

The Crittenden Press

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Number 35

Farm Bureau Notes

Feed 'Em Right

There have been several articles in this column relative to balanced feeding of cattle, hogs, poultry and the like.

What about the children, the most important of all farm crops? If a balanced ration is good for the pigs and the cows and the chickens, why is it not good for the kiddies. It is, and it is even more important to see that they are properly fed than to have the right rations for the live stock.

It is not such a hard thing to give the children a well balanced ration either, not on the farm. Plenty of milk and butter to begin with, proteins there and the mineral matter they need, and soluble fats and vitamins, then some eggs, fresh vegetables, including some green stuff, either cooked or raw, a liberal allowance of fruit, and with the other foods regularly found on farm tables any child will get all the nourishment he needs.

Or, to put it another way, a good milk cow or two, a flock of hens, a good year-round garden and an orchard or a berry patch and a balanced ration for the children is assured. Without the cow, the chickens and the garden, the little ones are almost certain not to be properly fed.

The Farmers and Merchants Bank at Tolu will again sponsor a Junior Agricultural Club and for the coming year there will be projects in corn, pig growing, baby beef, sheep and poultry. The one project that is starting now is the poultry work and all interested juniors are urged to get in touch with Mr. Grimes right away. Rhode Island Red hatching eggs will be distributed on the return pullet plan to Club members, starting on Saturday, March 18 at the Bank. This Junior Agricultural Club work is a splendid thing for all children between the ages of 10 and 18 to be in. They learn better methods in livestock care, take more interest in farming and will as one result make better residents for Crittenden county. A Junior Club Camp will be held in the county this year under the supervision of the Junior Club Department of the University of Kentucky to which all club members are eligible. This camp will be the greatest camp of its kind ever held in the county. It will be held the latter part of July if present plans hold.

The County Agent will be absent from his office Saturday March 18th. He will be at the Tolu Bank that day with the Junior Club members.

As many of you know the County Agent work will be continued for the year 1922. This work will be more extensive this next year than it has been in the past. If you are not acquainted with the County Agent come in some Saturday and meet him. He is anxious to know you. The County Agent wishes to thank everyone who helped in the support of County Agent work in Crittenden county.

S. K. Luton, of Marion, was in the city Friday and Saturday, says the Providence Enterprise.

CRITTENDEN ACADEMY

Is there a former student of this institution in Marion or elsewhere? Is there a citizen of this county who remembers the school, or knows where the building was located. Inquiries have been made among our oldest citizens yet we have failed to obtain any knowledge of the Crittenden Academy.

In an advertising circular recently found and handed in by one of our readers it is stated that the school opened at Marion, Ky., Nov. 5, 1849, 73 years ago, five years after Crittenden was made a county and four years after Marion was incorporated as a town. The school was divided into two departments, James W. Primmer being principal of the Male Department and Miss Harriett Cary of the Female Department. Both teachers were from New York.

The circular sets forth the advantages of Marion as an educational center, being in close proximity to both the Ohio and the Cumberland rivers, possessing all the advantages of a river town, yet free from the objections of such towns.

The course of study comprised all the common and high school branches also Latin, French, German, Greek, etc., as well as lessons on the piano and melodian, drawing, painting embroidery, etc.

It also stated that good board could be obtained in excellent private families for \$1.25 per week, including washing and lights.

Who knows anything about this school? The Press would be glad to hear from any former pupil or patron.

WILL YOU JOIN?

Mr. W. L. Adams, who has just returned from Zillah, Wash., where he has sojourned for ten or twelve years, says he will remain in Crittenden county to the end of his days, provided he can make a living. And he can make a mighty sumptuous living, he says, if people enough here will come to his aid and their own betterment.

Mr. Adams is a great fruit man and has been living in a great fruit country. He desires to raise strawberries and he says that the reason they have never been profitable here is because the people did not grow enough of them and had to depend on the local market. He therefore wants to organize an association of strawberry growers if enough people will join and make the growing of the berries worth while, enough to attract the attention of eastern buyers. So if the farmers and others who own a patch of ground want to put Marion on the strawberry map they should join the Strawberry Growers Association.

DR. QUIREY DIES IN COLORADO

Dr. T. B. Quirey, formerly of Sullivan died Tuesday at Denver, Colorado, where he had lived for several years, hoping to benefit his health. His remains were brought back for burial.

Funeral services were held at the home of his brother, Will Quirey, at Sullivan, conducted by Rev. W. T. Oakley, after which the body was taken to Sturgis for interment.

ANNOUNCING OUR Spring Opening Friday - Saturday - Monday

MARCH 17th, 18th and 20th

We are fortunate to be able to offer you a wonderful collection of Spring Dresses, Suits, Wraps, Blouses, Underwear and Millinery at moderate prices.

Embroidery Flosses

Stamped Articles

Needles

Hoops

Clover Bleach and Linen

Ribbons

By the yard

Moore & Pickens

OPPOSITE HAYNES & TAYLOR'S

Local News

Mrs. Roy Sisco went to Crayne Wednesday to visit Mrs. Gifford Paris.

Mr. A. J. Baker was a business visitor at Princeton Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. N. V. Stone went to Rosiclar III. Wednesday to visit relatives.

C. L. Cassidy left Wednesday for Detroit on business.

Slick Frazer left Wednesday for St. Petersburg, Fla., to play ball this season.

Miss Susie Boyd went to Clay to visit the family of J. P. Vanhoosier Wednesday.

Mrs. Lola Turner and children, of Providence, who have been visiting the family of their father and grand father, John W. Hughes, returned home Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Kemp, of Hopkinsville, who attended the funeral services of Mrs. Kemp's mother, Mrs. Evaline Fox, returned home Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. R. W. Gass went to Fredonia Wednesday to visit Mrs. Gass' father, Mathew Henry.

Mrs. Virgil Moore and son, Jim Al, of Madisonville, who have been visiting relatives in the city, returned home Wednesday.

Mrs. Baird Agee went to Crayne Wednesday to visit her mother, Mrs. Alice Paris, and brother Eston Hughes who are ill of the flu.

Mrs. E. Hunt, of the Crayne section, was a Marion visitor Wednesday.

Mr. Willard Daughtrey, of Chicago, is spending a few days with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Daughtrey.

Mr. Carlisle Fox, of Cobb, was in the city Monday to attend the funeral of his mother Mrs. Evaline Fox.

City Judge A. M. Gilbert who has been ill of flu, is able to be in his office again.

Mrs. A. U. Lamb and daughter, Miss Jewell Lamb, went to Clay Wednesday to visit the family of J. W. Nall.

Dr. J. V. Hayden of Salem was in the city Monday enroute home from Dawson Springs.

Monument Work At Marion

For this feature of monument building our workmen are experts, making beautiful glossy surface on the fine monument material that comes to us from the quarries in Vermont. Come see this interesting work done, let us know your wishes for work of this kind.

HENRY & HENRY

MYRON FRISHIE ANSWERS HIS FINAL SUMMONS

Myron Frishie, one of Marion's old and respected citizens, died at his home on Belleville Street Friday March 10, of pneumonia. He had been in feeble health for some time and owing to his bodily condition he became an easy victim of the flu, which quickly developed into pneumonia. His wife survives him.

His son, who lives in Pennsylvania was with him during his last illness and had his remains taken to his old home in that state for burial.

VICTOR HURST DIES

Victor P. Hurst, 44 years old, died at his home near Sheridan Saturday, after long illness. He was married twenty-two years ago to Miss Roxie Fritts, who survives him.

Funeral services were held Sunday at Pilot Knob, lead by Rev. Hosea Paris, pastor of the Second Baptist church of this city. Interment at the Pilot Knob Cemetery.

Besides his wife, Mr. Hurst is survived by six children, four sons and two daughters: Misses Dulsie and Katie Hurst, Johnson, William, Oakley and Thomas Hurst.

DR. NEWCOM PASSES AWAY

Dr. E. E. Newcom, 56 years old, formerly of this county, died at his home in Blackford, Saturday after an illness of several months. He is well known here and has many relatives and friends.

Dr. Newcom was married in 1911 to Miss Katie Metz, who survives him. A little son, Earl, also survives him.

Funeral services were held at the Cumberland Presbyterian church at Blackford Sunday conducted by Rev. W. T. Oakley. The remains were then taken to Repton and were buried with Masonic honors, of which order he had long been a member.

MRS. EVELINE FOX PNEUMONIA VICTIM

Mrs. Eveline Fox, widow of the late Noah Fox, died Saturday, March 11, at the home of her daughter, Mrs. N. D. Kemp, at Fairview, of pneumonia. Mrs. Fox was in her 75th year. The remains were buried Monday at the Shady Grove cemetery.

Before her marriage at the age of 17, she was Miss Eveline Horning. Since early childhood she had been a member of the Shady Grove Baptist church. For the last four years she had made her home with her youngest daughter, Mrs. N. D. Kemp, at Fairview.

The seven children are: Mrs. R. H. Kemp of Hopkinsville; Mrs. Fel Walker of Deanwood; Mrs. D. N. Kemp of Fairview; Mrs. D. M. Hubbard of Morehouse, Mo.; Mrs. D. J. Hubbard of Texas; and Nick and Carlisle Fox of this county.

LUMBER FOR SALE

I have several car loads of lumber I can load out on short notice.

Mining Timber 6x8 4 to 8 ft long. Laggins 1 1-2, 2 and 3" thick, 8, 10 and 12 ft long. Also a lot of other lumber. Call or write me
FAY BLACK, Kuttawa, Ky.

Court House News

Monday was the day for the regular meeting of the County Court and was a busy day at the court house. The regular county court docket was gone through with.

The will of Rev. J. A. Hatcher, (Colored) was probated. It was recommended that the Widows' Indigent Pension be allowed Mary S. Holloman. A change in the Piney voting precinct was granted. These were the principal work of the county court. The Fiscal Court met in executive session at 11 o'clock and remained in session until 12:30. A few claims were allowed.

The employment of Mr. John R. Spencer as County Agent for the ensuing year at a salary of \$1000 as the county's part brought much discussion before the court. All the magistrates being present when the vote was taken it stood 5 to 3 in favor of the grant. The Magistrates voting as follows: voting yes, F. M. Davidson, P. P. Paris, S. F. Peek, Charles LaRue and R. L. Holt. Voting No, W. H. Hardesty, J. L. Rankin and R. H. Simpson.

Mr. J. R. Spencer is therefore retained as County Agent for another year.

The road overseers of the county held a meeting in the afternoon during which there was much discussion as to the best methods of working the roads this year. The way accepted was to drain the roads then use the drag to keep them smooth.

The board of tax supervisors met to begin their work of equalization. Following are members of the board: T. J. Wring, J. Wyatt Hughes, L. E. Waddell, R. H. Thomas, Ben Rankin, Charles T. Dempsey and Jno. T. Stewart.

J. H. ROBINSON PASSES AWAY

James Harlow Robinson, 76 years old, died Saturday, March 11, at his home on Court street after a weeks illness of influenza and pneumonia. He was a splendid citizen and a devoted christian, having been a deacon in the Baptist church for 55 years.

Funeral service was held Sunday at Dunn Spring church, conducted by Rev. C. E. Woodall, pastor and U. G. Hughes, former pastor of that church, after which he was laid to rest in the Dunn Springs Cemetery. A wife and six children survive him. The children are: Rev. Rufus Robinson of Muhlenburg county; Mrs. Ellen Oats of New Albany, Ind.; Mrs. Lucy Barger, of Livingston county; Mrs. Annie Worley, of Detroit, Mich., and Mrs. Ada Simpson of this city.

EGGS FOR HATCHING

Full blooded Rhode Island Red eggs for hatching. \$1.00 per 15.

MRS. R. E. WILBORN
Telephone 92. Marion, Ky.

CARD OF THANKS

We desire to extend our heart-felt thanks to our many friends and our neighbors who so kindly gave us their aid and sympathy during the illness and death of our dear husband and father, C. W. Bryant.

WIFE AND CHILDREN

FREE

During the first 10 days of
April will make one picture,
absolutely free, of any child
under 6 years of age.

Travis Studio

\$30,000,000.00

In an issue of one of the leading weekly magazines last year an article stated that the losses in the United States was over Thirty Million dollars in one year through fraudulent check manipulations.

And do you know that YOUR check can be raised as easily as the next persons?

Through our careful consideration of this, we are now in position to offer you INSURED checks—a check so tamper proof that the American Guaranty Company are insuring each user of these checks to the extent of \$1,000. Come in and let us give YOU a book of these checks.

MARION BANK

Safety Service Courtesy

YOU CAN'T TRUST CALOMEL AT ALL

It's Quicksilver, Salivates, Causes Rheumatism and Bone Decay.

The next dose of calomel you take may salivate you. It may shock your liver or start bone necrosis. Calomel is dangerous. It is mercury, quicksilver. It crumbles into sour bile like dynamite, cramping and sickening you. Calomel attacks the bones and should never be put into your system.

If you feel bilious, headachy, constipated and all knocked out, just go to your druggist and get a bottle of Dodson's Liver Tonic for a few cents which is a harmless vegetable substitute for dangerous calomel. Take a spoonful and if it doesn't start your liver and straighten you up better and quicker than nasty calomel and without making you sick, you just go back and get your money.

Don't take calomel! It can not be trusted any more than a leopard or a wild-cat. Take Dodson's Liver Tonic which straightens you right up and makes you feel fine. No salts necessary. Give it to the children because it is perfectly harmless and can not salivate.—Advertisement.

Truth of the Situation.

"I hear," said Margaret, "that Elsie finished her education abroad."

"No," corrected Susan, "she didn't finish it until she married Harry Hedges and had to live on \$1,000 a year."

"How was that?"

"It was not until then that she learnt that money was needed to buy something else besides feminine finery, chocolates, theater tickets, phonograph records and taxi fares."

Thin Ice.

First Fish—What is that danger sign for?

Second Fish—To warn us where we may get caught.

MINERALIZED WATER ROUTS CHICKEN LICE

Tablets Dropped into Drinking Fountains Banish Vermin, Make Fowls Grow Faster and Increase Egg Yield.

Any poultry raiser can easily rid his flock of lice and mites, make chickens grow faster and increase their egg yield by simply adding minerals to the fowls' drinking water. This does away with all bother, such as dusting, greasing, dipping and spraying. The necessary minerals can now be obtained in convenient tablets, known as Paratabs. Soon after the fowls drink the mineralized water, all lice and mites leave.



them. The tablets also act as a tonic conditioner. The health of the fowls quickly improves, they grow faster and the egg yield frequently is doubled. Little chicks that drink freely of the water never will be bothered by mites or lice.

The method is especially recommended for raisers of purebred stock, as there is no risk of soiling the plumage. The tablets are warranted to impart no flavor or odor to the eggs and meat. This remarkable conditioner, egg tonic and lice remedy costs only a trifle and is sold under an absolute guarantee. The tablets are scientifically prepared, perfectly safe, and dissolve readily in water.

Any reader of this paper may try them without risk. The laboratories producing Paratabs are so confident of good results that to introduce them to every poultry raiser they offer two big \$1 packages for only \$1. Send no money, just your name and address—a card will do—to the Paratabs Laboratories, Dept. 82, 1100 Coca Cola Bldg., Kansas City, Mo., and the two \$1 packages, enough for 100 gallons of water, will be mailed. Pay the postman \$1 and postage on delivery, and if you are not delighted with results in 10 days—if your chickens are not healthier, laying more eggs and entirely free from lice and mites—your money will be promptly refunded. Don't hesitate to accept this trial offer as you are fully protected by this guarantee.

Mitchell Eye Salve
For SORE EYES

PARKER'S HAIR DALSAM
Removes Dandruff, Itching, Falling, Reddened Scalp and
Beauty to Gray and Faded Hair
Thompson, Wash., D.C., N.Y.

HINDERCORNS Remove Corns, Calluses, Blisters, etc. Apply at Night. Causes Corns to Fall Out. No Pain. No Blistering. No Scarring. Write for Free Trial Treatment. COLLIER DRUG COMPANY, Dept. W.O., ATLANTA, GA.

DROPSY TREATED ONE WEEK FREE
Short breathing relieved in a few hours. Swelling reduced in a few days. Regulates the liver, kidneys, stomach and heart; purifies the blood, strengthens the entire system. Write for Free Trial Treatment. COLLIER DRUG COMPANY, Dept. W.O., ATLANTA, GA.

SISTERS

Copyright by Kathleen Norris

"I'M TIRED."

Synopsis—Doctor Strickland, retired, is living in Mill Valley, near San Francisco. His family consists of his daughters, Alice, 31, and Cherry, 25, and Anne, his niece, 24. Their closest friend is Peter Joyce, a lovable sort of recluse. Martin Lloyd, a visiting mining engineer, wins Cherry, marries her and carries her off to El Nido, a mine town. Peter realizes that he loves Cherry. Justin Little wins Anne. Cherry comes home for Anne's wedding. Cherry realizes her marriage is a failure. Peter tells Cherry of his "grand passion," without naming the girl. Martin comes for Cherry.

CHAPTER VIII.

Martin's work was in the Contra Costa valley, and he and Cherry had a small house in Red Creek, the only town of any size near the mine. Red Creek was in a fruit-farming and dairy region and looked its prettiest on the spring evening when Cherry saw it first.

Her little house was a cottage with a porch running across the front, where windows looked out from the sitting room and the front bedroom. Back of these rooms were a dark little bathroom that connected the front bedroom with another smaller bedroom, a little dining room and a kitchen. Martin, man-fashion, had merely camped in kitchen and bedroom while awaiting his wife; but Cherry buttoned on her crisp little apron on the first morning after her arrival, and attacked the accumulated dishes in the sink and the scattered shirts and collars bravely.

For a few weeks the novelty lasted and Cherry was enthusiastic about everything. She looked out across her dishpan at green fields and the beginning of the farms; she saw the lilacs burst into fragrant plumes on the bare branches of her dooryard tree; spring flushed the whole world with loveliness, and she was young, and healthy, and too busy to be homesick.

The days went on and on, each bringing its round of dishes, beds, sweeping, marketing, folding and unfolding tablecloths, going back and forth between kitchen and dining room. Martin's breakfast was either promptly served and well cooked, in which case Martin was silently satisfied, or it was late and a failure, when he was very articulately disgusted; in either case Cherry was left to clear and wash and plan for another meal in four hours more. She soaked fruit, beat up cake, chopped boxes into kindlings, heated a kettle of water and another kettle of water, dragged sheets from the bed only to replace them, filled dishes with food only to find them empty and ready to wash again.

"I get sick of it!" she told Martin. "Well, Lord!" he exclaimed. "Don't you think everybody does? Don't I get sick of my work? You ought to have the responsibility of it all for a while!"

His tone was humorously reproving rather than unkind. But such a speech would fill Cherry's eyes with tears and cause her to go about the house all morning with a heavy heart.

She would find herself looking thoughtfully at Martin in these days, studying him as if he were an utter stranger. It bewildered her to feel that he actually was no more than that, after two years of marriage. She not only did not know him, but she had a baffled sense that the very nearness of their union prevented her from seeing him fairly. She knew that she did him injustice in her thoughts.

It must be injustice, decided Cherry. For Martin seemed to her less clever, less just, less intelligent, and less generous than the average man of her acquaintance. And yet he did not seem to impress other people in the way she was impressed by him.

He was extraordinarily healthy, and had small sympathy for illness, weakness, for the unfortunate, and the complaining. He whistled over his dressing, read the paper at breakfast, and was gone. At noon he rushed in, always late, devoured his lunch appreciatively, and was gone again. At night he was usually tired, inclined to quarrel about small matters, inclined to disapprove of the new positions of the bedroom furniture, or the way Cherry's hair was dressed.

He loved to play poker and was hospitable to a certain extent. He would whistle and joke over the preparations for a rarebit after a game, and would willingly walk five blocks for beer if Cherry had forgotten to get it. On Sunday he liked to see her prettily gowned; now and then they motored with his friends from the mine; more often walked, ate a hearty chicken dinner, and went to a cold supper in the neighborhood, with "Five Hundred" to follow. At ten their hostess would flutter into her kitchen; there would be lemonade and beer and rich layer cake. Then the men would begin to match poker hands, and the women to discuss babies in low tones.

Cherry never saw her husband so animated or so interested as when men he had known before chanced to drift into town, mining men from Ne-

vada or from El Nido, or men he had known in college. They would discuss personalities, would shout over recollected good times, would slap each other on the back and laugh tirelessly.

She thought him an extremely difficult man to live with, and was angered when her hints to this effect led him to remark that she was the "limit." They had a serious quarrel one day, when he told her that she was the most selfish and spoiled woman he had ever known. He called her attention to the other women of the town, busy, contented women, sending children off to school, settling babies down for naps in sunny dooryards, cooking and laughing and hurrying to and fro.

"Yes, and look at them!" Cherry said with ready tears. "Shabby, thin, tired all the time!"

"The trouble with you is," Martin said, departing, "you've been told that you're pretty and sweet all your life—and you're spoiled! You are pretty, yes," he added, more mildly. "But, by George, you sulk so much, and you crab so much, that I'm darned if I see it any more! All I see is trouble!"

With this he left her. Left her to a burst of angry tears, at first, when she dropped her lovely little head on the blue gingham of her apron sleeve and cried bitterly.

The kettle began to sing on the stove, a bee came in and wandered about the hot kitchen; the grocer knocked, and Cherry let the big joint of a boy stare at her red eyes un- caring.

Then she went swiftly into the bedroom and began to pack and change. She'd show Martin Lloyd—she'd show Martin Lloyd! She was going straight to Dad—she'd take the—take the—

She frowned. She had missed the nine o'clock train; she must wait for the train at half-past two. Wait where? Well, she could only wait here. Very well, she would wait here. She would not get Martin any lunch, and when he raged she would explain. She finished her packing and put the house in order. Then, in unaccustomed mid-morning leisure, she sank into a deep rocker and began to read. Quiet and shade and order reigned in the little house.

Steps came bounding up to Cherry's door; her heart began to beat; a knock sounded. She got to her feet, puzzled; Martin did not knock.

It was Joe Robinson, his closest friend at the mine.

"Say, listen, Mrs. Lloyd; Mart can't get home to dinner," said Joe. "He don't feel extra well—he was in the



"He Was in the Engine Room and He Kinder—Fainted."

engine room and he kinder—he kinder—"

"Fainted?" Cherry asked sharply, turning a little pale.

"Well, kinder, Lawson made him lay down," Joe said. "And he's coming home when the wagon comes down, at three o'clock. He says to tell you he's fine!"

"Oh, thank you, Joe!" Cherry said. She shut the door, feeling weak and frightened. She flew to unpack her bag, hung up her hat and coat, darkened the bedroom and turned down the bed; waited anxiously for Mart's return.

She was deeply concerned over the news from Martin. Cherry met his limp form at the front door, and whisked him into a cool bed and put chopped ice on the aching forehead and got him, grateful and penitent, off to sleep.

For a day or two Martin stayed in bed and Cherry spoiled and petted him, and was praised and thanked for every step she took. After that they took a little trip into the mountains near by, and Cherry sent Alix postcards that made her sister feel almost a pang of envy.

But then the routine began again, and the fearful heat of midsummer came, too. Red Creek baked in a smother of dusty heat, the trees in

the dry orchards, beside the dry road, dropped circles of hot shadow on the clodded, rough earth. Farms dored under shimmering lines of dazzling air and in the village, from ten o'clock until the afternoon began to wane, there was no stir. Flies buzzed and settled on screen doors, the creek shrunk away between crumbling rocky banks, the butcher closed his shop and milk soured in the bottles.

The Turners and some other family lies always camped together in the mountains during this season, and they were off when school closed, in an enviable state of ecstasy and anticipation. Cherry had planned to join them, but an experimental week-end was enough. The camp was in the cool woods, truly, but it was disorderly, swarming with children, the tents were small and hot, the whole settlement laughed and rioted and surged to and fro in a manner utterly foreign to her. She returned, to tell Martin that it was "horribly common" and weather the rest of the summer in Red Creek.

Martin sympathized. He had never cared particularly for the Turners; was perfectly willing to keep the friendship within bounds.

He sympathized as little with another friendship she made, some months later, with the wife of a young engineer who had recently come to the mine. Pauline Runyon was a few years older than her husband, a handsome, thin, intense woman, who did everything in an entirely individual way. She took one of the new little bungalows that were being erected in Red Creek "Park," and furnished it richly and inappropriately, and established a tea table and a samovar beside the open fireplace. Cherry began to like better than anything else in the world the hours spent with Pauline.

Pauline read Browning, Francis Thompson and Pater, and introduced Cherry to new worlds of thought. She talked to Cherry of New York, which she loved, and of the men and women she had met there. She sometimes sighed and pushed the bright hair back from Cherry's young and innocent and discontented little face, and said tenderly: "On the stage, my dear—anywhere, anywhere, you would be a failure!"

And thinking, in the quiet evenings—for Martin's work kept him later and later at the mine—Cherry came to see that her marriage had been a great mistake. She had not been ready for marriage. She would sit on the back steps, as the evenings grew cooler, and watch the exquisite twilight fade, and the sorrow and beauty of life would write her heart.

A dream of ease and adoration and beauty came to her. She did not visualize any special place, any special gown or hour or person. But she saw her beauty fittingly envied; she saw cool rooms, darkened against this blazing midsummer glare; heard ice clinking against glass; the footsteps of attentive maids; the sound of cultivated voices, of music and laughter. She had had these dreams before, but they were becoming habitual now. She was so tired—so sick—so bored with her real life; it was becoming increasingly harder and harder for her to live with Martin. She was always in a suppressed state of wanting to break out, to shout at him brazenly: "I don't care if your coffee is weak! I like it weak! I don't care if you don't like my hat—I do! Stop talking about yourself!"

Various little mannerisms of his began seriously to annoy her; a rather grave symptom, had Cherry but known it. He danced his big fingers on the handle of the sugar spoon at breakfast, sifting the sugar over his cereal; she had to turn her eyes resolutely away from the sight. He blew his nose, fiddled his handkerchief, and then brushed his nose with it firmly left and right; she hated the little performance that was never altered. He had a certain mental slowness; would blink at her politely and patiently when she flashed plans or hopes at him: "I don't follow you, my dear!" This made her frantic.

She was twenty, undisciplined and exacting. She had no reserves within herself to which she could turn. Bad things were hopelessly bad with Cherry; her despair was the dark and fearful despair of girlhood, prematurely transferred to graver matters.

Martin was quite right in some of his contentions; girl-like, she was spasmodic and unsystematic in her housekeeping; she had times of being discontented and selfish. She hated economy and the need for careful managing.

In October Alix chanced to write her a long and unusually gossipy letter. Alix had a new gown of black grenadine, and she had sung at an afternoon tea, and had evidently succeeded in her first venture. Also they had had a mountain climb and enclosed were snapshots Peter had taken on the trip.

Cherry picked up the little kodak prints; there were four or five of them. She studied them with a pang at her heart. Alix in a loose rough coat, with her hair blowing in the wind and the peaked crest of Tamalpais behind her—Alix busy with lunch boxes—Alix standing on the old bridge by

By
KATHLEEN NORRIS

the mill. A wave of homesickness swept over the younger sister; life tasted bitter. She hated Alix, hated Peter; above all she hated herself. She wanted to be there, in Mill Valley, free to play and to dream again—

A day or two later she told Martin kindly and steadily that she thought it had all "been a mistake." She told him that she thought the only dignified thing to do was to part. She liked him; she would always wish him well, but since the love had gone out of their relationship, surely it was only honest to end it.

"What's the matter?" Martin demanded.

"Nothing special," Cherry assured him, her eyes suddenly watering. "Only I'm tired of it all. I'm tired of pretending. I can't argue about it. But I know it's the wise thing to do."

"You'd go back to your father, I suppose?" Martin said, yawning.

"Until I could get into something," Cherry replied with dignity. A vague thought of the stage flitted through her mind.

"Oh!" Martin said politely. "And I suppose you think your father would agree to this delightful arrangement?" he asked.

"I know he would!" Cherry answered eagerly.

"All right—you write and ask him!" Martin agreed good-naturedly. Cherry was surprised at his attitude, but grateful more than surprised.

"Not cross, Mart?" she asked.

"Not the least in the world!" he answered lightly.

"Because I truly believe that we'd both be happier—" the woman said hesitatingly. Martin did not answer.

The next day she sat down to write her father. She meditated, with a troubled brow. Her letter was unexpectedly hard to compose. She could not take a bright and simple tone, asking her father to rejoice in her homecoming. Somehow the matter persisted in growing heavy and the words twisted themselves about into ugly and selfish sounds. Cherry was young, but even to her youth the phrases, the "misunderstood" and the "uncongenial," the "friendly parting before any bitterness creeps in," and the "free to decide our lives in some happier and wiser way," rang false. Pauline had been divorced a few years ago, and the only thing Cherry disliked in her friend was her cold and resentful references to her first husband.

No, she couldn't be a divorced woman. It was all spoiled, the innocent past and the future; there was no way out! She gave up the attempt at a letter and began to annoy Martin with talk of a visit home again.

"What do you want to go for?"

"Oh, just—just—" Cherry's irrespressible tears angered herself almost as much as they did Martin. "I think they'd like me to!" she faltered.

"Go if you want to!" he said, but she knew she could not go on that word.

"That's it," she said at last to herself, in one of her solitary hours. "I'm married and this is marriage. For the rest of my life I'll be Mart and I—Mart and I—in everything! For richer, for poorer; for better, for worse—that's marriage. He doesn't beat me and we have enough money, and perhaps there are a lot of other women worse off than I am. But it's—it's funny."

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CORNS

Lift Off with Fingers



Doesn't hurt a bit! Drop a little "Frezzone" on an aching corn, instantly that corn stops hurting, then shortly you lift it right off with fingers. Truly! Your druggist sells a tiny bottle of "Frezzone" for a few cents, sufficient to remove every hard corn, soft corn, or corn between the toes, and the calluses, without soreness or irritation.

16799 DIED

In New York City alone from kidney trouble last year. Don't allow yourself to become a victim by neglecting pains and aches. Guard against this trouble by taking

GOLD MEDAL HARLEM OIL CAPSULES

The world's standard remedy for kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid troubles. Holland's National Remedy since 1898. All druggists, three sizes.

Look for the same Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation.

Is That Cold and Cough Hanging On?

YOU will be convinced that Dr. King's New Discovery does just what it is meant to do—soothes coughs, raw throats, congestion-tormented chests, loosens the phlegm pack and breaks the obstinate cold and gripe attack, relieves the congestion in the head. No harmful drugs, therefore good for children as well as grownups.

Right away you will notice the change for the better. Has a convincing, healing taste that you will appreciate. Buy a bottle at any druggist on the way home to-night, 60c.

Dr. King's New Discovery For Colds and Coughs

Lazy People, Lazy Bowels. Don't neglect constipation. It undermines the health, takes all vim out of you. Dr. King's Pills will invigorate the system, stir up the liver, move the bowels. All druggists, 25c.

PROMPT! WON'T GRIPE Dr. King's Pills

Temporal O Mores! "Girls have changed a whole lot since the time they used to retire to put powder on their noses," exclaimed Johnson.

"They sure have!" agreed Thompson. "I called on Miss Sallie last night and she went word down by her maid that she wasn't painted yet, but would be right down."

The housewife smiles with satisfaction as she looks at the basket of clear, white clothes and thanks Red Cross Ball Blue. At all grocers.—Advertisement.

Abating a Nuisance.

Hornblower—Sure, I'll lend you my telephone. Anything to oblige a neighbor. But can you play it?

Nexdore—No, I can't play it, and you can't either till I return it.

Reputation is a bubble that is easily punctured.

Sure Relief FOR INDIGESTION

BELLANS
6 BELLANS Hot water Sure Relief
25¢ and 75¢ Packages, Everywhere

Ladies Let Cuticura Keep Your Skin Fresh and Young

Soap 25c, Ointment 25c and 50c, Tablets 25c.

WINTERSMITH'S CHILL TONIC

POULTRY

STIMULANT AIDS SOME HENS

When Fowls Are Off Their Feed and Act Dumpy, a Little Pepper Will Brace Them Up.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

A flock of laying hens in good health has no need for condiments, say poultrymen of the United States Department of Agriculture. A hen whose digestive apparatus is in good working order needs no more stimulation for egg production than is provided by a good, well-balanced ration, proper care and housing. But when hens are off their feed and look dumpy, a little jigger of pepper or something of the sort in the ration may cause her to pick up and run on all cylinders again.

Various snappy and pungent condiments are used for the purpose, but the following mixture has been found as good as any and may be made up by the flock owner at low cost: Mix equal parts of ground red pepper, ground allspice, ground ginger and ground cloves, and one-half part of ground fenugreek seed. Many of the condiments sold to flock owners are largely filler and sell for a high price. In the mixture given there is nothing but the essentials. A tablespoonful of the mixture in 2 quarts of moist mash 2 or 3 times a week or a teaspoonful in 1 quart daily should be



Don't Keep a Rooster—Hens Lay Better Without the Presence of a Male Bird.

fed until the birds are back in good order.

It is not good practice for poultrymen to feed these things when the flock is in good appetite. When feed attracts hens little more can be done to stimulate the egg organs.

TURKEYS LAY EARLY IN DAY

Broodiness Can Be Discouraged by Confining Hens in Coop With Slat Bottom.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Turkey hens can easily be broken of their broodiness by confining them for two or three days to a coop with a slat bottom. They will mate soon after being let out of the coop and begin laying in about a week. The first two or three eggs of a litter are usually laid at the rate of one every other day, after which the hens ordinarily lay every day until they are broody, although sometimes they skip one day before laying the last egg of a litter.

There is no particular time of day when a turkey hen lays, but most of the eggs are laid in the morning, say poultry specialists in the United States Department of Agriculture. The following dates of laying and lengths of time remaining on the nest were obtained by watching a turkey hen during the laying season, and are typical:

Date	Time of laying	Time of leaving nest
March 27	4:30 p. m.	4:30 p. m.
March 28	11:30 a. m.	1:30 p. m.
March 29	5:30 a. m.	8:30 a. m.
April 1	11:30 a. m.	1:30 p. m.
April 2	4:30 p. m.	5:30 p. m.
April 3	11:30 a. m.	12:30 p. m.
April 4	4:30 a. m.	5:30 a. m.
April 5	9:30 a. m.	1:30 p. m.
April 6	9:30 a. m.	1:30 p. m.
April 7	9:30 a. m.	1:30 p. m.
April 8	10:30 a. m.	4:30 p. m.
April 9	10:30 a. m.	4:30 p. m.
April 10	10:30 a. m.	4:30 p. m.
April 11	10:30 a. m.	4:30 p. m.
April 12	7:30 a. m.	4:30 p. m.
April 13	7:30 a. m.	4:30 p. m.

WATCH FOR INFERTILE EGGS

In Hatching Poultryman Has No Set Rule to Follow in Operating His Incubator.

Poultrymen should test their eggs before putting them under a hen or in an incubator and take out all eggs which are unlikely to produce good chicks. It is not inferred, however, that infertile eggs may be selected out for incubation. There is no known method except by incubation of determining whether an egg is fertile or infertile.

LITTER FOR POULTRY HOUSE

Chaff and Refuse From Hayloft Is Preferred as Seeds Are Most Invigorating.

The best litter for the floor of poultry houses and coops is the chaff and refuse from the hayloft. Hayseeds themselves are small, but invigorating, and much of the benefit derived from them is due to the work induced by the seeds.



1—Former Postmaster General Will Hays leaving his last cabinet meeting to become motion picture arbiter; he's talking to Vice President Coolidge; left to right are Secretaries Mellon, Wallace, Davis, Fall, Hoover and Denby. 2—Mrs. P. Radick, Fields, Minn., with Senators Ladd (N. D.) and Norris (Nebr.) on left and right; she testified before Senate Agricultural committee. 3—Prince Paul Pasha, heir to Khedive of Egypt.

NEWS REVIEW OF CURRENT EVENTS

Warren G. Harding Completes His First Year as President of United States.

FALL AND WALLACE IN CLASH

American Government Declines to Participate in Genoa Conference—Lloyd George's Threatened Resignation—Fourteenth Canadian Parliament Opened—Fiume Fumes Again.

By JOHN DICKINSON SHERMAN
WARREN G. HARDING at noon of March 4 completed his first year as President of the United States. He was asked for an expression regarding the accomplishments of his administration to date and authorized this statement:

"The record of the administration speaks for itself; it would be a poor administration that required the executive to speak for it."

At an entertainment by the National Press club in honor of the first official birthday the President said:

"The long step toward getting back toward normal ways of government would seem to me to have been the achievement of the year."

Representative Fess of Ohio, chairman of the Republican congressional committee, made in the house a speech setting forth in detail the accomplishments of the year from the Republican viewpoint. He dwelt on economies, actual and prospective. He said that the United States would be the only government in the world living within its revenues next year, if it could keep within the estimates outlined by the administration. Reviewing the work of the arms conference, he said: "I challenge the record to produce a greater achievement in the history of diplomacy."

Democratic members then proceeded to tear to pieces the Fess eulogy from their standpoint. Cordell Hull, chairman of the Democratic national committee, also took issue with the Fess statement. His general position is that while the Republican congress has enacted a multiplicity of unimportant laws and the arms conference provided for a limited program of naval reduction the Republican party has failed to carry out its major promises made in the campaign of 1920.

Now, in the house debate over the administration's statement of economies Fess talked exactly as if he believed everything he said and the Democrats talked back exactly as if they believed everything they said. And the taxpayer in the gallery knew that everybody couldn't be telling the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth. The upshot was that Representative Burns of Tennessee, ranking Democratic member of the appropriations committee, secured the passage of a resolution calling upon the President to inform the house in what way the savings had been made, from what particular appropriations and in what specific amounts. Thereupon the President instructed General Dawes of the budget bureau to prepare a complete statement covering the entire situation. One thing at least stands out clearly: Nobody doubts that "H—l and Maria" Nobody will give the facts and figures as they are.

President and Mrs. Harding left Washington Wednesday evening by train for St. Augustine, Fla. The presidential party included Attorney General Daugherty, Speaker Gillett, Undersecretary of State Fletcher, Brigadier General Sawyer, his personal physician, and George B. Christian, his secretary. Mr. Christian said the President would occupy his time in "rest and recreation," in Florida for a week or so.

PITCHED battle between the Interior and Agricultural departments which has long been watched by official Washington with absorbing interest has now become "public" through a statement by Secretary Fall

that he had protested to President Harding against the circulation of "vicious propaganda emanating from the Department of Agriculture." The battle, in brief, is over legislation, pending and prospective, which would transfer the forest service from the Agriculture department to the Interior department and practically turn over the development of the natural resources of Alaska to the Interior department, with responsibility to the President. This battle is not a petty quarrel between two departments. It is a real battle between two cabinet members. Some of the old-timers take it so seriously as to predict the resignation of one or the other of the secretaries. Moreover, the battle is significant as indicating the difficulties that lie in the way of the proposed reorganization of all the executive departments.

Until 1905 the Interior department controlled all the public lands. The national forests were then created for the application of scientific lumbering and grazing and the forest service was established to administer them. The Interior department retained control of the remaining public lands and the ten national parks, established for recreational purposes. In the national forests the Interior department is charged with the execution of all laws "relating to surveying, prospecting, locating, appropriating, entering, reconveying or patenting of public lands and to the granting of rights of way amounting to easements." The national forests now number 168 in 21 states and territories and contain about 242,200 square miles. The national parks now number 19 and contain 10,850 square miles.

The national park service was created in 1916 to administer the national parks under the secretary of the interior. The Agricultural department then began a campaign in print, and from the platform, for the transfer of the national park service to the Agricultural department. It also set up the national forests as recreational rivals of the national parks.

Then came the proposed reorganization of the executive departments, approved by the President. Under this reorganization, the Interior department would become practically a public works department. One contemplated transfer is that of the forest service from the Agricultural department.

On top of this came the concern about the plight of Alaska, which is not prospering. "Too much bureaucratic government" was one cry that was raised. It is now proposed to take Alaska out of the hands of the many bureaus and hand it over to the Interior department for administration and development. The secretary is already building the government Alaskan railroad and controls the oil and mineral deposits in the national forests. The two big national forests in Alaska are the Tongass and Chugach containing 20,000,000 acres. Secretary Fall approves this disposition of Alaska. It has been announced that President Harding will visit Alaska this summer to get first-hand information. It was planned that Secretary Fall should be in the presidential party.

Naturally the Department of Agriculture is not pleased with this program. The American Forestry association has sent out much "literature" protesting against it. Some of it is pretty strong. The gist of it is that the transfer of the national forests means their exploitation by "private interests." Anyway, Secretary Fall says he is being held up to "execration, public abuse and private calumny."

THE United States has formally declined the invitation of the allied powers to participate in the European financial and economic conference which is now set for April 10 at Genoa. The declination runs from Secretary of State Hughes to the Italian ambassador, Senator Ricci. The document is a gem of purest ray serene. The language is friendly, the statements are plain, the meaning unmistakable. In diplomatic terms he says that the conference is not primarily economic but is rather a conference of a political character in which the United States cannot helpfully participate. "Nothing doing. See you later. Wishing you good luck, I remain, etc."—is about the way it would read in the vernacular. Of course Europe is disappointed. It is generally admitted

that the absence of the United States will detract from the usefulness of the conference. But if Europe will not hold the kind of conference in which the United States can helpfully participate, it must not expect us unnecessarily to become involved in European questions. Better luck next time, maybe, when things get down to brass tacks.

LOYD GEORGE resigning the British premiership doesn't fit in with American notions of the little Welsh wizard. But either he had it seriously in mind—or he ran a gorgeous bluff. Anyway, he served an ultimatum on the Tory leaders of the coalition party that unless he could be assured of loyal support and co-operation he would resign. Whereupon all Britons buzzed like a disturbed beehive. Sir Arthur Balfour was named everywhere as the probable successor. But the coalition chiefs got busy at once. Sir George Younger, the unionist "die-hard" leader, was made to step back into the line; it was his speeches that had forced the issue. Other leaders publicly voiced their confidence in the premier. Balfour, as a conservative leader, put the finishing touch by declaring emphatically for a continuance of the coalition government and endorsing the leadership of Lloyd George, who he declared was incomparably the greatest figure of the greatest age in British history. So the crisis has apparently been passed—though possibly only for the present.

Sir Arthur, by the way, is very much in the British public eye just now. King George has bestowed upon him a knighthood of the Order of the Garter. His achievements at the Washington arms conference are universally acclaimed as regaining for Great Britain the world dominance lost during the World war. Anyhow, in declaring for Lloyd George he bowed himself out of the premiership.

CANADA'S fourteenth parliament was opened Wednesday by Governor-General Byng. W. L. Mackenzie King is the first liberal prime minister to hold the reins of government since Sir Wilfrid Laurier was defeated ten years ago on his policy of reciprocity with the United States. Premier King is a veteran of the Laurier ministry of 1911, in which he served as minister of labor. Rodolphe Lemieux of Montreal, selected by Premier King, is speaker. The government commands about one-half of the members of parliament. The official opposition group, numbering about fifty in a house of 235 members, is led by Arthur Meighen, the defeated premier. T. A. Creaar leads an unofficial progressive group of about 65, who are expected to support the government in most of its policies, especially on the tariff. Both liberals and progressives believe in customs duties "for revenue only," as against the conservative policy of protection. Who said "reciprocity"?

FUME is on the map again and seems to be trying to rival Vesuvius. The Fascisti and their adherents have chased out President Zanella of the Free City government set up under the treaty of Rapallo between Italy and Yugoslavia. Gabrielle d'Annunzio has sent word that he supports the "uprising." The Italian parties have chosen Giovanni Giuriati former chief of the post-warrior's cabinet, as head of another provisional government for the Free State. The Yugoslavs are rushing troops to the frontier, ostensibly to repel threatened raids by the Fascisti. They are insisting upon observance of the treaty of Rapallo. Italy apparently intends to restore order in Fiume and enforce the Rapallo treaty. She also has moved troops forward.

MAN says he isn't marrying Mathilde for her money. Mathilde began the romance at eleven by calling Max "Uncle." Max has taught Mathilde the "Swiss language." Let the wedding bells ring out and the Swiss navy fire a salute!

"Politics makes strange bedfellows"—which is to say that the new treaty gives Yap prohibition, with Americans exempted.

William Jennings Bryan, crusading against Darwinism, says nobody can make a monkey of him. Mr. Bryan is a self-made man.

Make Every Meal A Perfect Feast

Tanlac Makes Each Bite a New Delight

WHEN your digestive system is working efficiently and smoothly, extracting from your food abundant stores of vital energy and piling up a reserve force of vigor to meet any emergency, every bite is eaten with keen zest and appreciation.

If your meals are not a real event, if you do not approach the table

organ and through ample secretion of digestive fluids. It then promotes energetic action of all the bowel muscles and glands and enables the food to pass through the digestive canal in the normal time. Each of the thousands of little glands whose duty it is to pick up nourishment from the food and send this to all parts

of the body are stimulated to their utmost. The whole result is that food is taken care of without distress of any sort in such manner as to derive the utmost benefit from it.

If your appetite is not keen, if your food seems to disagree with you, if you are underweight, nervous, irritable and lack energy, give Tanlac the chance to show you that it can work a miracle



with the most lively anticipation of its delights, then you are only half-living, because you are only half getting the value of your food.

Lack of appetite, or distress from indulging the appetite, are both due to the same cause—failure of the digestive system to properly do its important work. The undigested food remaining in the alimentary canal may merely cause a distaste for more food when it cannot take care of what it has, or it may undergo chemical and putrefaction changes that cause acute disease.

Besides, these chemical changes produce poisonous substances that are carried to every cell and organ of the body and that cause all sorts of distressing symptoms.

Tanlac, the famous digestive tonic and body builder, has achieved its wide success because it is able to invigorate the entire digestive tract. It acts to cause vigorous stomach preparation of the food, both through the muscular churning action of that



in your condition as it has in so many thousands of other cases.

If you are despondent, gloomy, with little taste for and enjoyment of life, try Tanlac and no doubt you will see the clouds of gloom roll away under the sunshine of health.

You are entitled to be healthy, vigorous, efficient and happy. Give yourself the chance to become so as thousands of others have, by taking Tanlac.

Get Tanlac from your druggist this very day. Why wait for tomorrow when Tanlac—and health—await you today?

These Days.

The dapper young man approached the subject with halting embarrassment.

"It's about your daughter Clarice, sir," he said. "I hardly know how to begin, but I have here," as he placed his hand over his heart.

"For the love o' Mike go on and take her!" exclaimed the old man. "Marry her and be happy!"

"Not me!" said the visitor, drawing a paper from his left-hand coat pocket with the same hand. "What I'm telling you is I'm collecting for the place where she's running a charge account, and it's up to you!"—Richmond Times-Dispatch.

Family Abundantly Blessed.

Mr. and Mrs. Noyes, already parents of five children, were the proud parents of triplet boy babies two weeks ago. They live in Victoria, N. S. The indications point to lots of Noyes in that home.

Old Saying Verified.

"You nearly ran over those people," said the traffic cop, stopping the motorist.

"Sorry, officer! You see I just got this car an—"

"What's your name?"

"Little."

"Ah! a little learning is a dangerous thing," chuckled the cultured cop, and he was so tickled with his joke that he let the transgressor go free.

The Proper Course.

"What's your idea of beginning with pie and eating your dinner backward?"

"My stomach's upset."

If a girl has fiery red hair it is a sign that all her acquaintances will tell her it is golden.



WARNING! Say "Bayer" when you buy Aspirin.

Unless you see the name "Bayer" on tablets, you are not getting genuine Aspirin prescribed by physicians over 22 years and proved safe by millions for

Colds	Headache	Rheumatism
Toothache	Neuralgia	Neuritis
Earache	Lumbago	Pain, Pain

Accept only "Bayer" package which contains proper directions.

Handy "Bayer" boxes of 12 tablets—Also bottles of 24 and 100—Druggists.

Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monmouth-Industries of Elberfeld

CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

THE CRITTENDEN PRESS

Marion, Ky., March 17, 1922

Published every Friday by
W. F. HOGARD & SONS
R. E. WILBORN, Mgr. Job Dept.

Entered as second-class matter
February 9th, 1878, at the postoffice
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of Congress of March 3rd, 1877.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES
In County and Zone One\$1.50
Zone Two and Beyond\$2.00

RESOLUTIONS

WHEREAS; on Sunday March 5, 1922, God in His infinite wisdom saw fit to call home our brother and co-worker in Christ's kingdom, Ruling Elder, Clinton W. Bryant;

NOW THEREFORE be it resolved that we weep not as those who have no hope, but we realize that in this dispensation of His wise providence our loss is only the eternal gain to brother Bryant; and

BE It Further Resolved that in the death of brother Bryant this church loses a faithful, consistent and stalwart christian character; the community a good citizen and the family a loving and devoted father and husband; and

BE It Further Resolved that this session, and our church as a whole, extend our heartfelt sympathy to the bereaved family, and commend them to God, who alone can give them consolation.

RESOLVED Further, that we do spread this resolution on the record book of our church and that a copy be sent to the bereaved family and a copy be sent to the Crittenden Press, for publication, and a copy also be sent to The Presbyterian Advocate.

Done by order of the Session of First Presbyterian Church U. S. A., Marion, Kentucky.

REV. E. N. HART, Moderator
C. B. HINA, Clerk of Session.
March 12, 1922.

Mr. and Mrs. N. D. Witherspoon and children of Madisonville were called here last week by the death of Mrs. Witherspoon's sister, Mrs. Will Mayes.

OBITUARY OF L. N. LAMB

He was born October 14, 1848. When a boy Bro. Lamb had a hope but he never confessed it until 1886. Rev. James F. Price was the pastor. His failing to confess his Lord caused several years of unsettled life. For with the heart man believeth unto righteousness and with the mouth confession is made unto salvation. (Romans: 10-10) Manq have made this mistake in life. Bro. Lamb was married to Miss Lou Pickens on March 22, 1888. To this happy union one child was born, it died in infancy. Bro Lamb was a law-abiding citizen, a christian gentleman. He was true to his church and honest with his fellowmen and a good farmer. He provided well for his home and loved to have his friends come to see him, and his home was the preachers home when they were hungry and tired.

He was a friend to the orphans and widows in their troubles. He had the royal Scotch-Irish blood in him. He was a deep and quiet thinker, slow to speak but kind and true. He was chaste in his language, had the highest respect for other mens opinions, a good man and his church and neighbors will miss him. Our loss is his gain. But we bow in submission to all that is good and with faith and hope we look beyond this life to a time when we will meet in the sweet land of light. Where the weary will be at rest, where the city will be lighted up with love, and where there will be no more goodbye. May great peace rest upon the home and his dear companions is the writer's prayer. A FRIEND

BLACKFORD

Mr. and Mrs. R. Brinkley of Princeton spent a few days last week with his aunt, Mrs. W. H. Morgan.

Miss Bessie Curry of Corydon is visiting Miss Alcie Morgan.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry King passed through here recently.

Tom Fowler, Howard Eskew and Will Winders of Weston were in our little town Tuesday.

Mrs. Eula Morgan went to Sturgis Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Green of Sturgis spent Sunday the guest of relatives here.

OBITUARY

Sybil Inez Belt, the daughter of George T. and Rittie Belt was born Oct. 24, 1891, died March 2, 1922.

She was converted to the Christian faith in August 1906, and immediately united with and was baptized into the fellowship of the Baptist church at Deer Creek in Crittenden county, where she lived a consistent christian and church life until God saw fit to remove her from the church militant to the church triumphant.

Somehow it was revealed to her that soon she would leave this world and cross the Jordan of death and she talked to her father about the crossing and said "I realize that I am not going to get well but am not in the least excited about it, and am perfectly reconciled to go, I am ready."

She leaves Father, Mother, two brothers, Rupert of Fordsville, and Maurice, and one sister, Mrs. Clara Mahan to mourn, but amid all the mourning it is seasoned with pleasant memories that they have of her.

Sybil was a girl of rare christian graces always busy about the things of her Lord and Master, never having the time or the disposition to waste her life in the whirl of worldly society, but always chose to associate herself with the better element of society who were busy in the promotion of things worth while in the world, that would help some one else and bring in the kingdom of her Lord. In the home life she was one of the few who could be trusted and upon whom father and mother as well as sister and brothers leaned heavily for council and help. In the community life she always had a kind word and a helping hand, and was of the Dorcas type, full of alms deeds and good work, of which there were many expressions when she was taken away.

The church, with her, came first and she was always at her post of duty taking a live interest in the things that would promote its welfare, and there was no duty too hard but that she counted it a privilege to help in the prosecution of that duty, and spoke of it as a joy and not a burden.

Her pastor could always depend on her to help and not to hinder in all the various phases of church work.

It is the universal testimony of all who knew her that she will be missed as but few in the home, in the church and in the community.

We count our lives better by having known and being associated with her, and look up to our loving Heavenly Father and try to be reconciled to His will and pray that He would reveal to us what He is saying in this sad dispensation of His dealings and ask for wisdom to attain unto the higher life, such as has been so nobly displayed by Sybil and know that God is able to keep that committed to Him against that day.

Her funeral was conducted amid a concourse of sorrowing relatives and friends and former pastor, Hosea C. Paris, after which her body was laid to rest by kind hands in the Deer Creek Cemetery to await the Morn when Jesus shall come and gather the sleeping, when soul and body shall be reunited and be forever with the Lord, wherefore my beloved comfort ye one another with these words. A FRIEND

Many Like this in Marion

Similar Cases Being Published In Each Issue

The following case is but one of many occurring daily in Marion. It is an easy matter to verify it. You cannot ask for better proof.

G. M. L. Nesbitt, Cherry St., Marion, says "I can recommend Doan's Kidney Pills to anyone having any trouble with their kidneys. On different occasions during the past ten years I have taken Doan's Kidney Pills to regulate my kidneys when they have been out of order and they have always given good results. A few years ago after an attack of the "flu" my kidneys bothered me a great deal. I had severe pains in my back and the action of my kidneys was very irregular causing me a great deal of annoyance, especially at night I got Doan's Kidney Pills at Orme's Drug Store and they strengthened my kidneys in good shape just as they had always done before."

60c at all dealers. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfrs., Buffalo, N. Y. (Advertisement)

Nestall
A VAPOR REMEDY

A proven remedy for
Catarrh, Asthma, Hay
Fever, Tuberculosis and
similar troubles.

For terms and testimonials
Write J. L. West Remedy Co., Mt. Sterling, Ky.

Gilchrist & Gilchrist

Refractive Specialists

EYES AND NERVES

Hours: 8 to 12 A. M., 1 to 5 P. M.

Office Frisbie Building, Main Street

I. H. CLEMENT,

Physician and Surgeon

Office in Marion Bank Building

666

Will break a Cold, Fever and
Grippe quicker than anything we
know, preventing pneumonia.

W. L. Armstrong of Route Three
was in town on business Friday of
last week.

Mr. Herman Clark, wife and two
children are ill of flu at their home
on Salem road.

ONE ADVANTAGE OF DAIRYING

After Farmer Has Fed All His Crops
and Sold His Produce He
Still Has Machinery.

One of the great advantages of
dairying over steer feeding is that
after a farmer has fed all his crops
and sold his produce he still has the
machinery left for producing more
of the same kind while when the
steer is sold a new animal or machine
must be purchased.

COWS FRESHENING IN FALL

Largest Milk Production Will Come
When Prices Are Highest and
Labor Cheapest.

The cows that freshen in the fall
will produce more milk during the
year than those that freshen in the
spring, and the largest milk production
will come when the prices for
milk and butterfat are the highest and
labor the cheapest.

Are You Looking for a GOOD Printer?

WE DO NOT claim to be the
best on earth but we do
claim that no better work is
done than we do and further
more, we give exceptionally good
service. Bring your printing
troubles to us and let us help
you with them.

CRITTENDEN PRESS Job Printing

Know before you buy

put them
on the scales



ELK BRAND
TEST NO. 1
-weight

Weigh a pair of Elk Brands
and a pair of any other make
overall of the same "size" on the same
scales. You'll find that Elk Brands
weigh more because only the toughest,
best grade of blue denim is used
in them.

Makers of the
famous Elk Brand
Work Shirts

Get a tape line and measure them—pull them at the seams—treat 'em rough, they are made for rough use—test them any way you please—find out for yourself why we can afford to guarantee Elk Brands to give more wear per dollar than any other overall made—regardless of price. Elk Brands sell for less than other "standard" makes.

YANDELL-
GUGENHEIM
COMPANY



ELK BRAND SHIRT & OVERALL CO.
INCORPORATED
HOPKINSVILLE, KY.

ELK BRAND

PUBLIC SALE

I will on

Saturday, March 25

at my farm one mile from Piney Fork Camp Ground
offer for sale to the highest and best bidder the
following property:

- 2 horses
- 2 cows
- One 3 1-4 Tennessee Wagon
- 1 lot broom making machinery
- 1 gasoline engine
- 1 feed grinder
- 1 cut off saw
- 1 Shetland pony
- 1 2-row corn planter

Also other farming implements and all my household and kitchen furniture, including one range stove.

Terms: \$10 and under cash. Over \$10, twelve months time, at 6 per cent interest.

ELVIS ANDREWS

NEW FURNITURE FIRM Announcement

J. B. Allen has acquired an interest in the R. F. Dorr Furniture Store and will appreciate having his friends call at any time. The new firm will cater to the demands of the furniture buying public, striving at all times to keep on hand a full and complete line of high-grade furniture. If you are even thinking of buying a single new piece of furniture this spring it will pay you this new firm. We have on hand Coffins, Caskets and Undertaker's Supplies.

Dorr & Allen

R. F. Dorr, Licensed Undertaker and Embalmer.
Old Post Office Building Marion, Ky.

SPRING STYLES

ARE HERE!

The new authentic styles for Spring are here—Suits and Topcoats that embody all the latest style changes.

Society Brand and many other good makes are here. The Strouse & Bros. label is in all of them—but even if it wasn't you would know that they are our kind of clothes by their fine quality, their Good Workmanship and General Appearance.

When you come to Evansville, Come In!
See the scores of new styles and patterns.

Strouse & Bros.
Evansville, Ind.

Parcel Post
Insured on
Mail Orders

Dependable Since 1868

Prices Reduced
According to
MRA Plan

Taste is a matter of
tobacco quality

We state it as our honest
belief that the tobacco used
in Chesterfield are of finer
quality (and hence of better
taste) than in any other
cigarette at the price.

Light of Myers Tobacco Co.

"I like 'em"



Chesterfield
CIGARETTES

of Turkish and Domestic tobaccos—blended

"They Satisfy"

An All-Around Bank



EQUIPPED TO SERVE You promptly, confidently and in strict accordance with your requirements. Provides unquestioned security for funds; offers advice and counsel based on long experience. An all-around bank offering an all-around service of proved merit.

FARMERS & MERCHANTS BANK
Tolu, Kentucky

'LOCAL HAPPENINGS'

—Monday April 10th, tenth Annual Implement Day.

N. C. Green of Dycusburg was in the city Saturday.

—Beautiful line of Spring Hats at MRS. H. C. LAMB.

Ernest Davenport of Route 2 was in town Monday.

Wm. J. Hodges of Princeton was in Marion Monday.

Rev. O. D. Spence spent Sunday with his father, W. R. Spence.

R. B. Clements of Chapel Hill paid us a call while in Marion Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Newt Crayne of Dawson spent the week end visiting in Marion.

Miss Christine Dehoo and Mrs. Oliver Runk of Mexico and Miss Mary Young and Mrs. E. Baird of Crayne, were Marion visitors Monday.

Mr. Silas Guess is a champion sweet potato grower, if the samples he gave to the news editor is a criterion to judge by. They might be called "choppers" but Mr. Guess says he has some bigger ones at home.

Mrs. A. D. Ferrel of Buffalo, who has been visiting the family of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. M. Jenkins, left for home Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Copher, who have been visiting relatives and friends here, returned to their home in Harrisburg, Ill., Tuesday.

Miss Lydia Anderson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Anderson of Blackford, was recently elected a member of the governing Student Council of Ward-Belmont, Nashville, Tenn., where she is attending school.

Mrs. J. E. Dean of Charline, who was called here last week by the serious illness of her mother, Mrs. A. D. McFee and her brother, Ed McFee, returned home Tuesday.

Mr. Charley Taylor of Tolu was in the city Monday.

Dr. J. L. Reynolds, of Blackford, was in the city Monday.

Mr. A. B. Vanhooser of Caldwell county, was in Marion Monday enroute to Clay to visit his brother.

Mr. R. H. Thomas of Sheridan, has returned from a Paducah hospital where he has been for treatment.

Mrs. Dave Reese of Sikeston, Mo., who has been visiting her brother, F. Chamblis, at Salem, left for home Monday. Mr. Chamblis is suffering from a wound in his foot.

Rev. W. T. Oakley was called to Blackford Sunday to preach the funeral of Dr. E. E. Newcom.

Mrs. O. M. Crisp, of Blackford, was in the city Monday enroute to Princeton to visit Mrs. J. P. Perry.

Mr. C. H. Blackwell of Dixon was a business visitor in the city Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. E. N. Crayne of Dawson Springs were in Marion Monday enroute to Chicago to visit their daughter, Mrs. Clara Ottaway.

Mrs. E. R. Brown and children, Helen and Edward, of Unknown, who have been visiting Mrs. Brown's sister, Mrs. Press Hill, left for home Monday.

Messrs. T. H. Rushing and Wm. McMaster of Mexico, were in town Monday on business.

Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Adams and children arrived Thursday from Zillah Wash., and are visiting relatives and friends in the city and country. Mr. Adams has for six years been postmaster of his town.

Mr. H. V. Stone is ill of the flu at his home on North Main Street.

Mrs. Will Mayes, 45 years old died at her home a few miles west of town Saturday of tuberculosis.

Former Circuit Judge Carl Henderson left last week for Oklahoma, where he will make his home and engage in the practice of law. Mrs. Henderson and children will follow soon.

LEVIAS

Miss Mary Watson was a recent guest of Miss Sallie Sullenger.

Willard and Frances Perryman spent the week end with their aunt Willie Lynn near Siloam.

Mr. C. G. Settles and wife visited Sunday of last week with his parents Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Settles.

J. H. Price went to Tolu last Wednesday on business.

Mr. and Mrs. Benn Sisco were recent guests of their son Grady and wife at the home of their grandmother Franklin.

Mrs. Mary Bigham of Chapel Hill vicinity spent several days visiting her sister Mrs. Antonia Price last week.

Mr. G. B. Dunmore of Sycamore Ill. was in our midst last Sunday.

Mr. D. Stallions, wife and daughter Ruby Lee were guests last Thursday of her parents Mr. and Mrs. George McKinney.

Mr. Jasper Franklin went to see the sick near Tolu Thursday.

Mrs. Dona Snyder visited her sister Mrs. Ada Watson a few days last week.

Mrs. P. J. Gilles was the guest Sunday of her cousin J. H. Price and family.

Messrs. Charlie and Hick Binkley of Pinkneyville were guests last week of their aunt Mary Franklin.

Mr. and Mrs. Kelly LaRue attended the funeral of Miss Sybil Belt at Deer Creek.

Herman McClure went to Marion Saturday to visit his sister Mrs. Roy Davidson.

Homer Ray Settles stayed all night Sunday with his grand parents Mr. and Mrs. Lafayette Settles.

Miss Adaline Carter has returned from Winchester, Ky.

Fred Love, wife and sons visited Sunday with Mr. Will LaRue and wife.

Sallie Sullenger was the guest Saturday night of her uncle Clarence Settles and wife.

Mrs. Josie LaRue spent Saturday with her niece Mrs. Lucie Patmor.

Mrs. L. L. Price has been quite sick the past week but is improving.

WHITE ROSE

Raymond Kirk wife and baby visited her mother Mrs. Bob Stubblefield of Enmaus Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. John Campbell's family have been confined to their room the past few days with the flu.

Bee Campbell and son were guests of Clurcy Brown Sunday.

Herbert Travis, wife and daughter and Aubrey Guess and wife were guests of Edgar McKinney and family of Lyon county Saturday and Sunday.

Griele Crouch and children visited her mother Cora Asbridge Saturday. maus Mrs. Emiline Greenlea spent Saturday the guest of her mother Mrs. Mat Asbridge.

Hayden Davis and family are recovering from an attack of flu.

Mittie Brown and Edie Campbell visited Mrs. Claud Campbell Monday.

Cora McKinney and children visited her mother Annie Campbell Sunday.

EGGS FOR HATCHING

Full blooded Barred Rocks, bred to lay. First pullet in 1921 layed at the age of five months and six days. Price \$1.00 per setting of 15.
RITTIE A. BELT, Sheridan, Ky. 32-6

Rub-My-Tism, antiseptic and pain killer, for infected sores, tetter, sprains, neuralgia, rheumatism.

LOOK AT THIS PRICE FOR PRESSING SUITS

50c PER SUIT

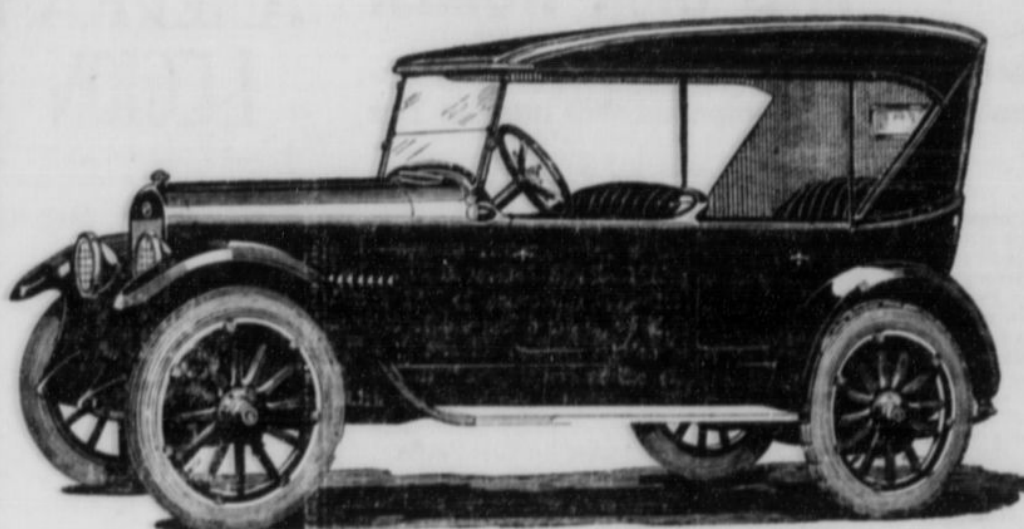
Work Guaranteed

Suits Called for and Delivered

L. A. Walker

Marion Kentucky
Telephone No. 35

Studebaker



The New LIGHT-SIX
\$1045

f. o. b. South Bend

Studebaker is the world's largest builder of six-cylinder motor cars!

1921 was the TEST YEAR for motor car values. It was a year of discriminating buying. People did not buy cars, last year, as the result of a whim or fancy. They bought on the basis of intrinsic values.

And in such a year Studebaker built more six-cylinder cars than any other manufacturer in the world.

Studebaker led in 1921 because it built—complete in its own plants—cars of superior design, materials and workmanship, at the lowest possible prices.

Studebaker will lead again in 1922 because, in the new models, the refinements of the new year have been added to the proven values of the old. Be sure to see the new models now.

Look for these Features in the New Light Six

A car of 112-inch wheelbase, built complete in Studebaker plants, seating five adults in perfect comfort. Genuine leather upholstery.
40-H. P. 3 1-8x4 1-2 detachable head motor of exclusive Studebaker design. Intermediate transmission.
Valves inclined at 20-degree angle for purposes of greater economy and smoother performance.

Patented internal hot-spot which means greater efficiency. Completely machined crank-shaft and connecting rods.
Cowl ventilator controlled from dash. Cowl parking lights. Thermostatic-controlled cooling system. Windshield wiper. Large plate glass window in rear of top.
32x4-inch cord tires.

T. H. Cochran & Co.

Phone 81 Main Street Marion, Ky.
THIS IS A STUDEBAKER YEAR

FORDS FERRY

Mrs. Amanda Terry of Forest Grove passed thru here Saturday enroute home from visiting her daughter Mrs. Ora Easley of McCleainsboro, Ill.

Rev. Edward Woodall filled his regular appointment at Dunn Springs Saturday and Sunday.

Several people in this section are very ill with the flu.

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Truitt spent Sunday the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Truitt.

Mrs. Connie Clement an little daughter Marion, of Caseyville have recently returned home after a brief visit among relatives and friends at Clementsburg.

Mrs. Bush Rankin attended church at Dunn Springs Saturday and Sunday.

Mrs. Nolan Brewer was in the Forest Grove section last week.

J. L. Rankin and M. L. Clift were in Marion Monday on business.

Mr. and Mrs. Lester Terry of the Forest Grove section attended services at Dunn Springs Sunday.

DIRECTORY OF CUMBERLAND PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

Preaching every first and third Sundays, morning and evening at 11 o'clock A. M. and 7 o'clock P. M. Sunday School every Sunday morning at 9:45. Walter McConnell, Supt. Christian Endeavor meeting every Sunday evening at 6 o'clock. Everybody invited and Cumberland Presbyterians especially urged to attend all of these services. "Come thou with us and we will do thee good."
F. L. McDOWELL, Pastor

EGGS FOR HATCHING

—Very fine Barred Rocks. Come look at them. Eggs 75c per 15. Chicks 12 1-2c. MRS. TOM ENOCH, Marion Ky. Phone 62-3 34*8

Full blooded Rhode Island Red eggs for hatching. \$1.00 per 15. MRS. R. E. WILBORN Telephone 92. Marion, Ky.

Last Call for Spraying Fruit Trees

Spray your Fruit trees NOW

Apple Trees
Peach Trees
Plum Trees
Cherry Trees

Spray them every one with—
LIME AND SULPHUR

Furnished in either powder or liquid form at

J. H. ORME
Druggist
MARION, KY.

We Write Automobile Insurance of All Kinds

Telephone us or come to see us to see us about insuring your car. Don't wait but do it NOW.

Crider & Woods Co.

C. W. LAMB MISS NELLE WALKER
MARION, KY.

HAVE YOU THESE SYMPTOMS?

If So, Commence Taking Gude's Pepto-Mangan and Get Back to Good Health

Lack of vitality, a feeling of tiredness, bad breath, pale lips, colorless cheeks, loss of weight, flabby flesh, lessened strength—all of these call for the immediate use of Gude's Pepto-Mangan. It will positively produce satisfactory results. Try taking it with your meals for a few weeks and be surprised with the improvement in your condition. Gude's Pepto-Mangan will help you back to strength during convalescence from any illness. It has been prescribed successfully by physicians everywhere for thirty years. It is a recognized iron tonic of honest merit. For sale in liquid and tablet form by all druggists. Ask for it by the full name, "Gude's Pepto-Mangan."—Advertisement.

She Got the Name.

"Mary," said the mistress, "did you ask everyone for cards today, as I told you, when they called?"

"Yes, m. I told him, he wouldn't give me no card, but I slipped his hat an' shoved him off th' steps. Here's his name on th' sweat band."—Richmond Times-Dispatch.

MOTHER! MOVE

CHILD'S BOWELS WITH CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP

Hurry, mother! Even a sick child loves the "fruity" taste of "California Fig Syrup" and it never fails to open the bowels. A teaspoonful today may prevent a sick child tomorrow. If constipated, bilious, feverish, fretful, has cold, colic, or if stomach is sour, tongue coated, breath bad, remember a good cleansing of the little bowels is often all that is necessary.

Ask your druggist for genuine "California Fig Syrup" which has directions for babies and children of all ages printed on bottle. Mother! You must say "California" or you may get an imitation fig syrup.—Advertisement.

Giving a Guess.

"Pa, what is this heel of Achilles?" "Something new in rubber, I s'pose."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

When anyone asks "How are you?" you are not expected to offer a detailed answer.



Mrs. Ruth Williamson

Birmingham, Ala.—"After becoming a mother my health gave way. I suffered severely with a pain low down in my right side. My sister-in-law, having been cured of a bad case of feminine trouble by taking Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, advised me to take it, which I did. I am now starting on my third bottle and the pain has all left me. My husband said to me the other day, 'That Favorite Prescription must be a wonderful medicine. I don't hear you complaining any more.'"—Mrs. Ruth Williamson, 4016 First Avenue.

TO KILL RATS



and MICE

Always use the genuine **STEARNS' ELECTRIC PASTE** It forces these pests to run from the building for water and food. Safe, clean, quick action. Water, bags and auto destroy food and property and are victims of Stearns.

READY FOR USE—BETTER THAN TRAPS
Expensive in 15 languages in every book.
Box, 10c. 100, \$1.00. 500, \$5.00.

USE SLOAN'S TO WARD OFF PAIN

LITTLE aches grow into big pains unless ward off by an application of Sloan's. Rheumatism, neuralgia, stiff joints, lame back won't fight long against Sloan's Liniment.

For more than forty years Sloan's Liniment has helped thousands, the world over. You won't be an exception. It certainly does produce results.

It penetrates without rubbing. Keep this old family friend always handy for instant use. Ask your neighbor.

At all druggists—35c, 70c, \$1.40.

Sloan's Liniment (Pain's enemy)

Where Your Taxes Go

How Uncle Sam Spends Your Money in Conducting Your Business

By EDWARD G. LOWRY

Author "Washington Close-Ups," "Banks and Financial Systems," etc. Contributor Political and Economic Articles to Leading Periodicals and a Writer of Recognized Authority on the National Government's Business Methods.

Copyright, Western Newspaper Union

VIII.

INCOMPETENTS ARE KEPT

The annual turnover in the government service is something almost incredible. No business corporation, however strongly established, could long endure the heavy annual drain on its resources. Hundreds of men leave the government service daily; and new, untrained people have to be taken on and taught to do the work. This costs money, as every employer knows.

The resignations from the government service are chiefly from the supervisory and most highly paid positions and from the very lowest grades. The men at the top, if they have any initiative or ability or ambition to make a name for themselves, are offered private employment at double or treble or more what the government can pay them. The people in the lowest grades leave for private employment when opportunity affords because in too many instances they actually cannot keep body and soul together on their government pay.

It is the people in the middle class who stay on the longest. The whole constant process makes for a steady deterioration in the quality of the government service and tends to retain the mediocre in public employment.

The civil service commission, through which the great bulk of government employees are brought into the service, is acutely aware of this condition. Its reports give emphasis to the difficulty constantly experienced in securing and retaining competent employees. The rotation in office has become increasingly frequent and vitally impairs the efficiency of the service.

During the war there was a lower rate of turnover in the mechanical forces than in outside establishments. The proposition of separations, however, is excessive in clerical, professional and technical positions, in which the rate of turnover sometimes amounts to a third of the force in a year.

During the nine months preceding the armistice more than 90,000 appointments were made in the civil service and about 28,000 separations occurred—that is, for every two appointments made one person left the service. For a period of similar length following the armistice only 60 per cent as many appointments were made, but there were nearly 33 per cent more separations. In this period almost as many positions were vacated as were filled.

WHAT OF THESE OLD MEN?

Congress enacted a law in 1890 requiring all heads of departments and independent establishments in the federal service to report each year to the secretary of the treasury the number of employees under them who were below a fair standard of efficiency. Every year this is done and the letters to the secretary of the treasury from the various departments and bureaus are printed in the book of estimates of appropriations compiled for use by congress in making up the annual supply bills. Congress never pays the slightest heed to these reports. They are made up year after year, but the inefficient are never fired.

For example, last year the chief clerk of the treasury reported 170 employees of the Treasury department as below a fair standard of efficiency. But nothing will be done about it. The interior department reported 130 inefficient, and will probably go on reporting them till they die of old age. There are employees of the government in Washington who are totally blind and who are led from their homes to their offices each day and back home again in the afternoon.

I knew in 1920 one gentleman of ninety-two years who had been in the government service for seventy-two years. He was being paid at that time \$100 a year. His maximum pay during his long service was \$1800 a year. James K. Polk was President when this old gentleman came into the service. He was born on January 10, 1828. His father was a captain of the regular army in the war of 1812. After that service he led an active life in other occupations until 1848, when he died, leaving a dependent family of nine persons, three of them boys. It fell to the lot of one of them to be the chief support of the family.

It came to pass, then, that at the age of twenty he received through the influence of navy friends of his father a small clerkship at the naval observatory, then under the superintendence of that accomplished officer, Matthew Fontaine Maury, whom he served as amanuensis for ten years, accounting it a great privilege and pleasure to have heard Maury's voice dictating the words of sense and wisdom which make up the sailing directions, the wind and current charts and other publications issued from the observatory for the benefit of the world.

From a copyist at first, November 9, 1848, at \$3 a day, the young man was advanced as follows:

July 1, 1853, clerk at \$1,200 a year; July 1, 1854, clerk at \$1,500 a

The exigencies of the war required a great expansion of the clerical forces at Washington and elsewhere and this was accomplished by a labor turnover several times above normal. The percentage of deficiencies on the civil service register increased in many instances from 30 to more than 50 per cent—that is, more than half the men and women who successfully passed civil service examinations and were offered jobs under the government refused to take them. It is estimated that more than 950,000 of those who met the test were appointed during that time.

The civil service commission says flatly: "Those familiar with the federal service at Washington know that the service is now hampered by the retention of incompetents whose removal is rendered difficult by influences which are incompatible with the efficiency of the service. Preferences and exemptions increasingly clog the departments with persons who, no matter how inefficient, are difficult to remove, and whose retention tends to destroy the discipline of the service."

Among these inefficient, of course, are the superannuated and the physically incapacitated. The bureau of efficiency estimated, before the passage of the superannuation retirement law, the number of employees in the civil service of the United States seventy years of age and over as follows:

	Number
Railway postal clerks.....	197
Rural letter carriers.....	44
City letter carriers.....	230
Post office clerks.....	267
Mechanics.....	328
General employees, Dist. Columbia.....	1,434
General employees elsewhere.....	1,613
Total.....	4,498

The commissioner of pensions supplies the following compact statement of the age of the employees in the pension bureau:

Number in the classified civil service, 874; age of the oldest employee, eighty-eight; number over eighty years of age, 24; number between sixty-five and eighty, 290; based on age of sixty-five, number eligible for retirement, 292; percentage of employees eligible for retirement, 33.4; average age of all employees, July 1, 1919, fifty-eight.

These old men and women bear the burden of the administration of the complex, intricate and involved procedure under the pension laws having to do with the disbursement of \$222,150,292 in 1920 to 600,000 and some old beneficiaries.

year; July 1, 1870, principal clerk at \$1,800 a year; December 6, 1911, clerk at \$1,400 a year; May 1, 1918, stenographer and typewriter at \$900 a year. It will be seen that he was demoted in December, 1911, and again in May, 1918, to lower positions, involving less work and responsibility. These demotions were at his own request. In October, 1917, he received from the assistant secretary of the navy, Mr. Roosevelt, the following letter:

"I have to inform you that you have been granted leave without pay for six months beginning October 13, 1917. 'As you have been in the employ of the government now nearly sixty-nine years, and during all that time your record has been excellent, I regret that there is no way in which the department could continue you on the rolls with compensation.

"I desire at this time to express the appreciation of the department for your long and satisfactory service, and the hope that you will be so benefited by this leave that you can return and resume your duties at its expiration."

I talked with one of the cabinet officers about the old and feeble employees. He said: "I don't know what congress intends to do about them, but I know what I intend to do with those in my department. I intend to leave them alone. They can stay here as long as they like, until some provision is made for them. When I was new in the department I dismissed two of these old people and demoted another, on the ground that they were superannuated and inefficient and were a hindrance to the work."

"All three of them wrote me sad letters and promptly committed suicide. That was enough and more than enough for me. Never again will I disturb one of them. I do not choose to have it on my conscience that I pronounced sentence of death on an old man or an old woman in the service of the government. They can all stay on here as long as they like. I found them here and some of them will be here when I leave. If congress chooses to provide for them that is its obligation. But I will never sentence another one of them to self-destruction, no matter what the cost to the taxpayer and the government."

The Beaten Road.

Sincerity is like traveling in a plain, beaten road, which commonly brings a man sooner to his journey's end than by-ways, in which men often lose themselves.—Tillotson.

Taste is a matter of tobacco quality

We state it as our honest belief that the tobaccos used in Chesterfield are of finer quality (and hence of better taste) than in any other cigarette at the price.

Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co.



Chesterfield
CIGARETTES

of Turkish and Domestic tobaccos—blended

"I like 'em"
"They Satisfy"

Practice.

"Does your daughter practice her music regularly?"
"Yes, just as regularly as I remember to remind her that she must do it."

The Cuticura Toilet Trio.

Having cleared your skin keep it clear by making Cuticura your every-day toilet preparations. The Soap to cleanse and purify, the Ointment to soothe and heal, the Talcum to powder and perfume. No toilet table is complete without them.—Advertisement.

TOO MUCH FOR GRANDMOTHER

Mathematical Problem, Old Lady Decided, Was Something That "No Fellow Could Understand."

The little girl at the elementary school had been promoted to multiplication and for her home work was set the task of finding out how many legs 400 normal horses possess. A bit puzzled as how to work it out, in the evening, as she sat with her exercise book in front of her, she called to the services of her grandmother.

"Let's see," said Grandma, adjusting her spectacles, "one horse'll have four legs, two eight, three twelve, four sixteen, five twenty—" and then she broke off. "How many horses did you say?" she asked.

"Four hundred, granny," replied the little girl.

"E-e, child," said the old lady, shutting up the book, "there isn't one living could do that sum."—Edinburgh Scotsman.

Goat Eat Goat!

Ever eat any goat meat? Sure! Department of Agriculture says about 342,000 goats are slaughtered and sold as meat yearly. Few cities require goat meat to be marketed under its real name. It tastes like mutton, a trifle sweeter.

In this nightmare called civilization we probably eat a great many strange things without knowing it.

If a written history could accompany each article of food, few city folks would have to be cautioned against overeating.

The Courtship.

"Then she refused to smile upon you?"
"Yes, she gave me the laugh."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the

Signature of *Dr. J. C. Fletcher* In Use for Over 30 Years. Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

LESSER EVIL, AS IT WERE

Darkey's Excellent Reason for Preferring to Take His Chances With the Bear.

A New York man tells of an exciting bear hunt in Mississippi. The bear was surrounded in a small cane thicket. The dogs could not get him out, and the gentleman who was at the head of the hunting party called to one of the darkeys:

"Gus, go in there and get that bear out."

Gus hesitated for a moment and then plunged into the cane. A few moments later the negro, the bear and the dogs were rolling on the ground outside. After the hunt was over the man from the north said to the darkey:

"Gus, weren't you afraid to go into that thicket with the bear?"

"Colonel," said Gus, "it was jest dis way: I neber had met dat b'ear, but I was pussunally acquainted with de old boss, so I jest natchurally took dat b'ear."—Philadelphia Ledger.

His Honor's Guess.

In Ireland some years ago an Irish-American was brought up before Justice Barry on the charge of suspicious conduct. The officer who arrested him stated, among other things, that he was wearing a "republican hat."

"Does your honor know what that is?" asked the counsel.

"It may be," responded the judge, "that it's a hat without a crown."—Boston Transcript.

Live the present hour. Never mind the day.

ACOLD TODAY—DONT DELAY



THOUGHT IT LOOKED STRANGE

Odd Appearance of Drug Store Astonished Woman Customer, Until the Clerk Explained Situation.

The woman needed three ounces of tincture of myrrh. Hurrying up the street her glance was caught by two mammoth bottles of apothecary waters, and two swinging doors of frosted glass.

Down she stepped—three steps down—into as attractive a drug store as she had seen. All was pure white walls, dazzling plateglass mirrors, gleaming soda water accessories and row upon row of shelves filled with bottles of ointments, camphors and medicinal remedies.

"Three ounces of tincture of myrrh," said the woman to the clerk.

The clerk hurried out of sight and the woman began to notice how queer was the structure of this drug store. There were columns and pilasters where there shouldn't have been any. The counter had a peculiar bend to it. Then a strange, prickly feeling came over the woman.

When the clerk finally appeared he explained cheerfully: "Used to be a barroom, lady!"—Chicago Journal.

Her Baby.

"I've left my babe in there to die!" shrieked a frantic woman who was rescued from the burning building.

Police men were asking the number of her room when a 21-stone man in pajamas and a jaunty hat appeared on a balcony and called down: "Don't worry, Lou; I'm safe."

"My baby," gasped the woman, thankfully.

By the stubble you may guess the grain.

I wish generally gets a pull.

Did you ever try Grape-Nuts? with stewed prunes or peaches?

THERE isn't anything better for breakfast or lunch than a dish of Grape-Nuts, with cream or milk, and stewed prunes or peaches.

This delicious combination gives you the elements of a well-balanced food. For it contains not only the material needed to build tissue and furnish energy, but it also supplies fruit acids, that help keep the system in good order.

Go to your grocer today and order a package of delicious Grape-Nuts. You will find that it will digest more readily than most other cereals, and it will "stay by" you longer—because it's so richly nourishing.

Grape-Nuts for Health

"There's a Reason"



ELECTRIC LIGHTING

An Ordinance

Granting the exclusive right to furnish electricity for light, heat, and power and other purposes, and to construct and maintain the necessary equipment therefor in the City of Marion, Crittenden County, State of Kentucky:

WHEREAS, the present franchise under and by which the present lighting plant has been run and operated, having expired by limitation, on the 14th day of November 1919. Now, therefore, be it ordained by the City Council of the City of Marion, Kentucky:

Section 1. That consent, permission and authority be, and the same is hereby given and granted unto the purchaser of this franchise, and to its successors, lessees and assigns, for and during the period of twenty years from and after the date of sale of said franchise, to generate and purchase electric energy, or to either purchase or generate the same, and to distribute, furnish, sell and convey the same for light, heat and power and for any other purpose for which electricity may now or hereafter be used, for and in and through the City of Marion from points either within or without the limits of said municipality to said City and the inhabitants thereof and from and through said municipality to persons, corporations and municipalities beyond the limits thereof, and to erect and maintain the necessary poles, wires and other equipment and appliances therefor, and to construct upon said poles all necessary wires, conduits and equipments and to construct and maintain any and all necessary conduits, cables, wires, apparatus or equipment by which electricity may be transmitted, used, conveyed and distributed for light, heat and power purposes, and for any other purposes for which electricity may now or hereafter be used, in, along, and upon all the streets, alleys and public places and parts thereof, in the City of Marion, County of Crittenden, State of Kentucky.

Section 2. The electric system hereby authorized shall be constructed upon the most approved plan and maintained in a substantial and scientific manner. No tree or trees shall be injured or destroyed in the construction, maintenance or installation of any such poles, wires, conduits, or system and said purchaser shall not obstruct or interfere in any manner with the present or future drainage of the said City. No water pipe, electric light or telephone pole,

or fire alarm wire, or pole now or hereafter erected or constructed shall be disturbed or interfered with in the construction, operation or maintenance of said system by said purchaser, its successors, lessees or assigns. All customers' service wires erected or installed by said purchaser, under the provisions of this ordinance shall be insulated. All poles erected pursuant to this ordinance shall be located and placed under the direction of the Committee on Streets and Alleys. Any or all poles shall be promptly relocated by said purchaser, its successors, lessees and assigns, when such re-location is required by said Council of City. No tree or trees located in any street, avenue, alley or public place in said City shall be trimmed by said purchaser, its successors, lessees and assigns, unless permission to do so has been first obtained from the Mayor or the Committee on Electric Light, except in such cases where it is apparent there is serious and imminent danger to life or property, and when such conditions exist, said trees shall be trimmed only to such extent as is required to prevent or avoid such imminent danger. Said purchaser, its successors, lessees and assigns shall elevate or cut said wires and appliances when necessary for the moving of a building along the streets, avenues, alleys and public places of said City and when a notice that such elevating or cutting is necessary has been served upon it or them at least twenty-four hours prior to the time such elevating or cutting is required to be done, by the Committee on Streets and Alleys or by the Mayor of said City. The entire cost and expense of such elevating and cutting shall be borne by the person or persons whose house is to be so moved, such bill of expense to be approved by the City Council as to the correctness of the amount charged for the actual expense for labor and material furnished by the lighting company.

Section 3. Said purchaser shall be and is authorized and empowered to lay, construct and maintain such water pipe and pipes in, under, along, and across the streets, alleys and public places of the City of Marion, Kentucky, as may be necessary or convenient for the purpose of obtaining water for the operation of its system of works, to acquire and to hold as by law authorized, any and all real estate, water and other rights necessary for said purpose; to use within the present and future limits of said municipality, and all streets, alleys and public ways or ground as

now or may be hereafter laid out while constructing or operating said electric system of works, and to cross any stream in said City for the purpose of constructing, maintaining or extending such wires, pipes or other apparatus as may be necessary or convenient for the proper manufacture or distribution of electrical energy in or through said municipality; also to make such contracts for the use of such electrical energy as may be agreed upon.

Section 4. In case it shall be necessary in any work of installation under this ordinance to open or break into any street, avenue, alley or public place, the said purchaser shall promptly restore such street, avenue, alley or public place to the same condition in which it was, subject to the approval of the Committee on Streets and Alleys in said City, and where the street, avenue, alley or public place is paved, such replacement shall be the same character as the pavement torn up or interfered with, and shall at all times properly guard by red lights at night, and at all times provide proper signals or guards for all work as it is in progress and take all other necessary and proper precaution to prevent accidents during the progress of such work.

Section 5. The said purchaser shall save, indemnify and keep harmless the said City of Marion, during the entire period covered by this ordinance, against all damages, claims for damages, any and all judgements, decrees, costs, attorneys' fees, and expenses in any wise incurred, recovered or obtained against said city, caused by reason of the installment, maintenance and operation, or either, of any such poles, wires, conduits, cables, apparatus or equipment or by any reason or any act done by the purchaser under this ordinance or otherwise and said purchaser shall promptly pay any and all such damages, judgements, decrees, costs, attorneys' fees and expenses which said City may in any wise suffer or incur or which may be recovered or obtained against said city.

Section 6. The rate to be charged by said purchaser for lighting residences, store buildings and such like shall be not more than (14c) Fourteen Cents per kilowatt hour as registered on a recording water meter installed on the consumer's premises. This rate however is subject to a discount of two cents per kilowatt hour for payment of bills on or before the fifth day of the month following the month in which the current is used. It is further provided that where a customer's bill is less

than one dollar for any one month the purchaser shall render a bill for one dollar which shall thus be considered a minimum bill for one month. There will be a further discount for amount of current used in any one month as follows:

When the consumers net bill after deducting two cents per kilowatt hour as aforesaid, is five dollars and not more than ten dollars, a discount of five percent; ten dollars and not more than fifteen dollars, a discount of ten percent; fifteen dollars and not more than twenty, discount of fifteen percent; twenty dollars and not more than twenty-five, a discount of twenty percent. Said further discounts shall be allowed only when bills shall be paid on or before the fifth day of the month as aforesaid.

The consumer shall furnish his own meter for measuring electric current, which shall be of standard make and shall remain the property of the consumer. The purchaser shall install all meters without charge.

The properly authorized agents of the purchaser shall at all reasonable hours be allowed access to all customers meters for the purpose of reading, examining, repairing or removing same.

Section 7. The purchaser agrees to supply and maintain for the City, and the City agrees to accept for lighting such of its streets as are now lighted or may hereafter be designated by the Light Committee, sufficient number of lights at prices stipulated in the following table and to guarantee to said purchaser a revenue from said lights to the amount of not less than \$200.00 per month or \$2400.00 per year. The following table of rates for street lighting shall be operative during the life of this franchise:

For each 500 watt incandescent light burning on a moonlight schedule per year \$48. For each 400 watt incandescent light burning on a moonlight schedule per year, \$42.00. For each 300 watt incandescent light burning on a moonlight schedule per year \$36.00. For each 200 watt incandescent light burning on a moonlight schedule per year \$28.00. For each 100 watt incandescent light burning on a moonlight schedule per year \$20.00.

The purchaser agrees to supply the City with as many additional lights at the above rates as the City may demand, said lights to be located under the supervision of the Light Committee.

The purchaser shall render a bill to the City for street lighting monthly, basing each months bill on one-

twelfth of the annual amount shown by the number of lamps used by the city.

The purchaser shall furnish to the City at the end of each year, the total domestic kilowatt consumption of the plant, and when same has increased 25 percent taking the first years consumption as a basis, then the domestic rate shall be reduced to 13½c per kilowatt hour. When kilowatt consumption of plant has increased 50 percent, the domestic rate shall be reduced to 12½c per kilowatt hour, and when consumption of plant has increased 100 percent, the domestic rate shall be reduced to 12c per kilowatt hour.

Section 8. If any customer shall fail to pay any bill within thirty days after its rendition, said purchaser may cut off electrical service to such customer until all arrears, including cost of shutting off and re-connection for the resumption of service shall be fully paid, which cost shall not exceed \$2.00.

Section 9. Said purchaser shall maintain an office in said City for the first five days in each month, for the convenience of the patrons, where the bills shall be payable and where any notices to the purchaser provided for in this ordinance may be given.

Section 10. All meters installed at any time shall be subject to inspection to determine whether or not they registers accurately, by some competent person or official who has been duly authorized by said Council of said City to make such inspection, it shall immediately repaired by the purchaser of this franchise who shall at all times keep a man or men located in said City fully competent and qualified to make any and all repairs on such meters or upon any part of said system of works.

Said purchaser, its successors, lessees and assigns shall within a reasonable time after request therefor, connect its lines with premises of any prospective customer located on its line, who complies with the requirements of this ordinance and the reasonable rules and regulations of said purchaser and said purchaser shall thereafter furnish such customer with electricity on terms and conditions herein provided.

Whenever the owners of property fronting any street, avenue or alley, or any portion of same now or hereafter in the city shall petition and consent as by law required to have the line or lines of said system hereby authorized extended along said street, avenue or alley, or said portion thereof, beyond or outside of the places hereby authorized and the same can be reached by the lines hereunder constructed, without passing over intervening space not petitioned for as required by law and the purchaser shall be given at least two customers for each one hundred feet of such extension beyond the lines theretofore constructed, the purchaser shall thereupon promptly request the City Council for permission to make such extension in accordance with the terms of such petition or consents, which shall be filed with the City Clerk and thereupon such permission shall be granted in accordance with the terms and conditions hereof and the purchaser shall thereupon extend its lines or system accordingly and shall furnish electricity to customers or patrons on the line or lines of such extension under the terms and conditions of this ordinance thereupon this ordinance shall at once include and cover such extension.

Section 11. Said purchaser, its successors, lessees and assigns shall and must connect each building and each apartment, store or flat in each building on such streets, avenues, alleys and public places where the system of poles, wires and equipment shall have been installed under this ordinance. If the occupants of said building or said flats or apartments shall desire to use electricity supplied at the rate specified in this ordinance by service line to the nearest point in the walls of said building, flat, apartment or store at the expense of said purchaser.

Section 12. The rate of charge per kilowatt hour for all electricity used by consumers for power purposes only as shown by the meter shall be as follows:

Ten (10c) per kilowatt hour for meter consumption is equivalent to the first one hundred hours or fraction thereof per month, use of the maximum demand.

Low Rate Consumption

Section 13. Seven and one-half (7½c) cents per kilowatt hour for a metered consumption of electricity equivalent to the next one hundred hours or fraction thereof per month use of the maximum demand. Five (5) cents per kilowatt hour for metered consumption of electricity in excess of the first named two hundred (200) hours or fraction thereof per month of use of the maximum demand. The purchaser agrees to allow the consumer the following discount from the net low rate of all bills figured as herein above described for each month in which the said net low rate portion amounts to over Fifty (50) dollars a month.

Section 14. Discounts from Low Rate Portions.

Under \$50.00 no discount.
\$50.00, 10 percent discount.
\$100.00 15 percent discount.
\$150.00 20 percent discount.
\$200.00, 25 percent discount.
\$300.00, 30 percent discount.
\$400.00, 35 percent discount.
\$500.00, 40 percent discount.
\$750.00, 45 percent discount.
\$1000.00, 50 percent discount.

Section 15. The purchaser agrees to furnish electrical current to the consumers at the rates and discounts herein mentioned only on such bills as shall be paid at the purchasers office on or before the fifth day of the month succeeding that in which the current is used. Whenever the consumer shall fail to pay the purchaser on or before the fifth day of the month succeeding that in which the current is used, the consumer shall pay for the electricity consumed as stated in the bill at the full rate of ten cents per kilowatt hour.

Section 16. The purchaser will furnish electric current at the customers connection at approximately 110 volts, the purchaser will further furnish current to all customers during the first two years of this franchise dating from the date of sale of same, day current as follows: continuous service on Tuesdays and Thursdays until twelve o'clock Noon, On Saturdays service to be continuous throughout the day. At the expiration of two years, the purchaser shall furnish current to all customers during the entire twenty-four hours of the day and continue same during the life of this franchise, turning off the current only as it may be necessary by reason of causes due to the acts of God or other causes beyond its control, and for the proper cleaning and maintenance of the apparatus. Provided however, such cleaning and inspection of apparatus shall be done as far as possible between the hours of 2 A. M. and 4 A. M. Provided further, that a line may be shut down for inspection and repairs at other times in case of emergency.

Section 17. In the event of any damage caused by an Act of God, a mob, civil commotion or a public enemy, the purchaser shall with the greatest possible speed repair and restore its system and resume its operations under this ordinance. The compensation from the City to the said purchaser, its successors, lessees and assigns shall be reduced and abated proportionately for any time that said purchaser may fail for any cause whatever to keep the streets, avenues, alleys and public places lighted in accordance with this ordinance. The said purchaser shall at once place orders for the necessary apparatus, poles, wires, etc., and proceed with the installation of same with all dispatch and have same in operation within six months from date of sale of this franchise. The purchaser shall deposit with the Treasurer of said City the sum of One Thousand Dollars (\$1000.00) or a bond of equal amount as a guarantee of its good faith in so doing. Same to be refunded upon the completion of said system and commencement of service.

The purchaser of this franchise shall be exempt from local taxation on said plant, equipment, buildings and real estate as may be necessary in the operation of said plant for a period of five years from the date of sale of said franchise.

It shall be the duty of the Mayor of said City as soon as practicable after the passage of this ordinance, to sell at public auction to the highest and best bidder, the above franchise at the Court House Door in the City of Marion, Crittenden County, Kentucky, on some date to be fixed by him after advertising same by publication for two consecutive weeks in a newspaper called the Crittenden Press, published in the City of Marion, Kentucky and making said sale he shall receive no bid for a less amount than the cost of making this order and all cost attending said sale and the granting of said franchise, including the cost of advertising. This sale to be subject to the approval of the City Council, and he shall report his actions hereunder at the next regular meeting of the City Council of Marion, Kentucky after said sale.

Passed and approved March sixth, nineteen hundred twenty-two.
BEBE BOSWELL, Mayor.
E. L. HARPENDING, City Clerk.

In accordance with the provisions of the above franchise, I will on Monday April 3rd, 1922, at 1 o'clock P. M. at the Court House in Marion, Ky., expose to public sale to the highest and best bidder, the above franchise.

Terms made known on day of sale. No bid will be accepted for a less sum than \$150.00, the expenses incurred in connection herewith.

BEBE BOSWELL, Mayor

FARM WANTED Wanted to hear from owner of a farm for sale, for fall delivery. Give lowest price. L. Jones, Box 551, Olney, Ill.

Fares Refunded to
Out-of-Town
Customers



Mail Orders
Carefully
Filled

SUITS AND WRAPS FOR SPRING

Many New Tricks of Style

THE New Suits this spring are very youthful in charming styles. Trimmed in braiding with rows of self stitching. Other features are the new three-piece Suits and Dresses in combination of Henna, Green, Tan, etc., with cape effect, or the new Mandarin coat. These suits are shown in Navy, Tan, Ostrich, Black and Gray. **\$25.00 TO \$49.50**

THE Suits are featured in plain tailored or more elaborately trimmed in braiding with rows of self stitching. Other features are the new three-piece Suits and Dresses in combination of Henna, Green, Tan, etc., with cape effect, or the new Mandarin coat. These suits are shown in Navy, Tan, Ostrich, Black and Gray. **\$39.50 TO \$100.00**

BEAUTIFUL Wraps for Sport and Street wear, or more dressy occasions; Polo models in two-tone Polo Cloth; heavy Herringbone or Tan Chinchilla, all around belts, throw collars. **\$29.75**

LOVELY plaid and stripe imported novelty materials with large sleeve and unusual colors— **\$39.50 TO \$75.00**



A lovely twill Cape, with cape sleeves, trimmed in rows of narrow ruffling, for **\$69.50**

A tricotine Wrap, with deep fringe sleeve effect, lovely silk lining, for **\$39.50**

An all-wool velour Trim, with large wing sleeve, handsomely braided and embroidered, for **\$29.00**

A potter twill Coat, with large wonderer sleeve, all-around sash, sleeve lined with contrasting shade and trimmed in rows of Circle Braid, for **\$59.50**

Lovely Capes of velour or Serge, broad trimmed, very practical and very reasonably priced—

\$10.95, \$14.75, \$19.75

ATTRACTIVE PURSES

The very newest in Kodak and Tangerine styles. Silk lined with mirror, black patent leather; brown, gray and light tan grained leather— **\$5.98 AND \$6.50**

NEW SPRING NECKWEAR
New effects in Collar, and Collar and Cuff Sets. Made of lace and organdy. In all styles suitable for coat or dress. Straight, round, square and Bromley style effect— **50c TO \$3.00**

PURE THREAD SILK HOSE
Ladies' Pure Thread Silk Hose. Hand embroidered clock. All black, blacks with white and whites with black clock; very fine mercerized top. Pair... **\$3.75**