So one night we started for a raid, as we very often do

For the squareheads are what we're after and we always get a'ew So this time the rifles seemed to be cracking and around us the bullets were smacking

ck and I laid close to the ground, just waiting for a squar head to come around.

So pretty soon we spied a bunch coming the number was twentytwo or three

And I said Jack you take about a dozen, and leave the balance, for me Then we took the bunch without a bit of fuss, then Jack said to

me this does well for us And that is the way we are going to get Kaiser Bill without a bit of tuss.

And when we get him, we are coming back to the good old U. S. A. Just look for us. So we say good-night to you all. Corbet V. Sherer and Phenes B. Dial.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION OF SENATOR MINING CO.

Pursuant to a resolution signed and plaint." Todd, of this place, returned from adopted by the Stockholders at a meet-Louisville, Saturday, where they went to see their husbands before being ing held on July 29th, 1918, the above named corporation is now closing its of Tolu, and Miss Georgia Mae White- the purpose of dissolution. All per- Mfgrs., Buffalo, N. Y. sons having any claims or demands cotton, of Hurricane, were guests at against said corporation are requested to present same immediately at the Charley Thomas, wife and son, office of the Company, 408 Starks Harold, of Roseburg, Ore., are visit-Building, Louisville, Ky. ing his brother, Robert, and other

SENATOR MINING COMPANY, by B. F. Weitzel, President,

WOMEN'S WOES

Marion Women Are Finding Relie Success to the many readers of the at Last.

It does seem that women have more than a fair share of the aches and pains that afflict humanity: they must "keep up," must attend to duties in spite of constantly arting backs, or "I have doctored with the best docheadaches, dizzy spells, bearing-down tors in the United States. Some said pains; they must stoop over, when to me and all wanted to cut me open, but and bend and work with racking pains Miss Anna Hamilton is visiting her Mayr's Wonderful Remedy saved me and many aches from kidney ills, uncles, Josh and John Hamilton, and so now I cat cabbage, sausage and Keeping the kidneys well has spared me." It is a simple, harmless prepa- Read of a remedy for kidneys only Duke Stephens, of Union; Reed ration that removes the catarrhal mu- that is endorsed by people you know. Duke Stephens, of Onion, Reed that the tract and allays Mrs. E. J. Gibbs, W. Bellville St., Poultry Remedy will help your hens to fast resting place of your loved the inflamation which causes practical Marion, says: "I have used Doan's moult causing them the shed earlier ones. ly all stomach, liver and intestinal ail- Kidney Pills off and on for many years and be ready to lay when eggs are dose will convince or money refunded. my kidneys have acted irregularly, or does not make good, we will. n. a ack has been weak, or ached, 1

have bought a hox of Doan's Kidney Pills at Orme's Drug Store and they have never failed to relieve the com

Price 60 cents at all dealers. Don' simply ask for a kidney remedy-get Doan's Kidney Pills-the same that business and winding up its affairs for Mrs. Gibbs had. Foster-Milborn Co.,

For Sale at a Bargain

A farm of 232 acres in the Repton Valley, about 100 acres splendid bottom, balance good lying ridge; no waste; well watered; good house of 7 rooms; good barns, cribs, etc.; small tenant house; good young orchard adjoining Repton village, which has 2 stores, 2 churches, a blacksmith shop and grist mill; good road; good people; a desirable home.

Call or write, W. E. BELT.

Marion, Ky. Real Estate Dealer.

GET READY. Now is the time that your hens will should be assisted. B. A. Thomas' with the best of results. Whenever highest in the winter. If this remedy J. H. ORME, Marion, Ky.

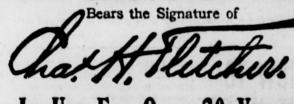
Children Cry for Fletcher's

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over thirty years, has borne the signature of and has been made under his per-All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of

Infants and Children-Experience against Experiment. What is CASTORIA
Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric,
Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains

neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS



In Use For Over 30 Years The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY

WHAT THE GOVERNMENT ASKS OF THE

That he give up all of life that That he sow all he wheat he can he holds most dear; that he go That he use every atom of enerto a foreign land and stand in gy in his being to produce a the path of a foe whose God is maximum yield. lust and whose Creed is Murder. That he shall not determine his That he challange with his wheat acreage by what he thinks heart's blood the advance of the his profits will be. In return he will receive, more

unspeakable Hun. In return he may receive cold, clear profit on his wheat than he hunger, hardship, weariness, ever before received, the comsuffering, death and a clear con- forts of his own home and fire-

side, and a clear conscience. COULD MORE BE ASKED OF COULD LESS BE ASKED OF HIM?

Mr. Farmer, do you realize that when your boy and your neigh bors boy left on that morning train with a smile on his face, that he left, with calm confidence, the responsibility of his fate upon YOUR shoulders?

That he smiled because he felt sure that the folks at home would not fail him? Did the question of where his bread was coming from ever enter his mird? Why should he question it? Where should it come from? Who is he fighting for? What is he fighting for?

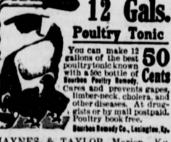
He is the only bar before your door. He is the only power under Heaven that can stop the blight of the Hun. He is the only obstacle under the shining sun that stands between German lust and the sanctity of your home. He is the only agency on the face of the earth that defies the will of the German army, the same army that raped Belgium, that laid in desolation the villages of France, that burns pillages, and despoils, and that now seek. the open road to America.

When this boy comes back can you look him in the eye and tell him that you have done all you could? Can you tell him that the bread he ate came to him as a result of the efforts of men like you? Or if he doesn't come back, can you lie down to rest with the conscience of a man who performed his duty?

WHEAT WILL WIN THE WAR, nothing can take its places the United States alone can produce what is needed, and YOU alone are responsible for the part you play in it.

SOW MORE WHEAT than you ever did before, prepare your ground as you never dreamed of preparing wheat ground, and guard against every agency that will tend to reduce production. and then you will simply have performed your duty.

Written by W. G. Trace, County Agent, Scottsville, Allen Co., Ky.



HAYNES & TAYLOR. Marion, Ky

Grave-yard Cleaning

The Fowler graveyard will be cleaned off Friday Sept 6th. All interested are expected to come process is rather slow and Nature Others are invited. Come and spend the day beautifying the

> P. C. Gilbert, Albert Conger, Hugh Wilborn, Committee,

plied in French. A bystander repeated the question in Swedish; another again repeated the question, using Spanish. Of course the conversation was t lated into English for the benefit or others who were present, making L. languages spoken.

Five Languages to Tell It

in the German language. The clerk re-

A man in one of Caribou's (Me.) stores recently inquired for something

